The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1865.

THE PAPER DUTY.

The House, by the decisive vote of 97 to 40 has resolved to reduce the duty on paper from 20 to 3 per cent. It is not presumable that the Senate will defeat a revenue bill that has passed the popular branch by such an overwhelming vote.

The Pennsylvania Union members voted against the repeal, not because they (or some of them at least,) were not satisfied of the justice and propriety of it, but because they were fearful a vote in its favor would place them in a wrong position as the friends of a Protective Tariff. The negative vote, therefore, was larger than it would have been, if the question had been decided simply on its merits.

For ourselves, we do not think a vote in favor of the paper duty contributes the least towards preserving the policy of Protection. On the contrary there is danger that it will be weakened thereby. The duty on paper is a tax on knowledge; it affects every reading man throughout the nation; and the danger is that, if it is maintained, those who are affected by it, may in the end be driven to assail the whole policy of Protection. The friends of Protection will do well to be careful that they do not drive many who are now Protectionists into the support of Free Trade.

We do not speak for ourselves in this. We are protectionists from principle; but we are in favor of protecting those branches of industry, and those only, which *need* protection. The paper manufacture has no need of it; and the duty now levied on paper is simply a bounty to the home manufacturers and a burden on the people.

The newspapers of Pittsburgh at a low valuation, have a capital of $250,000, and employ from three hundred to four hundred men. Which of these two has the best claim to protection? Are we to be told that the principle of "Protection" requires the oppression of the vast newspaper interest of the country for the sake of putting money in the pockets of a few paper manufacturers? We have not so learned it. If the true principle of legislation is "the greatest good of the greatest number," Congress should legislate so as to protect the press, and not to oppress it.

BROOKS AND BUTLER.

Mr. BROOKS, of New York, was not afraid to utter a slander in the House on Gen. BUTLER, calling him a "Gold Robber," and all that; but he *is* afraid of standing up to his slander. The trepidation he showed, on being called to account for his libel, shows what an utter coward he is. Gen. BUTLER did not challenge him to a duel, nor hint at such a thing; he simply asked this representative of thieves and robbers if he had been rightly reported by the papers. BROOKS does not answer, and say yes; but rushes before the House with the correspondence, alleges that BUTLER's letter is a challenge, and claims the protection of the House! Mighty little protection he will get *there*, we fancy.

We agreed with Mr. STEVENS that a member of Congress has no right to abuse men outside, and then shield themselves under constitutional rights whenever called to account. None but an ignominious coward would do it.

This Mr. BROOKS is reported as calling Gen. BUTLER a "gold robber," in a speech to the House. Gen. BUTLER inquires of him whether he actually used that language. Why couldn't he say, manfully, "Yes, I did; and wait for what was to follow? If Gen. BUTLER violated the law, after that, by challenging him, *then* would have been the time to haul the General up. But he is too craven for that. He knew that he was slandering the General in calling him a robber, and he runs before the House with a claim to its protection to avoid the disagreeable necessity of eating his words. He forgot, however, that he was at the same time rushing before the country with the whole case, and that *its* verdict upon him might not be a flattering one.

BROOKS REDIVIVUS.

One of the claimants to a seat in Congress from Louisiana, named FIELDS, a few days ago attacked Judge KELLEY, of Philadelphia, with a bowie-knife, cutting the Judge's hand severely, for some words spoken by him in debate, which Mr. FIELDS did not like. Happily, the injury was not fatal; but the will was murderous, and the guilt of the would-be assassin is rendered none the less by the abortiveness of his effort.

This FIELDS appears to have been elected by the Free State men of Louisiana. If so, they have a good deal to learn before they can claim to be genuine Free State men. It will not do for them to send to Congress men with plantation manners, if they expect to get their bantling of a State recognized; and as they have shown so little judgment in their choice of a representative, Congress will do well to leave them out in the cold a little while longer.

THE SECRETARY OF WAR.—Gen. GILLMORE dedicates his recent report to "The Honorable EDWIN M. STANTON, for his truth and candor as a man, his purity as a patriot, and his wisdom, energy and justice as a public officer." It is well said and well deserved.

THE SUSPENSION OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.—Eighty bags of California overland mail matter which had accumulated here, was dispatched by the Isthmus route, in the steamer Ocean Queen to-day. This matter was sent west to Atchison, Kansas, and some of it went to Julesburg, four hundred miles further; but as the Indians practically hold five hundred miles of the Plains, the mails were returned to this city, and it is thought regular communication will not be resumed till May or June.

HENRY WARD BEECHER has become a correspondent of the *Watchman and Reflector*, a Baptist paper published in Boston. The *Examiner*, the Baptist organ of New York, refers to the first letter thus: "The letter includes the clause, '*Pouring musical drops upon the forehead* of the New Year, a baptism and welcome.' Most of his new readers will fail to see the point of the allusion, or see it with any thing but gratification."

AT the last annual meeting of the Colonization Society in Washington, it was stated that the scarcity of emigrants had enabled the executive committee to invest the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars in securities of the government of the United States, leaving the society in a favorable condition for the demand which must be made upon it.

THE hotels of Boston are unusually full of permanent boarders and transient guests this winter. A large number of wealthy families from the country have taken up their winter residence in the city, and public and private accommodations of the first class are eagerly taken at nearly double the former prices.

IT is stated that a bill is to be introduced at the next session of Parliament to give criminals the option of being placed in the witness-box. This measure has long been advanced by Lord Brougham and others.

A LETTER from England says five large steamers had been launched in the Clyde, to run the blockade of Wilmington. Several others were being constructed. The investments will prove bad ones.

Peace and Slavery.

[From the New York Ledger for January 21st.]

The proceedings of the rebel Congress, the current rumors at Washington and the crash in Wall street borebode a speedy peace. The rebels are willing to negotiate for peace on the basis of disunion, and to offer us "advantages" if we accept. After one more great victory they will be ready for peace upon the terms of the Union, and then the war will be over. Capitalists and merchants see that the end is at hand. Cotton is a drug in the market. Gold is at 203. By persisting in the war we have at length brought the rebels to their senses. Events have justified the war democrats. It is now evident that the road which the peace men wanted us to take was the wrong road, and would have led us to destruction. The sooner they admit this, shake hands, change their colors and come back to the principles of General Jackson, the better will it be for the future of the glorious old democratic party.

Just as peace is approaching, the members of Congress are called to vote upon an amendment to the Constitution abrogating slavery. As a matter of sound policy, no less than a matter of national reform, we urge every Representative from this State to vote for that amendment. We have defended the constitutional rights of the South; we have lost two Presidential elections upon the slavary issue; we have given to the Republicans twenty-two counties of this State which used to be democratic; we have made sacrifices enough for an institution which the Southerners themselves are now willing to relinquish, and we ought to be glad of the opportunity to get rid of it constitutionally and forever. We assure those who hesitate that the South will come back to the Union tired of slavery, and that no one can possibly make capital by upholding it. Let not this stale bone of contention again distract and embitter our relations. Let us put down slavery unanimously, and it will have no mourners. Clear the way for a permanent peace.

The Rebel Situation.

The States of Alabama and Georgia are virtually lost to the Confederacy. The Alabama Legislature at its last session showed that it at least, was luke warm in the cause of the Confederacy. Georgia, while the authorities supported the rebellion, had through its Executive, bitter controversies with Jeff. Davis. Since Sherman's march through Georgia, and his capture of Savannah, the feeling of discontent, in both States, which was previously latent, has assumed, in a mild form, a positive shape. Meetings are being held in various counties, in favor of returning to the Union, and these are unopposed by the authorities. Gov. Brown, of Georgia, is silent, and is doubtless quietly awaiting the development of public sentiment. Meantime, the rebel papers inform us but little is being done to repair the Railroads of the State. In this condition of affairs, nothing can be accomplished in those States in the way of recruiting the rebel armies. Conscripting officers will be powerless, and deserters will defy the military authorities. The heart of the people is no longer in the rebellion; they regard the cause of the Confederacy as hopeless; they see, too, that to fight for the Davis Government is to fight for a military despotism; and that their true interest lies in the national cause. Hence they are looking to a return to their allegiance, and unless we throw aside the evidence that reaches us through rebel sources, and through trustworthy Union channels, we are bound to conclude that a majority of the people of both States are to-day, not only willing but anxious to place themselves back under the National Government.

Therefore, we repeat, the States of Georgia and Alabama are virtually lost to the Confederacy, as Tennessee was lost by the victory at Chattanooga.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

Too Sanguine Hopes of Peace.

Despite the favorable military position, the good news of a dissension between two parties in the rebel Government, and Mr. Blair's mission to Richmond, we warn our readers against too sanguine hopes of a speedy peace. The constant advance of our armies, the fearful chaotic condition of the insurgent States themselves, and the apparent signs of a peace party in the rebel Congress, are all ominous tokens of that event which is surely coming, and which will gladden every right-thinking man—the restoration of peace. But they are not necessarily tokens of its speedy advent. A powerful army, hardened in a hundred battles and numbering probably over 60,000 men, still holds Richmond and defies the utmost power of the Union. It is commanded by two men of great determination of character, of intense pride and remarkable ability—Lee and Davis. We have no reason to suppose these two leaders of different purpose, or with any less firm resolve than ever to fight out the war to the end.—*New York Tribune.*

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Washington, remarks, in substance, that the President will in no event and in no way recognize the Confederate Government as a government to treat with; but will, by proclamation and otherwise, as opportunity offers, address himself directly to the Southern people as sovereign in the premises, and as the true judges of what is best for their interests and welfare—regarding the leaders of the insurrection as what they are, usurpers and traitors. Consequent upon this we may look for the restoration of the Union by such a gradual process as will be inaugurated by the respective states. Singly they left the Union and singly they will return—throwing off all allegiance to the misled founders of the new government and acknowledging their obedience to the requirements of the Constitution of their fathers. If Georgia or Alabama shall manifest a determination to again become one of the United States, to send their representatives to the Federal Congress, to sit in judgment upon the measures most conducive to the welfare of the whole, and if these shall be followed by other states now in rebellion, then the General Government will find that step by step it is being reinstated in all its strength and power. We hope that the President will adhere to the policy referred to, and maintain the position he at present so wisely occupies.

EXTRADITION OF THE PIRATE BURLEIGH.—The Toronto journal, which speaks for the rebel interest in the Province, is given as an authority for the telegraphic statement that the case of Burleigh the Lake Erie pirate may be carried before the Recorder's Court before one of the Queen's Bench Judges, and then, if necessary, to the Privy Council in England. The journal in question herein makes a needless effort to deceive its readers. There is no appeal to the English Courts or the Privy Council, in criminal cases. There is not even coördinate jurisdiction between the English and Canadian Courts of Queen's Bench.

ALIEN CITIZENSHIP.—The proposed amendment of Mr. Sherman (which has passed the Senate) to the act conferring the right of suffrage on aliens, excluding from citizenship all those natives of foreign climes who, residing here prior to 1861, failed to take out their naturalization papers, and sought, in consequence, exemption from the draft. This is eminently proper. Men who will not fight for the land of their adoption, if need be, are unfit to vote in it. They should be excluded from the ballot-box, if disposed to shirk their share of duty with the cartridge-box.

A bill has been introduced into the Pennsylvania Legislature to increase the capital stock of the People's Telegraph Company to $500,000. The design is to construct a new line through Pennsylvania, connecting New York, Washington, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, &c., and make its speciality the transmission of dispatches for bankers and brokers. Free trade in telegraphing, which now exists since the expiration of the Morse patent, promises to multiply companies indefinitely. There is room enough for all.

THE howlings of the Charleston (S. C.) papers are of a piece with South Carolina's whole conduct for years past. She has been a blatant braggart, full of swagger and secession, and now that the hour of punishment arrives, hides her fears in empty ejaculations of what South Carolina is, what South Carolina expects, what South Carolina wants, &c. What she wants is a thorough trouncing, and it is what she stands an excellent chance of getting.

ACCORDING to a statement in the Paris *Patrie*, the President of the Brazilian province of Bahia recently refused to a United States dispatch boat permission to put into the port of Bahia, on the ground that there was in that port a mercantile vessel bearing the Confederate flag, and that he did not wish to see a recurrence of an incident similar to that of the Florida. The United States vessel, after remaining five hours in the entrance of All Saints Bay, put to sea again.

THE Indiana Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the Bank of the State of Indiana to wind up. This means a clearing of the field for National Banks.

Oil Song.

There's an oily time coming, boys;
An oily time coming,
There's an oily time coming, boys,
Wait a little longer.
We may "strike grease," or we may not.
Stocks go to par or go to pot,
In this oily time coming.
"Wells," not "whales," shall light mankind,
The perfume shall be stronger,
And "derricks" shall supplant "harpoons,"
Wait a little longer.
CHORUS—Oh, there's an oily time coming.
—*Exchange.*

CARLYLE is reported to have said "Let America succeed, and England goes to democracy by express train."

Carlyle is improving. Two years ago he compared the contest in America to a "burning chimney," and complained that his nostrils were offended by the "smudge."—*Albany Evening Journal.*

THE item that got into our paper last evening, from the Cleveland *Herald*, relative to a reported matrimonial alliance between Speaker Colfax and Mrs. Douglas, is a foolish invention. No such alliance has ever been dreamed of, much less thought of, by the parties named.—*Chicago Jour.*

THE Rochester *Democrat* perpetrates the following capital *bon mot* apropos of Thomas' pursuit of the fugacious Hood:

"Thomas still moving!" Very good;
The cause is plainly understood—
He doesn't like his neighbor Hood!

PUBLIC NOTICES.

☞ STEEL WELL.—THERE WILL BE a meeting of the Stockholders of the STEEL OIL COMPANY, January 25, 1865, at 3 o'clock, p. m., at the office of STEEL & BAILEY, Wilkin's Hall. JOHN McCARGO, Secretary. ja24:td

☞ BOUNTY ELECTION.—THE CITIZENS OF THE SIXTH WARD, will meet at the SCHOOL HOUSE in said Ward, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock p. m., to vote yes or nay on the issuing of Bonds for the purpose of relieving the citizens of the ward from the coming draft. A full vote is desirable, as the Directors desire a decided expression of the people of the ward. ja23:2t BY ORDER OF THE EX. COM.

OFFICE OF THE "PITTSBURGH INSURANCE CO.," January 19, 1865.
☞ AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office on THURSDAY, February 2d, 1865, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. JAS. COLLORD, Secretary. ja19:2wd

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Jan. 18, 1865.
☞ AN ELECTION FOR NINE DIRECTORS to serve until the next annual Election, will be held at the Banking House, on the TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock p. m. J. W. COOK, Cashier. ja19:td

BIRMINGHAM DEPOSIT COMPANY, BIRMINGHAM, Dec. 29, 1864.
☞ A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this BANK will be held at the BANKING HOUSE on MONDAY, January 30th, 1865, at 1 o'clock p. m., to consider and decide whether the Company shall become an Association for the Business of Banking, under the Laws of the United States, and whether it shall exercise the power conferred by the Act of the Legislature of this State, entitled, "An act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become Associations for Banking under the Laws of the United States," approved 22d of August, 1864, and to take any further action that may be deemed necessary. By order of the Board of Directors. de30:2m JOHN P. BEECH, Cashier.

☞ PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT the first meeting of the corporation to be called the ENTERPRISE OIL CO., will be held on THURSDAY, December 29th, 1864, in Birmingham, at the Saw Mill Office of Mr. John Redman, at the south end of the Birmingham Bridge, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of organization, adoption of By-Laws, election of Officers, &c., and for the purposes authorized and more particularly specified in an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to Corporations for Mechanical, Manufacturing, Mining and Quarrying purposes," approved the 18th day of July, 1863. A. C. SMITH, Sec'y, pro tem. de27:2awdw

MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1864.
☞ NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given, agreeably to Section 3 of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act enabling Banks of the Commonwealth to become Associations for the purpose of Banking, under the Laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, A. D. 1864, that the Stockholders of the Mechanics Bank have this day voted to become such an Association, and that its Directors have procured the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of the Capital Stock to make the certificate therefor by the Laws of the United States. JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier. de24:1m

☞ THE DIVIDEND OF THE TACK PETROLEUM CO. will be paid to Pittsburgh holders of stock at the office of RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO., 49 Irwin street. de24:1f

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PETROLEUM—175 barrels in good shipping order. [ja25] HENRY H. COLLINS.

ALCOHOL—4 barrels for sale by ja25 HENRY H. COLLINS.

LOCK BOX 391, PITTSBURGH P. O. For sale. HENRY H. COLLINS.

FOR SALE—OPPOSITE THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH—That large brick building on Third street, known as the "Bank Exchange," Being forty (40) feet front on Third street, and running through the same width to Second street. Suitable for a hotel, banking-house, manufactory or business house. Will be sold cheap, altogether or in part. For further information, apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, Market street; Or to S. McCLEAN, Jr., at the Banking House of Robinson, McLean & Co. ja25:4tawdSUMW&S No. 75 Fourth st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT PORTER, CRAWFORD & CO., having on the — day of November, A. D. 1864, purchased the entire interest of JOHN P. HENDERSON and JOHN A. CAUGHEY, Trustee of said Henderson, in the "Tarentum Oil Works," that all business connection with said Henderson ceased at the date of said purchase, and all debts due the Tarentum Oil Works, will be paid to PORTER, CRAWFORD & CO., or to their agents J. A. CAUGHEY & CO., No. 144 Water st., Pittsburgh. The concern in the future will, as in the past, be conducted by the undersigned. PORTER, CRAWFORD & CO. ja24:2wd

$150 REWARD.—A MORGAN HORSE was stolen from the undersigned, at Irwinville Station, 22 miles east of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY NIGHT, 21st inst. The horse is a bright bay, 15½ hands high, well built, about ten years old; has a slight stringhalt in both hind legs, and the hair is rubbed off the tail. The horse is a full-blood Morgan, and very valuable. The above reward will be paid for the return of said horse and the apprehension of the thief, or $50 will be paid for the return of the horse without the thief. ja23:3t JOHN IRWIN.

A LARGE LOT OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, To be sold out at COST, at the corner of OHIO street and the DIAMOND, opposite the Post Office, Allegheny City, on account of the death of the late proprietor, JOHN McGRATTY, well known as "Cheap John" of Allegheny City. ja20:2wd

TAKEN UP, ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 18th inst., a DARK BAY HORSE, which the owner is requested to come forward and claim. The horse has been lodged at McMaster's Livery Stable, on Fourth street, and unless sooner claimed by the owner, he will be sold on THURSDAY NEXT, the 26th inst., to pay charges. The horse is blind in the left eye. SAMUEL LONG, Chief of Police. PITTSBURGH, PA., Jan 23d, 1865. ja23:4t

SITUATION WANTED.—A YOUNG man, 19 years of age, who has some knowledge of accounts, writes a good hand, and speaks German, wishes a situation in some Mercantile or Manufacturing house. Salary not so much an object, as to get an opening in a good business establishment. Address "H." Box 245, Pittsburgh, Penna. ja21:3td

SELECT SCHOOL, EAST COMMONS, ALLEGHENY.—This Institution for BOYS, for many years conducted by Mr. W. H. WAKEHAM, will commence its next regular session on the FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY, under the care of Mr. T. B. WAKEHAM. For terms, &c., apply to Mr. W., at his residence, No. 27 UNION AVENUE, or at the School Room. ja18:2wd

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership under the style of PRICE & SIMS for the purpose of continuing the general FOUNDRY business at the BERLIN FOUNDRY, Corner of Penn's Avenue and Pine street. Mrs. WM. G. PRICE, WM. H. SIMS. PITTSBURGH, Jan. 2, 1865. ja24:3t

FOR SALE—FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF OIL LAND situated on Red Bank Creek, Clarion county, extending five miles on said creek, with good surface indications of Oil as generally found in Venango county. Price reasonable. Apply to JOHN B. HESSIN on the premises, or ALEX. C. DUNCAN, 221 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. ja24:1td

COOPERAGE AND SALT.
140 new Lard Tierces
265 " Pork Barrels;
117 second-hand Lard Tierces;
100 bags Turkish Island Salt;
For sale by CHAS. L. CALDWELL.

CONSIGNMENTS.
200 bushels Oats;
10 barrels Extra Family Flour;
20 bushels Beans;
100 bushels Corn; received and for sale by
ja19 WEBB & WILKINSON.

CONSIGNMENTS—
100 bushels Corn;
30 " Oats;
200 lbs. Prime Fresh Roll Butter.
Just received and for sale by
ja3 WEBB & WILKINSON.

LEATHER! LEATHER!—100 Sides Rough Leather in store and for sale by WEBB & WILKINSON, ja19 153 Liberty st.

25 BBLS. WESTMORELAND COUNTY Highwines ½ Rye, 6 months old, ironbound. Price $2.30. For sale by ja14 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

NEW LARD.—26 tierces prime kettle-rendered Lard, just received and for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, de24 112 and 114 Second street.

BEANS! BEANS!—20 bushels prime Beans, for sale by SHOMAKER & LANG, ja19 229 Liberty street.

CHESTNUTS FOR SALE.—40 bushels of Chestnuts in store and for sale by REYMER & BROS. ja21 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood st.

NEW SUGAR-CURED HAMS to arrive and for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, de26 112 and 114 Second street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SLEIGH, BUGGY AND HARNESS.—Will be sold THIS MORNING, Jan. 25th, at 11 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth st.,
1 one-horse Sleigh, cutter;
1 Top Buggy;
1 Double set Buggy Harness, new & fine finish;
5 Bridles.
ja25 A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT AUCTION.—On THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street, will be sold, EIGHT DWELLING HOUSES, Situated on the corner of Gibbon and Chestnut streets, within five minutes' walk of the Post Office, on perpetual lease, subject to an annual ground rent of $70. The above property will pay from 15 to 20 per cent on investment. The present occupants will vacate premises on April 1st. ja25 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auc'r.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.—The public are invited to inspect the beautiful stock of **Candies and Taffies** Manufactured and sold by GEO. BEAVEN, At his new Candy Stand, 112 FEDERAL St., Second door from the 1st National Bank. ja25:1wd

SUPERIOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, &C., AT AUCTION.—THURSDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street, will be sold a quantity of well kept FURNITURE, comprising six sofa seat Parlor Chairs, two rosewood French Bedsteads, Mahogany and Walnut Washstands, Sewing Stands, Marble Top Wash Stands, Walnut Wardrobe, Cane Seat Chairs and Rockers, Towel Racks, Ingrain Carpets and Rugs, Blankets, Eight Day Alarm Clocks, Glassware, Dishes, Silver Plated Tea and Table Spoons, &c., &c. The attention of house keepers is called to this sale; the furniture having been in use but a short time. T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.
N. B. Persons having Household Goods to dispose of will send in or before Wednesday evening.

SELLING AT COST.
CLOTH CLOAKS AND PLAID WOOL SHAWLS.
A good assortment for sale at cost by WHITE, ORR & CO., 25 FIFTH STREET. ja25:1t

FOR SALE
A MAGNIFICENT DWELLING HOUSE, beautifully and fashionably located on Stockton avenue, (second bank,) near Federal street, Allegheny City, containing 18 rooms, with
All the Modern Improvements,
Such as Gas, Bath (hot and cold,) Water, Marble Washstands and Mantle-Pieces. The lot is 30 feet front, running back 240 feet to Water street. There is erected on the rear end of the same a large brick Carriage House and Stable. Possession can be given immediately if required. Apply to JAMES W. ARBOTT, ja25:1wd No. 37 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

DECEMBER, 1864.
THE LATEST INVESTIGATION,
December, 1864, of the first Pianist, as well as the first Vocalist of the ITALIAN OPERA, has resulted in favor of
STEINWAY'S PIANOS,
Which are pronounced by these Artists to be FAR SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS. Sole Depot for STEINWAY'S PIANOS, at
H. KLEBER & BRO.'S,
ja25 No. 122 WOOD STREET.

PIANOS AND AMERICAN ORGANS.
BRADBURY, New York;
SCHOMAKER & CO., Philadelphia, and
BOARDMAN & GRAY,
PIANOS,
SMITH & CO.'S IMPROVED CABINET ORGAN WITH PATENT TREMOLO ATTACHMENT.
Just received, a new supply of the above celebrated instruments; together with Pianos from other Manufacturers, viz: PARMER VIOLIN PIANO, STEINWAY & SONS, GRAVESTEEN & CO., and others; all at reduced prices.
WAMELINK & BARR,
No. 12 St. Clair Street, Bissell's Block. ja25

MR. F. M. REAZOR will make his SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF Domestic Cotton Goods, THROUGH Messrs. JOHN B. MYERS & CO., Phil'a., ON Wednesday, February 1st, 1865, At 10 o'clock, embracing 1508 Packages
Of the most desirable brands ever offered at auction; including
225 cases York & Everett Cottonades;
250 " Blue, Oxford, Brown and Cadet Kentucky Jeans;
55 " Lancaster and Tiverton Plaids;
140 " Andrascoggin, Leicester, Bates, Corset Jeans;
55 " Apron and Furniture Checks;
70 " Lancaster and Roanoke Ginghams;
105 " ⅞ and 4-4 Williamsville, Jamestown, Hope, Blackstone, Red Bank and other desirable makes;
97 " 9-4, 10-4 and 11-4 Bleached and Brown, Pepperell, Leppitt and Union Sheetings;
56 bales 4-4 Laconia, Pepperell, New Market, Lyman, James, Dwight and Washington Brown Sheetings;
96 " 4-4 Patapsco, Howard, Appleton, Portsmouth, Park and Lancaster Heavy Brown Sheetings;
55 " Brown Drills;
45 " Tickings;
25 cases Madder Prints;
100 bales Blue and Brown Denims;
100 " Stripes.
Mr. REAZOR desires to call the particular attention of the trade to this sale, as it will comprise the most desirable makes of Cotton Goods, and will be the largest offering, with one exception, ever made in this country.
The goods are all in order and original packages. ja24:3td

FOR SALE.
10 yds. 2 inch Rope;
112 yds. 5 inch Rope;
110 feet Rubber Hose;
1 Hand Truck;
1 pair Platform Scales, No. 7;
1 small Counter Scale;
1 Hand Hoisting Machine;
1 cast iron Hand Pump;
26,700 feet Joist;
1 Wilson Steam Lard Tank complete, 2000 lbs;
1 Lard Cooler (boiler iron) complete, 800 lbs;
1 Lined Lard Cooler, complete;
2 Crackling Presses, complete;
6 Lard Kettles, plates and furnace complete;
65 empty Bacon Casks;
29 Pickleing Tanks (iron hoops) suitable for Oil Tanks;
3 Clearers;
1 Plow;
1 Cultivator.
Inquire of J. P. PORTER, ja20:1t at Pork House, Wood's Run.

T. C. JENKINS, Commission Merchant AND Purchasing Agent. Dealer in Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Dried and Green Fruits, and all Farm Products.
Orders filled for all merchandise, Pittsburgh manufactures and Refined Oils, at dealers and manufacturers rates, No. 229 LIBERTY STREET, (opposite Wood street,) Pittsburgh, Pa.
Advances made and prompt attention given to all consignments and correspondence.
PITTSBURGH REFERENCES: Hall & Speer, Lloyd & Black, Wm. McCully & Co., McDonald & Arbuckles, John I. House & Co., John Hall & Co., B. A. Fahnestock & Co. se17:lyd&w

FURNITURE, AND CANE AND WOOD CHAIRS, Selling at reduced prices, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. JAS. W. WOODWELL, Nos. 97 and 99 THIRD STREET, Opposite E. Edmundson & Co.'s, and mh7 No. 111 FOURTH STREET.

BONDS and MORTGAGES FOR SALE.—$35,000, payable in four years. Annual payments with interest. Real Estate valued at $50,000—improvements at $70,000. Persons desiring a safe investment at more than 6 per cent. might call and examine.
Stocks of all kinds bought and sold on commission. Dividends collected. Loans made on collaterals. ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO. ja14 No. 75 Fourth st.

STUCCO WORKER.—JAS. OWENS, Stucco and Mastic Worker, Paper Hanger and Plasterer. Centres and Ornaments of all kinds, furnished on short notice. Orders left at 28 CONGRESS STREET, near Wylie, or at Palmer's Paper Store, No. 81 WOOD STREET will be promptly attended to.

DRIED FRUIT.—Received this day:
20 bus. Dried Blackberries;
10 bus. Seedless Cherries;
5 bus. Dried Elderberries;
40 bus. Cherries with seeds; for sale by
ja14 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

REVOLVERS—A full supply of all the best brands, for sale by de17 JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SALE.—In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, dated January 21st, A. D. 1865, the undersigned will expose at public sale, on the 13th DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the premises, at Braddock's Fields, all those
Two Certain Lots,
Belonging to Alexander M'Cune, a lunatic, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the distance of one hundred and sixty feet from the corner of Shingiss and Halket streets; thence Southeastwardly, along said Halket street, [now Connellsville Railroad,] eighty feet to lot No. 7; thence southwestwardly along said lot No. 7 one hundred and thirty-five feet two and one half inches to a twenty feet alley; thence northwestwardly, along said alley eighty feet to lot No. four; thence along said lot No. 4 northeastwardly, one hundred and thirty-five feet two and one-half inches to said Halket street, at the place of beginning; being lots Nos 5 and 6 in Section eleven of George C Reis' plan of lots of Braddock's Field, and the same which the said George C. Reis, et ux, by deed dated the 2d day of September, A. D. 1851, and recorded in Deed Book, volume 96, page 258, conveyed to the said Alexander M'Cune.
These lots are situated in the centre of the village of Braddock's Field and border on the Connellsville Railroad.
For further information inquire of the undersigned, near the premises, or W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Attorney at Law, No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh.
TERMS, CASH. JOHN M'CUNE, Committee. ja25:lawd3wW

HOOP SKIRTS! Hoop Skirts! 1000 HOOP SKIRTS, WORTH FROM $1.50 to $3.00, FOR 87½ Cents, AT ALEX. BATES', No. 21 Fifth St. ja25

FOR A STUBBORN COUGH—Use Dr D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT at once; it may save you from Consumption. It will certainly cure the most inveterate Coughs and Colds.
FOR BRONCHITIS—Try Jayne's Expectorant. It will subdue the inflammation, relieve the Cough, Pain and Difficulty of Breathing, and produce a speedy cure.
HAVE YOU ASTHMA? Jayne's Expectorant will overcome the spasmodic contraction of the windtubes or air vessels, and cause the ejection of the mucus which clogs them.
FOR PLEURISY, take two or three doses of Jayne's expectorant in quick succession, and covering up warmly in bed, the disease will be subdued at the outset.
HAVE YOU CONSUMPTION? Jayne's Expectorant will give you immediate relief. It cleanses the lungs from all irritating matters, while it heals and invigorates them. Thousands who have been given up by their physicians have been restored to health by its use.
WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, and all Diseases of the Lungs or Breast, are effectually and speedily cured by Jayne's Expectorant. It is no new remedy. For thirty years it has been before the public, the demand for it constantly increasing, and the evidence of its great curative powers accumulating in our hands. Why not give it a trial?
FOR COSTIVENESS, BILIOUSNESS, AND SICK HEADACHES, Jayne's Sanative Pills will be found a mild but prompt remedy.
All of Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines are sold in Pittsburgh by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.; Allegheny City by PARK & BRILL and FRED'K W. GERDES, and by Druggists generally. ja23:2wF

THE AMERICAN HAY AND COTTON PRESS CO. MANUFACTORY. Corner of Grove and North-Third streets, Jersey City. Office: No. 112 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
GOVE'S PATENT.
The attention of all parties interested in the pressing or compressing of HAY, COTTON, HEMP, WOOL, RAGS, HOPS, or any other article required to be baled for Transportation, Storage or Consumption, is respectfully solicited, to the PORTABLE or STATIONARY PRESSES, manufactured by this Company, under the superintendence of the Patentee, Mr. John H. Gove.
The Press is very simple in its construction, requiring but ordinary intelligence to work it, and can be operated by any known power, such as Steam, Water, Horse, or Hand. In using Horse-power, but one Horse is required, the Press being so mechanically constructed on a well-known principle that the *power increases in a greater ratio than the increasing resistance.*
The advantages of this Press over all others are as follows, viz:
1st. It can press 20 per cent. more material in a given space.
2d. It can do the work in 25 per cent. less time.
3d. It requires 50 per cent less driving power.
4th. It turns out the best shaped bale for handling or rolling.
5th. The Press will last a life-time, the working parts being built of the best of iron, and not liable to get out of order.
The ordinary work of this machine will press in one operation (after once filling the box of the No. 1 Press) a bale of Hay of 450 pounds weight in *TWO MINUTES.*
Four men and one horse can bale twelve tuns of Hay a day.
Four men without the aid of a horse, or any power except that contained in the Press, can turn out a bale of Hay twenty-seven inches square by forty-six inches long, weighing 450 pounds, or 22½ pounds to the cubic foot.
No toggle joints, screws, cog wheels, beaters or rollers used in this Press.
The attention of Cotton factors and planters, Wool and Hemp raisers, is especially called to this Press, destined as it is to work a complete revolution in the now slow, clumsy and expensive method of baling.
The Company will dispose of Town, County or State rights (reserving to themselves only the right to manufacture) on moderate terms.
Mr. N. D. FISHER is the authorized Traveling Agent for the Company in the Eastern and Middle States.
For further particulars send for circulars. ja 24: 6td

PITTSBURGH SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN.—This institution will commence its first session on the FIRST MONDAY of FEBRUARY, in Phelan's new building, No. 34, Fifth street. The object of this school is the instruction and training young ladies in the principles of drawing and painting, in view of qualifying them to pursue higher, more suitable, and better paid occupations than are now open to them, and of bringing the citizens of Pittsburgh and suburbs under the elevating and refining influences of art. Circulars will be ready on Monday the 23d inst.
C. G. HUSSEY, President.
Major WM. WADE, Vice President.
G. W. HAILMAN, Secretary.
FRANCES SELLERS, Treasurer.
DIRECTORS:
James Park, Jr., J. K. Moorhead,
James Laughlin, Geo. A. Berry,
J. B. Lyon, B. K. Painter,
J. M. Cooper, J. H. Shoenberger,
Wm. Thaw, W. M. Lyon,
Thos. S. Clarke, Thos. M. Howe,
W. Holmes, Andrew Carnegie,
S. Kier, Wm. O. Davis,
D. McCandless, M. Jones.
Joseph Dilworth,
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
President Hussey, James Laughlin,
Vice President Wade, G. W. Hailman,
James Park, Jr., Wm. Thaw.
J. B. Lyon, ja21:2w1m

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING,
The undersigned having many years experience in the above business are prepared to fit up all kinds of
PLUMBER'S WORK ON THE MOST APPROVED PLAN.
Every description of Gas and Steam Pipe put up in a durable manner and at reasonable rates.
☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED, by BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., ja23 NO. 129 FOURTH ST.

TO THE PUBLIC.—H. S. McKEAN, of Allegheny, has a new and improved DOUGH TROUGH, for which he has applied for Letters Patent. The object of the invention is to facilitate the raising of dough in cold weather. By the use of this Dough Trough baking can be done in a few hours in the coldest days of Winter, and the setting of the sponge the evening previous is obviated. Also the inconvenience of having the dough setting around the stove or hearth while it is raising in the pans. This also is a very important object, especially where there are small children. By using my Dough Trough the dough is always kept at a uniform heat throughout the raising process, and is also out of the way. I have one in use in my family, which can be seen at any time on PITT ALLEY, second door in the rear of Dr. Presly's Church, Allegheny city. State, District or County Rights for sale as soon as Letters Patent are granted. ja20:6tdMAR

SUNDRIES IN STORE.
6000 lbs. choice Buckwheat Flour in 12½, 25 and 50 lb sacks;
100 bus. fine sifted Corn Meal;
150 bus. small Navy Beans;
100 bbls. prime Apples;
80 bus. bright Dry Apples;
400 boxes Prime Goshen Cheese;
300 boxes Soft Cutting Western do.;
2000 lbs. Fresh Roll Butter;
200 doz. Fresh Eggs;
2000 lbs. Cod Fish;
100 packages Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Large Mackerel;
30 bbls. Labrador Hominy;
100 doz. Fancy Brooms;
25 bus. Flax Seed;
50 bbls. Extra Family Flour; in store and for sale by [ja24:ma] H. RIDDLE.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.—I am prepared to furnish STEAM ENGINES so much approved of for oil wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice. Having different sized Engines on hands, and finishing others, the public can be accommodated with almost any size they want; the work to show for itself.
WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, de20:6m Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE National Refining AND STORING COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - - - $200,000.
IN 20,000 SHARES OF $10 EACH.
Entire Amount Working Capital.
PROSPECTUS.
The subscribers to this, propose to form a Company under the Mining and Manufacturing Laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital of $200,000, in 20,000 shares of $10 each, for the purpose of buying Oil at the Wells, transporting to Pittsburgh, refining, storing when necessary, and selling the same.
As is well known, this is one of the most profitable businesses in which money can be employed, but the high price of Oil has rendered such a large capital necessary to carry it successfully on, that persons of moderate means are being rapidly driven out of the business, so that wealthy capitalists will soon have exclusive control of the same. In order to remedy this and enable the less wealthy to reap a share of the rich profits attending the business, it is proposed to combine Capital and form a Company on such a fair, simple and honest basis that all can comprehend it and see at a glance that it cannot fail but be a sure and good paying investment.
The only property proposed to be bought by the Company for its use, is that known as Kirk's Oil Yard, and Columbia Oil Works which is situated on the Bank of the Allegheny River in the outskirts of the City of Pittsburgh, and consists of about five acres of ground, fronting on the river, with the Allegheny Valley and Citizens' Passenger Railroad running through it.
There is erected on the property a large two story Warehouse, a three story Engine House, Pump House and Paint Shop, Still House and Office; also, a large Platform with Railroad running to river, used for transferring Oil in barrels from Boats to Cars, also a Railroad Siding from whence Oil can be shipped to any point East or West.
This establishment is completely and thoroughly fitted up with all the necessary Pipes, Pumps, Tanks and Machinery for doing a large Storing and Forwarding business. The arrangements are such in this department that all the Oil coming down the river, for shipment East or West, would be transferred from the river to the cars through it, if the railroad would furnish enough transportation. This, it is expected, will soon be done; at present, however, it is doing a heavy and good paying business in that line.
The Refining Department is capable of refining 150 barrels per week; is new and in good order, and is so constructed that it could be increased to 1,000 barrels per week by adding the Stills and Receiving Tanks only, the Agitators, Engines, Pumps, Pipes and Buildings being already sufficient for that quantity. It is proposed by this Company to increase its capacity immediately so as to make 800 barrels per week refined Oil, and also to construct Iron Tanks for storing crude and refined oil.
There is also on this property three Frame Houses of four rooms each, which can readily be rented for $300 per annum.
There is also on the premises a number of Tanks belonging to various parties, which pay a ground rent to the owner of the property of $650 per annum, besides compensations for pumping Oil to and from the same at good paying rates.
The advantages of Pittsburgh as a refining point are well known to all in the trade, the most important of which is that Oil can be brought from the principal wells to this city for less rates than it can be hauled to the termini of the Railroads to start to other points, and for less than it can be hauled from the wells to many of the refineries, even around Oil City, while in the matter of fuels, chemicals, and a market, it has no superior. But this property has peculiar advantages over many of the Refineries even in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. The oil, whether in bulk or barrels, is taken from the boats to the Works by machinery, and when refined is rolled out of the warehouse on to cars for shipment East or West. The coal is dumped off the cars into the Still House, while the acid is delivered at the Works free of cost from the manufactory, two squares distant, thus saving all the expense in hauling, which on a refinery located at Manchester, Temperanceville, or any other point where they are permitted to be built, will amount to at least 50 cents per barrel on all the Refined Oil produced, which on the amount this Company contemplates manufacturing will amount to $400 per week, a fair profit of itself, so that this establishment could run when works located there would be compelled to stop, and on this item alone pay a dividend of 10 per cent. per annum on its Capital Stock.
The owner of the establishment, Mr. David Kirk, offers to convey the entire property, in fee simple, together with all his storage and forwarding business, ground rents, &c., for $50,000, and take the full amount in Stock of the Company, and if desired, personally superintend its affairs, and as he has been connected with the Oil trade from its commencement, and thoroughly acquainted with it in all its details, it is felt that his experience together with his personal interest as a large Stockholder, aided and controlled by a Board of Directors, that the success of the Company is beyond all question.
This property will then cost the Company $50,000; to increase its capacity as before mentioned, not more than $27,000, so that the entire Works complete in all its details, with large storage capacity, will cost but $77,000. This, when we consider its location, income from rents and large amount of real estate, is believed to be the cheapest refinery of its capacity in the world.
This will leave a working cash capital of $130,000, which will enable it to hold a large amount of Oil ready to sell when the price suits or hold when desirable.
As an evidence of the profitableness of the business and the dividends this Company may be expected to pay, we may mention that this Company will require 1,800 barrels crude Oil per week; the usual profit made by dealers in bringing the Oil from the Wells to Pittsburgh, is not less than $1.00 per barrel. At this rate this Company on this branch would clear $1,800 per week; the usual profit on refining is $2 per barrel; this on 800 barrels would be $1,600, or a total of $2,800 per week. Say however, for safety, that this Company clears but half these profits, and runs but nine months in the year, it would yet pay a dividend of 27 per cent. per annum on its capital Stock; or 2¼ per cent. a month from the running profits alone—thus paying equal to the best flowing Well Companies without any risk of the Wells giving out, or the Land becoming worthless. But when we consider that the capital of the Company will enable it to hold 4,000 or 5,000 barrels Refined Oil ready to sell when the price suits, and that no season since the business began, but it has risen $10 or even $20 per barrel. Thus in addition to the running profit there would be every chance of making at least as much more from the increased price of Oil. So that it will be seen that there is every reason to expect this Company to pay a dividend of at least 50 per cent. per annum.
The advantage this Company offers over all other Oil Companies forming, is that all the Stockholders go in on an equal basis; that it is to engage in a regular and well understood business which can be managed with the certainty of a Bank or Insurance Company, and that the property is worth the price to be paid for it, and likely to increase in value, instead of depreciate, and the particular advantage over all other Refining Companies in operation is that the bulk of its capital will be in cash, instead of sunk in useless and expensive buildings or machinery built for Coal Oil, or wasted in experiments, and that it will be managed by an interested party and of experience in the business.
As enough Stock has already been taken to render the organization of a Company certain, it has been thought best by the Stockholders to temporarily organize, which has been done by the election of the following officers, subject to a new election when the remainder of the Stock is taken:
PRESIDENT: JOHN A. CAUGHEY.
VICE PRESIDENT: A. M. MARSHALL.
SECRETARY: WM. HAMILTON.
TREASURER: JOHN R. M'CUNE.
SUPERINTENDENT: DAVID KIRK.
DIRECTORS:
JOHN A. CAUGHEY, A. M. MARSHALL,
WM. HAMILTON, DAVID KIRK,
JAMES OLD, J. M. LITTLE,
ARTHUR KIRK.
Subscriptions to the Stock of the Company will be received at the UNION BANKING CO., corner 4th and Market Streets; at the OFFICE OF JOHN A. CAUGHEY & CO., No. 144 Water Street, Pittsburgh; also at the ALLEGHENY TRUST CO., Allegheny City. Ten per cent., or $1 per share, to be paid on subscribing, and the remainder in three equal payments on the 1st days of February, March and April next.
BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION Will be Opened on TUESDAY MORNING, January 24th, *At the Above Places,* AND KEPT OPEN FOR TWO DAYS ONLY.
Eastern capitalists have offered to take the full amount, but the Directors prefer it to be HELD BY OUR OWN PEOPLE. The officers of the Company therefore offer it as above, and confidently recommend it as a sure and good investment. As will be seen from the above, all the money subscribed goes
Directly Into the Business.
The Refinery is at present in operation, and will be transferred to the Company as soon as the full amount of Stock is taken. As each installment is paid in, if the Directors think prices favorable, will be immediately invested in Oil or such other [illegible].
All communications should be addressed to
JOHN A. CAUGHEY, President, or to DAVID KIRK, Superintendent. ja23:3t

DRY GOODS, &c.

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURES.
Macrum & Glyde, 78 MARKET STREET,
Offer an extensive stock of SEASONABLE GOODS of American Manufacture, comprising a great variety of
TRIMMINGS. HOSIERY & GLOVES, Fancy Goods, Notions, Small Wares, AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
In every style and quality at most reasonable prices.
We still have a few goods of *Foreign Manufacture* Which we will dispose of at prices to suit.
To Merchants and Retailers we offer at WHOLESALE,
At prices as low as can be bought anywhere in the Eastern Cities, as we buy exclusively for cash and from Manufacturers or their agents only. We solicit a call. ja24

SPECIAL SALE. KEEP WARM. Undershirts at $2.00, WORTH $4.00. Drawers at $2.00, WORTH $4.00. EACH SHIRT WILL WEIGH NEARLY 1 lb. 6 oz, EATON, MACRUM & CO.
Have about 24 dozen of good, extra-heavy WHITE UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, nearly all wool, which weigh from 1¼ lb. to 1 lb. 6 oz. each shirt, that must be closed out immediately.
We offer them at much less than what they cost to make, and we believe them to be equal to anything in market at $4.00.
No reduction will be made for quantity—one shirt or one hundred at the same rate.
These Shirts are a Great Bargain!
EATON, MACRUM & CO., ja19 17 and 19 Fifth street.

WINTER DRESS GOODS AT J. M. BURCHFIELD'S. *SELLING CHEAP.* Winter Cloaks at Cost. WINTER LONG SHAWLS AT COST. Balmorals at Cost. North East corner of 4th and Market sts ja9

GREAT BARGAINS! MOORHEAD DENNISON & CO., 81 Market street, ARE DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS. Gents' Under-garments, White Shirts, Socks, Cravats, Collars, &c. &c. Embroideries, Lace Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Trimmings, Point Lace, Collars, Ribbons, &c. &c. ja6 81 Market st.

A NEW ASSORTMENT OF BUTTONS, Dress and Cloak Ornaments, Bugle Gimps, Chenille and Bugle Fringe, Mask Veils, Undersleeves, Linen Sets, (of the finest quality,) Lace and Linen Collars and Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Breakfast Shawls and Sacques, of all sizes, Hathaway's Enameled Collars and Cuffs, for ladies and gentlemen. Wash Leather Gloves, in all sizes; Jouvin's Kid Gloves, in light colors; Ribbon Sets, fringed to order, together with a new lot of Braid Water Falls and Flowers. Will be found at ALICE MOWRY'S TRIMMING STORE, No. 83 Fourth street, near Ferry street. Particular attention given to cleaning Point and all other kinds of Laces. Also Black Lace Veils. ja10

HOLIDAY GIFTS, OF AFFECTION AND CHARITY. WHEELER & WILSON'S HIGHEST PREMIUM Lock Stitch Sewing Machines WM. SUMNER & CO., de23 No. 27 FIFTH STREET.

U. S. SPECIAL INCOME TAX.—Having received the list of Special Tax, assessed on incomes of 1863, in accordance with the act of Congress, approved July 4th, 1864, for the Division comprising the Boroughs of Birmingham, East Birmingham, South Pittsburgh, Monongahela, West Pittsburgh and Temperanceville, and the Townships of Baldwin, Snowden, Lower St. Clair, Upper St. Clair, Scott, Union, Chartiers, Robinson, North Fayette, South Fayette, Findley, Moon, Crescent and Neville. I will attend for the receiving of said taxes at the Office of A. B. Stevenson, Esq., Birmingham, daily (Sundays and Saturdays excepted) until Monday, January 30th, between the hours of 1 and 4 p. m. Also at the following places:
Wednesday, Feb. 1st, at the house of Peter Boyer, Snowden township.
Thursday, Feb. 2d, at the house of G. W. Boyd, Upper St. Clair township.
Monday, Feb. 6th, at the house of J. N. Tidball, Robinson township.
Tuesday, Feb. 7th, at the house of Elijah Marshall, in Clinton.
Wednesday, Feb. 8th, at the house of Matthew McGregor, Noblestown.
Friday, Feb. 10th, at the office of D. Robinson, Esq., Temperanceville.
Monday, Feb. 13th, at the office of W. H. Barker, Esq., South Pittsburgh.
I will also attend at the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue, No. 67 Fourth st., Pittsburgh, on Saturdays, until 11th of February, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
After aforesaid dates 10 per cent. penalty will be added.
Payment must be made in United States money.
JOHN A. SERGEANT, Dep. Collector 3d Div. 22d Dist.
Persons preferring may remit their checks, payable to my order, through the Pittsburgh P. O. ja18:d&wtfeb13F

IN ORDER TO FURTHER THE DESIGN of the National Bank law, to provide a uniform currency, and to relieve this community from the loss incident to the circulation of depreciated bank notes, the following banks have agreed that on and after 1st February, 1865, they will pay out only such money as will be received at par on deposit and in payment of all debts due them. They will purchase from their customers, all distant State-bank notes, which they may receive in the regular course of business, at the net cost of sending them home for redemption, but will not receive such funds on deposit as "currency."
It is confidently believed that this arrangement will very speedily abolish the existing custom of keeping "currency" accounts, and by sending home the great volume of State bank paper now in circulation here, give place to a better class of notes not subject to discount. To give full effect to this arrangement, the acquiescence and co-operation of the business community is respectfully solicited.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier 1st National Bank.
R. A. GEORGE, Cashier Farmers Deposit Banking Company.
G. A. ENDLY, Cashier German Trust and Savings Bank.
JOHN E. LIVINGSTON, Cashier 3d National Bank, Pittsburgh.
J. R. McCUNE, President Union Banking Co.
FRANCIS SELLERS, President Citizens National Bank,
C. H. RIGGS, Assistant Cashier 2d National Bank.
J. W. COOK, Cashier Allegheny Bank.
ja10:tfebl

PIMPLES ON THE FACE are cured by HEMAPANAKA.
SKIN DISEASES ARE CURED BY HEMAPANAKA.
DYSPEPSIA AND COSTIVENESS are cured by HEMAPANAKA.
See long advertisement in daily papers. ja17

HORSE FEED.—Chopped Corn and Rye, Shorts and Middlings, at City Flour Mills. [ja16] J. S. LIGGETT & CO.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK
CORNER of WOOD and VIRGIN ALLEY.
U. S. DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL AGENCY.
7 3-10 LOAN.
This Bank keeps on hand for sale the 7 3-10 United States Treasury Notes, and takes subscriptions for the same.
This is the POPULAR LOAN—the only Government loan now in the market at par—giving those who have money a safe and desirable opportunity for investment.
TWO CENTS A DAY FOR EACH $100.
These notes are all dated 15th August, 1864. The interest payable semi-annually on the 15th of February and 15th of August, at the rate of $7 30 per $100 per annum. At the expiration of three years (only little over two and a half, now) they are exchangable into the 5-20 Gold Bonds. Commissions allowed to purchasers. Interest will be paid at our Banking House. WM. E. SCHMERTZ, Prest.
JOHN E. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.
C. M. SEIBERT, Assistant Cashier. ja11:3m

BANKING HOUSE. N. HOLMES & SONS, BANKERS, No. 57 Market Street, Pittsburgh.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES, INCLUDING
United States Sixes of 1881;
Do. do. 5-20s;
Do. Fives, 10-40s;
Do. Seven-Thirties;
Do. Certificates of Indebtedness.
ORDERS AND VOUCHERS BOUGHT OR COLLECTED. ja18:ly

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, Washington, January 12th, 1865.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE UNION NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.
Now therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Union National Bank of Pittsburgh," in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.
[Currency Bureau, Seal of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department.] In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this twelfth day of January, 1865.
HUGH McCULLOCH, ja18 2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, January 16th, 1865.
WHEREAS—By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act:
Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "Allegheny National Bank" of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 16th day of January, 1865.
[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH, ja18:2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, December 31, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the acts of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said act.
Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH," in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand [L. S.] and seal of office, this thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1864.
HUGH McCULLOCH, ja4:2md Comptroller of the Currency.

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO 110 SMITHFIELD STREET, (opposite the Custom House.) Chartered by the Legislature.
OFFICERS.
President—GEO. B. JONES.
VICE PRESIDENTS.
Wm. H. Smith, Joshua Rhodes,
Thos. D. Messler, Alex. Bradley,
Francis Sellers, A. Reineman,
John F. Jennings, Joseph King,
Thos. S. Blair, S. H. Hartman,
Henry Lloyd, F. Rahm.
TRUSTEES.
James Park, Jr., S. S. Fowler,
D. M. Long, J. M. Tiernan,
Dr. Jas. Carothers, B. F. Jones,
A. S. Bell, O. H. Wolf,
Jos. Dilworth, R. D. Cochran,
Wm. Smith, W. A. Reed,
J. W. Woodwell, W. H. Phelps,
R. C. Schmertz, D. E. McKinley,
J. McD. Crossman, C. H. Paulson,
R. M. Smyth, Jacob Stuckrath,
G. Follansbee, Alfred Slack.
C. Zug,
Secretary and Treasurer—D. E. M'KINLEY.
Open daily, from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. Also, Saturday evening, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of one dime and upwards.
Dividends declared in December and June of each year.
Dividends allowed to remain are placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bear interest thus compounding it.
Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
☞ This Institution offers, especially to those persons whose earnings are small, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, their money not only being safe, but bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive. se30

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, NO. 84 FOURTH STREET. CHARTERED IN 1855.
Open daily from 9 to 3 o'clock; also on Wednesday and Saturday evening, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of all sums of not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually, in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.
Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.
Books, containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.
PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICE PRESIDENTS.
James McAuley, James B. D. Meeds,
John H. Shoenberger, Wm. Douglas,
James Herdman, Isaac M. Pennock,
Peter A. Madeira, James Shidle,
William J. Anderson, John H. McFadden,
A. M. Pollock, M. D., John G. Backofen.
TRUSTEES.
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, John Marshall,
George Black, Walter P. Marshall,
Hill Burgwin, John Orr,
Alonzo A. Carrier, Robert Robb,
Charles A. Colton, Henry L. Ringwalt,
John Evans, William E. Schmertz,
Benj. L. Fahnestock, Alexander Speer,
John J. Gillespie, Alexander Tindle,
William S. Haven, William Vankirk,
Peter H. Hunker, Isaac Whittier,
Richard Hays, Wm. P. Weyman,
James D. Kelly, Christian Yeager.
Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. A. COLTON. mh11:daw

PH. R. MERTZ, BANKER & BROKER, 118 Wood Street, near Fifth,
Gives special attention to the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Coupons in general. Collections made in all places East and West. European exchange sold at lowest rates.
Gold Drafts on New York Sold in Sums to Suit.
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