The Zittsburgh Gazette. THE WILMINGTON EXPEDITION. LATE REBEL INTELLIGENCE. GEN. BUTLERS OFFICIAL REPORT. RICHMOND PAPERS SEVERE ON DAVIS. Delay of the Navy the Cause of t

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS. Special Dispatch to the Pittaburgh Carette.

Harrismuno, Jan. 13, 1805.

House.—On motion of Mr. McCline, five thousand copies of the proceedings relative to the death of Dr. Reed were ordered to be printed. Mr. Welser offered a joint resolution instruc ing Congressmen to vote for the repeal of duty

and State donation to each pupil in the Deaf and Dumb Asylum from one hundred and eighty dollars to two hundred and forty dollars. Mr. Smith, of Philadelphia, offered a bill to establish the pay of members at twelve hundred

Mr. Waddell, an act increasing the pay of

Mr. Orkig presented a bill authorizing so liers to vote at township and borough election Adjourned until Tuesday afternoon.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Vote on the Constitutional Amendment Postponell.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE. The Rebel Senator Foole Under

August 12, 1864, vice Major General John E. Sheridan, U. S. A., to be Major General November 8, 1864, vice Major, General George B. Mcher 15, 1864, vice Major General John C. Fremont, resigned; Major General Windeld S. Han-cock, to be Brigadier General August 12, 1864, vice Major General McPherson, decased; Second Leutenants Frederick T. Sert and Edward H. Mecker to be First Lientenauts, Actin Volunteer Lientenant William P. Hall, to t

Wright.

Mrs. Henry Posts, wife of the robel Senator Foote, of Tenn., arrived at Alexandria this morning, from Richmold by tray of Fairfax Court House. She atstes that her husband is Inte speech: in the rebel senate went authorities.

New York, Jan. 18.—The Commercial Adsertier's speech says that the Pennsylvania delegation have requested permission from Hon. Thadens Sterens to ung his appointment as Secretary of the Treasury. He declines on account Inte speech in the rebel Senate denunciatory of the rebel authorities.

The Post's Washington special says the vote on the anti-sharey constitutional anendment.
will be postponed. If is were taken now, it
would probably fall to secure the required majority; but the people in all parts of the country
are moving in the matter, and Representatives are
receiving numerous letters from their constitutions upon the question. The force of public
opinion will do the work.

FROM THE POTOMAC ARMY. OPENING MADE IN DUTCH, GAP CANAL, REBELL FORCES BENT TO MEET SHEBMAN.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY, OF POTOMAC, January II, 1865. The heavy rains which have fallen for the pas week have swollen the James river to several feet above the must height, and the low grounds along the banks are flooded, making travel in the vicinity anything but pleasant. The river is full of flooting cleris, a great deal of which comes from above the canal. I learned hast evening that the high rides had caused an opening in the bulkhead of the canal, and that a stream of water now flows through it some eight or ten feet wide and seyreaf foct deep, the elements thus combining to around his what engineering skill had failed to do. to do.

There were no Richmond papers obtained vectorary, the robels refusing to exchange, owing, it is believed, to their centaining news which they fild not rollsh.

New Yorks, Jan. 13.—The Commercial pro-bounces the reports put forth by the Herald as being published by the Savannah Republican of a gold operation and canard, as the Republican of the 9th, received by the Arago, has no reference to them, and the passengers by that steamersay that they heard nothing of them.

We have the following items of news from Sa-vannah: General Geary has ordered all unemployed negroes to report themselves for the purpose of obtaining wood for the city. Compensation and rations will be furnished. Philadelphia, are to be established the port is opened.

The prices of provisions have been established by the Provest Marshal. Potatoes, 89 per bbl; butter, 75cts, per lb; apples, 712 per bbl.

The Arago brought a heavy mail from Sayan-

nah. ENEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The gold market is still unsettied. The price opened this morning at 223, but at once fell gradually to 22074. Steamer Diligent Sunks-Boat and Cargo Catro, Jan. 13.—The steamer Diligent, from Memphis to Helens, sank on the 10th, near the latter piece. The boat and carge, including a number of catile, are a total loss. The boat was valued at \$50,000. yalucid at \$30,000.

Righty bales of cotton arrived to-day from Memphis for St. Luis.

Shirmish Botween Union Cavalry.

Naw York, Jan. 13.—The Herdel's New Or-leans correspondent mentions a skirnish between detachments of the 16th Indians and 18th New-York Cavairy, each mistaking the bither for reb-cis. Captain Thompson, of the 16th Indians, was dangerously wounded.

Failure, 172

WHAT GENERAL GRANT SAYS.

New York, Jan. 13 .- Alvery lengthy disputch has been received from heaquarters of the army of the Potomac, covering a full and detailed offi-cial report of Butler to Grant, of the late Wil-mington expedition. Gen. Butler states that after embarking his forces on transports they were detained from the 6th to the 13th of Determber, awaiting Porter's fleet, and joined the transport fleet off Cape Henry on the 14th, arriving at the rendezvous off New Inlet on the evening of the 15th; where they walted until the evening of the 19th, having the finest weather possible.
On the creaning of the Lich, Poster came from
Beaufort to the rendervous, when the sea became
rough, End on the 19th the wind sprang up, rough, End on the 10th the wind sprang up, making it impossible to land the troops, and by the advice of Porter the troops were rendez-yoused at Beaufort. This was necessary, as the transports were coaled for ten days, and that time had been then consumed. For four days the wind blew a gale, during which the transports were coaled and watered.

At 4 o'clock, P. M., Butler came in sight of Fort Fisher and found the naval fleet bombarding it, the powder vessel having been exploded the morning previous. An arrangement was made to fand the frobly the next morning quadre cover of the gunboats as soon as the fling of the Half Moon and Flag Pond Hell batteries had been silenced, which were up the shore two

had been elleneed, which were up the short-two or three miles above Fort Fisher. Porten was sanguine he had silenced Fort Fisher. He was urged if that were so to ran by the fort-into Cape Fear river and then the troops could land Cape Fear river and then the troops could land and hold the leach without fear of being shell-ed by the river gunboats, the Tallahassee being seen in the river.

Gen-Butler argued that if Porter would put his ships in the river, the army could supply him across the beach, and that at least the block-ade of Wilmington would be thus effectual, even if they didgot capture the fort.

Porter replied that he should probably lose the boat by toredoes. If the attempted to run by

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations by the President: Brigadier General W. S. Strang H. S. A. A. D. b. Village discovered as the senated of that essential element of successions. ans deprive of the 25th, the batteries were re-

hierman, U. S. A., to be Major General 1 John E. 12, 1864, vice Major General John E. 15, 1864, vice Major General Pahiji H. 15, U. S. A., to be Major General Novembot, vice Major, General George E. Mc. 1864, vice Major, General George E. Mc. 1864, vice Major General Decembot, vice Major General John C. Freshined; Brigadler General Windeld S. Hano be Brigadler General McDerson, doctors of Mercher to be First Hentenants, Adding der Leutenant Frederick T. Bert and Ed. Mecker to be First Hentenants, Adding der Leutenant Commandat, Acting for Leutenant William P. Hall, to be Volunter Leutenant Commandat, Acting for Leutenant Commandat, Acting for Leutenants (Commandat, Acting Core, John Rogers, Henry Welmore, Longen, John Rogers, Henry Welmore, Longens, John Rogers, Henry Welmore, Longen, John Rogers, Henry Welmore, Welmore, Welmore, Longen, Levens, Levens, Levens, Longen, Levens, Lev

derly was killed about the third line from the fort. The report that may colders entered the fort is a mistake.

During this time. Ames' division had captured 316 mers and 10 commissioned officers of the North Carolina reserves.

General Builer had fearned from rebell prisoners that two brigades of Hoke's division were with in two miles of the rear of his forces; that their skirmishers were actually engaged, and that the remnider of Hoke's division had arrived, on the night previous, at Wilsalngton, and were on the march, thus forming a force outside of the works superior to his own.

In the meantime the weather became bad, and the sur rolling in, so that landing was difficult of the control of the source of the control of the cont In the meantime the weather became bad, and the surf rolling in, so that landing was difficult. At this time Weltzel reported to General Butler, that to assault the works, in his judgibutler, that to assault the works, in his judgibutler, and that of experienced officers of his command, was impossible with any propert of success. This opinion coincided with General Butler's. But, much as he regretted the necessition of the property of the surface of th success. This opinion coincided with General Butler's. But, much as he regretted the necessity of abandoning the attempt, yet he chasidered it his duty. It was plain that hot so strong a work as Fori Fisher had been taken by assault during the war, and he referred to the slample loved thousands it hissault on Port Hudson and Fort Wagner. General Butler says:

[1] therefore ordered that no assault should be

Gen. Butler states that he has learned from descriers and prisoners, that the supposition, when the expedition was planned, that Wimington was denuded of troops to oppose Sherman, was cerret, and see that imm of the arrival of the army off Wilmington, there were less ham 400 men in Fort Fisher, and less than 1,000 within twenty miles; but the delay of three days, walting the arrival of the navy, and the further delay, by storm, of the 21st, 22d and 33d, gave time for reinforcements to arrive from Richmond.

The instructions of the Lieutenang General did not contemplate the slege, and we had neither siege trains nor supplies for such a centingency. General Butler here says: The extraorty of the possible delay for which the foresign of the commander of the armies had provided had arlien, to wife large reinforcements of the garrison, with the fact that they had chansted their supply of annumition in the bombardment, at dielt ne with no alternative but to return with my army to the army of the James.

to order an assault on that work under the circumstances.

Gen. Curtis' and Gen. Ames' reports are appended, condrming all the above essential points,
and copies of Gen. Grant's telegrams and orders
te binter conclude the document.

Gen. Grant,
in his endorsement of Butler's report, says itwas never contemplated that Butler should accompany the expedition, Weitzol being specially
named as the commander.

General Grant thinks that the delay in the
moving of the expedition can be charged to
waiting for the guspowder boat to be prepared.

He says:

"General Butler is in error to stating that the
ro-embarkation of the troops was by my instruc-"General Butler is in error to stating that the roc-embarkation of the troops was by ray instruc-tions, as they never contemplated a withdrawal after the landing had been effected."

General Grant also says in his order that the first object of the expedition was to close the port of Wilmington, and, if successful, to cap-ture the city itself.

OPERATIONS OF THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON The Escape of Hood's Army.

New York, Jan, 23.—Admiral Lee New York, etc., 23.—Admiral Lee; communing the Mississippi Squadron, details to the Navy Department, in an official dispatch, the facts regarding the escape across the Tennassee river, at Bainbridge, six miles above Florence, Ala., of he remnants of Hood's defeated and demor

at manurings, six mites above riorcuce, Alla, of the remnants of Hood's defented, and demoralized army. The Admiral says that only the sudden failing of the water on the shoals, and the prevalence of a fog chabled the rebels to clude the gunboats.

All the pontions and other means of crossing below Bainbridge were destroyed, and thousands of Hood's men were consequently scattered through the woods on the north side of the river.

Admiral Lee encloses a dispatch which he had received from General Thomas, in Pulaski, Tenn., on the 29th of Dec., in which the latter sums up, as far as then known to him, Hood's losses in men and arilliery from the line he crossed the Tennessee northward; it puts them, down at 19 general officers and about 14.009 men in killed, wounded and captured, and seventy pleces of artillery. Rather singularly though he does—not include in this account Hood's killed and wounded in the two day's battle before Nashville, but he 15th and 18th ult. The Indian Troubles - Overland Mail Dis-The indian continued.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Owing to the Indian New York, Jan. 13.—Owing to the Indian

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Opposed.

ule.
The Richmond Whig has a very bitter tirade The Richmond Whig has a very bitter thrade against submissionists and all others who see any cenuse for despondency.

The Enquirer insists that the Confederacy is not badly birt, and thinks it can soon win peace by bravery and determination.

The Augusta Chronicle and Sestinel publishes an account of Sherman's conduct in Sarannah, as seen through rebel eyes. It pays a high compliment to the officers and troops for their excellent, behavior and kindness to the citizend, and also to the excellent regulations of General Sherman.

AXIVIIII CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION. WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 12, 1365.

Mashinoton City, Jan. 12, 1865.

HOUSE.

Mr. Kasson presented a petition of Samuel Wilkeson, setting forth that he is the Washington correspondent of the New York Trabutar, that he illied three different telegrams in relation to the removal of General Butler; that a consorship had been established without a censor, and exercished without authority, that his telegrams were suppressed by order of the War Department, in violation of the freedom of the Press, and lawful business &c., and he prays the passage of a law, making the telegraph as accessible as the malls. The petition was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The petition of Samuel Wilkeson was referred to the Committee on the judiciary.

Mr. Ashley moved, and it was agreed to that after to-day the further consideration of the antistavery constitutional amendment be postponed for two weeks from Thesday poet.

Mr. Ashley moved and it was agreed to that after to-day the further consideration of the antistavery constitutional amendment, but when the question shall again be taken he intended it ornered he hall again be taken he intended it ornered his views with reference by the expedience of the measure, and was attended with the reasons which hall induced him to trach such a conclusion. He cutertained the aime opinions of the rebellion now which ha always had, and that there was not a shadow of pretext for the inflamous and disastrous conduct on the part of, the South-Nevertheless, he believed that there had not been exhibited a fair willingness to extend any been misced and betrayed by their leaders. If he could preserve the Constitution and the Union by preserving the present status of slavery, to accomplish his purpose, and it was simply because he deliced the meadment, if adopted, would serve that purpose, and is was simply because he deliced the meadment, the doubled, would serve that purpose, and is was simply because he deliced the meadment to the Constitution. We never ean have peace until that institution is disposed of the some way. He express

hours.

Mr. Garfield alluded to the progress of emancipation. Slavery was first driven from the Territories and then its kingdom of the States was sloken to its foundation, and one by one its corner-stones were being removed. His colleague (Pendicton) had, however, found a new resting place for slavery, namely, where the irreat statue of liberty was cashrieed; but no spot was so secred that slavery could not be pursical to the altar and there slain. The argument of his colleague was good, if true, that the States were severely and independent. This is controversed, and if ever they were soveredge and independent, they were not, so now. Coming into the Union, the obligation once taker truedeed them as undividable nation.

Mr. Stevens said that the gentleman from Chio (Pendleton) had exhonorated those in arms in the role! States from responsibility for this bloodywar, and placed it upon himself (Stevens) and those who seted with him. This was a grave charge, if true, and should make them feel not only regret but remores for their conduct. He thanked God that his long-enterianed hatred of shevery had not been weakened by checkling age. The party with which he had united, could not he states to do what duty required manely, to exclude slavery from the territories, confining it to the spot which it already polluted in the States! le had loped that the great crit would work its own destruction, but none with whom he acted had proposed a violation of the Constitution for cradicating slavery. He said the optath of the great crit would work its own destruction of the liberty of his party." While his low (Stevens) would be: "Here lies the able of the low ambittion of the constitution for cradicating slavery. He said the optath of the great crit would work is own (Stevens) would be: "Here lies one who never rose to any ominence, and only courted the low ambittion to have it said that he ours. Mr. Garfield alluded to the progress of eman-

me who never ross to any ominence, and only ourted the low ambition to have it said that he

and down tredden of cycry language, race and color.?

Mr. Baldwin, of Massachuselts, entered into an argument as to the character of our form of government, denying that this was a confederacy of sovereign Blates—it was a nation. He briefly adveated the pending resolution regarding slavery as an outlaw of civilization, and as she progenitor of treaton, which should be at once abolished.

No other speeches were made on the resolution. Mr. Cele introduced a bill in amendment of the Pacific Railroad Act, mitfying the assignment made by the Central Pacific Railroad Company of California te the Western Pacific Railroad Company, and requiring said railroad to complete twenty-five mi es yearly, and the whole line from San Jose to Bacramento in four years. Mr. Hubbard, of Iowa, introduced a bill authorizing, the Secretary of the Interior to institute goological surveys of the Black Illis in Daccetals and appropriating \$20,000 for litiat purpose.

Adjourned till Monday. SENATE.

The Consular appropriation bill was taken to The Consular appropriation bill was taken up and pared.

The resolution in relation to the conduct of Col. Chivington towards the Indians in Colorado was then taken up.

Mr. Willey presented the petition of the citizens of Illinois in behalf of the soldiers captured in the Bireight raid into Georgia, setting forth that all efforts to secure their release, had been unavailing, that they were suffering in Southern dungeons and could not get fresh air, because they were unable to bear the ball and chain, and praying that something be done to relieve thom from the slow but certain death which awaits them. The petition was referred to the Milliary.

from the slow but certain death which awaits them. The petition was referred to the Military Committee.

Mr. Clark presented the petition of chilzens of Virginia, asking for a territorial government, instead of their present State government. Referred to the Committee on Territories.

Mr. Howe presented the petition of the Wisconsin Historical Society, asking for a reduction of the duty on imported books, which was referred to the Committee on Finnee.

Mr. Lane, of Indiana, presented the petition of the duty on imported paper.

Mr. Summer presented the petition of a critical of the Indiana Publishers' Association, for a reduction of the duty on imported paper.

Mr. Summer presented the petition of a citizon of Massachusetts who had lost a government bond, and asking that it be restored to him.

Mr. Shernau said that the Secretary of the Treasury had indicated his intention to make good the loss of bonds after the hipse of a year of so; tut if the treasury notes were lost, they could not be returned without further legislation, and that such a petition was therefore referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Shernau sold are to the Committee on Claims. The petition was therefore referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Shernau had a resolution instructing the Secretary of Var, to report to the Sensactic, number of men furnished by the loyal States under the call of the President, is Suly last, for 750,000 men.

Mr. Heidle said the Information called for was very anxiously asynated by showards of citizers in all the loyal States, and more particuhem. The petition was referred to the Military

resident.
The reso ution concerning the massacre of In-

Call for a Convention of States

Opposed.

Cac.

Cac.

Cac.

Cac.

Cac.

Cac.

Cac.

Cac.

New York, Jan. 13.—The boldness of the rebel papers ha denouncing Jeff. Davis and jaking towards a dictatorship, is attracting much attention here. Three daily papers have long cattorials on the subject, but they coatan so new facts.

Jambs River dispatches report that owing to the lack of transportation and forage cased by General Warren's destruction of the Veneral Warren.

The Richmond Auguire, of the 10th, favore the sularging of Lee's powers and giving him entite coatio of miliary affairs, but it opposes the call for a convention, on the ground that Lee cannot spare from his army members of legislators and others for the convention of the rebal amines and the removal of Seddon from the War Office.

The Whig favors the consolidation of the rebal amines and the removal of Seddon from the war officers. The whig favors the consolidation of the rebal amines and the removal of Seddon from the war officers. The Whig favors the consolidation of the rebal amines and the removal of Seddon from the war officers. The Whig favors the consolidation of the rebal amines and the removal of Seddon from the war officers. The believed by Mr. Davis. He declose all warning and constitutionally snabs. Congress, the press and the army. They call almost unantmously to make Lee generalissime, but the present course of Davis is tending to break update Confederacy and throw them back under the did not think the Government had a right to passenge and the army. They call almost unantmously to make Lee generalissime, but the present course of Davis is tending to break under the did not think the Government had a right to passenge

ore such orders. He was an acceptant intion.

Mr. Pomeroy moved to strike out so much of the resolution as relates to the suspension of pay, and make it an order for investigation.

Mr. Wilson moved that the resolution be related to the disease only that it.

Mr. Wilson moved that the resolution be re-aminated as a so apply to the officers only as it would be unfair to make it spely to the privates, because the Laws of the army are very strick and ecropelled privates to obey orders.

Mr. Pomeroy accepted Mr. Wilson's ariend-ment in place of the army prepared by him, Mr. Powerly wis opposed to the resolution big-cause he did not believe in punishing mea with-out a fair trial. If the facts alleged against Col-Chilvington were true, he ought to be tried by a court martial, and shot to death.

Mr. Summer thought exceptional rimes de-screet exceptional punishment, and this was an exceptional crime. It was an atroclous crime, which the Senate ought to be swift to punish.

The amendment of Mr. Ponseroy was not adopted.

adopted.

The original resolution of Mr. Harlan was then passed.

On motion of Mr. Hendricks the Senate than proceeded to the consideration of Recentive business, and soon afterwards adjourned until Menday.

RUMORS FROM THE SHEXAXDOAH VALLEY. Sheridan to Have a New Command,

More About the Peace Com-

Interesting from Mexico. New York, Jan. 18.—The **Herald's Shenandoch Valley correspondent mentions a runoit than General Sheridan is to have a new and very important command.

Details of the Union raid of Colonel Soldman Short Shenandor From Fort Barranens, Florida, to Pollardis, Alabama, show it to have been very successful. The increase of members have Each member from Fort Barranens, Florida, to Pollardis, Alabama, show it to have been very successful. The relocis attempted to check his advance, but were bally beaten and best heavity.

General Granger was within twenty-light contained by the state of the Contained State and best heavity.

The World's 'Washington' special caps: It is runored in that city that the Peace Commissions for hardshood them.

The There's pecula says: It is reported that the Contained State of the Contained State THE FRENCH TROOPS DEPEATED.

INTERESTING FROM EUROPE. The Relations Between England and America,

NEW YORK, Jan. 13 .- The steamer China from Liverpool on the 31st, has arrived.

The Times to-day, in its resume of the year, alluding to the present attitude of the North to alluding to the present attitude of the North to-wards Canada, says, in the present state of Northern feeling there is too much reason to appreciate as the control of the control of the rupture inevitable. The Americans neither ap-preciate the strength of England, nor under-stand the unanimity with which war will be prosecuted if forced upon a reductant govern-ment and nation. The first result of the war would be the immediate and irrevocable estab-lichment of Southern independance. Liverpool, Dec. 31.—Cotton quiet, with rather a letter tone. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions steady.

a letter tone. Breassums quies and access, Provisions steady.

Consols closed at 89% for money. Illinois. Central shares at 51@59 discount; Frie 57@39, LATEST_Literpoot, Jun. 1.—The Boarse closed firmer. Rentes 66f, 26c. INFORTANT FROM GEORGIA: IF TRUE

Elections Held in Several Counties. New York, Jan. 13 .- The Argo, from Port Roynitbe 5th, brings reports of importance, if true. It is said several counties of Georgia have recently reid elections and declared in favor of a return held elections and declared in favor of a return to the Union by overwhelming majorities. It is also reported that the people are arming to protect themselves from secessionists.

**GOT Provants said too bot the principal promoter of these movements and that he has dishunded the Georgia millita, who have returned to their homes. These rumors are all published in the Savannah Reptablican's extra of the eguning of the 7th inst.

REBEL-PAPERS AND JEFF DAVIS. Their Denunciations More Bold.

Naw York, Jan. 18.—The Richmond papers are growing more bold daily in the definition of Jeff Davis, and in demanding the appointment of Lee to the supreme command of the armics. The Examinar of the 9th says: Jeff secures is fast whilling the Golfederacy to destruction.

A delegate from: the Indians in alliance with the rebels, visited Shreveport, La., on the 18th of December, to obtain permission to ship control provide for their necessities, and to arm the Indians in the robel service. IMPORTANT FROM WEST VIRGINIA.

BEVERLY ATTACKED BY THE ENEMY. rison at Beverly, West Virginia, were attacked on the morning of the 11th, by a force of the enemy under 6th. Rosser. The town, and a large portion of the force defending it were cap-tured. The numbers of the enemy were not stated.

stated.
Later dispatches confirm the above, but stat
the enemy had retreated again from whence the Histran, Jan. 13.—The blockade numer Chameleon, into the Tallahasaed is under arrest at Bermuda. The blockade runner Celonal Lamb is at Massau, undergoing irepairs. The following blockade runners are at Bermuda; The Owle, Blag. Charlotts, Mary Campbell, Whisper; Busan Berne, and Dupe. Or Jewenty Chambell, whitsper; Busan Berne, and Dupe. Or Jewenty one blockade, runners visiting Bernanda during the past year forty-three have been feet.

Kausas U. S. Senator. Kangas U. S. Senatol.

Lanyanwonyng Jan. 13.—Gangral Lane was
to-day cloced to the United States Senate foreit:
years, by a rute of cighty-two to seventeen.

CITY AND SUBURBAN. Meeting of the Young Mens' Library As-

The meeting was called to order by the Presi-The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The polls were then opened for the election of officers for the ensuing year.

The President then read the report of the

Managing Committee, which was a length; and claborate document, and we ragret that the crowded state of our columns will not admit of us giving the report in full. We give the fol-lowing, embracing the more important parts: MENSERS OF THE ASSOCIATION: Your Board of Managers have the satisfaction to report the year just past, as one of prespectly to the Association, and especially encouraging in evidences of its enlarged usefulness, and increasing favor in the community.

Addition to salary of Low 200 00 366 57

Leaving, in Mo Treasury: to begin the year 1805... \$2,394.76

The balance in the Treesury on the 1st of January, 1805 was \$00.10.

This flattering state of our finances, with the revenue from increase in the price of membership, and the profits of this season's lecture, will, we think, enable the incoming Board to expend from \$1500 to \$2000 for books in addition to the extra expense of the catalogue, which must be printed during the year.

From the Report of the Library Committee, which is also submitted, we learn that the vol-

PROCESSE Of BOOKS.

MEMBERSHIFF.

Number of active members at the beginning of theyear.

607

Added during the year 141. Died, resigned and removed 101. and removed 101.
rescul number of active members.
Ionorary members.

LEGACY.

The Treasurer received during the year the seam of 4475 from the estate of John Albree Egg. Mr. Albree came to Pittsburgh in 1810, and was for a number of years engaged in the mercantille business. He removed to Boston.

and was for a number of years engaged in the mercantile business. He removed to Boston, Mass, is 1801, and resided in that city at the time of his death, on the 17th of September, 1863. His friendly remembrance of our Associative is worthy of more than a passing notice, and his bequest, as being the first yet received, marks an era in our history.

Licer the managemant of the Locture Committee of 1803-4, consisting of Wm. H. Kincald, George H. Weyman, Samuel A. Long, Thomas Bakwell, Jr., Henry M. Atwood and W. W. Ward, a regular course of twelve lectures, and a supplementary course of six lectures were delivered.

For the regular recourse 401 sectures were delivered.

Leaving net proceeds\$1,085 70

The Library Lectures have proved a prominent and attractive feature in the winter entersalm-nents of the cliy, for many years. The primary bject of the association is to make them and attractive feature in the winter entertainments of the city, for many years. The primary object of the city, for many years. The primary object of the city, for many years, in cultivating correct moral and literary taste, and for popular instruction. In science. Every one who has attained distinction on the platform, has at some time been brought before a Pittsburgh audience by means of the Yeung Mcm may be named Prof. O. M. Mitchell, Agasely, Richards, Everett, Beecher, Chapin, Ourits, Flor King; Holmer, Gios, Lord, Emerson, Bayard Taylor, Gough, Greeley Holland, Saxe, Phillips, Dickenson, Vandenboff, and many others. Often the lecture season has ended in a loss to the treasury. The few lectures given in the winter of 1869 and 1863 lost \$183. Last whiter three was a handsome profit; success in any undertaking is sure to incite others to enter the the same field in competition. The attempts of others may at times prevent our committee from presenting to the public the precise list: of names in our course which they deem best for instruction and entertainment. Some of our lectures, also, flading that they are not dependent on he association for as engagement, may be more, exacting in their domands. These and etter inconveniences, arising from the same cause, can only be occasional and temporary. As the lee-

acting in their demands. These and sther in-conveniences, arising from the same cause, can only be occasional and temporary. As the lec-ture-going community get to fully understead and appreciate the unselfish objects of the Asso-ciation, and the fact this whatever profit accrues from its lectures, is faithfully adopted to the ac-cumulation of a public library, the mentis of which every one may share at his or har option, they will be chary in the encouragement, of any rivairy.

they will be chary in the encouragement of any rivalry.

A LIBRARY HALL.

The chief difficulty now encountered by the Lecture Committee is the impossibility to procure in the city an Andence Hall of proper capacity; and at the time when it is most desirable. Measures are being taken for the creetion of suct a hall, and it is named in this connection, to impress upon the members the duty of giving all, the aid in their power to the accommission must be able to the project. The Lecture Committee desire us, in their behalf and for the association, to thank the Press of the city for their generous aid. We thank them cordially for their secretary help in advancing the interests of the Association.

Association.

This corporation is distinct in its organization, and not under the control of our Association. Yet, as the building proposed to be erected is for our occupator and iscuedt as lessee, your Board deem it proper to record its proceedings as of the deepest interest to the Association.

The Corporators of the Hall Company and a number of other prominent citizens held a messing on the 23d of December last, at which Hon. Thomas M. Howe presided, to consult in regard to the feasibility of the project, and the expediency of making an immediate attempt to carry it out. It was resolved to make the attempt, and a committee was appointed, chalsting of Folix R. Brunot, James Park, Jr., Wm. Thaw, Joseph Dilivorth, I. M. Pennock, with power to add to its nituber. This Committee is just commencing its labors, and will probably call upon the Association for co-operative aid in canvassing for stock. The sum of meanty and thought it to be requisite is much larger than historiginally proposed, but there is every indication that it will be raised. Thousands of our cliticus appreciate the notic object aimed at in behalf of the Visitary, and whothe success of this project will accomplish. Other thousands of our cliticus appreciate in the sake of the personal convenience LIBRARY HALL COMPANY.

and safety of themselves and families on public occasions, which will be secured by the erection of an andicace hall of suitable capacity and orrangements for a large city. Every day affords to the people of Pittsburgh new oriences alka of the great importance and the extreme necessity in the case, and every day some new interest is expressed in the project.

It was moved that the report be printed for the use of the members.

Action upon the new Constitution and By haws, was postpaned until the next moeting.

A resolution was offered and adopted, that when the meeting adjourn, is adjourn to meet on Saturday, the Sath inst.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

The ballots ware fine counsed, and the following was found to be the result of the election:

PRESIDENT:

R. S. Smith...... 250 No Opposition.

J. S. Morrison 188 S. A. Long.
J. J. Dennelli 182 I. B. Laughlin.
Henry Holdship, 162 A. U. Howard.
J. B. Scott. 125 E. T. Dravo.
W. D. McGowar 116 J. E. Dickson.

Our Passenger Rallways. In yesterday's paper we laid before our read-ers the announcement, received by telegraph from Harrisburg, that the President of the Cit-lzene, Passenger Railway Company had arrive!

lzene Passenger Hanway Lompany nau privez in that city for the purpose of procuring such legislation as would enable all the railway lines in this county to increase the rates of fare. Having been led to believe that our passenger railways (with a single oxesption) were making a fair profit, the announcement somewhat surprised us, as it no doubt surprised us, as it no doubt surprised us, as it no doubt surprised profit in the community. We were not ignorant of the fact that the cost of operating these lines of travel has been greatly increased during the part year, but the impression was general that the increased travel was sufficient to counterbalance the additional expenditures. In this, however, we have been greatly mistaken. We are assured, upon the inbut undoubted cridence, that the Citizene Passanger Railway Company, during the past six months, have not only not make a dollar in the way of dividends, but has actually smak \$2,500. This will not be cheering news to the stockholders, but it is nevertheless true—and as the start, duly certified, there can be no harm in making it public now. This being the exhibit of the isself lise in the stockholders in the other componies, will look in vain for dividends at rallways (with a single exception) were maki much to say that the stockholders in the other companies, will look in vain for dividends at precent. It is not to be wondered at therefore, that an effort should be made to have the rates of fare increased. There seems to be no other alternative: The lines cannot, be abandoned, neither can it be expected they will be dporated at the lay loss. In view of these facts, the pat-rons of the several railway lines may make up their minds to pay a little more for the privil-ege of riding.

Faial Accident in Allegheny, A shocking accident occurred at the Federal street station of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, on Friday afternoon, between three and four o'clock. The Paymasier's car three and four o'clock. The Paymaster's car had been left standing on the track immediately opposite the depot, and the laborers on the road had been crowsing about it all afternoon, getting their pay. In the rear of this car stood another, about three or four feet distant, on the same track. The nen were constantly passing and re-insing through this narrow space between the ends of the two cars, it being necessary (or at least most convenient) to do so, in order to approach or leave the. Paymaster's car. Two mer, named Andrew Ross and Robt. Heastings, had just emerged from the car with their money, Ross passed through the opening safely, closely followed by Heastings, and as the latter had reached, the centre of the track the other car was driven against the end of the Paymaster's car, by the force of a train backing against it. Heastings was caught between the bumpers, and crushed to dethi. However the bumpers, and crushed to dethi. However the bumpers, and crushed to dethi. However the humpers, and crushed to dethi. However the deceased was about fifty-three years of age, and leaves a wife and family. He resided near the head of Boyle street, Allegheny. A lury was empanueled by Coroner Clawson, and after hearing the testimony in the case they found the following verdict: "The deceased came to his deathly being crushed between two cars, caused by a want of proper caution on the part of the officers of the road." ad been left standing on the track immediately

ous assault, and on whose case the Jury had not yet returned a verdict whom our report concluded yesterday evening, was found guilty of assault ipon the person of Henry R. Wolf. Motion to vendet of not guilty and that the county per aucosts.

David Jones, William, Grover and Wm. McCorminck were dequitted, of a charge of riot.
Motion for arrest of judgment.

Joseph Mankil was fined the costs on a charge
of selling liquor.

David Boyle was charged with largeny in purloining goods from the store of his employer, J.

W. Barker & Co. The jury returned a verdict.
of not smilly.

of not guilty. The jury was discharged until Monday morn Mr. L. W. Foster, proprietor of the Metropoli-tan Gin Book-store, has been indicted by the Grand Jury for maintaining a lottery, contrary to the act of the General Assembly of the Com-monwealth. The charge against Mr. Foster is based on the fact that as an inducement to pu based on the fact that as an inducement to purchasers of books, he offers prizes of jeweiry, &c., and that the purchase of a book entities the buyer to a prize corresponding to another of the purchase. Mr. Foster, we believe, contends that he self the book and gives the prize stway. The case is one on which there is much difference of opinion as whether it can be considered a lottery. It had not been finished when Court adjourned on yesterday evening. MAYOR'S COURT.—There were quite a number

MATON'S COURT.—There were quite a number of unimportant arrests by the Police, comprising he following:

Yagraney—Julie Pitzgerald, ten days in Jail;
Mary Glayson, ten, days; Joseph Gopemount, five days; Ann Rain, illscharged; Joseph Fisher, ten days.

Drunkerness—Wm. Hunter, \$10 and prison ten days. Edward. Crummery, paid costs; Joseph Thompson, one day; Michael Hareis, one day; Thomas Brodrick, \$10 and ten days. THE Relief Committee of the Siriti ward meet this (Saturday) evening at 7, o'clock, ht the School-house. The citizens of the ward are re quested to be present.

Blayer Meritson's Address.

entire for their perusal. It is as follows:

All: President and Gentemen of Councies: On this coexacion of taking the obligation and entering upon its duties, I take the opportunity of tendering my thanks to my fellow-citizens for this renewed evidence of their respect and confidence. And although I have taken the prescribed coath of fidelity, It may not be improper to add, that I shall devote all the abilities I possess in watching over; and promoting all the interests of the corporation properly within the functions of the Mayor, And, gentlemen, it seems to me not out of place to look back to the condition of affairs, as they in part existed a few years ago, when I had the honor to-occupy the effice which has sagain been assigned me. A brief glance, contrasting that time with the present, will exhibit grathfying ovidences of prosperity and advancement.

To look at the visible evidence of progress:

ty and advancement.

To look at the visible evidence of progress. Five years ago the office of Mayor was in an obscure roem, fifteen by thirty feet, with little security for official papers or the uses of a look up. The Tresourer's office afforded no better accommodations; for a Mariket House we had an unsightly open shed. Now it is with pleasure and price that we point to a handsome City Hall which we new, for the first time occupy, and also for the meeting of Councils and manguration of the Hayor. A beliding creditable in architecture, and affording ample accumizadations for the several public offices, besides liberal apartments for the U. S. postoffice. We point also to our new market haves, of which liberal apartments for the U. S. postoffice, which liberal apartments for the Treasurer, because of furnities and arrangement, is not excelled by any market in the sountry.

This building, it is known to the chizers, has been creted and occupied without a dolar of cost to the corporation. To the able and judicious manguement of the Commissioner who undartook the grainitions abor of conducting the project, together with the very liberal assistance of their Treasurer, do the citizens oute not simply its consorts, but a very considerable addition to the public revenue.

Is further review of city sfairs I cannot but refers to, the condition of our finances. Five years ago our revenue was not equal to the de-mands upon it; and city werrants were soled at a

discaunt of not less than 5 per cent. Our Rallroad delt was not the least of the causes of embarrasament. And to extricate the corporation
from the financial difficulties in which it was interested, required ability and energy of no ordinary character. It isto you, Mr. President, had to
the gentlemen composing the Finance Committee that the city is largely mebted for its present
hourishing condition—and the names or James
Marshall, William Walker, John Atwell John
Wright, Jox Kirkpatrick, John Brown, Jr. A.
C. Alexander, H. M. Daulap, Samuel Riddie
and others will appear in the annals of ohr city
as mong the most efficient agencies in extricating the city from her foancial embarrassinents,
as well as contibuting to her comforts in the
building up of the improvements referred lo.

But gentlemen, is was not my purpose to enter
into decilals, or notice the varied details or lesser
interests of the city, though most important
auxillaries nevertheless. There are some of its
public servants, long-tried and faithful, whom
I might be permitted to mention without being
invidious. Of these are Mr. David Mackferroa,
the Treasurer, and Arthur Hobson, Street Commissioner. The duties and responsibility of
both have been very laborious in the last few
years. Along with them we may name the honest and capable John Alston, Superincodent of
the Water Works for the ast eight years, and
whom I regret to learn, is about to leave the
sories of the city. I cannot omit the name of
Abram Davis, for many, years the Assessor of
Water Rents, whose ubremitting rigitance dlowed
none to scape his assessments, and always just
is his discriminations, Enthow could we have got
along without Matthiss M'Conniglé, who has
been identified with the city affairs since to frankets, Clerk to Council and their several Committies, and it all the varied duties in which he has
been employed, the interests of the city scende
to be uppermost. Long may he live to enjor
the fruits of his labors in his and my native
place.

the fruits of his labors in his and my native place.

In this commerciation of our useful citizens who have contributed to the prospecity of our corporation, and whe, now full of years, may be present with us on this occasion, is one whose successful labors have contributed more thanany other to the marvelone growth and prosperity—not only the first Mayor of our city, but the first born within its limits, and the first Angle-Saton born within the boundaries of that almost imperial domain North and West of the Allegheny and Oblo rivers, with all its great cities and broad acres, embracing a population far more numerous than the whole thirteen States smanel pated by the blood of our fathers from Earopean boundage—to whose enterprise; we are indebted for the bridges over the beautiful Alleghany and our connections with the commerce of the cities with the temporation and accessed overour connections with the commerce of the cirtire West, by the inception and successful operations of that great line of railroad connecting
us, with the lakes and Mississippi river.
In this allusion many of you will at once discover that I refer to Gen. Robinson; and it may
be added that whits theriting a large extant onused it for the benefit of others as well as himself, and to the general improvement of the
place. No main was more leatent as a landlord,
or indulgent as a creditor, as the many of our
prosperous mechanics and others now living in
our midst could testify. And what a contrast
be hals lired to behold; from the time when at
the age of six years, he was able to paddle his
father across the Allegheny, the only means of
cressing at that time, an Indian cance, and the
present, when we cross that river at every stage
of water, and every season of the year ion one
of the grandest examples of scientifies progress
and engineering skill of this wonderful age how
seem in our Sussension Bridge. Long may, he
live to enjoy his well-descrued reputation, to rejoice in the onward progress of his native cityMay I now be permitted to call your attention
to a subject at once within the province of my
official functions. I refer to the selection and
appointments of the Police force. That being the
coster, justice and propriety would seem to deterunite that he should at least hold, equal power
with Councils in the proper selection from
the best material offered, and on this head I

mine that he anome at least hold equal power with Councils in the proper selection from the best material offered, and on this head I would sak that Councils will extend liberal power to the Mayor in rejecting where grounds may appear in his mind to render proposed appointments chiefulouble. appear in his mind to render proposed appointments objectionable.

This brief record and reference to our prosperity, and the additions to the comforts of our retizens, cannot be passed by, or properly appreciated, without considering the extraordinary state of the country, and the privations and sufferings to which so many of our people elsewhere have been exposed during the greater part of the time alluded to; and while we contemplate the progress which our city has made in the works which add to the enjoyment of civil life, we are londly called upon to keep allve within us, the most grateful acknowledgment to the good Providence of our Lord; which has keep the desolations of war from our streets and habitations. And thus to feel our ability had will inguess increased, to supply, as herestore, our.

inguess increased, to supply, as heredfore, our full share of support to the Government in all acts and measures intended for the suppression of rebellion, and the restoration of peads, on the basis only of "Liberty and Union, now and forever, one and inseperable."

And while I would not profess the fullest confidence in my own abilities to collect the execution. And while I would not process the inject con-fidence in my own abilities to fulfill the expecta-tions of the people, I am free to declare my de-termination to do-my utmost not to disappoint them, and I bespeak your asalstance, learing in mind that "except the Lord keep the city, the watchmen waketh but in valm." CINCINNATI, Dec. 10, 1864. Messrs. Carlton and Porter, 200 Mulbe New York .- DEAR BRETHREN: The bearer Eagan Conkling, Esq., is special Agent for pro-curing aid for the "Refugee Relief Commission

of Ohio."

You know the gentleman, and we would simply say he is reliable, and the objects of his solicitade, are very numerous and very needy, here, and all through our country, and as far it the south-west as our lines extend. Help in in this cause, is a patriotic and christian charity. Yours fully. Yours Stuly.
Rev. Dr. Adam Pos, Book Agent. Rev. Dr. Adam Por. Book Agent.
Cincinnari, Dec. 20, 1364.
To all Whom it May Concern: I heartify concern with the letter of Dr. Poe, on the first page of this shoet. I cordially commend the bearer, Brother Conkling, and the philauthropic object of his mission to the churches, and mny of my acquantasecs in the ministry, and membership of the M. E. Church, and others in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, on whom he may call in those cities. The bearer is worthy of full confidence, and the cause be advocates is certainly a needy and deserving one, which I cannot doubt will receive the aid and support of the particular and liberal in all parts of our country.

Rev. John F. Whiter,
Chaplain U. S. Army.

We and In Avera American Almana. (100)

ESTABLISHED IN 1785.

The address of Hot. John Morrison, delivered on the occasion of his lunughration as Major of Alicheny, will be read with interest by our pattons on that side of the river, and we give it entire, for their permeal. It is as follows:

Mr. President and Gentemen of Councils. On this occasion of taking the obligation and entering upon its duties, I take the opportunity of the county has any Philadelphia. Iriends say theirs do.

Whito Uses Them I—Any article which a man prefers for his own and his family's use is undoubtedly by him considered the best of its kind. This is more especially the fact. In this case of musical artists, whose sensitive organ of hearing will permit them to have none hat the best for their own use. It will be seen that the principal artists in the East, as per eard is another column, are exclusively using the Steinway Planos, both at bome and in public. CHILDREN'S MATINEE. Our fittle folks will not forget is MATINEE. Our thirt folks will not forget that the beautiful Ethno-Sotetian will morel at Masonic Hall this afternoon at two belock, for their especial benefit. Arrangements have been made, we miderstand, to admit all school children for the small sum of ten cents. To-night closes the cargagement of this truly wonderful production, in our city.

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUG-Tiox.—The entire household furniture at the residence of J. W. Barker, jr., 173 Robinson street, Allegheny, will be sold by M. Leggate, and longer, on Tuesday, Feb. 1st, 20 10 o'clock.

HAINES BROS. NEW YORK PIANOS.—Four of the above celebrated Pianos just received by Charlotte Blume. Exame's Unitivation Pranos. A new lot inst received by Charlotte Blume, 45 Fifth

New York Money and Stock Market. New York Money and Stock Market.
Spetial Western Associate Press Dispatch.
Naw York, Jan. 12.—This moraing the stock market was dull and prices generally heary. At the Second Board the entire list was firm and higher. The excitement runs high on Western. Erie is stronger and. Mariposa is somewhat better than yesterday. Government Stocks were weak in the morning but better in the afternoon. The miscellaneous is a shows but little variation from restorday. weak in the morning but better in the aftermoon. The miscellaneous list shows but little variation from prescriary.

The gold market was affected early in the day by peace rumors; but it has since recovered. It was currently reported that Georgie had called a Convention for its return into the Union. Money and foreign exchange without variation. Brainess at the Petroleum Board was more active. The sales were: Excelsion 8: Knicker-booker 50; Manlastian 75; Buchanan 110; Rynd Farm 175; Revenue 68; United States 18; North American \$50. Petroleum market doll and heavy at 50c; Carde 72c for refined in bpad, and 94c for free.

less hordes."
That paper says the people in many localities go to be darmed, and that not only does this feeling exist in back townships; but in vocysection of the Province."

Apour one hundred of the Poles and Germans in the yieldity of Paris Husen Co. Meet man

About one hundred of the Poles and Germans in the vicinity of Paris, Huron, Co., Mich., united a few days since, to resist the draft, by armed force. The Special Provost Marshal aird Sherist of the county arrested two of these men who lived alone in the woods, and were taking them, along the road in a sleigh when they were met by twenty-five men armed with rilles who domanded the prisoners. The Sherist had no alternative but to surreader them, and he did so, but on leaving, three volleys were fired at them, fortunately without effect.

Hidden Treasures.—The first rebels who resided in the path of Sherman's "agreeable march", through Georgia, in mmy instances buried their valuables, which offen were uncarthed by the inclusitue Pankoes. "It is related that free level V. Johnson, the Douglas candidate for Vice President in 1860, had all his aliver ware and household valuables taken from him by Sherman's men. He had overthing buried in his gardon, and collards, a species of cabbage, growing over them, but the Yahkees found out the joke and appropriated the rebel's freasures.

REFURNS from all the Congregational churches in this country give the following result:

Total number of churches, 2,805; simmler of members, 268,015; of whom 34,393 are reported absent. The additions were 16,230, of whom 3,323 were by brofession. The removals for absent. The additions were 16,236, of whom 9,323 were by profession. The removals toy death were 4,837 and by excommunication, 641; infant baptisms, 4,402; members of Sabbath schools, 286,798.

Lix reply to a slatement made by Jeff Davis that out of 11,776 bales of cotton shipped since last July from rebeldom, but 1,373 were lost, the Wasblugton Hepublicon shows that 7,834 bales have fallen into the hands of Federal cruisors during the time named.

WILKINSON.—On the 12th Jag., 1883, P. G. CHARLES WILKINSON, of Angerona Lodge No. 289, I. O. Of D. F., formerly Lieutenant in 102d Reg't I'a. Yol., aged 41 years.

The friends of the family and the members of the Order are respectfully myited to sitted his funeral from his residence, Fourth at. below Market, Moss-DAY AFTENHOOS, at 3 o'clock.

HEASTINGS.—On Friday afternoon, January 12th, ROBERT HEASTINGS, aged 5 years.

The funeral will take n place and SURPAY AFTENSON. 12th, ROBERT HEASTINGS, aged-63 years.
The funcrial will take place on Surdan Appearance, noon, at half-past one o'clock, from his late residence on Boyle street, Allegheny. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MARLIN.—GEORGE R. MARLIN, aged M. The friends are respectfully invited to attend his

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE

BOOTS & SHOES. WINTER GOODS

Selling at Prime Cost.

• THE MEN'S STORY BOOTS. 2 ow reduced to ONE DOLLAR a pair.

THE BLOCKADE RUNNER. The most serviceable Shoe over seen in this City Made in Scotland of the very best material.

. / O. THE ELEGANTCALF BOOTS If every variety; single and double upper and single and double soles

THE ELEGANT SKATING BOOTS For Ladies. A sample in the window. e Produce Applia THE CHILDREN'S SHORS

or TEN CENTS; most beautiful goods. elf ki del 🖒 🗸 🤧 THE GREAT BARGAINS THIS WEEK At CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE, No. 00

THE NUMBER ON THE WINDOW Next to the Express Office; above WOOD street, WEST SIDE of FIFTH street. COME AND O. ME: No. 62 FIFTH BL