The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

TUESDAY NOV. 22, 1864.

Read the article which we quote today, from the New York *Tribune*. We fully concur in its views, and so we feel assured, will our readers.

The News

The report of the death of General Canby lacks confirmation. It is not credited at Washington City.

Charleston was shelled on the 19th, by one hundred and two shots. Sumter was greeted with one hundred and fifty shells. The city is represented as being in a feverish state of apprehension from Sherman.

The exchange of prisoners, as inaugurated at Savannah, it is rumored, will be transferred to City Point.

A Bristol, East Tennessee paper speaks of the distruction of a train of rail cars loaded with commissary stores, as also a small wagon train belonging to the Union forces; but this news lacks confirmation. When there are thirteen killed with a proportionate number wounded, we generally receive some account of it before so long a time elapses as from the 14th to the 21st.

On the 19th inst., a resolution was offered in the Confederate Congress inquiring of Jeff. Davis, if any person from the U. S. Government had expressed a willingness to go into Convention with the Confederate States to negotiate for Peace.

Ex-Governor Fairbanks, of St. Johnsbury, Vermont, died at his residence on Sunday last. He was widely known, as the inventor of the famous scales which bear his name.

Gen. Burnside is in Washington City. Early has not withdrawn from the Valley of the Shenandoah, as has been rumored, though it is quite evident a portion of his troops have been withdrawn for the purpose of intercepting the advance of Sherman, whose movements are yet, to us, shrouded in mystery.

Gen. Brasher is said to have had a battle, in the Valley of the Shenandoah, with Mosby, in which he is said to have been worsted; but this lacks confirmation.

Commander Farragut reports the capture of several prizes.

Guerrilla gangs are making raids into Maryland for the purpose of cattle-stealing.

A man answering the description of Capt. Bell, the leader of the Lake Erie Pirates, was arrested at Toronto, Canada, on Saturday last. He is held by the authorities for examination.

The official vote of New York is about 75,000, or 5,000 more for the Republican ticket than in 1860.

Sheridan is being largely reinforced.

Abraham Lincoln.

The re-election of this gentleman to the highest position held by any man now living, by an immense majority of the suffrages of his country man, in the very crisis of the most bloody and momentous struggle that this or any other nation ever engaged in, ensures to him a prominent place among the great historic characters of the world. It needed this to render that character complete. Had he retired at the end of one term, he would still have occupied a large place in history among the good, the great, the true; but now, with the seal of the approbation of twenty millions of intelligent freemen enstamped upon him, he stands before the world as the representative man of the Great Republic, and the standard-bearer of Freedom in the world.

Henceforth his origin, his progress, his character and his peculiarities—his virtues and his foibles, will all be subjects of interest and careful research to the philosopher, the statesman, and the curious inquirer into human character; and his words of wisdom and his humorous sayings, his public documents, his peculiar epistles, his blunt honesty and slow and easy firmness, and even his homely features and ungainly manners and movements, will all become subjects of curious investigation and study.

Men will trace him back from the seat which WASHINGTON occupied, and which WASHINGTON did not more adorn, to his attorney's office in a western town; thence to the heavy western forest where, with sharp axe and brawny muscle, he hewed his way forward, thence to the clumsy flat boat which, with the giant strength of early manhood he guided down the long, silent current of the Mississippi; thence back, still farther, to the cabin of a poor man in Kentucky, where our great man of Nature's own producing had his birth.

Of his education all that can be said is, that he was at school all his life. He read books a little, he read men much, he read nature more. What greatness he possesses he owes more to native grains and a marvelous versatility, than to any extraneous advantages he ever enjoyed.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN is a man whom his countrymen can and do trust. They love him more than they admire him. He is a favorite, but not an idol. His character is mosaic—a strange medley of beauties and blemishes—and yet about as faultless as it is commonly given to mortal man to be. He is not like CROMWELL, nor HAMPDEN, nor FRANKLIN, nor WASHINGTON, nor MADISON, nor JACKSON. In wisdom and sagacity he is not inferior to any of these, nor will his purity and patriotism suffer in the comparison; but he has no peculiar a way of saying and doing things, that their wisdom is not immediately apparent; yet when these words and actions are more closely scanned and considered, even those who at first severely criticised, are often constrained to admit that both were just right, and said or done at exactly the right time. Rarely indeed is it that men placed in circumstances so difficult and trying, have been obliged to take so few retrograde steps. "Slow and sure" is an old and homely, but an expressive phrase, and none better expresses the general tenor of Mr. LINCOLN's conduct during this period of unparalleled agitation. None blamed his sureness, but thousands of his more ardent friends scolded him for his slowness. But had he not been slow as he was, could he have been so sure? We think not; and very likely, when the tempest subsides, and men can calmly review the fearful drama, and see the beginning, the progress and the end, they will confess that he was fast enough.

Mr. LINCOLN, ever since he has been in the exalted and trying place to which his country called him, has uniformly and humbly acknowledged his dependence upon the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, and often, in terms of eloquence and fervor, has he called upon his countrymen to prostrate themselves before Him in humble supplication and thanksgiving. "With his blessing success is certain," were his words, when, on taking leave of his friends and neighbors in Springfield, he urged their prayers in his behalf. Little did he or they then imagine the terrible ordeal through which he was about to pass; but his words have been verified. The prayers he invoked were offered and answered, and he has succeeded.

In a word, our present chief magistrate is just the man for such a crisis as this; for he is alike incapable of being a popular idol, a tyrant, or a tool. His are not the shining, but the homely virtues. He is honest, yet keenly sagacious; kind, but not weak; a statesman, without either professing or appearing to be so; strong, yet so flexible that he bends before that which would break a more stubborn nature; and really great, without the usual dazzling concomitants of greatness. The name of a brilliant, or of a more heroic character than he, would, if occupying his place, have gone down on the record of fame as the saviour of his country; as WASHINGTON is called his father; but LINCOLN will be regarded only as the Heaven-appointed instrument of his salvation, thus verifying the declaration of an ancient prophet, "The Lord alone shall be exalted in that day."

Colonel Gallupe.

We have been shown several letters from Col. GALLUPE's regiment, all of which concur in saying that Col. GALLUPE voted for LINCOLN and did all he could to promote his success; and also that he contributed all in his power to enable every man in the regiment to get a vote.

The letter which we received on the night of the Presidential election, containing a list of soldiers in his regiment to be assessed, and signed by him, was, we are assured, prepared by the Adjutant and mailed by him. The fact that the letter was written Oct. 18th, and not mailed, until Nov. 5th has not been explained. The Adjutant writes that he sent it promptly, as soon as it was written, and he cannot account for the delay. From our knowledge of the Adjutant, we have full confidence in what he says; and as he absolves Col. GALLUPE from all blame, we freely take back all that we said against him, and are rejoiced to know that he was not justly liable to our strictures.

We did not know this at the time, however. We have no acquaintance with Col. GALLUPE, and have not, and had not, any personal feeling against him. The circumstances seemed, at the moment, to justify all we said; and for that reason we said it, but without malice or ill feeling. Now that we are assured, by facts that we could not then have possibly known, that the Colonel was not in any way to blame, we cheerfully make the correction.

Sherman.

The heart of the nation yearns to hear from SHERMAN. When one thinks of his perils the pulses almost stand still, in very agony lest he should be overcome by them. It is a most daring enterprise, and whilst we wait and hope, yet cannot help but fear, let all pray for his success. We have great faith that he will succeed. He knows what he is about, and he has the ability to carry his work through. Yet who can help craving the blessing of Heaven upon him!

We received a dispatch late last night, by telegraph, reporting the speech of a member of the Georgia Legislature. The same thing may be found in this paper, taken from the columns of an Eastern exchange. Telegraphic reporters are usually careful to give late news.

The Roman Catholic Clergy on Human Liberty.

The Tablet dissents from some portion of our recent strictures on the attitude and teachings of the Catholic clergy in our country touching the Slave holders' Rebellion and its causes—dissents more especial to our remark that the influence of said clergy coincides with that of the grog-shops in keeping our Irish-born population in an attitude of sympathy and virtual cooperation with the Slave Power now struggling desperately to destroy our Union. We do not understand *The Tablet* to deny the substantial truth of our assertion, but rather to dissent from our grouping as disrespectful and irreverent. But the truth is always to be spoken when anything is, and it seems to us that this substantial accord between the clergy of one of our numerous bodies of Christians and the keepers, almost without exception, of the haunts of low dissipation and moral ruin properly challenges investigation and reflection. Why *should* the great body of the clergy of any Christian denomination be of one mind in politics with the keepers and frequenters of the haunts of vice and infamy? What is the "mystic tie that binds" these seemingly incongruous classes in political fellowship? Here is a grave fact—the priests of a great venerable Church and the keepers of the dance-houses of Water street, and the rum-holes of Corlaers' Hook, Mackerelville and the Five Points, ardently supporting, with scarcely an individual exception, the same candidate in our recent election. What purpose, what impulse, what sympathy, have they in common? Who will give us the true reason of their accord?

Do you say that they are alike opposed to intermeddling with what is none of their (or our) business? Then let us shift the scene, and see how your explanation adapts itself to the resulting parallax:

The city of New Orleans, now nearly a century and a half old, was originally settled by Roman Catholics, who have always been its most numerous and wealthy denomination. It is the residence of an Archbishop, with a numerous and influential clergy. That city was very early, if not at its foundation, cursed with Slavery; for, on its transfer by France to Spain in 1763, of its 3,190 inhabitants, no less than 1,225 were slaves. But New Orleans had now become the greatest slave-mart on earth, Havana and Dahomey not excepted, and the focus of the heaviest and most exacting system of slave-working ever known in a Christian, while far cruelier than was ever tolerated in a Mahometan country. In that city of New Orleans, under the shadow of a Roman Catholic cathedral, crimes against humanity and decency were constantly and publicly perpetrated by wholesale at barracoons and slave auctions, in the way of handling, stripping and selling women and female children, who often commanded enormous prices, notoriously for the gratification of the most brutal lust. At these auctions, husbands were sold away from wives, mothers from their young children, not occasionally, but by wholesale and almost daily, for scores of years. Many of the victims as well as many of the perpetrators were Roman Catholics; yet, notwithstanding that the Catholic Church propounds and maintains the most rigorous and salutary doctrines with regard to the sanctity and indissolubility of marriage, we have never heard of a protest by any Archbishop of New Orleans against these slave-auctions, which were the scandal of Christendom. The Catholic women and girls were sold by hundreds to libertines for the most infamous purposes has never, within our knowledge, evoked even a spirited remonstrance from the archpiscopal champions at New Orleans of the Immaculate Conception.

Nay, more: Louisiana has rival governors and governments; one of them located in New Orleans and based on the right of all men and women to freedom; the other somewhere in the north-western quarter of the State, and fighting to destroy the Union in the interest and for the perpetuation of Negro Slavery. And to-day the Archbishop of New Orleans and all (or nearly all) his clergy are the ardent, active, bitter, obstinate partisans and champions of the Rebel, Dissolution, pro-Slavery Government of Louisiana, and the relentless foes of its free rival. In other words, they are doing their utmost to restore at New Orleans the crimes, infamies and abominations of the system of divorce at the dictate of a master's caprice, lust or avarice, and of rape, enforced concubinage and bestiality, which has been banished from that city by the triumph of the Union arms.

Now if there were anything in its ordinances, the inculcations, or the traditions of the Catholic Church Universal that required this, we could understand though we could not approve or justify it; but the fact seems to be emphatically otherwise than this. The antipathy of the race so often cited to justify Irish prevention of negroes, is utterly unknown at Rome, where a negro black as midnight is received in society, ordained to the priesthood, and consecrated a bishop, precisely as if he were a white man, and whence the most memorable Papal Bull issued in our time—that of Pope Gregory, 1839—condemns and denounces Slavery as inhuman and un-Christian. So Bishop Dupanloup and other eminent Catholics of our day are ardent condemners of Slavery, while Augustin Cochin was recently knighted by the Pope for his admirable, convincing treatise showing the beneficent results of West India Emancipation. We cannot recall the name of a single eminent Catholic in Europe who is an upholder or advocate of Slavery. Will any one explain to us the pro-Slavery attitude and course of the Catholic clergy in this country.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A COLORED NATIONAL BANK.—We understand preparations are in progress among efficient and energetic parties for the establishment of a National Bank for colored depositors at Philadelphia. The movement will be accomplished, in all probability, within a short time, and we have no doubt it will lead to similar establishments in several of our large cities at an early date. The importance of such institutions, in these days of large payments of bounties to colored soldiers, and of the improved pecuniary conditions of this class of our citizens generally, will, upon consideration, be patent to all our readers.

PERLEY VALLANDIGHAM, a nephew of Clement L., is going to inhabit the Iowa State Prison a while, as a punishment for illegal voting last spring.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Vote at the October Election for Congressional Representatives.

The following may be regarded as the official vote of Pennsylvania, for Congressional Representatives, at the October election. In compiling this vote, we had to be governed by the returns as made by the different Prothonotaries; and as the majority of these officials made no distinction in what was called the "home" and the "soldiers' vote," the aggregate of both votes are only given in the tabular statement below. In order to get the "home" and the "soldiers'" vote, circulars have been issued from the State Department, requesting the different Prothonotaries to furnish statements of the polls in the camps containing Pennsylvania soldiers, and in the different election districts throughout the State.

It is now conceded in official circles, that it will be impossible to ascertain correctly the result of the "home vote" at the October election, for the reason that many Prothonotaries failed to make the necessary distinction in their returns. This being the case, bets which were made on that result, can never be fairly decided. Indeed, we understand, that in Philadelphia and elsewhere, all such bets are being withdrawn.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE OF 1864.

Districts.	Union.	Dem.	Union Maj.	Dem. Maj.
1st	7,742	9,764	.....	2,022
2d	11,707	7,290	4,417	.....
3d	11,467	9,992	1,475	.....
4th	13,688	9,944	3,744	.....
5th	11,607	10,729	878	.....
6th	9,661	12,847	.....	3,186
7th	10,903	7,231	3,677	.....
8th	5,971	12,076	.....	6,105
9th	11,804	7,344	4,460	.....
10th	10,679	11,154	.....	475
11th	6,593	13,016	.....	6,423
12th	10,058	10,573	.....	515
13th	9,724	8,723	1,001	.....
14th	11,619	11,092	527	.....
15th	10,576	13,382	.....	2,806
16th	11,242	11,174	68	.....
17th	9,325	8,710	599	.....
18th	11,523	10,631	892	.....
19th	11,631	9,914	1,717	.....
20th	16,414	10,976	5,338	.....
21st	10,730	10,555	125	.....
22d	11,233	7,013	4,220	.....
23d	11,883	8,124	3,758	.....
24th	11,727	10,112	1,615	.....
	255,981	242,122	35,716	21,857
Majority			13,851	

Neatness in Holland.

Amsterdam is the cleanest city in the world. It is kept in this condition syste natically, and undergoes a rigid purification every Saturday. Every house then presents a scene of unexampled activity, both inside and out. Then are put into operation all the mopping, and sweeping, and brushing, and scrubbing, and dusting, that the housewives of the old school know so well how to make use of in the practice of their profession. This process is not confined to the threshhold and marble steps, a flight of which is soon rubbed full of holes; the pavement, walls, windows, and each individual brick in front of the building, are all cleaned in the same thorough manner. Spots out of reach of the hand are visited by a well-directed stream from a small engine kept by every family for that purpose.

The result of all this weekly expurgation are sometimes disastrous to the unsophisticated stranger. On emerging from his hotel for the first time early on Saturday morning, he meditates in a delightful reverie on the prospect of a delicious walk before breakfast. He walks on in a sort of delicious dreamy abstraction, thinking of the solemn and impressive appearance of a great city in its slumbers, the entire desertion of streets lately so crowded, and the absence of that busy hum of industry, "which," he says to himself, "one short hour will call into fresh life and action, how short" when he is startled from his revery by an avalanche of water on his hat. Taking it for granted that a water spout has burst forth from the nearest canal, he takes refuge under the next porch, and, after recovering fright, looks forth to see nothing but an ambitious servant girl, a sort of water-nymph, who, having purened an indicrest spider, the last of his race, to the tune of the spout, is throwing bowl fulls of water at him to bring him to terms. After repairing damages, he again ventures forth, only to receive on his shoulders two or three blows from a muddy broom, intended for a mosquito that had been so foolish as to rise from the canal where he belonged.

He progresses still further; when a stream, propelled from a small hand engine with more than the vigor of Cochituate, complishes entirely the elaborate effects of his laudress. At length, becoming bewildered and unable, from the quantity of water with which the streets are flooded, to distinguish them from the canals, he completes his philosophical tour by walking into one of the latter and taking a delicious bath before breakfast. Being thence fished out by the nearest canal-boat he helpless savant is conveyed into his hotel in a state of imbecility. This is Amsterdam and I enjoy life less than anywhere else in the world. Their race has long since died out, and were one to make his appearance in the street he would be mobbed. Mad is kept down with a strong arm, and the rising of a cloud of dust is instantly repressed with the most stringent rigors of the law. Dirt has been aptly termed "nothing but a thing in the wrong place," and as the Hollanders have long practiced on this definition, and have a place for everything, and everything in its place, there is hardly any substance in their country that comes under the name of dirt.—*Boston Recorder.*

A FURNACE, patented by Mr. E. B. Wilson, which is almost smokeless and greatly economizes fuel is in Messrs. Moreland's works, London. There are no fire-bars in the furnace, the air entering upon the fresh surface of the coal causing a downward draft, as the floor of the reverberating oven slants downward from the coal-box. The gas is thus slowly and continuously distilled until it comes in contact with the lower stratum of burning coals, when it becomes sufficiently heated to ignite. The principle adopted seems to be that of turning a common fire upside down, not unlike a furnace back-foremost, so that the fresh coal is applied at that end whence the smoke of its first ignition goes through the fire and is consumed, instead of being placed on the end of the fire, whence the direction of the draft carries it off as soon as evolved. The principle is very simple, and probably efficient, though not novel.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.—All persons interested in the Grading, Paving and Curbing of WILKINS STREET, 9th Ward, from Smallman street to Butler street, will take notice that the cost of same has been assessed, and can be seen at the office of the Recording Regulator, until MONDAY, the 28th inst., after said time, they will be placed in the office of the Treasurer for collection.

J. McCOWIN,
Recording Regulator.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1864. no17

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK, Pittsburgh, Nov. 14, 1864.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS BANK will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 21st day of November next, at 11 o'clock a. m., to consider and decide whether this Bank shall become an association for the business of Banking, under the laws of the United States, and whether it shall execute the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislature of this State, entitled "An Act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for Banking under the laws of the United States," approved 21st August, 1864; and to take any further action that may be necessary.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

no22:2tdtw

IRON CITY BANK, Pittsburgh, Nov. 21, 1864.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of December next, at 11 o'clock a. m. to decide whether this Bank shall become an Association for the purpose of Banking under the Laws of the United States, and whether it shall exercise the powers conferred by the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become Associations for the purpose of Banking under the Laws of the United States," approved the 24 day of August, 1864, and to do any further action that may be expedient.

J. MAGOFFIN,
Cashier.

no22:2t

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, November 16th, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank, by a resolution passed this day, have ordered a call of a GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS, for the purpose of considering the expediency of accepting the recent Act of the Legislature providing the charter of the Bank.

In conformity therewith, the said meeting will be held at the Banking House, on the 16th of December, proximo, at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN HARPER,
Cashier.

no16:2tdtw

ALLEGHENY CITY (PA.) COMMON BONDS.—Holders of the Comprehensive Bonds issued by the City of Allegheny, in redemption of its Railroad issues, are notified that proposals will be received by the undersigned for the investment in said Bonds of the Sinking Fund for the year 1864, to all December 1st, 1864.

Address:

JOHN ATWELL,
Chairman Finance Committee,

octtd:2td Pittsburgh, Pa.

PATENT CIGARETTOS.—Just received a supply of Berg & Co.'s patent Cigarettes, a new style cigar, also, a fresh lot of genuine Cabana Vista Cigars, including Operas, Londres, Medianas, and common size Cigars. For sale by the box or retail, by

JOHN A. BENSHAW,
corner Liberty and Wood streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER.—1 box just received by express, by

WEBB & WILKINSON, 151 Liberty Street.

WOOL.—40,000 lbs Choice Washed, for sale by

H. RIDDLE, No 153 Liberty street.

APPLES.—100 bbls choice Bellflowers and Golden Sweet Russets. For sale by

H. RIDDLE, 153 Liberty street.

LOST—FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—On Sunday afternoon, a large JET CROSS with finely cut stones, valued as the gift of a deceased friend. Lost between St. Peter's Church and the Manchester Railway Station. The above reward will be given on leaving it at H. RICHARDSON'S, corner Market and Fifth streets.

no22:1t

EXECUTORS SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In accordance with the provisions in the last will and testament of Nathan Selsby, deceased, late of Union township, Washington county, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on Friday the 30th day of December next, at 1 o'clock p. m., the farm on which said deceased resided, containing about 70 acres, on which is erected a Frame House, Frame Barn and Stable and all other necessary outbuildings, a Frame, A Frame Tenant House with Stable, belonging to the same. Fruit of all kinds in abundance. The premises are all underlaid with Limestone and Coal. Possession given the 1st of April next.

no22:2t J. JOSEPH S. GASTON, Executor.

THE PHENIX INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK.—Cash capital, $500,000. Surplus, March 1st 1864, $622,219 20. Assets, $782,939 20. Stephen Crowell, President; Edgar Cromwell, Vice President.

WASHINGTON INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK.—Cash capital, $600,000. Assets, Feb. 1st 1864, $685,[illegible]. Geo. C. G. Satterlee, President; Henry Weston, Vice President. On Policies issued by the Washington, entitled to participate, they made Script Dividends of 60 per cent. in 1861, 1862 and 1863.

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE, and Lakes and River risks taken in both the above name tried reliable Companies. S. S. BRYAN, no21 69 Fourth street, Rankes Building.

AT AN ELECTION HELD ON THE 20th day of November, A. D. 1864, in the city of Philadelphia, for a President and Directors of the Connellsville and Southern Pennsylvania Rail Way Company, the following persons were chosen:

PRESIDENT,

JOHN A. WRIGHT.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas A. Scott,	George W. Case,
Isaiah Hanson,	D. S. Davidson,
John M. Kennedy,	D. S. Gault,
Milton Morris,	J. D. Lodge,
F. O. Knight,	A. K. Hoffman,
S. L. Buzzell,	Ashbel Green.

R. D. BARCLAY,
Secretary.

no14:2 eod

NOTICE TO LESSEES ON BUCHANAN FARM, OIL CREEK.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 14th, 1864.

At a meeting of the proprietors and lessees of the Buchanan Farm, held on the 11th day of November, 1864, it was determined that all leases on said farm should become null and void, if the terms and conditions of said leases are not fully complied with by the 20th day of November 1864. Therefore this notice (which is not required by law, but is given as an act of courtesy,) is given to all persons holding leases on said farm that unless the terms and conditions of said leases are fully complied with, the same will be forfeited and the premises will at once be repossessed, the same as if no contract had been made. On the first day of December, 1864, the proprietors of said farm will be at the office of Mitchell, Brown & Co., at Rouseville, prepared to make room for fifty new leases on said farm. Parties wishing to obtain leases will find, in the meantime, a lot of the farm at H. B. & Co.'s office, including the lots which will be to let.

BUCHANAN FARM OIL CO.,
OIL BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
BUCHANAN ROYALTY OIL CO.

no16:2td

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
Allegheny County:

To THOMAS McKEAN, Executor of the last will and testament of THOMAS McKEAN, former Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, deceased, and MARIA MARIA THERESA, MARCHIONESS DE CASA YOU YO, wife of the former Minister Plenipotentiary of Spain, and all others interested in the estate of THOMAS McKEAN, deceased.

In pursuance of the 15th section, an act of Assembly of said Commonwealth, entitled "An act to create a sinking fund, and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth, passed the 19th day of April, A. D. 1859."

You are hereby cited to be and appear before me, W. J. McCARDEN, Register of wills aforesaid, in and for aforesaid county on or before Tuesday, the 15th day of December next, A. D. 1864, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why the collateral inheritance tax upon the estate of aforesaid decedent should not be paid.

Said estate consists of about ($3,000) three thousand three hundred acres of land situated and being in the township of Sewickley, bounded by the line of Denver county, land of David Shields and others.

Herein fail not under the penalty that may ensue.

Given under my hand and Seal of Office, at Pittsburgh, this 14th day of November, A. D. 1864.

WM. J. McCARDEN, Register.

no14:30td

REMEMBER THE

THANKSGIVING DINNER

FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Contributions can be sent to

CITY HALL,

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

FROM EIGHT A. M. TO FOUR P. M.

Messrs Scott and Graham Oilcloths, Allegheny city, have consented to receive contributions for the cause, and send them to City Hall.

oct:22

LIFE OF GEN. P. H. SHERIDAN.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

LIFE OF GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.

TWO VOLS, CLOTH, $4.

Shedden Song Book, immense run, 6th edition. The most popular Song Book ever published. 25 cents

HUNT'S OIL MAPS.

Map of West Virginia and Ohio Oil Regions. Price $1,00. Pocket form $1,50. Map of Venango County Oil Region. Price $1,50. Pocket form $2,00. Mounted $3,00.

WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY.

New Pictorial Edition, Enlarged and Improved.

PRICE $12.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
DIARIES FOR 1865.
ALMANACS FOR 1865.

JOHN P. HUNT'S,

no17 59 FIFTH ST., MASONIC HALL.

LIBRARY LECTURES.

THE LECTURE COMMITTEE OF THE

YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY ASSOCIATION,

ANNOUNCE THAT

COURSE TICKETS

For the ensuing season, are now ready for delivery.

The Committee expect at least ten Lectures.

MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON, JOHN B. GOUGH,

and others, are engaged, and will appear during the winter.

Price of season tickets $3: to be obtained from members of Committee and at the Library Rooms. Single tickets will be sold for less than FIFTY CENTS.

THOS. BAKEWELL, Jr.
W. S. EDWARDS,
JAS. J. DONNELL,
F. C. ALBREE,
O. A. BOWE,
C. D. CALDWELL,
Committee.

no19:2t

REAL ESTATE

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

63 FOURTH STREET.

Statement of its condition, November 1st, 1864, published as required by Act of Assembly:

First Mortgages on Real Estate	$113,225 53
U. S. 6-20 Bonds, at par	60,000 00
U. S. Certificates, at par	50,000 00
U. S. 1861 Bonds, at par	20,021 81
Office Furniture	217 50
Interest accrued	3,470 83
Cash on Hand	31,556 06
Total assets	$278,501 27

LIABILITIES.

Due to Depositors	$256,730 23
Due to Depositors, interest, Nov. 1, 1864	6,015 21
Contingent Fund, (balance)	10,555 83
	$273,501 27

A. A. CARRIER, Treasurer.

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, have examined the books of the institution, the bonds and securities, and compared the cash, and have found the above statement to be correct.

W. B. COPELAND,
WM. H. SMITH,
J. K. MOORHEAD,
Auditing Committee.

November 1st, 1864.

Interest paid on Deposits at SIX PER CENT. per annum.

TRUSTEES:

ISAAC JONES, President.

Hon. Thos. M. Howe,	Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
Wm. H. Smith,	G. G. Hussey,
W. B. Copeland,	Jacob Painter,
Harvey Childs,	Nicholas Voegtly.

no16:dawlm

$50,000.—CHEAP WATCHES AND JEWELRY AT WHOLESALE.—Retailers, Country Merchants, Pedlers, and general traders supplied at immense bargains. Watches and Jewelry of every description, in any pattern or quality, and in any quantity, constantly on hand and made to order. Reliance of any class of work furnished. Good working clerks wanted. Prices and full assortment free. Address T. & E. GAUGHAN, Cor. Broadway and New York.

CHEAP PAPERS IN GREAT VARIETY, at the lowest rates, at

JOS. McCORD'S,

no11 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTANCE, Pittsburgh, Penna., Nov. 21, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received at this office until 12 M., THURSDAY, the 1st day of December 1864, for the supplying and delivering at the Post, at such times, and in such quantities as the undersigned may require, SOFT AND HARD BREAD of good and marketable quality, subject to inspection, for (6) six months or such less time as the Commissary General may direct.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guaranty for the execution of a contract in case the bid be accepted, and good and sufficient security will be required for the due performance thereof.

Blank forms of bids and guarantees may be procured on application at this office, personally, or by letter or telegraph.

Proposals of firms must name all the parties to such firm.

The proposals of bidders not in conformity to the above requirements, will not be considered.

Bidders must be present when the bids are opened. The right to reject all the bids is reserved. Bids to be endorsed, "Proposals for Bread."

JAMES B. FLOW, Capt. & C. S.

Office corner Penn street and Garrison alley.

n22:4d

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY—

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS,

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but a safe and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail when the directions on the 2d page of the pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars get a Pamphlet, free, of the agent. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1 per bottle.

JOB MOSES, 57 Courtlandt street, New York.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

no8:2tdawly

CLOTHS,

Cassimeres,

Meltons

For Boys' Suits, Boys' Overcoats, Ladies' and Misses' sacks, Mens' wear, &c. For sale by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

no22:1d No. 25 FIFTH STREET.

PUBLIC SALE OF THE PITTSBURGH & MINERSVILLE PASSENGER RAILWAY.—The undersigned, on account of the pressing nature of his private business, is compelled to make sale of the Pittsburgh & Mineral's Railway at Public Auction. The Railway comprises four miles of flat rail (single line), weighing 41 lbs per yard, and 2½ miles of rail (single line), weighing 20 lbs per yard, amounting in all to 1600 tons. There are seven cars, all with new wheels, 32 valuable Horses with all the necessary Harness, Rack, milk shop with complete set of tools, stables with horse power for grinding corn, etc., and carters, desk, stove, and everything necessary to carry on a Passenger Railway successfully. The entire road from the corner of Market and Fourth, city of Pittsburgh, the terminus in Minersville, is now in better condition than it has been for years and under careful management will pay a handsome dividend on the investment. The charter of this road is a very liberal one giving the right to charge a higher rate of fare than any other Passenger Railway in the city.

The sale will positively take place in the city of Pittsburgh, at the Commercial sales Rooms of S. McIlwaine, on TUESDAY, Nov. 29th, at 7½ p. m.

Terms, one-half cash, twelve months, 10 years, to be secured by bond and mortgage with interest, at the rate of 7 per cent., payable semi-annually.

WM A. MEREDITH.

no19:2td

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration, cum testamento annexo, having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of ANTHONY McGUIGE, deceased, of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, all persons having claims on the estate are notified to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, and all persons indebted will make payment to me.

MARIA McGUIGE.

NOTICE.—By power of Attorney, duly executed, I have appointed my son, WM. J. McGUIGE, to act in the estate of ANTHONY McGUIGE, deceased. All persons having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to the Estate will pay him.

The books and accounts are in his possession, and he can be found every business day at the office of Statistical Bank, Market street, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m.

MARIA McGUIGE,
Administratrix, cum testamento annexo, of Anthony McGuigue, deceased.

Pittsburgh, November 15, 1864.

no19:2w

SMALL GAS BILLS.

JEFFINGWELL'S GAS SAVING GOVERNOR

Positively saves from 15 to 40 per cent.

THE ONLY PERFECT AND RELIABLE GOVERNOR IN USE.

No quicksilver, or other fluid used in this machine.

N. B.—Each machine is tested by the meter, and no case will it be left unless it accomplishes all we represent. Applied by

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

no18 122 FOURTH STREET.

IRON CITY COLLEGE,

Corner Penn and St. Clair Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The largest, cheapest and best successful

Business Man's College

In the United States.

Students enter and review at any time.

CIRCULARS, containing full information, sent free to any address, on application to the Principals,

JENKINS & SMITH,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

no9:2dawly

KNABE'S PIANOS ARE THE BEST MADE.—A choice lot now on hand, and for sale at less than factory prices. Also,

HAINES BRO'S. PIANOS,

the best Pianos at the price, in the country.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
48 Fifth street, Sole Agent.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals are invited and will be received by the Committee on Streets of the City of Allegheny, until FRIDAY, the 25th day of November, 1864, for the grading, of Marshall street, from Bank street to Merlor Avenue. Payments will be made to the contractors as soon as the assessments are collected on the property of bolders. Proposals to be left with A. ROBSON or

JOHN WRIGHT,
Chairman of Committee on Streets.

no21

EDWARD B. JONES,

No 104 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Can sell or lease for thirty years, the Oil Lands and interests in Venango County, Pa., and in West Virginia. Parties having Oil Lands, &c., for sale, are invited to send descriptions and terms as above.

no19:1w

LADIES', GENTS, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES, AND GAITERS.

Of every style, make and form, at

COYLE'S,

Corner Fifth and Wylie streets.

Prices to suit everybody.

no17

MONTEREY STREET.—The municipal claims for the opening of MONTEREY STREET, in the city of Allegheny, are now due and payable. Immediate payment to the undersigned, will save legal costs and expenses.

S. SCHOYER, Jr.,
Collector for the city of Allegheny, 139 Fourth street.

no10:2td

STUCCO WORKER.—James Owens, Stucco and Marble Worker, Paper Hanger and Painter. Centres and Ornaments of all kinds furnished on short notice. All orders left at 123 Congress street, or at Palmer's Wall Paper Store, 91 Wood street, will be promptly attended to.

no17

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R. OFFICE, Pittsburgh, November 8th, 1864.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Company, corner Smithfield and FOURTH STREET, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the first Monday, 6th day, of December next, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

W. O. HUGHART,
Secretary and Treasurer.

no8:2awdtlw

COLLINS PARK

FOR SALE.

The above valuable property, situated in

COLLINS TOWNSHIP,

But a few miles from the city, can be reached by the Greensburg pike, Perrun, Railroad and East Liberty Railway.

For description of property, and Terms, apply to

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

no17

FLOUR! FLOUR!

500 bbls.	Bartlett XX Bakers'	
300 "	Ford's XXX "	
600 "	Derwent XX "	
400