THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

VOLUME LXXVII---NO. 288 PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1864. ESTABLISHED IN 1786.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Reading Matter from Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

Sheridan's Change of Base—The Reason for It.

A dispatch in our telegraphic column announces that the larger part of Sheridan's army is around Winchester. The particulars of the move from Cedar Creek, where our army had been concentrated, to Winchester, are given in the columns of the New York Times. Early in the morning of the 11th sheridan broke camp, and his men fell into line between sunrise and eleven o'clock a. m., and by noonday was fairly on the march northwards towards the Opequan. This change of base is said to be in accordance with the programme previous determined upon as soon as the rebels in force, and, further, that the Cavalry, after the army had gone by, should take advantage of the change to burn the stacks. The army has, therefore, stood its ground, and is now in readiness for any movement the rebel forces may make. It is supposed that Early will not be in a condition to give battle for several days, and that he will not venture to attack Sheridan's position. The latter, it is said, is ready to be amazed to Prussia in accordance with the vote of the Diet of the Duchy.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Austria is at sick story current, whereof the substance is as follows: The rebel States by secret pronouncement and their Legislatures in session on the 5th inst., and each of them chose its quota of Presidential Electors, as though they had never seceded to choose the Union. These Electors, in some their aggregate vote would enable to give McClellan a majority over Lincoln, were to meet on the first Wednesday in December, and formally cast their votes for McClellan and Pendleton, sending them on to Washington, in due form and backing them by delegations to attend them, should that be deemed essential. Then when the Senate proceeded to count the votes and declaring the result, the entire Opposition of all shades was to insist that McClellan and Pendleton were duly elected, and if this were not conceded to up the union in a row, and inaugurate a civil war from one end of the country to the other, the present Rebellion merging itself in the newer and more formidable, Jeff. Davis, Lee, and Beauregard, becoming allies Lieutenants of McClellan!

This story is unsupported by probabilities of facts, and is essentially incredible. We receive it only as the curious of many terrible brain, musing and brooding over what might have been. It has not even a shred of fact beneath it, that we can detect; but, apparent, and we shall await with interest its development.—*N. Y. Trib.*

Japan.

The allies have forced the straits of Simonoseki and reached the inland sea. In consequence the Japanese have sued for peace. We have no further particulars. The passage of the forts, which had been constructed and strengthened for this emergency, and the probable defeat of the Japanese squadron, gives the allies entrance to the richest portion of the Empire, from whence they may dictate terms at their pleasures. The last readers it more probable that the Japanese should have consented to treat when only the defences of the Prince of Nagato had been overcome. They are now where they control a city which is superior to Nagasaki, and inferior only to Jeddo, where all their fleet have a safe anchorage under the lee of lands cultivated to the very water's edge. The result does not prove that Japan will instantly grant all that they desire, but it does prove that Japan has no war which can resist Europe, and that if the government does not accede to preferred terms, it will be compelled to submit to others which may be less agreeable. The same straits whose fortifications were overcome lie between Japan and Kiusin. The island sea into which they open extends along the island of Sikok, one third of the whole length of Nippon.—*Phil. N. American.*

A Tiger Frightened by a Mouse.

A traveler gives the following anecdote of a tiger kept at the British Residency at Calcutta:

Her bed was moved him far more than our poking him with a stick, or installing him with skins of beef or legs of mutton, was introduced into his cage. No fine lady ever exhibited more nervousness at the sight of a spider than this magnificent royal tiger betrayed on seeing a mouse. Our mischievous plan was to tie the little animal by a string to the end of a long pole, and thrust it close to the tiger's nose. The moment he saw the mouse was made to turn near him, he jammed himself into a corner, and stood trembling and roaring in such an ecstasy of fear, that we were always obliged to desist, in pity to the poor brute. Sometimes we insisted on his passing over the spot where the unconscious little mouse ran backwards and forwards. For a long time, however, we could not get him to move, till at length, I believe by the help of a quilt, we obliged him to start; but instead of pacing leisurely across in his den, or of making a detour to avoid the object of his alarm, he generally took a kind of flying leap, as high as nearly to bring his back in contact with the roof of his cage.

The Soldiers' Vote Frauds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13, 1864.

Election is over. Not so, however, with the Government investigation of the false frauds in soldiers' votes. Much new and important information has come to light within a few days past, and orders for the arrest of many prominent personages in and out of the army have gone forth.

Pennsylvania and New York have suffered most, and many, now reposing in fancied security in either State, will be called to a rigid account for their well known complicity in these nefarious frauds. The trial of Col. North will be proceeded with before a military commission to-morrow. Those professing to have knowledge of evidence in Government possession represent his conviction inevitable. From the statements of one party implicated it would appear that Col. North, while more subtle and cautious, was the greatest sinner of them all.

A Rare Musician.—A friend has information of a blind man, a graduate of the Ohio Institute for the Blind, who is a novelty in the musical world. His musical powers are such as to astonish every one who has had an opportunity to listen to him. He rows down on the bass notes lower than any other man, and yet sings the highest tenor with perfect ease. He plays the cornet with the finest skill with one hand, and accompanies himself with the other on a cabinet organ or a piano. He is a marvel, and will, we hope, make his appearance in this city.

Gen. Sheridan has arrested most of the prominent rebel sympathizers about Winchester, and among the number the Rev. Dr. Boyd, who was in jail in Wheeling as a hostage for so long a period. He was sent to Fort Lafayette.

Still Another Washington Vote for Lincoln.—A most impressive scene was witnessed at the polls of the Third Ward in this city, on Tuesday last. An elderly man, over whose head almost a century had passed, and who had voted for George Washington, when he was chosen President of the United States, nerved his trembling steps from the grave, upon the brink of which he was almost tottering, and came, supported by his son and grandson, to give his last vote for Abraham Lincoln. He had twice voted for the Father of his Country, and it was permitted him to vote for its preserver. He had twice voted for George Washington, and he had lived to vote for the re-election of the man who will be gratefully remembered by the coming generations, but only of this country but of the world, as the second Washington.

The hands of this venerable patriarch and patriot is George Wilder. He is the father of Alfred A. Wilder, the well-known machinist of this city. His son and grandson also cast votes for Abraham Lincoln.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

Where is Sherman Going?—General Sherman thinks at what he may do in the following letter to the Western Sanitary Commission:

CATLETT'S, Va., Oct. 25, 1864.—*James E Yeamans, President, &c.*—Dear Sir,—I thank you for the prompt fulfillment of the request to send certain articles for our prisoners at Andersonville. They have changed since, and I may go in person to deliver these articles to the prisoners. In the meantime I will hold them for that purpose. If you make to use of the money for their benefit, and I will see it in your noble charity. With respect, yours, &c.

W. T. SHERMAN.

A Glasgow (Mo.) correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat* furnishes that paper with the outlines or details of the atrocities of the guerrilla, Bill Anderson, who, it is generally believed, has recently been killed. Among his enormities were beating a bedridden man, out raping several women, attempting to kill a child, torturing one of his captives, and committing robberies innumerable.

Arrest of an Alleged Spy.—On Saturday night, the 5th inst., a man giving his name as George Peterson, and supposed to be a rebel spy or mail carrier, was arrested at Alexandria, while trying to pass our lines, having been tracked from Canada by detectives. He was dressed in citizens' clothes—gray pantaloons, long black overcoat, and gray-mixed cap. He was on Friday night committed to the Old Capitol prison for trial.

Colonel Love, of the 116th New York, was under arrest when General Sheridan reached the field. Seeing him in custody, he inquired "What are you here for, Colonel?" "I am under arrest, General!" (You are no longer under arrest—take command of your regiment." He did so, and is capturing a rebel flag sent to Washington on the following day with the trophy.

Health of Secretary Stanton.—*Washington, Nov. 13.*—It is officially announced that the Secretary of War is improving, though he has been for several days in a precarious condition. The additional statement is made that he was in consultation with the Presidential party last night and a half yesterday, and that there is every reason to believe he will speedily recover his health.

Another Vote for Washington Vote for Lincoln.—Augustus Griffin, of Orient, Suffolk county, L. I., now in his 93th year, voted for George Washington, and for every Democratic candidate for the Presidency, except Buchanan. He then voted for Fremont. On Tuesday last he cast his ballot for "Uncle Abe."

The French officers at Matamoras are reported to be on the best terms with the Texas rebels, and at a dinner recently gave the toast, "The Union of the Southern Confederacy," which was enthusiastically applauded and followed by the performance by the band of "The Bonnie Blue Flag."

Frauds in Schuylkill Co.—It is said that great frauds have been discovered in the vote of East and other townships in Schuylkill county, and that their return will affect Howell Pisher, the Union candidate for Congress.—*Sunbury American.*

"Long John Wentworth," as he is popularly styled in Chicago, has been returned to Congress on the Republican ticket, by a majority of twenty-five hundred over McCormick, the reapling machine man, who represented the Democracy.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Supplementary Draft.

Provost Marshal Foster this morning proceeded to draft for the deficiency in the quota of the Borough of Lawrenceville, under the call of July 19th, 1864, for 500,000 men, when the following names were drawn:

LAWRENCEVILLE.

Number in the wheel, 335; deficiency, 14; number drawn, 28.

James Duncan,	Ernest Reichmiller,
Christ Unrisangt,	Goulieb Wsorth,
Anthony Fuhler,	Robert Thomas,
William Hoffman,	Samuel Kingdon,
Adam Cook,	David Staffelin,
George C Amann,	John Knower,
John Unlate,	Matthew Shannon,
John Mantle,	Peter Reichmiller,
John Mead,	Gottlieb Freig,
Robert Powers,	Henry Paulson,
Charles G Gregg,	John Gorley,
George Lutz,	Thomas Williams,
George Binger,	Jackson S. Stewart,
Daniel Sutton,	Alexander Fulton.

Erection of Frame Buildings.

The attention of Mayor Lowry has been called to two recent violations of the ordinance prohibiting the erection of frame buildings within the city limits. One of these is a frame stable, built by John Coel in the First ward, and the other a frame addition, built by Mr. Reilly, in Market alley. The stable built by Mr. Coel is large enough to accommodate ten or twelve horses, and is not only a clear violation of the provisions of the law, but was built under the shadow of authority. Mr. Reilly built one story of his addition with brick, and then put on a second story of frame. He built up against the rear of those fine new buildings on the corner of Fifth street and Market alley, and is very objectionable as well as dangerous to the owners of property adjoining. Both have been entered in both these cases, and if the buildings are not voluntarily removed, the parties will be held to answer at Court. It is singular that men will persist in the erection of wooden buildings in the city, when the risk of having to remove them is so great. Such a course usually results in a greater expenditure of money than would be incurred in putting up the proper kind of a building in the first place.

The Ladder Again in Use.

On Sunday night some one entered a second-story window in the rear of the liquor store of Mr. H. McSwiggen, on Smithfield street, near Fourth, by means of a ladder which had been taken from an adjoining yard. The party who committed the theft seems to have been perfectly familiar with the premises. The articles stolen consist of a silver watch and gold chain, and about sixty dollars in money. A man was arrested to-day on suspicion of having committed the theft, but after a hearing he was discharged, the evidence not warranting his detention. Parties having ladders about their premises should see to it that they are not left in such position that thieves may ascend to their chambers at any hour of the night.

The Brawdy Murder Trial—Verdict of the Jury.

At nine o'clock this morning, at the assembling of the Court, the jury in the case of Martin Brawdy, Jr., indicted for the murder of James Fagan, came into the Court room, and returned a verdict of *guilty of manslaughter*, with a recommendation to the mercy of the Court, on account of the youth of the defendant. Upon the rendition of the verdict, Mr. Swarts solicitor made a motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment. This being the last case on the docket, the jury was discharged from further attendance, and the Court adjourned until Saturday morning at ten o'clock.

United States Circuit Court.

This Court met on Monday. Present—Hon. R. C. Grier and Hon. Wilson McCandless.

The first case taken up was that of Wilson S Taylor vs. David Thompson—action of ejectment for a valuable tract of land, consisting of over one hundred acres, and located within six miles of this city. The jury found a verdict for the defendant.

William Thomas Williams vs. Captain John Bean. Action to recover the value of a steamer and freight, with which the defendant had been entrusted at the beginning of the war, and which he sold at Cardiff, Wales. On trial.

Burglary and Larceny.—Last night the tobacco store of William Smith, on Pennsylvania Avenue, was burglariously entered and robbed of tobacco and cigars to the amount of three hundred dollars. An entrance was effected by forcing open the front door, after which the thieves ransacked the premises, and carried off whatever suited their fancy. Two boxes of tobacco were found to-day secreted in a board pile, and this fact seems to indicate that the larceny was committed by boys. The police are on the look out for the rascals.

Pregnant Sentence is now attracting very great attention, and well it may. The article represented by this musical name is the most beautiful preparation for the Breath, Gums and Teeth, the world has ever seen. Sold by all Druggists.

Letter From the Front.

100th Regt. Penn. V. Vols.,
Near "Poplar Grove Church," Va.,
November, 11th, 1864.

DEAR GAZETTE: Since our last was written, nothing of especial moment has occurred. Our pickets and those of the enemy are still on friendly terms, being within easy speaking distance, although communication is not permitted. The main line of works of both parties are in plain view of each other, with fort mating fort and gun opposed to gun.

But the enemy have given us the privilege that our works command their very effectively, from their position, and in fact this has been freely demonstrated from the few shots exchanged during the past week to our annoyance, which soon silenced the enemy's batteries. This, in fact, explains their present good conduct, not relishing such testimonials of warm regard as they are aware we are most prompt and prepared to bestow.

Both parties have extensive "slashings" of timber in most cases a quarter of a mile, or more, in front of the respective works. These are formed by throwing down trees for some of men into the dense woods and felling the timber with the tops of the trees toward the enemy, if possible; if not, they are cut down so as to lie in a mixed tangled, miscellaneous manner, forming such a barrier, as makes it utterly interdictable for an attacking party to surmount. Our forces are completely girdled with these defences for many miles, in addition to the "abattis" surrounding the forts. These "abattis" are quite formidable obstructions for a storming party to meet; oftentimes not being seen by the assailants until they are quite near the works. Then suddenly they find themselves met in the very teeth, with, perhaps, a double or triple row of sharp pronged trees, which have been firmly planted in the earth, with sufficient inclination or slope to strike the enemy in the "solar." On reaching this, too, it must be remembered that they are just within easy range for grape and canister, which never fails, on such occasions, to sweep through the checked and bewildered ranks with the most terrible effect.

We have not a fort on our lines but is in this manner fortified; besides having the usual ditch surrounding it, which, alone, is an exceedingly formidable obstruction. The country is becoming rapidly "cleared out," so that long lines of the opposing fortifications and entrenchments can be leisurely viewed; and, when the day is fine, they present a grand and imposing spectacle. Yet it must be confessed that it is one, where reminiscences and associations are not of the most happy or pleasing nature, and we hope the day is not far distant when their grim and threatening outlines will only exist, far off, on the placid bosom of memory.

Hoping to write again as time and circumstance permit, in the meanwhile, we remain,

Very truly yours,
HORACE B. DURANT.

Keeping a Disorderly House.—A "grass widow" named Paterow, residing on Mayne st., was arrested to day on information of Henry Jones, her landlord who charges her with keeping a disorderly house. She gave bail, and a hearing will take place this afternoon.

TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION.

The Gunboat Tulip Blown to Atoms.

NEARLY ALL ON BOARD LOST.

List of the Officers and Crew.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15—The gunboat Tulip, attached to the Potomac flotilla, left St. Mary's Cass and other townships in Schuylkill county, and that their return will affect Howell Pisher, the Union candidate for Congress.—*Sunbury American.*

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GEN. SHERMAN'S MOVEMENTS.

Andersonville Probably on his Route

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The *Herald* has a sketch of the movements of Sherman and Hood since Hood commenced his flank movement. By November, says the *Herald*, the Army of the Tennessee had left Rome and was en route to Atlanta. November 4th the Fifth Corps, the 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 20th, had been concentrated at the last named city, and rapid preparations were being made to begin the march. Sherman felt in the highest spirits, and telegraphed his intentions in these remarkable words:

"Hood has crossed the Tennessee; Thomas will take care of him and Nashville, while Schofield will not let him into Chattanooga or Knoxville. Georgia and South Carolina are at my mercy, and I shall strike. Do not be anxious about me; I am all right." This is his address.

The rebel papers already announce that he has started on his march. Where is he going? Andersonville, where the rebels have 20,000 Union prisoners penned up like hogs, his in his way. But a few days ago Sherman wrote to the President of the Sanitary Commission:

"I thank you for the prompt fulfillment of the request to send certain articles for our prisoners at Andersonville. Things have changed since, and I may have to go in person to deliver these articles to the prisoners."

From the Potomac Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—A letter from the Army of the Potomac says that affairs are unusually dull. The nights are very cold. There is not an items of news.

PIANOS! PIANOS!

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CELEBRATED PIANOS.

Seven first prize GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS received within a month at State Fairs and Fair of the American Institute, New York, in 1863, by WM. B. BRADBURY for the

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SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, received the CRYSTAL PALACE PRIZE MEDAL in London, for their having received at home an enormous Medal, and Special Re. orts from State Fairs and Institutes. Both have numerous letters of recommendation from the highest musical talent—GOTTS chalk, PITTSBURGH, WM. MASON, GRADE, and others.

Also, a fine assortment of SMITH & CO.'S ELECTRO PLATE AMERICAN ORGANS AND MELODEONS, all warranted for eight years.

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Also, TUNING AND REPAIRING done at shortest notice. SHEET MUSIC bound in any style. no8

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Will convince any one of the superiority of this make over all others. Several of the improvements in these instruments are patented and owned by Mason & Hamlin. Large assortment now on hand at the warerooms of the subscriber.

Call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

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Best Piano in America.

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Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of

NEW PIANOS, VIOLINS, GUITARS, ACCORDEONS, &c., &c., which he will sell for low prices.

KNABE'S PIANOS.

HAINES BRO'S PIANOS.

A splendid assortment of these unrivalled Pianos, which we will sell at a reduction of from fifty to seventy-five dollars less than factory prices, according to style of Piano. Testimonials of excellence from Parodi, Strakosch and G. Satter. Also, the sweetest of the most eminent Professors and Amateurs in the country. Circulars sent by mail gratis.

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WOUNDED SOLDIERS,

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Discharge made out, and money collected.

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PENSIONS AND ARREARS OF PAY.

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R. H. PALMER, No. 84 Wood Street, Dealer in BONNETS, HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS and STRAW GOODS generally.

J. M. BUSCHFIELD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Northeast corner Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH HORNE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c., Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

J. W. BARKER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of DRY GOODS, No. 55 Market street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh.

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J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for the Penn Fire Insurance Company, Philadelphia and Bellance Insurance Company, Northeast corner Wood and Third sts.

W. P. JONES, Agent for North America, State of Pennsylvania, and Hartford Insurance Companies, 57 Water street.

SAMUEL REA, Secretary Citizens' Insurance Company, corner Market and Water sts.

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Prepared expressly for AXLES. Put up in cast iron bound HOGSHEADS. For sale by the dozen or in barrels and gallons.

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In Tanks and Barrels. [See Circular.]

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JAMES WILKINS,

BROKER AND DEALER IN

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PERRY BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

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Special attention given to the SALE AND SHIPMENT of Petroleum and its products. Consignments respectfully solicited.

Pittsburgh Agency for UHRANGO OIL AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

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Office, 267 PENN STREET,

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And dealers in Pittsburg's Manufactures and

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Liberal advances made on

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, and GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS.

WAREHOUSE

IRON CITY OIL WORKS

LYDAY & CHORPENNING,

Manufacturers and Refiners of GARDNER OIL, BENZINE AND LUBRICATING OILS, and dealers in

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