The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING.....NOV. 1, 1864.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Grand Rally in Allegheny.

Another large and unusually spirited and enthusiastic Union meeting was held in the Diamond, Allegheny, last evening. The organization was as follows: President, Robert L. McGrew, Esq., McClure township. Vice Presidents—Capt. W. W. Barker, of the Army of the Cumberland; George Neely, of Marshall township; Hon. John Brown, of Ross township; Alex. Steel and Wm. B. Howard, of Allegheny. Secretaries—Reporters of the Press.

The chairman then introduced the Rev. Col. Granville Moody, of Ohio, who was received with hearty applause. He had not spoken long when his voice gave way, but, notwithstanding this disadvantage, he entertained the audience for half an hour in the most acceptable manner, and at the conclusion was complimented with three rousing cheers. His speech was a very able and masterly one, and elicited the warmest encomiums.

The Glee Club was then called for, and under the leadership of Prof. Black, favored the audience with the "Star Spangled Banner," which was rendered with fine effect.

Hon. James L. Graham was called, but declined making a speech until J. W. F. White, Esq., (who had been announced in the advertisements,) should be heard. If, after that time, by other speakers should arrive, Mr. Graham promised to say a few words.

Mr. White was then introduced and delivered a most earnest and eloquent address, during which he poured some telling broadsides into the Copperhead ranks. He was particularly severe upon the Copperhead leaders, and was opposed to showing them any favor or countenance whatever in the community. He paid a high tribute to the zeal and patriotism of the clergy, who were standing up so boldly and manfully in defence of the country and of the cause of humanity and justice. He alluded to the abuse which had been heaped upon the ministers by the Copperhead speakers and editors, and accounted for it from the fact that not a single minister had been found to raise his voice in support of the Chicago platform. But we do not intend to give even a synopsis of the address. Suffice it to say, that all who heard him were unanimous in his praise.

After another song from the Glee Club, the Chairman introduced Rev. Mr. Watkins, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who delivered a most vigorous and telling speech. He declared himself uncompromisingly in favor of the country, and would never relinquish his right to speak and plead in its behalf. His address was received with hearty applause.

Col. Moody here rose and proposed three cheers for Abe and Andy, which were given with the wildest enthusiasm. The Colonel then began to relate an incident, and, warming up with his subject, spoke for perhaps half an hour.

Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., having been observed in the crowd, was loudly called upon, and elbowed his way to the stand. He had just been down, as he stated, listening for a few moments to the copperhead speakers at the stand on the other end of the square, and went over to relate his "experience"—telling what he had heard, how the utterances affected him, etc. This part of his speech was very humorous, and provoked an unusual degree of merriment. He then entered upon the discussion of more serious matters, and was driving the truth home to the hearts and consciences of the auditance when he left the stand.

The meeting was very large, and such was the interest that scores of ladies remained standing in the chilly night air from seven until the hour of adjournment, which was about ten o'clock.

Meeting in Concert Hall.

A large Union meeting was held in Concert Hall last evening, and was organized by the appointment of the following officers: President, Dr. James King; Vice-Presidents—Messrs. J. J. Siebeneck, W. Arnhold, George Schwender, and Ira Butler, of Washington county; Secretaries—Messrs. William Simpson and Joseph G. Stitzer.

Dr. King, on taking the chair, made a few introductory remarks, and concluded by introducing Rev. James Prestley, D. D. Dr. Prestley, on rising, was greeted with enthusiastic applause. He then began an address which occupied over two hours in its delivery. It was comprehensive in its scope, chaste and elegant in its diction and logical, argumentative and truthful through-out. It abounded with sentiments of a highly patriotic character, which were received with the fondest demonstrations of applause. While the Doctor was speaking, some one in the audience passed up a Confederate five dollar bill to the platform, which was handed to the speaker, who, after making some remarks as to its worthless character, placed it upon the desk which was covered with the national flag. He was about to resume speaking when some one in the audience cried out, "Take it off the flag!" This remark seemed to electrify the audience, and as the Doctor lifted the rebel rag from off the national colors, the hall rang with the wildest shouts and cheers. The Doctor then asked what he should do with the objectionable piece of paper, when some one suggested that he should trample it under foot. He declined doing so, however, remarking that it was the first bill of the kind that had yet come into his possession.

After the Doctor had concluded his speech the Pittsburgh Glee Club, under the leadership of Mr. R. M. Colgin, sang several stirring and patriotic songs.

Hon. Thomas Williams had been announced to address the meeting, but he was not present. His business arrangements prevented him from the city, and as the evening was far advanced the meeting adjourned, with three rousing cheers for the speakers.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

MURDER AFFIDAVIT.—Before Judges Shaws and Brown.

Alexander McGraw, who kept a licensed tavern in Ross township, about four miles from the city, on the Perrysville Plankroad, was arraigned on the charge of selling liquor on Sunday. He pled guilty, and was sentenced on each charge to pay a fine of thirty dollars, the costs of Court, and undergo an imprisonment of thirty days in the county jail. He was also indicted for keeping a bawdy house, but was acquitted by the jury and ordered to pay the costs. A charge of keeping a disorderly house was also preferred against him, but there not being sufficient evidence to convict, he was discharged by the District Attorney, McGraw agreeing to pay costs. Judge Shaws then revoked the license of the house and also ordered that McGraw shall not obtain a tavern license within two years. Most decided evidence during the trial appeared that McGraw kept a pie den, and we congratulate the neighborhood upon its suppression.

Frederick Rommell was indicted for the larceny of a dress and cloak. The testimony adduced to have been committed during the Bresley riot in East Birmingham, in July last. The case was not concluded at adjournment.

Free Maryland!

Welcome, Maryland, into the glorious galaxy of free States! This morning Maryland is free. The Constitution framed by the Convention of delegates declaring the State free has been ratified by a majority of the legal voters, and in virtue of the proclamation of Governor Bradford, is now the law of Maryland. This is a noble act. Every slave is free, from the old man tottering on the brink of the grave o the infant that hangs on its mother's breast. We believe that such a thing has no parallel in history. When acts of emancipation were decreed and promulgated formerly, there were conditions expressed, and a long time had to elapse before they went into effect. But this act goes into effect now, and not a single slave is left in servitude. So much for the war being a "failure." We understand that one hundred guns will be fired to day in honor of the event.

DEAD BODY FOUND.—On Saturday the dead body of a man was found floating in the Monongahela river, at the foot of Short street. A number of men who were on a coal-flat near where the body was discovered, succeeded in getting it to the shore. It was very much decomposed, and had apparently been in the water for several weeks. The deceased was about forty years old, was dressed in light cassimere clothes. An inquest was held on the body, and a verdict of "found drowned" returned.

LIBERAL DONATION.—We see it stated that Charles Arbuthnot, Esq., of this city, with his usual liberality, has donated the handsome sum of one thousand dollars towards the erection of Mission Building in Alexandria, Egypt, in connection with the United Presbyterian Church, of the United States.

RESIGNED: RESIGNED.—We understand the Rev. E. E. Van Deuzer, D. D., has handed in his resignation as the Rector of the St. Peters Church, of this city, to the vestry. The resignation has been accepted.

We learn a go that Dr. Van Deuzen has received a call to a church in Utica, New York.

RAYNES & Bro., Wood street, have a very fine assortment of fireworks on hand, and those of our citizens who intend taking part in the torch light procession on Thursday night, would do well to give them a call.

DRUMS.—Charles Bleing, 33 Fifth street, has just received a large lot of Drums at the following prices: Tenor or Snare Drums, $6, each; Bass Drums 24 inches, $12 each; 28 inches, $13,50; 25 inches, $15; 28 inches, $15,50; 32 inches, $16, 34 inches, $20.

UNION MEETING IN BEAVER.—A large Union meeting was held last evening at the Court House in Beaver, and was addressed by our talented fellow citizens, Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick and Major A. M. Brown.

THEATRE.—Mrs. Waller will appear this evening in the celebrated character of Meg Merrilies, in the play of Guy Mannering. Mrs. Waller is one of the finest actresses in the country, and we hope to see the house filled.

Meeting of City Councils.

The regular monthly meeting of the City Councils was held on Monday evening, Oct. 31st, 1864.

Present—Messrs. Allen, Herdman, Miller, M'Miller, M'Clintock, Quinn, Thompson, Ross, Reed, and President M'Auley.

Absent—Messrs. Brown, M'Laughlin, M'Carthy, Morrow, Phillips, Reed, Wills, and Young.

The minutes of the previous regular and special meetings were read and approved.

Mr. J. E. Reed presented a petition from Samuel Biddle, asking the Councils to indemnify him for damages sustained to his property by the alteration of the grade on Penn street. Read and referred to the viewers, hereafter to be appointed. Similar petitions from Barhard Dommes and Jonathan R. Biddle were read, and referred to the viewers.

Mr. J. E. Reed presented a petition from Robert Miller, asking Councils to appropriate $256,-97 for damages sustained to his property by the breaking of the sewer on Pennsylvania Avenue. Read and referred to Street Committee. A similar petition from Thomas Devine was read and referred to same committee.

Mr. D. Reed offered the following, which was read three times and passed:

Resolved, That one hundred dollars be allowed to the Assessor of Water Rents, as additional compensation for services for the year ending January 1st, 1865.

Mr. Allen offered a resolution authorizing the Controller to transfer $1,600 from Appropriation No. 18 to Appropriation No. 7, which was adopted.

Mr. Quinn offered a resolution directing the Committee on Gas to have the gas lamp on Ross street, near the corner of High, replaced, it having been removed by the excavations for the Tunnel. Adopted.

Mr. Allen, from the Committee on Water, offered a resolution authorizing the Controller to certify warrants on the Treasurer on account of laying water pipes, as follows: Hill & Co. $469 37; Pennsylvania R. R. Co., $1000; Postley, Nelson & Co. $60; William Maffit's heirs, $72,76, and Thos. Scott's heirs, $144,81. Adopted.

Mr. J. E. Reed presented the report of the Street Committee, covering the report of the viewers to assess damages and benefits arising from the opening of Webster street. Report accepted, and report of viewers approved.

The resolution passed in Common Council, Oct. 13, appointing viewers to assess damages sustained by the property of J. Fowler, by the change of grade on Penn street, was taken up in S. C. and non-concurred in.

Mr. D. Reed moved to amend by appointing Messrs. Wm. Holmes, John H. Ralston and Wm. Allinder viewers to appraise the damages of the petitioner, and all others who may have sustained damages by the grading of Penn street, and to make assessments therefor. The amendment was adopted. Not reached in C. C.

On motion adjourned.

In Common Council—Present: Messrs. Ardray, Armstrong, Beck, Coffin, Colville, Davis, Dickson, Fryer, Hays, Jones, Leonard, Mackey, Montgomery, McCandless, McClelland, McGowan, O'Hollohan, Redman, and Steel, President.

The minutes of the last regular and special meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Colville presented a petition from Messrs. Kier, Porter and Kier, asking the privilege of erecting coke ovens in the Ninth ward. The petition was referred to the members of Councils from the ward.

Mr. McCandless presented a petition from property owners on Congress street, between Pennsylvania avenue and Franklin street, praying for the erection of a fire plug on the west side of said street, in the rear of the Fort Pitt Glass Works. Referred to Committee on Water.

Mr. McCandless presented a petition from citizens of the Ninth ward, protesting against paying for the culvert crossing Crawford street. Referred to Committee on Streets.

Mr. McCandless called up the following resolution, which had been offered at a previous meeting and laid over:

Resolved, That the City Controller be requested to explain to Councils why he certified warrants for more than contract prices. Adopted. No action in S. C.

The following business from Select Council was concurred in: An ordinance changing the name of that portion of Washington street lying between Liberty street and the Allegheny river to Canal street, and the name of Butler street, between Liberty and Penn, to Mechanic street. Also, an ordinance for the grading and paving of Webster street.

On motion, adjourned.

THE GRAND TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.—We would refer our readers to our advertising columns for the particulars of the grand Union demonstration which will take place on Thursday evening. All the arrangements have been completed, and our citizens may anticipate one of the finest displays ever gotten up in the Western country.

THE PITTSBURGH GLEE CLUB.—This excellent organization, which has been doing good service during the campaign, favored us last night with a beautiful serenade. Their songs are well selected, and are rendered in a highly artistic style.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

THOMAS W. PAREY, practical Slate Roofer, and dealer in American Slate, of various sizes. Office at Alexander Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Residence, No. 76 Fifth street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water-proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

FINE GOODS just received at the Merchant Tailoring establishment of Graham & McCandless, 75 Smithfield street. We would most respectfully invite the attention of our friends and the public in general to our new stock of fall and winter goods. They consist of all the very latest styles of English, French and American cloths, cassimeres and vestings, all of the finest quality, and selected with the greatest of care. Gentlemen desiring fashionable and well made clothing would do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Every garment is warranted to give full satisfaction in both price and quality.

GRAHAM & McCANDLESS,
Merchant Tailors, No. 75 Smithfield street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attention of our readers is directed to the brilliant assortment of Fall and Winter Goods just received by our friend Mr. John Weier, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock comprises a great variety of Fancy French, English, Scotch and American Cassimeres and Cloths, and fine Silk and Cassimere Vestings, all of which will be made up to order in the latest styles and in the best manner. A choice selection of Furnishing Goods can also be found for sale, together with a full stock of Ready Made Clothing, well and fashionably made.

ORGOOD'S INDIA CHOLAGOGUE, which has gained such notoriety in the cure of Fever and Ague, and other bilious affections, was prepared by a regular physician, and is the result of an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate. Those who have used it themselves, or seen its salutary effects upon others, need no further evidence of its great value. A small bottle on the system, treating, and cure of bilious diseases accompanies each bottle of the medicine.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers.

Hope told a flattering tale, but never even anticipated so divine a preparation for the toilet, as that delightful preparation, "Sozodont." So cool and refreshingly agreeable to the mouth and teeth, it hardens and invigorates the gums, gives a pure and healthy tone to the breath, cleanses, purifies and preserves the teeth, and arrests decay.

Sold by Druggists.

SHELLS AND FANCY GOODS AT AUCTION.—This evening, at 7½ o'clock, at M'Clelland's Sales Room, 56 Fifth street, will be sold a rich and elegant collection of Sea Shells, Chinese and other Goods, &c. Ladies are specially invited to attend.

WALL PAPERS, Blankets, Balmoral Skirts, Gentlemen's Shirts, Domestic Goods, etc., at M'Clelland's Auction Rooms, 56 Fifth street.

FRANK LESLIE'S COMIC ALMANAC, for 1865, has just been received and is for sale by W. A. Gilday, 65 Fifth street.

FANCY, rich, elegant and useful are the goods now on sale at McClelland's Auction Rooms, 56 Fifth street. Sale every evening at 7½ o'clock.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, at M'Clelland's, 56 Fifth street. See advertisement.

We have received from the publishers a copy of Frank Leslie's Ladies' Magazine for November.

We are indebted to Prof Bache for a copy of the U. S. Coast Survey, for 1862.

MARRIED!

REE—THACKERAY.—On Sunday evening, Oct. 30th, 1864, at the residence of Mr. Richard Knowles, Lower St. Clair township, by Rev. Israel Pelley, Mr. JOHN REESE to Miss CHARLOTTE THACKERAY, all of Allegheny county.

DIED!

GEOGHEGAN.—In Mexico, Oct. 31st, 1864, about half past 12 o'clock, THOMAS GEOGHEGAN, in the 40th year of his age.

His funeral will take place on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Nov. 2d, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 22 Wylie street, near High street, to proceed to St. Mary's Cemetery. The friends and those of the family are invited to attend.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE

Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.

Second night of the great Tragic Actress, EMMA WALLER, who will appear in her wonderful personation of Sir Walter Scott's "Meg Merrilies," with all the original music, of

GUY MANNERING.

Meg Merrilies.....Emma Waller.
(The all company will appear.)

Dance "Highland Fling O'Mora," as taught by Prof. De Lang, Miss Jeanie.

To conclude with
THE 5 BIS SWAINS.

Sale.....F. O. Sefton.

THE LATEST NEWS

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

THE ELECTION FRAUDS.

TRIAL OF COL. NORTH.

Heavy Cannonading Heard in Gen. Butler's Front.

LATE SOUTHERN NEWS.

The Conscription Law Enforced.

EVERY AVAILABLE MAN BEING CONSCRIPTED.

Gen. Lee Reinforced.

GEN. SHERMAN TO HOLD ATLANTA.

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The *Commercial Advertiser's* Washington special says: The trial of Colonel North, the New York State Agent, charged with complicity in the recently-discovered election frauds, commenced to-day before a military commission. Judge Porter, Wm. Kelly, and Wm. F. Allen, commissioners appointed by Governor Seymour to investigate the action of the Government, are in session at Willard's Hotel. The *Post's* special says they are to have an interview with the President this afternoon or to-morrow.

Some of the slave holders in lower Maryland are holding their slaves to try the question of emancipation in the courts.

The steamer Keyport arrived here early this morning, having on board Maj. Gen. Halleck, chief of staff, and Generals Barnard and Rawlins and Col. Cutts, who have been to the front. The Daniel Webster reports that loud cannonading was heard yesterday morning at General Butler's front, before she left.

The Webster brought up forty rebel officers from Colonel Dowd, who were delivered to the Provost Marshal, at Washington.

A gentleman, who, for twelve months has been attempting to get away from the South, succeeded several days ago, in reaching our lines, and is now in this city. He occupied a responsible position under the Confederate government, and had abundant opportunities for learning the real condition of affairs in that section. He represents that the conscription is actually progressing, and that persons between sixteen and fifty-five are being sent to the army. Telegraphers, express men, and railroad employees, continue exempt from military duty.

The rebel authorities are making every effort to get every available man into the army. About 30,000 of the new levies have been sent to reinforce Lee. Hood's army numbers about 30,000. There are a few troops besides these two armies and they are scattered over the South, and there are only forty men as provost guard at Fredericksburg. There appears to be a sufficiency of substantials' food; and luxuries can, at many places be purchased. The sentiment among thousands of the soldiers would if they could, escape from service; and in some sections, if an opportunity were offered, Union feeling would emphatically manifest itself. He bought some gold before he left Richmond, paying $25 in Confederate money for one dollar in coin. After Early's defeat in the Valley, a dollar in gold could not be bought for less than thirty dollars in paper. He says the men of the Confederacy can have a correct idea of the general effects of the ravages of war both in agriculture and trade.

Michael W. Clarkey, formerly Post Master of the House of Representatives, has recovered from the wounds he received in battle, and has been elected member of the Rebel Congress from the Memphis district.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The Richmond *Enquirer* of Friday contains the following:

Official news has been received of an attack by Mosby upon a heavily guarded wagon train of the enemy, near Bunker Hill, in which, although unable to bring off any booty on account of the heavy guard which attended it, he killed one General and captured and killed various others, and made good his retreat.

Our readers will remember that Gen. Duffie was captured and sent off under a strong guard by a prisoner, who escaped. If dead, as the above rebel dispatch asserts, he was murdered in cold blood.

Northern papers gave out a few days since, that Mosby would hereafter stretch any Yankee prisoners whom he might take, in retaliation for the murder of several of his own men.

General Duffie was the son of Rev. Dr. Duffie, the eminent Presbyterian divine, of Detroit, and entered the service at the first outbreak of the rebellion.

FROM THE POTOMAC ARMY.

Recent Operations of our Army.

FROM BUTLER'S HEADQUARTERS.

Gen. Lee Acting on the Defensive.

EVERYTHING QUIET WITH SHERIDAN.

The Enemy at Milford.

RECONNOISSANCE TO WOODSTOCK.

Early Superseded by Longstreet.

&c., &c., &c.

Special Western Associate Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The *World's* army of the Potomac special says: Of the recent operations: Considering the extent of the movement and the number of men engaged, there was very little fighting. No common ware used by either side until at the time of the formation of our line of battle, when we placed several batteries in position for the purpose of shelling the woods, which still intervened between our forces and the enemy's works. The reason none were used previously was that the woods were so thick and dense as to render it almost impossible.

After our batteries opened the rebels were not long in replying, but poured in grape, canister and shell quite freely.

Along the entire front, between our skirmish line and the enemy, there was also severe fighting. As the former entered the woods, which they carried, the opposing forces gradually retired their skirmishers. The loss cannot be very heavy on either side. The result of the movement has been to drive the rebels from a distinct line of works nearly a mile long and three wide, the larger portion of which is thickly wooded with fortifications along our front, almost, if not quite as strong as those in front of Petersburg.

The *Herald's* special from Butler's Headquarters dated the 29th says: It is evident that Lee was wholly on the defensive. Gen. Butler having ascertained they were strengthening and perfecting their defensive lines, ordered the withdrawal of the troops, and by dark nearly the whole force had fallen back to the old camps, the force held in reserve having gone forward to hold the original line.

The reports of the Petersburg movement dispatched yesterday on each day of the withdrawal, the movement of the army of the James being merely demonstrative.

The *Herald's* special dated Winchester, the 30th, says: Up to this time every thing is quiet at the front on Sheridan's left. The enemy is at Milford, on the right, and hold the road.

The *Tribune's* special from Cedar Creek, dated the 30th, says: The reconnoissance to Woodstock by the cavalry two days ago along the back and middle road report that a party also went toward Front Royal and up the Luray Valley the same day of the latter, consisting of a detachment of Col. Powell's cavalry, and found a considerable body of dismounted cavalry holding the Pass road at Milford, about half way to Luray. After a little skirmishing our cavalry returned and brought the information that Early's late army is reorganizing at New Market, having been reinforced by two divisions of infantry. Longstreet is positively said to be in command, having supersede l Early.

The *Times'* Washington special says: Information has been received that Gen. Duffie was murdered by the guerrillas who captured him.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—A special to the Commercial *Advertiser* says: Fears are entertained that General Grover, who was wounded in the late engagement in the Valley, will suffer amputation of an arm.

Gen. Rawlins, Gen. Grant's chief of staff, is in the city to-day. The President said this afternoon that he had received no news of importance to-day, and that Sherman, at the latest advices, said he would hold Atlanta.

President Lincoln addressed the 42d Massachusetts regiment on returning home in a brief and cheerful speech to-day. He alluded to the change in Maryland since the first Massachusetts regiment passed through on their way home, and said they would have the satisfaction of passing through free Maryland.

Pennsylvania Election—Soldiers Vote—Official.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 31.—The official soldiers' vote received at the Secretary's office up to this date, is as follows: Union, 17,888; Democratic, 6,612. Union majority 11,276.

FROM ATLANTA.

REBELS TO BE EXCHANGED.

Southern Press on Early's Battles.

THE REBEL RAM ALBEMARLE.

The Peace Theories of A. H. Stephens.

&c., &c., &c.

Western Special Associate Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The *Times* Nashville letter says that Gen. Slocum has enough supplies at Atlanta to keep him all winter, while nearly a million rations have been lodged at Chattanooga during the progress of the raid.

A Fortress Monroe letter to the Philadelphia *Enquirer* says that a fleet of sixteen steamers is now at Fortress Monroe, preparing to take 16,000 rebels for exchange near Savannah. Two of the largest are loading at Point Lookout, and the whole fleet will sail in a week in charge of Lt. Col. Mulford.

The Charlottesville *Chronicle* has an account of Early's battle with Sheridan, and gives the following statement: The rebel force of Wharton was on the right, then Mefford's brigade of Kershaw's division, then Pegram's reaching across the pike, then Ramseur's, then Kershaw, and then Gordon, with Rosser's to the left, with a gap of a mile between them.

After their success in the morning, the men went to plundering, when the enemy suddenly attacked Gordon, Ramseur and Kershaw. Gordon's division broke first, Ramseur and Kershaw's next, and soon afterwards Pegram's and Wharton's took the panic. One brigade of Pegram's division stood as rear guard, but was finally routed by Custar.

The Raleigh *Confederate* states that the ram Albermarle ran out on the Sound on the 4th and destroyed the Creccline light house, then put back through the enemy's fleet, and reached her destination safely.

The Charleston *Mercury* reviews at length the peace theories of A. H. Stephens and the rebel congressman Boyce, and says that the people of rebeldom live under a despotism; the rebel constitution has been violated by the rebel Congress in levying direct taxes; and the public faith has been forfeited by compelling the holders of rebel currency to sacrifice one-third of it. Of the late military disasters it says they have encouraged the Reconstructionists to raise their heads.

The London *Index* says that 14,000 bales of Southern cotton was received at England in the month of September. Five thousand bales of it came from Matamoras.

MOVEMENTS OF CAVALRY.

Four Brigades of the Enemy Encountered.

LINE OF BREASTWORKS CARRIED.

Special Western Associated Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The *Herald's* special with the cavalry says: The cavalry moved inwards the South Side Railroad, and to the left of the army, a little past daylight, on the 27th, and encountered four brigades of the enemy's cavalry under Wade Hampton. The brigades were commanded by Gens. Barringer, Young, Lee and Butler. The first formidable resistance made to our advance was at Small Creek, in the vicinity of the Vaughan road, where we found the enemy had a strong line of breastworks covering the bridge. The 1st Maine regiment, armed with sixteen-shooting rifles, carried the line by assault. After holding the position until late in the day, the cavalry fell back, by orders, to brigade position.

Rebel News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—By the arrival of the mail via Fortress Monroe, we have North Carolina dates of the 27th inst.

The late frosts have naturally checked the yellow fever, which is abating.

The medical authorities say it will not be safe for parties to return who have not been exposed to the fever, until cold weather sets in permanently.

The reported death of Colonel Heston and son, is incorrect, at both have recovered.

The number of deaths from fever will not exceed 2,000, consisting mostly of citizens and negroes.

The fever originated from a slip at the foot of Craven street, in Newbern, which was filled up last June by Captain Bradley, with manure and decayed vegetables.

Rebel papers appear to be unanimous in favor of arming the blacks.

The editor of the Southern *Confederate*, writing to his paper in Richmond, says the prospects are brought upon the authorities here favoring the arming of the blacks, has been too strong to resist, hence it is with gratitude that I am able to state, officially, that arrangements are now being made to arm them for the spring campaign, making 3,000,000 slaves, whose masters are to be compensated by the Confederate government. The slaves thus armed are to have their freedom and fifty acres of land each, which insures them permanent homes in the South.

New York Stock and Money Market.

Special Western Associated Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The stock market is excited and unsettled from various causes. The recent movement of Grant's army still construed unfavorably, and the street is constantly full of rumors. The heaviest operations have been for several days laboring for a rise, and continued their efforts through the recent army movements.

Some persons, predict a steady fall, and say that the initiated are preparing for a strong downward turn, bulls becoming bears.

The market opened quiet and strong, became buoyant and closed firm.

Government stocks are active, and orders from country investors are increasing. Railroad shares are advancing with increased strength.

The general market has some improvement in money sticks. Colorado gold companies are attracting more attention. The Indian troubles on the plains having ceased, and getting started from Colorado, are coming forward regularly.

This morning a million of dollars in cash gold was offered and sold at 2½ premium. Noiwithstanding the supply could not be had at $2 at the opening price, to $2 37 the closing prices.

The loan market is increasing. In one case, a large amount of capital is seeking investment, the general rate is 7 per cent; but large balances can be had at 6 per cent by call.

Foreign exchange is in fair demand, at the usual rate.

Letter From Gen. Lee to Gen. Grant in Regard to the Treatment of Prisoners.

Special Western Associate Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—On the 10th inst. General Lee wrote to General Grant, complaining of General Butler's placing rebel prisoners under fire in retaliation for rebels putting colored soldiers, captured by them, in like position; and proceeded in much length to show that it Retaliation was been recognized that owners of slaves are entitled to their slaves when recaptured. It was so under the Constitution of the United States. So even after the war of 1812, England paying undoubtedly of slaves captured, hence when colored soldiers were captured their owners could claim them, and they had been set at work on fortifications. He, General Lee, had however ordered them to be withdrawn from their exposed position and sent them to the rear. Gen. Grant in reply informed Gen. Lee that these practices of war having been removed from their exposed position, rebel prisoners had also been removed. He also referred him to the instructions of the Secretary of War, and to the proclamation of the President, the movement of the army of the James, being merely demonstrative.

The *Herald's* special dated Winchester, the 30th says: Up to this time every thing is quiet at the front on Sheridan's left. The enemy is at Milford, on the right, and hold the road.

The *Tribune's* special from Cedar Creek, dated the 30th, says: The reconnoissance to Woodstock by the cavalry two days ago along the back and middle road report that a party also went toward Front Royal and up the Luray Valley the same day of the latter, consisting of a detachment of Col. Powell's cavalry, and found a considerable body of dismounted cavalry holding the Pass road at Milford, about half way to Luray. After a little skirmishing our cavalry returned and brought the information that Early's late army is reorganizing at New Market, having been reinforced by two divisions of infantry. Longstreet is positively said to be in command, having superseded Early.

The *Times'* Washington special says: Information has been received that Gen. Duffie was murdered by the guerrillas who captured him.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—A special to the Commercial *Advertiser* says: Fears are entertained that General Grover, who was wounded in the late engagement in the Valley, will suffer amputation of an arm.

Gen. Rawlins, Gen. Grant's chief of staff, is in the city to-day. The President said this afternoon that he had received no news of importance to-day, and that Sherman, at the latest advices, said he would hold Atlanta.

President Lincoln addressed the 42d Massachusetts regiment on returning home in a brief and cheerful speech to-day. He alluded to the change in Maryland since the first Massachusetts regiment passed through on their way home, and said they would have the satisfaction of passing through free Maryland.

Pennsylvania Election—Soldiers Vote—Official.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 31.—The official soldiers' vote received at the Secretary's office up to this date, is as follows: Union, 17,888; Democratic, 6,612. Union majority 11,276.

How Two Union Brigades Were Captured.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The *Time's* correspondent with Butler's army details how two of our brigades fell into a rebel trap on Thursday last. When General Weitzel reached the Williamsburg road he found a wide open space and redoubts on either side of the highway. The place seemed favorable for a demonstration, and the works secured. They were feebly mounted, the enemy using but one gun in the redoubt to the right of the road. General Weitzel deemed it advisable to capture these works, and therefore sent Fairfield's brigade to accomplish the work. The troops advanced gallantly with a cheer to within a few hundred yards of the work on the right where suddenly the other work appeared and a deadly cross fire of grape and canister poured into them, and were in a trap from which there was little chance of escape. Nearly the whole number of the brigades were made prisoners.

The St. Albans Raiders.

MONTREAL, Oct. 31.—The Confederate managers in the case of the St. Albans raiders, in the event of a decision being given by the Canadian Court to surrender up the raiders, intend appealing to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in England. It is reported that the Washington government has notified England of its intention to increase their armament on the lakes for the purpose of protecting the frontier.

Retaliation for Firing into Government Transports—Residences used as Harbors for Rebel Sympathizers and Guerrillas Destroyed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—A *Times'* special says: Government transports having been fired into on the Potomac, an expedition was sent down to the vicinity of Wycomoge Inlet and landed, and all the residences known as harbors for rebel sympathizers and guerrillas were destroyed.

The Bear Clique and the Gold Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The bear clique in gold are said to control from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000 in gold. Their operations commenced this morning by throwing one million cash in gold on the market, said to have been borrowed from the Treasury. This happened, however, to come in the face of a large export demand, aided by strong bull operations, and the effect on the market was scarcely appreciable. The price opened at 223.

Death of Gen. Ransom.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Brig. Gen. T. E. G. Ransom, commanding the 17th army, corps in Sherman's army, died at Rome, Ga., on Saturday last of dysentary.

MARKETS:

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Cotton more active under the rise in Gold, but closing very firm at $1,34@1,35 for Middling.

Flour—State and Western 10c higher; $9,90@10 for Extra State, $10,85@11 for Extra B. H. O., and $11,10@11,25 for Treadwell'sanda, the market closing with the advance not sustained. Included in the sales are 1,000 bbls Extra State for last half of November and December, at $10,20.

Whisky favors buyers; Western $1,71@1,72.

Wheat 1@2c better and in very moderate demand; $2,29 for good No. 2 Chicago Spring, $2,45@2,45 for Amber Michigan

Rye firmer at $1 53@1,55.

Corn opened quiet and closed 1c better. $1,58 for Mixed Western, and $? for Prime White.

Oats heavy and lower; 90c for Western.

Wool firm and advancing.

Coffee quiet and firm.

Sugar 3@3½c better; Cuba 10¼@12½.

Molasses active and firmer at 84@90c, Cuba 80@82c.

Petroleum dull and lower; 43@44½ for Crude, 66c for Refined in Bond, and 80@81c for Refined Free.

Pork lower; $40,50@40 for Mess, $42,75@43 for New do, and regular at $38 for Prime, the inside price; $30 for Prime, and $32 for Prime Mess; also 1,000 bbls New Mess, deliverable sellers' option, at $39.

Beef firmer; $8,25@9 for Country Mess; $13@18,50 for Repacked Mess, and $18@24 for Extra Mess.

Lard firm at 22c.

Cut Meats quiet; 19¾@21½c for Shoulders, and 17¾@21c for Hams.

Lard firmer at 22@22½c.

Butter still irregular; $30@40c for West $2, and 38@55c for state.

Rice in good demand at 14@22c.

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Money rules quiet and easy at 7 per cent. for call loans.

Sterling quiet and steady at 109¾ gold.

Gold easy and decidedly higher, opening at 2?,?7, advancing to 227¾, declining to 225¾, and closing at 227.

Government Stocks more active and firmer; 1-32s Coupons, 10?; One Year Certificates, 95?.

Stocks better:

C. & A.	103	Hudson	123½
C. B. & Q.	117	Reading	134¾
Terre Haute	80	Michigan Central	130
P., Ft. W. & C.	100¾	Michigan Southern	74
C. & M. W.	46¾	C. & P.	107
C. & N. W., preferred	83¾	Quicksilver	54¾
Illinois Central	130	New York Central	123½
Canton	35	U. S. 6 Certificates	102¾
Erie	79		

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—Flour firm, with but little export demand; Extra Family $11,25@11,50.

Wheat advanced; Southern, $2,50; White, held at $2,75@2,80.

Corn firm and scarce; Yellow, $1,20.

Oats, 72c.

Provisions quiet; Pork, 40?; Bacon in Bond, 62@63c; Fre, 8?@?c.

Whisky dull, Ohio $1,?8

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 31.—Flour firmer; Howard street Superfine $11,00.

Wheat active and advanced 4@10c, Southern White, $2,00; Kentucky White, $2,85.

Corn dull and heavy.

Whisky dull.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, Oct. 31.—Flour in good demand and $?@?c better; $9,75@10,75 for No. 1 spring; $10,00@10,50 for Red Winter, $10,?5@10,50 for White, and $11,50@11,75 for Double Extra.

Wheat firm and steady and in good demand; No. 1 Chicago Spring, $1 10; No. 2 do, $1,03.

Corn ?c higher; sales at ?@?c.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

The river receded about three inches during the twenty-four hours ending last evening, at which time it was apparently at a stand with but nine feet water in the channel by the pier marks last evening. The weather continues cloudy and unsettled, with occasional showers of rain.

There was a moderate degree of activity manifested at the levee yesterday, and with improved receipts there was a slight improvement in the shipments.

The only arrival we have to record is the Emma Graham from Zanesville. The Jenne Powell from Gallopolis, had not arrived within we left the wharf last evening, although it was momentarily expected.

The Yorktown cleared for Lexinville last evening, with a good freight trip and a few passengers.

The Kate E Porter and Wm Butler, from Cincinnati are about due here, as also some other boats whose names we cannot just now call to mind.

The Jennie Powell left Lexington for this port on the 29th, and the Wamsutta left there for this point on the second day.

The Cumberland river is falling, with less than two feet water on the shoals, but a rise may soon be expected in the mountains, which will be of immense advantage to the steamboat interests.

The Emma Graham, Capt Stitt, leaves for Zanesville to-day at 2 p. m., and the Keystone No. 2, Capt Ward, for Carthage.

The Lewis commandeers and splendid side-wheeler, Commonwealth, Capt B F Hutchinson, is a fine up for Gallipolis, and we will be soon by card, she is announced to leave this evening.

The new iron steamer Tamaulipas, Captain Brown, is announced to leave for New Orleans direct, on the 5th of November—next Saturday.

HUNT'S NEW MAPS OF

OIL REGIONS.

NOW READY.

Map of West Virginia and Ohio Oil Regions.

Size, 21x30 inches. Price $1. In pocket form $1 50. Mounted and Varnished, $2.50.

Map of Venango Co. Oil Regions