THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXVII--NO. 275 PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1864 ESTABLISHED IN 1786.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Leading Matter from Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

Mr. Pendleton's Peddling.—The Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency grows insignificant with making such a harrage as that contained in his recent speech in New York. Here follows Mr. Pendleton's peddled lie, quoted as given, with a stake of dates, in a Union publication:—"In the seventh page of that pamphlet, I am charged with having voted against certain resolutions on the 7th July, 1864.—Now, gentlemen, by of God will enforce the truth of this, by daily newspaper of your city, or will even your recollection, you will find that Congress adjourned on the 4th of July, 1864.—[Great laughter.] From this specimen of truth and history, I leave you to judge of the credibility of the whole fabrication. [Laughter and applause.]"

Serious place of patriot-prayers—and this from so-called statesman and Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency! Mr. Pendleton did not against the resolutions in favor of the soldiers on the 7th of January, 1864, so that the point in question is nothing but a mixture of lies. The case is well illustrated by Mr. Theodore Tilton, of New York: "You confront a man in the street, saying: 'Sir, I heard you say yesterday that you stabbed your mother.' 'Why, sir, I am to deal Democrat.' 'Yes, sir, I did it yesterday.' Mr. Pendleton's speech furnishes a fair index to his honesty and ability. "Sir, I am a Democrat! Mr. Pendleton to a delegate at Chicago, "I do, all I can to deal General McClellan." In this contrast with the forced marches which, if his late letters and speeches, this foe of North has been making to join the peaceful union.—*Phila. Press.*

Letter of McClellan—Note from Dr. Brownson—Brownson.

ELIZABETH, N. J., October 27, 1864.

Dear Editor of the New York Times:

SIR: You are aware that I am one of those opponents of the Government who were opposed to the nomination of Mr. Lincoln for re-election, and sustained the nomination of General Fremont. General Fremont having withdrawn, there are only two candidates in the field, and we are forced to choose between the candidates of Baltimore and those of Chicago. As the choice between these is virtually a choice between Union and Disunion, and as I am a Union man, and opposed to any compromise or armistice with rebels, I wish, to say through your columns, to such friends as may still have, that if I am able to leave my sick room and attend the polls, I shall cast my ballot for the Baltimore Convention. I cannot vote for a peace ticket, for this war has cost me too much for me to be willing to shrink till the rebellion is put down, and the authority and majesty of the Government vindicated. Whatever may be my opinion of Mr. Lincoln, I shall, in the only alternative before me, vote for his re-election, for he is pledged to continue the war till the Union is restored, and I know where to find him.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. A. BROWNSON.

Dr. Brownson's Review Extra.—Dr. O. A. Brownson informs the public, by a card in the New York *Herald* that *Brownson's Quarterly Review* ceased to exist with the number that appeared on the 1st of the present month. No new number, will appear, as the continued ill health of the editor does not permit him to continue it.

The Louisville *Journal* says that an old gentleman recently went into that city from Oldham county, Kentucky, with two of his negroes who wished to enlist. Not knowing the forms necessary to be gone through with, he left them with a slave pen until he had made the necessary inquiries of the government officials. This having been accomplished he returned to the pen, when he was startled by being charged $50 for their safe keeping. He disputed the bill, but finally paid it, on being informed by the keeper that he had violated the law in locking the negroes up, and the easiest way to escape arrest would be to hand the money over, which he accordingly did. He then enlisted the negroes. Afterward he came to the conclusion that he had been victimized, and found that the receipt for the payment of the $50 had not been properly stamped. The upshot of the matter was that the tax collector was informed of the transaction, and the keeper of the slave pen arrested and fined $215 for neglecting to use the revenue stamp.

How Some Volunteer Officers are Made. It is reported of Governor Seymour, of New York, that he signed two hundred commissions in blank, and sent them to the New York State Democratic Central Committee, to be given to any worthless suspectate who was ready to do the wicked work of the party. The men were found and the commissions issued, but the dark transaction having reached Secretary Stanton's ears, he at once promulgated an order forbidding any volunteer officer from exercising the functions of his office until regularly mustered into the service of the United States. One of the men thus commissioned gave information which, we trust, exploded the conspiracy, covering the originators thereof with infamy, and consigning them to a well-merited punishment.—*Wash. Chronicle.*

The Bishop Brown.—The number of persons committed for trial on account of offences arising out of the late riots in Belfast, according to a list published in the Belfast *News Letter*, is sixty-three. Of these thirty-five are now on bail, the remaining twenty-eight being detained in the county jail. Twenty-seven of the cases are for carrying firearms, powder, ball, or percussion caps, eleven are for being in possession of firearms, two are for shooting and wounding, two for inciting mobs, one for preventing a pistol at a man with intent to take his life; and one for breaking and entering a house, being a lodger charged with wilful murder. Of the accused, twenty-four are Presbyterians, twenty-three Episcopalians, and sixteen Roman Catholics.

Return of the President and his Family to Town.—We learn that the President and Mrs. Lincoln have returned to their quarters at the Executive mansion for the cold season. During the past month signal lights have frequently been seen in suspicious localities in view of the Soldier's Home, and various circumstances within the knowledge of the military authorities have led the personal friends of Mr. Lincoln to demonstrate against his continued occupancy of a house so remote from the city. And exposed possibly to a well concerted raid, but he has laughed at the fears of his friends, and remained at the Home until the increasing coolness of the weather has induced him to remove his family to town.—*Wash. Rep.*

A Gentleman of plantation aspect subdued by service as a spy and a political liar. "How many soldiers were killed in the accident on the New London Railroad?" "Ten or twelve, I am afraid."

A Connecticut Unionist: "Ten or twelve, I am afraid."

The subject by life as a McClellan liar and Rebel spy: "Kinder one is here as if ten or twelve Lincoln voters had been piped out." [illegible]

A Unionist: "I will give you $1,000 if you will go down to Ben. Butler's headquarters and repeat that—$1,000 besides the licking you are going to get right here on the spot."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Wood vs. Pendleton.

But Wood has a record. "My record is before the world, traced in characters that all can read and understand. It sank some hostility under all circumstances, to the doctrine of armed coercion of the States, and it admits that I have never voted a dollar or a man to assist in the prosecution of this unholy war."

The record of Mr. Pendleton is precisely similar. The Congressional Globe reveals the fact that Pendleton, Vallandigham, and Wood uniformly voted together. Why, then, is not Mr. Pendleton equally honest with Mr. Wood and Mr. Vallandigham?—*Albany Evening Journal.*

The Legislature of Alabama seems to be losing hope in the Confederacy. An extra session has just adjourned. It was called especially to provide for the more thorough defense of the State. Instead of doing so, they fooled away their time (according to rebel authority) and left the Governor sticking in the mire, from which he summoned them to drag him. About the only thing they really did, attend to, according to a letter in the Mobile *News*, was the increasing of their own salaries for the approaching regular session.

Three steamers from New Orleans arrived yesterday at this port. They bring but little news. Henry W. Allen, the Rebel Governor of Louisiana, is putting into effect his recent advise to the Rebel Secretary of War, to arm, drill and make soldiers of the blacks within their lines. Squads of Rebel cavalry were operating in the vicinity of Bayou Goula, Iberville Parish, and a number of negroes were taken. The negroes have fled from the plantations, and are lying hid in the woods, or undergoing to reach the Mississippi and other military posts.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Provost Marshal, Murder in Iowa.—Fifty of the men who murdered the two draft officers in Poweshiek county, Iowa, on the 1st inst., have been arrested, subjected to preliminary examination, and committed to the Davenport jail to await trial. One of the men wounded, though almost dying, and made a free confession, declares that it was an organized rebel company, drilling as State militia, and looked forward to the invasion of Missouri as their special work in Lexington. He was arrested by Governor Stone in person.

Sanders and the Bank Robbers.—Among the reports of the St. Albans outrage will be found an intercepted telegram directed to George N. Sanders, in which one of the robbers practically admits that Sanders had been forewarned of the burglaries. A sort of partnership in fact, is set up between the thieves and the Niagara peace negotiator. This accounts for a statement made in a previous report, that Sanders had gone to the Lower Canada, and was at St. John along with the captured gang, "managing their cause."—*N. Y. Trib.*

Terse Letter.—The following is from the last letter ever written by Senator Douglas:

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and under every Administration, regardless of party politics, against all assailants, at home and abroad. We should never forget that a man cannot be a true Democrat unless he is a loyal patriot."

Truth and Sixty Auditors of the Treasury.—We think our information is perfectly reliable that John Wilson, Esq., formerly Commissioner of the General Land Office, is appointed to the first office, and Mr. Colt, of Iowa, is assigned to the Auditorship of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, and that both gentlemen will enter upon their new duties on Monday next.—*New York Chronicle.*

Brave of a Traitor Floor Roosevelt.—Pendleton has made two speeches since he became a candidate for the Vice Presidency. The first was made from the door of his friend and host, the Grand Commander Vallandigham, in Dayton, Ohio, on the 17th day of September. The second was delivered from the door of the New York Hotel, the headquarters of the Southern rebels and Southern sympathizers, who are temporarily sojourning in Gotham.—*Wash. Chron.*

Brownson's Review Extra.—Dr. O. A. Brownson informs the public, by a card in the New York *Herald* that *Brownson's Quarterly Review* ceased to exist with the number that appeared on the 1st of the present month. No new number will appear, as the continued ill health of the editor does not permit him to continue it.

Furloughs to be Granted.—Orders have been received at the Medical Director's office in Philadelphia, to furlough all soldiers in the hospitals in that district belonging to Maryland, Maine, Wisconsin, Michigan, Delaware, Illinois, New Hampshire and Connecticut. These furloughs are to extend to a period of twenty days.

At a ploughing match, some laborers were standing behind a party of ladies whose bonnets and crinoline hindered them from seeing what was going forward. One of them complained that he could not see the steam plough. "Of course not," retorted one of his companions, and added significantly, "who can see through a woman?"

At the agricultural competition of Vaucluse, France, lately held at Thor, the prize for plowing was carried off by a young woman twenty years of age—the trial taking place with a plow drawn by four oxen. The competitors of the other sex were numerous.

A letter from a gallant officer at Atlanta, dated October 15th, says that, under every combination of circumstances, Atlanta will be held, and, if the army vote is of any avail, President Lincoln will be triumphantly re-elected.

At Washington Park, Providence, last Monday, a man weighing 140 pounds, undertook to run around the mile track in sixteen minutes, dragging a sulky weighing 95 pounds, in which was seated a man weighing 170 pounds. He accomplished the feat in 11 minutes and 57 seconds.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Greene County Oil Region—The Producing Wells and the Wells in Progress—Excitement about Territory, etc.

An intelligent and reliable gentleman of this city, who has just returned from a prospecting tour through the oil region of Dunkard and Whitely creeks, in Greene county, gives us some interesting facts in regard to the operations in that locality, which we shall submit for the benefit of our readers. Between Brownsville and Whitely creek, a distance of some thirty miles along the Monongahela river, there are half a dozen wells about being put down. These are the first wells which have yet been projected in this locality.

On Dunkard creek, a few miles above Whitely, there are fifteen derricks up, with engines on the ground, and the parties are either operating or about ready to begin. There are ten other derricks on the ground, and ready to be erected, making twenty-five new wells, all of which will soon be in process of boring.

On the Maple farm, the St. Clair wells pumping, and it is believed that this well will yield largely if properly worked. It has already produced three hundred barrels. Within a stone's cast is the new well known as the Kramer well, pumping a small but regular stream, and yielding about four barrels per day. Within hailing distance of this, is the Wiley well, which has produced as high as eighty barrels per day.

Operations are now suspended, in consequence of the tubing having fallen into the well, but things will be all right again in a few days. The Slocum well, a short distance below, commenced flowing a short time since, but in consequence of the bursting of the tubing, operations have ceased for the present. These four are the only producing wells in this region, and it is worthy of note that these are the only wells which have been sunk sufficiently deep, in the opinion of oil operators, to obtain the greasy fluid. The Kramer well was not sunk below the third sand rock, but the owners, upon the principle of "letting well enough alone," will not sink it deeper at present. They intend, however, to bore a new well and put it down below the third sand rock.

On Whitely creek, the National Oil Company, of this city, have an engine and boiler on the ground, and are ready to commence boring. The Whitely Creek Oil Company, also a Pittsburgh organization, of which our most worthy and enterprising fellow citizen, James Park, Jr., is President—is in full operation. The well of this company is down about eighty feet, and the indications are very favorable. Oil is quite abundant, and it is confidently believed that, at the proper depth, oil will be obtained. This company has one hundred and eighty acres of the best territory on the creek, nearly half of which is in fee simple. It extends two and a half miles along either side of the creek, and is very favorably located.

The whole of Dunkard and Whitely creeks is evidently good oil territory, and in a few months it will be pretty thoroughly tested. Capitalists from New York, Philadelphia, and other eastern cities, are flocking thither, and competing vigorously with our own purchasers. There is a constant stream of "prospectors" to and from the oil region, and the best sites are being quickly secured. All along the river, down towards Brownsville, there is considerable excitement in real estate, and the "fever" is spreading rapidly. The exciting scenes of Oil Creek bid fair to be re-enacted here, but whether with the same wonderful results remains to be seen.

Supreme Court.

Monday, Oct. 31.—Present, Chief Justice Woodward, and Judges Thompson, Strong, Read and Agnew.

Depuy's Administrator's Appeal; Allegheny. O. C. Dwelle affirmed at cost of appellant.

Opinion by Read, J.

Daniel McLaughlin, of Cambria county, was, on motion of R. L. Johnson, Esq., duly admitted and qualified to practice in this Court.

The list for Westmoreland, Armstrong, Indiana and Cambria counties was taken up.

Crary vs. Allegheny Valley Railroad Company. Armstrong county. Judgment of non pros.

Clark vs. Morrison; on motion of D. Reed, attorney for plaintiff in error, rule on defendant in error to show cause why a writ of restitution should not issue from this Court, returnable on Wednesday next.

Carr & Co. vs. Beck et al. Cambria. Argued by Geo. M. Reed for plaintiff in error; R. L. Johnson, contra, not heard.

Smith's Appeal; Cambria. Motion by Mr. Reed for a rule to show cause why the appeal in the above case should not be quashed.

Caldwell vs. Caldwell. Armstrong. Submitted by Golden for plaintiff in error, and Boggs contra.

Cambria Co. vs. Tomb and others. Indiana. Argued by Clark and Kopelin for plaintiff in error, and by Thompson and Walls contra.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

Monday, Johnson, Oct. 31.—Present, Judges Stowe and Brown.

The jury in the case of the Brownstown rioters returned a sealed verdict, as follows: That Jacob Stempler, Frank Koenig, James A. Brown, Joseph Fagan, Wm. Hake, Wm. Leech, Frederick Broman, and Hugh Duffy are not guilty; and that John Gehl is guilty and recommended to the mercy of the court.

John Tagg plead guilty to a charge of illegal liquor selling, and was sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars and costs.

The District Attorney then called up three cases of Sunday liquor selling against Alexander McGrew. The defendant keeps a public house in Perryville, and stands charged with selling liquor on the following Sundays—8th of July, 11th of September, and 9th of October. He plead guilty on each charge. Sentence deferred.

J. P. Vogel, of the Seventh Ward, plead guilty to illegal liquor selling, and was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and the costs.

Melancholy Accident.

About noon to day, an accident occurred at Bailey, Brown & Co's. rolling-mill, on the bank of the Allegheny river, at the foot of Wayne street, which resulted in the death of Thomas Geoghegan, who was employed in the mill as a roller. It appears that a large crane became deranged, and Mr. Geoghegan went to adjust it, when it fell upon him, breaking his back and arm and horribly mutilating his body. He was conveyed to his residence, No. 21 Wylie street, where he died in a short time. The deceased was a well known citizen, and enjoyed the reputation of being a good mechanic and an industrious man. An inquest will be held on the body this afternoon, when all the facts concerning the accident will be elicited.

Knox's Grape Exhibition.—Mr. Knox, the well known horticulturist, makes a splendid display of the different kinds of grape raised by him, at his room on Fifth street. The exhibition will continue during the present week, and those of our residents who are interested in grapes should not fail to attend. Mr. Knox now exhibits about twenty different varieties, in the highest state of perfection. Call and see them.

Lithograph of President Lincoln.—A very fine, life like portrait of President Lincoln has just been published by William Sartain, Engraver, 728 Sansom street, Phila. It is the best likeness of the President we have ever seen.

LATEST AFTERNOON TELEGRAMS

FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

ACCOUNT OF THE RECENT DEMONSTRATION.

Gen. Butler's Forces Engaged with Varying Success.

OUR TROOPS WITHDRAWN TO THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION.

Thanksgiving Day Appointed by Jeff. Davis.

THE COLORED TROOPS A THORN IN JEFF'S SIDE.

Stephens' Peace Propositions Renewed.

New York, Oct. 31.—The *Tribune's* dispatch from the Army of the James, dated the 28th, says of the demonstration made by Butler's forces: General Terry moved the 10th corps out in advance of our extreme right, and began occupying the country along the south of the night of the 14th instant, and from that point on the Darbytown road northwardly to the Charles City road. Considerable desultory firing occurred here during the day, without further effect than to show the enemy's advance.

The 18th Corps, meanwhile, accompanied by Kents' cavalry, moved out toward the Williamsburg road and there engaged the enemy, late in the afternoon, with varying success. Kidman's brigade of colored troops succeeded in carrying one of the enemy's redoubts and capturing the guns, while Fairchilds' and Hill's brigades were roughly handled in endeavoring to take a strong position held by the enemy, directly on the Williamsburg road, in the neighborhood of Seven Pines.

Darkness came on too soon to permit us to avail ourselves of the advantage gained by the capture of the redoubt by the enemy's left, and our troops were ordered to return, which they did at daylight, and take a fair start again next morning.

The result on the other side of the James, however, led Gen. Grant to direct the withdrawal of our forces to their original position.

Matters have resumed their original quiet here.

The losses of the 18th army corps will amount to some 300 men or thereabout, and the 18th corps to about double that amount. Half of them, however, have been captured by the enemy.

Among the latest rebel newspaper extracts, is a proclamation by Jeff Davis, naming the 15th of November, as a national thanksgiving day in his dominions.

In this document Jeff., while claiming that thanks are due for the many signal victories with which our arms have been crowned, for the fruitfulness with which our land has been blessed and for the unimpaired energy with which the spirits of the rebels have been impaired, at the same time acknowledges that the enemy have merited and secured gracious chastisement for which the soldiers of the Union can vouch, and that large localities of the country have been swept over and held by the armies of the United States.

That the colored troops are a thorn in Jeff Davis' side is shown by his statement, that with fiendish malignity the partisans of a servile race have been accused by their foes.

The Charleston *Mercury* reviews at length the peace propositions of A. H. Stephens, the rebel Vice President, and the rebel Congressman Boyce. In the course of its criticism it very forcibly admits that the people of Rebeldom live under a despotism; that the rebel Constitution has been violated by the rebel Congress in the levying of direct taxes, and that the public faith has been forfeited by compelling the holders of rebel currency to sacrifice one-third of it.

Our late military disasters, it says, have encouraged the tyrannical party to raise their heads.

The rebel accounts of Grant's late movements are summed up in a terrible Union loss in killed and wounded, while the rebel loss is put at twenty-five men.

The death of the rebel General Dearing is announced.

FROM SHERIDAN'S ARMY.

Probable Battle on Saturday.

GEN. NEAL SENT TO WEST VIRGINIA.

Many Refugees Arriving.

EARLY REPORTED SUPPERSEDED AND LONG-STREET REINFORCED.

New York, Oct. 31.—The *Herald* has a dispatch dated at Hagerstown, 10 o'clock last night, stating that firing in the direction of Sheridan's front was heard on Saturday morning, but whether a fight was in progress is not known. Yesterday's fighting made by Sheridan of the different commands and detachments of his army shows his vigilance and his preparations to meet assault in every direction.

Gen. Neal, we are informed, has been ordered to West Virginia on important service, which is most likely to check any designs Breckenridge may have of moving through from East Tennessee.

Over 2,000 refugees have come into our lines since the 19th of December, many of them bringing with them such of their property as they could carry.

It is also said that Early has been superseded in command of the rebels in the Valley, by Longstreet, and that reinforcements have reached him from Breckinridge, in West Virginia, and East Tennessee.

Latest from the Potomac Army.

THE TROOPS IN THEIR OLD QUARTERS.

Attempted Charges of the Rebels Repulsed.

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, Oct. 30.—The army returned to its old quarters on Friday. Nothing of importance happened. As our troops returned, the rebel cavalry followed them closely, but did not do much damage. They made repeated attempts to charge, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

As far as ascertained our losses reach 1500. The 2d corps, which did the most of the fighting, lost ten officers killed and thirty one wounded. The cavalry division, it is thought, lost about two hundred. The loss of the enemy is heavy, some say greater than ours.

We have eight hundred and twenty eight prisoners and four in the bags.

THE RAID ON BUFFALO.

Plans of the Raiders Frustrated.

SUSPICIOUS PARTIES OBSERVED.

Buffalo, Oct. 30.—The city was patrolled by the military and a large police force last night. Companies were stationed on the docks. Nothing occurred, but it is thought the prompt action of the authorities and the fact that the military were all out attending the funeral of General Bidwell, frustrated the raiders' plans.

A number of suspicious persons have arrived in town within a short time. Parties stated to day that rockets were thrown up and guns fired last night by unknown parties. These were thought to be signals to parties on the opposite shore.

INTERESTING FROM TENNESSEE.

STEAMER AND BARGE SUNK BY GUERRILLAS.

Rebels Attacked and Driven.

DISPATCHES FROM GEN. SHERMAN.

Movements of Forrest's Forces.

REBEL DASH ON JOHNSONVILLE

The Rumored Evacuation of Atlanta Contradicted.

Louisville, Oct. 31.—The *Journal* says: A dispatch received at the headquarters in Nashville, from Clarksville, states that Lieut. Colonel Hratt, at Fort Donelson, reports that a part of Forrest's command, with three pieces of artillery, sunk a steamer and barge, loaded with army clothing, at Fort Herman, on the Tennessee river, on Tuesday morning.

This same dispatch mentions that Capt. Copter, with twenty five men, on the same day attacked and drove across the river sixty of Col. Malone's rebel cavalry, killing two and wounding eight.

It is rumored that 300 rebels threatened an attack on Fine Bluff, on the Tennessee, on Saturday.

The *Democrat* learns that on Gen. Meredith's return to Paducah on Wednesday, he received dispatches from Gen. Sherman and from Columbus, stating that Forrest was intending an attack on Paducah and menacing Columbus.

Scouts and deserters report that large numbers of rebels were passing Dresden, Linto, Lexington, Sharp Grove and Mcleallorville. At the latter place a heavy amount of supplies were being accumulated, all within fifty miles of Mayfield. Forrest also is known to have been at Jackson with several thousand men, and danger being imminent on Wednesday night, the cavalry was safely withdrawn from Mayfield the same night.

The business men were ordered to pack up their stocks and place them aboard of steamers which were detained for that purpose.

On the 27th our scouts reported the rebel force within sixteen miles of the city, since which time no intelligence of their movement has been received. Every business house is closed and the goods removed to a place of safety. Business of all kinds is suspended, and everything prepared to give Forrest a warm reception.

There is no doubt but that General Meredith will be able to hold the place if attacked.

Buford's headquarters are at Shady Grove. He has eight regiments, three battalions and a battery of Dahlgren guns.

Orders were issued for a concentration of the forces on the Tennessee line and prepare to march on Paducah. Forrest, Chalmers and Buford are all in the command.

On Thursday a dash was made on Johnsonville, and sixty head of cattle were captured.

Yesterday's Nashville *Union* contains the following: A rumor was in circulation yesterday that Atlanta had been evacuated. We are authorised to deny the absurd statement. The place is not even in the slightest danger. There can be little doubt of the fact that Hood's army was a day or two since across the Tennessee river, but the rebel leader hesitates to attempt a crossing. The news comes through refugees, and is very contradictory and 'confused.

From Europe.

Cape Race, Oct. 29.—The City of Manchester has arrived.

It is rumored there will be a meeting between the Czar of Russia and the Emperor Napoleon shortly at Kiev.

Cotton Cotton, Lawn and Embroidered Handkerchiefs; Head-Dresses, Bows, Steel and Jet Belt-Buckles, Dress Trimmings and Ornaments, Corsets, &c.

We offer the above and many other articles in our line, at very moderate prices, and we solicit

Wholesale and Retail Purchasers

To examine our stock, which will be found

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

OCTOBER 1st, 1864.

PRICES DOWN!

THE ENTIRE STOCK IN OUR

Wholesale and Retail Departmen

Has been marked down and is offered at

LESS THAN THE PRESENT PANIC RATES

As we have determined to CLOSE OUR OUR WHOLE STOCK before the FIRST OF JANUARY, we offer

Special Bargains from this

JOSEPH HORNE & CO

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

BISSELL'S BLOCK.

W. H. McGEE.

10 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Would call the attention of buyers to his stock of goods. It has been selected with great care, and embraces all the newest styles of goods to be found in first class establishments. Good workings suit of clothes made to order, will please all, and examine our goods prices. Also, a full and complete stock of

Furnishing Goods.

W. H. McGEE, Merchant Tailor,

No. 10 St. Clair st. Pittsb'h.

FASHIONABLE

AND

DESIRABLE GOODS

FOR

GENT'S & YOUTH'S CLOTHING

MADE TO ORDER,

IN THE BEST STYLE AND MANNER.

R. S. NORRIS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

75 FEDERAL STREET Allegheny.

PRICES REDUCED!

TO SUIT THE TIMES!

We are now Selling at Reduced Prices

OUR FALL STOCK OF

CLOTHING.

For Men, Youths and Children, which is complete in all the new styles of the season.

GRAY & LOGAN,

57 ST. CLAIR STREET.

DIVIDENDS.

Office North City Mining Company, Pittsburgh, October 17, 1864.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the NORTH CITY MINING COMPANY of MICHIGAN have this day levied an assessment of One Dollar per share on the Capital Stock, as the same may be reported to the stockholders on SATURDAY, the 12th day of November next, payable to the Treasurer on WEDNESDAY, the 23d day of November, with interest added after that date. Eastern Stockholders will make payment to Messrs. J. W. CLARK & CO., Boston, New York.

ERSKINE M. HOWE,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Office American Mining Company, Pittsburgh, October 17, 1864.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the AMERICAN MINING COMPANY have this day levied an assessment of One Dollar per share on the Capital Stock, as the same may be reported on SATURDAY, the 12th day of November next, payable to the Treasurer on WEDNESDAY, the 23d day of November, with interest added after that date. Eastern Stockholders will make payment to LEDDY & JOHNSON, Bos., Boston, Mass.

ERSKINE M. HOWE,

Secretary and Treasurer.

DRY GOODS.

WILL OPEN!

WILL OPEN!

WILL OPEN!

On MONDAY, October 24th.

NEW GOODS.

NEW GOODS.

NEW GOODS.

FROM AUCTION

FROM AUCTION

FROM AUCTION

GREATEST BARGAINS

GREATEST BARGAINS

GREATEST BARGAINS

OF THE SEASON, AT

J. W. BARKER & CO.'S,

59 Market St.,

Country Merchants will find great bargains in everything they need.

BARGAINS!

GOODS BOUGHT AT

PRESENT PANIC PRICES!

MACRUM & GLYDE,

No. 78 Market Street.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES,

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

RIBBONS, BUSCHES,

Furnishing Goods and Notions.

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts; Saratoga, Sower an Turban Hats; Blue Grey Knitting Yarn; Breakfast Shawls; Nubias, Sontags, Wraps, Crosses, Rosettes.

Cotton Cotton, Lawn and Embroidered Handkerchiefs; Head-Dresses, Bows, Steel and Jet Belt-Buckles, Dress Trimmings and Ornaments, Corsets, &c.

Cash payments have been suspended by the bank of Brazil.

War has been declared by Brazil against Uruguay.

J. E. Coburn is a passenger by the City of Manchester.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

IMPROVED FAMILY

SEWING MACHINES.

THE

CHEAPEST MACHINE IN THE WORLD

BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

Over 100,000 of these machines have been sold. Over 5,000 are in use in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

THEIR SALES ARE GREATER

THAN

All Others Combined.

IT MAKES

THE "LOCK STITCH"

and consumes only one-half the amount of thread that is used by the CHAIN STITCH MACHINES. No one should buy a Sewing Machine until they have seen WHEELER & WILSON'S. They are warranted for three years.

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