The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 30, 1864.

Freeport Convention.

There is to be a grand UNION demonstration at Freeport, Armstrong county, to-morrow, Tuesday, Nov. 1. A special train will leave the Allegheny Valley depot at 10 o'clock, to-morrow morning. Fare for the round trip, 50 cents. This will be a pleasant trip, and we hope to see a large turn-out. Freeport is on the borders of Allegheny, Butler, Armstrong and Westmoreland counties, and the demonstration will, without doubt, be a rousing one. The latch-string is to be out, and the Freeport people promise the most enlarged hospitality. A band of music will accompany the train, and there will be a good time generally. Col. Moody, of Ohio, is to be one of the speakers, and other distinguished speakers will be present.

Arrival of Col. Sirwell's Regiment.

On Saturday afternoon about one o'clock, the steamer Caroline, from Nashville, arrived at our wharf, having on board the 78th Pennsylvania Regiment, their term of service having expired. A large crowd met the regiment at the wharf, and gave them a warm reception. The regiment was soon formed, and marched to City Hall, where an excellent dinner had been prepared for them by the Subsistence Committee. After the regiment had partaken of the refreshments provided, Mayor Lowry, as Chief Magistrate of the city, tendered them a cordial welcome, and introduced John M. Kirkpatrick, who, in the name of the corporation, welcomed them to their homes. The speaker stated that the citizens of Pittsburgh had watched with interest the actions of the 78th, since three years ago they had started it adrift on our broad river, and bid it God speed. He also alluded in glowing terms to the regiment volunteering to stay six weeks longer than their term of enlistment. The address was an excellent one, and was received with enthusiastic cheers.

Col. J. B. Finley, of Kittanning, was next called upon, who said that the citizens of Armstrong county had appointed a committee, of which he was chairman, to meet the regiment in this city, and convey them to Kittanning, where they would be greeted with a warm reception. A special train on the Allegheny Valley Railroad had been provided, and would leave at five o'clock.

General Negley was next introduced, and was received by the veterans with the most enthusiastic cheers. The General said that he was proud to meet men with whom he had been associated on the battle field, and particularly with the 78 h regiment, which had fought well in every battle in which it had been engaged. He then alluded to the battle of Stone River, in which the regiment took a prominent part, and bravely maintained its position against a brigade of the enemy.

Col. Granville Moody, who formerly commanded an Ohio regiment attached to General Negley's division, followed in a brief speech. The speaker stated that while the Union soldiers were fighting the rebels in the front, the Union citizens were fighting them in the rear. The country depends on the cartridge box and the ballot box, and with them both we will end the war.

Col. Sirwell was then called upon and made a fitting acknowledgment of the reception which had been tendered his regiment, and proposed three cheers for the hospitable City of Pittsburgh, which were given with a will. Three cheers were also given for the ladies composing the Subsistence Committee. This regiment was then re-formed and escorted to the railroad depot by a large crowd of citizens.

The proceedings throughout were extremely enthusiastic and reflected great credit upon our patriotic citizens.

Funeral of Col. Coleman.

The funeral of Lieut. Col. James H. Coleman, of the 102d Pennsylvania regiment, (who was shot through the breast at the battle of Cedar Creek, on the 19th inst, and died shortly afterwards,) took place yesterday afternoon, from the residence of Capt. P. P. Hill, River Avenue, Allegheny. Two companies of Veteran Reserves, under command of Capt. Davis, acted as the military escort, proceeded by the Great Western band, and were followed by about one hundred of the former members of the regiment, wearing badges. The hearse, containing the body of the deceased came next, eight officers acting as pall bearers, followed by carriages containing friends of the deceased. The procession was large and imposing, and the streets along the route to the Cemetery, were crowded with people, anxious to witness the last sad tribute to a brave and noble officer.

While the procession was moving along Penn street, in the vicinity of the canal, an incident occurred which serves to illustrate the influence which a single act, done under certain circumstances, exclaims over the mass of mankind. Both sides of the street were densely crowd ed in the vicinity of the canal, and, while the hearse was passing, an aged gentleman, who seemed to realize what it is to die for our country, and that the remains of one who had fallen a victim to the sacred cause of Liberty were now passing slowly on to their last resting place, uncovered his head, and stood reverently gazing at the solemn scene. In a moment, as though the spectators had been reminded of a neglected duty, scores of hats were lifted, and the long line of uncovered heads presented a scene as touching as it was patriotic and appropriate.

Hoarding House Thief Arrested.

On Saturday evening two young men appeared at the Mayor's office, and made information against a man named John Larkins, charging him with stealing a quantity of clothing from them. It appears that the parties reside at Mrs. Robinson's boarding house, on Third street, and on Saturday evening, upon going to their rooms, discovered that some person, during their absence, had entered, and considerably reduced their wardrobes. A due block out, several pairs of pants, shirts, &c., were missing. Suspicion immediately fell upon Larkins, and a warrant was issued for his arrest. After considerable search he was discovered by officer Mealer, in Savage's Saloon, in Liberty street, and taken into custody. A portion of the stolen property was found in his possession. He acknowledged the theft, and gave information which led to the discovery of all the goods stolen. He had a hearing before the Mayor yesterday, which resulted in his being committed to jail for trial. Larkins is a resident of New York, and has been out a few weeks in the city.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

A Welcome to Hallowe'en.

Oh! welcome then, thrice welcome, Hallowe'en,
Once more thou art come to break with thee
The dull monotony of life's routine.
And drive away the brooding fear
That Winter's icy reign is near.

We hail thee now, with more than wonted joy,
And truly welcome guest, we greet
Thy smiling face, and bright flashing eye.
Soon thy merrier kindred meet
With laughing mirth and jest complete.

Let youth and beauty gather round the fire,
With ringing song and joyous glee,
Let music in its breathing forms inspire
While in every form their steps advance,
And flying feet join in the dance.

Let old and young alike enjoy the day,
No sorrow think of evil and care,
Peach thoughts be in the social throng,
Where all things of pleasure wear,
And give to thy welcome cheer.

C. E. ZERFIS CHESTER.

Pittsburgh, 30th October, 1864.

UNION MEETING AT DRAYOSBURGH.—A large and enthusiastic Union meeting was held at Drayosburgh on Saturday evening. On motion of John F. Drake, Esq., Mr. Wm. Oliver was appointed Chairman, and Joseph Hughes Secretary.

Addresses were delivered by J. J. Siebenaler, Esq., and Major A. M. Brown.

The people manifested the highest interest in good cause, and they will give a good account of themselves at the polls.

John F. Drake, Esq., has been doing a good work for the cause, and he informs us that the South Side will give a largely increased Union vote on the eighth of November.

RESIGNATION.—We are sorry to learn that W. Kincaid, Esq., owing to pressure of voluntary duties in religious and benevolent enterprises, has been under the necessity of resigning his station as Chairman of the Lecture Committee of the "Young Men's Mercantile Library Association." Mr. Kincaid has been a member of the committee for eleven years, and has occupied the onerous and responsible position of chairman for five years. All will admit that he has rendered important service both to the Institution and the public, and will no doubt regret to hear that he has been under the necessity resigning his position as chairman.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—A boy named Lewis Hillshire, son of Mr. Hillshire, of Clarion, was accidentally killed on Saturday last by a rather singular accident. He was throwing stones at another boy, who gave him chase, and young Hillshire having an open knife in his hand, attempted to get over a fence, when he fell, the side of the knife penetrating his eye, from the effects of which he soon after died.

THE EAST BIRMINGHAM RIOT CASE.—The trial of the parties, charged with being concerned in the late riot in East Birmingham, was concluded on Saturday afternoon, and the jury retired until two o'clock. The Court then adjourned until half past four o'clock, at which hour it reassembled, but as the jury had not concluded on a verdict, adjourned until this morning at 9 o'clock.

The Petroleum Company.

We have seen the circular of this company that their property consists of a twenty years' lease of two hundred and seventy five acres of the choicest territory in West Virginia and Southern Ohio. Upon their West Virginia property are situated the two celebrated Tank Wells, each of which are now producing sixty barrels of oil per day. The capital stock of the company is $500,000, with a cash working capital of $20,000. It is said that a dividend of two per per cent, will be declared in a few days. Fifteen cents and shares of the stock is all that will be offered for sale in this city, the balance having been taking in New York and Philadelphia. From all we can learn, the prospects of the company are very encouraging, and parties wishing to invest in oil stocks may not meet with a better opportunity than the one here presented. Messrs. Richardson, Hartley & Co., of Irwin street, are the agents for this city, where all desired information can be obtained.

Enthusiastic Union Meeting at Concert Hall.

On Saturday evening, one of the largest indoors meetings ever held in this city, convened at Concert Hall, to welcome the Hon. John Cessna. The meeting organized by the election of the following officers:—President—E. P. Jones, Esq; Vice Presidents—Major William Frew, Dr. Geo. McCook, Col. P. Gilmore, M. W. Acheson, Geo. Hamilton, and R. C. Loomis; Secretaries—James J. Donnell, J. Cohen, Jos. S. Morrison, Julius Stark and J. Affelder.

After a few remarks from the President, Mr. Cessna was introduced to the meeting, and was received with unbounded enthusiasm. He spoke for about an hour, and was frequently applauded. Col. Granville Moody, of Ohio, followed, and delivered an excellent address. The meeting adjourned at a late hour with cheers for the Union candidates.

UNEXPECTED RETURN.—The Mount Joy *Herald* says: "Forty years ago a Mr. Reildinger, of West Donegal township, got a man to take his wife and five children to Mr. J. D. Lindesmith, saying that he thought Mr. Lindesmith would keep them, but if not, they should be left on the Coney Bridge. Reildinger then disappeared and was not since heard from until a few days ago, when he appeared at the house of his daughter, Mrs. Frederick Granton, an old man of 80 years. His wife had died a year or two since. While he could do his family a great deal of good he abandoned them, and now when he is helpless and needs assistance he comes to be a burden to them."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Friday evening, the 21st inst., a young man named Charles Wendits, of Lancaster, was killed on the Pennsylvania Railroad at the Rohrerstown Station. No person witnessed the accident, but it is supposed that he fell while putting on the breaks and was caught between the platforms of the cars and crushed. The deceased, who was sitting in the car when the signal for down brakes was given on the train's approach to Rohrerstown, stepped out on the platform to attend to the brakes, and when the train was stopped he was picked up dead alongside the track.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.—The 107th Pennsylvania regiment, Col. John R. Hassler, (100 days men,) arrived in this city last night from Rock Island, and were entertained by the Subsistence Committee at City Hall. The regiment passed through this city about two months since, en route for the west, and their term of service having expired, are now on their way to Philadelphia to be mustered out.

THEATRE.—The legitimate drama has been revived at the "Old Drury," Mr. Henderson appearing in the principal characters. To-night Mr. Henderson will appear in the difficult role of "Macbeth,"—his first appearance, we believe, in that character. His representation of Richard III, on Saturday night, was excellent, and repaired satisfaction to the large audience present. He was well sustained by the excellent stock company.

COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED.—Governor Curtin has appointed the following named gentlemen to take the soldiers' vote to be cast in November. Messrs. William V. McGrath, James J. Martin, P. McLaughlin, and J. McKibben, of Philadelphia; Barnard Reilly, of Schuylkill county; William Horton, of Fulton county; and Jonas R. McClintock and John M. Foster, of Pittsburgh.

UNION MEETING.—Hon. Samuel Galloway, of Ohio, will deliver an address in Concert Hall on Tuesday evening. Mr. Galloway is one of the best orators in the country, and will meet with a warm reception from the loyal men of Allegheny county.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

THOMAS W. PARRY, practical Slate Roofer, and dealer in American Slate, of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No 18 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

THE first effect of a bilious climate upon the human system is to produce a torpor and inactivity of the liver, thereby preventing the natural and free discharge of bile. All know the lurking nature of the poison that produces Fever and Ague and its kindred diseases. A sallow complexion, capricious appetite, and occasional pain in the side, are often the only symptoms to warn of impending danger. The operation of OSGOOD'S INDIA CHOLAGOGUE is to counteract in a mild manner this inducing activity of the biliary organ, and a healthy natural discharge of bile from the system.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers.

NEW GOODS just received at the Merchant Tailoring establishment of Graham & McClandless, 3 Smithfield street. We would most respectfully invite the attention of our friends and the public in general to our new stock of fall and winter goods. They consist of all the very latest styles of English, French and American cloths, cassimeres and vestings, all of the finest quality, and selected with the greatest care. Gentlemen desiring fashionable and well made clothing would do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Every garment is warranted to give full satisfaction in fold, price and quality.

GRAHAM & MCCLANDLESS,
Merchant Tailors, No. 73 Smithfield street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attention of our readers is directed to the brilliant assortment of Fall and Winter Goods just received by our friend Mr. John Weler, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock comprises a great variety of Fancy French, English, Scotch and American Cassimeres and Cloths, and fine Silk and Cassimere Vestings,—all of which will be made up to order in the latest style and in the best manner. A choice selection of Furnishing Goods also a hand and for sale, together with a full stock of Ready Made Clothing, well and fashionably made.

CRISTY as ice and pure as snow. The fragrant Sozodont is a scientific composition of the purest and choicest ingredients of the Oriental vegetable kingdom. Every ingredient is well known to have a beneficial effect on the teeth and gums. It removes all disagreeable odors, even that of tobacco. It speedily removes those savages which children sustain in their teeth, owing to improper use of sweet and acid articles, which imperceptibly destroy them.

Sold by druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager ..... WM. HENDERSON.

Engagement, for a few nights only, of the great Tragic Actress, MISS ADA WALLER, who will appear in her unrivalled personation of "Lady Macbeth," with WILLIAM HENDERSON as Macbeth.

THIS (MONDAY) EVENING,

Will be presented, Shakspeare's celebrated Tragedy of MACBETH, KING OF SCOTLAND.

Lady Macbeth ..... Miss Ada Waller.
Macbeth ..... Wm. Henderson.

Fancy Polka, arranged by Prof. De Long, Miss Jennie

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CAIRO & ST. LOUIS.—The fine and splendid side wheel steamer COSTINENZAA, Capt. B. Hutchinson, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on TUESDAY, November 1st, at 4 p m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

REGULAR PACKET FOR PORTSMOUTH.—The fine steamer Jenny Powell, Capt. J. S. Lee, will leave for the above and intermediate ports every MONDAY, at 4 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JAMES DILLINS & CO., Agents,
Wharf boat below Monongahela Bridge.

FOR EVANSVILLE CAIRO & ST. LOUIS.—The fine steamer CITY BEEN, Capt. Stevens, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 4 o'clock, p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, } Agents.

FOR CAIRO, MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The fine new from steamer VANDALIA, Capt Brown, will leave on SATURDAY, Nov. 5th, at 4 o'clock p m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
HOWARD & MASON,
J. FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, } Agents.

MAPS OF THE OIL REGIONS,
VENANGO COUNTY,
OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA.

For sale by KAY & COWPANY,
oct 65 Wood street.

SCRAPS.—A lot of TANNERS' SCRAPS in store and for sale by
E. DALZELL & CO. 85 Liberty street

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

Rebel Wade Hampton Surprised.

A SUCCESSFUL RECONNOISSANCE.

&c., &c., &c.

Special Western Associate Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The papers contain very little in addition to what has been already telegraphed in reference to Grant's recent movement.

The *Herald's* City Point special of the 28th, says: The intention was to turn the enemy's flank, but his cavalry was found to extend some distance in that direction, beyond the line of march of the second corps. It was completely cut in two by the sudden appearance of our infantry. One portion, under Wade Hampton, fell back on their infantry, and the other was compelled to beat a hasty retreat in an opposite direction, and make a wide detour around our advancing column to rejoin its main command. Considerable skirmishing ensued at the crossing of Hatcher's Creek, but no detention was occasioned. Hampton was surprised, and part of his wagon train fell into our hands. Had we arrived twenty minutes earlier we should have had the whole of it as there was no part of the plan to attack any strongly intrenched position.

The expedition partook more of the character of a reconnoissance in force by Hancock's corps and the change and extension of the lines of others than of any real movement for the reduction of any particular point.

During the rain last night we could hear trains on the South Side railroad, whence it is inferred the enemy was reinforcing during the night to oppose our further advance. The whole movement summed up in general is a movement after moving out upon the left, and placing the right where the left originally rested. The army swung upon the right as a pivot and our corps held the right, and hence its advance has been measured by the progress of other corps.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30—The *World's* Army of the James special of the 29th gives the particulars of Butler's movement conjointly with the movement on the South Side Railroad. The 10th and 18th corps moved out of their intrenchments on the night of the 27th and massed behind them on Friday. The two corps moved simultaneously, the 10th corps moved down Darbytown road, beyond the scene of Kautz's last fight. The enemy was struck here, and a fight ensued, which was kept up some time, the doubt being how to create a diversion in favor of the eighteenth corps, which was endeavoring to find the rebel left. It reached it a little past noon. Under the impression that the rebels had been withdrawn from Brooks, Gen. Butler ordered an advance on Crooks, covering the Darbytown road, and soon after he heard firing in the direction of the rebel left. The charge was successful only in developing that the enemy had not drawn so heavily from this point is to materially weaken it. Two regular troops fell back to their former position in line, and Cook's in this quarter were much again captured. The 18th corps on starting struck Kershaw's woods and was moved by it to New Market road, thence to Darbytown road along which they moved north ward, reaching White's tavern. On the road they passed by the rear of the 10th corps and debouched on the Charleston City pike. The cavalry reporting a heavy force in front, Weitzel pushed on still further to the right through White Oak Swamp to the Quaker or Osborn road at the head of the line of battle, and crossed the old line of entrenchments constructed by McClellan in 1862. The advance became engaged at this point with the enemy's skirmishers. Marston then sent out Birney's division with them deployed on the field in front of the rebel works; Marston on the right and Hookman on the left of the road. Holman with a division of colored troops, was held in reserve as a support to the assaulted columns Fairchild's brigade, of Heckman's division, and Chubb's brigade, of Marston's division, made an assault and won. The repulsed enemy displaying in great force inside their works. Holman's colored division had been ordered further to the right, across the Richmond and York River road, occupying a portion of the enemy's works, and capturing two pieces of artillery, but did not bring them off. As soon as the charge was repulsed, orders were given to return to camp. The troops are now in their former position.

FROM THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

Guerrillas Becoming Bold.

REBELS PREPARING FOR AN EXTENSIVE RAID

Conscription of Negroes for the Rebel Army.

&c., &c., &c.

Special Western Associate Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Nothing later from General Grant, than the telegraph to-day.

Despatches from the Shenandoah Valley, represent all quiet.

Guerrillas between Martinsburg and Winchester are very bold, and guards are necessary to protect trains. Persons passing through, report that the rebs are preparing for an extensive raid toward West Virginia.

The *Herald's* New Orleans special says: Governor Allen has already commenced the conscription of negroes for the rebel army. His cavalry are patrolling the country for purposes of enforcing the conscription—they carry off every negro able to bear arms.

Walker's rebel division is reported as having crossed the Mississippi river.

Hurlbut has issued orders, requiring the enrollment of all persons within his lines, between the ages of eighteen and forty five.

General Buckner, commanding the rebel force west of Nashville, has issued an order, requiring all deserters to return to the army, offering free pardon if they return before the first of November.

FROM MISSOURI.

LOSSES IN PRICE'S ARMY.

He is Hard Pressed by Our Forces.

THE COUNTRY FULL OF REBEL STRAGGLERS.

The Policy of Rosecrans.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—Price left three hundred killed and twelve hundred wounded on the field of the late battle. His army is composed of a division of nine brigades, twenty thirty six regiments, averaging four hundred to a regiment, besides a large and irregular force. He was in Jasper county, on Friday, hard pressed by our forces, and had but two pieces of artillery, one of them disabled. The country is full of his stragglers.

General Pick, after a fall conference with General Rosecrans at Gravensburg, has taken his command back to North Missouri, and will immediately recruit and regulate his old district.

It is stated that Rosecrans is determined on a stern policy in this State hereafter.

The rebels have more stringently treated our wounded which have fallen into their hands, invariably leaving them naked with wounds undressed.

Little Rock advices of the 20th say that on the 18th, from fifteen to twenty thousand rebels crossed the Saline river, twenty five miles south of Little Rock, on their way northward. The next morning two reconnoitering parties were sent out, one moving south and the other going west.

CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 30.—A special to the *Gazette* from Knoxville says that Gen. Gillem attacked Vaughn at Morristown to day, and routed him, capturing five pieces of artillery and wounding one hundred prisoners.

Hood attacked Decatur yesterday, last night and this morning, and was handsomely repulsed each time. Granger captured four pieces of artillery, spiking two guns, and capturing one hundred and thirty prisoners.

The rebels are retreating from Decatur, but are reported as having crossed the Tennessee at the mouth of Cypher's Creek.

Rebel prisoners and contrabands report that Beauregard and Hood are both with the army. Hood, in a general order, announced to his men that Sherman's whole army does not exceed twenty-five thousand men.

From Knoxville.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 29.—General Gillem had a fight yesterday with Vaughan's command at Morristown, completely routing him, capturing 167 prisoners, 1 Colonel, 1 Major, 6 Captains, 8 Lieutenants, 5 12-pounders, 1 mountain howitzer. The prisoners and artillery arrived here this evening.

Steamer Captured by Rebels.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—It is now positively announced that the steamer Ike Davis, from New Orleans to Bagdad, was captured by rebel passengers and taken to Brownsville. At the last accounts she was being fitted up as a rebel gunboat. She is one of the fastest steamers in the Gulf.

DEFEAT OF BRECKINRIDGE.

His Army Driven in Confusion.

CAPTURE OF 500 PRISONERS.

Gen. Gillem Pursuing the Flying Rebels.

THEIR KILLED AND WOUNDED IN OUR POSSESSION

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The *Times* has the following special from Washington: General Gillem has just had a sanguinary battle with Breckinridge's forces, in East Tennessee, completely routing and driving in confusion Vaughan's brigade many miles. The fighting was of the liveliest character, our cavalry using their sabres. They captured nearly 500 prisoners, including Col. Ross' commanding brigade. The celebrated McClurg's shell battery was captured, the entire taking of which being one of the most glorious charges of the war. The rebels in their flight threw away their arms and abandoned much property. Their killed and wounded were left in our possession. General Gillem is still in vigorous pursuit.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The *Herald's* correspondence has additional details of the movement below Petersburg, on the 27th. On approaching Chatcher's run, General Keogan's division found the enemy posted on the other side in a line of breastworks. His command was deployed in line of battle, and Smyth's brigade pressed, carrying the breastworks on the other side. The only officer lost, was Colonel Spalter, of the 40 Ohio regiment, shot through the head. The remaining forces then crossed, and advanced, and on reaching a point near the junction of the Boynton road with the Quaker road, the troops being deployed in an open plain, the enemy opened with artillery from right to left. Their batteries were soon silenced on our right. General Crawford, of the fifth corps, at the same time, was engaged sharply. About four p. m. the enemy attacked in force, on our front and right, the object being to break through between the right of Hancock's corps, and the left of Warren's. The assault was repulsed, and we captured 200 prisoners. The advance of the enemy was so sudden, that Metcalf's section of Beck's battery was captured, but were subsequently re-captured, through the exertions of Lieut. Col. Snell, chief commissary on Hancock's staff, and by the aid of some detachment of the 1st Massachusetts and 1st Maine, heavy artillery. At the same time, Major Mitchell, the General's senior aid, recaptured a number of our prisoners, also securing 200 of the enemy. The enemy also made an assault at the same time, on our left, and rear, which were handsomely repulsed. Our losses are estimated at from 700 to 800.

Seymour and the Election Frauds.

SPECIAL COMMISSION SENT TO WASHINGTON

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Oct 29.—Gov. Seymour has appointed a commission, consisting of the Hon. Amasa J. Parker, Hon. Wm. F. Allen and Hon. Wm. Curtis Noyes, of this city, to proceed to Washington to inquire into the conduct of the arrest of Colonel Norton and other citizens of the State of New York, and to take such action as may be necessary to secure a speedy trial, and to vindicate the rights of the State, and at the same time to see that any attempt on the part of any person to prevent the soldiers from voting, or to defraud them of their votes, or to coerce their votes, or induce them to detain or alter the votes already cast by them, be exposed and punished."

(Signed) J. MILLER,
Inspector General State of New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Owing to the storm last night, the proceedings of the frauds on soldiers, could not be transmitted over the wires.

The following is a brief summary of the proceedings:

Donaldson, one of the prisoners, admitted he had signed certain blanks, with the names of C. G. Arthur, Captain and aid de camp, and no others; but claimed it was no crime, as there was a much more aldermanic surface. He also denied the jurisdiction of the commission. Judge Advocate claimed court had jurisdiction, and said the offence was in violation of General Order 279. Court decided it had jurisdiction.

Orkwood, of West Chasey, Clinton county, sworn on part of the government. He was agent of the Union Commission of his county. He had his office in Lock Haven, while on a visit to Fort McHenry, and finally went to Mr. Ferry, State agent, representing himself as a McClellan agent here. He soon learned that he was to assist in procuring votes for the soldiers they were changed for McClellan votes, and he was assured that there was more of this done than he thought. The witness then detailed of the operation of filling up the blanks, etc., a thing was much to amount showing systematic fraud. While in their office two soldiers came in, signed Democratic tickets, and were placed on the Union ticket, which they then deposited in envelopes, but Ferry abstracted the Union and substituted Democratic electoral tickets. Wood then informed the Provost Marshal of the business. A number of letters, etc., seized in Ferry's office for evidence. The letters were all sealed and contain open and improper admission of fraud. The names of Peter Dager, B. Crandell, Sheriff at Albany, and R. Lawcomb, Collector of Internal Revenue, were mentioned in the letters. Judge Advocate, the case of Donahoe was announced as closed, and the room cleared for the Commissioners to deliberate on the facts. Trial of Donaldson was arrived at in an hour; but it goes to the President for approval before being made public. Mr. Newcomb, under oath, made the statement that he was commanded by Gen. Seymour to take votes in Baltimore and Washington. He testified that Wood and Ferry were writing out powers of attorney and proxies at Ferry's office. In some cases he saw officers' names put in at Donahoe's request. He (Newcomb) had the power of attorney, and affidavits, to which Donahoe had signed names. Donahoe made a statement in which he said that what he had done was foolishly done, and he was ignorant of knowledge or idea of the consequences. He appealed to the court to view his case with leniency.

Special Western Associated Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK Gold and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct 29 —Speculators consider the news from Grant as unfavorable. Stocks and Gold consequently show a strong upward tendency. Railroad speculation assumed a firmer tone, and the decline of yesterday afternoon was recovered. Prices lately in the bear interest have turned on the other side and are operating heavily for a rise. Reading, Michigan and Southern, Illinois Centre, Chicago, North Western are stocks in which they are chiefly operating. Gold opened at 2½. By noon it was five per cent above closing rate. The steamers City of Washington and Teutonia took out $2,200 in specie. The Monday market was readily supplied at 7 per cent, exceptional operations at 6 per cent. The rise in gold to-day caused a firmer feeling in the money market. Quotations for Washington Evening Exchange have sold at 220 Sterling.—New York, 131½; Erie, 97½; Hudson 12 ½; Reading, 153; N. Central, 119 ½; Tolledo, 113½; Michigan Central, 91½; N. Western preferred, 79¾; Ohio Central, 37¾; Cumberland, 53½; Quicksilver, 32. The market is very active.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The steamer George Cromwell and Empire City from New Orleans on the 22d, has arrived. Her news is anticipated.

The cotton manufactory of William Cummings, in Jersey city, was burned last night, and the Zinc Smelting foundry was partially destroyed. The loss of each is at least $50,000.

On Thursday night the passengers on the New York & Erie railroad, were attacked and robbed by a gang of rebels near Corning. The rebels had gone to Corning to witness a prize fight. Last night, the chief of Police of Jersey City, learning that they were on their return, made arrangements to arrest them, but on nearing the city, the ruffians burst open the doors, put down the brakes and stopped the cars sufficiently to jump off, and escaped. Ten men, however, were arrested on suspicion of belonging to the gang. Twelve more were arrested on the midnight train, and an examination was had to day. The conductor identified most of them as passengers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The *Commercial Advertiser's* special says: That an officer on Grant's staff writes that the late movement was only a reconnoissance, and a point has been gained which will make the next movement one of the greatest importance, and, it is hoped, of brilliant success. It is now said by Southern papers that Beauregard will not have an active command in the army.

Gen. Bragg has been sent to Wilmington, whereupon the Charleston *Chronicle* exclaims: "Good bye, Wilmington."

Early's artillery, captured by Sheridan, was exhibited on Pennsylvania Avenue to-day.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The *Tribune's* army correspondent from the James, says the Tenth and Eighteenth Corps made a demonstration against Richmond simultaneously with General Grant's movement. The troops now occupy their original position.

The *Tribune's* special, writing from Warren Station Oct. 28 h, says, the movements of the army of the Potomac are over for the present, and our next gain is a mile and a half west and south west added to our extreme left, and our front is thus in within four miles of Petersburg, and enables our guns to fully command the Southside Railroad and Boynton Plankroad from the Weldon Railroad to Petersburg.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26 —The steamer Sophie McLane exploded to-day, killing and wounding a number of persons.

The last of the whaling fleet has arrived here.

The British ship Alhambra sails for Hong Kong with $210 000 in gold. Considerable quantities of California rosin and turpentine are now being exported.

Gen. Curtin's Proclamation in Relation to the New Constitution of Maryland.

Baltimore and the entire Union Radical party have just proclaimed the new Free State Constitution of Maryland. The friends of the measure are honoring the event by a display of bunting. The American has put out an immense flag bearing the inscription, "Free Maryland!"

The Governor's Proclamation concludes as follows: "And whereas, the results of said election have been duly certified to me by the proper judges of said several elections, and upon accurately counting and casting up the votes so returned to me, for and against said constitution, including the soldier's vote aforesaid, it doth appear that there were 30 174 ballots for the New Constitution, and 29 799 against the Constitution, and then 61 blank ballots reported as given against the Constitution, but not counted, the persons offering them refusing to take the oath required by said Constitution; and there being, therefore, of the aggregate votes a majority in favor of the adoption of the said Constitution: Now, therefore, I, Augustus W. Bradford, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the authority so invested in me by said act of Assembly and Constitution aforesaid, do by this my proclamation, declare and make known that the said Constitution and form of Government framed and adopted by a majority of the votes of the State, and that in pursuance of the provision therein contained, the same will go into effect as the proper Constitution and form of Government of this State, superseding the one now existing, on the first day of November next.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, on the 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1864. (Signed) A. W. BRADFORD.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 27.—The Court of Appeals of Annapolis, has affirmed the decision of Judge Martin, in refusing to grant mandamus against the government in relation to the soldiers' vote in the new Constitution.

Rebel News

Special Western Associate Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 —The extra session of the Alabama Legislature called to provide for a more thorough defence of the State, adjourned without accomplishing anything.

The *News* says the only thing the Legislature attempted to, was the increasing of their own salaries for the approaching regular session.

The Mobile *Advertiser* says it refused to do anything to raise men for the support of the Confederate cause or defence of their own State, but they introduced resolutions, which, in all probability, are in favor of our enemy. We believe that a thousand of men in arms against us, could not do a tithe of the injury that these resolutions will do.

The Macon *Confederate* says that the health of Hood's army is excellent, and that straggling has almost entirely ceased.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of the 17th says:—The hostile armies are so strongly intrenched that it would seem sheer madness for either to attack each other in front. In some places they were 4,000, and in other places not over 100 yards apart. They may remain in their respective positions all winter, every morning or evening may bring on a collision.

The *Sentinel* of the 18 h says: It is necessary for the rebel States to be solidly united, and declares that separate negotiations for peace are unconditional, and that nothing could be more fatal.

Foreign News

CAPE RACE, Oct. 29.—The steamship City of Manchester, from Liverpool on the 19th via, Queenstown the 20th, passed this port last night and was intercepted by the news yacht of the Associated Press. The news is four days later.

The commercial failures in England continue.

The Duke of New Castle died on the 18th, just after a protracted illness.

The London *Times* thinks it unchartable to suppose that the Federal accounts just now are made as favorable as possible to suit the political emergency. It deplores the prospects continued war as more melancholy and depressing to the whole world, as presenting the greatest reproaches to mankind.

The grand bazaar, in aid of Southern prisoners was opened at Liverpool on the 18th last, with great success.

Another Suicide has taken place in London. The manager of a bank has killed himself under embarrassment in regard to the affairs of the bank, which are reported to be in a confused state.

There was an increased demand for discount at the bank of England.

Liverpool, Oct 20th—Cotton sales for three days have been about twenty thousand bales. The market closed dull, with a decline of ¼ d.

Breadstuffs—The market is dull. The Provision market is dull and inactive; sugar cellar.

London, Oct 20th.—Consols closed at 88¾ and 88⅞ for money. American Stocks—The latest sales were Illinois Central, 50½; Erie, 40¾ 41½.

The *Herald's* London letter says the leaders in getting up peace addresses are largely interested in rebel loans. The most prominent man has two millions of dollars worth. The same letter says the rebel loan is down to fifty per cent.

Holders of U S. bonds refuse to sell, but are buying largely.

From Cairo and Below.—Twenty-five Men Captured by Guerrillas.

CAIRO Oct. 29—The steamer Belle for St. Louis from Memphis had 44 bales of cotton on board.

It was Maj Beeler, not Bailey, that was killed at Fort Randolph. Out of the 25 persons on the steamer and twenty-five deck hands, who had gone ashore for freight, were left when the boat pushed out, and were captured by guerrillas. Two guerrillas were killed by Paymaster Beeler and a Mr. Smith.

The Memphis *Bulletin*, of the 27th, says it is reported that the rebel leaders in West Tennessee are exceedingly active. They have established railroad and telegraphic communication between Corinth and Jackson. They are conscripting every person capable of bearing arms, including old men and boys, and sending them to Corinth. Our pickets are skirmishing on the road, and report that the rebels have mounted guns, and are about every post in West Tennessee. Outside our lines, they seize stock of all kinds, household goods, &c.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 29.—Of the reported fight at Decatur, Ala., on Thursday afternoon, and the repulse of the rebels by our forces, there are no particulars.

It is rumored in Nashville that Hood is again throwing his army in Sherman's rear.

Rumors are prevalent here that Paducah is again threatened by a large force of rebels. Gen. Meredith is making extensive preparations for its defence.

Six of Murdy's gang entered the stables of R. A. Alexander, in Woodford county, on Thursday afternoon, and stole six of his best horses, when he, with a party of his neighbors, pursued them, exchanging several shots, and forced them to abandon the booty. The gang still have possession of the celebrated Asteroid. Mr. Alexander offers $1,000 for the return of the Asteroid and $5,000 for the capture of Mundy.

Special Western Associated Press Dispatch.

The Canadian Convention.

QUEBEC, Oct. 28—The Conference has ended, and everything succeeded. A report of the Conference, embodying resolutions is to be revised at Montreal. The Governors of the various Provinces to be appointed by the Confederate Government by whom their salaries are paid. It is reported that the laws of the local legislatures are to be subject to the approval of the confederate Government. The definition of the powers of Parliament is provisionally fixed as five years; the property qualification of members of Assembly to remain as now; franchises are not to be altered for the present. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick may construct their sections of inter colonial railroad at once if they do not wish to wait till the Confederation is completed. It was decided that the North West Territory, British Columbia and Vancouver, should be admitted if they desired it.

Official from Gen Kelly.

WHEELING, Oct. 30.—The following dispatch was received at a late hour last night:

CUMBERLAND, Oct. 29.—*Gen A. P. Boreman*—The garrison at Beverly, composed of a detachment of the 5th Ohio cavalry, in command of Lieut. Col. Yarell, was attacked this morning at daylight, by Maj Hill, with three hundred and fifty rebels. Maj. Hill belonged to Imboden's Command. After two hours hard fighting, the rebels were repulsed and routed, with a loss of one hundred and fifteen prisoners, fifteen killed, and a large number wounded. Among the latter, is Major Hill, who is mortally wounded, and a prisoner in our hands. Our loss is seven killed and twenty-one wounded, including Lieut. Peck killed, and Major Rowe wounded. The rebels returned to the mountains.

B. F. KELLY, Brevet Maj. Gen.

Rebel News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The Richmond