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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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Reading Matter from Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

Southern Comments on Jeff Davis's Speech at Macon:

The speech delivered by Davis at Macon (Ga.) which we published a few days ago, is bitterly criticised by the Southern papers. The Montgomery (Ala.) *Mail* speaks of it as follows:

We have not little to say that the speech of the President at Macon is not such as the public had a right to expect from Mr. Davis at this critical juncture of our affairs. The feast the President says about the late campaign in Georgia is the letter. He has shocked the country and the army already enough by what has transpired under his direction to spare them a defence of his policy. The evidence accumulates that had Johnston been allowed the command of the army of the Tennessee at Atlanta or had not only have been saved, but Sherman's hosts would have been destroyed. In the very pinch of his campaign, in the very hottest time of the victory, the President, without one word of warning or reconstruction, removed "that old and skillful general" from the army. Sherman, in his report of his operations, before Atlanta, prideth the reader with the secret.

These periodical interferences of the President are fast bringing us to grief, sapping the confidence of both people and army in his wisdom in removals, and in a manner, paving the way for what we shudder to reflect upon. His visits to the West are usually the precursor of disaster. His consultation with Bragg and Johnston in 1862, ended in the latter ordering the whole disposable mass of men to Vicksburg, against the protest of these Generals, lost us the battle of Murfreesboro', and the destruction of Rosecrans' army. His visit in 1863 divided Bragg's army in front of Grant at Chattanooga, by sending Longstreet with 25,000 thousand men on a strategic errand to Knoxville, perpetrated the terrible disaster of Missionary Ridge, where the Army of Tennessee came to grief, and was flanked.

The President is again on his travels to confer with the Generals. May God deliver us this time from the dispensation which the past teaches us to anticipate.

The Lynchburg *Virginian* contains the following:

Some portions of the speech of the President, delivered at Macon, are unworthy of him, and give a coldness to what had been a warm temper. His covert allusions to the great soldier he disgraced, so far as his official action could offend that end, are indelicate, ill-timed, and reprehensible. They are not in keeping with the dignified silence of the man who has not, so far as the public know, uttered one word of complaint. It may be difficult even for the President to make a majority of his fellow-citizens believe "Old Joh nston was incapable of fighting an honest and manly blow for Atlanta." Many "an honest" and many "a manly blow" did he give, as the forty-five thousand Yankee killed on our lines in October, in the unsuccessful assaults could testify. But let this pass.

If we were disposed to act the censor further, we might add that the term "scoundrel," as applied to Rabbi who had misrepresented the President's official action, must have fallen strangely upon the ears of a large audience of ladies and gentlemen assembled in a church, to hear the highest civil dignitary in the land administer upon public topics and the state of the country.

The announcement by the President that two-thirds of the army are absent from the field—the most of them without leave—with taking the country by surprise, What, could not these men accomplish now if they were in the line of duty.

Heavy Mercantile Failures in England.

There appears to be quite a serious financial excitement in England, and some heavy mercantile failures are occurring. The London *Times*, of the 23th ult., remarks:

"The suspension has been announced this day of Messrs. Turck, Barclay & Co., an old and respectable firm in the East India Trade. The total liabilities are about $140,000 to $120,000; but the amount to rank upon the estate, will it is said, probably not exceed £25,000. The difficulty is believed to have arisen from the firm having accepted drafts of Calcutta correspondents whose remittances were not of the full value represented."

The suspension has also been announced of Messrs. E. Yeger & Co., commission merchants in the Spanish trade, with liabilities of limited amount.

The Leeds *Mercury* mentions an additional failure—that of Mr. J. Clapham—but states that the liabilities are not large; also, that the district generally is said to continue to transact business, including several others, not necessary to name, our friends need of once reorganized if they could be sure of other moneyed friends to help them."

But what words of gratitude and joy shall we utter for Indiana and Ohio, especially for Indiana? They have done a better work than Pennsylvania, and we give them full and candid credit for it. While it is in Pennsylvania that the greenbacks spent most of their money, under a personal lead of Mr. Belmont, making of this "a money crisis," yet it cannot be denied that any made a most bitter and persistent assault upon Indiana. Nobly, under the lead of her able and fearless Governor Morton, have the Union legions resisted this onset; and let them in all case be honored for it.

The October verdicts of these three great States ratify the Presidential question. Mr. Lincoln is elected. He is filled who doubts or possesses this great and wholesome fact. They will repeat their decision in November, and this is, as it will be done beyond peradventure, why should our enemies attempt to stem the irresistible torrent?—*Phila. Press.*

Yesterday's Results in Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Ohio.

That a substantial victory was achieved yesterday by the Union forces in Pennsylvania on the home vote, is beyond controversy. It must not be forgotten that we have made up our estimate upon the vote of the straight Democratic ticket, when Governor Curtin was elected, by a majority of 15,335, and upon a reasonable estimate, from 12,000 to 20,000 soldiers cast at least two-thirds of whom supported Curtin. Yesterday we had forty or more of these men voting in their regular election precincts. *The thousands who did throw their ballots home are not yet* on record. Under the law of the last legislature, the return of the soldiers' vote must be made by the election officers in the various camps, and hospitals to the Prothonotaries of the respective counties, which, however, are required to be published for some days. This vote is estimated variously at from 30,000 to 40,000, of which at least two-thirds, judging by the intelligence already received, will go for the Union candidates.

We think, therefore, the Union majority on the home and soldiers' vote will be at least 35,000. When it is recollected, that we fought under the most dreaded disadvantages, it is not a reasonable estimate. It is more apparent when we remember that *not* have carried such branches of the Legislature, and passed at least two members of Congress; and with the soldiers' vote we shall certainly elect, by 25,000 or 30,000 more. When the Union vote has fallen off heavily, as in Lancaster, Erie, Chester, and forth, this is to be attributed to the enormous proportion of Union men in the army. But the home vote is to be added to the soldiers' vote, including several others, not necessary to name, our friends need of once reorganized if they could be sure of other moneyed friends to help them.

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The Davenport *Gazette* says that 1500 of the rebel prisoners confined on Rock Island have recently enlisted in the service of the United States. They are to be sent to the northwest territories to take part in operations against the hostile Indians. At present they are separated from their fellow-prisoners, one of whom manifest much hatred towards an hostilities they have volunteered.

The Washington *Republican* states that about two inches of snow fell at Strasburg and vicinity last Saturday, rendering the ground difficult in the valley of the Shenandoah.

Col. Gallupe's Regiment in a skirmish—List of Casualties.

Colonel Gallupe's Artillery Regiment has had some severe skirmishing with guerrillas on the Manassas Gap Railroad, and two have been killed, several wounded, and quite a number taken prisoners. The skirmishing took place on the 5th, 6th and 7th inst., between Salem and Rectortown, on the above named railroad. The following is a complete list of the casualities:

Company A.—Missing—Austin Wooster, A. R. Hosier, Charles Fogle.

Company D.—Wounded—Lieut David Hutson, in thigh; Corporal Joseph Hutson, right shoulder.

Missing—First Lieutenant John B. Hay, Sergeant George Fleming, Sergeant Joseph Hutson, Corporal Peter Beaupla, Corporal John Luther, Corporal John Hickman, Michael Berry, Lloyd Boyer, Sylvester Orum, Christian Dorris, Conrad Kleinsmyser, Geo. Fisher, David Forbes, John Kemple, Jacob Hornor, Harry Hornor, Reuben Hofman, T. J. Hughes, Adam Kemery, Samuel Kern, John L. ck, William Latmer, Anthony Miller, William Mowery, Ferdinand Newhill, Edward Page, John Peterson, John Statman, C. S Rosbon, John Smith, George Weir, William Young.

Company F—Killed—Samuel Albert. Wounded—Alex. H. Peebles, slight, concussion on the head. Missing—Lieut George Miltenberger, Timothier Gowan, Eph. Bricner, J. B. Barry, Roland Curtin, Samuel McKee, Samuel Owens, Joseph Porter, John Wents.

Company G—John Lehner, in hand, thumb amputated.

Company I—Missing—William Jamison, Jacob, Kuhn, Patrick Garvin, George Stitt.

Company L—Killed———— Glenn. Wounded—S. W. Downs, leg, slight; George Lents, in ankle, by solid shot, leg amputated; doing well.

Company M—Wounded—William M'Cracken, struck on the head with a shell.

A Soldier's Testimonial to a Soldier.

The following brief but touching tribute to the memory of the late Capt. Parke, is from the pen of Lieutenant Colonel Young, now commanding the gallant Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry:

CITY POINT, Va., Oct. 1st, 1864.

My Dear Sir:—On my arrival at City Point to-day, I heard the melancholy announcement of the death of your son, Captain Frank Parke. To say that the announcement caused me much pain, would ill express the feeling I then experienced—my heart was borne down with grief. One so young, so noble, so gallant, cut down in the midst of a promising career, his death has cast a gloom over all, and caused a void in our midst that can never be filled.

"Old tears upon his funeral bier,
Fall such as manner can't."

An association of the most pleasant character, of more than three years with your son, has compelled me to feel for your son the most cherished friendship. Brave to a fault, of spotless character, of an unbridled integrity, I can safely say of him, that like the Chevalier Bayard of old, he was

"Sans fear, et reproche."

Allow me to sympathize with you in your terrible bereavement, and to convey to you the heartfelt sorrow of all who were honored with the friendship of your lamented son.

No purer patriot, no nobler soul, has been sacrificed during the present war, on the altar of our common country. Convey to your family, the testimonial of the love and regard that your son deserves at our hands; and in the name of the officers and men of the 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry, I tender to you the universal sympathy of all who were honored with the acquaintance of Captain Frank Parke.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. B. M. YOUNG,
Lt. Col. Commanding, 4th Penna. Cavalry.

City Election Yesterday.

THE ELECTION.—The following is the unofficial report of the vote cast in Philadelphia for the respective candidates:

First Congressional District, S. J. Randall, Democrat, has a majority of 2184 over Butler, Union.

Second Congressional District, G. O'Neill, Union, has a majority of 4047 over W. M. Riley, Democrat.

Third Congressional District, L. Myers, Union, elected by a majority of 5021 over Buckwalter, Democrat.

Fourth Congressional District gives Kelley a majority of 3369 over Northrop, Democrat.

Fifth Congressional District—with Banks County, gives Thayer, Union, a small majority.

County Officers.—Sheriff, H. C. Howell, Union, elected by a majority of 7675.

Register of Wills, F. M. Adams, Union, elected by a majority of 7563.

Clerk of the Orphan's Court, E. A. Merrick, Union, elected by a majority of 7523.

Receiver of Taxes, C. O'Neill, Union, elected by a majority of 7556.

City Commissioner, T. Dixon, Union, elected by a majority of 7579.

City Councils—The Unionists have elected ten Select Councilmen to two Democrats, and eighteen members of Common Council to seven Democratic and one Independent member.—*Phila. Ledger.*

The London Times on Our Judiciary.

Our judiciary have received a handsome compliment from a quarter least expected to pay it. The London *Times* praises the fairness and exhibits the impartiality shown by an American court in delivering Mullet to the British authorities. It says:

"While Lord Russell has declined to intervene on behalf of the Georgia, the government of the United States has justified the confidence of the English public by ordering the immediate extradition of Frank Muller. It was such a delightful that the evidence might be incomplete, or that some technical point might be raised to procure delay, as suggested by Rogbuck in the issue of the proceedings at New York. Whatever may be said against American politics, and even against the conduct of the American Judges when they merge their proper character in that of politicians, no well-informed person would venture to speak disparagingly of American tribunals. Acting in their judicial capacity, American jurists have merited and obtained a very high place among legal authorities, and the present Attorney General has more than once taken occasion to cite, with the utmost respect, their decisions on international questions."

An Extraordinary Begging Letter.

The *Messenger des Midi*, states that Baron de Rothschild pockets as the most voluminous collection of begging letters that any financier ever received. They form a complete satire. Among the number is one lately addressed to the Baron, containing the very tempting proposition that for the bagatelle of 50,000f. the writer would engage to show how he could prolong his life to the age of one hundred and fifty years. The following is the Baron's reply: "Sir—It had frequently happened to me to be threatened with death if I did not give a sum of money. You are certainly the first that has ever asked for it in consequence of proving my life. Your proposition is, without doubt, far better and more humane. But my religion teaches me that we are all under the hand of God, and I will not do anything to withdraw myself from his decrees. My refusal, however, does not in any way debar you from discovering the secret which you offer, and I hope, to profit yourself. Regretting that I cannot accede to your proposal, I sincerely congratulate you on the one hundred and fifty years which you are called on to live in this world.—Accept, &c., J. DE ROTHSCHILD."

The Vote at Camp Reynolds.

The following is the return of the soldiers' vote in Camp Reynolds, on Tuesday, for members of Congress:

	O. "A" P. D. M.		Co. "B" P. D. M.
21st Dist.	Collins	26	Fuller	9
	Denison	10	Dawson	5
22d Dist.	Moorhead	8	Moorhead	6
	Hopkins	3	Hopkins	1
	Williams	3	Williams	3
23d Dist.	Lawrence	8	Lawrence	7
	Lemar	2	Lemar	2
			20th Dist. Lewis	3
Total Union vote to camp		71		36
Democratic		14		3

Besides this from fifty to sixty Union votes were cast at Wilkinsburg by the soldiers, making from 125 to 130 Union votes.

The Soldiers' Pennsylvania Soldiers.

The following are the returns of Pennsylvania soldiers voting in Washington city:

	Union.	Cop.
Douglas Hospital	57	2
Carroll Barracks prin	52	4
Co. M, 150th Penna volunteers	46	1
Camp Stevenson and Glenbrook	117	34
Soldiers Rest	44	1
Campbell Hospital	66	1
Lincoln, (reported)	220	5
Clifburn and Carver Hospitals	119	60
Nevins Battery	54	19
Camp Fry	100	8
Total	843	129

Trouble in Blair County—Resistance to the Provost Guard by Draftee Men—One of them Killed.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Oct. 11.—In Juniata township, this morning, some provost guards attempted to arrest some men who were drafted last summer, and did not report the matters for duty. The men, however, had come to the polls armed with rifles, and a fight ensued, in which the deserters were worsted, and one of them was killed. A citizen who interfered in his behalf was severely wounded.

On the Wing, or Love.—A wedding party passed through Wheeling, on Tuesday, in hot haste, to West Alexander, Pa., where, on their arrival, two of the party were united in the bonds of matrimony, "for better or for worse." The impatient lovers, the bridal dame their "natural parents," were Henry Edwards, of Fakersburg, and Miss Robinett, of Grafton.

FROM GEN. BUTLER'S ARMY.

Our Works at Dutch Gap Shelled.

INTERVIEW BETWEEN BUTLER AND CONFEDERATE OFFICERS.

Reconnoisance to Dinwiddie Court House.

FRIDAY'S FIGHT AND BATTLE FIELD.

EXTRACTS FROM REBEL PAPERS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The *Tribune's* special, dated Headquarters Army of the James, Oct. 10th, says: Unbroken quiet prevails through our entire lines to-day, except that the enemy has been unusually active in shelling our works at Dutch Gap, without effect, however, for upwards of an hour. Late this afternoon, heavy cannonading was heard in the direction of Petersburg. We are not apprised what it amounted to.

Last night Richmond Confederate Government officials, one a clerk in the Second Auditor's and the other in the Comptroller's office, came into our lines with their markets, after being rallyed from picket duty, and have had a protracted interview with Gen. Butler since their arrival.

The work at Dutch Gap is progressing favorably.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The *Tribune's* correspondent with Butler writes: The evidences of exhaustion and disorganization in the rebel army seem greatly on the increase. Over fifty deserters came within these lines during the day, reporting extensive dissatisfaction among those left behind.

Six of the crew of the iron clad Virginia arrived this morning, and with the others will at once be sent North.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—The *Times'* City Point special of the 10th says: A reconnoissance in force yesterday of the entire 5th corps, 2d division of the 9th corps, and 3d corps, moved in three parallel columns up West Halifax, Virgin and Darbytown roads. Prince's division of the 5th took ground in front of the Pegram House. Wilcox's division went up Church road to Dinwiddie Court House, gained a line of works, and pushed on to Boydton plank road within a mile of the South Side Railroad. Lee moved a heavy column from Richmond, and we fell back to an intrenched position at sunset.

An official estimate of the losses in the recent fight, gives 256 men killed, wounded and prisoners, and 150 horses and eight guns lost.

The flag of truce boat New York, leaves Varina Landing this morning with 750 sick and wounded soldiers bringing down from Richmond yesterday, bound to Annapolis, thence on furlough home. Among the officers are three belonging to colored regiments. During the trip Col. Mulford has received 1,400 men, and will bring back a boat load of rebels and change for them. The exchange business has been conducted at Coe's Landing, near Dutch Gap. The work just completed by the 5th and 6th corps are most admirable for strength and position.

SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY FIGHT.

One of the Most Complete Victories Ever Won.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The *World's* correspondent with Sheridan says of the last victory over the rebel cavalry: The victory was one of the most complete ever won. Among the guns captured was the famous Baltimore battery, with its gunners. The prisoners captured were mostly of the first class in the rebel army, some of them hale, hearty and brave men, who carried their comrades for cowardice. Among them are several officers.

A serious affray took occurred in the middle of the pursuit. One of our cavalrymen galloping up with sabre drawn, alongside of two rebel officers, ran one instantly and cut well dressed, called on the latter to surrender. He proved to be the Captain of the battery. His companion, who escaped, was Gen. Semak.

Flight of Ex-Governor Pease, of Texas.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 12.—Gen. Hodge's command repulsed.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 12.—Gen. Hodge, of Washburne's command, with 2,500 infantry and a battery of four guns, on board three transports, convoyed by two gunboats, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the 10th instant, met the enemy under General Forrest at Eastport, with two batteries in position, and was repulsed with a loss of twenty killed and twenty-six wounded and missing. All the men of the Sharpsburg were lost, and two transports disabled. Two soldiers were burned by the explosion of Forrest's shells. Forrest is supposed to have crossed the river. Hodge with the balance of his force reached Johnsonville. River eight feet on the shoals and falling.

From Texas.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—New Orleans advices say: General Canby has ordered Quartermasters forward to Texas with clothing and medicine. A Commissioner has discharged with the rebel Commissioners of Exchange for 3,450 of our soldiers now in Camp Ford, including naval prisoners. Last week's stores ordered by Gen. Canby were forwarded, consisting of complete outfits for 1,200 men, including blanket and haversack, 400 canteens, 60 axes and axe halves. Medicines were also forwarded.

The Rumored Cabinet Changes.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—A special to the *Tribune* from Washington, under date of Oct. 12th, says: General Banks is still in town, but it is said to be uncertain as to his future movements. A rumor continues to subsist that Mr. Dana is also in the cabinet. Mr. Dana is also placed in the same category on the same authority, but those most likely to know discredit any further change during Mr. Lincoln's present term.

The Indiana Election.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 12.—Forty-five counties give a Union majority of over 20,000. The balance to be heard from will increase the majority probably 5,000 more. There is a small Union majority in both branches of the Legislature. Congress is all Union, except the 1st, 2d and 7th districts. The two latter are doubtful, claimed by both parties.

THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

The State Undoubtedly Union.

HOME VOTE MAJORITY PROBABLY 3,000.

The Reported Democratic Gains Considerably Reduced.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—We have reported majorities for 43 counties, showing a Union majority of 8,772. In the remaining 23 counties, the vote last year gave a Union majority of 2 843, making a total apparent Union majority of 10,515. If we allow a total falling off of the Union vote of 8,000 in the counties to be heard from, there will still be a Union majority on the home vote slope of 2,515.

The *Age* claims a gain of 20,000 on Curtin's vote, and that the Democrats will have a majority on the home vote, of 5,000. A footing up of the table of the reported Democratic gains, shows a total so far, of 14,232 in forty-eight counties.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—In the 13th Congressional district Luzerne county gives 1,600 Democratic majority, before reported 2,000. The Republicans claim the election of Ketchum to Congress by the soldiers' vote.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—While the *Tribune* says of the Pennsylvania election that there is a prospect of a small Union majority on the home vote, but it may be the other way, the *World* does not make any claim to the State whatever. It has a dispatch from Philadelphia, dated Oct. 12, which says the Democrats have certainly carried the State by from 6,000 to 10,000 majority on the home vote.

From New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The Cahawba, from New Orleans on the 8th, has arrived.

The Louisiana Legislature is in session.

The Mobile *Tribune* is agitating the subject of employing slaves as soldiers.

There is no military news.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

A Quiet Election.

It has been the subject of general remark that the late election was the most quiet and orderly ever held in this city. The fact is certainly a very gratifying one to every good citizen; and it affords us pleasure to state that the credit belongs mainly to his honor, Mayor Lowry, whose police arrangements were so admirably planned and so efficiently carried out. The entire police force was ordered on duty at eight o'clock, with instructions to suppress the first symptoms of disorder at the polls. Any person acting in a disorderly manner, was to be taken away at once; and if under the influence of liquor, arrested on the spot, either by the officer or by some of his friends. The Mayor, knowing how liable even some staid and quiet citizens are to become excited in the heat of political conflicts, determined to, if possible with them, and not make arrests, but place them in the hands of their friends. The plan worked admirably, and very few arrests were necessary. There, however, who persisted in violating the law, and cause about the polls after being once sent away, were to be locked up. It is remarkable that on Wednesday morning, there were but four cases in the lock-up for trial, and eight that of those had been in day-way concerned in the election. The ordinary morning levees are usually attended by from fifteen to twenty cases, and in times of excitement, as many as thirty or forty are found in the cells.

The officers were faithful in the discharge of their duties at the polls, and they were heartily seconded in their efforts by every good citizen. The Mayor, too, with an eye to the good order and reputation of the city, which does credit to him as an officer, took occasion to visit all the polls at frequent intervals during the day, so that he could know for himself how matters were progressing. The election was a quiet one, and there is every reason to congratulate ourselves that the arrangements of Mayor Lowry were so successful.

Court of Quarter Sessions

THURSDAY, Oct. 13.—Before Judges: Lowe and Brown.

In the case of Samuel Frick, before reported, the jury found a verdict of not guilty, but ordered the defendant to pay the costs.

George and Mary Doughtery were arraigned on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Hannah Mackenzie. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, and ordered each party to pay half the costs.

Ann Jane Clements was brought out of prison and arraigned on a charge of larceny of a silk dress from Mrs. Whalen. This girl had visited the house of the prosecutrix, on Penn street, on pretence of desiring an opportunity to change her clothing, and was shown into a room where such could be found. After she had done, the dress was missed. As the girl was an entire stranger to Mrs. Whalen, the dress was given up as lost, but on seeing the notice of the arrest of Ann Jane Clements, for the larceny of a large lot of clothing from Mr. Diffenbacher, of Allegheny, she visited the jail to see the girl, and not only recognized her but found the stolen dress on her person. After information had been made, and a demand made for the dress, the defendant, rather than give it up in good condition, tore it into pieces, and in this condition it was produced in court. The prosecutrix testified to the circumstances of the defendant's visit to her house, and swore positively that the dress was hers, and that she had had it for eight years. The accused made no defence, and the jury found a verdict of guilty.

Court took a recess until two o'clock.

Arrest of Pickpockets.

Major Lowry, having learned that several pickpockets had arrived in the city, and intended operating at the Central Railroad depot, resolved to gain watch on them, and nip their operations in the bud. A force of four men was sent to the depot last night, with instructions to keep a sharp lookout for these light-fingered gentry. The officers, with one exception, kept in the back ground until the passengers began to visit the ticket office. Close on the heels of two of the passengers were two suspicious individuals, whom the officer had spotted, and it was not long until one of these was observed to abstract his hand into the pocket of a man who was about to purchase a ticket. The officers "in ambush" were then signaled to come forward, and both of the chevaliers were in custody before they were aware that the officers had their eyes on them. They were taken entirely by surprise. They gave their names as Robert Gallagher and James Cook, and hail from Cincinnati and Cairo, Illinois. One of the men who had his hand in the man's pocket. This man informed the officer that he had between thirty-five and forty dollars in his pocket book, but we imagine that he would not have kept it long, had not these fellows been nabbed. They were committed to jail to answer a charge of attempted robbery.

AN IMPROVED RAILROAD CAR.—Mr. Edward Burke, of Philadelphia, has invented an improvement in a railroad car, by which, in case of accident, all the car doors will be thrown open and a self-acting arrangement which severs as soon as a collision occurs. The car door, in this arrangement, are on the sides of the cars, and a lever, running along the length of the car, opens each door as soon as the collision occurs. The design of the improvement is to prevent persons being turned to death in the cars when a fire occurs from collision.

NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW.—The August number of the North British Review has just been received by W. A. Gildersleeve, 46 Fifth street. The contents are "Wordsworth, the Man and the Poet;" "Todhaker's History of the Crimean War;" "H. H. Wilson's Apology;" "Education as Public Schools;" "Russia under Alexander II;" "The Scotch Lawyer of the Seventeenth Century;" Berkeley's Theory of Vision;" "Tennyson's Enoch Arden."

SAILED.—Captain J. R. Bowlen, formerly Inspector of Naval Ordnance at this place, sailed from Boston one day last week, with the two turreted Monitor, Monadnock, on coast service. She carries two fifteen inch guns, made at the Fort Pitt Works, and no doubt but that are long we shall hear of something from her worthy of mention.

DEATHS OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS.—The following Pennsylvania soldiers died in the hospital at Washington on the 10th instant:

Marcus Edwards, Co. O, 2d Heavy Artillery.
James W. Grant, O, 5th Heavy Artillery.
Robert J. Badger, D, 6th Heavy Artillery.
David Pinkell, E, 13th Cavalry.

HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.—The house and lot on the west side of Middle alley, beginning forty-seven feet above Barnett alley, Second ward, Allegheny, will be sold by A. Loppitz, Auctioneer, on Saturday next, at 10 o'clock. Lot 25 by 100.

ESPEN ADAMS.—Rowe is one of Mr. Adams' best efforts, and on this is the last night of Conkeite's comedy of "Wild Oats," we cannot impress too forcibly upon all lovers of comedy the importance of an early attendance at the Theatre.

J. C. HARRISON, a well known merchant of Wheeling, died suddenly in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, of pleurisy.

OILS, &c.

BRILLIANT OIL CO.—Books of Subscription to the BRILLIANT OIL Co. will be opened at the Banking House of HART & HART & CO., on 3d Third and Wood streets, on

Monday, August 8th, 1864.

Pamphlets containing a description of the property held by the Company can be had at the same place, on and after the 4th of August. 1y30:tf

BONDED WAREHOUSE OF

Phenix Warehousing Company,

FOOT OF BALTIMORE & HARRISON STS., BROOKLYN.

For storage of

REFINED PETROLEUM,

In Tanks and Barrels. [See Circular.]

Office, No. 95 BEAVER STREET, New York. oct8:1y5

JOHN T. WALLACE. WILLIAM CURTIS.

WALLACE & CURTIS,

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And dealers in

CRUDE & REFINED PETROLEUM,

BENZINE AND LUBRICATING OILS.

No. 124 *SOUTH WHARVES, PHILADELPHIA.*

Storage capacity (under cover,) for 15 000 barrels. Also excellent facilities for shipping to American and Foreign ports, at our wharf on the Schuylkill River, near the platform of the P. R. R. oct5:ly

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