The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING....SEPT. 7, 1864.

OUR ADVERTISING RATES.

STANDING MATTER.

	Daily. 1 sqr	Daily. 2 sqrs	Daily. 3 sqrs	3 times a week. 1 sqr	3 times a week. 2 sqrs	3 times a week. 3 sqrs	2 times a week. 1 sqr	2 times a week. 2 sqrs
One time	$ 1 75	$ 2 50	$ 3 00	$ 2	$ 3	$ 3	$ 2	$ 3
Two times	1 25	1 75						
Three times	1 50	2 25						
A week	1 90	3 00	3 15					
Two weeks	2 25	4 00	4 50					
Three weeks	2 50	5 00	6 00	1 75	2 25	3 00	1 75	2 25
One month	3 50	6 50	8 50	2 50	3 50	4 50	2 50	3 50
Two months	4 25	8 00	10 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	3 00	4 00
Three months	6 00	9 50	12 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	4 00	5 00
Six months	8 00	15 00	20 00	5 00	7 00	8 00	5 00	7 00
One year	12 00	20 00	30 00	7 00	10 00	12 00	7 00	10 00

CHANGEABLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

For one square, changeable one time each week, confined to the immediate business of the advertiser. All larger advertisements in exact proportion:

	Daily.	3 times a week	2 times a week	1 time a week.
One month	$ 9 25	$6 00	$ 4 75	$ 3 00
Three months	17 20	11 45	8 60	5 00
Six months	26 00	19 00	15 75	10 50
One year	40 00	28 00	24 50	14 00

☞ Plat notices double the above rates.

Death notices, each insertion	50 cents.
Marriage notices	75 "
Steamboat advertisements, per trip	$2 00
Executors' or Administrators' notices	2 75

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Coal Stocks.

The mining of coal, whether by individual enterprise or by stock companies, is a most safe, enduring and profitable business. But the coal, in order to be profitably worked, must be of good quality and eligibly located. These two paramount advantages are possessed, in an eminent degree, by the Mingo Coal Company, recently organized in this city, and whose advertisement appears in another column. This company owns seven hundred and fourteen acres of good coal land, and has a capital stock of $300,000—12,000 shares at $25 per share. The land is located on the third pool of the Monongahela Slackwater, about a mile and a half below Monongahela City, and is always accessible for boats except when obstructed by ice. The river front is from one-quarter to three-eighths of a mile in extent, and the depth of water is ample at all times. In addition to these excellent facilities for working the mines, the company owns forty-eight houses, on the premises, suitable for miners, which guarantees to the company regular and reliable workmen. It is estimated that with the facilities at hand, at least 1,500,000 bushels of coal per annum can be mined, and placed in the different markets. Coal was sold last week, in Cincinnati market, at a profit of ten cents per bushel, afloat. Allowing that this company sold at a profit of five cents per bushel, just one half of the amount now being realized, it will be seen at once that a very handsome profit would be netted, and that even at this reduced figure the company could pay a dividend on the stock at par value of *twenty-five* per cent., or about 41 per cent. on the stock, estimating that $15 per share, the price at which the company propose to sell a very limited number of shares. But placing the probable profits at the still lower figure of 5½ cents per bushel, it would still leave a dividend of 12½ per cent. in par value, or about 20 per cent. on the stock at the fifteen dollars. Of course much depends upon the manner in which the affairs of the company are managed, and on this point the character of the officers of the Mingo Coal Company will form a sufficient guarantee to those in this community who wish to invest. It is *emphatically* a business company, formed for business purposes, and there cannot be a shadow of doubt about the investment proving satisfactory and profitable to all concerned. But read the advertisement in another column.

The Subsistence Committee.

We extract the following from the report of the Subsistence Committee for the months of July and August: "At City Hall meals have been furnished to 24,150 soldiers who have passed through our city east and west. At the Soldiers' Home, 8,691 soldiers have been fed and 13,285 furnished with lodging, making 24,117 during the past two months. Over three-fourths of these were entertained at the Soldiers' Home, were sick and wounded and required medical care and attention. To attend to their wants, and supply them with such articles as they required, has involved a large outlay of money. And as there will be during the coming months a larger number of sick passing through our city, the Committee ask their friends for a continuation of the liberality which they have shown in the past. The expenses during the past two months have been $7,940. Transportation has been furnished to forty one sick and wounded soldiers. Fifty-three have been sent to the United States General Hospital. Three have died at the Home, the bodies of which have been forwarded to their friends."

A Correction.

We inadvertently stated yesterday that the death of Miss Addie T. Miller, of Allegheny, was caused by chloroform inhaled to deaden the pain attendant upon a dental operation. James Miller, Esq., the father of the young lady, hands us the following note in relation to the matter:

EDITORS GAZETTE—I see a local item in your paper to-day, headed "Another death from Chloroform?" I would esteem it a favor if you would stop talking and giving information, to be sure first they are telling the truth.

My daughter, Addie T. Miller, did take some chloroform from Mr. Spencer, of this city, eight (8) weeks since, which did not affect her health. She left home two weeks ago last Thursday to visit her friends in Washington, in good health. On the first of last week she was attacked by a bilious disease, which caused her death on Saturday last, at 4 o'clock P. M. All papers that have referred to this matter, will please make the above correction.

JAMES MILLER.

A Bounty Jumper Arrested.

A colored man named David A. Croxton, who entered the Navy some months since as a substitute for a gentleman of Temperanceville, was arrested on Monday night, by Detective John H. Barber, and delivered over to the Provost Marshal. Croxton arrived in this city on Saturday last, purchased a suit of citizen's clothing, and announced to his friends that it was his intention to remain in the city. On Saturday evening, Croxton, while in a drinking saloon on Market street, near Third, was recognized by officer Barber, who immediately arrested him. While on the road to the Provost Marshal's office, Croxton made an attempt to escape, but the officer was too quick for him. He was placed in the guard house, and will be forwarded to the receiving ship at Philadelphia to-day.

Allegheny Mayor's Office.

Yesterday, David Goodfellow was arraigned before Mayor Alexander on a charge of acting disorderly during the previous night, at the Emmett Hotel, on Federal street. He was fined $5 and costs, and was committed in default of payment. Edward Henry and wife, residents of the Third Ward, were arrested on complaint of their neighbors, for disorderly conduct. They were released upon the payment of a fine of two dollars each and costs. Charles Conway wished to enter Nealy's tavern on the North Common, after hours, and being refused admittance, commenced an onslaught upon the house. The police arrested him, and after a hearing, the Mayor fined him five dollars and the costs.

DEATH OF A REBEL.—John Patrick, son of Dr. Spicer Patrick, of Kanawha, West Virginia, Speaker of the last house of Delegates, died a few weeks ago, near Bingen, New York, of wounds received in a railroad collision near that place. He was in the 21st year of his age. Young Patrick, at the time of the breaking out of the war, belonged to the Kanawha Rifles, and went into the rebel army with that company. He was captured at the battle of Cold Harbor, and received the wounds which resulted in his death while being brought to a Northern prison.

SERENADDLERS DETECTED.—Two young men appeared at the Girard House yesterday afternoon, and proffered their services to the Government to "fight for the Union." While their papers were being made out it was discovered that they were deserters from the army, when they were taken into custody and placed in the guard room. Their names were Richard Dealing, of the Ninth reserves, and Henry Husband, of the 99th Pennsylvania Regiment. They deserted from their regiments some months since, and a reward had been offered for their arrest. They are still in the custody of the Provost Marshal.

THEATRE.—Last evening, a very fine audience was in attendance at the Theatre to witness the repetition of the new play of "Everybody's Friend." This play contains some decidedly good points, and will doubtless be reproduced during the season. To-night the martial drama of the "Roll of the Drum" will be played, and the performance will conclude with "Poor Pillicoddy."

OFF THE TRACK.—Yesterday afternoon a train of cars on the Central Railroad was run off the track on Liberty street, above the Canal Bridge, and the cars considerably injured. The track, however, was soon cleared, and the business of the road was not interrupted.

I SHALL TO BE FIRED.—A salute of one hundred guns will be fired this afternoon, at the Allegheny Arsenal, in celebration of the fall of the city of Atlanta.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The Democrats will hold a Convention this morning for the purpose of nominating a County ticket.

New Publications.

QUEE'T. New York: Carlsten, Publisher, 413 Broadway.

The title given to this new work of fiction is intended to be typical of the life-long search for a beloved object, a lost daughter; descriptive also of that intense yearning for a worthy idol of the masculine species which fills the female heart. The tale is original in every sense of the word, and is written with great power, but the author has fallen into the too common mistake of novelists, the depicting of *perfect* characters—men and women so pure and good that they rise above the standard of humanity. In *Quee'* we have two heroes—both of them models of virtue and manly beauty, utterly irresistible, such as it has never been our good fortune to behold, and the like of whom are not to be found upon earth, we verily believe. Strange to say, even such men as Thackery and Dickens are not above the weakness of making their heroes free from ordinary vices, and in this respect much of modern fiction is deprived of its utility as "holding a mirror up to nature." For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN GUILDERSTRINE'S SIN.—A Novel. By C. French Richards, New York, Carlsten, Publisher, 413 Broadway.

This singular tale relates to that too common incident, the fall of a beautiful girl; and the object of the writer, a lady, is to denounce the hypocrisy of society in casting the seduced out of its pale while it condemns to welcome the seducer. She would go the length of excluding forever from social intercourse the man who had sinned (even only once) in regard to women; but if her story is intended as an illustration of her views she defeats her own object, for John Guilderstring, the destroyer of Charlotte Claycone, becomes the recipient of all the love which a pure and devoted woman can bestow upon him—the authoress herself impersonating her. It is true that he is not rewarded by a happy marriage, as is usually the case in novels. He receives a mortal wound in one of the battles down in Virginia, and dies in the hospital at Washington; but he finishes his career in the arms of his beloved, freely forgiven by her. The woman triumphs over the social reformer; but her book is written with great vigor and ability. For sale by Miner.

DOWN IN TENNESSEE, and Back by way of Richmond. By Edmund Kirke, Author of "Among the Pines," "My Southern Friends," etc. New York: Carlsten, Publisher, 413 Broadway.

The most interesting portion of this work, the visit of Colonel Jaquess and Edmund Kirke (J. R. Gilmore) to Richmond, has already appeared in the newspapers and in the *Atlantic Monthly*. The remainder of the volume is filled with descriptions of the ravages of war in Tennessee, and one may sup full of horrors from Mr. Gilmore's experiences. The author of "Among the Pines" has a pleasant style of writing, and his stories come trippingly off the tongue. "Down in Tennessee" is another illustration of his capabilities in this line. For sale by Miner.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ. By Robert Browning. Boston: Ticknor and Fields.

The volume before us, with so Browning-like a title, is a collection of eighteen poems of various lengths, none of which, we believe, have heretofore been published. It is printed and bound in the usual handsome style in which Ticknor and Fields now clothe all the poets. In a literary way the book is beyond any criticism of ours. For sale by Miner.

THE CLIFF DWELLERS; or, The Lone Home in the Himalayas. A Sequel to "Last at Home!" By Captain Mayne Reid, Author of "The Desert Home," "The Boy Hunters," &c., &c. Boston: Ticknor and Fields.

This is a capital book for boys, as are all Mayne Reid's publications. It belongs to the "Robinson Crusoe" and "Swiss Family Robinson" class of stories, and is not much, if any, behind either of these classics in interest. For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73, Fifth street.

Recruiting.

Recruiting, yesterday in this city was much brisker than during the preceding day. Capt. Fullwood, the Military Provost Marshal, forwarded three hundred and fifty men to Camp Reynolds, from the 22d and 23d districts, and one hundred and fifty-four men who were credited to the 20th district.

The following is the number of men mustered in by Capt. Wm. Moorhead, at the Girard House, during the month of August, together with the sub-districts to which they were credited:

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

First Ward	43	Patton	6
Second Ward	57	Elizabeth	4
Third Ward	129	Griffin	34
Fourth Ward	9	Jefferson	8
Seventh Ward	110	Versailles	15
Eighth Ward	108	Baldwin	21
Ninth Ward	8	Union	7
Temperanceville	31	Scott	7
West Pittsburgh	14	Upper St. Clair	13
Monongahela Borough	20	Charters	18
South Pittsburgh	84	North Fayette	5
McKeesport	23	Findlay	9
Braddock's borough	12	Robinson	3
Pitt township	17	Steele	8
Collins	51	West Elizabeth	11
Penn	1	Greenock	2
Penn	1	Sloan	9
Peebles	53	South Fayette	9
Wilkins	48		

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

First Ward	7	Franklin & Marshall	11
Second Ward	61	Pine	2
Third Ward	11	Richland	5
Fourth Ward	88	Shaler	7
Hazlett	28	Duquesne borough	7
Reserve	3	Sharpsburg	21
Ohio	1	East Deer	4
Sewickley borough	8	Hampton	1

Capt. Moorhead also mustered in 153 men yesterday, principally for old regiments.

Presentation of a Cane.

On Tuesday evening an interesting presentation took place at the Girard House. Dr. John C. Lewis, Examining Surgeon, was presented with a magnificent gold-headed cane by the officers of Co. A, Col. Gallope's regiment, as a testimonial of their esteem and regard. Dr. Lewis has been located in our city for a number of months, and has made for himself a host of friends. Although his duties as examining surgeon are onerous, he always finds time to attend to the injuries of a wounded soldier, and his skillful treatment has saved many valuable lives to the country. We know of no more worthy Surgeon connected with the army than Dr. Lewis, and we are gratified to see that he so thoroughly appreciated.

SALES OF STOCKS, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 5th, at Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Bank of Pittsburgh	52 50
Allegheny Bank	60 00
Iron City do	66 00
Allegheny Insurance Co	17 00
Birmingham Bridge Co	31 00
Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad	10 75
Allegheny Valley railroad	10 00
Dalzell Oil Co	12 50
do do	12 50
do do	11 00
Turk Creek Oil Co	14 00
Allegheny and Pittsburgh Oil Co	5 50
Fleming & Wizard Farm do	5 00
do do do	5 00
do do do	4 50
Horsesack Oil Co	2 25
Federal do	2 25

RECRUITING IN WEST VIRGINIA.—The Wheeling *Intelligencer* of yesterday says: "The recruiting business has brought more strangers to the city than we have seen for a long time. The streets and hotels are filled with strange faces, and recruiting is going on as briskly as we have ever known it since the war commenced. The Provost Marshal's office is constantly crowded and the men are being mustered as rapidly as it is possible to do so."

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attention of our readers is directed to the brilliant assortment of Spring and Summer Goods just received by our friend Mr. John Weber, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock comprises a great variety of Fancy French, English, Scotch and American Cassimeres and Cloths, and fine Silk and Cassimere Vestings,—all of which will be made up to order in the latest styles and in the best manner. A choice selection of Furnishing Goods also on hand and for sale, together with a full stock of Ready Made Clothing, well and fashionably made.

REMOVED.—Samuel Graham & Co., Merchant Tailors, have removed to 72 Smithfield street. We are just receiving our second supply of spring and summer goods, and would most respectfully invite our friends and the public in general to examine our new stock, believing it to be one of the finest stocks of merchant tailor goods in the city. Every garment warranted to give full satisfaction, in both price and quality. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and judge for yourselves. GRAHAM & McCANDLESS, Merchant Tailors, No. 72 Smithfield street.

IF you value a good, healthy head of hair, or wish to prevent your hair from turning grey, or, when grey, wish it restored to its original color, you must use an article called RENOVATOR, as it seems to be one of the greatest successes of the present time. Sure to render satisfaction for the above purposes when all other preparations have failed. Sold by Simon Johnston, cor. Smithfield and Fourth streets, and by all solvent druggists.

ALL the world's a stage, and all the people merely players, and we surmise that a large portion of the players thereon must be using that justly popular preparation for the teeth, "Fragrant Sozodont," from the immense demand there is for that article, the most delightfully convenient and efficacious beautifier ever preserver of the teeth the world ever produced.

All Druggists and Perfumists sell it.

NEW STOCK FIRST-CLASS GOODS—Come and see them! Stylish Coats and Pants sold reasonable. J. W. EDWARDS, 50 St. Clair st. [Ev.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

Our Special Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

From Petersburg.

SKIRMISH WITH REBEL CAVALRY.

They are Compelled to Fall Back.

MCLELLAN AND THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

He Refuses to Stand Upon Their Platform.

COPPERHEADS TO CALL ANOTHER CONVENTION.

Death's in Grant's Army.

GEN. HUNTER RELIEVED.

An Order from the Provost Marshal General.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5, 1864.

FROM PETERSBURG.

Nothing of importance has transpired in front of Petersburg for a week past. All remained quiet up to yesterday morning, with the exception of some slight skirmishing between our pickets and a body of rebel cavalry, which made its appearance on Saturday, near Reams' Station. Our pickets held their ground and the enemy soon fell back.

MCLELLAN AND THE CHICAGO PLATFORM.

A telegram from New York this day announces that McClellan declines to stand upon the platform constructed at Chicago, and will write a strong war letter accepting the nomination, and the peace men will endeavor to reassemble in convention and call another to nominate a Copperhead of the Pendleton stripe.

DEATHS IN THE WASHINGTON HOSPITALS.

The total number of soldiers that have died in the hospitals of this department since the crossing of the Rapidan by Gen. Grant, in May last, is four thousand and thirty-three. Of this number five hundred and ninety-one died during the month of August.

HUNTER RELIEVED.

Maj. Gen. Hunter has been relieved at his own request from the command of the Department of West Virginia, and Brevet Major General George Crook assigned to the command in his place.

A CIRCULAR.

A circular from the Provost Marshal General's office forbids any officers and salaried employes connected with that bureau from engaging directly or indirectly in the business of furnishing substitutes. Any such officers or employes violating this order will be dismissed from such service, and suffer such other punishment as the nature of the offense may require.

Deferred Dispatches.

FROM HARPER'S FERRY.

THE FIGHT AT BERRYVILLE.

Our Infantry in Possession of the Town.

THE PICKETS ASSAULTED BY THE REBELS.

Desperate Charge by the Rebels on Our Lines.

THEY ARE REPULSED IN EVERY CHARGE.

UNION FORCES IN A STRONG POSITION.

Our Loss 300—Rebel Loss Heavier.

ENLISTMENTS UNDER THE PRESIDENT'S LAST CALL.

Workmen in the Arsenals and the Coming Draft.

FIGHT AT BERRYVILLE.

The following failed to get through last night on account of the storm: A correspondent sends the following to the New York *Tribune*, which was received at the Bureau here from Harper's Ferry, under date of Sept. 5th, 5 p. m.: Our infantry marched to Berryville on Saturday, where they arrived just before night. Our pickets took possession of some abandoned rebel earthworks, when they were furiously assaulted by the rebels, but the 9th Virginia and 36th Ohio charged and drove them back.

The rebels then massed at least two divisions and charged and recharged our lines, by this time supported by Duvall's and Thaborn's divisions, but were repulsed in every assault, the fight lasting till after dark. Our men spent the night in constructing earthworks, and now occupy a strong position. The fighting was done by Crook's command, losing some three hundred. The loss of the enemy is known to be much greater, including battle flags and fifty prisoners. From the cannonading heard in the direction of Bunker Hill, it is supposed that Averill's advance was so opposed.

ENLISTMENTS UNDER THE PRESIDENT'S LAST CALL—INSPECTION OF ARMS.

Under the President's call for 300,000, the enlistments for the first nine days of the fifty days between the call and the time fixed for the draft to day, enlistments averaged less than 200 per day, during the next nine days they averaged 300, and steadily increased until on last Saturday they reached 6,000 per day. It is estimated that during the last fifty days 50,000 men have been recruited, an average of 1,000 per day. It is somewhat singular that so few men enlisted for two years, nearly all of them for either one or three years. It is understood that the President has determined to issue orders to Inspectors of arms, at private arsenals, to inaugurate a new system of inspection that shall be more liberal than has been the rule heretofore, even to the extent of receiving all serviceable arms. The stringent inspection that has been imposed upon arms manufactured, inaugurated by the West Point element of the ordnance department was fast becoming an unbearable oppression upon the proprietors of private arsenals, and was having the effect to discourage the workmen. It is gratifying to notice this improvement, as the manufacturing of arms is becoming an important industry in this country. In 1861 arms could be produced in Europe cheaper than here. Since that time the heavy tariff, abundance of currency, and the extraordinary home demand, has so stimulated this business, that not less than twenty millions of capital have been invested in the most perfect machinery for the manufacture of arms, and from ten to fifteen thousand skilled workmen have become engaged in it. We can now produce arms for fifty per cent. the cost we could in 1861. Hereafter we shall furnish arms of a quality that can nowhere be equalled, and shall undoubtedly supply the whole world, and as the manufacture of arms have before had but one customer, because of the prohibition of exportation, and as more arms are produced than are now required by the Government. He has also determined to permit the exportation subject only to some necessary restrictions. Workmen also in private arsenals are to be permitted to organize clubs and offer substitutes to be sworn into the United States service. The persons for whom the substitutes are to act are not to be named until after the draft, when they will stand for three of the club who have been drafted.

SECRETARY STANTON'S BULLETIN.

DEATH OF MORGAN CONFIRMED.

Shotted Guns to be Fired at the Rebels in Honor of the Victory at Atlanta.

NOTHING LATER FROM ATLANTA.

All Quiet in the Shenandoah Valley.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, Sept. 6, 8:10 P. M.

Major General Dix, N. Y.: A dispatch from General Grant, just received, gives a statement from the Richmond *Examiner* of this morning that John Morgan was surprised and killed, and his staff captured, at Greenville, Tennessee, yesterday. An unofficial dispatch received by this Department, this morning, from Lexington, states that General Gillem had officially reported the surprise and defeat of Morgan, at Greenville; that John Morgan was killed and his staff captured; from 50 to 100 rebels killed, 70 prisoners taken, and one gun captured. This report being confirmed by the Richmond *Examiner*, there is no room to doubt its truth.

In honor of the capture of Atlanta, Gen. Grant yesterday ordered a salute to be fired with shotted guns, bearing upon the enemy.

Nothing has been received by the Department from Atlanta since the 4th, nor anything south of Nashville, on account of the derangement of the telegraph lines by the prevailing storms.

No movements of importance have taken place in the Shenandoah Valley.

Signed, E. M. STANTON.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The English Press on the Seizure of the Pirate Georgia.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The "Scotia," from Liverpool August 27th and Queenstown August 28th, arrived at five o'clock.

The *Daily News* and *Morning Post* both have editorials showing it to be the opinion of the Georgia was legal, and the British Government cannot interfere, as a Confederate war vessel could not legally be sold in a British port. The Liverpool *Courier* editorially states that Bates did not purchase the Georgia till the Customs authorized and informed him that she should be registered as a British vessel, and she was accordingly so registered. It also publishes evidence that her charter for service to the Portuguese Government was bona fide.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* admits that the Federal success at Mobile even at the present proportions is considerable, and as regards peace it discloses the belief that the existence of a peace party is mystical, and that as long as there is a ray of hope, the north will march onward to its end.

The *Times* also editorially questions whether the Republicans are any more inclined for recognition or conciliation than they were a year ago.

The weekly returns of Bank of France show an increase in cash of one and one-third million francs. Arrests continued in Turin owing to alleged conspiracy to detach Isaibar Tyron from Austria.

Liverpool—Flour slow of sale at late rates. Wheat quiet, but firm at late prices. Corn quiet and steady. Red Western, 7s 7d and 9d(@8s 6d; White, 8s and 6d to 9s and 2d per 100 pounds. Corn unchanged—Mixed, 80 White, 32. Beef dull and drooping; Pork steady, but dull. Bacon in retail request at previous prices—36 to 44s. Lard better—in demand at 64 to 104 dearer than in the week—in most cases, 4s and 6d to 4s and 6d.

Brokers circular reports that sugars opened firm and dearer, but closed dull, and the advance is partially lost. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Coffee good demand. Petroleum quiet, but steady; refined sells at 2s and 2d, in retail to 2s.

London—Baring Bros. & Co. report breadstuffs quiet, but steady. Crude petroleum 19 pounds refined 2s and 11½d on the spot. Beef quiet and a shade lower. Pork difficult to sell, even at a considerable reduction; bacon inactive, but scarce, and the much wanted.

Baring, Bros. & Co.'s circular says that there has again been an active business this week in U. S. 5-20 bonds, at prices ranging from the lowest quotation of 37¾ up to day's (Friday) prices of 38¾@39¼. There have been also some sales of Illinois Central at 43@44 discount; of Erie at 40@41; and other securities were without reliable quotations.

Latest via Liverpool, Saturday P. M., Aug. 27.—Breadstuffs quiet at yesterday's rates. Provisions inactive at former rates. Pork dull, and 2s 6d lower. Sugar dull and declining. Petroleum quiet but firm. Other things unchanged.

London, Saturday P. M., Aug. 27.—Consols closed at 89@89¾. Illinois Central shares, 44@46 discount; Erie shares 40 to 42.

Political news of to day is meagre and unimportant.

Senor Frasier, representative of the Emperor of Mexico, had arrived in Spain as bearer of dispatches announcing to the Queen of Spain the accession of the Emperor Maximilian to the Mexican throne.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Fifteen rebel deserters, brought hither from the army of the Potomac, were released to day upon taking the oath, and furnished with transportation as far North as Philadelphia. These deserters represent Alabama, Florida and North Carolina regiments. Several of them said they had rather go in to the rebel army or starve.

In the effort to fill quotas of towns, an undue proportion of landsmen have been enlisted in the navy, and to remedy the evil an order has been issued restricting the proportion hereafter to fifteen per cent. of the whole number of enlistments. This course is rendered necessary to prevent the accumulation of a large number of unserviceable recruits. Statesmen, ordinary seamen, firemen, &c., are still wanted.

The free military academy for the instruction of applicants for the commission of the colored troops in Philadelphia, will be closed on the 15th inst.

During the last ten days the number of men mustered into the army have averaged 1,000 per day. On the 24 inst. 4,136 were mustered in, and on the 3d 6,160. These are the latest reports received. The number mustered in on the 3d inst. is probably greater than has been during any one day for nearly two years.

The subscriptions to the 7 30 loan as reported to the Treasury Department to-day, amount to $2,600, and to the 10 40 loan, $14,000.

About 25,000 widows are receiving pensions under laws passed with reference to the present war.

New York Union Convention.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 6.—Nearly all the delegates in the Union State Convention, which meets here to-day, have already arrived; but the number of outside attendants is not so great as usual. Several names are mentioned for the nomination of Governor. R. E. Fenton, Gen. Dix, Preston King, and Lyman Tremaine being the most prominent. Mr. Fenton seems the strongest, being well backed from most sections of the State. Gen. Dix has many adherents but some of them are changing their action, being based upon a rumor that a telegram was received from him positively refusing to permit the use of his name. A letter said to have been written by him to Isaac Sherman, of New York, pending the Baltimore nominations is also being made use of by the friends of the other candidates.

It is alleged that in this letter declining the use of his name in connection with the nomination for Vice President, he takes the position that while as a military officer of the Government he can support the Administration. There is much or its political policy with which he differs. New York again appears with a double delegation. It is anticipated there will be a sharp contest between the Wood and the radical branches of the party to secure a majority of the new State Convention. There is a likelihood of greater strife upon this point than on candidates. Among the notables present are Thurlow Weed, Horace Greely, Geo. Opdyke, D. C. Little, John R. E. Anderson, Lyman Tremain and others.

Enthusiastic Union Meeting in Boston.

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—The first great gathering of the Presidential campaign took place in Faneuil Hall to-night. The call was addressed to those who defend the integrity of the Republic and favor a vigorous war as the only path to peace. At any early hour the old Hall was packed full, and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. Gov. Andrew presided, and made a stirring speech. Senator Wilson addressed the meeting, being received with much enthusiasm. Speeches from other gentlemen followed. Altogether it was a great demonstration. Among the speakers with Senator Sumner were Geo. Sennot, Gen. Cutler and Ex-Gov. Boutwell. A letter from Edward Everett was received, strongly endorsing a vigorous of the war.

The Pursuit of Wheeler—The Rate Fight at Atlanta—Sherman Pushing Southward.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 6.—A dispatch received this morning reports that Roussean pursued Wheeler south of Duck river, and charged upon the rebels who had dismounted to fight. We captured five hundred horses.

Official dispatches received at Nashville, announce that in the late fight before Atlanta the rebels lost three thousand killed and wounded, and two thousand prisoners, including a brigadier general, ten guns, and a large amount of camp equipage. Our loss was trifling. The rebels are retreating in great haste.

Official information from the front, dated Sunday, 27 miles below Atlanta, reports Sherman pushing rapidly southward of Atlanta.

Anniversary of the Brown University.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 6.—The Brown University commemorated its one hundredth anniversary to-day. There is a large gathering of the Alumni and friends of the college.

Constitutional Convention—Dispatches from Berryville.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 6.—The Constitutional Convention completed its labors and adjourned to-day. The new Constitution will be submitted to the people on the 12th of October.

A special dispatch to the Baltimore *American*, dated Berryville, Va., Sept. 6th, says: The enemy are still in Sheridan's front, and as far as can be seen there are no indications of Early's retreat up the valley at present.

The cavalry corps which left Rippon's store on Friday night, has returned, having ascertained that the enemy was in strong force beyond the Opequon.

Recruits and convalescents from the hospitals are arriving in great numbers almost every day, and are being rapidly sent forward to the front.

It was expected that the enemy would have attacked us in our position at Berryville yesterday, and preparations were made at the field hospital for the reception of 1,000 wounded, but we were disappointed; and your correspondent holds the opinion that the enemy have no idea of assuming the offensive, but will be perfectly content for the present with acting on the defensive and holding the valley.

Convention at Nashville—Rebels Defeated By Milroy.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 6.—The Nashville *Union* states that a convention assembled at the Capitol yesterday, and elected Samuel P. Milligan President, passed resolutions, and adjourned till to-day.

Three thousand rebel cavalry, under Wilkins and Robertson, with three pieces of artillery, near Murfreesboro, Saturday morning, were attacked by General Milroy; brisk fighting all day Sunday; rebels retreated towards Triune, followed by Milroy's force, which made several attacks during Sunday. Federal loss, 10 killed and wounded, including Col. Elliott (3d Ky.) killed. Rebel loss thought to be greater than ours. Milroy, having exhausted his ammunition, joined Rossean's force near Franklin. Wheeler's main force was, on Sunday, six miles southwest of Columbia. Williams' detachment is reported to have joined him, Rosseau closely following.

Illinois Democratic Convention.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 5.—The Democratic State Convention to day was largely attended and perfectly harmonious. Hon. Joseph C. Robinson was nominated for Governor, and S. Corning Judd for Lieutenant Governor. The resolutions reaffirm and endorse the Chicago platform, and declare it the intention of the Democrats to give their unanimous support to McClellan and Pendleton, and to the State nominees.

An immense ratification meeting is being held at the State house, and great enthusiasm is manifested.

MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Cotton more active and firmer at $1 85 for middling uplands; at the close holders ask 5 higher prices.

Flour—Sta'e and Western opened dull and closing heavy at $10 a 15 cents lower at $8 10 a $8 20 for State, $11 25 a $11 50 for Ohio, $8 10 a $8 20 for Western, and $11 25 a $11 35 for trade brands.

Whisky—Steady at $1 70½ a 1 75 for State, and $1 80 a 1 81 for Western.

Wheat opened dull and closed heavy. $1 12 for lower, $2 02 a 2 05 for winter red, $2 45 for Amber Michigan and $2 55 for white Western.

Corn—Dull and drooping, at $1 60½ for mixed Western—Dull and drooping, at $1 60½ for inferior.

Oats—A limited request at 93½ for Western.

Coffee—Quiet at 47 a 49 for Laguayra, 48 a 50 for Rio, 47 a 50 for Maracaibo, 46 a 48 for Java and 46 for St. Domingo.

Sugar—Dull at 21 a 21¾ for Cuba.

Molasses quiet and without decided change.

Petroleum—Crude, firm at 37c, in bond, refined steady at 67½; Refined Tons quoted at 87c.

Wool quiet and without material change.

Pork more active and firmer at $39 50 for Mess, $41 50 at for Mess do closing at the latter price; $42 10@42 25 for do cash to-morrow; $38 50@39 for prime; $40@40 50 for prime Mess, and 1,000 bbls new Mess, all Sept. Beef—Steady at $8 for Country Mess, $12 for City Mess, $14@15 for extra Mess, and 1500 bbls for Sept. Beef—Steady at $27@28 for extra India Mess, and 1500 bbls for October, at the same option; $44.

Beef quiet.

Lard—Steady and firmer at 16¼@16¾c for shoulders and 18c for hams.

Lard rather firmer, and more doing at 23@23½.

Butter steady, with a moderate demand at 45@60c for common to fine State.

Cheese quiet and steady at 20@27c.

Money active and firm at 7c; Sterling steady, 109½@109¾ for gold. Gold without decided change, opening at 244, declining to 240½, and closing at 241½.

Government stocks steady.

Stocks a shade better. U. S. 6s of 81 coupons, 107½; U. S. 5-20 coupons, 110½; Treasury Notes, 7-30, 102½; U. S. one year certificates, 98½; Ohio & Mississippi certificates, 43½; Michigan Southern, 34½; New York Central, 128½; Erie, 107½; do Transferred, 108½; Hudson, 121½; Reading, 134½; M. S. & N. I. 81½; Pittsburgh, 125½; Pittsburgh, Ft. W. & C. 111½; Ft. W. & Chicago, 124; R. I., 108½; Wabash Preferred, 78; Fort Wayne, 110½.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, September 6.—The current prices for this week, are all the same as last week, viz: Best quality, 11@12c; ordinary to good, 10@10½; common, 9@9½c; inferior, 8@8½c. Cows and Calves—first quality, $100@110; ordinary, $80@90; common, $60@65; inferior, $30@35. Veal Calves—first quality, 9½c; 10@11c; ordinary, 8½@9½c; common, 7@8½c; inferior, 7@7½c. Sheep and Lambs, per head, $7@9; prime quality, $8@8.50; ordinary quality, $5@6; common, $4@4.50; inferior, $2.75@3.50. Swine—corn-fed, prime, 11½@12c; stillfed, 11½@12c.

The market though without especial change this week, has been tolerably in favor of the purchaser, and all except the very best offerings sold at a trifle lower. This was the result of large receipts with most unfavorable weather.

The receipts, it will be seen, exceeded 5000 head. The total receipts of all stock at the yards for the last week and this week, were as follows: 123 Cows, 46 veal calves, 194 sheep and lambs. To Butchers—Beeves, 1423 veal calves 55, sheep and lambs 1785, total beeves, 5068 cows, 122, veal calves, 2013; sheep and lambs, 10,966; swine, 6181. Total last week—Beeves, 6714; cows, 135; veal calves, 2018 sheep and lambs, 21,797; swine, 9843.

Mining Stocks—Bids in Boston to-day—Central, 60; Copper Falls, 34½; Quincy, 95; Huron, 19; Pelo Royale, 15; Minnesota, 32; Pewabic, 54; North Western, 6.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Flour dull. Wheat firm at $2 03½ 2.05 for No. 1, and $2.01 for No. 2; Corn quiet at $1.32@1.33 for No. 2, and $1.32@1.33 for No. 3. Oats dull at 93c; Whisky, $1.07@1.08.

Receipts—7,000 bbls flour, 73,000 bush wheat, 54,000 bush corn, 124,000 bush oats.

Shipments—10,000 bbls flour; 40,000 bush wheat, 24,000 bush corn, 44,000 bush oats.

Philadelphia Market.