The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 6, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—22D DISTRICT:
A. A. COLVILLE, City.
ALFRED BLACK, Allegheny.
HAYS B. HERRON, Mechanicsburg.
SAMUEL CHADWICK, Collins.
GEORGE Y. MCKEE, North Fayette.

COMMISSIONER:
ARCHIBALD FILLOW, Indiana.

PROTHONOTARY:
JACOB H. WALTER, City.

CORONER:
WILLIAM CLAWSON, City.

POOR DIRECTOR:
R. H. DAVIS, Sewickley.

General Sherman's Official Report. Yesterday brought us General SHERMAN's official report of the capture of Atlanta and defeat of Hoon. The fighting took place on Wednesday and Thursday of last week, outside of the fortifications of Atlanta. It seems to have been severe, but not of that desperate nature the importance of the issue led the country to expect. We captured on the field ten guns and fifteen hundred prisoners. The Rebels left their dead in our hands and many wounded. Finding himself defeated and his army cut in two, Hoon evacuated Atlanta on Thursday night, first destroying seven locomotives and eighty-one cars loaded with ammunition, small arms and stores. He also left fourteen pieces of artillery, mostly unintured, and a large number of fire arms. General BRAGGUM, whose corps entered the city on Friday morning, telegraphs that deserters are constantly coming into our lines.

Hoon was completely outgeneraled. Having previously severed every railroad communication with Atlanta except the Macon line, SHERMAN, on the 26th of August, with twenty days' rations, cut loose from his own communications and placed his army south of the city on the Macon road. Hoon, knowing that, if he lost that road, he lost everything, for by no other route could he obtain supplies, had previously posted his army for its defense. The result is given above. His mortification must be great, but that of JEFF. DAVIS must be tenfold greater.

With the characteristic impatience of our people, the question is already asked—What will SHERMAN do next? Think a little, reader, before you ask that question often. The army of General SHERMAN needs *rest*. It has been continually at work, marching and fighting, since the 5th day of May, just four months, and a glorious record it has made for itself. There is no brighter chapter in the history of any war of any age. From Chattanooga to Atlanta! The world knows no such achievement of military genius and soldierly valor as that which those two words recall. Let the heroes *rest*. The nation owes them that and more. They have taken Atlanta!

The President has very properly appointed next Sunday to be observed throughout the United States as a day of thanksgiving for the glorious victory achieved by General SHERMAN and his brave army. He has also publicly returned the thanks of the nation to General SHERMAN and his army, and Admiral FARRAGUT and his hearts of oak, for their brilliant achievements at Atlanta and Mobile. Orders have also been issued requiring national salutes to be fired at every arsenal and navy yard in the United States, in honor of the same glorious events.

Our Soldiers in Rebel Prisons. A petition is being circulated and, we understand, numerously signed in this city and Allegheny, praying the President to use every honorable effort to secure the deliverance of the thirty thousand Union prisoners who are confined in that loathsome cattle-pen at Andersonville, Georgia. We quote a couple of paragraphs from that petition:

"Is there any *insuperable* difficulty in the way of their liberation? and if so, what is it?" They know that disputes as to numbers have arisen; they believe that the Rebel authorities have made unreasonable demands; they are notignorant of the refusal of those authorities to exchange colored men; but do any or all of these constitute an apology that would stand the test at the bar of either God or man for the continuance of a state of things so horrible as that which now exists? The stern soldier and the cool, calculating statesman, may say 'Yes;' but the agonized souls of parents and friends, and the great heart of the nation, say 'No.' Any concession short of dishonor, any sacrifice short of national ruin, ought to be made, rather than leave these noble men in the condition they are now in.

"People, in these calamitous times, think intensely and profoundly; and they reason and deliberate logically and severely. They are not blind to the fact that men in high places are blind to the fact that men in high places are blind to the fact that men in high places and firmness; and the conclusion to which many of them have arrived, that some such mistake has been made in the matter of the exchange of prisoners, is not calculated to strengthen the Government in this terrible hour of trial. They think, too, of the awful cry of agony which is perpetually ascending to Heaven from that slaughter-pen at Andersonville—whether uttered in prayer, the language of Faith and Hope, or in groanings which cannot be uttered, or in curses and blasphemy, the out-bursting of desperation and despair—and ask themselves whether that cry is calculated to bring down upon our Government the favor or the wrath of God?"

It is not, as our readers are aware, our habit to instruct the Government in its duties, but we may be permitted to add our earnest hope that, if it be possible, the prayer of the petitioners may be granted. If the Rebel despotism at Richmond will agree to an exchange of prisoners, *man for man*, in God's name let the exchange be made at once. Let all other questions remain to be settled hereafter. We can *afford* to let them be held in abeyance now, for the end of the Rebellion is near at hand, when every knotty question will be cut with the sword of GRANT and the Union.

The Draft and its Postponement. The draft is not to be *abandoned* by the Government. It could not do so without laying itself open to the charge of cowardice and imbecility. It could not abandon the draft without doing great injustice to those districts which have labored so diligently and patriotically to fill their quotas, while other districts have done nothing. It would do injustice to the cause, too, by not securing the number of men needed to fill up our armies to the standard required by General GRANT to subdue the Rebellion. Secretary STANTON says that two hundred thousand men have volunteered under the last call of the President, but, after allowing for all naval enlistments and other credits, at least another hundred thousand must be furnished. These must and will be obtained by draft, *unless* those districts which have not yet filled their quotas at once bestir themselves to comply with the just demands of the Government. Until the draft is actually ordered in any given district, it is understood that the opportunity to fill its quota with volunteers will still remain. Until that time the Government will continue to pay the bounty of one hundred dollars to volunteers for one year. Every district, therefore, which really wishes to *avoid* the draft will spare no exertion and no expenditure of means to fill its quota with volunteers. And let the work proceed at once, for the days of grace now allowed cannot in the nature of things be long continued. They may expire with the present week.

NEW YORK, as everybody knows, is ruled by the Democracy. When the news came, a few days ago, that the Chicago Convention had nominated a candidate on a platform which would humiliate the nation at the feet of the Rebel leaders, the City Hall and other public buildings were covered with flags. When the news of SHERMAN's glorious capture of Atlanta filled all hearts with joy on Saturday last, and when from every housetop on Broadway the stars and stripes were joyfully waving their congratulations on the glorious victory, *the poles on the City Hall were standing insultingly bare*. This outrage was committed by *Democrats*—by the men who support M'CLELLAN, whose hopes of success notoriously depend upon the defeat of the Union armies between now and November. His New York admirers did not hesitate to show their mortification upon receiving the news of SHERMAN's splendid victory. What is the use in the Democratic party asserting any longer that their sympathies are with the Union and not with JEFF. DAVIS? Nobody believes them. Their sympathies are just the other way. And they can't help letting the cat out of the bag upon every occasion that offers.

TREASONABLE speeches were not only uttered in the Chicago Convention, but there were proved *traitors* holding seats in that body. BENJAMIN HARRIS, of Maryland, was there, who said, in a speech in Congress last spring, that "the South could never be conquered, *and he prayed God Almighty it never would be.*" Worse even than this minion of JEFF. DAVIS, was WASHINGTON BRADLEY, of Harrodsburg, Kentucky, *who fought three years in the Rebel army*, and then went from Kentucky as a delegate to Chicago. The people are asked to support a ticket presented by a Convention in which men who fought against the flag, and men who sympathize with those who are seeking to destroy the Government, were delegates! But the men who love the Union are not blind. They will rally round the flag which is held aloft by the brave armies of GRANT and SHERMAN, and they will trample in the dust the white rag which proclaims submission to traitors, and which is upheld by such Democrats as HARRIS and BRADLEY.

THE Pittsburgh *Post* will have it that General M'CLELLAN was instructed to arrest the Maryland Legislature, but in the same breath claims credit for his "vigilance" in detecting the dark conspiracy, and running, like a faithful messenger, to "his own Government" with the information. All of which shows nice discrimination in the *Post*. But, more wonderful still, it goes on to say that the arrest of the Legislature was "*right in every particular*," and "all parties connected with it are to be applauded." If so—and we agree with the *Post* for once—why in the name of common sense has it made such a fuss in attempting to shift the responsibility for that arrest from the shoulders of M'CLELLAN upon those of Mr. LINCOLN?

Gen. Sherman's Plan for a "Cessation of Hostilities."

There is an impression that General Sherman's defeat of Hood's army and capture of Atlanta was not reckoned upon by the sagacity of Chicago as amongst those "immediate efforts" which they "explicitly declared" ought to be made for a "cessation of hostilities." Gen. Sherman, we fear, acted in this matter with his usual headstrong impulsiveness, without consultation with either Jeff. Davis or Vallandigham. Such officers as Sherman, Grant and Farragut are dangerous men, but one comfort remains—whatever they take away from the enemies of the Union between now and next 4th of March, they will be made to give up then, if—as our friends of the opposition assure us will be the case—the Chicago candidate and platform are successful in the approaching election. Lest Mr. Davis should lose his temper, it might be well for the Chicago Convention to hold a special meeting and pass a resolution assuring him that all such things as Farragut's capture of Mobile Bay and Sherman's possession of Atlanta are mere temporary matters, which will be rectified as soon as the Chicago Convention's policy goes into effect—whenever that event may happen.

No amount of argument could show so clearly the absurdity and the wickedness of the Chicago platform, as Sherman's capture of Atlanta. The politicians who rule the opposition gravely demanded a cessation of hostilities at the very moment that one of our great armies was marching to victory; they declare the country humbled, weakened, unable to continue the war at the precise time when our soldiers are demonstrating their superiority over the enemy in a pitched battle in the open field. They cue the nation's bitter enemy for a truce, and their humble plea rescues Richmond on the same day with the news that one of the two great rebel armies has been defeated and is flying, and one of the two great centres of rebellion has fallen into our hands. When Mr. Jefferson Davis held in one hand the Chicago Convention's entreating second resolution, and in the other Hood's dispatch announcing his defeat and the loss of Atlanta, he must have been the most puzzled of men had he not known, of old times and by previous experience, that the politicians who met at Chicago, and those especially who managed the Convention, do not represent the spirit of the nation, and do misrepresent its wishes, its strength, and its determination.

It appears, from the county news we have of General Sherman's last movement, that he gathered his main force to the south of Atlanta, upon the Macon Railroad, the only line of communication remaining to Hood. The latter's necessities forced him to come out from Atlanta and give battle to his opponent; and the result of this no doubt desperate contest was the defeat of Hood, whose army was cut in two. Meantime General Slocum appears to have taken possession of Atlanta, when Hood's army marched out; and thus secured for Sherman's protection the strong works in which Hood had lain for some weeks.

Several circumstances combine to make this capture of Atlanta of extraordinary importance. It is generally known that the people of Georgia have been alarmed and dissatisfied with the progress of the war in the South; they are tired of the struggle—the bulk of them, probably, would gladly lay down arms and return to peace under the safe shelter of the Union. A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* wrote from before Atlanta on the 24th of August:

"We have received the most substantial proofs, that in the very army which seems so obstinately to confront us, there is a widespread and growing dissatisfaction with the rebellion and the rebel government, which confines itself no longer to thoughts and words, but takes the form of solemn and significant deeds."

He adds:

"Let me not be misunderstood. We shall have battles still to fight. The leaders of the rebellion will struggle fiercely as long as they can put a legion in the field. Enough will cling obstinately to the falling 'Confederacy' to make it necessary to dash their power to pieces by the weight of battalions and artillery. But if we continue the pressure a little longer—if we sternly and firmly fill up and push on our columns, three-fourths of the strength of the rebellion will melt away and disappear in a manner of which some of us little dream."

There is no longer reason to doubt that a large part of those states still controlled by the rebel leaders is ready to return to peace and Union at the first opportunity. It has already been published, that a Georgian arrived in Washington some ten days ago, to consult with the authorities and make arrangements for the resumption by Georgia of her proper place in the Union. We have reason to believe that this gentleman represents certain of the leading men of the state—among them Alexander H. Stephens, Governor Brown and Robert Toombs; and it is also asserted that these leaders, speaking for their people, declare themselves ready and anxious to cast off from Jeff. Davis, if they can hoist the flag of the Union.

The events of the last few days will confirm them in this resolution, and will bring over to their side many who wavered and were in doubt. The capture of Atlanta after all Hood's boasts that he would hold it, will complete the disgust of the soldiers in his army; and the moral effect of this victory is thus not unlikely to be great and extended as to go far to finish the war in the south west. Farragut and Sherman will shortly form a connected line, and deprive the rebel armies which remain in the field of a most important agricultural region; and the returning loyalty of the Georgians must prove the beginning of the dissolution of the rebel Confederacy, if we only send reinforcements into the field sufficient to follow up our military successes.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE GLYDE OIL COMPANY—Books of subscription to the stock of the GLYDE OIL COMPANY are now open at the office of the PROPLES' INSURANCE CO., corner Fifth and Wood streets. au31:3t

U. L. A.—The County Council will meet on TUESDAY, September 6th, at ten o'clock a. m., in the room over the DIAMOND MARKET, occupied by the Firemen's Association. A full attendance of delegates from all the local councils is desired as business of the greatest importance awaits action. (se3:2t) By order of the President.

OFFICE OF THE LUCESCO OIL CO., No. 11 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, Sept. 3, 1864. THE DIRECTORS OF THE LUCESCO OIL CO., have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months business. C. H. ISBAEL, Secretary. se3:1w

THE DRAFT—First Ward, Pittsburgh—The Executive Committee of this ward were instructed at a meeting of the citizens, held on FRIDAY EVENING last, to protect no enrolled man from the draft hereafter for a less sum than FIFTY DOLLARS. All sums under fifty dollars will be received only as donations. se3

PROF. FINDLEY'S CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL, will open on MONDAY, the 5th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT. Number of pupils limited. After this date, the Principal will be found at his school room, No. 8 ST. CLAIR STREET, Pittsburgh, every afternoon from half past 2 till 4 o'clock. REV. SAMUEL FINDLEY, Principal. aug19:1wd

NOTICE—There will be a meeting of the guests, tenants and twelve inch Mill Boilers, on TUESDAY, 6th inst., AT THE ELDORADO HOUSE, corner Fifth and Smithfield streets. As business of importance will be laid before the meeting punctual attendance is requested. MANY BOILERS. se5:2td

MERCHANTS' OIL COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH—Subscribers to the stock of the above company, are hereby notified that all subscriptions must be paid to the Treasurer, S. S. ROBISON, Esq., at No. 255 LIBERTY STREET, on or before the 8th instant. Any subscriptions remaining unpaid after that date will be forfeited to the company. By order of the Board. JAMES W. ARMOUR, Secretary. se3:3t

FRANKLIN COAL CO—Books for subscription to the Capital Stock of the Franklin Oil Company, are now opened at the warehouse of WM. BAGALEY, No. 13 Wood street. The lands of the company are located in Venango Co., 2½ miles from the town of Franklin. Oil from the mines will be delivered at the town of Franklin by railroad, where coal is in large demand at thirty cents per bushel. The prospects are favorable for even a higher price. The supply not equal to demand in that vicinity, the oil business alone requiring more than this company could desire. The capital being small, the prospects for large dividends growing out of the business of the company are very favorable.

THE FIRST COMPANY FOR ONE YEAR—Large inducements offered to One Years' Men—Captain Hall having recruited a company for 100 days and the greater portion of which have already offered to enlist for one year, he now offers to all men desirous of enlisting for that period in his company a bounty of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS—TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS, CASH IN HAND. Sr. George W. Leonard, formerly Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, is 1st Lieutenant of this company, and can be found daily at WILKINS HALL, from whom all the necessary information may be obtained. Capt. Comd'g Co. A. One Years' Men. jy23:tf

TO VOLUNTEERS—Volunteers will be accepted and counted on the quotas of the present call up to the last practical moment before the drafted men are accepted, and sent to rendezvous. Townships and sub-districts which have not filled their quotas, are urged to do so at once. All time that can possibly be given, will be allowed, but the Draft will commence as soon after the 5th of September as practicable. Credits will be given, and Government bounty paid to Volunteers until further notice. By order Capt. RICHARD DODGE, 5th U. S. Infantry, A. A. P. M. General. J. W. KIRKES, Captain and Provost Marshal, 23d Dist., Pa. se3:2t

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS IN THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY—Notice is hereby given to all persons who have not paid their taxes, rates, levies or assessments in said city of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, and if the same be not paid on or before the first day of October next then FIVE PER CENT will be added to and made payable thereon, and that if the same be not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER next following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons, commanding each of them to levy for said taxes, with all costs and charges accrued thereon, of any goods and chattels of the delinquents wherever found, and to make sale thereof, after advertisement, as in cases of distress for rent. D. MAGERGEL, City Treasurer. se3:1w

TO THE ENROLLED MEN OF FITT TOWNSHIP.—There are over three hundred of you that have not contributed to the Bounty Fund. If you call immediately on the Treasurer, W. M. GOBLE, 271 Liberty street, or the Collecting Committees, and subscribe your fair proportion, your fellow-citizens will guarantee to clear you from the impending draft. If the amount is not made up the certificates of those already enlisted will be withheld for the benefit of the subscribers to the fund. Your Committee hereby pledge themselves to clear every subscriber to the fund from the coming draft. Those who do not subscribe immediately will have to take care of themselves. SAMUEL EWART, W. D. GARDNER, HENRY W. OLIVER, Jr., Recruiting Committee. se3:1wd

TO VOLUNTEERS—The undersigned is directed to publish the following Circular (No. 1:3), dated Harrisburg, 31st 1864: J. PERCY FOSTER, Provost Marshal, 23d District. Volunteers will be accepted and counted on the quotas of the present call up to the last practical moment, before the drafted are accepted and sent to rendezvous. Township and sub-districts which have not filled their quotas are urged to do so at once. All time that can possibly be given will be allowed, but the draft will commence as soon after the 5th of September as practicable. Credits will be given and Government Bounty paid until further orders. By order Captain RICHARD L. DODGE, A. A. P. M. General. se3:2t:alw

LOAN OF 1861. PROPOSALS FOR LOAN. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Aug. 31st 20th, 1864. Sealed offers will be received at this Department, under the act of March 3, 1863, until noon of FRIDAY, the 9th of September, 1864, for bonds of the United States to the amount of about thirty-one and a half million dollars, being the amount of unexpired offers withdrawn under the notice of Proposals for Loan, dated 6th June last. The bonds will bear an annual interest of six per cent, payable semi-annually in coin on the first days of July and January of each year, and redeemable after the 20th of June, 1881. Each offer must be for fifty crore hundred dollars, or some multiple of one hundred dollars, and must state the sum, including premium, offered for each hundred dollars in bonds, or for fifty, when the offer is for no more than fifty. Two per cent. of the principal, excluding premium, of the whole amount offered must be deposited, as guaranty for payment of subscription if accepted, with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, or with the Assistant Treasurer at New York Boston, Philadelphia or St. Louis, or with the designated Depository at Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit, or Buffalo, or with any National Banking Association authorized to receive deposits which may consent to transact the business without charge. Duplicate certificates of deposits will be issued to depositors by the officer or association receiving them; the *originals* of which must be forwarded with the offers to the Department. All deposits should be made in time for advice of offers with certificates to reach Washington not later than the morning of September 9th. No offer not accompanied by the proper certificate of deposit will be considered. The Coupon and Registered Bonds issued will be of the denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1,000. Registered Bonds of $5,000 and $10,000 will also be issued if required. All offers received will be opened on Friday, the 9th of September, The awards will be made by the Secretary to the highest offerers, and notice of acceptance or declination will be immediately given to the respective offerers; and, in case of acceptance, bonds of the descriptions and denominations preferred will be sent to the subscribers at the cost of the department, on the payment of instalments. The original deposit of two per cent will be reckoned in the last instalment paid by successful offerers and will be immediately returned to those whose offers may not be accepted. The amount of accepted offers must be deposited with the Treasurer or other officer or association authorized to act under this notice on advice of acceptance of offer, or as follows: One-third on or before the 14th; one-third on or before the 19th; and the balance, including the premium and original two per cent. deposit, on or before the 24th of September. Interest on bonds will begin with the date of deposit. Parties preferring may pay the accrued interest from date of bond, July 1, to date of deposit in coin. Offers under this notice should be addressed "Offer for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The right to decline all offers not considered advantageous is reserved to the government. W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury. The Bonds for this Loan are ready for immediate delivery. se3:7t

McCORD & CO., Wholesale Dealers in Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, Have now in store the largest and most complete stock of goods for SPRING SALES. Ever offered in the west. Merchants are requested to call and examine our stock, which will be sold at very low rates. 121 Wood St., Pittsburgh. mh3

T. J. ORR & CO., Dealers in XX PINE TAR Prepared expressly for AXLES. Put up in neat one gallon iron bound BUCKETS. For sale by the dozen and in barrels and halves. Office, No. 139 FIRST STREET, Pittsburgh. mh30n

OIL BARREL TRESS HOOPS—For sale by JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

PLASTER—100 bbls. Calcined for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GLOBE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK. PLENT PERPETUAL PROPERTY. Issues Non-Forfeiting Common life and Endowment Policies. Also, Policies on all other popular plans. No other kind of Policy can offer equal security. F. WOODS, General Agent. Office, 115 FOURTH STREET. au27:1y

C. W. BURRARD, (late Manager for Lippincott & Co.) J. B. BURRARD, (late of Gage, Hubbard & Co.) BURRARD & LOGAN, PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS HUBBARDS & LONG, Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Sizing, Cross Cut, Gang and allother varieties. All kinds of KNIVES & SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast Steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING, KNIVES, &c. Warehouse and Works, cor. WATER & SMITHFIELD STS., Pittsburgh. Particular attention given to Retooothing, Gumming and Straightening Circular Saws; also repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

WM. BARNHILL & CO., BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET IRON WORKERS, Penn St., Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26. Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole, manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. se1:3t

WM. C. ROBINSON, GEO. F. ROBINSON, WM. REA. ROBINSON, REA & CO., (successors to ROBINSON, HERR & MILLER.) WASHINGTON WORKS, FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, Pittsburgh. Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY TRAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS, of all descriptions; OIL TANKS & STILLS BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK. Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR FOR FEEDING BOILERS.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH. PARK, McCURDY & CO., Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, GREEN IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST & 139 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my23:1ydawT

ONE OF HUNNEWELL'S GREAT REMEDIES—HUNNEWELL'S UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY.—The basis of this truly wonderful preparation, now of such well-earned celebrity, is a freedom from every component calculated to debilitate, and by such to allow the greatest freedom of use, day or night, as the only time theory by which Throat and Lung Complaintscan be effectually cured. To prevent asking attention to long stories of great cures, when local causes make almost all such complaints different in effect, I would ask confidence, which will be cured, in Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchial and Asthmatic Complaints, Whooping Cough, and to all Throat and Lung Complaints which, when neglected, end in Consumption. Testimonials from magistrates of the highest respectability, and from invalids, can be seen at my office by all interested. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Dealers. JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor, Practical Chemist, Boston, Mass. For sale by Jos. Fleming, Geo. H. Keyser, B. A. Fahnestock & Co., J. M. Fulton, Agents for Pittsburgh; Geo. A. Kelly, W. J. Mason and Dr. James Brown, Agents for Allegheny City. ful:3m—6—my-an

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID, published for the benefit and as a warning and caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, etc., supplying, at the same time, the means of self cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL HAYNAIS, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, N. Y. my21:1ydawT

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment, without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh11:tydaw7

GEORGE REYNOLD, W. D. SCELLER, HOLLMAN. LA BELLE STEEL WORKS REITER & CO., Successors to Reiter, Hartman & Co., manufacturers of CAST STEEL, SPRING, PLOW AND BLISTER STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROWBARS, &c. Works, FIRST WARD, Allegheny City. P. O. Address, PITTSBURGH, Pa. jsl:3ty

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 21 SECOND and 56 THIRD STREET, bet. Wood and Market. Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots, Jobbing done at short notice. ap2:6ty

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINALY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment—In Reports of the Howard Association. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 8 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. mh23:1y

N. HOLMES & SONS, DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 87 MARKET STREET Pittsburgh, Pa. Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States

HENRY H. COLLINS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and produce generally, No. 85 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa. se1

PROFESSOR WILLIAMS' CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, No. 23, St. Clair street. Terms $11 per scholar per quarter of 11 weeks in advance. Hours of Tuition from 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. TESTIMONIAL—Extract from a letter of Professor Kidd to Mr. Williams: "Write out whatever you would like to have me say of your ability as a reader, and your qualifications as a teacher of Reading and Elocution, and I will endorse it with pleasure. Do not permit your modesty to prevent you from making the recommendation in every respect just what you would like to have it. As I am certain it will not exceed the very favorable opinion I entertain of your ability to exemplify and teach the art of reading and speaking with ease, distinctness, elegance, energy and impressive effect. Each recitation will be followed by from five to ten minutes exercises in Gymnastics or Vocal Music, thus combining physical with mental training. Evening Classes—Elocution from 7 to 8 p. m. Phonography firm $ to $. ap30:ow3ly

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR FALL STOCK OF CLOTHING. Boys, Youths' and Children, of all new styles of the season. GRAY & LOGAN, 47 St. Clair street. se3

CHOICE ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two new, well built, brick DWELLING HOUSES, two stories, hall, two parlors, four chamber rooms, finished attic, dining room, kitchen and cellar, yard, etc., gas and water fixtures. Lot 20 feet front by 100 deep. For price and terms apply to S. GUTHERET & SONS, 51 Market st. sep3

H. P. GENGEMBRE, CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER CONSULTING AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST. Office and Residence, 14 RAY STREET, near Penn. au24:1y

TIMOTHY SEED. 100 bags Prime Timothy Seed, In store and for sale by J. KIRKPATRICK & BRO. se3

BELTING.—Gum and Leather Belting; also Hose, Packing, Gaskets, &c., always on hand and for sale at the India Rubber Depot of J. A. H. PHILLIPS, 28 and 23 St. Clair street. se3

COCOA NUTS—2,000 fresh Cocoa Nuts received this day and for sale by REYNER & BROS., Nos. 128 and 130 Wood street. se2

LEMONS—40 boxes prime French Lemons just received and for sale by REYNER & BROS. Nos. 128 and 130 Wood street. se2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MUNRO'S TEN CENT NOVELS.—These publications have received a popularity that has never been equalled in the annals of time. The publishers received from the press to supply a class of readers neglected by other publishers, super for to any that had hitherto been given literature, super for to any that had hitherto been on the market. Being their own judges of the stories they use, nothing really good is rejected, because of the spleen or envy of broken known editors to the authors. On the other hand, nothing can be foisted upon the public by their fathers—as too often happens where they are not their own judge—because it comes from certain quarters. Having a firm conviction that merit will assert itself, in spite of all opposition, they use nothing but the very best works. The following is a list of their novels, which speak for themselves:

1. The Hunters;
2. The Trapper's Retreat;
3. The Patriot Highwayman,
4. The Hunted Outlaw;
5. The Track of Fire;
6. The Man Eater;
7. Christie Temple;
8. The Death Face;
9. The Indian Slayer;
10. The Turtle Catcher;
11. The Hunter's Triumph;
12. The Ocean Rover;
13. The Tory Convicted;
14. Zeke Storum, the Lion-hearted Scout;
15. The Scourge of the Seas;
16. The Captive Maiden;
17. Long Legged Joe, or the Demon of the Woods.
18. The Wild Scout of the Mountains;
19. The Forrest Lodge;
20. The Rollicking Rangers;
21. Rattle Snake Dick; or the Flower of the Wigwam;

These books are for sale by all News Agents and Booksellers, and sent postpaid on receipt of price. Liberal terms to Agents. GEORGE MUNRO & CO., No. 137 William street, N. Y. se6:7t

SCHOOL BOOKS, Of all kinds used in the PUBLIC SCHOOLS, and all other Schools in the city. SCHOOL STATIONERY, OF ALL KINDS. Prices as low as can be afforded. CHAS. C. MELLOR, 81 WOOD STREET. se6

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY, September 2, 1864. THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of the Monongahela Bridge Company have this day declared a dividend of five per cent. on the Capital Stock, free of Government tax, payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, at the Banking House of S. Holmes & Sons, on and after the 12th inst. S. HOLMES, Treasurer. se6:3t

WILL BE ADDED to the Lists of Valuable stocks already advertised to be sold on Tuesday evening, Sept. 6th, at 8 o'clock, at Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street. 10 shares Allegheny Insurance Co. 25 " Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railroad Co. 100 shares Phillips Oil Co. 100 " Eldorado do. 100 " Iron City do. se6 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE—95 shares Columbia Oil Stock. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO. se6

OIL STOCK EXCHANGE—HAVING opened an office for the purchase of OIL STOCKS, I offer my services to the public. JACOB GLOSSER, Office, No. 115 FOURTH STREET. se6:tf

WANTED—10 Coopers Wanted to make Flour Barrels from Machine's rive and Heading. E. T. KENNEDY & BRO. se6:tf

IT WILL REQUIRE OVER 700 DOZEN cans to put up the Peaches L. H. VOIGHT & CO., are receiving this day. For bad letter look out for them before they take another ris. L. H. VOIGHT & CO. se6

THREE ABLE-BODIED SUBSTITUTES, NOT LIABLE TO DRAFT, can be had. For particulars inquire at NELSON'S EXCHANGE, Diamond, Pittsburgh. se5:3t

SUBSTITUTES—Gentlemen liable to draft, in any part of the State, can be furnished with Substitutes, and have them mustered into the service in Philadelphia, and credited to their own districts by applying with certificates of enrollment to WM. LEFORD, late Adjutant 25th P. V., 40 South Third street, Philadelphia. se5:3t

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE, with grounds and stabling attached, situated on the rise of the Manchester Street Railway in Allegheny, is offered for sale. Apply to H. KENNEDY, 103 Wood street. se6:tf

SUBSTITUTES OFFERED. Still another chance TO GET OUT OF THE DRAFT, by procuring a SUBSTITUTE, which can be done by calling upon the undersigned at No. 157 FOURTH STREET. A. T. LOOMIS. se5:1w

FOR SALE—LAND IN ALLEGHENY CITY.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, we will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, September 24, 1864, at 10 o'clock, a. m., all that certain lot of ground situate on the canal and below Orange Pike Hill, bounded northwardly by Kilbuck street, eastwardly by Beaver street, southward by the Allegheny river and westwardly by outlot No. 32, having a front on the Allegheny of about 60 feet, and a depth of about 240 feet, and having a store stacked, what is commonly known as Leslie's Wharf. Terms cash, or one-half cash and balance in two equal annual payments. Purchaser to pay all stamps and actual expenses of conveyancing. JOHN HEWITT, THEO. H. NEVIN, Executors of John Irwin, dec'd. se1:4td:w

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF EAST LIBERTY COUNTRY SEATS AND BROWNSVILLE HOUSE.—Pursuant to Jones' Estate, in order to close up the estate, offer for sale thirteen acres on the Brownsville road, with three dwelling houses the son erected, near the terminus of the Pennsylvania Railroad. This will be sold entire or subdivided to suit purchasers. Most of the land is planted with choice fruit trees. The deposits of sand used by our Pittsburgh glass houses underlies the tract. It affords sites for the finest country seats in the country. Also two lots 20 by 150 feet on Market street; Brownsville, in Fayette county, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling, and on the other a warehouse. The title to the whole is indisputable. One third the purchase money may remain secured on the premises, at the death of Mrs. Jones. If not sold before, the East Liberty property will be offered at public sale on THURSDAY, the 20th of October, at 2 p. m., on the premises. Inquire of DAVID AIKEN, County Treasurer's office, Court House, or of Catharine Jones, East Liberty, or of T. J. Bigham, Mount Washington. se5:d2w:td

FOR RENT. A FOUR ROOMS, SUITABLE FOR Law, or Printing Offices; Book Binding or Mechanical purposes. Can be furnished with steam power if wanted. Will be rented singly or otherwise if desired. Apply at GAZETTE OFFICE. se1:tf

VALUABLE COAL LANDS FOR SALE.—The Ramsey Farm having been withdrawn from the market is now offered for sale. Said land consisting of eighty three acres, more or less, is about three miles from Jones' Ferry, underlaid with coal of the best quality. The improvements thereon being in good condition, consisting of dwelling house, barn, granary, and two fine fruit bearing orchards of various kinds. Fences in good order, and all under the best state of cultivation. The Washington turnpike runs through the farm. If the above is not sold by the first day of October next, said property will be sub-divided and sold in lots to suits purchasers. For terms apply to JOHN FULLERTON, NO. 23 Wood street, ROBERT RAMSAY, Executors, &c. se3:tf

TURTLE CREEK BUILDING SITES. About 100 acres of choice land in the pleasant valley of Turtle Creek, divided into lots of a convenient size for business men desirous of securing a home away from the dust and smoke of the city, is now offered for sale at a price much lower than similar property in the neighborhood has lately been sold for. Eight daily trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad afford easy access to the place. Also, two dwellings, Nos. 35 and 37,