THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXVII---NO. 217.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27, 1864.

The Pittsburgh Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

The undersigned, publishers of Pittsburgh daily papers, have mutually agreed to charge the prices below specified for their respective journals, on and after MONDAY, July 25th, 1864:

THE GAZETTE.	
Morning Edition, per week, delivered by carrier	25
" " sent by mail, per year, in advance	$10 00
" " for six months, " "	5 00
" " for three months, " "	2 50
Evening Edition, by carrier, per week	15
" " by mail, per year, in advance	$6 50
" " " for six months	3 25
" " " for three "	1 62
THE CHRONICLE.	
Per week, delivered by carrier	20
Per year, in advance, sent by mail	$9 00
Six months, " " "	4 50
Three months, " " "	2 25
THE COMMERCIAL.	
Per week, delivered by carrier	25
Per year, in advance, sent by mail	$10 00
Six months, " " "	5 00
Three months, " " "	2 50

GAZETTE ASSOCIATION,
CHARLES McKNIGHT,
Publisher Evening Chronicle.
PITTSBURGH NEWSPAPER AND PRINTING COMPANY.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

An army correspondent of the *Western Christian Advocate* gives an interesting account of a "Confederate Soldiers's Prayer-Book," which fell into his hands at one of our hospitals near the gates of Atlanta. It is published by the "South Carolina Tract Society," and is a 24 mo. flexible, cloth bound book, of one hundred and fifty pages. The book has five general divisions; Social Prayers, General; Special Prayers, Special; Personal and Private Prayers; Short Prayers; Selections of Scripture. The design of this book is commendable, though the issue named in some of the prayers is objectionable, and shows the spirit and sympathies of the people of the Confederacy in such matters. The Christian Commission might obtain the labors of some distinguished ministers of the different denominations to compile a work of this kind, as a help to increase the devotional spirit in our soldiers. But the main object we hold in view, is to give passages from some of these prayers. Witness this specimen, used in connection with Jeff. Davis' messages: * * * "Pour out upon them thy wrath, for they have devoured our substance, and laid waste our dwelling places, and burned thy churches, and ravaged our cities, and outraged our women," etc. Here is a passage from a "Prayer Against our Enemies and For Peace:" * * * "Our confederacy has broken the covenant made with them by our fathers and sealed in the chancery of heaven. They have dealt treacherously with us, their brethren, in these Southern States, and perfidiously deprived us of imparial justice, equal rights, guaranteed protection and honorable security for our slaves, whom thou hast brought among us, and given charge over them, for good to them and the world, and for glory to thy holy, wise and powerful providence," etc. We give an extract from the Special Prayers,—with the heading, "For our Confederacy," and the last specimen: "From the beginning hitherto thou hast, O, righteous God, associated the institution of slavery as an organic form of our industrial labor with thy Church and people, thereby ministering for slaves religious teaching and provision for their temporal wants, and to the world the benefit of service not otherwise attainable." * * * "By thy holy, wise, and powerful providence, O, Lord, thou hast introduced slavery into these Southern States, which thou hast allotted to our fathers and to us for a habitation forever." * * * "Look down upon us especially as a slave holding confederacy. As thou hast bestowed upon us the blessing given in perpetuity to the posterity of Shem and Japhet, [See Gen. ix, 25 27,] do thou, in blessing, bless us, and make slavery a blessing to ourselves, to our slaves, and to the world at large. Let the blessing of Abraham, the father of the faithful and the friend of God, rest upon us and upon our servants. Pour out upon us, and upon our servants, from these latter days, [See Acts ii, 16-18, and Joel ii, 28, 29] the Holy Spirit upon our sons and daughters, and upon our servants and our handmaidens, that they may call upon the Lord. Preserve our slaves from the fanatical machinations of our enemies, who would delude and destroy them, and under the promise of liberty reduce them to poverty, barbarism and exile from Christian homes and happiness of their fathers"

Henry Ward Beecher has to bear the brunt of a good many serious charges relative to "orthodoxy" in doctrinal matters. In a late Philadelphia installation sermon he gives his views on total depravity in these words: "There is no man born so that he loves to live for others rather than for himself. It takes two stars to make a man a whole man. He must be born, and born again.

Rev. Dr. Kendall, formerly of this city, has passed through Brigham Young's domains on his way to California. While in the Mormon Capital he preached to the Saints after the order found in Mormondom.

—It has been ascertained upon comparing the reports of the missionaries of the American Sunday School Union for June, with those of the same month last year—reporting 161 new schools—that in June, 1864, returns of 242 new schools organized (an increase of 111,) into which were gathered 6,660 children, taught by 1,084 teachers. The receipts for the missionary work during the month were $5,080 27.

—From the announcement in the *Episcopal Recorder* of Episcopal Appointments in the Pennsylvania Diocese, we learn a Convocation will be held at New Brighton, Sept. 15th. On the 19th of October, the Episcopal churches here will receive the visitation of the Bishop.

—Governor Seymour has roused the ire of the religious press in the Empire State because his Fast-Day Proclamation had these words: "To pray God to give meekness and charity to the clergy." This is considered "a drive at the clergy," and, accordingly, the Governor is getting a severe castigation.

—A correspondent of the *Western Cumberland Presbyterian*, writing from East Tennessee, says the religious world is coming nearer the true Bible doctrine every year, and the "nearer they come to the doctrine of the Bible, the nearer they come to Cumberland Presbyterianism." Verily!

—An Irishman being in a church where the collection apparatus resembled a fanning-house, on its being handed to him whispered to the carrier's ear that he was not so ventilated, and consequently could not vote.

Contractors will be sure to give us a chance. A London paper says: "When persons who were made by contractors, regardless of the law, that the contractors substituted the material for necessity to make the profession, thus so shamefully to make a large profit, and thus the Woolwich laboratory, gun-carriages ill made, defects, concealed under a coat or two of paint, could not be substituted. The result has been to show the absolute necessity that every part of a gun-carriage should be made under the eye of responsible government officers."

Reading Matter From Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

Boy-Murder.

Brutal as have been the acts generally of the authorities at Richmond and their myrmidons in carrying out the provisions of their conscription acts, none are so deserving of the execration of the civilized world, as the forcing of more lads into their armies. Among the slain upon almost every recent battle field have been discovered the bodies of innocent youth, who pelled to shoulder a musket, and, with their more elderly companions, confront the bullets of our troops. We are told by a correspondent writing from Mobile Bay, that the garrison at Fort Gaines consisted in part of four hundred boys, between the ages of fourteen and eighteen, who, hastily called together at Mobile, had been sent down to the fort to assist in repelling the assaults of our fleet and soldiers. They were scantily clad, half drilled and so ignorant of the use of the musket, that during their limited term of service they lost one of their own number by the accidental discharge of his own gun, and about half a dozen others by the guns of their own comrades. These four hundred children formed a part of an entire regiment, many of the members of which will doubtless yet fall victims to the oppressive and tyrannical conscriptions acts. The approaching disorganization of the so-called Confederacy could not be more forcibly proved than by this unusual and barbarous mode of replenishing the thinned ranks of its army, and even were not the forces of the Union, by their superiority of numbers and invincible determination and courage enabled to crush the traitorous host, the Omnipotent Power would sweep from earth the murderers of those whom the Psalmist has said are the heritage of the Lord.—*Phila Bulletin.*

A Peace which is a Double War.

We have often asserted that there can be no peace of a dishonorable character which will relieve us of the troubles of war. We may even accept it as an aphorism that a half peace may prove a double war. Anarchy results from failure and shame. What we ought to do, and fail to do, must have its revenge upon us. We and this intelligent warning in a communication addressed to the *Times*:

"I said we might have anarchy; it is only a civil war behind this seemingly desired but dishonorable peace. When our able people, nearly, without solving the problem of *how*, they may establish *one standpoint in four*. When the strong submission should be crushed, then may credit submit to bankruptcy. When credit submits to bankruptcy—to repudiation—then may the people submit to unregulated opposition. There can be no safety to the capital of the country is patched up peace—no a divided Union. Then let men and capitalists come forward and help their duty. If they will cooperate, be prompt about it, and act with energy, we shall yet have a stable Government, prosperous times, and a united and happy people."—*Philad. Press.*

An East Indian Sect.

About sixteen years ago, and not long before the English became masters of the Punjaub, in India, one Ram Singh started a new Sikh sect, near the town of Rawal Pindee, called "Juggeas." After making a large number of converts, he died in 1863. Of his three favorite pupils, Ram Singh, a carpenter, was chosen to succeed him. In many respects the doctrines of the new sect show an improvement on the Sikh creed. Ram Singh condemns caste, and preaches against adultery. He enjoins the marriage of all castes, and advocates the intermarriage of widows. He takes no alms, nor allows his followers to do so. He condemns drunkenness, and urges cleanliness of person and truthfulness. He, however, allows no free intercourse between the sexes; many of his followers consisting of girls and women, who, in thousands, rave at his meetings. The men are obliged to carry a staff, with which they are drilled, and Ram Singh announces himself to be "Guroo Govand," the second or military founder of the Sikh faith; and he, but especially the followers, declare that they will very soon expel all the English from India.

The Venerable Maryland Patriot to be Compensated.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE DEPARTMENT,
8th Army Corps, Aug. 23, 1864.

"*Special Orders No. 211.*—(Extract.)—Brigadier General R. H. Lockwood, commanding 3d Brigade, 8th Army Corps, is hereby directed to detail a competent officer from his command to proceed to the residence of Mr. Ishmael Day, Baltimore county, Maryland, and make an estimate of the damage sustained by him in the destruction of his property by the rebels during the late raid, assess and collect from the disloyal and disaffected persons residing within a radius of five miles of Mr. Day's farm a sum equal to the amount of damage sustained by him; and to pay the same, when collected, to Mr. Day. The levy will be made upon the individuals according to their taxation list.

By command of Maj. Gen. Wallace.
SAMUEL B. LAWRENCE,
Assistant Adjutant General.

JEFFERSON DAVIS' declaration to Colonel Jaques, "We receded to get rid of the rule of the majority," is but the expression of the anti-republican theory he has long advocated. In 1859, at Jackson, Mississippi, referring to the probable success of his political opponents in 1860, he said: "The success of such a party would indeed produce an irrepressible conflict. To you would be presented the single issue—Will you allow the constitutional union to be changed into the despotism of a majority?" It is singular that the Democratic party has any sympathy with men who thus repudiate its principles. This tyranny of the majority, by the way, has only been mentioned by Southern leaders, and the majority voted in the interest of freedom. There was no despotism, of course, in the pro-slavery majority.—*Phil. Press.*

High Private.

Can I be born and another be what?
Can I be shot and another be meant?
Another be head, while I am the feet?
If God will—God wot.

Dices may be up, and gold may be down;
The hero may purpose, or triply the crown;
But who forecasts ahead of the dance take the town?
There's no telling what.

One man will rise, while many must fall;
Ocean's the birth, while ten fear the pall;
Fame speaks to one, but each takes them all:
The worm catch not.

Let me be born, then—another be ever,
Another lead birth while I bear the bier,
Or go the more work, and get the less gear;
I'll stand to my lot.

—*Harper's Monthly.*

DOG AND CATS LIVERS.—The *Shoe and Leather Reporter* says: "Skin the dogs and cats, and put the dry hides to some profitable use; let the bone boilers have their bones. In one of the wards of Newark, N. J., where some 1,500 votes are polled, there are estimated to be about 600 dogs—worthless, hungry curs, with about the same number of cats, to dispute possession in and about the domicil of their masters and mistresses. We say kill and skin them. The skins of the biggest mastiff can be tanned for boots and shoes or thick sling gloves; the skins of lower dogs can be dressed white for gloves. And cat skins, and put their skins and bones to a better use than many of them would otherwise be put to."

"FRIZZER'S MAGAZINE" has this: "Whenever you find a man whom you know little about odd by dressed, or talking ridiculously, or exhibiting any eccentricity of manner, you may be tolerably sure that he is not a married man. For the little corners are rounded off, the little shoots are pruned away, in married men. Wives generally have much more sense than their husbands, especially when their husbands are clever men. The wife's advice are like the ballast that keeps the ship steady. They are like the wholesome, though painful, shears snipping off little growths of self-conceit and folly."

NEW YORK AMPHITHEATRE.—The Volunteer Committee of New York city, have reported to Governor Seymour and Major Townsend, the commissioner appointed by the Secretary of War, names of over 28,000 naval recruits obtained since the commencement of the war, which the committee will endeavor to have credited to New York. If successful the city will be saved from the draft. The Board of Supervisors have passed a resolution requesting the postponement of the draft, also for the exemption of firemen and uniformed militia.

THE most curious instance of a change of instinct is mentioned by Darwin: The bees transported to Barbadoes and the Western Islands, found in the beginning of the first year they entered the atmosphere, become proportionally prolific, more gentle character, become proportionally prolific, more gentle character, and more capital, and more by flying short through gardens and stinging the negroes.

Dr. Lord says that a pound of cheese is equal in nutritive value to two pounds of fish. The European seems to be better acquainted with this fact than our own people. With us, cheese is regarded rather as a luxury, while in England it is considered one of the substantial articles of food, and it is not uncommon for the workmen to make a full meal on bread and cheese alone.

NEWS AND MISCELLANY.

THIS is old but suggestive: The men of Coventry, hearing that Queen Elizabeth liked poetry, welcomed her to their town:

"We men of Coventry
Are very glad to see,
Your gracious Majesty;
Good Lord, how fair ye be!"

And the unique royal reply:—

"Her gracious Majesty
Is very glad to see
The men of Coventry;
Good lack, what fools ye be!"

A GOOD IDEA.—At the State Alms House, Massachusetts, the manager of the farm feeds his cows regularly with sand, which he considers superior to any other substance for that purpose. It is warm, easy to lie upon, prevents the cows from slipping when reaching for food, is an excellent absorbent of liquids, easily shoveled in and out, a superior divisor of droppings, and is an excellent substance to apply to cold lands. For these reasons he likes sand for bedding.

At a Peace meeting at Columbus recently, a resolution was adopted expressing high regard for the soldiers, whereupon several of the latter, in order to test the sincerity of the "peace brethren," groaned for Jeff. Davis. This was too much for the "peace men," who, with bowie knives and pistols, rushed upon the soldiers and drove them from the ground.

THE military authorities, for prudential reasons, have refused to allow all of the papers found among the archives of the "Sons of Liberty" to be published. A portion of these retained are in cypher and it is said implicate some prominent citizens not heretofore suspected as having been connected with this infamous organization.—*Cincinnati Journal.*

THE amount of specie at present in the vaults of the New York Sub-Treasury is nearly four-teen millions of dollars. The present gold balance is nearly one-half of the United States is $885,938,101, involving an interest charge in gold of $53,727,513. The customs revenue in gold of the past fiscal year was $84,216,192.

JESSE D. BRIGHT.—We understand that Jesse D. Bright has sold all his Kentucky possessions, freed his negroes, given them each a sum of money sufficient to commence the world with, and has with his family, gone to Europe, there to remain till after the war.—*New Albany Ledger.*

AT THE SARATOGA.—"Ah!" mused a Shakspearian Dyspeptic, as his eye wandered moodily along the row of bottles at the hotel table; "ah! how true Othello's word:

"To think that we can call those loving creatures ours,
Because we know how true Othello's word:
To think that we can call those loving creatures ours,
Because we know how true Othello's word:
Bless us! what appetites!"

HARRISBURG, Aug. 24.—Recruiting is very brisk. A great many are enlisting for the one year's service. There is but one man left in charge of the State Arsenal, the balance having taken uniform.

ALTOONA, Aug. 24.—We have nothing later from the Valley. Over two hundred men are engaged on the works of the Pennsylvania Railroad have enlisted in the one year's service.

Are the marriages of an elderly maiden in church, the choir struck up the hymn—

"Oh, how shall I long have sought
And rejoiced because I found it not?"

ALL the Democrats in the New Hampshire Legislature voted against the bill allowing the soldiers of the State to vote.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Meeting in Lawrenceville to Fill their Quota.

The largest meeting of citizens ever convened in Lawrenceville assembled at Robinson's Hall, on Thursday evening, to consider and act upon the subject of filling their quota under the five hundred thousand call, with volunteers. The Borough Councils had already appropriated $20,000 to pay bounties, and awaited the action of the tax payers before authorizing an additional $10,000. The meeting last night authorized this with gratifying unanimity, and to-night the council will act in the matter, and success is certain.

A spontaneous effort to take up the loan was made at the meeting, and $10,000 was subscribed in fifteen minutes. An assessment of $100 on each enrolled man in the town, was made by the meeting, and a gratifying response was immediately given; a large proportion of those present subscribing at once.

Resolutions were adopted designating William Jancey, Esq., a treasurer of the fund, and authorizing and tax collectors to collect the latter, and also to the extra fund of enrollmen's contributions. Gentlemen who desire to loan the Borough money for this noble purpose, together with the citizens table to draft, are earnestly requested to call on him promptly and subscribe. Active committees are at work to forward the movement. Let all respond with all alacrity. The bonds will be issued in sums to suit the purses of rich and poor alike. Time presses. Every shoulder be put to the wheel. Men are enlisting by hundreds. Money for bounty only is needed. Think the cash! Reinforce our noble armies at once; give Grant and Sherman a little more club, and they will knock the bottom out of this rebellion before the fall passes. Every body to the onslaught!

The Employees of the Allegheny Arsenal and the Draft.

A number of the employees in the arsenal are filled into apathy about the draft on account of the order of the Provost Marshal General, that "skilled artisans" will, if drafted, not be required to report for duty in the field. Let them not lean too heavily on this reed. It will break beneath them. The order aims only at protecting the government interests in case of men who cannot be replaced, being drafted into the army. It is the merest charity to suppose that any of it is more than a dozen employees in the post, who, by quitting work would embarrass the government. The order is clear of any ambiguity. "Skilled artisans," strictly construed, would not take in more than one third of the employees now subject to draft, and the places of the rest can be filled readily. Indeed we have been informed that this was clearly stated to the saddlers the other day when they demanded an increase of pay, and when the alternative of leaving unless the demand was complied with was spoken of, they were assured that if they all quit their places could and would be filled in a week by men from the East.

Pay your $40 and then secure yourselves in the lucrative situations you now hold, and at the same time have the proud consciousness of having done your duty to the Government which feeds in no duty to you!

Soldier Killed.

On Tuesday last, the remains of Alexander De Armitt, a member of a Pennsylvania cavalry regiment, was brought to the residence of his family in Hollidaysburg—the appearance of the "box," directed to the care of his wife, being the first intimation that his friends had of his decease. It had only been a few days since she received a letter from him, in which he stated that he was well. It appears, however, that he had been thrown from a horse and killed. The deceased was a very worthy man, and highly esteemed by the community in which he resided. His father formerly resided here, and was killed by the boiler explosion at Wallace's machine shop, in Liberty street.

PER CAPITA TAX.—The following act to authorize a per capita tax in Somerset and Allegheny counties to pay bounties to volunteers, was approved May 23, 1864:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, &c. That the school directors, or other ward, township or borough officers in Somerset and Allegheny counties shall add to the General Bounty Act to levy and collect a tax to pay a bounty to volunteers, be authorized to assess and collect from each male taxable in any one of said districts such sum as the said board may deem right, not to exceed five dollars upon any one taxable inhabitant.

BOY LOST.—Michael Clarey, aged between ten and eleven years, residing on Crawford street, near Webster, has been missing since the 15th inst. At an early hour in the morning he was sent by his mother to a grocery store near at hand, for some butter, but did not return and has not since been seen by his parents, although diligent search has been made. His hair was red and cut short, and he had on a muslin shirt with striped breast and collar, black cap and jacket, and light pants. Information of his fate or his whereabouts will be gladly received by his anxious father and mother.

DESERVED PROMOTION.—We are pleased to learn that Dr. Samuel G. Lane, of Chambersburg, has been appointed Assistant Surgeon of Pennsylvania Reserves, and Surgeon of the 5th Pennsylvania Reserves, and Surgeon of the Board of Enrollment for the Sixteenth District. A thorough knowledge of his profession, added to his great experience in the practical duties of camp and field, admirably qualify him to discharge the duties of the responsible position assigned him.

CHAPLAIN FOURTH INFANTRY.—The next session will begin on the first Monday of September. The price of tuition is only fifty dollars for ten months. Now is the time to enter for a complete course. There were over three hundred and fifty pupils in attendance during the year just closed, mostly ladies; and nearly all who held number 1 certificates are already employed at salaries from thirty-five to forty dollars per month.

BRAKEMAN HURT.—On Thursday, Washington McCartney, brakeman of Allegheny, was severely, perhaps fatally injured, at the Soda Works near Freeport, while engaged in drilling cars.

PASSED THROUGH.—Mrs. Lieutenant General Grant passed through the city on Thursday, eastward.

Volunteering.

We are gratified to see a disposition in every part of our county to fill the quotas of the several sub-districts, and thereby avoid the unpleasant realization of a draft. This is the proper spirit. It puts men into the field promptly; it encourages and assists those noble veterans now in the service, and it carries dismay into the ranks of the rebels. Those who desire to remain at home are contributing liberally for the benefit of those who choose to fight, and by this means the rigors of conscription may be avoided in this county. Brave and patriotic men are coming up to the work nobly—manfully. We believe that the five hundred thousand men "of the rebellion; but whether they survive, and return as conquering heroes, or fall in defense of their Government, they will have a record of which they, their families and descendents will feel truly and justly proud. In time to come, their memories will be revered equally with those of the patriots of the Revolution.

Meeting of the County Committee.

The members of the Union County Executive Committee held a meeting this forenoon at the law office of Marshal & Brown, Fifth street, where a large amount of business was transacted.

The first business in order was the permanent organization of the Committee. On motion, A. M. Brown, Esq., was chosen permanent chairman, D. O'Neill, Secretary, and W. Little, Treasurer.

It appearing that the name of the candidate for Coroner was wrongly printed in the newspapers, instructions were given to have the proper correction made. The name should be William Clawson instead of Edward Clawson.

Sub committees of five in every election district were authorized, which will be announced hereafter.

The committee will meet, hereafter, every Friday morning at eleven o'clock.

The Eighth Ward—A New Expedient.

This ward has been doing nobly in the way of filling its quota, but owing to the apathy of a large number of the enrolled men, the bounty is exhausted, and recruiting has ceased. This is greatly to be regretted, but we are pleased to announce that the committee has hit upon a happy expedient of clearing all contributors to the fund. The subscribers will form themselves into a club, and agree to put in a substitute for every man who has subscribed the required amount, and who may be drafted, leaving all others to take care of themselves. The ward is so nearly out that not more than ten or fifteen men will be required to be drafted, but the committee is determined that not one of the subscribers shall suffer. This is right, and we have no doubt other Wards will parade the same course. By this arrangement, some of the "dodgers" will be rarely caught.

Lawrenceville and the Draft.

The meeting last night appointed a committee to make out a full list of enrolled men who are asked to pay the light assessment of $40 each, and thus co-operating with the large tax payers, raise the necessary funds to pay bounties, and fill the quota. This committee is authorized to name of all who pay, and all who neglect or refuse to pay. This is a duty and a pleasure combined, and the committee will fulfill the orders of the meeting without fear or favor. While the men of moderate means are contributing liberally, men of wealth are putting out their money, let the men who have no means not withheld their mite.

Good Life! those who help themselves. A good life those who help themselves. A strong, steady pull altogether, and the quota is filled.

Petroleum Transported through Pipes.

The American Railroad Journal says—For the first time in the history of transportation of the oil the pipes have been used, the Oil Creek Railroad Company and the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad Companies are laying between the stations of their respective lines, through which the petroleum will be forced from the tanks at the wells to the railroad terminal by powerful steam pumps. It is estimated that by this means, if necessary, 10,000 barrels a day can be delivered to the market at a cost greatly less than by the present system, and without the risk of the leakage in the conduits, and the interruptions in the amount transported in the effect of the season on the wagon roads."

Kinsp's Battery Coming Home.

We have just received a telegraphic dispatch from Capt. Samuel Riddle, commanding Company C, Kinsp's Battery 150 days' men, informing us that the Battalion will be mustered out at Pittsburgh, Company A will start for home on Saturday, the 27th inst., Company B on Monday, the 29th, Company C on Friday, Sept. 2d, and Company D on Thursday, September 8th.

PROVOST.—The Superiores of the Female Catholic Orphan Asylum acknowledge the receipt of one hundred dollars, bequest of the late Daniel McKeever, of Ross township, per Mrs. Mary Good.

CLAIM AGENTS.

SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENCY.

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON.

ATTORNEYS FOR CLAIMS AND PENSIONS.

NO. 144 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

☞ Pensions procured, Bounty, Back Pay and Prize Money collected in shortest time possible. aug3

WOUNDED SOLDIERS

$100 BOUNTY

TO ALL WOUNDED SOLDIERS, is now being paid call with "Discharge."
No charge made until you money is collected.
T. WALTER DAY,
Licensed by the U. S. Government.
No. 105 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
4 door below the Cathedral

SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTIES, PENSIONS AND ARREARS OF PAY.

Promptly rec'ded to by
ARTHURS & BIDDELL,
No. 182 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MILITARY CLAIMS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY AND MILITARY PENSIONS, collected by the undersigned, at the following rates, viz: Pensions $10 00, all other claims $5 00.
O. G. TAYLOR, Attorney at Law,
No. 75 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B. No charges are made if the claim does not succeed, and all information given free gratis. aug27

DRUGGISTS.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Dealer in PURE FANCY GOODS, BURNING FLUID, OILS, PAINTS, MEDICINES, &c., of strictly prime quality, which he offers at lowest prices. Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and manufacturers of WHITE LEAD AND LITHARGE, corner of Wood and Front streets, Pittsburgh.

DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER, Druggist, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for the Franklin, Philadelphia and Boston Insurance Companies, Northeast corner Wood and Third sts.

W. P. JONES, Agent for North America, State of Pennsylvania, and Hartford Insurance Companies, 67 Water street.

SAMUEL REA, Secretary Citizens' Insurance Company, corner Market and Water sts.

F. M. GORDON, Secretary of Western Insurance Company, 62 Water street.

D. M. BOOK, Secretary of Allegheny Insurance Company, 87 Fifth street.

MARVIN'S SUPERIOR CRACKERS

Made at No. 68 FOURTH STREET.

N. B.—My patent red oven enables me to furnish Crackers superior to any made west of the Mountains.
S. S. MARVIN, No. 68 Fourth street.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FRESH SARDINES—Just received a fresh supply in half boxes. For sale by the dozen or single box by JOHN A. BENSHAW, corner Liberty and Sand streets.

$100 PER MONTH—Active and reliable men wanted to act as agents in the most lucrative business known. Address or apply to S. S. GAUGHAN, Hillsboro, N. H.

FLOUR—100 barrels extra Family Flour in store and for sale by
SHIVER & LAZEAR,
corner Smithfield and Second streets.

GREAT RIOT IN NEW ORLEANS.

Attempt of Gen. Canby to Enforce the Draft.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED CITIZENS KILLED

The Riot Still Raging.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—A dispatch from Mobile, Aug. 21, says the operator at Jackson, Miss., telegraphs that a great riot had broken out in New Orleans, in which over 400 citizens were killed. It was caused by Gen. Canby attempting to enforce the draft. The negro troops were called out to suppress it, but at last accounts it was still raging.

LATEST FROM MOBILE.

IRON CLADS AND FORT MORGAN ENGAGED.

The Fleet Repairing Damages.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The *Herald* has the following dispatch from Fortress Monroe:

The latest intelligence from Mobile reached us last evening by the U. S. gunboat Connecticut, which left there on the 18th inst. at sunset. At that time the situation was unchanged. The iron clads and Fort Morgan were engaged, but not very severely. Farragut with one of his flagships was in Mobile Bay, where our fleet are repairing damages.

Fort Morgan is very closely invested by our navy and military forces.

Gen. Canby was with Farragut on the 11th inst. for consultation. He seems anxious for the final blow to be struck, and the days of Fort Morgan are certainly numbered. The greatest activity prevails among the fleet, and the health and spirits of the men are first rate.

LATEST FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

ALL QUIET AT THE FRONT.

OUR LINES CONSIDERABLY EXTENDED.

OUR LOSS ON SUNDAY 5,000 MEN

Rebel Account to the Fight.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF POTOMAC,
August 24—Evening.

All is quiet to-day except the usual cannonading. Our left has been extended six or seven miles, and we hold securely the Weldon railroad to Beam's Stations, a distance of seven miles. No rebels are to be seen on our left front.

The entire loss of the 5th corps, on Sunday, is now stated at 3,000. They fought splendidly. The Richmond papers of the 23d containing accounts of an attack on our extreme left, made the rebel assault on Warren's corps on the Weldon Railroad, say: We have met with a signal, crushing, smashing defeat. Our forces under Gen. Gordon, Saunders and Wright, Gen. Lowry, of Florida, mortally wounded, and Generals Finnegan and Anderson, of Alabama, wounded. Grant's plans on the Danville railroad are now revealed, and all the strength of the army of the armies under Lee and Beauregard will not be too much for our foe. But this bold movement is the death-blow of Petersburg.

According to the Petersburg papers the Petersburg & Lynchburg railroad is considered out of danger.

Another National Convention Suggested.

WITHDRAWAL OF FREMONT AND LINCOLN RECOMMENDED.

General Fremont's Reply.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Several prominent abolitionists, including Easear Wright and S. G. Howe, have written to General Fremont speaking of the dissatisfaction in the Republican ranks, and advising that the Baltimore and Cleveland nominees both withdraw their names as Presidential candidates, and a new Convention be called to select new candidates.

Gen. Fremont replies at length, remarking that he does not feel at liberty to withdraw his name without most consulting the party that nominated him; but suggests that a direct effort be made to obtain an immediate unitedly adopted instructions supporters of both nominees, in order that they may consider and unite upon such a convention. In this letter Fremont says:

"Much has been said of a compromise. For me, peace signifies the integral establishment of the Union without slavery. Anything else is the source of all political dissensions, and because the Union itself is condemned by the Democratic party, the spirit of the age. These are to me the essential conditions of peace."

FROM SHERMAN'S DEPARTMENT.

Active Operations at Present Not Anticipated.

WHEELER REPORTED AT STUART'S LANDING.

Colored Garrison and Whites Captured and Murdered.

GEN. DODGE STILL LIVING.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The *Herald's* special dated, Nashville, Aug. 24th, says: Active operations in this department await anticipated results elsewhere.

The Chattanooga *Gazette*, of the 23d, reports the rebel General Wheeler at Stuart's Landing on the 20th inst., where he attacked, captured, and murdered the colored garrison and nearly three hundred white laborers. He destroyed the camp and forty-four wagons, killing one white soldier and one white citizen.

Gen. Seammon, who left Atlanta on the 22d, reports that Gen. Dodge is still alive, but dangerously wounded.

The Proclamation Forger Released.

NEW YORK, Aug 26.—The *Times* says that Howard, the proclamation forger, has been released from Fort Lafayette.

PIANOS, MUSIC, &c.

CAUTION.

As it appears from an advertisement for a stolen horse and buggy in Saturday's *Gazette*, that a person has been fraudulently obtaining through the surrounding country, representing that he was connected with my establishment, I deem it necessary to inform the public that no such person has any authority from me to act as agent for me in any business connected with my establishment, and I do not hold myself responsible for any contracts he may make. Parties will please take notice that he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, slender built, dark complexion, black hair, inclined to curl; sharp features, sharp nose and chin; thin visage; speaks broken English, and is about 30 years of age.

The public are cautioned against employing him, as we in no way responsible for his acts.

CHAS. C. MELLOR,
81 WOOD STREET.

WAMELINK & BARR,
SOLE AGENTS OF THE
Bradbury & Schomacker & Co.'s
CELEBRATED PIANOS,
AND SMITH & CO.'S
American Organs and Melodeons,
No. 12 BISSELL'S BLOCK, ST. CLAIR ST.

We take pleasure in referring to a few of those who have purchased these instruments in Pittsburgh and vicinity:

Richard Rand, Esq., John Quinn, Esq.,
F. S. Bellows, Capt. Cochran,
Jerome Burgell, Esq., Wells, Biddle & Co.,
J. P. Smith, Wm. Brown, Esq.,
Dr. O. M. Blackburn, C. H. Dove,
Grant St. Baptist Ch., A. Hewitt, Esq.,
D. N. Rose, Esq., Dr. M. Hostetter,
L. J. F. Kerr, Esq.,
Directress St. Vincent's Academy, Youngstown, Pa.
Miss Sarah E. Fairland, East Liberty.
Capt. Jos. Fleming, Birmingham.
J. H. Rogers, Sewickley.
Rev. Jos. Cooper, Coraopolis, Ohio.
Rev. Wm. Hamilton, Allegheny.
Rev. J. Kerr, do.
Rev. T. Hellen, do.
Alex. Speers, do.
M. Fine, Esq. do.
Dr. A. B. Brightstock, East Liberty.
John Wrigley, do.
All Pianos, Melodeons are warranted for five years.
A few choice second-hand Pianos for sale and rent.

PIANOS & MELODEONS.

A large and fine stock of KNABE & CO.'S and other first class PIANOS, rosewood and plain cases, for sale or rent. PRICES LOW. Also, a splendid assortment of MAC SON'S MELODEONS, and a large assortment of SHEET MUSIC.
CHARLOTTE BLUME, 65 Fifth street.

N. SIDDLE, No. 183 SMITHFIELD ST.
Dealer in
Pianos and Musical Instruments,
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of NEW PIANOS, VIOLINS, GUITARS, ACCORDEONS, STRINGS, &c., which he will sell for low prices.

PIANOS. Just received a fine assortment of BOEKER PIANOS, which I offer at lower prices than any other house in the city. Also, a large stock of cheap Pianos, Harmoniums and Melodeons.
Also, I keep constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds of musical instruments, which I will sell at the lowest prices possible.
JOHN A. HERMAN,
No. 93 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CANTON MATTING.

McFARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
No. 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET,
Next house to P. O., second door.

We have just received a small invoice of FRESH CANTON STRAW MATTING, of the celebrated H. B. W. Ingraham's manufacture. The quality of these goods is so approachable by any other matting imported, and the limited quantity renders them very desirable.
McF., C. & CO., have also just received a few extraordinarily fine and fashionable styles of

Fancy Plaid Mattings,

All of which have just been landed, and are, therefore, the FRESHEST MATTINGS IN THE MARKET.

Our general stock of goods is still unsurpassed in extent or variety, and we at all times offer our patrons the lowest prices the market will afford.

CHINA MATTINGS.

Having purchased before the rise in goods a large stock

WHITE, CHECKED AND FANCY.

CHINA MATTINGS,

In all widths and qualities, we are enabled to offer them at the cheapest rates.

The attention of the public is called to the above goods as they are the cheapest carpetting in the market.

We have also a large stock of Embroidered, Embossed and Cloth Piano Covers, which we offer at low rates.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
52 Fifth street.

FOURTH STREET

NEW STYLES
OF
WINDOW SHADES,
RECEIVED THIS DAY.
NEW SPRING STOCK
OF
CARPETS,
WELL SEASONED
OIL CLOTH,
AT McCALLUM'S
CARPET STORE,
No. 97 FOURTH STREET.
W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

STAR BRAND CINCINNATI HAMS—The subscribers have still on hand a supply of this first brand of hams. Cured these pigs up in the best manner for family use. For sale by the hams or single ham at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. BENSHAW, corner Liberty and Sand streets.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR—10 barrels strictly pure Cider Vinegar, suitable for pickling, put in and for sale by the gallon or barrel, at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. BENSHAW, corner Liberty and Sand streets.

POTASH—100 barrels for sale by
HENRY S. OGL.

Accident on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad.

Several Persons Killed.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 25.—The eastward bound train on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati railroad was thrown from the track near Lawrenceburg, yesterday, by breaking the flange of one of the driving wheels of the locomotive. The engineer was instantly killed, one man fatally, and three others severely injured. Gov. Morton and Joseph McDonald, his political opponent, were on the train, but escaped uninjured.

Three men, names unknown, returning from Green township, yesterday, were thrown from a lumber and one killed, and the others badly bruised.

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE—SUBURBAN SITES AND VILLAGE LOTS, NEAR FORT HERRON.—The undersigned, Executrix of the estate of John Herron, dec'd,