THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

The undersigned, publishers of Pittsburgh daily papers, have mutually agreed to change the prices below specified for their respective journals, on and after MONDAY, July 25th, 1864:

THE GAZETTE.

Morning Edition, per week, delivered by carrier	25
" " sent by mail, per year, in advance	$10 00
" " for six months, in advance	5 00
" " for three months, "	2 50
Evening Edition, by carrier, per week	15
" " by mail, per year, in advance	$6 50
" " for six months, "	3 25
" " for three " "	1 65

THE CHRONICLE.

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THE COMMERCIAL.

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Three months, " " "	2 50

GAZETTE ASSOCIATION,
CHARLES McMUNITY,
Publisher Evening Chronicle.
PITTSBURGH NEWSPAPER AND PRINTING COMPANY.

Reading Matter from Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

The Election.

We have but meagre returns of the election on Tuesday, but there is no doubt that the Soldiers' Amendment has been carried triumphantly. The following are approximate returns:

FOR THE SOLDIERS.	
Erie	2500
Armstrong	800
Fayette	100
Indiana	2500
Dauphin	2000
Washington	500
Adams	300
Union	1000
Snyder	500
Perry	300
Blair	1200
Indiana	200
Lawrence	1800
Allegheny	9500
Philadelphia	17000
Lebanon	1000
Butler	800
Beaver	1000
AGAINST.	
Berks	1500

Is the Invasion Ended?

The New York *Daily News*, which seems to possess facilities for obtaining information respecting the movements and intentions of the rebel forces which loyal journals do not so readily arrive at, prints a letter from its Baltimore correspondent, in which these sentences occur:

"I find it is believed here, by those who are the best informed, that the present movement into that State is being made by a very large force of the best soldiers in the Confederate army. I find the party who burned the houses in Chambersburg is a mere reconnoitering party, who will move rapidly from place to place; that they will be followed in a few days by the main body of the forces destined for the invasion of Pennsylvania; and that Harrisburg and Pittsburgh will probably be the two points to which the Confederate army will first proceed. There is said to be abundant testimony in town to the effect that this invading army consists of at least 75,000 troops, a part of whom have been recently detached from General Lee's army, and probably have not reached the Potomac yet."

The New York *World*, also very good authority upon rebel strategy, confirms the proposition, that the main force of the rebels, reported to be in the Shenandoah Valley some days ago, has not manifested itself yet—not contented itself with the burning of Chambersburg. The following is the conclusion of a lengthy leader which found place in its columns yesterday:

"Lee will now adopt a bolder strategy. Having weakened and worn away the forces of his adversary, and no longer fearing for the safety of Richmond, he will compel Grant to change his position, or will make the North pay the penalty of persisting in a hopeless undertaking by suffering the same terrible invasion which it has been inflicting on the South. The valley of the Shenandoah is open, it is already occupied by rebel forces strong enough to have collected supplies for a few days from its teeming fertility; and if Grant be not promptly recalled, Washington will, within ten days, be in greater danger than any to which Richmond has been exposed since the opening of this ill starred campaign."—*Gen. Cor.*

General Hooker.

Major General Hooker was in the city yesterday, on his way to Washington. He was relieved, at his own request, of the command of the 20th Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland, and took his departure from the front on Thursday last. We understand this action of General Hooker to have resulted from a feeling, on his part, that an indignity was done him by the appointment of General Howard to the command of the Army of the Tennessee, to succeed McPherson. It will be remembered that General Hooker is General Howard's senior in rank and service, and was his commanding general in the Army of the Potomac. It is alleged that some dissatisfaction exists among other officers, as to this appointment, which was made by the authorities at Washington.

Since Gen. Hooker's appearance in the West, he has performed gallant and conspicuous service in many fields. His "Battle above the Clouds," on Lookout Mountain, and the important part he bore in the splendid victory at Mission Ridge, will be recognized as among the brightest pages of our military history. During the present campaign, his corps has had a very large share of the fighting; and, while greatly reduced in numbers, was never in better *morale* than when Gen. Hooker parted from it. It lost heavily in three of the most serious actions of the campaign, at Resaca, Dallas, and at Peach Tree Creek, the last of which was fought by it chiefly, and one of the bloodiest victories of the war. We understand that General Hooker represents the army of General Sherman to be in very fine condition, and amply competent for the capture of Atlanta, and, if Hood will proceed with the fighting, for the destruction of the remnant of the rebel army also.—*Cin. Com.*

Imported Goods.

The re-exportation of considerable quantities of tea and coffee at New York to Europe shows that the prices of those articles to consumers have been raised so high as to largely reduce the demand. It is true, as the New York *Times* says, that this re-exportation arises from the effect of a surplus stock having accumulated on the hands of the importers, and those who buy immediately from them. The import was ordered upon the basis of the former consumption, and now that they are confronted by a heavy falling off in the demand, they are obliged to re-export the surplus stock to save themselves from loss.

The abstention of the people is thus already beginning to tell upon the determined upward movement of prices. We do not undertake to say that prices to consumers can be much reduced, but the first great step has been taken in stopping the rise and compelling the holders of the stock on hand to either lower their rates or re-export their surplus. It is idle to quarrel with speculators or speculation, for so long as men can make money easily, by means of mutual sales, they will continue to do so. Whatever remedy is to be sought for, our present inflation will be found in a steady refusal to use any article that can be done without.—*Phil. N. American.*

Cities of Paris.

The population of the French capital, according to returns just issued by the Hotel de Ville, amounts now to 1,696,141, contained in twenty arrondissements, or districts, each of which is presided over by a Mayor. There are, therefore, in Paris, no less than twenty-one Mayors, the Prefect being the Chief Mayor, and presiding over all. According to those same returns, which I was looking over the other day, I find that the number of births in Paris last year, was 52,812, of which 26,505 were boys, and 25,307 girls. Of the whole number 14,501 were illegitimate, and 37,320 born in wedlock. The number of deaths was 42,185, and the excess of births 10,127. The marriages celebrated were 15,196.

The Indians, or Nativas, as they are called, in Mexico, have brought an ancient Aztec crown to place on Maximilian's head. It seems that there exists among them an ancient prophecy, from the time that Cortez went to Mexico, that a foreign prince would one day come from over the seas to be their ruler. They took upon the new emperor as the promised prince, and hence their singular coronation with a crown three centuries old.

How the British Were Whipped the Other Day in New Zealand.

The sanguinary defeat of the British forces by an undisciplined rabble of New Zealand savages, at the Gate Pale on the 29th of May, was, according to the admissions of the correspondent of the London *Times*, a most ignominious and mortifying disaster. The "rebel" position consisted of two peaks, one thousand yards apart, connected by a covered way, and surrounded by rifle-pits and an inner line of rail fence, masked by branches of trees. The assaulting force included the Forty-third, Sixty fifth, and portions of the Fourteenth and Seventeenth Regiments, the crews of three or four men-of-war, supported by thirteen heavy Armstrong guns. After a bombardment lasting nine hours, the storming party advanced upon the works, in the face of a severe fire, and succeeded in forcing their way into the position. To their surprise they found the Pa Pa almost deserted. Throwe off their guard, the men dispersed and fell to plundering. In an instant, says the correspondent of the *Times* "there opened from beneath and from every side a tremendous fire of musketry, pointed by unseen hands. The whole ground was alive with Maories, and the air was rent with their savage yells". The British "fled in terror" from an equal number of savages; and to complete the story of the disaster, a portion of the force was at the same time twice repulsed in an assault upon another face of the pa. The loss of the British in this attack was twenty-six killed and seventy-eight wounded, many of whom have since died. The proportion of officers killed was unusually large.

The *Times* correspondent is forced to admit, in order to efface something of the stigma of this defeat, that the Maories are in all physical and moral qualities the equal of the British soldier; that they have exhibited an extraordinary capacity for the strategems of war, and that no regular army in the world could have done what these ravages did against a disciplined force, provided with an ample supply of heavy guns and all the resources and material of war.

How a Copperhead was Trapped.

The Lancaster *Examiner* says: A few days before the late rebel raid, a copperhead sympathiser with treason and traitors, named William McSparren, residing in Peachbottom township, York county, was neatly entrapped by some Union citizens residing in the neighborhood. These citizens knew of the proclivities of McSparren, and that he was willing to give the rebels all the information in his possession should the rebels attempt a raid into Lancaster county. In order to test the correctness of their information, they disguised themselves in rebel attire—donning the gray backs—and presented themselves at McSparren's house. Introducing themselves as the special friends of Jeff Davis, they were most hospitably received and generously entertained. The best the house afforded was placed at their disposal, and over the dinner table McSparren unbosomed himself to his supposed rebel friends.

He told them where the best fording places in the river could be found, and the most accessible roads to them; pointed out each Union man who had the best horses, fattest stock, and the largest quantity of wheat, corn and oats. After he had delivered himself of all his information and abuse of his government, his friends told him that they were no rebels, but good Union men, and that he should prepare to accompany them to Bell Air. To this McSparren objected, but made a virtue of necessity and acknowledged them. At Bell Air he was taken before an officer, who told him that he must take the oath of allegiance. Here he again dissented, avowing that he would do no such thing. He was then taken to prison, when a few days' rations of bread and water inclined his hatred of the north to such a degree that he wished to take the oath. It was administered to him. After which chop fallen, and in no amiable mood, he wended his way home.

From Newburn—Expedition up Chowan River.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The steamer Dudley Buck, from Newbern on the first, has arrived.

The expedition sent by Gen. Palmer to Chowan river, under Lt. Willie, had returned with one hundred bales of cotton and a large amount of tobacco captured from the enemy, from which the Treasury Department will realize nearly $100,000. The expedition also recaptured the despatch steamer Arrow, and some prisoners, besides destroying a large amount of rebel commissary stores.

It appears that the ram Albemarle, in the engagement off Plymouth, would have fared the worse for it had our gunboat given her commander an opportunity to open her port holes, as he expected she would go down before Plymouth.

The agent of the Treasury has just cleared a rebel schooner containing 570 barrels of rosin, 100 barrels of tar, several thousand shingles and some cotton, valued at $30,000, being the first instalment of the products belonging to the Treasury Department, coming from abandoned plantations.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, August 5.—Col. Parker, Chief of the National Detective Police, who has been here several days on official business, has succeeded in ferreting out the most extensive and successful gang of counterfeiters ever known in the United States. Fourteen of the gang were put in double irons. Five large boxes of material are now on their way to Washington. Other parties are to be arrested. Eleven presses, large quantities of bank note paper, ink, twelve plates, including $20 greenback, $10 and $50 U. S. Treasury Notes—new issue—and 50 cent postal currency, were secured.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The steamer Liberty, from Havana on the 30th ult., has arrived. The blockade runner steamer Denubere, from Mobile, with 474 bales of cotton, arrived at Havana on the 30th. A large steamer, supposed to be the Virginia, from Havana, was captured by the federal fleet off Mobile.

The steamer Ivanhoe ran ashore and was burnt below Mobile, but the rebels saved all her cargo and machinery.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A few days ago one of our ordinary light draft gunboats, belonging to Admiral Lee's fleet, on the James river, was fired at from a rebel shore battery. One of the shells struck and entered the magazine, but did not explode. Upon a search being made for the rebel missile, it was discovered that it had passed through *two barrels of powder and lodged in a third*, from which it was removed. At the time this kindly shell made its grand entree into the magazine there were about one hundred souls, officers and men, on board of the gunboat, every one of whom could undoubtedly have been blown to atoms had it exploded. It should be remembered that in constructing our light-draft gunboats it is impossible to sink the magazine, machinery and boilers below water-mark.

THE flashes of lightning often observed on a summer evening, unaccompanied by thunder, are popularly known as "heat lightning," or merely the light from discharges of electricity from an ordinary thunder cloud, beneath the horizon of the observer, reflected from clouds, or perhaps from the air itself, as in the case of twilight. Mr. Brooks, one of the directors of the telegraph line between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, informs us that on one occasion, to easily harvest on this point, he asked for information from a distant operator during the appearance of flashes of this kind in the distant horizon, and learned that they proceeded from a thunder storm than raging fifty miles eastward of his place of observation.

FRANCIS SOUTHERN PORTICUS.—An officer of the army, who left the front on the 27th, informs us that the Atlanta *Appeal* has had an editorial since Hood's two attacks, declaring much skepticism as to Hood's victories, which, on the strength of his dispatches to Richmond, the *Appeal* had implicitly believed, and had accordingly glorified. It complains that it has been made the victim of misplaced confidence; and then it goes on to state how many days Hood has been in command, and how many men he has lost, and upon that ratio to demonstrate that a very few days will dispose of the balance of his army.

MAJ. GEN. BURNSIDE, commanding in Kentucky, has issued an order that before the 15th instant such persons residing in the State as have been banished from other States for insurrectionary acts or rebel sentiments must leave Kentucky, not to return to it during the war. Gen. Burnside revokes all safeguards heretofore given by him or any of his district subordinates. If any person amenable to this order fail to comply with its provisions they will be arrested and transported beyond the limits of the United States.

THE Secretary of War has decided that if the muster-out of a regiment is delayed beyond the date of the expiration of its term of service, by its detention in the field or otherwise by the Government, the men are entitled to pay up to the day of the actual muster-out; but if the delay is occasioned by any action of the members of the regiment, they are entitled to pay up to the date of actual expiration of the term of service only, as shown by the muster-in rolls.

THURLOW WEED, in a published letter, says: "Mr. David Dudley Field reads me out of his party. This is as it should be, for in attempting to fraternize, the Scripture, which forbids the yoking of an ox and an ass together, would be violated."

If we were Mr. Field, we would have no more dealings with a man who called us an ox.—*Independent.*

"ARE you sound?" asked Dr. Duncan, the other day, of an old darkey who was drafted from Westfield, and presented himself for examination. "Yes," replied the conscript, "I have voted the Democratic ticket there thirty years."—*Springfield Republican.*

TELEGRAMS.

Our Special Dispatches.

FROM PETERSBURG.

OUR LOSS ON SATURDAY.

The Hundred Days Men and the Draft.

FROM HARRISBURG.

PROCLAMATION OF GOV. CURTIN.

30,000 MILITIA CALLED OUT.

The Men to Rendezvous at Harrisburg and Pittsburgh.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The President's Fast.

30,000 MILITIA CALLED OUT.

Rebels Repulsed at Work Creek.

REBELS AT HAGERSTOWN.

Court of Inquiry on the Late Disaster at Petersburg.

DEATH OF GEN. FORREST.

The Rebels Badly Whipped at Tupelo.

SHERMAN AGAIN MOVING.

REBEL STEAMER VIRGINIA CAPTURED.

Rebels Crossing the Potomac into Maryland.

FROM SHERMAN'S DEPARTMENT.

GEN. STONEMAN'S RAID.

Destruction of the Macon Railroad.

OUR FORCES ATTACKED BY GEN. RANSOM.

CAPTURE OF 2000 OF OUR FORCES

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CANTON MATTING.

M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,

Nos. 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET,

Next house to P. O., second floor,

Have just received a small invoice of FRESH CANTON STRAW MATTING, of the celebrated S. F. W. importation. The quality of these goods is unapproachable by any other matting imported, and the limited quantity renders them very desirable.

McF., C. & CO., have also just received a few exceedingly neat and handsome styles of

Fancy Plaid Mattings,

All of which have just been landed, and are, therefore, the FRESHEST MATTINGS IN THE MARKET.

Our general stock of goods is still unsurpassed in extent or variety, and we at all times offer our patrons the lowest prices the market will afford.

jy7

CHINA MATTINGS.

Having purchased before the rise in goods a large stock

WHITE, CHECKED AND FANCY

CHINA MATTINGS,

in all widths and qualities, we are enabled to offer them at less than Eastern rates.

The attention of the public is called to the above goods as they are the cheapest carpeting in the market.

We have also a large stock of Embroidered, Embossed and Cloth Piano Covers, which we offer at low rates.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,

23 Fifth street.

FOURTH STREET

NEW STYLES OF WINDOW SHADES RECEIVED THIS DAY.

NEW SPRING STOCK OF CARPETS

WELL SEASONED OIL CLOTH,

AT M'CALLUM'S.

CARPET STORE.

No. 87 FOURTH STREET.

jy19

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WAMELINK & HARR,

(SOLE AGENTS OF THE)

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CELEBRATED PIANOS,

AND SMITH & CO.'S

American Organs and Melodeons,

No. 10 BISSELL'S BLOCK, ST. CLAIR ST.

We take pleasure in referring to a few of those who have purchased our instruments in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

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F. B. Sellers,	Capt. Graham,
James Bissell, Esq.,	Wills, Biddle & Co.,
J. F. Smith,	Rev. Dr. Bunsell,
Dr. O. H. H. Blackburn,	C. B. Dote,
Grant St. Baptist Ch.,	A. H. Fetzer, Esq.,
P. R. Bodo, Esq.,	Dr. D. M. Gleitsmann,
Col. J. K. Kerr, Freeport, Pa.	

Directions to Farmer Academy, Youngstown, Pa.
Miss Sarah McFarland, East Liberty.
Capt. J. B. Conway, Birmingham.
Rev. H. Hopkins, Beelsville, Va.
Rev. K. Delabouty, Moundsville, Va.
Graham Scott, Oakland.
H. Gaskill, West Newton, O.
Bateman Gee, Esq., Allegheny City.
Wm. J. Rance, do.
Very Rev. P. Moflen, do.
John Kramer, do.
M. Fox, Esq., do.
Dr. J. R. McClintock, East Liberty.
John McCurdy, do.
All Pianos, Melodeons, etc., warranted for five years.
A few choice second-hand Pianos for sale and rent.

jy27

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CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber has the pleasure of announcing that he has been appointed the exclusive agent for the sale of

WEBER'S PIANOS

for Pittsburgh and vicinity. These Pianos, though comparatively unknown here, has long enjoyed an unrivalled reputation in the eastern cities; their many excellent qualities will recommend them at once to our musical amateurs. A choice assortment of WEBER PIANOS has just been received by the subscriber to which the attention of the public is invited.

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PIANOS! HARMONIUMS! MELODEONS!

A very large assortment of these, and all other Musical Instruments, at

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ABE, BEYOND A DOUBT,

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Call with discharge and two stamps. da6:ly

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DUHOAL, DUELAP & CO.,

Manufacturers of

Pure White Refined Carbon Oils,

Office, 84 ST. CLAIR STREET,

BIRMINGHAM. PITTSBURGH, PA.

AGENT FROM THE CITY.—Mayor Lowry left for Cincinnati yesterday, on private business. Alderman Bailey, of the Sixth ward, will officiate during his absence.

BOOKS, ALBUMS, &c.

RALLY ROUND THE FLAG BOYS.

LINCOLN AND JOHNSON

CAMPAIGN SONGSTER,

With all the new and popular

UNION SONGS.

PRICE 15 CENTS.

JOHN P. HUNT,

59 FIFTH STREET, MASONIC HALL.

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Union Cards are put up in a neat box.

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NEWS DEPOT,

FIFTH STREET, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

jy18

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!

RISE AND PROGRESS OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS.—A Biography of Robt. Raikes and Wm. Fox. By John G. Pawet. 1 vol. Price $1 00.

A MANUAL OF EXTRACTING TEETH.—Founded on the Anatomy of the parts involved in the operation; the kinds and proper construction of instruments, &c. 1 vol. 12mo.

HEAVEN OUR HOME. 1 vol. 12mo.

DARING AND SUFFERING. By Lieut. Peterson. A large supply of the latter work just received.

J. I. HERD, 74 Fourth street.

THE GOLDEN CENSER.—This is the name of Bradbury's new Sabbath School Music Book, just out. In freshness and beauty it is believed to be fully equal to the Bell, Oasis or Shower. Price, in paper covers, 50 cents single copy, $30 per hundred. In stiff binding, 50 cents, or $45 per hundred. Sent free, by mail, on receipt of price.

DAVIS, DUBOIS & CO., 83 Wood street.

jy5

AUCTION SALES.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—ON TUESDAY EVENING, August 9th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, by order of Orphans' Court, the following valuable improved city property, belonging to estate of Malcom Leech, dec'd:

One large lot on corner of Penn street and Strawberry alley, fronting 75 feet on Liberty a rear and running back to Church alley, with room to erected the four-story Brick Warehouse, Nos. 212 and 214.

One large lot in rear of above on corner of Strawberry and Church alleys, fronting 60 feet on Strawberry alley, with an average depth of 90 feet, with a Specialed 3 story Brick smoke House, a Stable House, a Stable, and valuable improvements.

Terms of Sale—One third cash, and the balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

jy18:td A. McILWAINE, Aucr.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF MALCOLM LEECH'S PROPERTY, IN LAWRENCEVILLE.—ON TUESDAY MORNING, August 9th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, fronting on Greenburg Pike, in Borough of Lawrenceville, the old Malcolm Leech Homestead, which has been subdivided into the following 59 Building Lots, all fronting either on the Greenburg pike and or wide streets.

1 Lot 95 feet front on the pike, and extending back to Denny street, 110 feet 2½ inches on the alley side and 110 feet 11½ inches on the other, whereon is erected the large and substantial Brick Dwelling known as the Leech mansion.

3 Lots each 20 feet front on the pike, and extending back 100 feet to Fairview alley.

4 Lots each 21 feet front on the pike, and extending back to Denny street, from 54 to 112 feet in depth.

1 Triangular Lot 30 feet front on the pike, extending back 54 feet 9 inches and its base 97 feet.

16 Lots each 21 feet front on Liberty street, and extending back to a 20 ft. alley, from 77 to 110 ft in depth.

1 Lot 24 feet 10 inches front on Denny street, extending back to Fairview alley 110 feet 2½ inches on the alley side and 56 feet 7½ inches on the other, being 59 feet in the rear.

12 Lots each 24 feet front on Denny street, and extending back to Park alley 127 feet.

1 Lot 24 feet 8 inches on Denny street, and extending back to Park alley 127 feet.

Plans can be obtained at the Auction Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street.

TERMS OF SALE—One third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

jy18:td A. McILWAINE, Aucr.

REMOVALS.

FINAL REMOVAL.

JOHN HALL & CO.

Have removed their PLOW WAREHOUSE to

Nos. 121 & 123, corner Fifth and Liberty Sts.,

jy1 2m-ew PITTSBURGH, PA.

REMOVAL.—CULP & SHEPARD, General Commission Merchants, have removed from 35 to 57 LIBERTY STREET. jy1:tf

SILVER PEARL SOAP.

CRUMPTON & CO.,

357 Liberty Street,

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers for Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri.

Also, manufacturers of a superior article of

Palm, German, Olive and Rosin Soap,

and various

TOILET AND FANCY SOAPS.

Of our SILVER PEARL SOAP, which we confidently recommend as better for general use than any other before the public, should be borne in mind has neither Potash, Salt, Lime or Resin, as ingredients entering in its manufacture which can shrink or injure the finest fabrics. Flannels and Woolens can be washed with the rapidity of Cotton or Linen. Clothes washed with SILVER PEARL SOAP do not require boiling or hard the rubbing, which of course saves the wear and tear.

SILVER PEARL SOAP

Removes Grease, Dirt, Tobacco Stains, Printers' Ink, Smoke, and the worst Dirtiest Water Stains instantaneously, by simply rubbing it with a moist sponge, thus rendering Windows, Carpets and Furniture as good as new. It imparts a brilliancy to Paint, Jewelry, Glassware, Enamelled Leather Boots and Patent Leather Shoes, and for cleaning marble and floor tiles it has no equal. For the Bath, and particularly for Shampooing, the SILVER PEARL SOAP is a perfect luxury. In a word, all who have tried its superior qualities, acknowledge it the greatest discovery of the age. The Company ask a trial from all who are interested in using Soap, and in every case will refund the price of the same should it fail to accomplish what we claim for it, if used according to our directions.

Merchants from abroad will do well to give CRUMPTON & CO. a call, 357 Liberty street, opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Passenger Depot.

CAUTION.—Beware of all imitations, none genuine unless bearing our trade-mark—SILVER PEARL SOAP—as secured by National Copyright.

ap8:ly

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

T. H. KLAGES,

Would most respectfully inform the public that he has opened his new store, where he keeps on hand the finest, best assorted stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry in the two cities.

Watch and Jewelry work done by first class workmen, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Don't forget the place

jy23:ly 139 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny city.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—THE FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL SESSION of this well known SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND NATURAL SCIENCE, will commence SEPTEMBER 15th, 1864. The principal building is completed and ready for occupation. The New Annual Register, giving full information, may be obtained by addressing

Prof. CHARLES BROWNE, Director,

jy25:4t Troy, New York.

U. S. 10-40 LOAN.

Subscriptions to

GOVERNMENT 10-40 LOAN,

Received at the office of BEHNA, HART & CO.,

Wood street.

ap30:tf JOSHUA HANNA, Agent.

FRESH SALMON AND LOBSTER—Put up in cans and two pounds the cans, hermetically sealed, just received and for sale by

JOHN A. BENSHAW,

aug corner Liberty and Sand streets.

W. D. PATTERSON. ADAM S. AMMON.

PATTERSON & AMMON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FLOUR AND GRAIN, and general PRODUCE Dealers, No. 6 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ap8:ly

W. K. McCLINTOCK, Jobber and Retail Dealer in BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS, of every description, No. 96 Federal street, Allegheny City.

ap2:ly