Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, JULY 21. 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

SPECIAL ELECTION, TUESDAY, AUG. 2 1864.

SHALL SOLDIERS VOTE?

Why Does the Government Want More Men?

This question is frequently asked, and we will briefly and over to answer it. We speak o those who will hear—not to those w o, 'having eyes they see not, and ears t ey h ar not."

I. The imp ession is general that the ar my has been reinforced during the past year by 700,000 men—that being the number called for since May, 1863 and it is argued that these reinforcements, added to the men in the field, would give to the Government a present available force, after deducting casualties, of not far from a million of men, which ought to be enough to finish this year's campaign, and, for that matter, the Rebellion. But the impression is not correct. It is true that Senator WILSON stated, in a speech just before the adjournment of Congress, that 700,000 volunteers had been called for since the 26th day of May, 1863, and that all these men had been raised. This was a statement which requires some explanation. Last October 300,000 were called for, but that included all the men who had enlisted from the previous May, and most of the quotas were canceled by "credits" on settlement with the Provost Marshal General. In February of this year 500,000 were called for, but this included the 300,000 of October, and, like the other, proposed but few men. Then in March 200,000 were called for, but most of this call was canceled by the re-enlisted veterans—120,000 of whom volunteered for three years longer; and these, it must be borne in mind, did not add anything to the former strength of the army, as the men merely retained their places. The Chicago *Tribune*, which analyses Senator WILSON'S statement, shows that the whole number of white volunteers from October last to the beginning of this month, did not exceed 200,000 men—exclusive of hundred days' troops. Besides these, in the same time, we enlisted about 50,000 blacks. Thus, instead of putting 700,000 men into the field during the past year, the Government has actually not realized the half of them.

II. The losses of our armies, since the opening of the Spring campaign, have been very heavy. It does not relieve the matter to know that the Rebel losses have been as large as our own. Experience has shown that we can only hope to subdue our enemies by opposing to them more powerful armies than they are capable of raising. At the present stage of the conflict we have this decided advantage over the Rebels — Our ranks can be filled up by another requisition upon the patriotism of the North; their ranks *cannot*, as their last conscriptions have been so sweeping and merciless as to leave no reserve force to be called upon. The Government calls for more men that it may take advantage of the Rebel weakness.

III. The time is rapidly drawing near when the term of service of the Ohio and Indiana hundred days' men will expire. Some of these men have rendered service to the Government by guarding Washington and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Others have been detailed to guard the long lines of SHERMAN'S communications. Others again have seen hard service under GRANT. In a month they will all be at home. When they take off their knapsacks and lay down their guns, the Government will lose the services of 50,000 soldiers.

IV. Many of the three years' regiments, recruited in 1861, and which did not re-enlist last winter as veterans, are being mustered out, their term of service having expired. Every week these regiments are leaving for their homes. Their places must be supplied with fresh troops.

—Such are the causes which have rendered the present call for half a million of men necessary. We hope they will be considered sufficient to induce all men who prefer Union to Disunion to go to work earnestly and at once to aid the Government by giving to it the volunteers it has called for. But there be organized, intelligent efforts everywhere to do this—in every city, town, township and ward of the country.

Obtaining Volunteers.

We notice that one of the wards in Allegheny City has appointed a permanent committee to obtain volunteers for the purpose of filling the quota of that ward under any present or prospective call.

This is the true policy, and those who start first will have all the advantages. It is of no use talking about the policy or impolicy of the late call for 500,000 men. The call is made and it must be met. And it must be met with *men*, since there is no longer any commutation; and if it is not met by volunteering by the 5th of September, the draft is sure to follow. It is the interest of every district in the county, therefore, to be up and at work without further delay. The early districts will catch the volunteers.

What the quota of the county will be we cannot undertake to say, but it will most probably range from 3,000 to 4,000, and every district can approximate to *its* quota by taking the largest of these figures as the quota of the county.

Our earnest advice, therefore, to every district, is to get to work at once and do its best toward obtaining recruits. Volunteers will be taken for one, two or three years, and the Government bounties will be graduated accordingly. The local bounties have yet to be raised and as this is a work of time, every day of delay is a loss of most precious time. The draft will fall most heavily on those districts which wait the longest before beginning the effort to avert it.

Naval Recruits.

In his proclamation calling for 500,000 more volunteers, the President expressly states that credits will be allowed for those who have entered the naval service as prescribed in section eight of the amended enrollment law. That section reads thus:

"8. *Be it enacted*—All persons in the naval service of the United States, who have entered said service during the present rebellion, who have not been credited to the quota of any town, district, ward or State, by reason of their being in said service and not enrolled prior to February 24th, 1864, shall, on satisfactory proof of their residence made to the Secretary of War, be credited to the quotas of the town, ward, district or State in which they respectively reside."

It would be well for recruiting committees everywhere to make inquiry whether the districts they respectively represent have furnished any naval recruits, and, if so, to require that her whether the proper credits has been allowed.

The Maryland Raid.

During the raid into Maryland, and while everything was in doubt and uncertainty, the Copperhead papers were busy in magnifying its proportions and probable results; but now that it is over they are as busy in dwarfing its numbers and trying to make it appear that the Government was scared at a trifle and the Capital besieged by a handful of men. The National *Intelligencer*, whose sympathies are now clearly against the government, is foremost in its efforts to belittle the force of the Rebels and make it appear that there was a terrible scare on the part of the Government without any corresponding cause for it.

This is easily accounted for. The enemies of the Government are determined to find fault and be unsatisfied, no matter what may happen. If the raid had been a heavy one, there would have been a splendid chance to find fault with the want of preparation for it, and to magnify its numbers and importance; if a light one, there is the same chance to belittle it and pooh! pooh! the Government for not swallowing it up.

The fact is, the Rebel sympathizers in the North are as much disappointed in the results of the raid as the Rebels themselves, and hence this attempt to laugh it off, and say "Oh! it was nothing!" But facts all point in the contrary direction. The mysterious hint in the Richmond *Enquirer* that GRANT would find it necessary soon to make a movement, undoubtedly referred to the supposed effect of the raid into Maryland, and the threatened danger to Washington. Now that an attack upon the city has failed, the Rebels assume that they never designed to take Washington, and that their sole object in Maryland was to forage and plunder. Of course; but the prisoners taken by us report that the Rebels labored under the delusion that the National Capital was feebly defended; that they were surprised at the prepared reception ready for them, and were dissatisfied when the order came to retire. All this shows that the capture of Washington by surprise formed part of the rebel campaign in Maryland. The obstinate fight at Monocacy developed the Rebel strength, retarded their progress, and prevented a surprise at Washington. The expectation at Richmond, among those fully advised of the movement further North, was, that Washington would fall without a serious struggle, and that this disaster would compel GRANT to recede from his position before Petersburg, and the failure of this expectation drives them and their Northern sympathizers to the necessity of saying that it was a mere cattle stealing incursion.

The National Loan.

The Secretary of the Treasury, it is believed, will put himself upon the country for a new and large loan, bearing 7 30 per cent. interest in greenbacks, or 6 per cent in coin.

That his 6 per cent. loan will be taken as soon as offered, we have not a doubt. The heavy deposits of the banks, every where, shows that there is a large amount of money in the country awaiting safe investment; and the history of the 5-20 loan shows how readily the people jump at National securities when an opportunity offers.

The New York *Tribune* states a proposition made by a manufacturer in New Jersey to aid the government in placing its loan by a personal canvass in its behalf, on the following conditions:

First. The subscriptions to be paid by regular monthly instalments over a period of not less than six months.

Second The Secretary of the Treasury to devote a stipulated proportion of the proceeds of all permanent loans made by him to retiring the superabundant currency now in circulation, until its maximum amount shall not exceed $200,000,000. For reduction to be gradual, but as rapid as the condition of the country will permit—say, at the rate of $100 000 000 per annum, or one-third of the excess over the maximum given above.

There is a great deal of force in this proposition, but the sum named for withdrawal of the National currency within a year, is too large. A contraction of $100,000,000 within that short period would unsettle values and unnecessarily distress the money market. But a gradual redemption of the 5 per cent. treasury notes with 6 per cent. bonds would undoubtedly have a salutary effect, if steadily and unyieldingly persisted in. Any violent or sudden contraction of the currency would be injurious; but a gradual and steady one is demanded by the best interests of the country. The *Tribune*, in commenting upon this plan, says:

"The advantages which such an arrangement would offer are many. By reducing the volume of the currency, the nation would take the first practicable step toward the ultimate redemption of the whole amount of its indebtedness, thus imparting a degree of confidence in the faith and ability of our government which would effectually checkmate the speculators, and cause the price of gold to fall more rapidly than it has gone up. With this decline would immediately follow a corresponding fall in the necessaries of life, which have recently advanced *pari passu* with specie. The Government would, at the same time, be enabled to make its purchases at prices no much lower than it now pays, that the public indebtedness would be many millions less at the year's end than it threatens to be. Last, but not least, this reformation would give the government a new hold upon the affections and support of the mechanics, the laboring men and their families, all over the country, who are now oppressed by the extortion of speculators, brought about, as is alleged, by the diluting of our national currency, assisted by the unrestricted issues of local bank-paper in different parts of the country. By retiring a considerable amount of the "greenbacks" issued, it is believed the country banks would have to follow suit or close their doors altogether.

The Proof Called For.

The *Post* of this city yesterday published an article indecently abusive of the President, and calculated, if it was not intended, to excite resistance to the call for more men to strengthen GRANT'S and SHERMAN'S armies. This it did instead of doing that patriotic and humane act of advising its readers to take immediate steps to respond to that call with re-unions. In the course of its remarks—nay, as the very text upon which they are based—the following charge is deliberately made:

"It is scarcely a month since our jocular President, in a vein of mirth bordering on humanity, announced to the Union Leaguers of Philadelphia that he had just returned from visiting our Virginia army, which he found in admirable condition; the rebel capital, he assured his hearers, was about to fall, and Grant, he exultingly declared, 'did not want another man.'"

As the *Post* has once before uttered this charge, and as we do not remember to have read the words it quotes in any published reports of the President's Philadelphia speech or speeches, we now call upon the author to *give the proof* that the charge is correct. Let there be no dodging. You have made an unqualified charge against the Executive of the Nation, which, if true, would only show that he, like all *loyal* men, has been disappointed in the first fruits of the Virginia campaign, but which we do not believe to be true. Give us the speech or the essential portion of the speech, from which you pretend to quote.

The Money Market.

The following is from the financial department of the New York *Commercial Advertiser* of Tuesday evening:

The money market shows rather more ease. The change, however, is rather owing to the reduction in the demand rather than an increase of the supply. Such operations have been reduced to such a low point, that the wants of that class of brokers are merely nominal. A numerous class of produce merchants have now learnt to rely upon their own resources rather than lenders, from the fact that their applications for money have proved almost hopeless, with the prices of commodities so dangerously inflated. For the present, sound borrowers can have all they want at seven per cent, and the amount lent at extra rates is now comparatively light.

The condition of the market is likely to remain until the new measures of Secretary Fessenden are announced, when in the event of a public subscription to a loan being invited there will be a positive exhaustion of capital. In anticipation of this, the banks are clearly cultivating their loans. Without severe contraction they may find a drain upon their legal tenders that would seriously embarrass them. One motive of making their late proposal to the Secretary of the Treasury, was to avert such a drain; and now that they have failed in that measure of protection, they have no alternative but to reduce their loans and to increase their stock of legal tenders.

The policy may endanger some of their customers; but that would be a less evil than to invite a run upon their funds by keeping their affairs in a position not adequate to sustain a demand for paying subscriptions to the expected loan. The truth is that the banks are in a dangerously expanded position; and they have their choice between a voluntary contraction, with risk to some whom they have been supporting in illegitimate speculation, and a compulsory contraction induced by demands from their depositors which they are not prepared to meet.

The chief demand for discount comes from the produce brokers, who are treated with marked caution, and can have no help except at the late high rates of 1@3 per cent. per month. Dry goods paper is taken at 8@10 per cent, with little offering.

The *Dispatch* of this city was in error yesterday in stating in its leading editorial that, "to the volunteer for one year the government offers a bounty of $200; for two years' service, $300; for three years' service, $400." The law says that the United States bounty to volunteers is $100 for one years' troops; $200 for two years', and $300 for three years'. One third to be paid the soldier when he mustered into service; one third when the term of service is half expired; and the remainder at the expiration of the term.

We understand from private sources that, in the anticipation of the capture of Richmond by the Federal forces under General Grant, the rebel authorities have caused all the archives of the Jeff. Davis government to be removed to Goldsboro', North Carolina. —*N. Y. Eve Post*

MAJOR GEN. ORD passed through Baltimore on Sunday, to take an important command in the army of the Potomac.

The rebel Lieut. Gen. Longstreet arrived at Augusta, Georgia, on the 1st inst. He has much improved in condition.

REPRESENTATIVES receive the same daily advance pay and bounty the same as other recruits.

The steamship *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall, brings $420,000 in gold.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM BRIDGE COMPANY.—The undersigned, Commissioners appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, to view the route of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Bridge, and to assess the damages to be paid to the owners of property through which the same may pass, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of their appointment, on the ground, at the Pittsburgh end of the Bridge, on SATURDAY, the 23d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

JAMES PARK, JR.,
JOHN M'CLINTOCK,
JOHN M'CLURE,
Commissioners.

jy21:td

FOURTH WARD ASSESSMENT.—The duplicate of the Fourth Ward has been brought to me for collection, and I am prepared to receive the money at my office, No. 3 Diamond alley, (Bank of Commerce building,) where I will be found during the usual business hours. All persons interested will please govern themselves accordingly. Those who do not pay within the time specified will be subject to the additional 5 per cent. penalty, and proceedings will be instituted for the collection of the same without further notice.

JOHN M'CLURE, Collector.
jy21:td

COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.—The loyal voters of Allegheny county are requested to meet delegates of the Hall of Labor, to support ANDREW JOHNSON, and the platform of principles accepted by the National Union convention at Baltimore, and adhere to the Union party, are requested to assemble at the same places on Saturday of said month, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention, to be held in the COURT HOUSE, on Tuesday, the 26th day of July, 1864, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several offices to be filled at the ensuing October election.

The election in the wards and Boroughs shall be held between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock P. M., and in the townships between the hours of three and six o'clock p. m. By order of the Union Executive Committee.

A. M. BROWN, Chairman.
JOHN H. MCKENNY, Secretary. jy18

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the NEW CASTLE & FRANKLIN RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the New Castle and Beaver Valley Railroad, in New Castle, on the 30TH DAY OF JULY, 1864, for the purpose of electing a President, Vice President and seven Directors.

Geo. C. Sells, J. W. Blanchard,
S. G. Hazen, David Houston,
J. G. Shaw, Wm. C. Dailey,
J. H. Robinson, J. McIlvain,
Geo. W. Case, Wm. Pitworth,
Wm. Stewart, John King,
J. L. Orawell, James M'Kee,
Jas. K. Kerr, J. H. Smith,
Professor Harbaugh, W. G. Rose,
M. Kerr A majority of the Directors. jy18:td

NOTICE—Those of the subscribers to the First Ward county fund, Allegheny, who have not a good voucher therefor, are hereby notified that unless they call at the COUNTY STORE on or before Saturday, July 23d, and pay their subscriptions, their names will be published as delinquents. By order of the Committee.

JAMES BROWN, 138 Wood street.
jy18

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Little Sac Hill Run R. R. Co. are hereby notified to meet at the Office of the Company, in Tarentum, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of July, 1864, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing one President and six Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.

WM. MARSHALL, President.

HEADQUARTERS, Pittsburgh, July 18th, 1864.

I AM AUTHORIZED BY THE Flowers Committee to offer a bounty of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS to each man for the first four companies organized.

JAMES S. NEGLEY,
Chairman Military Committee.
JOHN K. BARNES, Secretary. jy18:3t

PAWNBROKERS' SALE OF NEW SEWING MACHINES AT AUCTION.—On FRIDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, at McClelland's Auction, 55 Fifth street, will be sold, seven sewing Machines, comprising the best makes and in order.

This is a rare opportunity to procure a good machine. Can be examined on morning of sale.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer.

HORSE AT AUCTION—ON THIS (Thursday) MORNING at the stable of W. H. Jackson, on Fourth st., will be sold without reserve as the owner leaves the city on the 9 o'clock train, one Horse, 7 years old, perfectly sound.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

FAMILY GROCERIES AT AUCTION —THIS MORNING at 9 o'clock, at Jacob's Stables, Fourth st., will be sold, a Family Grocery, to close having left the store, and for want of room for it.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

SUNDRIES.

18 bbls. dried Apples;
20 " White Beans;
10 half bbls. White Fish;
" Herrings.

Just received and for sale by
CHURCH & KENNEDY,
jy21 No. 69 Wood street.

500 BBLS "Gaff Mills" FLOUR, arriving this day and for sale by
PATTERSON & M'CANDLESS.
jy21

GREEN APPLES.—Received this day 40 bbls. Peaches, Peaches and July Pippins for sale by
A. M. WILSON.
jy21

GLUE—50 bbls. No. 2 and 3, for sale by
10 do "A," landing and for sale by
JOHN D. LEY & CO.
jy16

FISHING TACKLE, embracing Rods Reels, Lines, Hooks, &c., for sale by
JAMES BROWN, 138 Wood street.
jy18

LARD OIL—8 bbls low landing and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

ROSIN—11 bbls. in store and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—I have this day sold and transferred to JAMES L. GRAHAM, formerly of the firm of GRAHAM & BRO., my entire interest in the Coal business, and I cheerfully recommend him to the favorable consideration of my friends and the public.

Pittsburgh, July 2, 1864. EDWARD D. SMITH.

The undersigned will continue the Coal business at the old stand, No. 6 Water street, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of the best quality of Coal, which will be delivered to any part of the city, free of cartage, at the lowest market rates. Orders left at the office, or sent by mail, will receive prompt attention.

JAMES L. GRAHAM.
jy2:3m

TO THOSE WISHING SUBSTITUTES.—A citizen of Pennsylvania, who has a number of young men in the draft district, is desirous to procure substitutes for them. Those persons having such to dispose of can hear of a purchaser by addressing

C. P. MUSER,
jy21:3t Greensburg, Pa.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOHN DOUGLASS, late of Pittsburgh, deceased, all persons having claims against the said estate will present them duly authenticated for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate will make payment to

ROBERT DOUGLASS,
NANCY DOUGLASS,
Executors.

SKELETON LEAVES

AND PHANTOM FLOWERS.

A complete and practical treatise on the production of these rare and attractive objects of beauty. The book is finely illustrated, and is issued in a handsome form. Price $2.00.

For sale by DAVIS, CHARLES & CO.,
jy20 68 Fifth street.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE,

EVERY DAY,

AT 2 AND 8 O'CLOCK P. M., AT

McClelland's Auction,

55 FIFTH STREET.

jy20

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, July 16th, 1864.

ARTILLERY HORSES PURCHASED IN OPEN MARKET.

6170 will be given by the undersigned, at Pittsburgh, Pa., for good ARTILLERY HORSES, payable in certificates of indebtedness for not less than two years.

Those who are not well formed active, and free from blemish, from 4 years old this spring to 9 years old, from 15½ to 16 hands high, and to weigh not less than 1050 pounds.

White horses and mares will be excluded.

They will be examined by a competent judge and all horses presented must conform to the above specifications.

C. THOS.
Lt. Col and Dep. M. General

TO LIVERPOOL,

FOR $15, PAPER MONEY.

The steamer KANGAROO will leave New York for Liverpool, on

THURSDAY, July 28th,

Taking passengers in the steerage at the above low rates.

Apply to WM. BINGHAM, Jr.,
Adams Express Office,
No. 69 FIFTH St., Pittsburgh.

STANDARD HISTORICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL WORKS.—Just received, the United States, 2 vols.; Prescott's Conquest of Mexico, 3 vols.; Prescott's Conquest of Peru, 2 vols.; Irving's Columbus, 3 vols.; Irving's Washington, 5 vols.; Irving's Mahomet and his Successors, 2 vols.; Irving's Alhambra, 1 vol.; Macaulay's History of England, complete in 5 vols.; Hallam's Middle Ages, complete in 3 vols.; Hallam's Constitutional History, 3 vols.; Milman's Gibbon's Rome, complete in 3 vols.; Macaulay's Miscellaneous Writings, 2 vols.; Macaulay's Lays of Ancient Rome, 1 vol.; Irving's Life of Goldsmith, 1 vol.; Irving's Life of Mahomet, 1 vol.; Irving's Companions of Columbus, 1 vol.; Irving's Conquest of Granada, 2 vols.; Irving's Conquest of Spain, 2 vols.; Irving's Life of Margaret Davidson, 1 vol.; Irving's Life of Oliver Goldsmith, 1 vol.; Irving's Life of John Paul Jones, 1 vol.; Irving's Life of Mahomet and his Successors, 1 vol.; Irving's Life of Washington, 5 vols. For sale by

JOHN H. MELLOR,
jy20 Corner Wood and Fifth sts.

ENVELOPES,

ALL SIZES,

BLANK BOOKS,

CHECK BOOKS,

POCKET BOOKS,

INVOICE BOOKS,

NOTE BOOKS,

DRAFT BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BOOKS,

BILL FILES,

PENS, PAPER, &c.

MYERS, SCHUTTER & CO.,
No. 89 FIFTH STREET.
jy20:3t

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF 10,000 PACKAGES OF BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c.

ON THURSDAY, the 28th inst., at 9 o'clock, will be sold by order of the Sheriff, for cash, on the premises, No. 28 and 30 Market street, Pittsburgh, on the first floor, 10,000 packages of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., comprising a full and complete assortment of seasonable goods, which will be sold without reserve, as the stock must be closed out on the day of sale. Terms cash.

JOHN M'CLURE, Sheriff.
jy20:td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, 2D DIST. PA.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, July 20, 1864.

EXEMPTIONS FROM DRAFT.—Persons claiming to be exempted from draft by the Board of Enrollment of this District, to which a case, with the cause of exemption, has been referred, will be notified by mail to appear before the Board at the Provost Marshal's office, No. 1 Diamond alley, Allegheny City, on the day and hour at which their cases will be heard.

Persons not receiving such notice will not be entitled to exemption.

JAMES F. DAVIS,
Major and Paymaster U. S. A.,
Provost Marshal 2d Dist. Pa.
jy21

GRAY'S PATENT

MOLDED COLLARS

Are not simply flat pieces of paper cut in the form of a collar, but are *Molded* and *Shaped to fit the neck*, having a perfect curve *from* one end to the other, which is obtained by our patented process, which also secures another *advantage possessed by no other collar*,—viz., *space for the turned in turn-down style*, the inside of which is perfectly smooth and free from puckers, making this collar—for ease, coolness and durability—unequaled.

They are made in turn-down style, in sizes from 13 to 17, and in 6 rows from 13 to 17 inches, and packed in neat box boxes, of 100 each; also in shirter sizes of 10 each,—the latter a very handy package for travelers, army and navy officers.

EVERY COLLAR stamped

"Gray's Patent Molded Collars."

Sold by all retail dealers in Men's Furnishing Goods. Trade supplied by

VAN DEUSEN, BOSGHER & CO.,
627 Chestnut street, Philadelphia;
and J. S. LOWREY & CO.,
7 Warren street, New York.

jy16:mwf

1864. 1864.

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c.,

EXTERMINATORS.

"15 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Last one cost of the whole to die."

Sold by all Druggists every where.

Costar's Depot, No. 482 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by wholesale by D. A. FAHNESTOCK & SON & CO., and S. E. PEARCE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa., HENRY P. SHWARTZ, Wholesale and Retail Agent, Allegheny City.

jy20:m

PLUMBING,

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

The undersigned, having many years' experience in the above trade, are prepared to fit up all kinds of

PLUMBERS' WORK,

On the most approved plans. Every description of

Gas and Steam Pipe

Put up in admirable manner, and at reasonable rates. All work warranted, by

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
jy18 120 FOURTH STREET.

ELECTROPATHY.

MADAMES LONERGAN AND CALDWELL

Have opened an office on the corner of Fifth and Wylie streets entrance 155 FIFTH STREET, for the practice of electrics. They are regular graduates, and have their Diplomas on exhibition at their office. They are prepared to treat all diseases in a scientific manner.

Charges reasonable and cures certain.

They refer the public to the following recommendation:

"Having disposed of my office and medicines to Mesdames Lonergan & Caldwell whom I have every confidence in as graduates in the healing art, I do most cheerfully recommend them to the afflicted and to the public in general, as every way worthy of their confidence and patronage.

B. WOODARD, M. D."
jy18:2w

REUBE, SEAL & CO.,

WOOL

Commission Merchants,

341 LIBERTY STREET,

Corner of Wayne.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wool bought and sold on Brokerage.

JUST RECEIVED.

Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial.
Wishart's Dyspepsia Pills.
Rogers's Compound Syrup of Liverwort & Tar.
Kennedy's Medical Discovery.
Pine tree Oil for Lame use.
Fisher's Pure Cod Liver Oil.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer.
Pine Glycerine and Honey Soap.
Sterling's Ambrosia, for the Hair.
Hair, Nail and Tooth Brushes.
Hilton's Insoluble Cement.

At the Central Drug Store, corner Federal and Ohio streets, Allegheny.

G. A. KELLY & CO.
my19

B. F. QUIMBY & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

No. 130 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

Give special attention to purchasing

Flour, Grain, Provisions, &c.,

For Eastern account.

B. F. QUIMBY, GEO. T. BROWN.
ap26:ly

BUTTER—3,000 lbs fresh Roll Butter
EGGS—1,000 dozen fresh Eggs
Fish—20 half bbls. White Fish;
120 " Lake Herring;
CHEESE—50 boxes prime Cream Cheese.

Now receiving and for sale by
H. KEIDER, 138 Liberty street.
jy20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIALS FOR THE NAVY.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING,
July 16th, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, for such materials for the Navy, or the service thereof, as may be required at the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting until 12 M. MONDAY, 1ST AUGUST, next, will be received at this office until that hour, and then opened, in the presence of such persons as may attend.

The materials are to be delivered in the clearest and best manner, in the navy yards, or at the depots of the respective yards, or at the navy agents, as may be directed; and those of all kinds to be approved by the Bureau. The delivery must commence during the current term of service in each such yard or depot, or will be forfeited, unless actually required for use.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, that the bidder will enter into bond, with sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of the contract, if awarded to him.

Blank forms of proposals, guaranties, and bonds, can be had at the Bureau, or at the navy agencies, on application.

Samples of articles must be deposited with the Commandant of the respective yards, or with the navy agents, as may be directed, and those of all kinds to be approved by the Bureau, or by such persons as may be designated by the Secretary of the Navy.

Bidders are requested to write their proposals in the clearest hand, and the amount likewise written in words.

If the articles who bid do not reside in the place where the articles are to be delivered, they must name in their offer a person to whom orders can be addressed.

EVERY BID must be made for the whole article mentioned in the schedule of the class for which the bid is offered, and no bid for a part of the articles of any class will be received.

In computing the size, the price stated in the schedule of prices will be the rule, and the weights of the different articles are according to the printed tests.

The practice of bidders to avoid manufacturers and contractors, and to use their influence with persons of small means, to get offers for them, is disapproved, and to see that the amounts are correctly entered.

The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who gives proper security for its fulfillment. The Bureau reserves the right to reject all bids if, in its judgment, the interest of the service will be thereby promoted.

All articles must be of the very best quality, to be delivered in the best packages, and in all respects subject to the inspection, measurement, count, weight, &c., of the yard where received, and to the entire satisfaction of the Commandant thereof.

Bidders are referred to the Commandant of the respective yards for samples, instructions, or particulars, and to all other things relating to the service required, and no bid will be given to article or of American manufacture.

Every offer is required by law of 16th August, 1846, must be accompanied by a written guaranty, the form of which is hereunto affixed, and also by a certificate signed by the Collector of the Internal Revenue of the district in which he resides, that he has duly taken out the certificate which he proposes to furnish, or by an affidavit signed by himself and sworn to before some magistrate and attested by additional oath, that he is a bona fide owner of, or regular dealer in, such articles as he offers to supply, and has been so for a month previous to the date of his offer.

Those only whose offers may be accepted will be notified and the contract will be forwarded as soon thereafter as practicable, which must be returned within ten days after its receipt at the post office or navy agency to which it is sent.

Two months will be allowed for the notification to give bonds and deliveries can be demanded.

Bidders in the rebel states will be required to sign the contract and their responsibility certified to by a United States district judge, United States district attorney, collector of customs, or navy agent.

No bid for more than one yard must be enclosed in a envelope, and the same must be distinctly endorsed on the outside "Proposals for Materials for the Navy, for the Navy yard at ——," and addressed "To the Chief of the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting, Navy Department, Washington, D. C."

FORM OF OFFER.

We, from a firm, must be signed by all the members:

I, ——, of ——, in the State of ——, hereby agree to furnish and deliver at the ——, (or the navy agent at ——,) in the manner and at the time required, as ready to the provisions of the advertisement of the —— of July last, and in accordance with the terms therein addressed at ——, and to comply with all the requirements of law, for the following articles, viz:—

(Signature,) A. B.

(Date.)

We bind ourselves, in the sum of —— dollars, that the above bidder will enter into a bond, with sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of the contract, if the same be awarded to him.

(Signature of the guarantors.) C. D.
E. F.

(Date.)

We certify that the above named —— are known to us as men of property, and able to make good their guaranty.

(Signature.) G. H.

(Date.)

To be signed by the United States District Judge, District Attorney, Collector, or Navy Agent.

I do hereby certify that the above guaranty is in all things according to the directions of the law of the 16th August, 1846.

(Signature.)

Bidders will observe the classes required at the respective navy yards.

KITTERY, MAINE.

No 1, Flax Canvas and Twine; No. 5, Sperm Oil; No 7 Cooking Utensils; No 9 Pitch, Rosin and Tar; No 10, Leather Hose; No 13, Lanterns; No 15, Tallow; No 24, Stationery; No 25, Hardware; No 26 Ship Chandlery; No 27, Dry Goods; No 29, Firewood; No 31, Tar Oil and New Iron Oil.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

No 1 Flax Canvas and Twine; No 4 Tin and Zinc; No 5 Sperm Oil; No 6 Stores and Cooking Utensils; No 10 Leather; No 13 Lanterns; No 18, Lavender, No 24, Ship Chandlery; No 25, Hardware; No 26 Ship Chandlery; No 27, Dry Goods; No 29, Firewood, No 31, Tar Oil and New Iron Oil.

CHARLESTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS.

No 1, Flax Canvas and Twine; No 5, Sperm Oil; No 7 Cooking Utensils; No 9 Pitch, Rosin and Tar; No 10, Leather Hose; No 13, Lanterns; No 15, Tallow; No 24, Stationery; No 25, Hardware; No 26 Ship Chandlery; No 27, Dry Goods; No 29, Firewood; No 31, Tar Oil and New Iron Oil.

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

No 1, Flax Canvas and Twine; No 3, Iron Nails, Screws, Rivets, &c.; No 4, Tin, Zinc, &c.; No 5, Sperm Oil; No 6, White Pine, Ash, Black walnut, &c.; No 7, Cooking Utensils; No 8, Boots and Cooking Stoves; No 10, Leather Hose; No 13, Lanterns; No 15, Tallow; No 18, Soap and Tallow; No 20, Brushes; No 24, Stationery; No 25, Hardware; No 26, Ship Chandlery; No 27, Dry Goods; No 29, Firewood; No 31, Tar Oil and New Iron Oil.

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

No 1 Flax Canvas and Twine; No 5, Sperm Oil; No 7, Cooking Utensils; No 10, Leather; No 11, Leather Hose; No 18, Soap and Tallow; No 20, Brushes; No 24, Stationery; No 25, Hardware; No 26, Ship Chandlery; No 27, Dry Goods; No 29, Firewood; No 31, Tar Oil and New Iron Oil.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

No 1 Flax Canvas and Twine; No 5, Sperm Oil; No 6 Stores and Cooking Utensils; No 10, Leather; No 13, Lanterns; No 18, Soap and Tallow; No 20, Brushes; No 24, Stationery; No 25, Hardware; No 26, Ship Chandlery; No 27, Dry Goods; No 29, Firewood; No 31, Tar Oil and New Iron Oil.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.—Sealed proposals will be received up to the 20th of July, instant, for the building of a good substantial

BRICK CHURCH EDIFICE

FOR THE

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,

in Franklin, Venango County, Pa. Building to be sixty by ninety feet, with a basement.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Myers & Kinsler, in the borough of Franklin. By order of the Trustees.

J. D. EWINGER, Secretary.
jy16:td

U. S. INTEREST COUPONS.

10-40s, due 1st SEPTEMBER.
6-30s, due 1st NOVEMBER.

Bought at best rates by
SMITH & SONS, Bankers,
jy16 Wood and Third streets.

WANTS.

WANTED—A situation as BRAKESMAN or FOREMAN IN MACHINE SHOP, or other manufacturing business. Best references given. Address A. B. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.
jy21:3t

WANTED—TO RENT,

A SMALL COTTAGE,

Furnished or unfurnished, containing four or five rooms, or a PARLOR AND BED ROOM, with board for a lady and little boy, in a retired part of the cities of Pittsburgh or Allegheny.

Address this day, Rev. E. B., Manchester House, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. jy21:3t

WANTED—TEACHERS.—An Election of Teachers for the Sixth Ward Public Schools will be held on MONDAY, August 1st, at the HIGH SCHOOL HOUSE. Applications received on or before that time.

By order the School Board.
J. C. EVANS, Secretary.
jy21:3t

WANTED,

A SUBSTITUTE.

A representative substitute wanted, to which a liberal bounty will be paid.

Apply at No. 125 FOURTH STREET. jy19:tf

WANTED—TWO RELIABLE MEN, with $ 000 cash capital, to engage in the Soda or Indiana and Ohio bitters. The cash nature and value are such that I can pay $50 per cent. profit.

jy 9 w J. O. TILTON 4 Hand street.

WANTED—A Book-Keeper of experience wishes to procure a situation, either as Book-Keeper or Clerk, in a mercantile house, either in Pittsburgh or the vicinity.

Address BOX 280 Allegheny City. jy 9:3t

WANTED—Several good PATTERN AND FLASK MAKERS at JAMES MARSHALL & CO.'S, Freedom, Beaver county, Pa. Railroad, corner of Butler and Grant streets. jy18:3w

WANTED—At the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane,

A PRACTICAL STEAM AND GAS FITTER.

The married man, who is the steadiest, moderate and sober business, a good mechanic and can produce satisfactory recommendations will be preferred.

Also, an ABLE BODIED MAN, for general work.

Also 2 GOOD DISH CARD AND NUT COIL, to be delivered at the Hospital.

Apply to M. KENNEDY,
jy14:tf No. 10 Wood street.

WANTED—At the House of Refuge,

A MALE TEACHER.

Persons desiring the position can have an interview with the Superintendent, at the Refuge.

Applications, with references, to be left at the Mayor's office, Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, July 21st, at 2 o'clock, at which time and place the applicant will appear.

By order of COMMITTEE.
jy18:td

WANTED.

ROSE PAPER AND RAGS.

Worthless Books, with backs removed; Pamphlets and Magazines; Newspapers, white or torn; one every scrap of printed or man