Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING—JUNE 27, 1864.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

[Reported Specially for the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SATURDAY, June 25, 1864.

WHEAT—Is quiet but firm, with a good demand for all that arrives at full prices. We continue to quote from first hands at $1,70 for Red and $1,80 for White. The receipts continue very light and the supply in this market is exceedingly small.

OATS—Is in better demand, and prime Yellow is higher. Sale from store of 350 bu mixed at $1,38 and 200 bu prime Yellow at $1,40.

RYE—Is quite inquired for and round lots command an advance. Sale of 400 bu from store at $1,70.

BARLEY—Is firm and higher. But prices are very irregular. We quote at 135@140 for shoulders; 15 for Ribbed Sides and 10@17 for Clear do; 17@18 for Plain Hams and 21@22 for Sugar Cured Hams.

MOLASSES—Sugar is firm and advancing; we quote Cuba at 19@20; New Orleans at 21@22; Soft Refined at 23@26 and Hard do at 27. Coffee is quiet but a shade firmer, at from 45 to 45½. Molasses held at an advance, and prime New Orleans may be quoted firm at $1,15.

FLOUR—Is very firm, but the demand continues light and the transactions are light and entirely local. We note small sales from store at $7,60 for Extra; $8,25@8,75 for Extra Family and $9 for Fancy brands.

MILL-FEED—Sale of 1 car of prime White Middlings to arrive at $3,00 per cwt.

BUTTER—Is in good demand for shipment, but there is little or none in market. Roll butter is selling from wagon at 22c.

EGGS—Scarce, in fair demand and higher, small sales at 23@24 per doz.

PIG LEAD—Is held at an advance, sale of 220 Pigs "Galena," on private terms.

POTATOES—Dull but unchanged; small sales from store at $2,25, $2,60 and $2,75 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Is very dull but prices are nominally unchanged. We quote at 10@12c per pound for Apples and 16@17c for Peaches.

WHISKY—Is less active and may be quoted nominal at $1,05@1,70.

HAY—Is steady with a fair demand at former rates.

Pittsburgh Petroleum Market.

JUNE 25—There is no improvement to note in Crude and the market is quiet and dull with a drooping tendency. We have been unable to hear of a single transaction during the past three days, and, in the absence of sales, we give the nominal quotations at 23@24c, bbls returned; and 24@25, bbls included. Some holders, in order to effect sales, would probably accept lower bids, but, as yet, we do not know of any lots having been offered below our quotations. Refined is quiet, but the market is firm and prices are fully sustained. On the spot, prime city brands may be fairly quoted at 64@65, in bond, and 75@75 cts, free. Naphta is in better demand and firmer; sale of 25 bbls at 32c. Residuum is steady and held firmly at $2 00 per bbl, on the spot.

The Weather and the Crops.

OHIO.

The Cleveland Leader of the 20th says:

We doubt if the ancient worthies of the Old Testament ever prayed for rain more devoutly than the good farmers of Northern Ohio have done during the past three or four weeks. A general and serious drouth seemed imminent—the ground was parched and cracked—grass and grain put on the "turn and yellow leaf"—dust was dominant. But within a day or two past copious and refreshing showers have visited almost all parts of Northern Ohio. On Sunday there was scarcely a cloud in here in Cleveland, and, reaching the country in every direction, but giving us no visit. The people of East Cleveland were treated to a severe hail storm, which did much trivial damage in various localities.

The Dayton Journal of the 20th says:

Gentlemen, who set out through a considerable portion of the country last week informed us that, notwithstanding the sultry weather, the crops were generally growing admirably. The grass was abundant, and was cured about as fast as it was cut; the barley was better than it had been known for years; the rye was tip-top; the oats was progressing finely, and giving promise of a fair crop; while the wheat is ripening to harvest, and is better in head than last year. The corn wanted rain badly, but was not suffering. The tobacco was being watered by the growers. Altogether, the agricultural prospect looks well.

The Zanesville Courier of the 20th says:

The weather has been so warm and dry for some weeks past, that vegetation has been materially stunted. The earth is parched, the grass is withering, and the growing crops are suffering for the want of rain. Yesterday afternoon the huge black clouds which gathered in the north and west, gave promise of a heavy shower for a time, but they soon passed away, leaving the same hot luminary and brassy heavens above us. This morning we have indications of a continuation of the dry and heated term.

It rained in that region on the evening of the 20th.

The Tiffin Tribune says:

The wheat in this county, from all that we can learn, will hardly average half a crop. In some places the cool will not more than be realized, and in others it promises very good, particularly on creek and river bottoms. Rain is needed very badly for corn, oats and vegetables. The ground is considerably parched.

The Fremont Sentinal says:

A gentleman from the eastern part of Sandusky county, informs us that one-half of the wheat looks as well as usual at this season of the year, and that the prospect is there will be a larger crop than has been generally supposed. The amount of land devoted to spring crops, he thinks, is considerably larger than usual.

The Urbana Union & Gazette says:

We are inclined to the opinion that the wheat crop of this county will be much more abundant than was anticipated early in the spring, unless some disaster befalls it before it is harvested. Many fields promise a large yield, while some others are very thin.

INDIANA.

The Indianapolis Journal of the 21st says:

A drouth prevails in most parts of the State, which we fear will seriously shorten the corn and some other crops. The wheat is out of danger, and will be a good average crop in the State. Of the drouth, the Worthington Gazette says: We are suffering for rain very much, particularly on the sandy soil." The Randolph Journal says: "The continued dry weather is inflicting serious injury on some of the growing crops. We have noticed some fields of flax that, it seems to us, cannot come to much now. Oats in some cases look about as if unpromising. The hay crop will be lightened. Corn is properly prepared ground is not so greatly damaged. The grub-worm is playing the mischief with it in some localities. Wheat is doing well. The Plymouth Republican says: "A severe drouth prevailing in this region at present. We have had only one light shower during the last six weeks, and vegetation of all kinds is suffering in consequence. Wheat is said to be doing tolerably well, but oats will be almost a total failure. Corn is backward and begins to look yellow, but a good rain and a few warm days will change its appearance and prospects materially. Besides being dry, the weather has been remarkably cold for late in season. There was a light frost in spots last Saturday morning, but it did no damage that we heard of." The Waterloo City Press says: "Rain is needed in this part of Indiana. But very little has fallen for six weeks past. Corn is suffering greatly for the want of it."

A week ago last Saturday night there was a severe frost in several localities.

The Salem Democratic Herald says:

"Corn in this county is generally much more forward than usual. It is now over thirty days since most of it was planted, and the most of them did so. We learn that in some localities the crop has not come up very well, but wherever it stands well it is in most excellent condition. The ground is mellow and quite clear of weeds. The wheat crop in this county will be an average crop at least."

The Anderson American thinks there will be more than an average crop in that region of country.

The Shelby Banner says that there never was so good a prospect for wheat in that region. There is great quantity of it, all good, and much of it excellent.

In the region of Bloomington the crops have been greatly relieved by a copious rain.

Scarcity of hands for the harvest is the general complaint, but it is supposed the towns will turn out to the relief of the farmers.

The Danville Ledger says:

It has been a very discouraging spring for farmers, but they are not so far behind with their crops as we heard they would be. There has been a vast amount of corn planted in our county during the past week.

The Connersville Times says:

The wheat looks well just now, and promises a much larger crop than it did at the close of the winter.

A great amount of corn has been planted in this county, the present season, notwithstanding the scarcity of farm labor.

The New Albany Ledger of the 6th says:

The late rains in many portions of the State prevented early corn planting, but now the weather is so favorable, the last time will not make the difference in the growth of vegetation which was apprehended.

The farmers tell us that the wheat crop looks better than they anticipated it would. In many localities the crop will be an average one, while in others it will fall of fifty per cent. The young corn promises well, though in some neighborhoods the cut-worm is doing a great deal of mischief.

One farmer on Otter Creek prairie, near Lafayette, has had twenty acres of corn destroyed this spring by moles. He had to replace the entire tract.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel says:

This region is suffering severely from drouth, and unless we speedily have rain the crops must be irreparably injured. The grass and wheat are parched, and oats and corn cannot grow.

MICHIGAN.

The Detroit Tribune of the 6th inst, says that A P Randall, Hartford, writes us that he has been a resident of Western Van Buren county for the last five years, and has never very winter wheat look better, at this time of the year, than it does at present.

R N Denham, of Eaton Rapids, says wheat is looking finely in Eaton county, and grass is promising. On the line of the Central road, it is estimated that east of Galesburg there will be half a crop of wheat; beyond Galesburg a full crop.

In Lenawee and Hillsdale counties, the prospect for wheat has improved; but the highest estimate of the crop in those counties is two-thirds of an average yield.

A correspondent of the Tribune of the 6th, from Wayne county, says:

The wheat crop is a complete wreck. I believe the the amount of seed sown last fall will be barely realized from the remnant of winter's ravages throughout Wayne county.

This is a dark, but true picture. However gloomy the aspect, hope is the farmer's sheet-anchor. We will turn the picture, and hope may yet be lost in realization. We have had three weeks of splendid weather and farmers have not been idle. Much of the wheat land has been put into spring crops, and should the season prove favorable, many farmers may not suffer much pecuniarily by the loss of the wheat crop.

More spring crops have been put in than usual, and latterly the fine condition, although the work is, in some instances, rather hurriedly done, on account of the scarcity of help. The prospect for the hay crop is fair at this date.

A dispatch from Lansing, on the 15th, says:

The meadows are drying up badly. We have had but three-eighth of an inch of rain since May 10th.

The drouth extended through the central and southern portions of the State.

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Wheat in the western part of the State is beginning to head. It is now thought that by the third week in June the farmers west of Jackson will be in the midst of their harvest. The weather is very favorable to the growing crop, and present prospects are encouraging.—[Detroit Free Press.

IOWA.

Dispatches to the Chicago Tribune, are as follows:

KEOKUK, June 18—The crops are suffering from the want of rain. Wheat and all kinds of grain will be very short, unless we are favored with a shower at an early date. It is seven weeks since we have had any rain.

CEDAR FALLS, June 18—Four weeks and no rain. Crops suffering. Small grain six inches high and heading out. Unless rain comes soon there will be no crops.

WATERLOO, June 18—No rain for three weeks. Everything is drying up. Wheat is suffering badly. No signs of rain.

CEDAR RAPIDS, June 18—A slight rain fell on the night of the 16th. The crops are suffering from drouth. The wheat crop is light.

TIPTON, June 18—We had a fine rain on the 4th inst, that did an immense amount of good; but we hear that the greater portion of the country is as dry, very dry. Late planted corn did not come up, and will not, in time for a crop. We have had some frosts on the low lands during the past week.

MAQUOKETA, June 18—We still have to look and long for rain. The dust has become most intolerable, and small grain and late corn, as well as gardens, are suffering for want of a shower. Unless we have rain soon, we cannot expect much of a wheat crop.

INDEPENDENCE, Iowa, Monday, June 20—There are fair prospects for crops in this vicinity. Splendid rains have visited us for the last two days. Wheat is not materially affected. Corn is looking finely.

Everything started in the spring with the greatest luxuriance, and the farmers rejoiced, but they have latterly been discouraged at the dry weather.

The Des Moines Register says:

It is just five weeks since the country in this vicinity has been blessed with a shower. The gardens are suffering severely, and early vegetables are pretty much going up in a cloud of dust. The small and large fruits are damaged past remedy. Strawberry vines is dying and the fruit is blasted. Grapes have suffered more during the past season than at any previous time since they were introduced into Central Iowa. Even the Concord has not escaped where it was left on the trellis or stake. Corn, planted late, has failed to come up in many cases. There is still time to save the field crops if showers come speedily.

The Excelsior of the 16th inst, published in Jackson county, says:

The drought is severe in this county, and without a rain very soon the crops will prove a failure.

The Dubuque Times of the 21st says:

Saturday night and Sunday most refreshing and abundant showers prevailed through the whole country from a few miles west of Dyersville to quite a distance beyond Cedar Falls. How far south the rain extended, we have not learned. It extends north to St. Paul, for the steamer Itasca reports rain all along the river from Guttenburg up. The rain was accompanied by hail in different places.

Rain fell all around in the immediate vicinity of Dubuque—in some places within two miles of us—but not a drop did this city receive.

The amount of good these blessed showers have accomplished cannot be estimated.

The Davenport Gazette of the 21st says: The severe rain storm of Saturday, we are happy to learn, spread over quite an extent of country. Another shower visited us on Sunday night, and the effect upon the vegetation was wonderful. We need more rain, however, but are thankful indeed for this refreshing visitation. We hope to hear of its extension all over the States, as our crops have been greatly suffering for want of the nourishment imparted by the gentle rain.

Review of the New York Grocery Market.

(From Com List, June 25.)

Coffee—There has been considerable inquiry for St. Domingo, both for export and home use, and advance of 1@½c ⅌ lb has been obtained, the other descriptions are very quiet, the market being unsettled by the rapid rise in Gold. Rio is held at 56@60 cents ⅌ lb higher, but quotations are for the present nominal. Sales 1500 bags Rio, from second hand, at 43½c; 50 Maracaibo, 44, 4 mos, 1700 St Domingo, 37@38; 2500, in bond, for export, 37@37½ cash; and 500 Laguayra, on terms not made public.

Sugar—The market has been quite excited since our last, owing to causes elsewhere stated. Prices have rapidly advanced, the offerings out of hand are very limited, and holders full prepared to accept even the present enhanced rates. Shippers have purchased freely, and the bulk of the business has been in parcels in bond. We now quote fair Refined 18½@19½c, good do do 19½@19¾c, and choice 19¾@20c, the last being an advance of 1@½c ⅌ lb. Refined descriptions sympathize with the upward movement in raw, and prices are 19½@20c ⅌ lb higher. The quotations for other than granulated are—hard, 20c; soft white, 21½@22½c, and yellow, 21@21½ cash; a parcel of 600 bbls, crushed sold at 22½ net; the sales of raw are 1064 hhds Cuba at 14½@16c, 2500 do and 40 trs do in bond, 11¾@12¾ cash; 200 hhds Porto Rico, 10¾@11½; 99 do in bond, 13 cash, 101 do New Orleans, 10¾@10¾; 22 do 22½c; 22 bxs Havana, 10½; 480 do in bond, 12@12¾ cash; 48 do molasses sugar, 18, and 12 hhds Melado, 15¾ c mo.

Molasses—There continues a good demand, and prices have further advanced 2@3c per gallon, closing firm. The sales are 34 hhds Barbadoes at 35@37c; 74 do Porto Rico, 37@40c; 305 do and 124 bbls Cuba Muscovado, 35@38; a cargo of 350 hhds do, 37; one of 40 do and 46 trs Clayed do, 38; 48 hhds new English Island, 37, and 1100 bbls good to prime New Orleans, $1a1,15, 4 mos.

Rice—Is in improved request, and prices are 25c per 100 lbs higher; sales 200 bags Arracan at $12a12,50; 10 c do Rangoon, $12; and 400 do, in bond, $7,50a7,75 cash.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH FT WAYNE AND CHICAGO R R, June 25—18 bgs flax seed, Colp & Shepard; 2 pkgs dry fruit, D Vangerder; 10 cs hams, Cook Pettit & co; 148 bbls pickles, Hair & Davison; 200 bbls flour, M Keown & Lenhart; 52 bunches brooms E H Myers & co; 20 bbls flour, Ritter & Armstrong; 63 sks rag, Pittsburgh Clarks; 1 car metal, G S Bryant; 15 hices J H Rahstem; 36 do do, A Holstein; 1 car oil, bbls Wade & Hamp co; 1 car lumber, J P Pearson; 2 bbls dry apples, Atwell, Lee & co; 53 bdls hides, J N Hoffstott; 58 hides, Schmidt & co; 10 bxs soap, B A Fahnestock; 10 do do brooms Fabens; 12 pks scrap iron, Rees, Graff & Buck; 25 doz pails; B Lindsay; 30 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & co; 8 do do, W M Cochran.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R R, June 24—555 blooms, Heasey, Wells & co; 31 case matches, R A Sellers & Lasser; 2 bdls tobacco, J Murphy; 61 plates copper, Fall, McCurdy & co; 22 bdls paper, W S Haven; 25 bbls lime, T A Evans; 20 bdls hides, Gold Hoffstott; 10 do do, W H Hamilton; 10 do do, H Hiddie; 20 bdls copperas, B F Fahnestock; 23 sks oats, M'Cullough, Smith & co; 25 sks potatoes, 22 do corn, Fetzer & Armstrong; 26 bxs cheese, S Kwart & co, 4 bgs flax seed, Little and Trimble; 25 bxs soap, Atwell, Lee & co; 18 do do, J Fahnestock; 10 do do, J H Hamilton; 1 bale tow, R Canfield; 27 bxs cheese, E Hewleston; 50 do do, Negruer & Vaskamp; 8 do do, H Hiddie; 15 do do, H M Kelty; 194 sks wool, Graff & A J Hagan; 123 bdls chairs, F G Walker; 4 pkgs leather, Fleming, Fell & co; 29 sks potatoes; Potter, Allen & Shepherd; 50 bbls lime, Plunkett & co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 25—900 sks wheat, B C Kennedy & Bro; 10 sks wool, S Badie; 1 car staves, Langcamp & co; 65 bdls paper, Perkins & co; 18 doz rope and pails, A Kirk & co; 55 doz brooms, J C Richey; 14 pkgs produce, Adam Lippart; 4 bxs onions, W Semple; 12 bxs cheese, 2 bbls eggs, Shutz son & co.

SILVER PEARL SOAP

CRUMPTON & CO.,

357 Liberty Street,

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers for Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri

Also, manufacturers of a superior article of

Palm, German, Olive and Rosin Soap,

And various

TOILET AND FANCY SOAPS.

Of our SILVER PEARL SOAP, which we confidentially recommend as better for general use than any other before the public, should be borne in mind has neither Potash, Salt, Lime or Rosin, or any other substance in its manufacture which can shrink or injure the best fabric. Flannels and Woollens can be washed with the rapidity of Cotton or Linen. Clothes washed with the SILVER PEARL SOAP do not require boiling or half the rubbing, which of course saves the wear and tear.

SILVER PEARL SOAP

Removes Grease, Dirt, Tobacco Stains, Printers' Ink, Smoke, and the worst Bugs Water Stains immediately, by applying it with a moist Sponge, thus protecting Window Curtains and Furniture from ends and slop. It imparts a brilliancy to Plate, Jewelry, Glassware, Enamelled Paintings and Patent Leather immediately; and for cleaning marble or tile floor tile it has no equal. For the Bath, and particularly for Shampooing, the SILVER PEARL SOAP is a perfect luxury. In a word, all who have tried its superior qualities, acknowledge it the greatest discovery of the age. This Company ask a trial from all who are interested in using Soap, and in every case will refund the price of the same should it fail to accomplish what we claim for it, if used according to our directions.

Sold at FIVE CENTS PER POUND, in fifty pound boxes, delivered to the cars or boats, or in Allegheny, Birmingham and city residences free of charge. Directions for use on all packages. Liberal discounts to the trade.

Merchants from abroad will do well to give CRUMPTON & CO. a call, 357 Liberty street, opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Passenger Depot.

☞ Beware of all imitations; none genuine unless bearing our trade-mark—SILVER PEARL SHELL—as secured by National Copyright.

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All orders left at Nos. 81 and 84 WATER STREET, near Liberty, will be promptly attended to.

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Prepared expressly for AXLES. Put up in neat one gallon iron hooped BUCKETS. For sale by the dozen and in barrels and halves.

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1864. DIARIES. 1864.

A large assortment of POCKET AND COUNTING HOUSE DIARIES, for 1864—in paper; in cloth, in roan, in imitation Turkey, in Turkey Morocco, with gilt edges and with Marble edges—with locks, patent clasps and elastic fastenings. All sizes, suitable for the counting house, or the vest pocket. For sale at reasonable rates by

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OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-eighth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 101.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-five:

For expenses of recruiting, transportation of recruits, and compensation to citizen surgeons for medical attendance, three hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase of books of tactics and instructions for volunteers, fifty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Adjutant General's department at the headquarters of the several military departments, five thousand dollars.

For copying official reports of the armies of the United States, for publication, five thousand dollars.

For bounties and premiums for the *enlistment* [enlistment] of recruits for the regular army, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the pay of advance bounties to volunteers and drafted men, five million dollars.

For pay of premiums, rent of buildings and grounds, transportation, subsistence, lodging, commutation of fuel and quarters, straw, postage, stationery, advertising, medicines, and medical attendance, and all other necessary expenses incidental to the collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers, and for the necessary expenses under the enrollment act, five million dollars.

For pay of the army, nine million nine hundred and seventy-one thousand two hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty cents.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, one million seven hundred and twenty-three thousand six hundred and twenty-nine dollars and fifty cents.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, one hundred and four thousand six hundred dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, eighty-two thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For payments to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For pay of volunteers, including the bounties authorized by law, one hundred and seventy-seven million four hundred and sixty-two thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents: *Provided*, That if any officer in the regular or volunteer forces shall employ a soldier as a servant, such officer shall not be entitled to any pay or allowances for a servant or servants, but shall be subject to the deduction from his pay required by the third section of the act entitled "An act to define the pay and emoluments of certain officers of the army, and for other purposes," approved July seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty two: *And provided, further*, That the second section of the act entitled "An act giving further compensation to the captains and subalterns of the armies of the United States in certain cases," allowing ten dollars additional per month to any officer in actual command of a company, as compensation for his duties and responsibilities with respect to the clothing, arms, and accoutrements of the company, shall be construed to apply only to company officers in actual command as aforesaid.

For subsistence in kind for regulars, volunteers, and drafted men, ninety-one millions four hundred and twenty-five thousand four hundred and twenty-six dollars and thirty cents.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel for the officers, enlisted men, guard, hospitals, messes, and prisoners, fifty million dollars.

For bounties and premiums for the *enlistment* [enlistment] of recruits for the regular army, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

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For repairs and improvements at arsenals, including new and additions to present buildings, and machinery, tools, and fixtures, two million dollars.

For the signal service of the army, one hundred thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all persons of color who have been or may be mustered into the military service of the United States shall receive the same uniform, clothing, arms, equipments, camp equipage, rations, medical and hospital attendance, pay and emoluments, other than bounty, as other soldiers of the regular or volunteer forces of the United States of like arm of the service, from and after the date of their muster, eighteen hundred and sixty-four; and that every person of color who shall hereafter be mustered into the service shall receive such sums in bounty as the President shall order in the different States of the United States, not exceeding one hundred dollars.

SEC. 3 *And be it further enacted*, That all persons enlisted and mustered into service as volunteers under the call, dated October seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, for three hundred thousand volunteers, who were at the time of enlistment actually enrolled and subject to draft in the State in which they volunteered, shall receive the same amount from the United States of bounty without regard to color.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That all persons of color who were free on the nineteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and who have been enlisted and mustered into the military service of the United States, shall, from the time of their enlistment, be entitled to receive the pay, bounty, and clothing allowed to such persons by the laws existing at the time of their enlistment. And the Attorney General of the United States is hereby authorized to determine any question of law arising under this provision. And if the Attorney General aforesaid shall determine that any of such enlisted persons are entitled to receive bounty, pay or clothing, in addition to what they have already received, the Secretary of War shall make all necessary regulations to enable the pay department to make payment in accordance with such determination.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That all enlistments hereafter made in the regular army of the United States, during the continuance of the present rebellion, may be for the term of three years.

Approved, June 15 1864.

A JOINT RESOLUTION proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of the Commonwealths, to accompany with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four; as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual service, either under a requisition from the President, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the Courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY G. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
Harrisburg, April 25, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

☞ The above resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution; and the act entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their adoption and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

PAPER AND ENVELOPE WAREHOUSE.—Just opened, a large stock of PAPER, ENVELOPES, in great variety, colors and qualities, for every taste. For sale by

T. G. ALEXANDER & CO., Paper Dealers,

oct14:w-tf&w 67 Wood street.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FASHIONABLE

AND

DESIRABLE GOODS,

FOR

GENT'S & YOUTH'S CLOTHING,

MADE TO ORDER,

IN THE BEST STYLE & MANNER.

R. B. NORRIS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

79 FEDERAL STREET, Alleghony.

de29:tf

GENTLEMEN WISHING

FIRST CLASS GARMENTS,

made in the MOST FASHIONABLE and

LATEST STYLES,

would do well to call upon

H. G. HALE & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS,

CORNER OF PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,

Before purchasing elsewhere.

ap22

BISSELL'S BLOCK.

W. H. McGEE.

10 ST. CLAIR STREET.

Would call the attention of buyers to his stock of goods; he has been selected with care, and contains all the newest styles of goods to be found in first class houses. Gents wishing a suit of clothes made to order, will please call and examine the goods and prices. Also, a full and complete stock of

Furnishing Goods.

W. H. McGEE, Merchant Tailor.

my27 No. 10 St. Clair street, Pittsb'h.

A CHOICE LOT OF

SUMMER SACK COATS,

For young Gents, of

FLANNELS,
BEAVERS,
SCOTCH AND AMERICAN COATINGS,
And LINENS, at

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

jc22 No. 47 ST. CLAIR ST.

RAILROAD.

1864.—PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL R. R.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—ONE DAILY TRAIN.

Constant addition is being made to the equipment of this excellent double track and express route, and every possible care will be exercised for the comfort and safety of passengers and speed of freight. Trains will leave the Depot in Pittsburg as follows:

THE THROUGH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves the Passenger Station daily, (except Sunday, at 6:00 a. m., stopping at all Stations between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and making direct connection for New York and Philadelphia.

THE THROUGH MAIL TRAIN leaves the Passenger Station every morning (except Sunday), at 8:00 a. m. stopping only at principal stations, and making direct connections at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York via Philadelphia.

THE THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily at 4:55 p. m., stopping only at principal stations, making direct connections at Harrisburg for Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia.

THE FAST LINE leaves the Station daily (except Sunday) at 8:45 p. m. stopping only at principal stations, connecting at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York via Allentown, without change of cars; also, at Philadelphia for New York.

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS.

Due Johnstown accommodation, leaves daily (except Sunday) at 3:10 p. m., stopping at all Stations and running as far as Conemaugh.

First Accommodation Train for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday) at 6:30 a. m.

Second Accommodation Train for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday) at 4:30 p. m.

Fourth Accommodation Train for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday) at 10 p. m.

The Church Train runs to Wall's Station every Sunday at 8:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:45 p. m.

Returning Trains arrive in Pittsburgh as follows:

Baltimore Express	12:30 p. m.
Philadelphia Express	1:00 p. m.
Fast Line	1:00 a. m.
Through Mail Train	10:30 a. m.
Johnstown Accommodation	10:15 a. m.
First Wall's Station Accommodation	6:25 a. m.
Second Wall's Station Accommodation	9:45 a. m.
Third Wall's Station Accommodation	3:40 p. m.
Fourth Wall's Station Accommodation	6:05 p. m.

Baltimore Express will arrive with Philadelphia Express at 1:00 p. m. on Mondays.

Trains for Blairsville and Indiana connect at Blairsville Intersection with Through Accommodation Johnstown Accommodation and Express Train East, and with Baltimore Express and Johnstown Accommodation at Conemaugh.

Trains for Kittanning connect at Cromer with Express Trains and Mail Train West, and with Through Accommodation and Express Train East.

FARE:

To New York	$12 50	To Baltimore	$10 00
To Philadelphia	10 50	To Lancaster	8 80
To Harrisburg	7 60	To Altoona	2 50

Baggage checked to all Stations on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and to Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Passengers purchasing tickets in the cars will be charged an extra fare, according to the distance traveled, in addition to the station ticket, except at stations where the Company has no agent.

NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

H. Sewan Omnibus Line has been employed to convey passengers and baggage to and from the Depot, at a charge not to exceed 25 cents, for each passenger and baggage. For tickets apply at

J. STEWART, Agent.

At the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Passenger Station, on Liberty and Grant streets. my23

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL, SLACK AND LIME.

Sealed Proposals, for the delivery in the Works of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, 2,000,000 bushels of Bituminous Coal, 75,000 bushels of Slack, and 8,000 bushels of Lime, will be received at the Office of the Company until the 8TH INSTANT. The Coal, Slack and Lime to be of such quality and delivered at such times and in such quantities as shall be approved and directed.

Payment to be made monthly, retaining twenty per cent. as security for the performance of the contract.

Proposals to be addressed to THOMAS BAKEWELL, Esq., President of the Company, and endorsed "Proposals for Coal or Slack, or for Lime," as the case may be.

JAMES THOMSON, Engineer.

Office of the Pittsburgh Gas Co., June 17th, 1864. jn18:td

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 18th, 1864.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the City Comptroller, for ONE THOUSAND TONS, more or less, as may be required, of FIRST QUALITY PITTSBURGH COAL, for the use of the City of New Orleans. Said Proposals must be addressed to STODDART HOWELL, Esq., Comptroller, stating the price for barrel, boat or ton, delivered upon the wharf, and be handed in on or before the FIRST DAY OF JULY, next.

The Coal to be delivered prior to Sept. 15th, 1864.

By Order, STEPHEN HOYT,
Captain U. S. A., Acting Mayor.

D. L. GIBBENS, Secretary. jn18:w&1m

PHYSICIANS, &c.

DR. J. R. SPEER,

196 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

Office hours 8 to 9 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

Dwelling, No. 20 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, where calls will be attended to at 1½, 12½ and 6½ o'clock daily. my11:d&w1-2w

DR. F. BESE,

Surgeon and Accoucheur,

No. 144 SMITHFIELD ST., 2d door below Sixth,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap8:6m

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. Reference—Dr. A. M. Pollock, Dr. Haslach Theodore Robbins, Russel Errett. my

INSURANCE.

THE WASHINGTON

Fire Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK,

172 Broadway.

Cash Capital $400,000
Assets, Feb 1st, 1864 928,000
G. C. SAYWARD, Prest. HENRY WESTON, V. P.
W. H. POMEROY, Sec'y. W. A. SOUTHWICK, Ass't Sec.

The Policies entitled to participate receive 75 per cent of the net profits.

Earnings declared to be 60 per cent. were made in 1861, 1862 and 1863.

The Phenix Fire Insur. Co., of Brooklyn.

No. 1 COURT STREET, Brooklyn
No. 123 BROADWAY, New York

Cash Capital $300,000 00
Surplus, March 1st, 1864 ..... 224,219 20
Assets $524,219 20

SEPHEN CROWELL, Prest. E. W. CROWELL, V. P.