Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, JUNE 27 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION,

Granting the Soldiers Right to Vote,

ELECTION ON TUESDAY, AUG. 2, 1864

The Military situation—Calling up the Reserves.

Three months ago the Government had put in the field all the troops it thought necessary to finish the work of subduing the Rebellion. In addition, the army was weeded of inefficient and half-hearted officers. If Lincoln was deposed and our most successful general was made commander-in-chief, the disastrous "restoration policy" was abandoned, and two large armies were organized to operate against the two most powerful armies of the Rebellion and the important strategic positions which they defended. The hearts of the loyal people were cheered with the hope that, at last the so called Southern Confederacy was about to receive its death-blow. It was thought everywhere that another campaign would end the war. It was believed that the South had put its last fighting man in the field, and that if its present armies should be defeated, as it seemed probable they would be, its capacity for further resistance would at an end. And this belief was strengthened by the despondent tone of the Rebel press, which repeatedly declared that, if Richmond and Atlanta should be taken, the war would end.

It is now almost the Fourth of July, and the vertical rays of a red hot sun are over our heads, and yet, neither Richmond nor Atlanta has fallen. After two months of the fiercest fighting known in the annals of modern warfare, the enemy are still as defiant as ever and their strongholds are untaken. It is only fair to add, too, that our losses are numerically greater than theirs, although proportionately not so great. The hopes of the country are again chilled, and cowards say, "We are undone!" and the everlasting croaker repeats his dismal note, "I told you so."

But the brave and true men, although disappointed, are not discouraged. They realize that, if the Rebellion is still strong and defiant, the harvest is not past and the summer is not ended, and that months of the present season yet remain in which to deal death and destruction to the enemies of the Union. They realize that, if Richmond and Atlanta have not yet been captured, our armies are, nevertheless, within twenty miles of each place; whereas, two months ago, they were distant from them respectively sixty and a hundred miles. They also know that, if our losses have been heavy, the Rebels have also suffered severely, and with this difference in our favor: that, our armies can be filled up, while theirs, by their own admission, cannot. Above all, the men who love liberty and hate slavery do not forget that *our cause is just*, and that it is not a supposable proposition that God would ultimately favor the establishment of a government based upon the barbarous theory that four millions of human beings should be owned, worked, whipped, starved, prostituted, and kept in ignorance and degradation by thirty thousand inhuman taskmasters. All these considerations induce the true friends of the Union to say to each other: "This is not the time for hesitating and hesitation; let us follow up our successes; let us *reinforce our armies*." And this unfaltering spirit—this determination to sustain our brave boys in the field—will yet subdue the Rebellion. "The mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceedingly small."

We can put men in the field, and there is a feeling abroad in the land that *the men they must go in*. And if it *does* go on, the end cannot be far off.

And now, how shall our armies be filled up? This is the grave question of the hour. Congress having refused to repeal the conscription clauses of the enrollment law, it is believed that another draft will produce as few men as the last one, if *conducted in the same manner*. But it will yield *money*. On the other hand, men will not volunteer, even for a short period, unless they receive liberal bounties. But they *will* volunteer, as experience has abundantly shown, if liberal bounties be offered. Now, why should not the Government again offer inducements to volunteers, reimburs-ing the Treasury for all sums paid out on account of bounties by the prompt collection of commutation money in those districts which refuse to fill their quotas with volunteers? In other words, why should not the draft and the volunteering system help each other? Why should not the money to be obtained from another draft be applied, *as dir cted by the law*, to the "procuration of substitutes?" Why should not the Government at once offer a bounty of $300 to volunteers, at the same time publishing that, on a certain day, a draft will be ordered in all districts which shall not have responded? We believe that, for $300, volunteers could readily be obtained if the term of service should be fixed at one year or eighteen months; and that, if the term of service should still be extended to three years, local bounty committees would, as heretofore, and perhaps more promptly than heretofore, come to the assistance of the Government.

We have thus briefly referred to the military situation and to its only unfavorable feature—the depletion of our armies. We have also indicated our opinion as to the most efficient means to be resorted to for filling up the ranks. In a few days we will know the policy resolved upon by Congress and the President. In the meantime we entreat all loyal men to hold themselves in readiness to *assist* the Government in recruiting its armies under the next call, we firmly believe, the *last* call it will be required to make.

The Fugitive Slave Law.

The Senate on Tuesday passed the House bill to repeal the Fugitive Slave Law, thus wiping out that vestige of barbarism. The following is the vote:

YEAS—Anthony, Brown, Chandler, Clark, Conness, Drake, Fessenden, Grimes, Hale, Hamlin, Harris, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Lane, (Ind.), Lane, (Kansas), Morgan, Morrill, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sprague, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Wade, Wilson.

NAYS—Buckalew, Carlile, Cowan, Davis, Hendricks, Johnson, McDougall, Powell, Riddle, Saulsbury, Van Winkle, Wiley.

Mr. Cowan was the only one from the North elected as a Union man who voted in the negative. We do not envy him his place on the record.

General Hunt, a veteran in years as in the service of his country, has been married to a Miss Gardner of Washington. The General entered the service in 1826, and must be somewhere about sixty.

Thurlow Weed.

Mr. Thurlow Weed, who left the Republican party because, it was, as he said, an abolition party, lately published a letter in the Albany *Evening Journal* in which he charged corruption and connivance at fraud on the part of Horace Greeley, Mayor Opdyke and various other prominent Republicans, which was copied into every Copperhead paper in the land. Every one of the gentlemen named by him met his allegations by the most emphatic denials and the strongest of evidence to back the denials, the last one being that of Mr. Greeley, which effectually disposes of Mr. Weed's slanders.

The only instance in which Mr. Weed's charges appear to have been backed in the least is the case of the Navy Agent in New York, Mr. Henderson, and the only proof brought against him is the affidavit of a fellow just released from Fort Lafayette who he had been sent some time since on no other of giving aid and comfort to the enemy. If Mr. Weed has no better backing than this he had better have none.

Free Maryland!

On Saturday our readers were apprised by a brief telegraphic dispatch that the Constitutional Convention of the State of Maryland, in session at Annapolis, had adopted by a two third vote, (53 Yeas against 27 Nays) an article in the Bill of Rights which reads as follows:

"Hereafter in this State there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except in punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted; and all persons held to service or labor as slaves are hereby declared free."

Mark! It is not *gradual* emancipation that is thus provided for, nor is anything said about *compensation* to loyal or disloyal owners. The declaration is as noble as it is just. Regenerated, disenthralled Maryland! How thy action shames that of those Northern Members of Congress who, the other day, refused to pass a law *permitting* the people of the Union to abolish Slavery everywhere throughout its boundaries!

Mr. Vallandigham's Return.

The following is the original order of the President in the case of Mr. Vallandigham, and which has been reproduced by our cotemporaries since the return of that gentleman from Canada:

U. S. Military Telegraph,
[Cipher] May 29, 1863.
[By telegraph from Washington, 9:40 p. m.]

To Major General Burnside, commanding Department of Ohio:

Sir:—The President directs that, without delay, you send C. L. Vallandigham, under secure guard, to the headquarters of General Rosecrans, to be put by him beyond our military lines, and in case of his return with it our lines he be arrested and kept in close custody for the term specified in his sentence.

By order of the President:
E. B. S. Canby,
Brigadier General and A. A. G.

The Opinion of a War Democrat.—Hon. James T. Brady, the well-known Democratic lawyer of New York, in a late speech uttered the following just sentiment:

"Much has been said, too, about usurpations of power; but where in history will you find a war against rebellion conducted with such moderation?" The Copperhead papers do not seem to be in a hurry to respond to this question of a War Democra.

The Washington *Chronicle* of Friday last (Administration organ) says there seems to be but little probability of any material change in the House vote on the repeal of the exemption clause. It will be remembered that the House a week ago resolved, by a vote of 100 to 60, to retain the commutation clause.

Rate of Interest.

Whereabouts of Lee's Army.

The problem of the last few days, other than how to occupy Petersburg, has been to locate Lee's army. Is it now pretty well ascertained that after garrisoning Richmond and Petersburg, and holding with slender force the line between, he has not only detached nine brigades to operate against Butler, but has guards of still unbroken railroads with large numbers. Meanwhile, he proves one Richmond, and looks too wearing upon it should he be driven on to stand a siege. We have to take Petersburg, when the breaking of all his roads will follow. After the first city falls—an awful wastage of time, the effusion of so much precious blood, will cease. Then it becomes a work of time and vigilance.

Grant's Position.

General Grant has to his present position an advantage which the Potomac Army never before possessed. He is operating on inner lines. By glancing at the map it will be seen that Bermuda Hundred and vicinity is very nearly the centre of a circle which passes through Richmond and Petersburg. In holding this strong position he removes Lee at every point on the arc intervening between the two places, thereby compelling him to keep a long line guarded, and so be on the alert constantly.

Desertion.

We place but little confidence in the belief announcement that Hunter has been detailed at Lynchburg. The fact that he was able to march at will from Staunton, sixty miles distant, argues an inability on the part of the enemy to successfully cope with him. He probably reconcentred the defenses of Lynchburg, and, finding that their capture would occasion much sacrifice of life, retired, and contented himself with a thorough destruction of the railroads leading North to Charlottesville, East to Burkeville Junction, and West to East Tennessee.

Corporations with Souls.

The Reading Railroad and the Pennsylvania Railroad Companies have not only contributed most liberally to the Fund in aid of the Sanitary Commission, but have transported all contributions to the Central Fair *gratis* and reduced the fare of visitors *half* or regular rates. They also pass the *Delegates* of the Christian and Sanitary Commission on their errands of mercy free. These are corporations *with souls*.

Rebel Finances.

Our financial condition may not be flattering, looking at it from the "solid gold basis, but if we compare it with that of the rebels it is decidedly healthy and hopeful. The financial lights of the rebellion has been found beyond the end cone of legislation, and the Richmond Congress has adjourned without doing anything to clear the hopeless muddle of the Memminger paper-work.

Taking Richmond.

There is the highest authority for the statement that Gen. Grant gave the President, when at his headquarters, the assurance of the certainty of his taking Richmond. Mr. Lincoln has returned from the front with increased confidence in Gen. Grant.

Won't Go.

Hon. Benjamin C. Howard and Hon. Henry May, two of the gentlemen appointed by the recent Maryland Democratic State Convention as delegates to the Chicago Convention, have declined the honor.

Health of the Auditor General.

Hon. Isaac Slenker, Auditor General of Pennsylvania, who has been quite ill for some time past, is still in a critical condition. We regret to learn that doubts are entertained of his recovery.

The Crops.

Letters received by the Commissioner of Agriculture show that the growing crops in the Eastern and Middle States promise well. The hay, it is thought, will amount to a third more than usual.

The Brother of Mrs. Douglas.

The brother of Mrs. Senator Douglas, Lieutenant Cutts, is not mortally wounded, as was at first feared.

The Two Southern Mothers.

[It is the general opinion that the present war has produced but little poetry that will live after it. The following is the very best style of the war that has come under our own notice:]

Heard you not the din of battle,
Cannon's roar, and musket's rattle,
Steam of sword, and strife of shell,
Riot's shout, and vanquished's yell?

Saw you not yon scene, Talleighter,
Human blood pou ed at little cost?
Northern valor, southern pride,
Stern resolve on either side?

Cheering on his flagging men,
Rallying to the charge again,
Comes a bullet charged with grief,
Strikes the brave Confederate chief.

Down he falls amid the strife,
Hewed to ramp for on his life:
Fearce can his retreating force,
Find and save his mangled corse.

Home they bore him to its mother—
Pale was she—had been—before;
Wofal mother! who can borrow
Words to paint her gentle sorrow?

Aside us turned but a saddened brave,
Pause and leave her hazed alone;
Came and spake with solemn brow;
"Mame, we are two, now!

"I had son, and you had one,
Now, we two—all—are gone!
Not one left to bury either—
Slave son mine to mount together.

"Every one of us you sold—
Now you owe us all in gold;
To be just Avenger be—
Mine! I claim the due of me."

Thus she spake, that noble mother;
Plighted vow did seal and clutched the other;
Well although it carry both,
Foeman shall be made her tomb.

Bill to Repeal the Draft Commutation Clause.

The following is a copy of the bill amendatory of the enrollment act which was passed by the Senate on Tuesday night by a vote of 24 to 7:

Be it enacted &c., That so much of the act entitled "An Act for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes," approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and the amendatory thereof, as authorizes the discharge of any drafted person from liability to military service by reason of the procuration of a substitute, or otherwise, and the same is hereby repealed: *Provided* That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to alter the provisions of existing laws relative to persons actually furnishing substitutes.

Sec. 2. That in calls for drafts hereafter made under the act for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and the acts in addition to or amendatory thereof, the same may be for such term of time as the President shall direct, not exceeding one year.

Sec. 3. That the number of men furnished from any district for the service of the United States beyond and above its quota on calls heretofore made, and the term of service of such men shall be considered and allowed to said districts in calls hereafter made.

Sec. 4. That no person drafted on future calls, or who shall volunteer to fill the same, shall be liable to be again drafted until the existing enrollment shall be exhausted.

Rebel Officers Captured.

Three rebel officers, a Colonel, Major and Lieutenant, were captured on the Jerusalem Plank Road by a party of our cavalry on the 22d. They are Colonel John A. Baker, 3d North Carolina; Major Thomas Mills, of the rebel Adjutant General's office, who is a herculean seven-footer, and Lieutenant Donovan, 14th Mississippi.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Offices of Allen Ent Valley Railroad Co.,
Pittsburgh, June 15, 1864.

THE SIXTH ANNUAL COUPON of the First Mortgage Bonds of this road, falling due July 1st, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh. H. LORIS,
Treasurer.

At a regular Meeting of the Board of Directors of Lower Turtle Creek Township, it was resolved unanimously, that the present Board of Directors be and they are hereby authorized to issue bonds of said Township to the amount of $10,000, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, for the purpose of paying the indebtedness of said Township, and that the Clerk of said Township be and he is hereby authorized to attach the seal of said Township to said bonds, and that the President and Clerk of said Township sign the same. Attest: S. C. WILSON, President.
JAMES PHILLIPS, D. D., and Capt. ROBERTS are respectfully solicited to attend.

Gymnasium.—The people of Pittsburgh and vicinity will give an EXHIBITION AND OPENING OF THE GYMNASIUM, in the Masonic Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, June 30th.

The Misses HASSELL will superintend the Gymnasium Classes.

For Cards and Admission Tickets apply at the Gymnasium, or at the door.

U. S. A.—The Union League of the United States of America will hold a Meeting in Wilkins Hall, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, June 29th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Each Organization will be entitled to send one Delegate to meet the Executive Committee and address from some of the best speakers in the county in the evening at such place as will hereafter be designated.
By order of the Executive Committee.
JOHN C. VAN DEVENTER, Secretary.

Election Notice.—The stockholders of the Little Saw Mill Run R. R. Co. are hereby notified to meet at the Office of the Company, in Temperanceville, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of July, next, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of choosing nine Directors and six Directors, to serve the ensuing year.
WM. MASHELL, President.

Union Barge Company, June 22, 1864.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Company will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, the 5th proximo, between the hours of 12 and 3 p. m.
jel6:d6 A. S. SMITH, Cashier.

WANTS.

WANTED.

TO OIL WELL OWNERS.

Wanted, a competent person to put down an Oil Well, from five hundred to one thousand feet. Enquire at No. 92 THIRD STREET, 2d story.
jel7:tf

WANTED—Immediately, a large quantity of

OLD PAPER.

To fill an order. Bring every scrap of Newspaper, Old Books and any kind of printed or manuscript paper. We will pay the highest price. Parties desirous of selling will please send it at once to the Rag and Paper Store, No. 101 Federal street, Allegheny City.
jel5 T. C. WAREHAM.

WANTED—Immediately,

10,000 MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

To buy their Boots, Shoes and Gaiters at old prices, at

BORLAND'S, 92 Market street,
jel21 Second door from Fifth.

WANTED—Again to call the friends of RIGHT OF THE WAR. A rare chance to make money. Agents are clearing from $100 to $200 per month. 200,000 volumes already sold. Send for circulars. Address J. LEE BROS. & CO., Publishers, Rutland, Vt.
jel9:1m

WANTED—An owner for 12 BBLS. WOOD OIL, which have been lying on the Allegheny Road for several months. The owner of the same is requested to call immediately on the undersigned, prove property pay charges and take away, otherwise it will be sold according to law.
JAMES M. LEY, Baltimore st.
jel21

WANTED—A SUBSTITUTE—Six Hundred Dollars ($600,) will be paid to an acceptable substitute for a drafted man. The substitute will be exempt from the present and future drafts. Inquire at the
GAZETTE OFFICE.
jel6 f

WANTED.—100 tons of old books, with backs removed, old newspapers or anything that has once been writing, or printing paper, for which the highest price in cash is our Paper and Rag Warehouse, No. 51 and 53 Fifth Street.
jl1:10 C. P. WARNER & CO.

WANTED—$50 A MONTH.—I want Agents at $50 a month, expenses paid, to sell my EVERLASTING PENCILS, (Original) SUSPENDERS, and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles. Fifteen circulars sent FREE. Address, JOHN F. LORD, Biddeford, Maine.
ap26:m3m

WANTED.

50,000 PRIME WHITE OAK STAVES,

For Oil Barrels. Apply to
PENNA SALT MANUF'G CO.,
jl1:1mwed Foot of Ferry st., Pittsburgh.

WANTED,

TWO GOOD BUGLERS,

To serve for 90 days, in Knap's Artillery Battalion. Also a Chief Bugler. Good price paid.
Apply at
WILKINS HALL,
m31:tf Corner Diamond.

WANTED,

A GARDENER,

To take care of a good garden near the city.
Inquire at this office. ap26:tf

WANTED—To purchase, an interest in a Hosiery or Knitting Business, by an active and experienced man. Address S. S., Gazette Office. jl7:1mwed

10 BBLS. PRIME BRIGHT DRIED APPLES, in store and for sale by
BRADY & METZGAR.
jel6 245 Liberty st. and 24 Wood st.

PIG LEAD—500 pigs soft Galena Lead just received and for sale by
J. D. CANFIELD.
jel1

SPECIAL NOTICES.

We have learned not to be astonished at anything. Years of experience and correspondence extending throughout all sections of the habitable globe, have turned these into facts and establish a basis from which we need not err. We are not surprised at such facts as the following—although the persons who write them are. We know the persons and circumstances referred to. Liberty to indorse these statements:

"New-Bedford, Mass., Nov. 24, 1863.

"Dear Sir: I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, only to be commanded, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicines called to relieve me. While visiting some friends in New York we were calling Plantation Bitters they prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small tea-spoonful after dinner feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the colds-es and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which have not done for years. I find the sanitive benefit by appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.
Respectfully, FOURTH RUSSELL."

"Hebron, Conn., Wm., Sept. 10, 1863.

"I have been in the army hospital for thirteen months—sometimes could nearly dead. Attention, fill, they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. Three bottles restored my speech and saved me.
C. A. FLAUTE"

The following is from the Manager of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers:

"Hanover's Mansion, Ohio street,
New York, August 5, 1863.

Dr. Drake: Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak drugs with most happy effect. One little girl in particular, with pains in her head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill has been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite and strength rapidly increased, and she is now well. Respectfully,
Mrs. O. H. DEVOE."

"I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and had to abandon preaching. * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
Rev. J. S. CATHCART, Rochester, N. Y."

"I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

"The Plantation Bitters have cured me of Liver Complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business.
H. S. HINGSLEY, Cleveland, Ohio."

"The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.
C. C. MOORE, No. 258 Broadway."
&c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are unsurpassed nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated tonics, Buchu, Wintergreen, Cassarias, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure alcohol Rum.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weak nerves, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, corpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve no other if they will only try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce in some cases immediate effect. They are extremely agreeable, perfectly pure, and harmless.

Sherrod, the only person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and imposter. It is put up only in our log cabin bottles (known of besides filled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison, so that every bottle can our United States stamp over the cork unmutilated, and our signature on steel plate side label.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habits of the globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
192 Broadway, N. Y.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, the genuine article, for sale by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner of Smithfield and Fourth streets.
ap25:6mos&dw

J. W. HUBBARD (late Gallagher for Lippincott & Co.)
E. B. SUBBARD, (late of Gage, Hubbard & Co.)
SAMUEL A. LONG.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS
HUBBARDS & LONG,

Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULAR SAWS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description; Mill, Muley, Cross Cuts, Gangs and all other articles. All kinds of KNIVES & SPRINGS made from Sheet Cast Steel; Extra Bolted REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c. Warehouse and Works, cor. WATER & SHORT STS., Pittsburgh. Particular attention given to Re-setting, Gumming and Straightening Circular Saws: also repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap24:1y

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE, containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine Plates and Engravings of the anatomy of the Human Organs in a state of Health and Disease, with a Treatise on Early Errors, its deplorable consequences upon the Mind and Body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the reports of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.
mh18:lyeod&w

WM. BARNHILL & CO., Boiler Makers and Sheet Iron Workers, Penn St., Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26. Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner and warranted equal to any made in the country. SHUMEKTS, BRICHEN, FIRE GRDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AQUATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS, Pittsburgh.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, BRAZIER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in BRAZIL TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MATERIALS, Etc.
Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST & 120 SECOND STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl2:1y

LA BELLE STEEL WORKS
REITER & CO.,
Successors to Reiter, Hartman & Co., manufacturers of CAST STEEL, SPRING, PLOW AND COLTERS STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, (HOWARDS, &c.
Works, FIRST WARD, Allegheny City.
P. O. Address PITTSBURGH Pa. jel8:1y

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 61 SECOND and 66 THIRD STREET, bet. Wood and Market.
Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.
Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. ap9

BARNVART'S TROCHES, FOR the cure of Hoarseness, Throat Diseases &c. are specially recommended to Ministers, Singers and persons whose vocation calls them to speak in public. Manufactured only by O. A. BARNVART & CO., Harrisburg, Pa., to whom all orders should be addressed.
For Sale by Druggists everywhere.
O. A. BARNVART & CO.
mh8:3m

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL systems—new and reliable treatise—given in Reports of the Howard Association. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. ap8:lyeod&w

H. SOLMES & SONS, Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 67 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Collections made on all the principal points throughout the United States.

HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and Commission Merchant and wholesale dealer in GREEN, BUTTER, SHEEP SKINS, and produce generally, No. 85 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF 20 ACRES,

Near Bryn Mawr Station, suitable for gardening purposes. Apply to Lot Glenhall Boarding House, or to
O. BINGER,
jel8 No. 10 Fifth av., 4th floor.

City Controller's Office,
Pittsburgh, June 25, 1864.

CITY WEIGH SCALES.—Proposals for leasing the City Weigh Scales will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., July 5th, 1864. Proposals must be sealed and directed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Proposals for Leasing the Scales."
JOHN M'CAND, City Controller.
jy2:td

MONEY TO LOAN.—The undersigned wishes to loan
SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS,
on unincumbered real estate security. Persons desiring to borrow will please call on
J. S. SCHOONMAKER,
jy2:3t 120 Fourth st.

TO LET!

A WHARF IN PHILADELPHIA.

A large wharf property, two hundred feet front on the Delaware and four hundred feet deep, with building and other improvements, situate on the east side of Front street, between Race and Vine streets, Philadelphia. Apply to
J. C. GILMORE,
(care of U. S. A.)
Agents.
jl17 tjan1 2016 Market street, Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.—NOTICE TO BOND HOLDERS.—

Proposals will be received at this office until the 6th DAY OF JULY, next, at 4 p. m., for Grading, Bridging, Ironing and Equipping the Second Track on this Railway, between Rochester and Fort Wayne, about 20 miles.
Bonds and Preferred Stock, about 2 to 1
Cash in hand and Bonds, about 1 to 2
Contractors to furnish all Grading Teams, Tools and Machinery.
Information as to the character of the work, and forms of contract and proposals, may be had at the office of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, at Canton, Ohio, and at the office, Pittsburgh, on and after the 15th inst.
JOHN EDGAR THOMSON, Chief Engineer.
By order of the Board of Directors.
J. EDGAR THOMSON, President.
Pittsburgh, June 23, 1864. jy2:td

SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

Silk Grenadines.
Worsted Grenadines.
Organdies & Lawns.

for sale at low prices, by
WHITE, OER & CO.,
jel7:1t No. 56 FIFTH STREET.

UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.—HUNTSAY MORNING July 24th at 10 o'clock will be sold, at the Union Depot, Smoky City, the following unclaimed Freight, which has been stored with the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, and the Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

No.	Marks &	Articles.
1	J. H. M.	2 bundles and 1 box;
2	J. J. & Bro.,	2 boxes;
3	David Brown,	1 box;
4	Adams & Co.,	1 box Glassware;
5	A. & Sons,	Allegheny, 1 trunk;
6	Williams,	do., 1 box tobacco;
7	Ellis Bros.,	1 bundle;
8	W. H. Peoples,	6 bars;
9	Mary Hunt,	1 box;
10	J. F. Wright,	2 bundles and 2 rolls carpeting;
11	Crowley,	2 cases Gunsmiths' tools;
12	Wm. Kelly, Bice's Landing,	1 chest;
13	Watkins & Co.,	1 oil barrel;
14	Pond, Apple & Co.,	1 bundle and 1 bale canvas;
15	Pond & Co.,	1 bundle and 1 piece oil cloth;
16	Dunlap & Co.,	1 bundle;
17	J. M. Forrest,	1 keg nails;
18	A. McCarthy & Co.,	1 glass casing;
19	A. Dunn & Co.,	1 box;
20	Adams & Co.,	50 empty oil barrels;
21	Orr, Gray & Bro.,	1 bundle rags;
22	Watkins & Co.,	1 bundle tin;
23	F. Reiter,	2 cases
24	J. Jones,	1 basket;
25	J. P. Fenton,	1 package hoops;
26	Wm. Orr,	1 bundle;
27	Lyon & Shorpering,	1 box;
28	A. O. Duncan,	1 basket;
29	Hoffman & Pugsley,	1 glass casting;
30	T. L. Wood & Co.,	1 iron barrel;
31	Gary & Co.,	1 trunk to use;
32	J. Mc.	1 box Mdse. with Express Receipt;
33	Scudder & Co.,	1 box;
34	Rush Bros.,	1 keg;
35	Duncan & Williams,	1 bbl and 1 half bbl;
36	Orr,	1 oil barrel;
37	John Kerr,	1 keg;
38	Dunn,	1 box;
39	do	1 half bbl mackerel;
40	Wm. Ihle,	A Mdse.

And all others, now ready for JULY. Also, all the

Newspapers of the Week.

ALL THE NEW BOOKS,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

And POCKET BOOKS, all styles and prices, at

FRANK CASE'S

Book and News Depot,

70 FIFTH ST., CHRONICLE BUILDING.
jel6:4

PERFECT OIL BARRELS.

ALLEN'S PATENT WOOD COVERED

IRON OIL BARRELS,

Will not leak, and will last for years, are no heavier than wood barrels, and will not cost more.
For Railroad Station, shop, Retail and Domestic use, they are unequalled; never to be returned, and will remove any prejudice that may exist against Iron barrels.
C. P. WHITNEY & CO.,
corner Duquesne Way and Water street.

PITTSBURGH, June 18, 1864.

Messrs. C. P. Whitney & Co.—Gentlemen: We have used your "Allen's Patent Iron Barrels" for some time past, and unhesitatingly pronounce them to be the best barrel for petroleum and its products now in use. We have never in our experience had a complaint of leakage in them, and they are in all respects a convenience to the shipper. We remain, Yours truly,
J. HENDON, Bank & Co.

Standard Refinery, June 13, 1864.

Messrs C. P. Whitney & Co.—Gentlemen: I have to say in answer to your inquiry that the Iron Barrel sent to us, and found in store for shipment, is the first barrel that has yet come under our notice. Yours very truly,
J. ESSON, Bank & Co.

Messrs. C. P. Whitney & Co.—Gentlemen: We have used your Iron Barrels for some time, and find them to be a most excellent barrel for petroleum and its products. We have never in our experience had a complaint of leakage in them, and they are in all respects a convenience to the shipper. We remain, Yours truly,
J. HENDON, Bank & Co.

Standard Refinery, June 13, 1864.

Messrs C. P. Whitney & Co.—Gentlemen: I have to say in answer to your inquiry that the Iron Barrel sent to us, and found in store for shipment, is the first barrel that has yet come under our notice. Yours very truly,
J. ESSON, Bank & Co.

SEEDS, of every description,
AT
McCLELLAND'S AUCTION,
55 Fifth Street.
jel5

ALLEGHENY WHARF NOTICE.—Will be sold, on FRIDAY, July 1st, 1864, several PLATS, large and small, LOTS, one LARGE BOX, for storage, and one of planing mill sash and for sale by
JAMES CLOW, Wharf master.

U. S. 10-40 LOAN.

Subscriptions to
GOVERNMENT 10-40 LOAN,
Received at the office of HANNA, HART & CO., Wood street.
jel8:tf JOSHUA HANNA, Agent.

STAR BRAND F. C. HAMS.—We have at all supply of this celebrated brand of hams, put up expressly for our family trade by G. Gorge, Pittsburgh, which we will sell by the dozen or single ham, at lowest rates.
JOHN A. RENSHAW.
jel8 Liberty and Wood streets.

3,000 BUSH PRIME MUSKINGUM VALLEY CORN for sale by
McHARG & ANDER.
jel4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

GROVER & BAKER

CELEBRATED FIRST PREMIUM

SEWING MACHINES,

WITH ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

At every Fair in the United States where exhibited to date.

Call and examine them or send for a circular containing samples of stitching and Testimony.

Office, No. 18 FIFTH STREET.

A. F. CHATONEY,
General Agent.

ALSO, AGENT FOR
D. BARNUMS "SELF-SEWER,"
FOR ALL MACHINES.

Trade supplied at liberal discount.

LUBIN'S

COCOANUT CREAM,

FOR OILING, DRESSING AND BEAUTIFYING

THE HAIR.

It softens and oils the hair and gives it a permanent gloss, which it retains for days after using it.

For beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair,

LUBIN'S COCOANUT CREAM

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.

It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.

It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.

Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.

For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.

And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its beautifying effects
And it retains all its beautifying effects

For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For days after using it.

For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.

It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.

It prevents Hair from Turning Grey.
It prevents Hair from Turning Grey.
It prevents Hair from Turning Grey.
It prevents Hair from Turning Grey.

No Hair preparation possesses the peculiar properties which so essentially unite the human hair as

THE COCOANUT CREAM

It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.

It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.

It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance