Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
of Tennessee.

Ratification Meeting.

A mass meeting was held in the city Saturday night to ratify the nomination of LINCOLN and JOHNSON. At an early hour the hall was crowded, and great enthusiasm prevailed throughout. The nomination of "ABE and ANDY," as the Baltimore nominees are familiarly called, is an exceedingly popular one in this county; and although it is early in the campaign, the feeling manifested at this meeting shows that it would be an easy task, even now, to evoke the zeal that characterized the campaign of 1860. The majority for LINCOLN in this county in that year was a round ten thousand; and it may as well be understood, at the outset, that the friends of the Administration intend this year to do better than that. We bore away the banner then, and we intend to keep it. We have no objection to any other county *crying* to excel us, but we do not intend to let them *do* it. The meeting of Saturday night is an earnest that the friends of the Union and the Government in this county will maintain the front rank they so gallantly earned four years ago.

Gen. McClellan's Stump Speech

The speech of Gen. MCCLELLAN at West Point contains nothing worthy of note, if we except the personal vanity and partizanship of the speaker, the absence of any reference to the brilliant achievements of Gen. GRANT, a graduate of West Point, and the apology for treason injected into the concluding sentences. A couple of extracts will be as much of this so-called "address" as the reader will care to peruse, and will suffice to illustrate some of the features we have just named:

"I stand here to-day, not as an orator, but as *the whilom commander of the most valiant dead*. As their *comrade*, too, on many *a hard fought field* against *domestic* and foreign foe, moved by all the love that David felt when he poured forth his lamentation for the mighty father and son who fell on Mount Gilboa. God knows that David's love for Jonathan was no more than mine for the deep tried friends of many long and eventful years, whose names are to be recorded upon the structure that is to rise upon this spot. Would that his more than mortal eloquence could grace my lips or do justice to them. We have met to-day to do honor to our own dead; brothers united to us by the closest and dearest ties, who have freely given their lives for their country in this war, so just and righteous, *so long as its purpose is to crush rebellion*, and to save our Nation from the infinite evils of dismemberment. * * * *Extremists of one section furnished the occasion*, eagerly seized as a pretext by equally extreme men in the other, for abandoning the pacific remedies and protection afforded by the Constitution, and seeking redress for possible future evils in war and the destruction of the Union. Stripped of all sophistry and side issues, the direct cause of the war, as it presented itself to the honest and patriotic citizens of the North, was simply this: Certain States, or rather portions of the inhabitants of certain States, feared, or professed to fear, that injury would result to their rights and property if a certain party was elevated to power. Although the Constitution provided them with peaceable and sure protection, they prepared to seek security in the destruction of the Government which could protect. Rebellion against a Government like ours cannot be justified on *ethical* grounds, and the only alternatives for our choice are its suppression or the destruction of our nationality. At such a time as this, and in such a struggle political partizanship should be merged in a true and brave patriotism, which thinks only of the good of the whole country."

"The whilom commander of the most valiant dead!" A modest man, and especially an unsuccessful general, would have decently kept himself in the background when delivering an eulogy upon braver men than himself. But Gen. McCLELLAN has never allowed an opportunity to trump at his own praises to pass him unembraced. And he never hesitates to claim for himself the honors which justly belong to others. His West Virginia dispatches, it is well known, contributed largely to make him commander-in-chief, although the fact was soon afterward fully established that *to others*, and especially to Gen. ROSECRANS, were the successes of the West Virginia campaign mainly due. So, in the Peninsular campaign, but for the skill of his corps and division commanders, who fought more than one bloody battle *without orders* and without proper support, the magnificent army which McCLELLAN landed at Yorktown would have been utterly annihilated. And yet this Falstaff, whom his soldiers did not see in a single engagement on the Peninsula, except, perhaps, at a safe distance behind our cannon at Malvern, prates of his leadership of the noble dead on "*many a hard fought field!*" against the "*domestic foe!*" If the bones of the dead victims of his incapacity could have spoken, they would have denied in indignant tones his *right* to call himself their "comrade," and they would have repelled the cruel mockery of making the gunboat general their eulogist, by driving him from the stand with the remainder of his piece unsaid.

Gen. McCLELLAN says, with characteristic disingenuousness, that the war is "just and righteous so long as its purpose is to crush rebellion." He says again: "Extremists of one section (the North) furnished the *occasion*" for the war. The first remark hints that the purpose of the war has been departed from; else, why the qualification? This cowardly insinuation, taken in connection with the absence throughout the speech of any allusion to slavery, the inciting cause of the war, indicates the absence of cordial sympathy in Gen. McCLELLAN with the war *against* that cause. And this fact is made more clearly to appear when the other remark we have quoted concerning Northern "extremists" is considered. Gen. McCLELLAN evidently believes the North as much to blame as the South for this war, and he *does not* believe that the war *should* have any other purpose than to restore the "Union as it was," including slavery, the cause of all our troubles and the main prop of the rebellion to day. This moral and military obliquity—this inability to perceive the adaptation of means to ends—is in entire accord with the teachings of the VALLANDIGHAM school of politicians, and also in perfect harmony with Gen. McCLELLAN's experience as commander-in-chief of our armies. He never could see "the situation" as he should have seen it, and he failed to comprehend it because of his exaggerated notions of Southern valor and his want of faith in Northern pluck.

The reader will observe General McCLELLAN's hypocritical plea in favor of the merging of "political partizanship" in a "true and brave patriotism." This is precisely what the Union party of the country has contended for all long, and what loyal Democrats and loyal Republicans have *practiced*, but it is the very thing which the party of General McCLELLAN, led by VALLANDIGHAM, the WOODS, LONG, HARRIS and the rest has *not* done. From the beginning they have opposed the Government and the war, refusing to assist in raising money or men, and persistently encouraging the rebels to believe that the North would yet submit to a dissolution of the Union. And General McCLELLAN has shared in this unholy "partizanship," and is sharing in it to-day. His Woodward letter is not forgotten; his championship of the disgraced FITZ JOHN PORTER is not forgotten; his refusal, in every public speech he has delivered within the past two years, to say one word encouraging men to volunteer, or to sustain the finances of the Government, is not forgotten. And this last stump speech, which refuses to award one word of praise to those in authority for their efforts in subduing the Rebellion, shows how bitter is the "political partizanship" which still rankles in the breast of the man whom this Administration has made all that he is.

General McCLELLAN's omission of General GRANT's splendid services to his country is the meanest feature of his speech. He could compliment Gen. SCOTT, but Gen. GRANT was not to be mentioned. If it was proper for Gen. McCLELLAN to eulogize the deeds of the Regulars in the present war, and to compliment in the most fulsome terms a living general of distinction, why was it improper for him to refuse all mention of Gen. GRANT, the *greatest* and *most successful* soldier of this war, and a *graduate* of West Point? Simply because Gen. McCLELLAN's jealous nature would not permit him to speak in generous terms of one whose military career has eclipsed his own as the midsummer sun eclipses the farthing rushlight.

We lay down this stump speech with a heartier contempt for the man who could make it than we experienced when we beheld his criminal inaction on the banks of the Potomac in the fall of 1861, or, afterwards, when we beheld the wreck of his gallant army returning from the swamps of the Chickahominy to the fortifications at Washington.

The New Loan.

Speaking of the new loan, the New York *Evening Post* says:

Mr. Chase has adopted a method of financial administration which, if he will adhere to it persistently, will do more than all the legislative expedients that the most fertile ingenuity can devise, to send gold down by the run, as sailors say. He has resolved to put a stop to the issue of Treasury notes, calling them in as fast as he can, and to rely for his ways and means upon loans to be made directly from the people. During the protracted and exhausting war between England and France this was the method relied upon by that eminent statesman William Pitt, and it did not break down beneath the tremendous pressure to which it was subjected. Taxation first, and borrowing next, are the right and left arms of success in the conduct of great wars. The issue of paper money beyond a certain limit easily ascertained in practice, as we forewarned the nation with all earnestness at the outbreak of the rebellion, and as the invariable experience of mankind attests, is like administering intoxicating drinks to the public, which excite a flush at first and a temporary feeling of strength, but in the end lessen the vitality of the system.

To these remarks we may add the following from the *Herald*:

"But there is another reason for the excellent sale of these bonds besides our good war prospects and the evident failure of the enemy. This is to be found in the adoption of healthy financial measures—in making provision to pay half the expenses of the government by taxation, as the new Tariff and Tax bills will, and putting bonds to the extent of the other half on sale to the highest bidder. Under the influence of such measures government bonds are themselves the best investment that capital can find. Ordinary investment pays its six per cent. in currency; and that currency may fluctuate until, by comparison with all articles of real value, the six per cent. becomes a very small amount. But the government pays its six per cent. in gold; and, however a currency may vary, the relation between necessary articles and gold is always fixed and definite. This is the strong point with stocks like these; and with the government finances well and soundly managed this very point would enable the government to command the whole capital of the country that seeks investment.

The Draft Commutation.

In the interesting debate that occurred in the Senate a few days since upon the bill abolishing commutation many important facts were communicated to the country. Mr. Wilson stated the deficiencies of the different states, as follows:

"There are but sixty-two thousand men to be drafted to fill up the old calls, and they are in a few states. About four thousand of them are in Massachusetts, and more than half the number is filled up since the recent draft commenced there, so that probably we have not fifteen hundred to fill up to day. Connecticut has almost four thousand over all the calls upon her. New York is about fifteen thousand behind, and Pennsylvania is about the same. New Jersey is eight or ten thousand behind. Ohio is several thousand behind, and so is Kentucky, though I do not know the exact number there."

He also argued strongly in favor of permitting the states thus deficient to go on under the present law and fill their quotas under the previous call for troops.

Negro Enlistments.

I am informed from official quarters that the government is really in earnest in the work of enlisting negro troops for the war in Kentucky. General Thomas has the matter in hand. The roads are swarming with able bodied black men, hastening to the various rendezvous to be mustered into the service. On Saturday last I am told that six hundred stalwart blacks came into one rendezvous in Kentucky; that they are coming in faster at all the rendezvous than they can be examined and mustered in; that the government will have ten colored regiments in the service before the 1st of July from Kentucky; that two of them will be from the southwestern part of the state, and that the recent raid of John Morgan has melted away prejudices and quickened the desire of the whites to fill up the quota of the state with negro troops. So, that after all Kentucky will be saved at last by the slave, who has been her glory and her shame—her glory in her labor, and her shame in his cruel oppression.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

Destruction of a Blockade Runner with a very Valuable Cargo.

United States supply steamer Newborn, Harris, from North Atlantic blockading squadron, and twenty-four hours from Fortress Monroe, has arrived at New York. She has on board seventy-three prisoners from the blockade runners Thistle, Georgiana, McColl and Syren, recently captured. On the 12th instant, the Newborn ran ashore the blockade runner Peregoy, nine miles north of Beaufort. She was laden with arms, lead, bacon and shoes on confederate account. Her engines and boilers were blown completely out of her a few moments after she struck. She was a fine iron side-wheel steamer of five hundred and forty-three tons register, and now, this being her second trip. The vessel and cargo were valued, at one million dollars.

A WASHINGTON telegram of Friday says: Four hundred thousand soldiers' letters will be sent North from the Washington Postoffice to-day and to-morrow. They are principally from the Army of the Potomac. Their total weight is upwards of six tons.

GEN. BROWN, commanding the District of Central Missouri, gives Gen. Rosecrans a sad account of the devastation of guerrillas, and expresses the opinion that only a most rigorous policy can restore order and protect the loyal inhabitants.

Rebel Opinions.

From the Richmond Examiner.

We hope the Confederate Government is not still in want of evidence to satisfy it that the whole of the great war is actually concentrated in Virginia and pressed into a summer's campaign. We hope it now realizes the gigantic character of the operations in course of execution. If it does not we beg leave to direct attention to two paragraphs we have extracted and printed above. They contain the truth. *The war is in Virginia; the real battle is on the Chickahominy.* All other events are now insignificant trifles; all other military movements are blinds and delusions. Here is the final trial of strength. According to the action or inaction of the Government Lee will triumph or fall. The prize for which the enemy contends is enormous, and his profits by victory will be incalculable. But they are no greater than our own will be if this business terminates well for us.

From the Richmond Whig.

All admit that Grant has made the Yankees fight as they never fought before. Time and again they have charged very formidable works, and on two occasions they have carried a portion of those works by storm. To be sure the salients thus carried were the weak points of our defence; but, compared with other works before which the Yankees under Burnside, Hooker, and other commanders failed they were powerful indeed. The stone wall at Marye's Hill, of which so much was said at the time of Burnside's defeat, was not much higher than a man's knee; and the works erected by the Confederates the night before that bloody repulse were simple rifle-pits, thrown up with bayonets and tin pans. Not only has Grant infused audacity into his men, and made them fight recklessly, foolishly, but he has conducted the campaign on principles derived from personal experience in previous campaigns.

PETROLEUM is rapidly superseding all other kinds of oil in use on the English railways. When properly classified, its illuminating power is found to be greater than that of any other kind of oil. A lamp with a flat wick six-eighths of an inch broad, supplied with petroleum, gives light equal to 7 15 100 candles, while if fed with the best olive oil, the effect is that of 2 20-100 candles. Again, petroleum does not congeal nor char the wick of a lamp, and is much cheaper.

THE Greensburg *Herald* says that Col. Dick Coulter, who arrived at home some two weeks ago, is still suffering from the severe wound he received in one of the fights near Spotsylvania. It was from a Minie ball which struck below the nipple, and glancing upon the rib lodged in the fleshy part some distance back. The surgeon extracted it, but he had to be operated on two weeks afterwards for an abcess between the two orifices.

SOUTHERN manufacturers do not seem to thrive much yet, if we may judge by a recent article in the Charleston *Courier*. It inquires anxiously for manufactories of glass and pottery, of good matches, of agricultural implements, and of oil, all of which have been talked about, but have not yet been established.

EXCLUSIVE of the one hundred day men who are not counted in the quota of the State, Illinois claims to have furnished 31,953 men in excess over all calls. The returns of re-enlisted veterans not yet received will probably swell this number to 35,000.

GEN. THOMAS is now at Lexington, Kentucky, on business connected with the recruiting of negro troops. Gen. Burbridge is pushing matters vigorously. Secessionists are being arrested, and it is the determination to clean the State of all such.

THE iron ship-building trade is said to be unusually brisk on both sides of the Mersey just now. The builders, in fact, have a difficulty in obtaining ground, and some firms are about to migrate to Garston, about four miles above Liverpool.

THE draw of the railroad bridge at Rock Island caught fire from a steamer, on Monday afternoon. It is not known how much the bridge was injured. The loss will amount to about $40,000, and it will take fifteen days to repair the damage.

H. W. GWINNER, for some time Superintendent of Military Transportation of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has been promoted to the position of General Ticket Agent of the Company, with his office in Philadelphia.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of the Corporators of the Allegheny Cemetery will be held at the Office, on the Cemetery Ground, on TUESDAY, 21st of June, inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.
By order of the President.
N. DILER, Secretary.
jel0:2td

BOATMEN'S DEPARTMENT OF PITTSBURGH SANITARY FAIR.—The award of the PRIZE BELL, LIFE BOAT, &c., will be made on MONDAY, 20th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., at the Office of A. D. Smith & Bros., No 68 Water street. Subscribers to the fund will please attend.
B. L. McGREW, Treasurer.
jel1:1t

OLD CURIOSITY SHOP—NOTICE.—A limited number of the Catalogues of Flags, Trophies, Arms, Relics, Mementos, Bric Loons, Manuscripts, Curiosities, &c., exhibited in the "Old Curiosity Shop" of the Sanitary Fair, are for sale at the News Depot of JOHN W. PITTOCK.
Price 25 cents. jel8:2t

A MEETING OF THE UNION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, of Allegheny County, will be held at the office of Hassall & Bros., No. 115 Fifth street Pittsburgh, THURSDAY, June 23d, inst., at 7 o'clock p. m.
M. M. BROWN, Chairman.
JOHN H. STEWART, Secretary. jel8:td

FESTIVAL.
A STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL, for the benefit of the Church Home, will be held at Temperance Hall, Second street, near Penn, Lawrenceville, on the afternoon and evening of TUESDAY, 21st inst. Admission 10 cents.
Supper Tickets may be had of Messrs. Miller, Eaton or Lynch, and at the entrance, at 25 cents.
jel4:2t

SANITARY FAIR—NOTICE.—The Cashier of the Bazaar will be in attendance at the desk from 8a in to one m ning until 8 x o'clock in the evening of to-day, to receive balances from the ladies of various Booths and to settle Pass Books.
It is hoped that attention will be paid to this notice, as monies received after to-day to the credit of the Bazaar will go to the general fund, without return to the Booth from which it is received.
jel0:1t

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.—The Commissioners of the Bounty Fund hereby give notice that they are prepared to issue Certificates to the contributors to the Bounty Fund, and that they are requested to meet at the office of the Treasurer (at the Merchants and Farmers Bank in the Diamond) as follows:
Blocks Nos. 1, 2 and 3 on Monday evening, June 20th.
Blocks Nos. 4, 5 and 6 on Tuesday evening, June 21st.
Blocks Nos. 7, 8, 9 and 10 on Wednesday evening, June 22d.
Blocks Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 on Thursday evening, June 23d.
Blocks Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18 on Friday evening, June 24th.
Time of meeting will be from 7 to 9 o'clock each evening. Block committees are requested to be present at the meeting of their respective blocks. All persons not known to the Treasurer will come prepared with proper voucher as no certificate will be issued unless vouched for by a member of the committee in whose block he belongs.
These certificates will be convertible into 6 per cent interest bearing bonds when presented in sums of Fifty Dollars on which the bounty tax has been paid to the City Treasurer, in whose favor the certificates have been issued. By order of the Bounty Commissioners.
jel3:1w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOSPITAL SHEETING, of India Rubber, different widths, at the Rubber Depot.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.
jel20

FOR SALE—37 Acres of land, situate on a branch of Peters Creek, 2½ miles from the Monongahela River, in Snowden township; a two-story frame house, frame barn, a number of fruit trees, and an excellent mill seat. Price $1500.
Also, Three Lots, each 50 feet front on Seminary street by 100 deep. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 61 Market st.
jel20

50 BUSHEL SEED BUCKWHEAT.
15 bbls. Dry Apples;
1000 bush. Ear Corn;
1500 do. Oats;
200 bbls. "Gaff Mills" Flour;
In store and for sale by
PATTERSON & AMMON,
jel6 No. 6 Wood street.

CONSIGNMENTS.
250 boxes W. R. Cheese;
25 do. Factory made Cheese;
200 kegs. Lake Fish;
85 boxes Messina Oranges;
100 bush. prime (Salina) Dry Peaches;
Just received and for sale at No. 366 Liberty street.
POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD.
jel9

BUTTER.—2,000 lbs fresh Roll Butter;
1,000 dozen fresh Eggs;
FISH.....20 half bbls. White Fish;
150 do Lake Herring;
CHEESE.....40 boxes prime Cream Cheese;
Now receiving and for sale by
H. BIDDLE, 152 Liberty street.
jel9

POCKET BOOKS! POCKET ALBUMS!
POCKET KNIVES! STATIONERY!
MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,
jel20:1t No. 29 FIFTH STREET.

AUCTION AT THE FAIR—A sale of fancy articles will be held at the Ladies Bazaar on Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock.
Also, an extensive assortment of Queensware, Glassware, Hardware, &c., at Dinlop Hall.
Also, at Mechanics Hall, Agricultural Implements, Iron, Steel, Harness, Trunks, Furniture, Hardware, and such other articles as shall be unsold at that time.
FELIX R. BRUNOT, Chairman.
jel20:2t

SACQUES AND CIRCULARS!
IN
Black Silk,
Black Barege,
Black Lace,
White Barege,
Plain and Fancy Cloths.
For sale at low prices, by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
jel20:1t No. 75 FIFTH STREET.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
129 FOURTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
Have constantly on hand a large assortment of
Pumps, Wash Stands, Bath Tubs, &c.
Which we sell at lowest prices.
We are prepared to line
AGITATORS, OIL TANKS, &c.,
With lead, without the use of solder, and warrant all work.
j.2?

ELECTROPATHY.
MADAME LONERGAN and MISS CALDWELL
Have opened an office on the corner of Fifth and Wylie streets entrance 175 FIFTH STREET, for the practice of Medicine. They are regular, graduate, and have their Diplomas on exhibition at their office. They are prepared to treat all diseases in a scientific manner.
Charges reasonable and cures certain.
They refer the public to the following recommendation:
"Having disposed of my office and medicines to Misses Lonegan & Caldwell, whom I have evidence to believe are graduates in the healing art, I do most cheerfully recommend them to the afflicted, and to the public in general, as every way worthy of their confidence and patronage.
B. WOODARD, M. D.
Pittsburgh, June 14th 1864. jel8:1t

PROPOSALS FOR COAL, SLACK AND LIME.
Sealed Proposals, for the delivery in the Works of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, 350,000 bushels of Bituminous Coal, 75,000 bushels of Slack, a d 8,000 bushels of Lime, will be received at the Office of the Company until th Sve INSTANT. The Coal Slack and Lime to be of such quality and delivered at such times and in such quantities as shall be approved and direct d.
Payment to be made monthly, retaining twenty per cent as security for the performance of the contract.
Proposals to be addressed to THOMAS BAKEWELL, Esq., President of the Company, and endorsed "Proposals for Coal or Slack, or for Lime," as the case may be.
JAMES THOMSON, Engineer.
Office of the Pittsburgh Gas Co.,
June 17th, 1864. jel8:td

STOCKS AND BONDS.
WANTED:
Iron City Bank.
Eureka Insurance Co.
Western Insurance Co.
Monongahela Insurance Co.
People's Insurance Co.
Pittsburgh Insurance Co.
FOR SALE.
Pittsburgh & Conn. R. R. Co. Stock.
Pittsburgh & Conn. R. R. Bonds.
Lucesco Oil Co.
Allegheny Co. Scrip.
S. S. BRYAN, Broker and Ins. Agent,
jel4 59 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.).

JUST RECEIVED.
Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial.
Wishart's Dyspepsia Pills.
Roger's Compound Syrup of Liverwort & Tar.
Kennedy's Medical Discovery.
Fine Olive Oil, for table use.
Baker's Pure Cod Liver Oil.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer.
Fine Glycerine and Honey Soap.
Sterling's Ambrosia, for the Hair.
Hair, Nail and Tooth Brushes.
Hilton's Insoluble Cement.
At the Central Drug Store, corner Federal and Ohio streets, Allegheny.
G. A. KELLY & CO.
my26

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pittsburgh, June 17th, 1864.
TO CARPENTERS AND PLUMBERS
Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 25TH INST, inclusive, for the following repairs to Privy at Court House, viz: Two wooden troughs of 2 inch plank, 50 feet long, 2 feet deep and 20 in ches wide, and lined with 4 pounds of sheet lead to the foot; two 6 inch washout valves; four 3 inch supply cocks, for testing water into troughs; three inch iron supply pipe; four urinals, with the necessary carpenter work to make the job complete.
Particulars furnished on application.
By direction of County commissioners.
jel8:6t HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 50 Acres, more or less, is offered at private sale until the first of August, when, if not sold, will be sold at public sale. Said property is situated in Mifflin tp., Allegheny county, is well watered, and a good vein of Bituminous Coal under the whole. The buildings are a good frame Barn and frame Dwelling House.
For further particulars inquire on the premises, or at STEVENS & CO.'S Drug store, corner of Penn and Wylie streets, Pittsburgh, or at the Promissory Office.
D. C. HULTZ,
Administrator of Eleanor Weir.
jel8:1awds7w

S. DRUM, Dealer in
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
FLOWS, PLOWSHARE, HAY RAKES, and all the different kinds of RAKES and MOWERS in use; also, all kinds of Farming and Gardening Implements.
No. 69 OHIO STREET,
Adjoining Carson's Tavern,
my16:6wod Allegheny City, Pa.

RAGS WANTED.—We are now paying big higher prices than before for
RAGS,
OLD NEWSPAPERS,
PAMPHLETS,
BOOKS, without covers, &c.
Bring them at once and receive the cash, at the Book and Paper Store, No. 101 Federal street, Allegheny City.
T. B. WAKEMAN.

NOTICE.—The Taxpayers of the City of Pittsburgh are notified that the Treasurer is now prepared to receive all taxes due at his office, allowing a discount of 5 per cent on all taxes that are paid on or before the 1st day of August next. The state Mercantile License and Tax must be paid before the 1st of July next, as the law expressly requires the same.
WM. KICHBAUM, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, June 6th, 1864. jel6:tf

LYON ARNSTHAL, IMPORTER AND DEALER in the most select brands of GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS, and all kinds of SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, SNUFF, FANCY MEERSCHAUM PIPES, TUBES, &c., &c., in great variety, UNDER THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N.B.—The Trade supplied on liberal terms.
my11:1y

PRESSED AND COMMON BRICK
140,000 PRESSED; and
400,000 COMMON BRICK;
On hand and for sale by
DAVID HUTCHISON,
mh24:1y Boyd's Hill.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF
Round Toe Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,
At great bargains, at
BORLAND'S, 93 Market street,
jel9 Second door from Fifth.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,
Of the latest styles, and at the lowest prices in the city. Call early and secure bargains, at
BORLAND'S, 93 Market street.
jel9

FOR SALE—A beautiful site for a Country Home, adjoining Mansfield; containing 13 acres, planted with the best of fruit trees.
Also, 3 acres on the Perrysville road, four miles from the city.
Also, 6 lots on Tremont street, 22 ward, Allegheny.
Inquire of C. DERINGER,
jel7 No. 10 Diamond, Allegheny.

BLACKSMITH'S ATTENTION is called to a fine lot of
SLIX HORSESHOE BAR IRON,
For sale by CHAS. B. LEECH,
jel12w 116 Second and 145 First streets.

BURLINGTON HERRING.—20 bxs. Mitchell's new Smoked Herring, in prime order, just received and for sale by the box or at retail, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RESHAW,
jel0 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

COCOA NUTS.—5,000 fresh Cocoa Nuts just received and for sale by
REYNER & BROS.,
my14 No. 138 and 139 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO RETAIL GROCERS
OF PITTSBURGH.
FRENCH COFFEE.
The advertisers are manufacturing wholesale the celebrated FRENCH COFFEE, made, as in Paris, from pure coffee and coffee malt in a peculiar manner. It has no drugs to flavor or color: It does not affect the nervous system, and is extremely nourishing and healthy; invalids derive great benefit from its use; it has all the aroma and taste of the Java, since its introduction into the United states, a few months ago, it has given universal satisfaction, and it is sold by every prominent Grocer in all the large cities. We are desirous that the Grocers of Pittsburgh should try this celebrated Coffee. Once they try it they will forever use it.
It is no common substitute. We have challenged all the coffee manufacturers in the United States for 1,000 boxes (the proceeds to be given to hospitals) that the French Coffee is superior to all others.
It is pure, nutritious and healthy;
It has all the aroma and taste of pure Java;
It is about one-third the price.
The FRENCH COFFEE does not require coffee to be mixed with it in making. Sufficient pure coffee is mixed in its manufacture. Its fine qualities and extreme economy will make it the beverage of families on being known. The testimonials of its good qualities are innumerable. We give a few extracts:
From the Baltimore American, Clipper and Gazette—"We have used the justly celebrated French Coffee, and in justice to the manufacturer, we say it is the best coffee we ever used."
From Grocers in New York, Philadelphia, Washington, St. Louis and Chicago—"Our customers are much pleased with your French Coffee. It will certainly supersede all other coffee when known, and we desire an additional supply."
From Hospitals in Baltimore and Washington—"We have used your French Coffee in our hospitals, and we are pleased to inform you that it gives great satisfaction; in fact since its introduction, our patients will drink nothing else."
The manufacture of the FRENCH COFFEE is known but to ourselves. Any one can have it analyzed, its preparation is a wonderful discovery. The Grocers of Pittsburgh are respectfully requested to make a trial of it.
MANUFACTURED BY
J. F. BROADBENT & CO.,
jel8:3t No. 57 N. CALVERT ST., Baltimore.

FRENCH COFFEE.
To Retail Grocers.
This justly celebrated COFFEE, fast superseding all other Coffees, for its purity, its nutriment and health giving qualities, can be obtained at the following named
Wholesale Houses in Pittsburgh,
At precisely
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
McDONALD & ARBUCKLES
Nos 244 and 241 Liberty street;
KIRKPATRICK & BROS., 191 Liberty street;
WATT & WILSON, 245 Liberty street;
SCHOMAKER & LANG, 229 Liberty street;
R. ROBINSON & CO., 255 Liberty street;
J. PAINTER & CO., 229 Liberty street;
WM. HARE & CO., 257 Liberty street;
JERAH, 449 Penn street;
HENRY JONES, 235 Penn street.
The Retail Grocers will find that the FRENCH COFFEE will give great satisfaction to their customers. It is put up in French paper, pound packages with Gold and Blue labels, and has Show Cards and Engravings in each box.
THE FRENCH COFFEE
Is destined to create a new era in the history of beverages.
jel8:3td

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.
No. 65 MARKET STREET,
(Next door to N. Holmes & Sons.)
Financial Agent and U. S. Government Depositary.
[OFFICIAL.]
The attention of all persons interested is respectfully called to the extract from the following letter:
"TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,
Dated Washington, June 13th, 1864.
"The Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa., has this day been designated a Depositary of Public Money, (except from Customs,) and a Financial Agent of the United States, and has become qualified to receive Deposits of Public Money, &c. &c.
(Signed,) "F. E. SPINNER,
"Treasurer United States."
Persons wishing to deposit money on account of Government Bonds, Collectors of Internal Revenue, and all others interested, are assured that every proper facility will be given by this Bank to them, in the transaction of business.
jel6:tw JAMES O'CONNOR, President.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
HIGHEST PREMIUM
LOCK STITCH
SEWING MACHINES
THE CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST AND BEST.
Principal Office and Wholesale Emporium,
No. 27 FIFTH ST.,
Three doors below Bank Block
WM. SUMNER & CO.,
WESTERN AGENTS.
q26:hwly

PETROLEUM INSURANCE.
The undersigned is authorized to effect Insurance on Refineries and Petroleum in the following well known and responsible Companies, viz: LORILLARD, CITIZENS, HOPE and HARMONY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES, of New York, at reasonable rates.
Capital represented.....$2,000,000.
JAMES W. ARROTT,
Insurance Agent,
jel0:1w No. 37 FIFTH St., Pittsburgh.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa., Pittsburgh, June 15th, 1864.
TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.—In accordance with Act of Assembly of April 16, 1862, all taxes assessed on Real Estate previous to the present year, which have been returned to this office as unpaid, will be filed on special lien docket, in the Prothonotary's Office prior to July 15th, 1864, and a writ of scire facias will be issued in each case by the County Solicitor.
HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.
jel4:td:a2tw2

NEW MILLINERY STORE,
No. 27 St. Clair Street.
Mrs. E. MARTIN would invite the Ladies to her new stock of
Millinery Goods,
Hats and Straw Bonnets,
Fancy Crape and Silk Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers,
Laces and Blondes.
Caps, Head-Dresses,
Collars and Corsets,
my24:1m

WOUNDED SOLDIERS.
$100 BOUNTY
TO ALL WOUNDED SOLDIERS, is now being paid; call with "Discharge."
No charge made until the money is collected.
T. WALTER DAY,
Licensed by the U. S. Government,
No. 105 Fifth street, Pittsburgh,
Third door below the Cathedral.
my9:1yrs

U. S. INTEREST COUPONS.
10-40s, due 1st SEPTEMBER.
5-20s, due 1st NOVEMBER.
Bought at best rates by
SEMPLE & JONES, Bankers,
jel6:2m Wood and Third streets.

RHEUMATISM!
If you wish to be permanently cured of RHEUMATISM or NEURALGIA, you must use
Reed's Magnetic Oil.
The cost is a mere trifle. Sold by all Druggists.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
my19 Corner Fourth and Smithfield streets.

1864. DIARIES. 1864
A large assortment of POCKET AND COUNTING HOUSE DIARIES, for 1864—in paper, in cloth, in roan, in imitation Turkey, in Turkey Morocco—with gilt edges and with marble edges—with locks patent clasps and elastic fastenings. All sizes, sa from the commonest to the very best. For sale at reasonable rates by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Stationers,
jel4:2aw-wtsm 57 Wood street.

COLUMBUS COLEMAN,
MARION AVENUE, Allegheny City,
Manufacturer for sale Hay & Grain Rakes, of the Economy, Union, Bulkey and Prairie Bird patterns; also, STONE AND BAGGAGE TRUCKS, WHEELBARROWS, CUTTING BOXES, and Wagon work of all descriptions.
Also, STEEL TEETH, for Hay and Grain Rakes.
ap8:2moeodAw

PAPER AND ENVELOPE WARE-HOUSE.—Just opened, a large stock of NOTE, LETTER AND CAP PAPERS.
Also, ENVELOPES, in great varieties, colors and qualities, for every taste. For sale by
W. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Paper Dealers,
jel4:2aw-wtsw 57 Wood street.

15 TONS PRIME BALED HAY for sale by
McBANE & AMER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW HAIR PREPARATION
—
LUBIN'S
COCOANUT CREAM,
FOR OILING, DRESSING AND BEAUTIFYING
THE HAIR.
It softens and oils the hair and gives it a permanent gloss, which it retains for days after using it.
For beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair,
LUBIN'S COCOANUT CREAM
CANNOT BE SURPASSED.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It Soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
It produces the Richest Lustre.
It produces the Richest Lustre.
It produces the Richest Lustre.
It produces the Richest Lustre.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.
No Hair preparation possesses the peculiar properties which so essentially suits the human hair as
THE COCOANUT CREAM
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
For sale by all Druggists,
For sale by all Druggists,
For sale by all Druggists,
For sale by all Druggists,
AND AT
FULTON'S DRUG STORE,
DISPATCH BUILDING, FIFTH STREET.
jel7

HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES,
FOR THE PEOPLE.
A Fresh Supply Just Received.
No. 1—For Fever, Congestion and Inflamation; Heat, Pain, &c. Price, 35 cents.
No. 2—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic and Voracious Appetite. Price, 35 cents.
No. 3—For Colic, Teething, Crying and Wakefulness, Slow Growth and Feeblness of Infants. Price 35 cents.
No. 4—For Diarrhea, of Children or Adults; Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.