Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864.

Our Special Dispatches.

We find the following in the *Post* of yesterday, in allusion to a telegram from our special correspondent at Washington in which reference was made to the "eager readiness" displayed to accept the resignation of General FREMONT's commission as a Major General:

"It might be interesting to know what the *Gazette* does think about "*the eager readiness*" thus displayed to get the man out of service who had so much to do with the organization of the party that put the present administration in power." But of course it is idle to tell what it thinks; and has only the bitter vexatious left of scolding because little was don't go and dolikewise. How pleasant it must be to suffer with the affection called *le-pee-ee*!"

Once for all, let it be understood by the *Post* and everybody else that the sentiments of our special correspondent at Washington are *his own*. We engage him not to *edit* the GAZETTE, but to furnish us with *news*. While we regret that he should feel called upon to transmit to us opinions that we do not approve, we, at the same time, will not pipe the tyrant by drawing our pencil over objectionable remarks. He is an industrious and judicious newsgatherer, and we seldom have occasion to find fault with anything he sends us. The *opinions* of the GAZETTE will always be found where they properly belong—in its editorial columns.

The Pennsylvania Reserves.

What is left of the gallant Pennsylvania Reserves met with an enthusiastic reception at Harrisburg on Monday last. The excitement consequent upon their arrival exceeded anything of the kind ever witnessed in that city. When the Reserves arrived within the limits of the city, they were formed in column and marched through the principal streets, accompanied by an imposing procession of citizens and officials in carriages, on horseback and on foot. They were formally welcomed by Mayor ROSEBERRY, after which they were addressed by Governor CURTIN, Colonel FRAZER and Colonel MCCANDLESS, of the Reserves, replied, after which a speech was made by Colonel BIDDLE REDRETS.

The Reserves originally consisted of fifteen regiments, and numbered fifteen thousand men. Now they number less than *two thousand*. One regiment, the 7th, musters only fifty-three men, all told. One company, Co. I, of the 12th regiment, returned with but *five men*. Such mortality we believe, is unexampled in the history of this war. It attests the heroism of the brave boys who composed the Reserve Corps, and tells how frequently they have met the Rebel foe. Pennsylvania cannot be too proud of the deeds of that gallant band, and we rejoice to believe that there will come a time when no greater compliment can be paid to any Pennsylvanian than to say of him—"He was a member of the Pennsylvania Reserves."

Letters of Acceptance from Generals Fremont and Cochrane.

Below we give the letters of acceptance addressed by Generals FREMONT and COCHRANE to the committee which informed them of their nomination for the Presidency and Vice Presidency by the Cleveland Convention:

GENERAL FREMONT'S REPLY.

Gentlemen: In answer to the letter which I have had the honor to receive from you on the part of the representatives of the people assembled at Cleveland on the 31st of May, I desire to express my thanks for the confidence which led them to offer me the honorable and difficult position of their candidate in the approaching Presidential contest.

Very honorable, because in offering it to me you act in the name of a great number of citizens who seek above all things the good of the country, and who have no sort of selfish interest in view. Very difficult, because in accepting the candidacy you propose to me I am exposed to the reproach of creating a schism in the party with which I have been identified.

Had Mr. Lincoln remained faithful to the principles he was elected to defend, no schism could have been created, and no contest could have been possible. This is not an ordinary election, it is a contest for the right even to have candidates, and not merely as usual for the choice among them. Now, for the first time since '76, the question of constitutional liberty has been brought directly before the people for their consideration and vote. The ordinary rights secured under the constitution and the laws of the country have been violated, and extraordinary powers have been usurped by the Executive. It is directly before the people now to say whether or not the principles established by the Revolution are worth maintaining.

If, as we have been taught to believe, those guarantees of liberty which made the distinctive value and glory of our country are in truth inviolably sacred, then there must be a protest against the arbitrary violations which had not even the excuse of necessity. The schism is made by those who force the choice between a shameful silence or a protest against wrong. In such conditions the original of the Cleveland Convention is was among its objects to arouse the attention of the people to such facts, and to bring them to realize that while we are assembling southern soil with the best blood of the country, in the name of Liberty, we have really parted with it at home.

To day we have in the country the abuses of a military dictation without its unity of action and vigor of execution. An administration marked at home by disregard of constitutional rights, by its violation of personal liberty and the liberty of the press, and, as a crowning shame, by its abandonment of the right of asylum—a right especially dear to all free nations. Abroad, its course has been characterized by a feebleness and want of principle which has misled European powers and driven them to a belief that only commercial interests and personal aims are concerned, and that no great principles are involved in the issue.

The admirable conduct of the people, their readiness to make every sacrifice demanded of them, their forbearance and silence under the suspension of everything that could be suspended, their many acts of heroism and sacrifices, were all rendered fruitless by the incapacity, or, to speak more exactly, by the personal ends for which the war was managed. This incapacity and selfishness naturally produced such results as led the European powers, and, logically enough, to the conviction that the North, with its greatly superior population, its immense resources, and its credit, will never be able to recover the South. Sympathies which should have been with us from the outset of the war were turned against us, and in this way the Administration has done the country a double wrong abroad. It created hostility, or, at best, indifference among those who would have been its friends if the real intentions of the people could have been better known; while at the same time it neglected no occasion for making the most humiliating concessions.

Against this disastrous condition of affairs the Cleveland Convention was a protest.

The principles which form the basis of its platform have my unqualified and cordial approbation, but I cannot so heartily concur in all the measures which you propose. I do not believe that confiscation extended to the property of all rebels is practicable, and, if it were so, I don't think it a measure of sound policy. It is a question belonging to the people themselves to decide, and is a proper occasion for the exercise of their original and sovereign authority. As a war measure, in the beginning of a revolt which might be quelled by prompt severity I understand the policy of confiscation; but not as a final measure of reconstruction after the suppression of an insurrection.

In the adjustments which are to follow peace, no considerations of vengeance can consistently be admitted.

The object of the war is to make permanently secure the peace and happiness of the whole country, and there was but a single element in the way of its attainment. This element of slavery may be considered practically destroyed in the country, and it needs only your proposed amendment of the Constitution to make its extinction complete.

With this extinction of slavery, the party divisions created by it have also disappeared. And if, in the history of the country, there has ever been a time when the American people, without regard to one or another of the political divisions, were called upon to give solemnly their voice in a matter which involved the safety of the United States, it is assuredly the present time.

If the Convention at Baltimore will nominate any man whose past life justifies a well-grounded confidence in his fidelity to our cardinal principles, there is no reason why there should be any division among the really patriotic men of the country. To any such I shall be most happy to give a cordial and active support.

My own decided preference is to aid in this way, and not to be myself a candidate. But if Mr. Lincoln should be renominated, as I believe it would be fatal to the country to endorse a policy and renew a power which has cost us the lives of thousands of men, and needlessly put the country on the road to bankruptcy, there will be no alternative but to organize against him every element of conscientious opposition within the view to prevent the misfortune of his re-election?

In this contingency I accept the nomination at Cleveland, and as a preliminary step I have resigned my commission in the army. This was a sacrifice it gave me pain to make. But I had for a long time fruitlessly endeavored to obtain service. I make this sacrifice only to regain liberty of speech, and to leave nothing in the way of discharging to my utmost ability the task you have set for me.

With my earnest and sincere thanks for your expressions of confidence and regard, and for the many honorable terms in which you acquaint me with the actions of the Committee,

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully and truly yours, J. C. FREMONT.

To Messrs. Worthington G Snethen of Maryland, Edward Gilbert of New York, Casper Buts of Illinois, Charles E Moss of Missouri, N. P. Sawyer of Pennsylvania, Committee, &c.

GENERAL FREMONT was second on the list of Major Generals in the regular army. Since his resignation, it is said that General MEADE will probably be his successor, and that General HANCOCK will probably be made a Brigadier in the regular army to fill the vacancy occasioned by the promotion of MEADE. Pennsylvania generals are going up.

It is said that a man residing in Western Massachusetts recently went to Washington, and told Secretary Stanton that he would take Richmond if the Secretary would "take charge of the Congregational church on Chester Hill." The citizen has been as much troubled in regulating his church affairs as the Secretary had with military matters, and he thought if an exchange of work could be made, it would at least be a relief to him

Two years ago this month, Gen. Pope was made commander of the Army of Virginia, one corps being assigned to General Fremont. The latter at once asked to be relieved, on the ground that by Pope's appointment his own position was subordinate and inferior to that heretofore held by him, and to remain in the subordinate rank now assigned him would largely reduce his rank and consideration in the service.

ALTHOUGH it is well known that another call for troops is impending, it is not expected that a proclamation for that purpose will be issued before the first of July. The nature of the call is not at present known It is not altogether improbable that it may be simply for volunteers, and may merely order a draft under certain contingencies.

THE Oswego *Commercial* says that the proprietors of the Oswego Cotton Mills have commenced the manufacture of cotton fabrics. They have introduced fifty looms.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MRS. MARTHA E. GRINDER will see her agent Mr. NORTON, by calling immediately at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE.

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AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF the Engine Builders and Pattern Makers of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will be held at the rooms of the Iron Association, 59 Water street, on THURSDAY, June 9th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

JARED M. BRUSH, President.

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PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 22d District Pennsylvania, 68 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, June 8, 1864.

DRAFTED MEN are not allowed to enlist as Volunteers, after being drafted, and the credits for drafted men will remain for the sub districts from which they were drafted, no matter whether local bounty has or has not been paid to such men upon illegal enlistments. *By order of Lt. Col. J. V. BOMFORD, A. A. Pro. Mar. Gen. for Pa.*

J. HERON P-SIER, Capt. and Pro. Marshal, 22d Dist. Pa.

jel:2t

PITTSBURGH, JUNE 6TH, 1864.

PURSUANT TO NOTICE, the subscribers to the new stock of the Pittsburgh Farmers' & Mechanics' Turnpike Road met at Bruce & Reay's Office, for the purpose of selecting a President and Board of Managers, which resulted as follows:

President—O Zug.

Directors—Isaac M. Peacock, Thomas M. Howe, Isaac Jones, Thomas S. Clark, Geo. W. Hallman, Jos. Dilworth.

DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Judge.

D. D. BRUCE, Inspector.

The stock is limited to $50,000, and there is now $47,000 subscribed. jel:1t

NOTICE.—The first meeting of the Association known as the "AMERICAN MINING COMPANY," will be held at the Office of the Pittsburgh & Boston Mining Co., in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, the 11th day of June, next, at 3 o'clock p. m., in furtherance of the provisions of the Laws of Michigan, authorizing the formation of Corporations for Mining, Smelting, &c., for the purpose of electing Directors and adopting By-Laws for the government of said Association, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

CORNING HUSSEY, THOMAS HOWE, ROBERT CHIDLOW, JAMES MURRAY, ALLEN KRAMER, EDWARD HAMS.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS TO NINTH WARD BOUNTY FUND.—The Committee will report in detail when the business is completed. Seventy-four men have been recruited

Names.	Amount.	Names.	Amount.
Adams Perry	$ 50	Longe Pat	15
Ambill James	25	Lightner Edw	50
Angus Jacob	50	Lescoll S P	100
Armstrong C H	200	Little James	100
Ashworth Daniel	100	McClafferty P	50
Albright D	25	Miller Henry	50
Allman Pershon	50	M Kinley Robt	100
Arnold Jacob	25	McKee Alex M	50
Albright Henry	25	Maseck P C	50
Atchison B H	50	McWhinney Wm	50
Appleton James	50	Miller J ohn S	100
Burns And	100	Mooney John	50
Brace David	50	M Clelland D	100
Bain John	50	Malling Arnold	50
Beeler F	50	McNeally James	50
Brunton Wm	50	McMann Samuel	100
Brison F W and Hilker Thos	50	M'Adam David	50
Bracht Machael	50	Mulhollan Thos	25
Bennet Leopold	50	McKelvy John H	200
Brown John	25	McCully James & Co.	250
Brown John	50	Major John	50
Bawerth Thos	50	McKee James & John	5
Beckman John	50	Murry Wm	50
Bitner Geo W	50	Mitchell Samuel	20
Barger Charles	50	Mathew John G	50
Boyce Wm	50	Mitchell Samuel	100
Barter R B	50	Moon J ohn & Co	10
Brown T	50	McCutcheon W	20
Borden George	50	McAndless M	50
Bailey Wm	50	Matthias Robt	10
Burns Arthur	50	Moss & Jno	100
Bond Robt	50	McCary Dan'l	10
Bozeman Jos	25	McKelvy Wm	50
Bake John	50	McQuinn	50
Barnhard Henry	10	McKee Andrew	100
Crate Wm	50	McDowell David	25
Cherry J B	10	Montgomery Joseph	50
Curry Geo	50	Macker H James	100
Clancy Jno H	50	McGlosky Lewis	50
Colwell W S	50	McKrell Henry C	10
Carlisle H	50	M Kee Samuel	300
Donegan Philip	50	Neunan Sa'l, ar	110
Conner Pat	100	McCauley Peter	50
Clark Griffith	50	McHugh B A	50
Corbett H	50	McNaught Sam'l B	50
Coner	50	McKee James D	50
Conant H P	50	Mathews John	50
Carroll Jas	50	Mc Ture Robt	100
Coats Edmund	50	McClay Robt	100
Camble Abe	50	Moore Wm	50
Co, as As on	50	Robts J B	50
Cicocope Jacob	10	Nobbs I	50
Bros Geo	50	Nevon James	25
Cox Elisha	50	Nellican J ames	25
Cas a y James	50	Newman Chas	50
Crowan Wm	50	Norris N M	50
Cassidy O W	50	Neuman W	50
Cain James	50	Odon el Chas	50
Cooper John	50	Ris Sam'l	5
Carpenter M	50	Pender on Geo	5
Campbell David	50	Park, R & Co	500
Cook F	50	Park Jacob	50
Cavald H F	50	Pollock John	50
Cassidy Joseph	50	Parkins Chas	20
Dalby F H	50	Poe Lewis	50
Diamond J on	100	Power T	50
Dashbenger F	50	Ecor J B	10
Dunn Jno John	50	Paisley John	100
Dashbunger A	50	Powers John	50
Dammond Thos	25	Park Elias	50
Dilworth Wm	50	Potts James	20
Denny E F	500	Preston G	50
Dittman J F	100	Penna R R Co	3,000
Davis John	50	Piper & Richflier	100
Dailey John B	50	Pritchard David	50
Duley Herman	25	Quartz Jas H	50
Dula Patrick	50	Reiley Jas	50
Dubes George	50	Boswell T	100
Ditch Frank	50	Rogers B & Son	100
Dawey Robt	100	Reynolds Curtis	25
Duff F K	50	Ruopp Geo	50
Dilgire Bernard	10	Richard Harvey W	100
Dunn James	50	Reay John	50
Edwards M	50	Ross well H	5
Evans & Co. F &	20	Reid Robt H	50
Elliott Samuel	50	Riley John	50
Fox Michael	50	Rose John	20
Fockenha, an Lewis	50	Robinson James	10
Forbes John	50	Rosewich Thos, ar	50
Forsyth Wm	50	Roberts John M	50
Ferguson R S	10	Reiley Thos	50
Frederick Rich'd	50	Riddle John	50
Fox Alex	50	Robb D A W	50
Forrer Jacob	100	Robb Jas M	50
J Jacob	50	Robb A	25
Fahnestock J. hn	50	Rawn Jarome	25
Fiel F	50	Robinson S	10
Grance Henry	50	Heath Robt	50
Grebor Adam	50	Baker Cap Jno	50
Geowey A	50	Stockers John	50
Griffith Lewis	50	Smith Sam'l	10
Griffith O F	50	Simpson B W	10
Gail pur James	50	Samuel Alexander A	40
Green Jacob	50	Stephenson Robt	50
Gray John	10	Shook J John	25
Grier Cornelius	50	Stadelman C	50
Gretl ne John	50	Shilto Anton	50
Hilmore Henry	50	Schendemen J G	50
Hamilton James	50	Stake Wm	50
Henry Nathan	10	Stover Henry	50
Hepling F	50	Stinger James G	100
Hanna John	100	Sullivan Jacob S	50
Heron Robt	100	Stewart Geo	50
Holmes Josiah	50	Stokes Charles	10
Hamilton John	50	Soper A S	50
Haven John	50	Sidecker Peter	10
Hughes Alex	100	Sab Jacob	100
Hill J S	50	Sheoman A	50
Hanna Jacob	50	Sims W	50
Hick man	20	Sweaner M	50
Horn C D	50	Shafer W	100
Hammond W J	100	Shmaker John	50
Harrison Hugh	50	Stephens Thos	50
Herron John	150	Stright Nicholas	50
Horrocks James	10	Shane John T	100
Hobbs Geo	25	Slatter Wm	50
Henderson W	10	Scott Geo Wm	50
Hunsinger J	50	Shoultz N	50
Hearer W	50	Snyder Victory	50
Hill e D	50	Thompson Wm	10
Hannan Geo	50	Tayl r John C	100
Hunter J O	50	Tucker J hn B	50
Irwin Jos	50	Thomas James K	50
Ishab A F	50	Tompson N	10
Jones B M	50	Valendale Sam'l B	50
Johnson Rich'd	50	Witts P	50
J ne J Simon	25	Weiner W	5
Jones S T	50	Wagner Jacob	25
Jones Newton	50	Whr ton A J	10
Knowl John	50	ash Rich d	10
Kerwin B	10	Wilfield Waterman	50
Kaapp Chas	200	Welsh T W	100
Kelser Geo	50	Welsh W C	50
Kelz Lawrence	15	Welsh Hen y H	50
Knapp Milton	50	Wiler John	5
Keck John	50	Wisner Augustus	50
Kloman Anthw J	100	Wilson James	50
Kaup John	50	Walan M	50
Kernan Edw	50	Wagner B. F	10
Kegle John	50	Weldman Jacob	25
Kelser John	10	Wood C O	50
Kirk, strick Arthur	10	Wallace Sam'l	50
Keverson Henry	10	Wolf Chas	20
Kinchen a Chas	100	Ware W H	10
Kelly John	50	Barnes Matilda	10
Kut W	5	Allaker D	50
Kemp I O	50	Wilcox W	50
Kirse John	50	Weaver Jackson	50
Loopis W	50	Wagner Henry	10
Love H T	50	Winans Peter	50
Lamon H	25	Wales Robt	5
Lyon J S & Co	500	Weab John	100
Lowe Wm	50	Wilts Chas A	50
Lightner Milton	50	Young J S	100
Lewis James	10	Young Wm	50
Lee David	50	Zeas A John	10
Legoull n A	50	Davis Frank	10
Low Jas H	50	Kelzner Hutchison	50
Lonner G	50	Abram Reese	50

J. T SHANE, Secretary.

jel:1t

INSURANCE COMMITTEE REPORT.—MR. EDITOR—Two cards appear in the *Commercial* of Saturday, under the above head, addressed to the President of the Executive Committee of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair, signed respectively, by F. A. Maderia and S. C. Lounds. These cards appearing to attribute to me, as individuals, improper conduct, or unworthy motives, in publishing the recent report of the Committee on Insurance, we are compelled to make the following stat ment and commento:

The Executive Committee of the Sanitary Fair did us the honor to appoin the undersigned together with Messrs. Samuel Rea and William Phillips, a committee to solicit subscriptions for its benefit in all insurance companies and agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies doing business in Pittsburgh. This appointment is certainly did not request, but did not feel at liberty to decline.

The committee met and prepared the following circular, duplicate copies of which were addressed to the representatives of every insurance company, (with the exception of two life insurance Companies,) and delivered in the month of *April*, by the members of the committee, themselves, to the parties to whom they were addressed—

PITTSBURGH, March 25, 1864.

Sir—The undersigned have been appointed a committee to solicit assistance from the insurance Companies upon which business is transacted in this city, for the benefit of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair.

We respectfully request a subscription from the company represented by you, to aid in the success of this patriotic enterprise.

R. MILLER, Jr., Chairman,
SAMUEL REA,
WM. PHILLIPS,
ROBERT FINNEY.

To —

Mr Medira received two copies—one to immediately forward to the parent office, and the other to remain here, constantly before him, as a reminder, until he should receive an answer.

Mr. Loomis received eight copies—four to send to his principals and four to retain.

About three weeks after these circulars were left we were requested by the committee to procure answers to our applications. We wait d upon Messrs. Maderia and Loomis, as well as upon other agents, and presented our book for their subscriptions. Mr. Maderia informed us that the Delaware M. S. Ins. Company declined making any subscription to the Sanitary Fair to be held here; but that he desired us to make prominent in our report the fact that he alone, of all the agents in Pittsburgh, had made a subscription, some time ago to the Volunteer Bounty Fund. We do not know that he requested this in any "invidious spirit," as to the relinquishing of his brother "agents," but possibly did it inadvertently and magnanimously, for, as he well remarks, "the self established character of this company for liberality toward all laudable "enterprises here as well as in Philadelphia, is too "well known to be gratified by the report of a contributor."

As we were not collecting for the Volunteer Bounty Fund we did not feel authorized, at the time, to make this announcement, fearing that it might be considered "invidious." Now, however, as the committee so far from fund does not appear to have sufficiently advertised the "liberality," we desire to record that, for all we know to the contrary, the company represented by Mr. Maderia did make a donation of $250 (!!!) to the Volunteer Bounty Fund, and that it may be, as he stated, the only agency here that made a subscription to that fund for Allegheny county.

We regret to be obliged to continue to record, also, that the Delaware M. S. Ins. Co., representing itself to be in possession of over a million dollars of assets, after having received hundreds of thousands of dollars for premiums from our citizens, still refuses to give one cent to the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair.

Mr. Loomis, in his turn, as the representative of the companies named by him, in his card informed us that he had duly reported our application, but had received no reply, "except from the Home of New York, which refused to give any aid to our local enterprise, as it had given so much and so frequently for purposes of a kindred character as to consider itself now entitled to a life-membership free from claims for further contributions."

The answer was a peculiar one, and although it may not have been expressed exactly in the words here given, it was precisely to the same purpose and effect. The remark about the life-membership, in such enterprises, impressed the whole reply upon our memories, and we state here that the refusal to contribute for the "Home" Company by Mr. Loomis was distinct and positive.

Rather did Mr. Loomis give us any encouragement to expect any assistance from the other companies represented by him. He had met our circulars "larger on some time before, and would then write

LAKE HERRING—100 half bbls. for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

U. S.

10-40 BONDS.

These bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this act SHALL BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year.

As these Bonds, by Act of Congress, are EXEMPT FROM MUNICIPAL OR STATE TAXATION, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levied in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 31 day of March, 1864, was $1638,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,937,128, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $160,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold in interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

The authorized amount of this loan is Two Hundred Million Dollars. Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued until March 26, but the amount of Bonds reported sold at the United States Treasury up to May 21st was

$64,564,000.

Subscriptions will be received by the **Treasurer of the United States**, at Washington, and the **Assistant Treasurers** at New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, and by the

First National Bank, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Third National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

And by all **National Banks** which are depositaries of public money, and all respectable Banks and Bankers throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application, and afford every facility to subscribers

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C. ed ness.an, (late Manager for Lippincott & Co.)
R. D. RUSSELL, (late of Gage, Hubbard & Co.)
SAMUEL A. GEGO.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS

HUBBARDS & LONG,

Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description; Mill, Mulay, Cross Cutt, Gang and all other varieties. All kinds of KNIVES & SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast Steel; Extra Refined SLEAD MOWING KNIVES, &c. Warehouse and Works, cor. WATER & SHORT STS, Pittsburgh. Particular attention given to Retooling, Gumming and Straightening Circular Saws; also repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. apS3:ly

WM. BARNHILL & CO., BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET IRON WORKERS, Penn St., Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26. Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON BRIDGING, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of DARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de18:tf

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS, PITTSBURGH. PARK, McCURDY & CO., Manufacturers of SHEATHING, SPIKES AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in SPELTER, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST & 120 SECOND STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my22:1ydawF

WM. G. ROBINSON, GEO. F. ROBINSON, WM. REA, W. HENRY ROBINSON

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THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID, published for the benefit and as a warning and caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, etc., supplying, at the same time, the means of self cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery.

By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author,

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, N. Y.

my31:1ydawF

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment, without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN H. DAGNALL, 164 Fulton street, N. Y.

ch11:1ydawF

LA BELLE STEEL WORKS. REITER & CO., Successors to Reiter, Hartman & Co., manufacturers of CAST STEEL, SPRING, PLOW AND BLISTER STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROWBARS, &c. Works, FIRST WARD, Allegheny City. P. O. Address, PITTSBURGH, Pa. jel8:1y

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 21 SECOND and 55 THIRD STREET, bet. Wood and Market. Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes. Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. ap9

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HENRY H. COLLINS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT AND wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, and produce generally, No. 95 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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CAGE GOODS, PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, SILK AND FANCY MUSLINS, VICTORIA AND SWISS LAWNS, BRILLIANTS, RIBBONS, WHITE SHIRTS, COLLARS, LEATHER BAGS, HOSIERY, HANDKERCHIEFS.

A full assortment of LINEN MUSLIN, JEANS, MERINO GAUZE AND SILK UNDERGARMENTS.

For Ladies and Gents. NOTIONS, &c., &c., at

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jel8:marlf

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE, ABOUTING ON COAL.—The undersigned, Executors of the last Will and Testament of John Ramsay, dec'd, will sell at private sale all that valuable tract of land, late the homestead of the said John Ramsay, situate in Forward township, on the Monongahela river, about 2½ miles from Jones' Ferry, containing about a much of the land on which is erected a large Frame Dwelling House, Barn and Outhouses; two fine orchards of choice fruit, of every kind. The land is large almost all under good state of cultivation, abounding in coal under the whole surface, some having been excavated at any time, affords an opportunity for safe and good investment.

TERMS—One-third in hand, and balance in one and two years, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage, subject to the dower interest of the widow during her life.

JNO. FULLERTON, 23 Wood St; ROBERT RAMSAY, cor. First and Short streets, Pittsburgh; Executors

jel8:tf

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, June 6, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until MONDAY, next, the 13th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for supplying the army with Articles of Clothing and Equipage required in large quantities, viz:

Felling Axes, army standard.
Belling Axe Handles, army standard.
Spades, do do.
Shovels, do do.
Pick-axes, do do.
Pick-axe Handles, do do.

Samples can be seen at this office. Binders must state in their proposals the quantity they can furnish as well as in figures, the quantity bid for, and time of delivery. Each bid must be accompanied by two responsible persons, whose signatures to be appended to the proposal. Bids from delinquing contractors will not be received. Blanks for the proposals can be had on application at this office and each bid must be endorsed with the name of the particular article or articles bid for.

G. H. CRESSON, Asst Q M Gen U S A.

jel:2t

LADIES', GENT'S & CHILDREN'S BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, AT M'CLELLAND'S AUCTION, No. 55 Fifth Street.

jel3

A NEW SUPPLY OF LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, MISSES', YOUTH'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, AT No. 54 Market Street. SLATER & SOUTH.

jel7

BAGS! BAGS! BAGS! 5,000 Seamless two bushel Bags; 2,000 Imitation do do; 10,000 Gale Sacks; 6,000 our bushel heavy Corn Bags; 2,500 Salt Bags; 1,000 second hand Seamless Bags; 1,500 Gunny Sacks.

We are constantly receiving new and second-hand Bags, Sacks and Gunnies. The trade supplied.

HITCHCOCK, McGREERY & CO., No. 21 Second street. mh18:3m

NEW MILLINERY STORE, *No. 27 St. Clair Street.*

Mrs. E. HARTIN would invite the ladies to her new stock of Millinery Goods, Hats and Straw Bonnets, Fance Crape and silk Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Laces and Blendes. my24:1m

MARVIN'S SUPERIOR CRACKERS, Made at No 84 FOURTH STREET.

N B—My patent reel oven enables me to furnish Crackers superior to any made west of the Mountains.

S. S. MARVIN, No. 84 Fourth street, PITTSBURGH, PA. my24:1yms

A RARE CHANCE FOR A GREAT BARGAIN—TO STEAMBOAT MEN.—FOR SALE, two ten inch cylinders, 4 foot stroke, with water wheel, shaft, hangers, pillar block cases, &c. A five cylinder Boiler, and a large amount of copper pipe, including force pump, &c., for sale for $100.

For further particulars enquire of JOHN WALLACE, Engine Builder, 319 Liberty street, or W. W. WALLACE, same place. ap7:1t

PRESSED AND COMMON BRICK

140,000 PRESSED; and 400,000 COMMON BRICK;

On hand and for sale by DAVID HUTCHISON, Boyd's Mill.

mh28:1y

PRODUCE, now receiving 6 bbls. fresh Eggs, 10 carton fresh butter; 50 bushels bright Dried Apples; 50 boxes Cream Cheese; 3 bbls Hard Soap; 75 bushels small beans; For sale by R. RIDDLE, No. 183 Liberty street.

FOR THE FAIR—Just received, a large and well selected stock of LADIES GAITERS AND BALMORALS; MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS; MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUT