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The Reading Matter on this Page is from Yesterday's Evening Edition.

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

IN England it is no easy matter to become an attorney and solicitor. Since 1843 and 1851 the process is as follows: Before one can be articled, even as a clerk, he must pass an examination before special examiners, and be able to write from dictation; must possess a knowledge of composition, grammer, geography, history, &c., and submit to questions on some subject in Latin, Greek, German, French, Spanish, or Italian. If successful, he must next be articled to a practicing solicitor, paying a premium for his articles of from £50 to £100, according to the respectability of the office into which he enters. In London the fee is as high as £200 or £300. On these articles a stamp duty of £80 is also paid, and the term of service under them is five years. When he is finally examined for admission he has to pay other fees of from £30 to £40, and much more on being allowed to practice in the respective courts.

A LETTER from Mecklenburg-Schwerin, in the *Volk Zeitung* of Berlin, says: "The law which re-established the bastinado causes great agitation in the country. The noble has not only the right of inflicting twenty-five blows with a stick on his colonists and servants, but even workmen of the town, who have a temporary employment on his estate, are subject to the same jurisdiction. The noble has a right to give the punishment himself. A ministerial order, which had provisionally re-established in 1853 the bastinado abolished in 1849, stated that for the future the canes used for that purpose should be a yard and a half long, instead of a yard and a quarter, and half an inch thick, instead of a quarter of an inch; besides, as the order said, the old sticks were found not to produce the desired effect."

THE Paris correspondent of the London *Star* says that the Emperor Napoleon seems bent on adding to his glories, that of having conducted Europe with America. For some time the Imperial Government have been examining the project submitted to them by some American engineers, of laying down a cable between France and America. This scheme, it seems, had received their approval, and a convention has been signed relative to it between France, Portugal, Italy, Brazil and Hayti.

THE *Daily News* says the cotton question is becoming one of serious interest, as there is a general disposition to believe that the war in the United States is approaching a final issue, and the restoration of peace will simply end in the re-opening of the greatest cotton market of the world. The *Daily News* shows that unless the greatest prudence is exercised the sudden influx of an artificially scarce commodity, and the consequent heavy fall in prices may prove most disastrous.

A so CALLED "cigar steamship" was being built on the Thames for Mr. Winans, and will be launched with her steam up, and ready for sea by about the middle of August. Her length over all is 250 feet, and her engines will be so powerful that it is estimated she will steam at the rate of twenty-six knots, or nearly thirty miles an hour.

THE *Constitutionnel* of Paris, which has an official or semi-official reputation, is urging the adoption of the *plebiscite* principle in the Duchies. There is no other solution, and, continues the *Constitutionnel*, France has done nothing to bring it about, but it is evident that it is not in opposition to her policy.

M. PARVE communicated to the French Academy of Science some observations on the possibility of using the seed of the carob-tree for the preparation of a drink which might be substituted for coffee. He describes this drink as very agreeable, even without sugar, and thinks it may suit persons who find coffee too exciting.

THE *Journal de Bruxelles* says that Russia will not oppose the annexation of the Duchies to Germany, provided Germany will not encourage the schemes of a Scandinavian kingdom. Meanwhile orders have been issued that the Duke of Augustenburg shall not be officially received in Holland.

A PENINSULAR project has been started for uniting the North Sea and the Baltic by means of a "Schleswig-Holstein" canal. It has received the royal sanction, and the public exchequer will bear the expense of the preliminary works.

DURING the year 1863 there were only 867 matrimonial unions between Roman Catholics and Protestants in the Austrian Empire. Eighty-five Catholics embraced the Protestant faith, and 19 Protestants were converted to Catholicism.

THE number of Danish ships which entered the ports of the United Kingdom in 1863 was 3,871, with an aggregate measurement of 279,388 tons—an increase on the previous year of 237 vassels, and 21,416 tons.

THE lovers of Cognac will no doubt regret to hear of the sudden death of Mr. Martell, whose name on cases, pipes of that much quaffed liquor so long assured the imbibers it was a pure article.

IN all the chief towns in Italy meetings have been held to thank the English people for their cordial reception of Garibaldi. At Genoa the Doria theatre was illuminated in honor of the event.

THE Prince of Wales made his first appearance as a public speaker at the annual banquet of the Royal Literary Fund. He acted as Chairman and acquitted himself creditably.

T. P. COOKE'S daughter, who was married not long since, it is generally understood had a dowry of £40,000, the whole of which was the fruits of her father's dramatic labors.

THE picture gallery and library of Bridgewater House, with its Shakespeare treasures, has been thrown open to the public by the Earl of Ellesmere.

THE Dharwar cotton is now said to be as good as the American, but the Surat is dirty, bad spinning and unhealthy in the handling.

OF the day of Garibaldi's entry into London over half a million of copies of his photograph were sold.

ACCORDING to the Paris *Temps*, M. Meyerbeer left a fortune estimated at 2,400,000.

THE Earl of Kintore is preaching sermons to large congregations.

THE Protestant mission is having great success in the city of Pekin.

Changing their Tunes.

The Richmond papers are abusive and defiant, full of prophecy that Grant is on the verge of ruin—that Lee and his army were never in such fighting mood, &c. When Grant crossed the North Anna, and Lee was edging along toward Hanover Court House, the Rebel papers were overjoyed—at last the Vicksburg fellow was in the right place, just where Lee wanted him, and the auspicious hour had arrived—Hanover Junction was a young Gibraltar, and there the great victory was sure, was a foregone conclusion. Two days afterward the Rebel editors briefly chronicled the fact that Grant had crossed the Pamunky, and was moving down unopposed to the Chickahominy. There was no exultation in the editorial columns, but, on the contrary, an indication of uneasiness, as if somebody had been fooled. The papers contain little of actual news; they have got over their glorifying over the capture of Steele and Banks, and confess that the stories to that effect was fictions.

A REFUGEE who left Danville, Va., in April last, states that the railroad connection from that point to Greensborough, on the North Carolina Central, had been completed before he left, and that the cars were running through. Richmond papers have stated the same thing. This road is an important one to that city at the present time.

RE-ELECTION OF SENATOR ANTHONY.—Senator Anthony, of Rhode Island, was re-elected United States Senator for six years, by 75 votes to 27 for George H. Brown, Democrat, on Wednesday.

IT IS clear, from the dispatches issued by the War Department that Grant has been using his cavalry on both flanks with the greatest energy. When last heard from Wilson's cavalry was in the rear on the right flank, under orders to destroy the railroad bridges over the Little and South Anna rivers, and to break up all the roads from those rivers to Grant's headquarters, so as to leave the intervening country impracticable for rebel troops of any kind. This destruction covers the whole region north of the Chickahominy, and is intended to keep Grant's flank and rear free from diversions, raids, surprises, &c. Sheridan's line of operations is south of Grant's position. His orders are not mentioned, nor is it clear as yet what would be the best line of policy to pursue in that direction. If we mean to the history of the siege of Vicksburg, we will find that when Grant had once firmly established his lines before the doomed city, he detached a portion of his army to render the country in his rear impassable to the rebels under Johnston. These orders were obeyed so strictly that the country between Vicksburg and the Big Black river was converted into an impracticable desert. All through the forest trees were felled in great numbers, staked down to the ground, roads destroyed, and every imaginary obstacle accumulated in the way.

This effectually protected Grant's rear against assault during the whole of the long siege. In the country where he is now operating he can carry out the same policy, by utterly destroying all roads except the one used for his own supplies, and rendering the forests and swamps impassable. The undertaking is a vast one, but we feel assured of its success. He has rendered the two northern railroads useless already, and his object now is to leave Lee no northern outlet by which to march his army backward into northern Virginia. If the operations under Sigel, Butler and Crooks had been successful to the extent originally designed, all the railroads leading to Richmond would by this time be destroyed, and our armies all closing in around the rebel capital.

As it is, Grant has drawn to him half of Butler's troops, and Hunter is advancing through the Shenandoah valley, while Crooks is again advancing to complete the work on the railroads going southwards from Richmond, which he failed to do on his first expedition.

Death of T. Butler King.

Mobile papers received at New Orleans announce the death, in Georgia, on the 10th of May, of Thomas Butler King, one of the prominent men of the South, who was among the first and most active in the secession movement in Georgia. Mr. King was born in Hampden, Massachusetts, August 27, 1804, so that he was nearly sixty years of age. He studied for the bar; but, removing to Georgia in 1823, became a cotton-planter. In 1839, 1834, 1835, and 1837 he was a member of the State Senate. Between 1839 and 1849 he served through several terms in Congress. After that, for a time, he resided in California; but returning to his estates in Georgia, near Brunswick, he took a leading part in various commercial and political enterprises. He was one of the most active advocates of "direct trade" by steamers between Georgia and the continent of Europe, and he has been across the ocean since the Rebellion endeavoring to enlist influence and capital in behalf of the scheme.

Dispatches from Washington.

From New York Papers of Thursday.

THE BANK BILL.

The passage by Congress of the Bank bill gave a sense of relief in both Houses. It has added generally to the confidence felt in the military situation, a new feeling of security in our finances.

FOREIGN OPINION OF GRANT.

A veteran colonel of the French army, on a visit here, declared to-day in a diplomatic circle that Grant's movements had been of the most admirable character, and that only an army magnificent in its intelligence, courage, discipline, and condition could have executed such movements.

THE NEW TWO CENT PIECES.—The Treasury to day commenced the issue of the new two cent pieces.

TELEGRAMS.

FROM NEW ORLEANS AND MEMPHIS.

Eight Steamboats Burnt.

AFFAIRS IN GEN. CANDY'S DEPARTMENT.

Union Convention at Memphis

ENGAGEMENT AT GAINES' LANDING.

Probable Evacuation of Arkansas.

CAIRO, June 2, midnight.—The steamer Pauline Carroll, from New Orleans on the 27th, has arrived. News unimportant. Her officers report that when some distance from the city they noticed a large light, supposed to be at New Orleans. On arriving at Baton Rouge they learned that a dispatch had been received stating that eight steamboats had been burnt at New Orleans. No particulars.

The favorable news from New York has given an upward tendency to cotton. Supply light; not much doing. Sugar dull and drooping; small sales of fair to good 17@18; fully fair 19@20. Nothing doing in molasses; quotations nominal.

The 18th Indiana volunteers, Colonel Washburn, came up on the Carroll from Baton Rouge en route for home, on furlough.

A portion of the 15th Illinois, not re-enlisted, arrived from Little Rock en route to Springfield, to be mustered out of service.

By order of General Canby Capt. John G. Hilliock, Assistant Quartermaster, has been assigned to duty as General Superintendent of Land and Water Transportation within the Division of the West Mississippi. The officers and owners of all steamboats plying on the Mississippi and tributaries south of Cairo are ordered to report to him at his headquarters at Natchez, with the names of their boats and cargoes of every description, their tonnage, condition, owners and trade in which they are engaged.

A Convention of unconditional Unionists to elect delegates from the Western district of Tennessee, assembled at Memphis on the 30th ult. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the Administration, and pledging the support of Mr. Lincoln for President and Andy Johnson for Vice President.

MEMPHIS, May 31.—The iron-clads Monona, Juliet and Prairie Bird, recently engaged the rebel battery at Gaines' Landing, and succeeded in driving them away. The Prairie Bird was struck thirty times. The marine brigade boat Delia had her doctor and engineer killed, overhead and the Engineer killed. Marmaduke was reported in command of the rebels. They had twelve pieces of artillery. He captured and burned the steamer Lebanon and carried the crew and passengers off prisoners.

Boats from White River report the rebels thick, but boats are not molested. A heavy force of rebels are reported within twenty-five miles of Duvall's Bluff, marching on that place. They are supposed to number fifteen thousand.

The rebels under Gen. Shanby captured Dardanelle last Monday, taking 200 prisoners. After the capture he crossed the Arkansas River. It is supposed he intended to strike the Little Rock Railroad.

The guerrillas are represented as unusually active in Arkansas.

It appears to be the intention of the Union forces to evacuate all of the State except Little Rock and Helena. Jacksonport and Batesville have been evacuated by our forces.

ADVICES FROM BERMUDA HUNDRED.

BUTLER'S LEFT WING ATTACKED.

Fitz Hugh Lee and Five Hundred Men Reported Captured.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 2.—A steamer from Bermuda Hundred at four o'clock last evening, has arrived.

At seven o'clock yesterday morning the enemy attacked Butler's left wing but were repulsed. Our loss was slight.

The steamer Washington, from White House, has arrived here. It is reported that Fitz Hugh Lee and five hundred of his command were captured last night while attempting to make a raid to the direction of White House. General Smith's forces made the capture.

No later news from Grant.

The Rebel Raid in Tennessee.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The *Tribune's* Pensacola letter says that information was brought to the Admiral, on the 21st, that the rebel ram Tennessee was in Mobile Bay steaming about at the rate of nine miles per hour.

FROM GRANT.

DETAILS OF MONDAY'S BATTLE.

Desperate Assaults of the Enemy.

THEY ARE REPULSED WITH HEAVY SLAUGHTER.

Heroic Conduct of our Troops.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES BEHAVE MAGNIFICENTLY.

The Raw Troops Fight Like Veterans.

GEN. LEE REPORTED SICK IN RICHMOND.

Ewell in Command of the Rebels.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The *Herald's* 5th corps correspondent says of the battle on Monday: At six p.m. the enemy assaulted our line, and it was a gallant and desperate attack. They advanced in two lines of battle and a heavy skirmish line. Simultaneous with their opening volley, came solid shot and shell from the angry mouths of a score or more cannon. Yet firm and unshaken stood our men. The rebels shot too high. Our men cooly waited to return the fire. It was a most murderous volley, and the assulting column staggered and fell back.

Our artillery, which had been in position, opened responsive to the enemy's cannon. Assault after assault was made by the desperate foe, but each time our troops hurled him back.

Upon Gen. Crawford's division the assaults were repeated and fierce. The enemy sought to turn his left, but each time were handsomely repulsed, and more than special glory was won by the men meeting and repelling these assaults. The Penn's Reserves behaved magnificently. In the division, and holding the extreme left, was Gen. Lockwood and his troops, most of them for the first time under fire; they behaved like veterans. Kitching's brigade stood their ground with the resolute ness of veterans. This brigade alone captured eighty prisoners.

The contest closed with our having driven the enemy as stated above and occupying the battle ground. Our losses were 200 killed, wounded and missing. Among the killed was Major Sikert, commanding the 64th Michigan. The enemy's losses were much heavier, probably 1,500. We took 200 prisoners among them ten commissioned officers. Among the dead are said to have been found a rebel general and two colonels.

The prisoners all say that the whole of Ewell's corps was engaged almost entire. The corps, they say, however, is commanded by Early, and Gen. Ewell is in command of the army, Lee being sick in Richmond.

A rumor has prevailed that Lee was wounded in the leg at Spottsylvania C. H.; but it is not authenticated. There can be no doubt, however, of the fact that Lee is not now in command of the rebel army.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The *Tribune's* correspondent with Butler, says: When orders reached here to send reinforcements to Grant, a pontoon bridge is said to have been laid across the Appottomax, and his men were to march that night to attack Petersburg, but were ordered to march in another direction. Information furnished by deserters and prisoners show that everything that can be spared has been sent to Lee. About fifteen thousand troops were located at Petersburg in our front and in the defences around Richmond.

Collision of Steamers.

NEW YORK, June, 3.—The steam transport City of Bath, which sailed from New York, June 1st, for Washington, returned last evening with her bows stove in and her stern carried away, having collided off Cape May with the steam transport Pocahontas, Capt. Baxter, from New Orleans, bound for New York. The Pocahontas, only carrying down forty of her crew and passengers, including Capt Baxter. She had on board one hundred and one souls, among them were soldiers returning on furlough, and sick.

Mexican News.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The *Herald's* Mexican correspondent, says that the Juarez Government has been perfectly established at Monterey.

The Liberals, more than 40,000 in number, were preparing to march on Potosi.

The French and Imperialists had been completely routed to Mitla, and great enthusiasm prevailed for the National Government.

Tax on Tobacco—Correction.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The paragraph in the Congressional proceedings yesterday relative to the tax on tobacco was incorrect. It should read: "On tobacco—cavendish, plug, twist and all other manufactures from which the stem has been taken out in whole or in part, or which is sweetened, including fine cut and fine cut shorts, thirty-five cents per pound."

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Things in Oildom.

We collect the following items from the Oil City *Monitor*:

The supper on last Thursday evening at Pither's Hall, for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair, was well attended, and everything went off pleasantly and smoothly. We understand that the proceeds amounted to about $1,000. The total donations from the oil regions to the Sanitary Fair, at Pittsburgh, will not fall short of $20,000.

Improvements in the way of building houses have been commenced in earnest. Every available foot of ground in the business part of the town is being occupied. Several buildings are going up, representing a mark of amphibious characteristic—being half in the creek and half on dry land. The buildings, when completed, will be occupied as business houses, and will be very desirable. Oil prospects still are dullish, some very good residences are going up. One great impediment to general building is the scarcity and high price of lumber, green pine boards ranging from $35 to $40 a thousand. Carpenter's wages $2,50 per day, and help scarce.

Wm. Phillips & Co., last week, purchased two wells on the Wash McGlintock farm, one producing eighteen barrels, and the other about fifteen barrels per day, at present. We learn that $20,000 was the price paid.

AN AUSPICIOUS OMEN.—A most singular and beautiful phenomenon was witnessed by scores of persons on Wednesday afternoon, which if not a prophetic one, was a truly strange and wonderful work of chance. As the pontoon was slowly moving through our city to the Sanitary Fair opening exercises, the sun was buried behind a blood-red cloud in the southern horizon, while far in the northern skies a beautiful silver cloud, forming, upon a magnificent scale, an exact resemblance to the American eagle, slowly floated forward, presenting a majestic appearance, and retaining its singular shape for many minutes. This picture, formed by the great Pencilier of Heaven, was, in every respect, perfect, and the dullest eye could readily perceive in it the form of the American bird of liberty, soaring in the blue canopy of Heaven. Many who witnessed this work of chance, attach considerable importance to its interpretation, and be it a prophetic omen or not, it will long be remembered by those who had the fortune to view it, as a most wonderful circumstance.

ST. BRIDGET'S ASSOCIATION.—The dramatic and musical entertainment given in Masonic Hall, last evening, by the St. Bridget's Association, for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair, was very successful. The house was well filled, and the audience expressed the highest satisfaction with the performances. The young ladies and gentlemen who took part in the exercises acquitted themselves most creditably, and have reason to feel proud of their success. It is probable that the entertainment will be repeated at a future time.

The Draft in the 23d District.

We continue the publication of the names of the persons drafted in the 23d District:

MCCANDLESS TOWNSHIP.

John H Geiser	Daniel Good
James Anderson	

SHALER TOWNSHIP.

Emanuel Brown	Frederick Brucker
George Bendis	Chas Eichenlaub
Daniel Wagoner	John Herkhraeder
Jacob Messenger	Francis Finnert
John Brickle	Thomas Kelly
John Holst	John Cook
Peter Klingensmith	John Kane
Adam Mangold	John King
Isaac H Bunting	

RESERVE TOWNSHIP.

George Kissner	Linbach Heim
Wm Ray	Andrew Lindsey
Conrad Schrick	Christian Martin
Chas Barch	Thomas Duff
Henry Crecher	Joseph Snyder
Frederick Beltstein	Casper Miller
Thos Riley	George Rummider
John C Adams	Michael Krets
Henry Gagle	Henry Maxwell
John Lehmen	William Homil
Charles Decker	Geo Patterson
Conner Dash	Adam Emsh
Carl Fischer	Andrew Leubach
Ludwig Smuts	Christian Foggle
Valentine Hazelcit	Philip Geiger
Casper Bieber	Laurie Walter
Conrad Hahn	Rehart Milborrada
Henry Ichberger	Julius Marrath
Henry Young	Henry Frank
William Stimple	John Yondon
James McCormack	Casmer Stanmark
Andrew Martin	Jacob Hacket
William A Reed	John Lawrence
Edward Foster	Jacob Rinehart
Joseph Heninger	George Keitedy
Hugh Evans	George Luzier
Joseph Tepperg	Constance Amth
Christian Hammil	William McGinty
Joseph Stein	William Neeper
James Creegan	Adolph Wasity
George Sisner	Gatman Shengal
John Manser	Charles Joseph Rees
Adam Bawbit	Joseph Hassan
David McIntyre	Andrew Berry
Conrad Yehr	Jacob Bupp
John Weidner	Bernhard Sherestol
William Kessinger	John Gankel
Benhard Shriver	Michael Kolts
Philip Conrad	John Knisel
George Hartman	August Harjs
Joseph Forrester	John H Chambers
Gotlieb Hangstafer	John Born
Henry Mentel	George Seaman
George Keefer	Rankold Crem
August Heid	Conrod Kalb
Henry Olecher	Andrew G Rudolph
John G Jacknell	Peter Easter
Henry Hener	Washington Ares
Dennis Lang	Peter Sarider
George Fleiner	Francis Maurach
James Baxter	Wendel Bowers
Andrew Frank	Charles Leibrica
John Drll	John Prechter
Edward Raw	Henry Patterson
Henry G Palmer	Frits Lanick
Edward Fritts	Robert A Hughey
Philip Weitz	Nelson Busey
Michael Sechrick	George Scump
John Colmyre	Lempert Enider
Christian Lentz	Christian Bebermus
Henry Hanson	Christian Wagner
Frederick Mohr	

The above concludes the draft in that portion of the District in Allegheny county, with the exception of Ohio township, which has been passed over, in order to adjust accounts. This afternoon the drawing for Butler county will be commenced.

PERSONS wishing substitutes, or exemption papers filed, will do well to call at the agency of R. Jones & Co., 89 Grant street. Advertisement in another column.

The Murder of Foreman—Additional Particulars.

It seems that George Foreman, who was killed in Philadelphia, on Wednesday morning, had not resided here for some time. His family, it is stated, reside at the Cherry Tree Tavern, half a mile below Woodland Cemetery, Philadelphia. The place where the murder occurred is a low den on Market street, the resort of both men and women. Foreman and his companion had been drinking freely, and had been at a ball up till a late hour. When they entered this place a quarrel was going on between three men and three women in a private booth. A stranger had entered the box, and the men assaulted him for taking the liberty. A second friend, from the West Philadelphia hospital, was also there, and the ruffians ordered him to leave. They accused him of insulting the ladies—meaning the courtesans in question.

Foreman had sufficient sense to perceive that the quicker he went out the better for him. He left with his friend. Reaching the sidewalk, he and his friend stood talking over the affair, when the door in the den below. The ruffians in the private box came up the stairs Foreman saw them and moved on. One of the villains went after Foreman, with his hand behind his back. A companion, more sober than he, suspected his design, shouted after him, "You d— fool, don't do it." The caution was unheeded. The man first ran at Foreman's friend, and aimed at him a thrust with his knife, but missed his aim. He again raised his arm, and with deadly violence ran his knife through Foreman's neck, severing a leading artery.

He instantly turned and fled. The wounded man sank down upon the curbstone and listened to the trickling blood. He spoke no word. The crimson jet spirted over the pavement, and when its force was expended bedabbled his garments. His companion, himself escaping by the merest accident, sped for a physician, and returned one. The aid came too late. The physician said that had he arrived in time the severed artery might have been tied. As it was, the veins were emptied, and the prostration ensuing was of that character from which there is no reaction. Death resulted from hemorrhage.

The unfortunate man was butchered by mistake for some other man, who had interfered with the ruffians and their companions. The man who keeps the den was arrested, and held until the inquest of the coroner is completed.

Testimonial to Col. Bailey.

Our readers are already familiar with the brilliant engineering feat of Lieutenant Colonel Bailey, whose skill in building a dam over the Red River had saved the fleet of Commodore Porter from destruction. For this achievement he has been justly complimented by his superior officers and admired by his fellow countrymen everywhere. Messrs. Sumner & Co., agents for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines, have, through their business manager, Mr. B. P. Carpenter, donated three of their best machines, besides a case of soft, containing beautiful specimens of children's clothing, valued at $45 to the Fair. They have adapted the idea of offering their finest machine, a splendid mahogany full case, silver-plated and richly finished affair, as a testimonial to Col. Bailey, the hero of the Red River. Subscriptions will be received at their stand—between the Cashier's desk and Chinese bazaar—at the rate of one dollar a share. The list of subscribers will, at the end of the Fair, be forwarded to Col. Bailey in the field, and the machine to his home. This opportunity to express admiration of the services of one of the heroes of the war will be gladly accepted by hundreds of visitors to the fair.

Bank Robbery.

The First National Bank of Youngstown, Ohio, was forcibly entered on Saturday night, by burglars. To get at the money a hole was drilled in the iron door of the vault, over the lock, and an attempt was made to blow open the door, or blow off the lock, with powder, with a failed. The thieves decamped, having captured nothing. The lock was so injured or obstructed, that the key would not open it, and for a time, on Monday, the bank was in a state of suspension, not only of specie payment, but all other payments and business; the funds, books and papers being securely fastened up against all access. A mason was called in, who by removing part of the brick work opened an entrance between the outer and inner doors of the vault. The inside iron lining of the outer door was found forced away from the door. The combinations were moved, the bolts were pushed back and the door opened. The inside door and lock were all right. That and the safe inside of the vault being opened, and the funds reached, business was resumed.

Coroner's Inquests.

Coroner McClung held an inquest yesterday on the body of Nicholas Daphler, a little boy aged four years, who was drowned in the Allegheny river, near Duquesne borough. The deceased, in company with a number of other small boys, was playing on a raft, when he lost his balance and fell into the river. The alarm was promptly given, but before he could be rescued he was dead. The jury returned a verdict of "accidental drowning."

John Kimbrel, who was injured on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad last week, died of his injuries on Wednesday evening. Coroner McClung held an inquest on the body, and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts already published.

Co. D, KEAR'S DETACHED, Capt. Stuart is doing a good business in getting men for the hundred days service, and we hope to hear of his soon being back to the army, where he has served three years so faithfully. This is the last chance for men to enlist in this battalion.

The Silver Horn.

The elegant and costly silver horn, on exhibition at the Jewelers' stand, in the Bazaar, and to be awarded to the fire company receiving the largest number of votes during the fair, is already exciting a spirited competition. The votes are recorded at fifty cents each, and a large sum will be realized from this source. The following is the record of the vote as it stood at eight, nine and ten o'clock last evening:

	8 o'clock.	9 o'clock.	10 o'clock.
Allegheny	28	38	53
Hope	—	28	28
Vigilant	77	93	98
Niagara	3	3	3
Duquesne	18	19	21

DEMOREST'S QUARTERLY AND JOURNAL DU GRAND MONDE.—The number for the Summer quarter, ending August, 1864, of this widely popular periodical is now out, and will be found to present features, comprehending a profuse variety of illustrations of the fashions, both colored and otherwise, patterns, etc., together with a very considerable miscellany of useful information on the subject of dress, which will render it acceptable to its fair readers. For sale by J. P. Hunt, Masonic Hall Fifth street, and by W. A. Gildenfenny, 45 Fifth street, near Wood.

ILLUSTRATED AND OTHER EASTERN PAPERS.—Mr. J. P. Hunt, Masonic Hall, Fifth street, has received Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, and Demorest's N. Y. Illustrated News, for June 11; The New New York Weekly Tribune, Herald, Times and World, for this week; The National Police Gazette, for June 4; and Smith & Street's N. Y. Weekly, for June 16. All these are also for sale by J. D. Sample, 85 Federal street, Allegheny.

THE NINTH CAVALRY.—This veteran regiment, which has been at home on furlough, arrived in the city to-day, on their way back to Tennessee. This regiment is under command of Col. Thomas O. Jordan, and was organized at Harrisburg in 1861. It numbered originally twelve hundred men. They came back with four hundred re-enlisted veterans, and since then have largely recruited their ranks.

FOR THE LADIES.—Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine, for June, is just out, and can be obtained at John W. Pittock's news depot, opposite the post office. Double sheet colored fashion plates, exhibiting all the latest styles. Also, Demorest's Quarterly Mirror of Fashions, containing a splendid fashion plate, new and original music, seven full sized patterns, and a host of elegant novelties for summer.

PIANOS, MUSIC, &c.

REMOVAL.

We take pleasure in informing the public that we now occupy the large and commodious house

NO. 12 BISSELL'S BLOCK,

ST. CLAIR STREET,

Where we have just received from the manufacturer of WM. B. BRADBURY and SCHOMACKER & CO., a new lot of SUPERIOR PIANOS. Also, a complete assortment of SHIPLE'S celebrated Harmoniums, Melodeons and Musical goods.

The superiority of the BRADBURY PIANO is already established. In the history of Pianos no new instrument has gained so rapidly in popularity or received so many premiums within the space of two years as the new scale, full iron frame, overstrung-bass and French grand action Piano Fortes, manufactured by WM. BRADBURY, and Schomacker & Co's Pianos having been so long and favorably known in this and other countries, need no further comment. All guaranteed for five years.

WAMELINK & BARR,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh and Western Pa.

No. 12 ST. CLAIR St., Bissell's Block.

Good Second Hand Pianos for Rent. Tuning and repairing done promptly. ap30

HAZELTON PIANO

For Sale Cheap.

The subscriber has on hand a beautiful and richtoned

HAZELTON PIANO,

Which being slightly injured in the furniture, will be sold at

850 Less than Regular Price.

CHAS. C. MELLOR,

81 WOOD STREET.

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.

A choice supply of 6½ and 7 octave Piano Fortes, from the celebrated factory of Knabe & Co., has just been received—some in richly carved cases. These instruments are fully warranted for eight years and are by the best judges pronounced unrivalled. A call is respectfully solicited before purchasing elsewhere. CHARLOTTE DUNES, Sole Agent, jel No. 45 Fifth street.

GRANT'S THE MAN!

WORDS BY G. L. ARDILL.
MUSIC BY J. M. DARLING.

A large lot of this new and beautiful song has arrived in the Music Store of

HOFFMANN & HORNE,

my16 No. 53 Fifth street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WE NOW OFFER FOR SALE WHAT we suppose to be the largest assortment of

Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths,

Ever exhibited in this city, in BRUSSELS, THREE PLY, INGRAIN and VENETIAN CARPETS and SHEET OIL CLOTHS. We have many desirable styles not to be found elsewhere, including some entirely novel to the trade, which we offer FOR OUR RETAIL TRADE.

The greater part of our stock having been purchased contracted for before the recent heavy advance in price, will be sold at a very small advance on actual cost, our prices being in many instances far below present market rates.

Window Shades and Fixtures
Table and Piano Covers;
Hemp, List and Rag Carpets;
Cocoa and Chinas for sale by all widths;

A full assortment always on hand at the lowest prices, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

M'Farland, Collins & Co.,

Nos. 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET,

Next house to P. O., second floor.

HAVING PURCHASED AND ADDED

TO OUR OWN THE

ENTIRE STOCK

OF

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.

Lately held by W. McGLINTOCK, at 112 Market street, we are able, by the consolidation, to offer the

LARGEST STOCK

TO BE FOUND IN THE WEST,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Oliver McGlintock & Co.,

No. 97 FIFTH STREET.

FOURTH STREET

NEW STYLES

OF

WINDOW SHADES

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

NEW SPRING STOCK

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CARPETS,

WELL SEASONED

OIL CLOTH.

AT M'CALLUM'S.

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GREAT SUCCESS.
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CUDJO'S CAVE. CUDJO'S CAVE. CUDJO'S CAVE.

THIS EVENING,

Will be presented, the new sensation drama from the popular novel of Cudjo's Cave, entitled

LIFE IN TENNESSEE.
LIFE IN TENNESSEE.
LIFE IN TENNESSEE.

To conclude with

THE FIREMAN'S BRIDE.

Jerome.....G. Loveday.
Mr. Wealthy.....F. Chippendale.
Alice.....Kate Ryzor.

GRAND CONCERT.

OPENING OF THE MUSICAL DEPARTMENT

OF THE

SANITARY FAIR,

ON MONDAY NEXT, JUNE 6th, at

AUDIENCE HALL,

By the United German Singer's Societies:

FROHSINN, LORELEY, TEUTONIA,

BIRMINGHAM SINGERS' SOCIETY,

With the co-operation of Mr. George Tourge's

GREAT WESTERN ORCHESTRA,

and the English and German Theatre Orchestras, and other Professional Musicians, who all have tendered their services gratuitously.

Will be performed the beautiful musical tableaux

"ON THE SEASHORE,"

(AM MEERES STRANDE)

BY JULIUS OTTO OF DRESDEN.

Admission One Dollar. Text Books in English and German Ten Cents.

Tickets to be had at the Music and Book Stores, and at the Office of the Fair.

Gentlemen are requested to procure their tickets before the opening of the Concert, to avoid delay and confusion. Commencement, 8 p. m. j3:2d

FOR BENEFIT OF SANITARY FAIR.

BRIAN'S GREAT SHOW,

AND

TOM KING'S EXCELSIOR CIRCUS,

COMBINED,

From Baltimore and Washington, will exhibit on

RED LION LOT, Pittsburgh,

FOR ONE WEEK,

JUNE 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th,

Commencing on MONDAY AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock, for the benefit of

THE SANITARY FAIR.

The Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh to act as Treasurer, who will see that the monies received shall be devoted to the exclusive benefit of this truly charitable purpose.

The proprietor has the pleasure to announce that the Executive Committee, of whom his Honor Mayor Lowry is at the head, has accepted his liberal offer as his contribution, during the entire week; he therefore appeals with confidence to all who in readiness (in that contribution as large as possible.

The Troops is composed of the following named artists:

Mad. LOUISE TOURNAIRE, the daring French Equestrienne and Bareback Rider, whose unrivalled performances have thrilled the world, has no equal in her extremely splendid and truly classical manage exercises.

Mad. VIRGINIA will appear in single and double acts of equestrianism.

Mad. LAVENIA, a Scenic Equestrienne.

JAMES WARD, the performing Trick Clown.

Mons. ROCHELLE, the best Gymnast in the world.

WM. NAYLOR, pupil of L. J. North.

LOUIS ZANFRETTA, Flying Trapeze.

JOHN BUTLER, the Tumbler and Leaper.

Signor WAMBOLD, the man of many forms.

WM. H. GRAVES, the great four-horse rider.

WM. SMITH, in his graceful divertisements known in the French language as "La Perche."

TOM KING, whose name is well known in the profession, will demonstrate his great "Batonla Leaps" as a vaulter, and single or double act equestrian he has no peer.

TRICK HORSES. MANEGE HORSES.
COMIC MULES, &c.

☞ Price of admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats 50 cents.

my30:12x H. L. STEBBINS, Agent.

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Will procure PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY

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