Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1864.

The Sanitary Fair.

After more than two months of busy and intelligent preparation, the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair, in aid of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Republic, opens to-day. No effort has been spared by our patriotic citizens of both sexes to make it a complete success, and it gratifies us exceedingly to be able to state that, with the assistance of neighboring communities, its success is to-day assured. The receipts from voluntary cash contributions already amount to over $100,000, and it is a moderate estimate to place the future receipts from the sale of tickets and other incidents of the Fair proper at $150,000—so that the total receipts will foot up at least $250,000. In the hands of honest, judicious and patriotic men, the amount of suffering this sum will be the means of preventing is incalculable.

The attractions which the Fair will present to the visitor have been so fully explained in our local columns that any mention of them here would be a work of supererogation. We may, however, say that never before in the history of Western Pennsylvania has an opportunity been presented to look upon so many, so rare and so exquisite attractions as will be exhibited in the various halls and booths of this Sanitary Fair. Charity, patriotism and humanity aside, the love of the beautiful alone should be a sufficient incentive to induce every man, woman and child within a reasonable distance of Pittsburgh to come and see what the strength of man and the taste of woman has prepared.

In our advertising columns will be found the programme marked out for the opening this afternoon, to which we refer the reader.

Northern versus Southern Democrats.

The *Post* of this city a couple of days ago engaged again in the dirty and disgraceful business of showing up the evil doings of its party friends in the matter of mixing the races. It quoted at length certain pretended statistics tending to show that Northern Democrats were greater lovers of the miscegenation theory than their Southern brethren. But the *Post*, innocently no doubt, does gross injustice to its Southern friends. A glance at some *genuine* figures may somewhat lessen its admiration of the superiority of Northern Democrats, as promoters of miscegenationists, over the chivalric Democrats of the "sunny South." We quote from the census of 1860:

There were 411,613 mulatto *slaves* in the South in 1860, of whom 69,980 were in Virginia, 45,881 in Kentucky, and 36,900 in Georgia. There were also 176,739 *free* mulattoes in the United States in 1860, of whom 106,770 belonged to the South, and 69,969 to the free States. Of the free mulattoes Virginia contained 23,485, which number, added to her slave mulattoes, makes a total of miscegenated population of 93,465. *Her mulatto slaves alone exceeded the total number of mulattoes in the free States!* The whole number of mulattoes, slave and free, in the Union, in 1860, was 588,352, of whom only 69,969 belonged to the *free* States, while 518,383 belonged to the *slave* States. The mulatto population of Virginia alone exceeds the number of whites in Delaware or Florida.

The *Post* also seems to have forgotten, or not to have known, two other facts of Democratic history which furnish still further proof of the superiority of Southern over Northern Democratic miscegenationists. Has it ever heard of RICHARD M. JOHNSON, of Kentucky, once Vice President of the United States by virtue of Democratic votes, whose *wife* was a black woman? She might have become, by the death of the President, the *mistress* of the White House. Then, again, has the *Post* ever heard of one JOHN U. ANDREWS, the leader of the New York riots, recently sent to Sing Sing for the benefit of his health? ANDREWS is a Virginia gentleman of the old school, who, when he went to New York to assist his Southern brethren in the work of destroying the Union, carried with him *all* of his Southern prejudices, including a negro mistress. And he abode with her.

The *Post* should be more careful of its facts. The true miscegenationists are not, as it alleges, *Northern* Democrats, but *Southern* Democrats, and the census of 1860, and RICHARD M. JOHNSON, and JOHN U. ANDREWS proveit.

Senator Fishback.

It having been charged that this gentleman, who has recently presented his credentials as a U. S. Senator from Arkansas, signed the ordinance of secession which carried that State over to the Rebels, and otherwise aided and abetted the Rebellion, he has published in the *National Intelligencer* a full statement of facts, which prove him to have been an unflinching friend of the Union during all the dark days through which Arkansas has passed. To save his life he signed the ordinance of secession, but not until after he had used his best efforts to defeat it. He did nothing else to further the cause of Rebellion, but has done much to restore his State to the Union and secure the abolition of slavery throughout its borders by constitutional amendment. After reading his statement, we are convinced that disloyalty cannot be fairly urged as a reason why he should not be permitted to represent Arkansas in the U. S. Senate.

The Route to Richmond.

The route over which GRANT is now travelling is not, as has been alleged, the same as that chosen by General MCCLELLAN in 1862—especially does it not lead him through the swamps of the Chickahominy. Hanovertown is about twelve miles north of the White House, on the Pamunkey, and is connected with Richmond, which is only sixteen miles distant, by good roads over hard ground. No swamps intervene. The great swamp through which MCCLELLAN waded, and in which he finally floundered, is fully ten miles south of General GRANT's present line of advance on Richmond. So that, whatever *other* mishap might befall the Army of the Potomac, now once again so near the goal of all its efforts, it runs no risk of being stuck in the mud.

SHERMAN'S SUPPLIES.—It will be gratifying to the country to be assured by the Chattanooga *Gazette* that there is no lack of supplies in SHERMAN'S army. That paper says that "not for one hour since the opening of the present campaign has there been the least lack of supplies in any portion of the command under General SHERMAN." It further says that "it is a literal fact which made the welkin ring with the joy and shouts of thousands, that our advance at Kingston had hardly rested from a march of eighty miles when the whistles of our locomotives were heard at that distant point, notwithstanding the burning of the railroad bridge over the Oostenaula at Resaca."

General Grant's Last Movement.

We print on our first page this morning some remarks by the N. Y. *Tribune* on the military situation in Virginia, which are worthy of the reader's consideration. Below we give some remarks from the N. Y. *Evening Post*, which confirm and strengthen the hopeful view of the situation taken by the *Tribune*:

"It is a tremendous game of war which is now playing in Virginia between Grant and Lee. Step by step Lee has given way before his opponent—at first forced by the desperate fighting in the Wilderness, and later by the adroit manœuvres of General Grant.

"In considering the prospects of the campaign we must not forget, as some are doing, the events of the last three weeks in Virginia. In that time Grant has fought Lee in the Wilderness and at Spottsylvania, and in each case inflicted loss upon him in killed, wounded and prisoners, so severe, that Lee was not able to return to the fight, but retreated at the first demonstration made upon his flank. He fell back hurriedly from the Wilderness to Spottsylvania; and again from that place to the North Anna. He did not attempt to resist Grant's flank march, which he would have done had he been able; while the strength and confidence of our army and General were shown by their deliberate abandonment of base and line of communications, in the face and necessarily with the knowledge of the enemy."

After the foregoing introduction, the *Post* proceeds to demolish the Copperhead theory that LEE will assume the offensive and march on Washington or into Pennsylvania, but as our space is limited we are compelled to pass over the *Post's* argument. The article concludes as follows:

"* * * Meantime, when our army crossed the Pamunkey at Hanovertown it reached a country through which Sheridan rode but a few days ago, and concerning which our commanders are, therefore, well informed. If Lee does not give battle Grant will march on towards Richmond; if he does, Grant will probably accept the offer if the field is fair. Our army has a new base, by way of the York river; and circumstances will probably have to determine whether Meade joins Butler or Butler Meade.

"The immediate advantage gained by Grant's last recorded movement was to make useless to Lee the last of his prepared strongholds outside of Richmond. If, now, the rebel commander chooses to enter into Richmond, well and good; Grant may then march across the Peninsula and post himself to the southwest of the rebel capital, cutting its railroad communications southward, and investing it. If Lee takes post south and outside of Richmond, that city must quickly fall, and meantime Grant will be more favorably situated to follow Lee than he was when he crossed the Rapidan, for he will get his supplies by way of the James and Petersburg; and Lee will, moreover, have given up by that move the whole seaboard of North Carolina. The alternatives which Grant presents to his opponent are not pleasant—but they appear to be unavoidable. Nevertheless, Lee is an able General and a desperate man; he may contrive some daring and unexpected movement by which to extricate himself from the dilemma. But, on the other hand, Grant has proved abundantly, in the operations since he crossed the Rapidan, that he is Lee's master in the art of war; he is as fertile in resources, as determined, as pertinacious and as strong as his opponent; and the country, which has watched with breathless interest his splendid operations, can safely trust the future in his hands."

The Negro an Element of Strength.

The theory, sometimes advanced by Copperheads, that the negroes of the South are not an element of strength to the Rebellion, and that there existed, therefore, no military necessity for issuing a proclamation of freedom as an inducement for them to leave their rebel masters, is happily answered by the following passage in the New York *World* of Monday—good Democratic authority:

"In its present condition, with a population of ten millions, the blacks included, the law of reproduction is sufficient to provide for nearly all the wants of a protracted struggle against the North. The objection that the blacks ought not to be counted in the statistics of the South, on account of the insecurity and unavailability of that portion of the population, is not well founded. The great majority of the blacks have, since the beginning of the war, filled as useful a part in assisting the rebels as the same number of population in the North, and have been far less expensive. They have not shouldered the musket or handled the saber and the bayonet; but they have done something as useful. They have dug rifle pits, made trenches, built up earthworks and fortifications, managed the wagon and ambulance trains, attended to the hospital service, and shared in all military operations to the measure of intelligence and utility of which the rebels suppose them to be capable. Had their operation as soldiers not been deemed injurious to the success of the Southern arms, the rebels would not have hesitated a moment to admit them as such.

"The real use, however, of the slave population residing in the South has been in the agricultural and industrial labor they have performed, and in filling up the granaries and workshops of the rebellion. If the blacks should, in the course of time, hold as they are in a state of servitude, prove to be a cause of weakness to the South, it will be only because they discover the position they occupy in that community. But at present, as they have not yet been called by education and circumstances to think for themselves, or to discriminate between Southern slavery and Northern freedom, they adhere, through the influence of habits, and an affinity natural to the black race, to their present social status."

The James River Fleet.

The part that the gunboats on the James river may yet play in the grand game of taking Richmond seems not to be generally considered by the people or the press. As large and formidable a fleet is certainly there for some other purpose than to prevent BUTLER from being driven into the water in case of his utter failure to protect himself from the enemy in his front. If Fort Darling were once passed, two or three Rebel rams lying below Richmond are the only other formidable barriers to the advance of our gunboats within shelling distance of the doomed city. Cannot the gunboats run past Fort Darling as easily as our wooden fleet ran the gauntlet of Forts Jackson and St. Philip below New Orleans? Time will show. We have *eighteen* gunboats and other vessels of war on the James, and it is hardly possible that they will much longer remain inactive.

IT SEEMS that the martyrdom of Mr. MANTON MARBLE, editor of the New York *World*, has not seriously interfered with his marital plans, at which we rejoice, of course. We read in an exchange the following marriage announcement:

MARBLE—WEST—On Wednesday, May 25, at Rochester, N. Y., by Rev. Dr. Chester Dewey, Manton Marble, Editor of the New York World, to Delia B. West, daughter of the late Ira West of Rochester.

A GRANDSON of General HARRISON is a Colonel in the Union army, and is serving under General HOOKER. His name is BENJAMIN—it was BENJAMIN HARRISON, his great grandfather, who signed the Declaration—and he is a worthy chip off the old block. He is a brave and skillful officer.

DIED:

KIRKBRIDE.—On Saturday, May 21st, at Fredericksburg Hospital, from wounds received May 5th, in battle of the "Wilderness," Capt. THOS. E. KIRKBRIDE, of Co. B, 102d Regiment, Penna. Vols., aged 22 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Mansfield, on THURSDAY, June 2d, at 2 o'clock p. m., to proceed to Chartiers Cemetery. Carriages will leave Jackson's Stable at 1 o'clock p. m., and Hershberger's in Temperanceville, at same hour.

WILSON.—On May 31st, of small pox, WILLIAM JAMES, youngest son of John M. and Anna L. Wilson, aged 1 year and 11 months.

The funeral will take place WEDNESDAY, June 1st, from the residence of his parents, Vickroy street, Eighth ward.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC PROCESSION FOR THE FORMAL OPENING OF THE

PITTSBURGH SANITARY FAIR.

The grand military and civic procession for the formal opening of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair will form on Water street, the right resting on Smithfield, on Wednesday, June 1st, 1864. The procession will move precisely at 4 o'clock P. M., and proceed to the Fair grounds, in Allegheny city via Smithfield, Fifth, Grant, St. Clair and Federal streets. The Mayors of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will issue their proclamations, requesting that all stores and places of business be closed, and all business be suspended on and after 3 p. m. of that day, in order to give all an opportunity to attend the ceremonies. On arrival at the Fair grounds the auditorium or grand Concert Hall of the Fair, will be thrown open free of charge, and the entire procession admitted. In seating to order the orator of the day (Governor Curtin,) Judges, Governors, Generals, invited guests and members of the Executive Committee will occupy the raised platform, the procession and public the seats in the hall.

The order of exercises will be opened with Prayer.

Inaugural Address by the Governor.

Benediction.

After which the Fair will be declared open. The entire audience will then leave the auditorium, and the Hall will be closed. The Fair buildings will then all be opened, and persons holding tickets, or those paying at the door, will be admitted. At 8 o'clock, p. m., the Auditorium or Concert Hall, will again be opened for an exhibition of the Hyatt Cadets.

The order of procession, as arranged by the Chief Marshal and his assistants, is as follows:

CHIEF MARSHAL.

Major General James S. Negley.

CHIEF ASSISTANT.

Lieutenant Colonel W. L. Youlk.

AID-DE CAMPS.

Lieut. Col. S. B. M. Young,
Major W. G. McCandless,
Major T. F. J. Pears,
Capts. J. B. Clow,
" W. S. Moorhead,
" R. S. Wright,
" J. H. Foster,
" Capt. J. W. Kirker,
" John McGintock, 14th Infantry.
Lieut. Thos. Williams, Jr., 5th Artillery.
Lieut. Geo. Williams, 4th Infantry.

CHIEF OF THE CIVIC.

Hon. James L. Graham.

ASSISTANTS.

Col A H Gross, Peebles township,
Col Alex Chambers, Birmingham,
Capt O W Batchelor,
" J H Stewart,
Col. Robert Galway.
Dr John Dickson, Sewickly,
Andrew Carnegie, Esq.
James Lewis, Sharpsburg, Pa.
W W Ward, Esq.
Joseph Rhinter, Esq.
W J Gilmore, Upper St. Clair,
G B Herron,
B W Mackey,
James A Herron, Tallesone,
Thomas L McClelland,
W G Hamnie,
Col. Wm. B. Hays.
Capt. Wm. Gormly.
David Bruce, Esq.
Col. William B. Negley.
Col. Allen Dunn.
Maj. G. Schleiter.

CONTRACTS FOR DECORATION AND ARRANGEMENTS AT THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE.

Hon. A. W. Loomis, Chairman.
William M. Herth.
John McD. Crosson.
Henry A. Weaver.
John N. Jennings.
Wm. M. Hampton.
Hon. J. P. Barrett.
Dr. T. De'a.
Josiah King.
James Mackey.
James Laughlin.
William R. Lyon.
John Harper.
Hon J. K. Moorhead.
Hon. Thos. Williams.
Hon. Robert McKnight.
Hon. Thos. Mellon
Hon. Wilson McCandless.
Hon. James L. Graham.
Hon. T. J. Bigham

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

Band.

Chief Marshal and aids.

Hyatt Cadets acting as escort to the Governor.

Governor and Staff.

Military of the City, in command of Col. D. B. Morrow.

Maj. Mal. Burns, Capt. Moe Land.

Chief Marshal and his aide, of the Civic.

Invited guests in carriages.

Mayors of both cities.

City Councils and officials of both cities and county.

Band.

Fire Department.

Scientific and Organizations.

Citizens generally.

The Chief Marshal of the Civic will wear a red scarf and rosette. His assistants a rosette, red, white and blue, on the left breast.

The Marshals will assemble at Wilkins Hall at 3 p. m. of Wednesday. Punctual attendance is requested.

The Fire Department will assemble in the order of their number, on Water street, the right resting on Market, and there wait orders. my26:td

NOTICE.—The first meeting of the Association known as the "AMERICAN MINING COMPANY," will be held at the Office of the Pittsburgh & Boston Mining Co., in the city of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY the 11th day of June, next, at 3 o'clock p. m., to authorize the formation of Corporations for Mining, Smelting, &c., for the purpose of electing Directors and adopting By-Laws for the government of said Association, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

CURTIS G. HUSSEY,
THOMAS M. ROWE,
HARVEY CHILDS,
JAMES R. MURRAY,
ALEXR KRAMER,
EDWARD RAHM.

my26:td

THIRD WARD DRAFT, ALLEGHENY.—Contributions to the Bounty Fund of this ward, are notified that they will be ready to receive money on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, May 31st and June 1st, during the day, and on Tuesday, the 31st, in the evening, to present certificates from the Treasurer of the fund, which will entitle each to a Bond for the amount paid. Mr. McNair, the treasurer, will give out the certificates at his office, No. 101 Sandusky street, from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. during the two days, and at the School House, from 7 to 10 p. m., Tuesday. Enrolled men will have so other opportunity offered for securing their certificates before the draft. All are requested to be prompt.

my31:1t President of Bounty Commissioners.

NINTH REGIMENT P. R. C. TAKE NOTICE.—As many of the officers and men of the late Ninth Regiment, P. R. C., who can, will please turn out on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of June, at 3 o'clock p. m., at Wilkins hall, for the purpose of forming in the procession for the opening of the Sanitary Fair. Officers in full uniform, soldiers with military clothes. C. DARNES,
Late Major Commanding.

my31:2t

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The owners of Oil on the Allegheny landing are requested to remove their Oil at once, otherwise it will have to be removed at their expense, as there is not room there to do the current business. Attention to this matter will save trouble and expense.

JAMES ALLEN, Wharf Master.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ADMISSION to the SWISS CORPS, on Wednesday only, 25 CENTS. For all the following days no admission is charged.

my31:1t

PIANO AT AUCTION.—Will be sold, on THURSDAY, June 2d, at Masonic Hall Auction House, No. 55 Fifth street:

One upright Piano.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

Jel

NEW CARPETS AND MATTING AT AUCTION.—On THURSDAY MORNING, June 2d, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street, will be sold, in connection with the Furniture, a few pieces all Wool Carpets, Cocoa Matting.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO. STOCK.—Will be added to the sale of Stocks THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, this 31st, at 8 o'clock, at Commercial Sale Rooms, 54 Fifth street:

15 shares Pennsylvania Insurance Co.

A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

my31

FINEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF Ladies' Gaiters and Balmorals,

To be found in the city. Call to-day at HORLAND'S and examine.

93 MARKET STREET.

TO THE BUTCHERS & DROVERS.—I HUGH RICHARDSON and JOHN BARLE are appointed to collect for the Fair in Pittsburgh; GEO. EVANS and FREDERICK BRIGHTEIN in Allegheny; and at GREENSVALT and HENRY WUNION to collect from the Cattle Dealers.

By order.

W. D. McGOWAN, Sec'y.

my31:2t

NOTICE.—We desire to inform our customers and the public in general, that on and after the first day of June, our place of business will be closed at 7 o'clock p. m., Saturday evenings excepted.

GRAY, POSSIEL & BESE,
Successors to Samuel Gray & Son,
Merchant Tailors, No. 19 Fifth street.

my31:1t

CONSIGNMENTS.

50 boxes Macina Oranges;
25 do do Lemons;
100 bbls. York State Potatoes;
50 half bbls. White Fish,
25 half bbls. Lake Herring;
10 do Codfish;
10 do Pickerel;
50 half bbls. Lake Bass;
10 bbls. prime grain Maple Sugar;

Just received and for sale at No. 326 Liberty street.

POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD.

Jel

FISH.—50 half bbls. No. 3 large.

10 do " 3 medium;
50 do " 3 "
25 barrels " 3 "
25 do " 3 large and med.

Mackerel; and

100 half bbls. Lake Herring;

Received and for sale by

J. B. CARFIELD.

HAMS, BEEF AND LARD.

15,000 lbs. Trowbridge, Beatty & Co.'s Canvassed S. C. Hams;
3,250 lbs. Chicago Country S. C. Hams;
9,000 lbs. C. F. Davis & Co.'s Cann. Dry Beef;
20 tierces choice Leaf Lard;

For sale by

SCHOMAKER & LANG.

MAPLE SUGAR.—65 barrels choice Maple Sugar, for sale at

SCHOMAKER & LANG'S,
329 Liberty street.

Jel

BROOMS.—320 dozen small, medium and large Columbian Brooms, for sale by

SCHOMAKER & LANG.

CHEESE.—100 boxes Hamburg;
100 do W. R. Cheese;

Received and for sale by

J. B. CARFIELD.

WILLOWS.—2,000 bundles Willow for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.

SPECIAL NOTICES

U. S

10-40 BONDS.

These bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this act SHALL BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year.

As these Bonds, by Act of Congress, are EXEMPT FROM MUNICIPAL OR STATE TAXATION, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levied in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 31 day of March, 1864, was $1,093,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,527,128, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $100,000,000 per annum.

The authorized amount of this loan is Two Hundred Million Dollars. Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued until March 26, but the amount of Bonds reported sold at the United States Treasury up to May 31st was

$54,564,000.

Subscriptions will be received by the **Treasurer of the United States**, at Washington, and the **Assistant Treasurers** at New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, and by the

First National Bank, of Pittsburgh, Pa.
Third National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

And by all **National Banks** which are depositaries of public money, and all respectable Bankers and Bankers throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish forth information on application, and afford every facility to subscribers

my26 2wdaw7

O. W. HUBBARD, (late Manager for Lippincott & Co.)
R. D. HUBBARD, (late of Gage, Hubbard & Co.)
SAMUEL A. LOZIER.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS

HUBBARDS & LONG,

Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description; Mill, Helsy, Cross Cut, Gang and all other varieties. All kinds of KNIVES & SPRINGS, made from Shear Cast Steel; Extra Refined BEAR BIN AND HOWING KNIVES, &c. Warehouse and Works, cor. WATER & SHORT STS., Pittsburgh. Particular attention given to Retooling, Gumming and Straightening Circular Saws; also repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. my25:1y

WM. HARNSHILL & CO., BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET-IRON WORKERS, Penn St., Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26. Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BRICKEN, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of DANNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. da18:tf

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS, Pittsburgh.

PARK, McCURDY & CO., Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER, also, importers and dealers in BRASS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST & 120 SECOND STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my22:1ydawT

WM. G. ROBINSON. GEO. F. ROBINSON.
WM. REA. W. HENRY ROBINSON.

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (successors to ROBINSON, MINS & MILLER,) WASHING TON WORKS, FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, Pittsburgh. Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS, SHAFTING, CASTINGS, of all descriptions; OIL TANKS & STILLS BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR FOR FEEDING BOILERS.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID, published for the benefit and as a warning and caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, etc., supplying, at the same time, the means of self cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery.

By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Bedford, Kings county, N. Y.

my31:1ydawF

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment, without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of his prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 194 Fulton street, N. Y.

whl1:1ydawT

LA BELLE STEEL WORKS.

REITER & CO.,

Successors to Reiter, Hartman & Co., manufacturers of CAST STEEL, SPRING, PLOW AND BLISTER STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROWBARS, &c.

Works, FIRST WARD, Allegheny City.

P. O. Address, PITTSBURGH, Pa. Ja18:1y

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING, IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c.; Nos. 61 SECOND and 63 THIRD STREET, bet. Wood and Market.

Have on hand a variety of new Patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. my29

HANNAVART'S TROCHES, FOR the cure of Hoarseness, Throat Diseases, &c., are specially recommended to Ministers, Singers, and persons whose vocation calls them to speak in public. Manufactured only by C. A. HANNAVART & CO., Harrisburg, Pa., to whom all orders should be addressed.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. A. HANNAVART & CO.

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DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment—in Reports of the Howard Association. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address D. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. wh28:1y

H. HOLMES & SONS, DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. my23

HENRY H. COLLINS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS FISH, and produce generally, No. 84 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa. Jel

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SANITARY FAIR.—The Misses HASELL will meet all the people of the first and second cousin TIES (Wednesday,) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Neville Hall, to prepare for exhibition on Saturday evening. j1:1ttw

SCHOENBERGER GALLERY.—The Spiritual Gallery of Paintings of J. H. Schoenberger, Esq., No. 125 PENN STREET, will be open every day for exhibition, during the Fair, from 10 o'clock a. m. till 4 o'clock p. m., the proceeds for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission.

Tickets at the door, $1 each. Jel:4t

TO THE LADIES OF THE COMMITTEE ON REFECTORY.—Ladies will please attend at the several Public School Houses on the usual and novel improvement, it guides the cloth itself." —*N. Y. Scientific American.*

"This useful invention, which may be attached in one moment to any Sewing Machine, by the mere screw belonging to the Machine, has invited wide favor in Tucking, Braiding, Hemming, Binding, etc."—*N. Y. Christian Advocate & Journal.*

"A very ingenious affair, obviating the necessity for the close attention which, without it, is necessary, and which is very trying to the eyes of the operator."—*N. Y. Times.*

"The same, in substance, was also in the other New York papers. No machine complete without it. Donated to, and FOR SALE AT THE FAIR, for all Machines; and at the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Office, No. 18 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Price $1 50, with directions.

Sent by letter free.

jel:1t

THE NEW HAIR PREPARATION

LUBIN'S

COCOANUT CREAM,

FOR OILING, DRESSING AND BEAUTIFYING

THE HAIR.

It sustains and oils the hair and gives it a permanent gloss, which it retains for days after using it.

For beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair,

LUBIN'S COCOANUT CREAM

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.
It soothes the Irritated Scalp.

It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.
It Prevents Baldness and Loss of Hair.

It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.
It is an elegant Perfume.

Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.
Cocoanut Cream removes Dandruff.

It produces the Richest Lustre.
It produces the Richest Lustre.
It produces the Richest Lustre.
It produces the Richest Lustre.

It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.
It gives the Hair an Oily Appearance.

For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.
For Oiling Whiskers it has no equal.

And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects
And it retains all its Beautifying Effects

For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For days after using it.
For days after using it.

For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.
For Dressing and Oiling the Mustache.

It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.
It prevents Gray Hairs.

It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.
It prevents Hair from Turning Gray.

No Hair preparation possesses the peculiar properties which so essentially rate the human hair as

THE COCOANUT CREAM.

It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.
It promotes the Growth of the Hair.

It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.
It is the cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.

For sale by all Druggists,
For sale by all Druggists,
For sale by all Druggists,
For sale by all Druggists,

AND AT

FULTON'S DRUG STORE,

DEPOTOR BUILDING, FIFTH STREET.

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WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOOK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES.

Important Truths for the People.

These Machines were awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUMS at the World's Fair, London, England, and the Industrial Exposition, Paris, France, when all the Sewing Machines of Europe and America were in competition.

THE

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

and its work have repeatedly taken the first premium in this country, at the United States, State, Institute, and hundreds upon hundreds of the County Fairs. To the people not already familiar with the

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine,

and its beautiful and durable construction for making the very popular

"LOCK STITCH,"

we say examine and thoroughly investigate before purchasing.

We court the most rigid investigation of our Machine. These machines

Stitch,
Hem,
Fell,
Tuck,
Quilt,
Gather,
Bind,
Cord,
Braid,
Embroider,

All without any previous Basting.

Their annual sales are nearly equal to those of all others combined. This single fact should determine upon the choice of the best Family Sewing Machine.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

Agents for eight of the Western States.

PITTSBURGH OFFICE:

No. 27 FIFTH STREET.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. BARNUM'S

"SELF SEWER,"

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

Extracts from New York papers, referring to it at the late great Fair in New York:

"An admirable invention; $371 was realized from their sale; its chief advantage is, that it relieves both the back and eyes of operators, as with it they may sit straight and are not compelled to closely watch their work."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

"It attracted much notice from the Ladies and others interested in Sewing Machines; it is really a useful and novel invention; it guides the cloth itself."—*N. Y. Scientific American.*

"This useful invention, which may be attached in one moment to any Sewing Machine, by the mere screw belonging to the Machine, has invited wide favor in Tucking, Braiding, Hemming, Binding, Gathering, etc."—*N. Y. Christian Advocate & Journal.*

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