THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1864. VOLUME LXXVII—NO. 156.

Pittsburgh Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

MORNING EDITION, by mail, per year.....$8 00.
" " month.....70.
" " week.....18.
" " single copies.....2.
EVENING EDITION, by mail, per year.....4 50.
" " month.....38.
" " week.....10.
" " single copies.....2.
WEEKLY EDITION, single copies, per year...2 00.
" " clubs of 5 to 10, " ..1 50.
" " clubs of 10 or more " ..1 25.

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All subscriptions *strictly in advance*, and papers always stopped when the time expires.

The Reading Matter on this Page is from Yesterday's Evening Edition.

UP to the time of this writing we have not learned whether General LEE has taken his next position, to resist the progress of General GRANT, on the North or on the South Anna. If we did not know from the test of such experience as we have had during the past ten or twelve days—not to antedate the period—that the rebels will retire *very* slowly and reluctantly to the inevitable "last ditch," we should hardly regard it as probable that LEE would attempt to make another stand on either, but would endeavor to reach the defences of Richmond,—inasmuch as it seems to have been proved, even to the rebels themselves one might say, that they cannot hope to do better on either of those lines than on the Rapidan and the Po. Indeed, as the Washington *Star* remarks, Lee's chances on either of those rivers are much worse than on those already so disastrously lost, as the lines to be held on both would be much longer than that on the Po, or even that on the Rapidan, and therefore much weaker and more easily pierced or turned. More especially will Lee find this to be so, now that his forces are so much reduced in numbers from what they were on the banks of the Rapidan.

The junction of SHERIDAN with BUTLER, promises the most important results south of Richmond. With two such enterprising cavalry officers operating there as KAUTZ and SHERIDAN, what will be done in that quarter we will not venture even to guess.

Gen Kautz's Raid—Its Great Success—What it Accomplished.

A letter from Bermuda Hundred, written on the 10th inst., the day after Gen. Kautz returned from his five days' raid, says:

The grand success which has marked this movement has been fraught with so few difficulties that the very ease of its accomplishment seems in some degree to detract from its colossal importance, but it is nevertheless one of the grandest things of the war. Here we are safely planted on a proper working base for an advance upon Richmond, and with the rebel communications which would have pour ed reinforcements upon Lee and endangered the success of Grant, cut in such a thorough manner that those reinforcements can by no possibility reach Lee for days. In addition to the great tearing up of track and destruction by us at this point, we now have the report of Gen Kautz, who, last night, returned from a great raid of five days to make this work of destruction doubly sure. He galloped nearly 200 miles, burning bridges at Stony Brook, Notaway and Jarrots, one of which was 210 feet long. With iron claws invented for the purpose, he twisted the rails beyond the possibility of straightening them, set cars on fire, tore up the track for miles, burned depots and storehouses containing rebel supplies, and did injury which could not be repaired in a month. He had several fights, in which his aggregate losses were 7 killed and 30 wounded and missing. He brought in 140 prisoners. Intercepted telegrams showed that his operations penned up Beauregard at Weldon, N. C., at the critical moment when his large force might have turned the tide of battle on the Rapidan in favor of Lee.

Secretary Stanton.

Mr. Forney, in his last letter to the Philadelphia *Press*, bears the following well-deserved tribute of testimony to the great ability, energy and efficiency of Mr. Stanton's administration of the War Department:

The dispatches of Secretary Stanton are brief and satisfactory pictures of the progress of our arms. Nothing is exaggerated and nothing withheld. I saw him last evening, and he was as calm and composed as if he felt that all was well. And if, as I now believe, a great Union victory is sure to crown this marvellous week of battle and of blood, to no one man, save only Grant himself, will the nation be more indebted than to the Secretary of War. The splendid system of preparations for the conflict, in every one of the branches of the military service—the Commissariat, the Quartermaster's Department, the Surgeon General's office, &c., &c.—is due to his vigilance, forethought, constant labor, and stern impartiality.

GEN. HANCOCK, when he had "finished up Johnson and was going into Early," had conquered and was going to conquer foemen worthy of his steel. Johnson's division was one of the *corps d'elite* of the rebel army, and was the force that made the desperate attempt to storm our right at Gettysburg after dark, on the second day. Early is an excellent officer, also, and it is singular that he was Hancock's earliest antagonist in this war. Hancock's famous fight on the right at the battle of Williamsburg was what first brought him prominently before the country, and the body of troops that Hancock overthrew in that fight was commanded by Early. Hancock's full name is Winfield Scott Hancock. *Bonum nomen—bonum omen!*

A CORRESPONDENT in Grant's army says that about 2,000 rebel prisoners were marched past a portion of the negro troops of Burnside's corps. It was amusing to hear the negroes inquire, jestingly, "How is you boss? Mighty good thing we did'nt catch you; we would never tuck yo prisoner." The prisoners became infuriated, and begged to have their will of the negroes five minutes. "Remember Port Pillow," the negroes would urge. "We'll cut your black throats," was the threat of the others. Thus the two races reviled each other. The master was prisoner; the bondman free and a soldier.

A MAN named John M. Phillips, a resident of Philadelphia, and a member of the 7th Illinois Infantry, while on furlough at Springfield, Ill., made an indecent assault upon the person of a little girl named Clover, and was arrested by the sheriff. While in the custody of the officer, an excited crowd collected about the Court House, a rope was procured, and an effort made to lynch the offender. A guard was summoned, but before the crowd could be dispersed the prisoner was shot and fatally injured by a brother of the girl, E. P. Clover, Esq. He died in a few hours after being shot.

THE following table of distances from Richmond will be found of interest at the present time:

	Miles.		Miles.
To Petersburg	22	To Taylorville	30
To White House	24	To Hungary	8
To Fredericksburg	60	To Port Walthall	16
To Gutness Station	38	To Frederick's Hall	50
To Milford	28	To Louisa C. H.	62
To Chesterfield	23	To Gordonsville	78
To Hanover Junction	22	To Beaver Dam	40
To Charlottesville	63	To Spottsylvania	44
To Lynchburg	91	To Danville	125

ONLY a few days since, the Senate unanimously confirmed, without reference to the Military Committee, the nomination of Col. Francis Fessenden, of the Thirteth Maine regiment, to a brigadier-generalship. The telegraph brings us the intelligence of his death, while leading his brigade into the late battle on Cane river, in Louisiana.

Our Wounded in Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 14, 1864.

Messrs. Editors: As I have not observed in your list of wounded the following names, I will add them:

Capt. Jos. Fricker, 8th Pa. Res., wounded through the calf of the left leg, painful, but not dangerous. He is at Georgetown, Seminary Hospital. I called on him this morning, but his wound was being dressed, and the physician objected to his being seen.

At the same hospital is Capt. Samuel Fulwood, 102 P. V., wounded in the shoulder, but not dangerous. The same objection to his being seen as to that of Capt. Fricker when I called upon him.

Captain George P. Cortz, 53d P. V. (Gen. Hays' old regiment,) wounded in the left shoulder, is at the Kirkwood House, is doing well, and is in fine spirits. The ball struck him in the upper part of the shoulder above the vitals, and passed completely through. He had a horse shot under him at an earlier hour in the fight than that at which he received his own wound. The animal was shot through the heart and fell heavily upon Captain Cortz, pinning him for a season hard against a stump. Meantime, as his regiment had passed on he hastened as soon as he could extricate himself, to catch them; but as he was running forward toward the enemy and cheering on his men, some sneak shot him, as he thinks, from the top of or from behind a tree.

Capt. Jacob P. Slagle, Co. D., 149th P. V., now at the Metropolitan Hotel, received a wound from a Minie bullet, just under the right eye. The missile entered near the nose. It is an exceedingly painful wound, but it is hoped will not lose him the sight of his eye or endanger his life. He is in good spirits. At the moment of receiving his wound, (Friday morning) his regiment was in the second line, awaiting orders to advance. Capt. S. was sitting down and just turned his head in time to receive the shot in a safe place.

Lieutenant William Dalgleish, of the same regiment, I have looked for, but have not made to find. I fear he is not arrived in Washington.

I learn, however, from Captain Slagle, that his wound was a bad one—in the bowels. The ball entered a little to the left of the middle of the abdomen, and passing through, came out near the right hip.

Lieutenant Colonel Danks, 53d P. V., received a shot in the arm, which passed along and came out on the under side of the hand. I have not seen him, but get this description of his wound from those who have. E.

From the "Roundhead" Regiment.

NEAR CHANCELLORVILLE, VA., May 10, 1864.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Owing to the uncertainty of mail communication from us hereafter, and in accordance with the request of some of the men of the 100th regiment, I take upon myself the task of informing our friends, through your columns, of our welfare. Our brigade was not engaged until the evening of the 5th. About four o'clock the enemy made a charge directly in front of our position, and so furious was the onset that they compelled our men to abandon the first line of rifle pits, and had it not been for our brigade, which was stationed in the next line, the day would doubtless have been lost to us. We poured in such a galling fire, and followed it with a charge that sent the rebels howling back under cover of the woods. We captured several prisoners, and among them one or two commissioned officers. Our casualties were but few. Capt. Pentecost, of Co. A, was slightly wounded in the shoulder by a minie ball. Only one man was killed in the regiment (Henry Woods, of Co. E), and nineteen wounded. The company to which I belong (M) escaped without the loss of a man either killed or wounded. I wish to inform the fair ladies of Elizabeth that the flag which was presented to our company while at home was the first to float over the captured works, being borne and planted by the gallant Charles Oliver. Yours, &c.

L. J. LITTLE.

Andrew Jackson's Home in Secessionist Hands.

A Tennessee correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

I visited the 'Hermitage' to-day in company with Capt. Armstrong, Surgeon Grating and a squad of colored troops. Everything about the place looks lonesome and bears the marks of neglect and decay. But the accident that is, that this old hero's home is inhabited by secessionists. I saw Washington's chair, the General's fine portrait, by Healy, and his grave, but I have no heart to speak of them while avowed secessionists dwell in his house. A 'think shadow has fallen on the 'Hermitage,' and the whole neighborhood seems to be under a curse."

TAXATION IN CANADA.—The Canadian Minister of Finance has reported his annual budget. The imports were $15,000,000 and the exports $41,000,000. The duty on Canadian whisky has been raised from 15 to 30 cents per gallon. A specific duty of 40 cents per gallon has been laid on foreign whisky, and an additional duty of 15 cents on brandy, gin, rum, cordials, wine and alcohol, to take effect to-day. The following is the duty on tobacco, to take effect the 1st of July: On cavendish plug, &c., 10 cents; snuff and cut tobacco, 15 cents; cigars, lowest, $2; highest, $5 per thousand. A stamp duty of 3 cents per $100 has been imposed on notes, and 1 cent on bills of exchange.

GUERRILLAS IN LOUISIANA.—A dispatch from Natchez says: A party of Quantrell's men have been committing depredations on plantations in Louisiana, between Vicksburg and Natchez, opposite Davis' plantation, where negroes were armed. After a skirmish, in which two rebels were killed and eight wounded, they massacred Professor Winchell, lessee, from the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, and thirty of his colored hands. Two days afterward they visited Waterproof, and stripped all the plantations of mules and negroes, carrying off all white men found, and threatening to hang them.

MEMPHIS, May 14.—Advices from Little Rock, of the 12th, report that Steele is confident of maintaining the line of the Arkansas.

Kirby Smith is menacing Pine Bluff in strong force, but the place is well fortified. The Arkansas river is high, and if they can cross they may make trouble on White river and interrupt Steele's communications up that stream.

General Washburne is quite ill, with chills and fevers.

THE ungoilcest charge of Hancock, by which he captured a whole division of Lee's army, and that the "Stonewall" division, was made with the bayonet alone. Our troops advanced through the woods in silence; not a gun was fired; and when at last they rushed to the attack, they did not stop to fire, but charged at once with the bayonet.

GENERAL J. J. BARTLETT, commanding Third Brigade, First Division (Griffin's), Fifth Corps, was not severely wounded and disabled as reported, but was struck on the head and stunned by a piece of the same shell that killed his horse. He soon recovered and has commanded his brigade in every battle since, refusing to be turned to the rear.

KIDNAPPING PUNISHED.—In the Provost Court at Norfolk, Va., Tuesday, Miles S. Wilson, charged with running off a negro and selling him in Richmond, was convicted and sentenced to three years' imprisonment at hard labor. Dr. Joseph E. Reed, charged with aiding and abetting, was convicted and sentenced to one year's hard labor.

THE TORPEDOES IN THE JAMES RIVER.—It is reported that General Butler has succeeded in removing the obstacles from the James river. A chart showing the location of torpedoes was found on a man, who was shot while attempting to explode torpedoes a few nights ago. Butler has used it for an excellent purpose.

IT is encouraging in these days of "Five Twenties" and "Ten Forties", to be reminded that a debt of $127,000,000 owed by our population of only eight millions and a half in 1816, was totally extinguished in eighteen years.

THE General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, Old School, will commence its session at Newark, N. J., on Thursday next; and the New School Assembly, same day, at Dayton, Ohio.

MISS ANNA DICKINSON is not quite so popular as she was. Her attacks on Mr. Lincoln have diminished the desire to hear her.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

TECUMSEH, Michigan, is, or should be, a happy town, for there is not a single place within its limits where intoxicating liquors are publicly sold.

THE principal business portion of Cove Clair, Wisconsin, was destroyed by fire on the 24 inst. Loss $60,000; insurance $15,000.

HENRY CRAIG, inventor of the celebrated Craig microscope, died last week in Cleveland.

TELEGRAMS.

THE SITUATION IN VIRGINIA.

FIGHTING ON SATURDAY EVENING.

More Hard Fighting this Side of the North Anna Expected.

OUR TOTAL CAPTURES ABOUT 12,000.

OUR LOSSES MADE UP BY REINFORCEMENTS.

WASHINGTON, May 15—*Midnight.*—The latest intelligence through unofficial sources up to 1 o'clock yesterday is: That on Saturday evening, just before dusk the rebels made an attack on the position occupied by the 5th corps principally with artillery, but were finally driven back with some loss.

The cannonading was furious for several hours.

We lost a number of valuable officers, and from two hundred to three hundred killed and wounded. After the repulse of the rebels, one division of the 5th corps, made a charge upon the enemy's position, and it is reported they captured a rebel battery and a number of prisoners.

On Saturday night, Lee's forces were believed to be in line of battle, about three miles beyond Spottsylvania Court House, in a South-westerly direction.

Several important changes have been made in the position of our several corps. It would be improper to say what they are. General Grant will bring to bear in the next attack the combined force on all sides. Fresh troops are arriving.

A general assault was to have been made on the enemy's right wing on Saturday morning, but owing to the wretched condition of the roads, which have been rendered almost impassable by the storm, a portion of our army failed to get into position, and the attack had been abandoned in consequence.

My informant says the impression prevailed at headquarters that there would be hard fighting yet this side of the North Anna river. Lee has his forces massed and will give us battle again as soon as we advance. His army, according to statements of prisoners captured yesterday, are living on quarter rations, and without hope of receiving any more from Richmond or Lynchburg. Since the fight of Thursday we have captured about 2,000 more prisoners, making our total captured in the neighborhood 12,000.

NEW YORK, May 16.—A special to the *World*, dated Fredericksburg, May 15, says: No battle was fought on Friday, and but slight skirmishing, which continued during the day and a considerable portion of the night. The enemy has again gradually drawn away a portion of his left to a position nearer his base of supplies, but we are pressing him so closely, that if he were to weaken his front materially, it would be at great risk.

The reconstruction of our lines was determined on Friday night, and before daylight yesterday morning our troops commenced an advance. The rain fell in torrents and mud literally knee deep. Notwithstanding all obstacles and trying work for the past eight days, our men accomplished their advance with cheerful acquiescence and resolution, which entitles them to the highest praise. As it would not be prudent to state with precision the line adopted, it must be sufficient that it was more to the left at the close of the fight on Thursday. At night we not only held the ground we had taken, but also attacked a strong advanced position.

A special to the *World*, dated Washington, May 15th, says: The loss in killed and wounded has almost been made up by reinforcements which have already reached the Army of the Potomac. Troops have been pouring through this city from the West and elsewhere during the last few days of the past week. It is stated that their numbers will not amount to less than 20,000 fresh men.

A special to the *World*, dated Washington, May 15th, says: It was ascertained yesterday afternoon that Lee had not continued his retreat from Spottsylvania Court House, but was apparently making a stand for another battle. Gen. Grant has fresh troops, and if he has found Gen. Lee in his new intrenched line, it is evident if he did not attack him last night he has done so to-day.

Latest from Grant's Army.

NO FIGHTING ON FRIDAY.

Fresh Troops Marching to the Front!

BATTLE ON SATURDAY.

Enemy Repulsed with Heavy Loss.

GRANT'S STRATEGY BEWILDERS LEE!

The Present Position of Our Army.

OUR LOSSES 30,000.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The *Herald's* special, dated at Belle Plain, the 14th inst., says that there was heavy skirmishing, but no fighting on Friday.

Fresh troops are marching to the front daily.

Nine thousand prisoners are now here, and more are expected to-night.

May 15th, 5 M. P.—Yesterday our artillery was opened heavily on the enemy for half an hour.

In the Field, May 14, P. M.—Lee is now on the right bank of the river in front of Spottsylvania Court House, instead of its rear. The enemy made a dash on Wright's 6th army corps and gained a momentary advantage at 4 p. m., but were gallantly repulsed in a few minutes and driven out with considerable loss.

Grant's strategy has thus far bewildered Lee. He has steadily moved his entire army by routing parts of a distance of over fifty feet. His flank was badly cut, and several of his ribs were broken.

On the same evening a man named John Smith left them a train on the road, and was so badly stunned by the fall that he lay under the trestle work all night. On Sunday morning he was discovered and properly cared for. He is not dangerously injured, and will be about as usual in a few days.

A few more lessons in this character *ought* to have a salutary effect upon the people of Saw Mill Run, but judging from the past we fear that nothing but a "pitch off" will cure them.

Death of Maj. Geo. W. McCullough.

We learn that a dispatch was received on Sunday, from Washington, by Mr. Thomas McCullough, announcing the sad intelligence that his son, Major George W. McCullough, of the 63d Pennsylvania Volunteers—General Gregg' old regiment—had been killed in one of the late battles. Major McCullough was promoted from a second to a first lieutenancy on the 23d of June, 1862, and on the 4th of August following to the captaincy of company F. Upon the retirement of Major Ryan, Capt. McCullough received the appointment of Major of the regiment, which position he held at the time of his death. He was a brave and efficient officer, and his death will be deeply lamented by his numerous friends and acquaintances.

Donations to Subsistence Committee.

The Subsistance Committee acknowledge the following contributions received during the past week:

Allegy. Bridge Co	$250	Cash	$100
Monong " "	250	Thos S. [illegible]	100
Birmg " "	100	Jas Bennett & Son	100
Dollar Svgs Bank	125	[illegible]	100
J H Shoenberger,	200	Minick & Co	100
R Westervelt	50	Hays & Stewart	50
Mrs E E Brading,	50	Harbaugh & Co	50
W B Peavy	50	H. Sproul	20
Jno Patterson	25	B. A. George	10
Militia Pay	21	Cash Donations	91

WAR TELEGRAM MARKING MAP.—This is a map on a very large scale, of the seat of War in East Virginia—comprehending nearly the entire State from the mountains to the seaboard, and including also those counties of Maryland lying near the Virginia line. The large scale of the map renders it easy to mark from time to time the position of the contending armies, hence the name "*War Telegram Marking Map.*" It is for sale by J. P. Hunt, Masonic Hall, Fifth street, and by W. A. Gildenfenney, 45 Fifth street, near Wood. Price, 25 cents.

FOUND DEAD.—An aged colored man named Nathaniel Allen was found dead this morning at the corner of Seventh and Webster streets. He had been drinking for some days, and is supposed to have died from the effects of intemperance and exposure.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

General Conference of the M. E. Church.

ELEVENTH DAY.

Rev. Bishop Morris in the chair. Devotional services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Kingsley. The Committee on Itinerancy made report No. 4, in which they report against any change in the office of Presiding Elder, but recommend the appointment of the very best men to that office. They also recommend the new *Church Record*, published at New York. Item No. 1 being under consideration Rev. Col. Moody made a characteristic speech against the appointment of Presiding Elders by the Bishop, and was in favor of their election by the Annual Conference.

The item read as follows:

"The committee have patiently considered the matters referred to them with regard to the office of Presiding Elder, especially the petitions for a change in the mode of their appointment, and are of the opinion that no change as yet proposed can be beneficial to the church.

"The office appears to be an indispensible part of our system, and it may be that the true and only remedy for whatever of disorder exists, in some localities may have gathered about it, is to increase its efficiency and thereby convince the church of its value. We therefore recommend for adoption the following, viz: "*Resolved*, That the good of the church requires the appointment of men of deep piety, of large enterprise, of the best gifts, and of acknowledged efficiency, to the office of Presiding Elder, and the special attention of the bishops is respectfully called to this subject."

Rev. Dr. Hatfield, of New York, made an eloquent speech against the report. He spoke the most fearless and independent manner he exposed the faults and foibles of the Presiding Elders, and the friction of that system.

Rev. Mr. Gardiner, of Detroit offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the Presiding Elders be elected by ballot by the Annual Conference without debate, after being nominated by the Presiding Bishop."

Rev. Dr. Tippett of East Baltimore, advocated the old style of appointing Presiding Elders.

Rev. Mr. Smart, of Detroit, answered the objection that the election of Presiding Elders would give rise to electioneering. He would submit that there is electioneering now in the Annual Conference of a very offensive kind, and in the name of reason is there anything more reasonable than for the ministers to say who shall be the advisers of the bishop in the making of the appointments for the pastors.

Rev. Mr. Lynch moved to lay the substitute upon the table. The ayes and noes were called for, which resulted in 122 in favor of laying upon the table to 72 against. It will be remembered that 52 Delegates in the body are Presiding Elders.

A motion was made to strike out the latter part of the report in reference to the kind of men to be appointed to that office, which motion was laid upon the table.

Rev. Mr. Pearne, of Oregon, was opposed to the report, because it contained a reflection upon the appointments heretofore made. Discipline be amended so as to allow the Bishop to appoint Presiding Elders, subject to the confirmation of the Annual Conference.

An amendment to this was offered that the Bishop, in connection with a Council to be selected by the Conference, nominate and appoint the Presiding Elders.

A motion was made that the whole subject be indefinitely postponed, 47 voting for postponement and 127 against it.

The subject was finally disposed of by laying it on the table for the present.

The Committee on Book Concern reported among other things that it is inexpedient to establish a Church paper in the city of Philadelphia. The report was adopted.

The Committee on the State of the Country made short report No 2, containing the address to the President of the United States, with the congratulations of the body to him, and the assurances of the sympathy of the church with the Government, and prayer to put down the present wicked rebellion.

Bishop Ames and Revs. Dr. Cummings, Dr. C. Peck, Dr. C. Elliott, Rev. Col. Moody, were nominated by the Committee to carry this address to the President.

After the reading of the address it was adopted, and the Delegation above named were appointed.

The Committee on Missions made a report, but as it contained no items of general interest we forbear to make any lengthy report of its contents.

Various papers were received and referred.

The Committee adjourned with the doxology and the benediction from the Rev. Dr. Griswold, of New York.

VISIT TO INDEPENDENCE HALL.

At noon the Conference in a body visited the Hall of Independence. Mr. Lynd, President of Select Council, introduced the body to Mayor Henry, who made a felicitous address. Bishop Simpson replied; and at the conclusion Rev. Mr. Moody proposed as a fitting finale to the delightful associations of the hour that they should unite in singing the grand old doxology, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," &c., which was heartily responded to, and never perhaps before did that noble old hall resound with more powerful or impressive tones than those that went up in praises to God.

A Chapter of Accidents.

The people residing in the valley of Saw Mill Run, notwithstanding the great risk to life and limb, still continue the practice of jumping on the coal trains running over the Little Saw Mill Run Railway. On Saturday no less than three accidents (one of them fatal) resulted from this reckless habit.

An old man named Richards, aged about seventy years, and residing at "The Mines," got upon an empty train, and while passing over "Wildcrapes" trestle work he fell off, sustaining injuries which caused his death on Sunday evening.

Between four and five o'clock, Saturday evening, Abel Enscoe, while riding on a train on the same road, undertook to step from one car to another, just as the train was on the high trestle work at the crossing of the plank road in Temperanceville, when he found himself falling a distance of over fifty feet. His fall was badly cut, and several of his ribs were broken.

On the same evening a man named John Smith left them a train on the road, and was so badly stunned by the fall that he lay under the trestle work all night. On Sunday morning he was discovered and properly cared for. He is not dangerously injured, and will be about as usual in a few days.

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MR. W. A. GILDENFENNEY, 45 Fifth street, near Wood, has received the June number of "The Lady's Friend," a new and promising monthly, edited by Mrs. Henry Peterson, devoted to subjects specially interesting to ladies, as the title implies. It contains the usual fashion plates, etc., etc.

Casualties in the 155th Regiment.

The following is a list of the killed, wounded and missing in the 155th Regiment, Col. Pearson, from the 5th to the 10th of May, inclusive:

KILLED.

Captain E. E. Clapp, Co. F.
First Sergeant Thomas J. Wood, B.
Abner J. Adams, C.
Anthony Traher, C.
John Griffith, H.
Peter Lewis, H.
Lieut. Charles C. Johnson, A.
Sergeant Joseph Shawhan, C.
Marion Hartley, C.
John Miller, G.
H. S. Hornish, H.
Amos Boley, I.

MISSING, (SUPPOSED KILLED.)

Sergeant Henry B. Campbell, B.
Sergeant J. J. Irwin, H.

SUPPOSED TAKEN PRISONERS.

C—A. Jennison, C. Till.
E—Jacob Friend, John Hunter, D. K. Haught.
G—Isaac Toman.

WOUNDED.

A—Capt. John C Stewart; Lieut E P Johnson, arm amputated; Sergt W H Justice, foot; Corp Frank Gillmore, leg; Thos Belt, head and side; Robert Martin, slightly; George H West, head; Geo Sharp, head; Stanley Lafferty, hand; Noah Pyock, head.

B—Wm Whitcsell, hand; Ferdinand Dietch, leg; Michael Nelson, both legs; Chas McMahon, back; Pat Lyons, knee.

C—Corp Philip A Drain, breast; Wm Coulter, knee; Philip Donahue, shoulder; Chas A Stevens, knee; Matthew Donavan, wrist; John Dale, head; J Webb; R McGowan; F Misklin; Jos Bowers, foot.

D—Corp Jas Fawcett; side; Corp Rofs, leg; Jas Finnegan, hand; Edward Hilsdeo, arm; James Murphy, abdomen; J Kroesen, leg, slightly.

E—Sergt R Thompson, wrist; Corp W Lountsbenger, hip; Corp Michael Lemon, neck; Wm Marshall, face, slight; Jackson Mersiman, shoulder; R B Theskield, back; D K Horner, slight; James O'Neil, flesh wound; Corp W J White, hand.

F—Sergeant Frank Ma tin, both legs; Corp John Mackin, arm; Samuel Hill, hand; Sam'l Mayes, leg; John M Miller; Jacob Lunsberger, shoulder.

G—Jas Taylor, slight; Geo Swab, slight; Sergt W F Colner, slight; E W Stoughenhaup, slight; Corp Paul Mahl, thigh; Ferdinand Eneman, shoulder; H J Hummell, left leg amputated; Jacob Vogel, hand and hip; Corp Jas L Black, hand; Jas Bish; John Edinger; J Gordon, right arm; Jeremiah Reighner.

H—Isaac Fox, below knee; J Q A Riley, hand; John Keler, elbow; Joseph Rankin, shoulder; E H Meeker; Solomon Kous, head.

I—John McGary, foot; Leander William son, arm; R Hunter, foot; S Culbert, side and hand.

K—John Pettigrew, arm and leg; John Adams, leg; Corp Aug Schmuch, hand; W F Kline, breast; David Z Wolf, face; W H Reesman, hand; —— Barrett, hand; D L M-Cloky, shoulder; Wm W Wells, leg; Jno C Russell, hand.

A Call for Hundred Day Men.

Capt. J. M. Knap has been authorized by the Secretary of War to organize a battalion of Hundred Day Men, for the artillery service, to do duty in the vicinity of Washington. That excellent organization, Pittsburgh Battery A, is from its ranks the offspring of the company, and the others will no doubt be filled up in a day or two. Four companies have been authorized, and Capt. Knap has already opened an office in the third story of Wilkins Hall. We anticipate a prompt response to this call. Let our patriotic men here follow the noble example set them by the "Buckeye Boys," thousands of whom are already in the field. The men will be regularly mustered into the service, and will be armed and equipped by the government.

Wounded in the 102d Regiment

The following additional names of wounded in the 102d Regiment have been received: W R Weaver, H, in head; Thompson McKinney, H; David Dougherty, H; John Cotterback, H; Sergt M T Downinville, H; Sergt R John son, A; Corporal A M Blair, A; John Z Pritchard, B; Wm M Hafrey, G; Dan Maguire, A; Alex Cramer, H; G W Lister, H; D B White, A; S Grierwell; J W Morton; J S Nelson, M; D K Morgan, E; A M Reed, B; John Miller, C; F P Harper, C; G W Harburg, L; W H Dungan, L; Jas Maguire, A; S M Duval, E; Isaac Kaylor, H; John Latner, G.

WOUNDED OF THE "BUCKTAILS."—From a private letter from Spottsylvania, May 11th, we learn the following casualties, in the recent battles in Virginia, occurred in Company D, 149th Pennsylvania regiment, (Bucktails,) Col. Roy Stone: Capt. J. F. Slagle, shot in the face, wound, not dangerous; Lieutenant Wm. Dalgleish, in hip and thigh, serious; Serg't. Frank Dorrington, chest, serious; Corporal Andrew Johnston, chest, serious, Corporal David Phillips, head, serious, Corporal Henry Ristavine, arm, doing well; private James Walls, foot; Henry Wallace, of Squirrel Hill, killed. These casualties occurred on the 10th, while the regiment was charging on the rebel works.

NEW CASTLE, May 11, 1864.

Editors Gazette:—In the local department of your paper of yesterday, I am noticed as leading off, or heading the list of contributions by the citizens of this county to the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair, with a subscription of $1,000.

This is an error. To the Messrs. Phillips, (J. N. and Charles) belongs the credit of leading the subscriptions with a contribution of $1,000. And what adds to the character of this consribution, is the fact that at the time of making it they gave another $1,000 to the Christian Commission.

Please make this correction and oblige, Yours, &c., B. B. McCOMB.

LATE PAPERS, MAGAZINES, NOVELETTES, ETC.—J. P. Hunt, Masonic Hall, Fifth street, and J. T. Sample, 88 Federal street, Allegheny, have for sale "*The Lady's Friend*," for June, containing engravings and woodcut illustrations, and all the other attractions of such publications; also, "The Novelettes," No. 94, containing the story, complete, of "Adeline Dermond, the spy of Newbern—a Story of the War," by Darius Cobb; also, "The Waverly Magazine;" "The American Flag," and "The Flag of Our Union," for May 28, etc.

"OLD CURIOSITY SHOP."—Hon. James L. Graham and Colonel Alexander Hiland, who have been on a mission to Harrisburg and Washington, in behalf of the Committee on "Old Curiosity Shop, Military Trophies and Relics," have returned; they report quite gratifying success. Adjutant General Russell, General Moorhead, and other gentlemen, are co-operating with our committees, and the articles already promised will make a very interesting collection of relics and trophies.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer.....H. OVERINGTON

Eighth night of the popular actress, ETTIE HENDERSON. THIS EVENING,
Will be presented, for the first time, the new four act domestic play, written expressly for Ettie Henderson, entitled,

LENA, THE STREET SINGER.

Lena, with songs.....Ettie Henderson.
Edgar, Earl of Weston.....C. Loveday.
Lieut Ellinger.....G S Kanoe.
Marquis.....F. Chippendale.
Anthony.....C. Wilkinson.
Cleopatra.....Lillie Marden.

To conclude with
YOUNG AMERICA

John James.....C. Wilkinson.
Mrs. Dashalong.....Fannie Burt.

MASONIC HALL.

NET RECEIPTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SANITARY FAIR, ONE WEEK.

CAPTAIN WILLIAMS'

Wonderful Scenes and Wild Adventures in the Life of an American Whaleman.

EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON—Admission to all parts of the house, 25 cents. Children 15 cents.
my 6

GRAND CONCERT,

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

R. B. ROBERTSON,

IN THE SECOND U. P. CHURCH, ALLEY,

Thursday Evening, May 19th.

A number of particle DUETTS, QUARTETTES, &c., will be sung from the "Eagle Call."

Several accomplished Vocalists, of known ability, and OVER FORTY SELECT SINGERS, will appear.

ADMISSION.....25 CENTS.

Tickets for sale at the Book Store of Mrs. Spratt, Allegheny City.

The Piano is furnished by C. C. Meller.

Doors open at 7½. Concert commencing at 8 o'clock.
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WAIT FOR THE REAL SHOW.

GARDNER, HEMMINGS & CO.'S

AMERICAN CIRCUS,

And Troupe of Arabs,

WILL EXHIBIT ON THE

RED LION LOT, Pittsburgh,

ON

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY,

MAY 23d, 24th and 25th.

The Initial Entertainment will be given on MONDAY EVENING May 23d. Doors open at 7 o'clock p. m., and on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, May 24th and 25th, there will be

Two Grand Performances,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock, performance to commence half an hour later.

Admission.....25 cents.
Reserved seats.....50 cents.

The entertainment will be of the most chaste and elegant character, and will consist of every variety act.

EQUESTRIAN AND GYMNASTIC ENTERTAINMENTS,

In which the ARAB TROUPE, and also over 20 European and American Stars will participate, stamp by the most antitic stud of Horses and Ponies in the world.

The Magnificent Golden Chariot will lead the GRAND PROCESSION, which will pass through the principal streets on Monday morning, May 23.

Don't forget the days and dates.

my14:7t W. H. GARDNER, Agent.

AUCTION SALES.

CITY GROUND RENTS.—On TUESDAY MORNING, May 19th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, by order of Orphans' all the following ground rents on property in the city of Pittsburgh.

1. A ground rent of $120 per annum, on property beginning on corner of Market and Fifth streets, and running north-easterly along Market street 18 feet, 8 inches, and extending back in equal width to Liberty street.

2. A Ground Rent of $.00 per annum on property adjoining the above, being 36 feet on Market street, and extending same width to Liberty street.

3. A ground rent of $200 per annum on the two following lots together, viz: one lot on Market street, beginning 20 feet 8 inches north-eastwardly from Fourth street, thence along Market street 21 feet 4 inches, by 70 feet deep. And one lot on Fourth st., beginning 120 feet below Market street, being 20 feet on Fourth street, by 54 feet deep.

4. A ground rent of $140 per annum on property beginning on the corner of Decatur street, (Jail alley,) and extending up Fourth street, 30 feet, by 54 feet deep.

Terms of Sale, Cash, U. S. Legal Tender.

For further particulars enquire of D. W. & A. S. Bell, Esqs., 144 Fourth street.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

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AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.

WAR DEPARTMENT, CAVALRY BUREAU, Office of Chief quartermaster, Washington, D. C., April 25th, 1864.

Will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the times and places named below, viz:

Newport, Penna, Thursday, May 5th;
Gettysburg, Penna, Monday, May 9th;
Altoona, Penna, Thursday, May 12th;
Mifflin Penna, Thursday, May 19th;
Reading, Penna, Thursday, May 26th;
Lebanon, Penna, Thursday, June 2d;
Northumberland, Penna, Thursday, June 9th;
Scranton, Penna, Thursday, June 16th;
Williamsport, Penna, Thursday, June 23d;

One hundred (100) horses at Gettysburg, and two hundred and fifty (250) at each of the other places.

These horses have been condemned as unfit for the cavalry service of the United States Army.

For road and farm purposes many good bargains may be had.

Horses will be sold singly.

Sales begin at 10 A., and continue daily till all are sold.

Terms: CASH, in United States Treasury notes only.

Lieut. Col. and C. Q. M. Cavalry Bureau.

ap26:tjy29

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS,

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, Washington, April 16, 1864.

AUCTION—Will be sold on Wednesday, the 18th day of May, at the Railroad Depot in Alexandria, Virginia:

500 tons of Old Railroad Iron;
140 tons of Old Car Ax