Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING:::::APRIL 7, 1864.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

OFFICIAL PAPER.

Sanitary Fair Bulletin.

Headquarters of the Executive Committee 86 Water street, where the Secretary, W. D. McGowan, will be found at all times, and the Chairman every afternoon until the opening of the Fair.

Headquarters of Ladies' Committee at the Sanitary rooms, Burke's building, Fourth street.

Printing required by the sub-committees will be ordered by the Secretary of the Executive Committee.

Circulars and Blanks will be found at the Executive Committee rooms

The Latest Passenger Railway Project.

The following are the main provisions of the bill for the incorporation of the Pittsburgh Allegheny & New Troy Passenger Railway Company, to which reference was made in our columns a few days ago. The corporators named are H. Brady Willkins, John M. Tiernan, Robert S. Hays, James Parks, Jr., A. S. Bell, James Leech, J. S. Brown and David Borland, and they are authorized to open books for subscriptions to the capital stock of a company, to be known by the above name, and to have power to build a railway along either or both of the following routes, to wit: Along Wood street from its intersection with Water street to Liberty street; thence along Liberty street to Hand street; thence along Hand street and the Hand street bridge to Anderson street, in the city of Allegheny; thence along Anderson street to Cedar Avenue; thence along Cedar avenue to Liberty street; thence along Liberty street to Chestnut street; thence along Chestnut street to the Spring Garden Plank Road; thence along the Spring Garden Plank Road to the end of said road; or, commencing at the intersection of Wood and Water streets as before; and moving along the Hand street bridge to Anderson street, in the city of Allegheny; thence along Anderson to Robinson; thence along Robinson street to Hope street; thence along Hope street to either Lacock or Water street; thence along either Lacock or Water street to East Lane; thence along East Lane to Chestnut street; thence along Chestnut to the Spring Garden Plank Road; thence along Spring Garden Plank Road to the end of said road.

The capital stock is fixed at 2,000 shares, of $50 each, and power is given the company to raise not more than one-half of this amount by mortgages on their road. The bill also provides that when the people of Allegheny county shall proceed to build a free bridge across the Allegheny river at any point between the Allegheny and Hand street bridges, the said railway company shall have authority to subscribe one-half the cost of said bridge: Provided the sum so paid by said railway company shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars, said payments to be made in first mortgage bonds of said company, secured as aforesaid, towards the cost of the construction of said bridge: Provided, that the said railway company have the exclusive right and authority to use the said bridge for passenger railway purposes, and to connect with and lay their track thereon.

Power is given Councils to establish such regulations in regard to said railway as may be required. The fare is fixed at five cents for each passenger, and the work must be commenced within six months from the organization of the company.

The Courts.

(Reported Exclusively for the Gazette.)

DISTRICT COURT.—Yesterday this Court disposed of the following cases:

22 John Fielding vs Oakland Railway Co., verdict for Plaintiff, $3000.
42 R. W. McClintic vs W. McClintic, et al. On trial.

LIST FOR THURSDAY.

56 J. B. Morgan vs T. F. Negley.
19 Commonwealth vs John McCurdy.
77 Same Plaintiff vs A. Kirkwood.
7 Commonwealth for use of G. Head et al vs J. McD. Glenn et al.
2 Commonwealth for use of Robt. Robb vs J. McD. Glenn et al.
41 E. McGinnis vs Pittsburgh & Steubenville R. R. Co.
52 H. Lake and wife vs Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Co.
63 J. J. Dell and wife vs Alex Trich.

COMMON PLEAS.—The Court disposed of the following cases yesterday:

10 J. A. Foy and wife vs J. Aldersun and wife. Continued.
18 N. A. Oil Co. vs W. C. Tileson. Continued.
20 H. Grimes vs John Shaw. Verdict for defendant.
29 Patrick Conner vs Wm Smith. Verdict for Plaintiff, $85.
23 J. Longstaff and wife vs John Gamroth. On trial.
37 S. Gamble vs Thos. Collins. Continued.
54 W. Discomb vs W. Hannum. Referred.
69 F. O. Wolgand and wife vs F. Wilbert. Continued.

LIST FOR THURSDAY.

25 J. Holton and wife vs M. Saunders.
20 E. W. Hayes for use vs R. P. Gordon.
27 Alex Moffitt vs J. M. Bailey.
28 M. A. Bickar vs L. West.
29 John Crawford for use vs T. R. Chester's garnishees.
30 A. Happe vs M. Helfing.
38 F. Briggs vs Wm. Rodgers.
68 Miller & Mohn vs W. Hagenmyer.
39 Jacob Myers vs Jacob Pford.
40 Foulkeiny & Mool vs Dilworth & Ewing.
42 K. Marshall vs James McKain.
43 Nelson Gavit vs J. M. Perkins & Co.

Personal.

Pennsylvania on Sunday last lost two of her most eminent citizens. One was the Honorable John Banks, some years since a member of Congress, subsequently the President Judge of the Dorks County Courts, and since that time an eminent lawyer of that county. His fame as a lawyer was not confined to his district in which he practiced, and hundreds of friends throughout the State will read with sorrow the notice of his decease. The other, Mr. Edward M. Lytle, departed this life at his residence in this city. An uncle of the brave General William H. Lytle, who fell at Chickamaugs, he was endowed with all the noble traits which marked that hero. In the western part of Pennsylvania and in Ohio, where from longer residence he had become better known, the tidings of his decease will be received with poignant grief.—*Phila. Bulletin*

Court of Quarter Sessions.

The following cases were disposed of yesterday afternoon before Judges Sterrett and Brown:

William Deary, of Allegheny city, plead guilty to a charge of selling liquor without license, and was sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars and costs.

Adam Shimp, of West Manchester, was arraigned on a charge of assault and battery, on oath of his sister, but was acquitted by reason of insanity.

John Kerson was indicted for passing a counterfeit two dollar bill, on oath and information of Wm. Marsh. A verdict of guilty was rendered. A motion for a new trial was made by his counsel.

Wm. Redgate was tried on a charge of larceny, but was acquitted.

An Elegant Entertainment.

It is announced elsewhere that the pupils of the Pittsburgh Female College will give an entertainment, on Friday evening, the 8th inst., in the College Hall, under the direction of the President, Dr. Pershing, for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission. The very creditable manner in which the exhibitions of this College have always been gotten up, and the unusual efforts which will doubtless be made on this occasion, render it certain that the entertainment will be of the most pleasing and acceptable character. A good round sum will doubtless be realized for the Sanitary Commission.

Has no Taste of Medicines.

BRYANT'S TASTELESS VERMIFUGE.

To quiet
The riot
Of worms—the vile scourge,
The Vermifugestire,
And, secure as you live,
They'll get their discharges.

What is BRYANT'S VERMIFUGE? Simply a pure and tasteless Vegetable Curative. No child can be harmed by it, no worm can survive it, no mother should be without it, no words can express its value. 25 cents. For sale at Keyser's, 140 Wood street.

FIRE.—Last evening, about six o'clock, fire was discovered in the second story of a small frame tenement, No. 210 Liberty street, opposite Hare's Hotel. This and the adjoining building, No. 212, were somewhat injured by fire and water, but they can be repaired at little expense. The buildings belong to Mr. Hays, tanner. We did not learn the origin of the fire. The prompt arrival of the fire engines prevented the destruction of much valuable property.

THEATRE.—This evening will be performed the fine old comedy of "Wild Oats," with Mr. Adams in the role of "Rover." This will give all an opportunity of judging of the great versatility of the young actor, which is described as unequalled. To morrow will be performed Mr. Adams' new tragedy entitled "The Heretic," being the first representation of the piece in Pittsburgh.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Minerva, Wheeling.	Major Anderson, Cincinnati.
Colossus, Cincinnati,	J. H. Gillmore, Nashville.

DEPARTURES.

Nevada, St Louis,	Minerva, Wheeling.
Echo No 2, Oil City,	Cottage No 2, Oil City.

The river was about stationary last evening at this point, with twelve feet in the channel. The weather continues cloudy and unsettled, with every appearance of more rain.

Business was quite active at the wharf yesterday, and with improved receipts; there was apparently an improvement in the shipments.

The arrivals since Tuesday include the Minerva from Wheeling; Major Anderson, and Colossus, from Cincinnati, and J. H. Gilmore, from Nashville. The Kate Robinson from Cincinnati, and the Argonaut from St. Louis, are the next boats due, and the former boat will no doubt be found at the wharf this morning.

The Nevada cleared for St. Louis last evening with a fair trip, including quite a number of passengers. The Alpha will leave for Cincinnati at an early hour this morning.

Capt. M. A. Cox, late of the steamer Colossus, passed through the city yesterday for Brownsville, Capt. George W. Neaio, after a long absence, is again in the city.

The Starlight and Sallie List were both advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

To Mr. Wherry, the gentlemanly clerk of the Kate Robinson, we are indebted for the manifest.

The Allegheny river packets, Echo and Cottage, left for Oil City last evening, with fair trips.

The popular and commodious Paragon, Capt. G. Donnelly, will positively leave for St. Louis and the Missouri River this evening. Messrs. McConnell F. J. Connelly are associated together in the office.

The next and staunch Colossus, Captain Skinkle, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville, leaving on Friday.

The Camella, Capt. Lytle, is filling up, and will be ready to leave for Nashville on Friday.

The popular steamer Kenton, Capt. J. H. Dunlap, is filling up rapidly for St. Louis, and will be ready to leave this evening or to-morrow morning.

The splendid and popular Major Anderson, Capt. C. A. Dravo, is announced to leave for Cincinnati on Friday at noon. She has excellent accommodations for passengers, and plenty of room for freight. Capt. Andy Robinson still retains charge of the office.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attention of our readers is directed to the brilliant assortment of Spring and Summer Goods just received by our friend Mr. John Weier, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock comprises a great variety of Fancy French, English, Scotch and American Cassimeres and Cloths, and fine Silk and Cassimere Vestings,—all of which will be made up to order in the latest styles and in the best manner. A choice selection of Furnishing Goods also on hand and for sale, together with a full stock of Ready Made Clothing, well and fashionably made.

DEATHS IN THE U. S. GENERAL HOSPITAL.—The following named soldiers have died in the Hospital since our last report:

April 2d, Robert Lowrey, Ringgold Cavalry, Washington Co.

April 4th, Jonathan M. Weeks, 2d Pa. Cavalry, Crawford Co.

April 6th, Christopher Core, 2d Pa. Heavy Artillery, Fayette Co. John B. Jamison, 105d Pa., Butler Co.

MR. J. P. HENT, Masonic Hall, Fifth street, has received "Norma Danton; or, The Children of the Lighthouse. A Tale of City Life. By Emily Pierpont De Lesdernier. This story contains eighty-seven closely printed pages, and forms the 3d number of "Dawley's Camp and Fireside Library."

SECOND WARD—BOUNTY MEETING.—The enrolled subscribers to the Bounty fund of the 2d ward, Pittsburgh, are earnestly requested to attend a meeting, at the School House, this (Thursday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. The business is of vital importance to every enrolled man.

LEWIS SMITH, while working in the mines of the Westmoreland Coal Company, near Larimer's Station, a few days ago, had his leg crushed so badly by the falling of a portion of the roof, that amputation became necessary.

MASONIC HALL.—The Bohemian troupe of Glassblowers are drawing large audiences nightly. The exhibition is a novel one, and combines instruction with amusement. The glass blown engine is one of the greatest wonders of the day.

RECOVERING.—Thomas Hays, who was stabbed by Jacob Taylor, on Sunday last, at the Lanahan House, on Penn street, is recovering slowly. His physician states that he will probably recover.

MELANCHOLY BEREAVEMENT.—O. A. Traugh, Esq., editor of the Hollidaysburg *Democratic Standard*, has lost two young and interesting daughters within a period of one week.

CANDIDATES.

FOR CORONER.—ALEX. AIKEN will be a candidate for the office of Coroner subject to the decision of the Republican Union County Convention. mh16dawtc

FOR CORONER.—SOLOMON SALA, of Birmingham, will be a candidate for Coroner, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. mh9dawtc

FOR CORONER.—M. B. HARTZELL, of Birmingham, will be a candidate for Coroner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh8dawtc

FOR CORONER.—JOHN MCCLURG, of the First Ward, Allegheny, will be a candidate for Coroner of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Union Convention. fs4dtc

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—GEO. FINLEY will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ja28tc

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—JACOB H. WALTER, of the Sixth Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ja25tc

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—D. C. HOGE will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ja20tc

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—THOS. DEVEN will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. s18tc

FOR PROTHONOTARY.—GEO. R. RIDDLE will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Convention. fs10dawtc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—DAVID COLLINS, of Penn township, will be a candidate for the office, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh16dawtc

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—JOHN HOUSER, of Wilkins township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh8dawtc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—ARCHIBALD FELLOW, of East Deer township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. fs10dawtc

WHEELER & WILSON'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES.

THE CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST AND BEST.

Principal Office and Wholesale Emporium,

No. 27 FIFTH ST.,

Three doors below Bank Block.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

fs25 SEAWF WESTERN AGENTS.

PATTERSON & BROS.,

Dealers in

Youghiogheny Coal and Nut Coal.

Orders left at the Office, on DARRAGH STREET, next Bradley's Woolen Factory, Allegheny City, promptly attended to.

Western orders promptly filled.

mh10:2wdtf

SYRUP.—550 bbls. Syrup, of the following brands: Johnston & Lemmon, Havemeyer & Elder, Booth & Moser, Greer, Turner & Co., Hudson River, Camp, Brunjes & Shirry, Bevirand's Honey, for sale by LITTLE & ZIEBELE,

mh9 Nos. 112 and 114 Second street.

WALL PAPER.—Moving and cleaning time is now at hand; beautify your houses by papering them, for which call and see, from the elegant Gold Embossed, Silk Inlaid and Velvet Parlor Papers to the cheapest article in the market, at No. 107 Market street, near High.

mh29 JOS. E. SUGHES.

DUCK CREEK LUBRICATING OIL.—150 bbls. prime Duck Creek Lubricating Oil, warranted to be free from grit or sediment, and equal to any lubricator in the market, for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON,

mh29 69 and 70 Water street.

OIL BARRELS, for Crude and Refined Oil, new and second-hand, on hand and for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON,

mh29 69 and 70 Water street.

BUTTER AND EGGS.—Receiving daily per express, fresh Roll Butter and Eggs, in [illegible]

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of Diamond and Grant sts. Refers to Rev. Dr. A. Telfoch, Dr. Halsey, Theodore Robbins, Esqs. Ecroth.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, April 6th, 1864.

ADDRESS OF GEORGE THOMPSON THE ENGLISH ABOLITIONIST.

By all odds the most intensely radical affair of these radical times was the great meeting in the hall of the House to-night in honor of George Thompson, the English abolitionist. The hall and galleries were filled. The President, Secretary Chase, the Vice President, and a large number of Senators and Representatives were present.

The address was from the English abolition stand point. He declared the total extinction of slavery as the only possible end of the war and that no compromise was possible. He spoke of the rebel government as the organized banditti of men-stealers at Richmond. He recited the most radical portion of Lincoln's early speeches, including that in which he declared this government couldn't last half slave and half free. He eulogized the emancipation proclamation, and said that if he lived up to these early radical speeches and proclamation his name would go down to posterity, linked with that of Washington, the one as the father, the other as the regenerator of his country. He bore the words of cheer and congratulation of his friends in England to those whom they regarded as true men in this country, foremost among whom stood the President, Chase, Sumner, Greeley, Garrison and Wendell Phillips. Every one of these names was applauded to the very echo. The mention of John Brown's name drew down thunders of applause. When the speech was over the first man to congratulate the speaker was Reverdy Johnston, of Maryland, after whom followed all the distinguished men present. Before commencing his speech, Mr. Thomson drew attention to a resolution introduced by Morris, of Ohio, proposing to rescind the resolution granting him the Hall, on the ground that in 1834 he had written a letter declaring that the dissolution of the Union was one object to be kept steadily in view. He read the letter he had at once addressed to Morris, contradicting the statement and calling for authority, and said that up to the moment he had received no reply. Just then a letter from Morris was handed him referring to the speech of Sherrard Clemens, of Alabama, in the Congressional *Globe*, as authority. Thompson read this, then denied that he had ever written anything of the sort, and defied anybody to produce it. He wound up by saying that he had never written on any subject to anybody in any slave State. The audience cheered immensely, and Thompson came off with flying colors. Morris was present, together with a large number of other democrats, expecting Thompson's discomfiture.

JAY COOKE & CO.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a letter in answer to the House resolution inquiring into the service and compensation of Jay Cooke, says that one hundred and forty-eight agents were appointed for the sale of the seven-twenty notes, of whom Jay Cooke was one. They obtained subscriptions to the amount of twenty-four millions six hundred and seventy-eight thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars, of which Jay Cooke obtained five millions two hundred and twenty-four thousand and fifty dollars, or more than one fifth of the whole, for which he received one-for the first hundred thousand and one-eighth for the remainder. He was also paid one hundred and fifty dollars for advertising, though he showed vouchers for disbursements for advertising of three thousand and forty-one dollars. On the sale of five-twenty bonds the Assistant Treasurer designated depositaries, and special agents were employed with small success, and it was ascertained that negotiations could not be conducted, for the demand was at rates higher than ninety-seven or ninety-eight cents, involving the loss of ten to fifteen million of dollars. Cooke was then selected General Agent for his responsibility, integrity and successful services in negotiating the first loan, and allowed one-half per cent. on the first ten millions, and three-eighths on further subscriptions, but the Assistant Treasurer and several depositaries were still employed. He employed about twenty-five thousand sub-agents, for whom he was responsible, and secured subscriptions to the amount of three hundred and sixty-one millions nine hundred and fifty-two thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars, without which our army and navy and creditors to the government could not have been paid. The entire compensation amounted to one million three hundred and fifty thousand and thirteen dollars, of which four hundred and thirty-five thousand seven hundred dollars was paid to the General Agent. Commissions to purchasers for the sale by the Assistant Treasurer amounted to one hundred and twenty-two thousand one hundred and ninety dollars, making the entire cost of the loan one million four hundred and seventy-two thousand two hundred and three dollars, at a cost less than three-tenths of one per cent., or eighteen days, interest on the whole amount. The Secretary concludes that these services could not have been so successfully performed, nor indeed performed at all, by the Treasury Department. This report will be apt to silence the senseless clamors which have been raised about the agency of this banker in advertising the five-twenty loan, when it is added that the stories of his being a relative of Secretary Chase are utterly false. The malignant nature of these clamorers is fully discussed.

ORGANIZATION OF GEN. GRANT'S STAFF.

The following is the latest organization of Lieut. Gen. Grant's staff: Brig. Gen. Jno. A. Rawlins, Chief of Staff; Lieut. Col. C. B. Comstock, Senior Aid-de-Camp; Lt. Col. O. E. Babcock, Aid de-Camp; Lieut. Col. W. L. Duff, Assistant Inspector General; Lieut. Col. W. R. Rowley and Lieut. Col. Adam Badeau, Military Secretaries; Captain E. S. Parker, Assistant Adjutant General; Capt. George K. Leet, Assistant Adjutant General; Lieut. W. H. Dunn, Jr., Acting Aid-de-Camp; Capt. H. W. Janes, Staff Quartermaster.

THE NATIONAL BANK BILL.

The National Bank Bill was amended to death to-day by its enemies. The Democrats, aided by a few Administration men, succeeded in knocking the teeth out, and its friends then killed it. The latter amendments, State taxation, State control of rates of interest, etc., amounted to destroying the system of National Banks and resolving them into State banks in a new form. Other amendments were scarcely less objectionable. A new bill will probably be brought in before long.

GEN. THOS. F. King,

Of Ohio, is dangerously ill.

THE TAX BILL.

The Ways and Means Committee won't report the tax bill before next Monday.

GEN. FREMONT.

It is rumored to-day that the President, failing to get other unemployed Major Generals to take it, has offered the command of the California Department to Gen. Fremont.

JOHN M. JULIAN'S

Friends are congratulating him to-day on being renominated to Congress from the Richmond, Indiana, District, by a large majority.

TRANSFERS TO THE NAVY.

The law approved in February, authorizing transfers from the ranks of the army to fill up the navy, has been found inoperative, through defects in its provisions, and a bill was introduced, to-day, for its repeal. Army officers do not seek to deplete their commands by facilitating such transfers, or removing difficulties in their way.

CABINET OFFICERS.

Mr. Pendleton's bill for bringing Cabinet members on the floor of the House, secured a majority of the Committee to which it was referred, including several influential Administration leaders in its favor, but the minority reported against it to day.

THE PROTRACTED RAIN STORM

Seems over at last, and indications are now of weather that will soon dry the roads.

THE BLAIR LIQUOR INVESTIGATION.

Mr. Powers, of St. Louis, examined before the Blair Liquor Investigating Committee to-day, testified that Blair's order for liquor had been changed since he filled it, increasing the amount eight times.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 6.

BILLS REPORTED.

HOUSE.—*Morning Session.*—The following bills were reported: One authorising the Commissioners of Jefferson county to borrow money; one to divide Perry township, Armstrong county, negatived; one increasing the pay of witnesses and jurors in Armstrong county; one changing venue in certain ejectments from Armstrong county to Allegheny county; one for paving streets in Oil City; one permitting School Directors in certain wards of Pittsburgh to borrow money; one relative to certain mortgages in Jefferson county; one increasing fees of Constables in Allegheny county, for returning unlicensed houses; one for the relief of Andrew Reed, Treasurer of Cambria county; one relative to side-walks in Fairview, Erie county; one increasing pay of certain officers in Westmoreland county; one imposing additional taxes in certain Boroughs in Franklin and Venango counties; one regulating the standard weight of corn meal in Washington county; one relative to taxing dogs in South Buffalo, Armstrong county; one to incorporate the National Oil Company; one for the relief of the creditors of the National road; one increasing the pay of County Auditors in Lafayette county; one in relation to the appointment of Tax Collectors in Lafayette county; one to incorporate the Subterranean Oil and Transportation company, with amendments putting in two new incorporators. Brown of Warren, would refer this bill to the local Judiciary. Speeches were made for and against the motion.

Mr. Glass offered an amendment instructing the Judiciary Committee, should the bill be referred to them, to report within a week. Withdrawn. Vote recurring in reference, yeas, 47, nays 40.

A Supplement to the Juniata Coal & Iron Company's property.

The House has an afternoon session.

HOUSE.—*Afternoon Session.*—The Railroad Committee was instructed to report for the Susquehanna and Allegheny at its next meeting, a supplement empowering the trustees of railroads and canals to sell the franchises of such corporations, the same as franchises are now sold, only under the decrees of courts.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. Slack, a supplement to the bill to facilitate the passage of coke and coal boats on the Monongahela navigation.

Mr. Myers, a supplement to the Bedford Coal & Iron company.

Mr. Slack, a supplement to the Kit Carson Gold Mining company.

Mr. Glass, a supplement to the Hennick's Lubricating Oil company.

Mr. Glass, a supplement to the bill to incorporate the Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and New Troy Passenger R. R Co.

Mr. Patton, a supplement empowering the citizens of Jefferson township, Greene county, to pay bounties. Passed finally.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY.

One allowing the Cranberry Coal company, of Venango county, lateral railroads and landings.

A Supplement to the East Broad Top railroad.

A supplement to the Jamestown, Mercer county, and Franklin and Venango railroad.

Speeches were made this afternoon by Messrs. Pershing, Bingham and others on the bill enabling State banks to become national banks.

Adjourned until seven p. m.

BILLS REPORTED.

SENATE—*Morning Session*—One to incorporate the Huntingdon Car company.

One relative to the claim of Samuel Green, of Blairsville, Indiana county—negatived.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. Graham, one to incorporate the Prospect Cemetery.

A supplement to the Youghiogheny Coal Company.

The amendment upon the four foot ten inch gauge relative to the Mercer and Butler railroad came up to-day again. After some discussion the amendment prevailed by a vote of yeas 20 to 10. Bill passed.

Senate adjourned until this afternoon.

SENATE.—*Afternoon Session*—The bills reported to incorporate the Saltsburg Coal Company in Westmoreland Co., and the supplement to the Youghiogheny and Coal Hollow Mining Company were taken up, which, upon motion of Mr. Graham, passed finally.

The following bills passed finally:

Mr. Graham, one incorporating the Prospect Cemetery at Tarentum.

Mr. Hoge, one relative to the compensation of certain officers and increasing the pay of jurors in Venango Co.

Mr. Hopkins, one incorporating the Youghiogheny Gas Coal Company.

Mr. Lowry, one to attach Crawford and Erie counties to the Eastern District of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Hopkins, one to authorize a county loan to Jefferson township, Green county.

Mr. M'Candless, one to increase the compensation of the Butler county commissioners.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 6, 1864.

UNION STATE COMMITTEE.

The Union State Committee meets here to-night. The only fight will be upon the proposition that this State recommend the postponement of the National Convention. It will be negatived. Cameron's friends and McClure's unite in opposition to it.

The Union State Committee met to-night. They agree upon the 28th of April as the day for the meeting of the Union State Convention. The feeling in the Committee is strongly in favor of the renomination of President Lincoln.

[Our reporter does not inform us where the Convention is to meet, but we presume Harrisburg is the place selected.—Ed.]

Movements of the Rebels.

MEMPHIS, April 3.—Grierson's cavalry had a fight with Forrest, near Summerville, yesterday. After skirmishing some time, the rebels were reinforced, and Grierson, his supports falling to come up, fell back before greatly superior numbers, bringing with him seven prisoners. He will renew the attack to-day.

Vicksburg advices report Loring and Lee at Canton, and the rebels repairing the railroad destroyed by Sherman.

Fire in Buffalo—Great Destruction of Coal Oil—Several Lives Lost.

BUFFALO, April 6.—A large fire is now raging at the oil refineries of Wardwell & Webster, and Atorater & Hanes, at the foot of Maryland street. It is rumored that several persons have been injured and two killed. The loss will be very large, with no insurance.

New York Items.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Mrs. Caroline M. Kirkland, the distinguished writer died last night in this city of apoplexy.

The China sailed for Liverpool at noon today. She took out no specie.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—SENATE—Mr. Grimes presented a joint resolution authorising the transfer of men from military to naval service. After a short colequy between Hale, Grimes, Conness and Trumbull, on the latter's motion, it was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

The Senate took up the joint resolution to amend the Constitution.

Mr. Harlan addressed the Senate in support of the measure.

Mr. Saulsbury quoted the scriptures in support of slavery. He denied the proposition that three-fourths of the States could do now what might have been done by the original framers of the Constitution. He believed that this amendment was as good a cause for secession as could be furnished to any State in this Union. The Constitution was made by the several States in their separate capacities, and was never submitted to the people for ratification or rejection. It required State ratification before it became binding. He was a firm believer in the inequality of the races. He would not attempt to explain it, as it was the work of the Divine Architect, who presides over the destinies of man. He opposed this amendment, not because the people of his State were peculiarly interested in the institution, but from the highest convictions of his duty to his country, besides the fact that we could not submit this amendment to one fourth of the States. The times were unpropitious. The time of war was not the time to change our organs. The adoption of this measure would prolong the war beyond the lifetime of any member of the Senate.

Mr Hale had supposed there were no reasons which could induce him to make a speech under present circumstances. Slavery died hard. When Charles the 1st was about to be beheaded, suggestions were made that he might resist, and to prevent it, proper pulleys and pinions were provided for such an emergency. So with Slavery. If it don't quietly submit, the pulleys and pinions will be applied to keep its neck under the axe. This was the day he long had struggled for, the day in which the nation was commencing its real life, and waking to the meaning of the sublime truths uttered by our forefathers. The idea of conciliation between our profession and practices, as a free government, was hereafter to be abolished. He wanted to say a word to the administrators *de facto non de jure* of what was once the great Democratic party.

Mr. Powell proposed an amendment as an additional section, providing that the President and Vice President shall not hold their offices more than six years. Rejected.

Mr. Powell offered another amendment prohibiting political proscription. Rejected, 28 nays, 6 ayes.

Mr. Powell offered an amendment providing that no bill, resolution or law passed by Congress shall relate to more than one subject and have more than one title. Rejected, 35 nays, 5 ayes.

Mr. Davis introduced as an amendment to his joint resolution to provide for a new mode of electing the President and Vice President, which was heretofore presented and printed by the Senate and rejected. Bill passed to a third reading. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House acted on various amendments. All the amendments of the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union were concurred in.

Mr. Stevens offered a substitute for the bill, it being the same as the bill with the exception of restoring the uniform rate of seven per centum interest, and leaving taxation with the national government, but withdrawn at the instance of gentlemen.

Mr. Brooks, of New York, said that Buffalo was ungenerously put in the bill to enable New York Western banks to avoid redemption. In New York and Albany the bank circulation does not go west to Buffalo, but east, and hence redemption in Buffalo enables banks longer to keep out their circulation.

Mr. Stevens' substitute was rejected, yeas, 59, nays, 78. The original bill as amended now came up for action, when Mr. Spaulding offered a new section which was agreed to, yeas 71, nays not counted—providing that each and every bank association created under this act, or any other hereafter passed, shall receive in payment of debts the circulating notes of all other banks, without depreciation or discount from their nominal value.

Mr. Stevens moved to lay the bill on the table: which was carried, yeas, 89; nays, 44. Adjourned.

Latest from Europe.

SANDY HOOK, April 6.—5 o'clock P. M.—The Persia has passed here with Liverpool dates of the 26th ult., via Queenstown the 27th of March.

Consols closed on the 26th ult. at 91¼@91¾. French rentes opened at 68f. 10c.

The London *Shipping Gazette's* Paris correspondent writes that the Finance Minister had an interview on Friday afternoon, with Mr. Glynn, respecting the Mexican loan, and that in the evening a gentleman of the financial Department was to leave for Moramar, to obtain Maximillian's signature to the decree.

Sir Francis Baring will retire from the representation of Portsmouth at the next general election.

The Confederate war steamer Georgia arrived at Bordeaux on the 25th of March.

Liverpool, March 26.—To-day has been a complete holiday, with no markets, except the stock exchange.

London Journals of to-day contain nothing important.

American Securities—Illinois Central shares 18@17 discount: Erie shares 67½@68.

Liverpool, 27.—The Canada, from Boston via Halifax, arrived at Liverpool at 9½ o'clock to-day.

The ship Elbora, from New York, which took fire, has arrived at Bristol for repairs, and will discharge her cargo.

Hower, March 25.—Sales of cotton for the week 12,000 bales; the market opened with a downward tendency, but closed firmer; prices are nominal; stocks 29,000 bales.

The London *Times* editorially asserts that the Russian loan amendment prevailed by a vote of 10 to 10. Bill passed.

Senate adjourned until this afternoon.

SENATE.—*Afternoon Session*—The bills reported to incorporate the Saltsburg Coal Company in Westmoreland Co., and the supplement to the Youghiogheny and Coal Hollow Mining Company were taken up, which, upon motion of Mr. Graham, passed finally.

The following bills passed finally:

Mr. Graham, one incorporating the Prospect Cemetery at Tarentum.

Mr. Hoge, one relative to the compensation of certain officers and increasing the pay of jurors in Venango Co.

Mr. Hopkins, one incorporating the Youghiogheny Gas Coal Company.

Mr. Lowry, one to attach Crawford and Erie counties to the Eastern District of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Hopkins, one to authorize a county loan to Jefferson township, Green county.

Mr. M'Candless, one to increase the compensation of the Butler county commissioners.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 6, 1864.

UNION STATE COMMITTEE.

The Union State Committee meets here to-night. The only fight will be upon the proposition that this State recommend the postponement of the National Convention. It will be negatived. Cameron's friends and McClure's unite in opposition to it.

The Union State Committee met to-night. They agree upon the 28th of April as the day for the meeting of the Union State Convention. The feeling in the Committee is strongly in favor of the renomination of President Lincoln.

[Our reporter does not inform us where the Convention is to meet, but we presume Harrisburg is the place selected.—Ed.]

The National Bank Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The total defeat of the National bank or currency bill by so large a vote as two thirds astonished both friends and foes, especially as so much time has been consumed in efforts to perfect it.

All amendments made in Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, about 60 in number, were concurred in by the House. The Committee of Ways and Means are willing to adopt all excepting two.

Mr. Stevens offered a substitute differing only from the amended bill in the following particulars, viz: restoring a uniform 7 per centum interest, and leaving it under National and not State legislature, and omitting a section which left the capital stock of institutions to be taxed the same as the property of individuals for State and municipal purposes. The House emphatically concurred in this substitute. This was the turning point in the controversy—the test that determined whether the bill containing the clauses obnoxious to the friends of the measure should pass the House. So it was laid on the table on the motion of Mr. Stevens.

The Election in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, April 6.—The election is proceeding very quietly. There is no opposition in this city or Baltimore county. The disloyal party, so far as heard from, having made no effort to vote. We expect to have pretty full returns to-night as far as can be reached by telegraph.

Federal Success—Capture of Rebels in Arkansas.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The following has been received at the Head Quarters of Major General Halleck, Chief of Staff:

Little Rock, Ark., April 1.—The following telegram is just received:

Fine Bluff, Ark., March 31.—MAJOR GENERAL A. A. G.:—The expedition to Mt. Elba and Long View has just returned. We destroyed the pontoon bridge at Long View and burned a train of 25 wagons loaded with camp and garrison equipage and ammunition. We also captured 320 prisoners and engaged the enemy in battle at Mount Elba yesterday morning. Gen. Dickens' division of 1,200 men from Monticello we routed and pursued him two miles, with a loss on his side of over 100 killed and wounded. We captured a large quantity of small arms, two stands of colors and over 300 horses and mules. Our loss will not exceed fifteen in killed, wounded and missing. We brought in several hundred contrabands. The expedition was a complete success. The details of which will be furnished in my official reports, which will be forwarded in a few days.

(Signed) POWELL CLAYTON,
Col. Commanding.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—The following are the particulars of Col. Clayton's recent raid into Arkansas, received from Little Rock, dated March 17th:

Col. Clayton, with a small force of infantry and cavalry and one battery, went to Mount Elba on Salem river, leaving artillery and infantry there to guard the bridge and cover Pine Bluff. He proceeded with the cavalry towards Long View, further down Salem river, and twenty miles southwest, where the main body of the rebel army was stationed, for the purpose of destroying the pontoon bridges and army stores at that place. Lieut. Greathouse, of the 1st Indiana, and Lieut. Young, of the 5th Kansas cavalry, were sent in advance with one hundred men, and on arriving at the bridge saw a large force of the rebels on the opposite side preparing to cross.

Our officers hailed the enemy and told them they belonged to Shelby's command, (which dresses in federal uniform) that the Federals were upon them, and begged them to hurry to their rescue. The rebels rushed forward, and as fast as they crossed were captured, their guns thrown into the river. In this way 200 were captured; 35 wagons, laden with supplies, which were destroyed; 300 horses and mules, and the paymaster's safe, containing $60,000 in Confederate money; after which the bridge was burned. This, and the march of eighty miles, was accomplished in 24 hours. The prisoners captured during this expedition, numbering 370, including many officers, reached Little Rock on the 2d.

Nothing from Gen. Steele and command.

Maryland Election.

BALTIMORE, April 6.—Baltimore city gives 9,021 votes for a convention, and 41 against. The unconditional anti-compensation tickets got the entire vote cast at Port Deposit. The Cecil county, 7th District, gives 196 majority for a convention and unconditional emancipation. The Cumberland, 6th District, gives 470 majority do, Salesburg 6; Som