THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1864. VOLUME LXXVII---NO. 122.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY
THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

MORNING EDITION, by mail, per year.....$3 00.
" " month..... 70.
" " week..... 18.
" " single copies..... 3.
EVENING EDITION, by mail, per year..... 4 60.
" " month..... 33.
" " week..... 10.
" " single copies..... 2.
WEEKLY EDITION, single copies, per year... 2.00.
" " clubs of 5 to 10, " ... 1 50.
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THURSDAY MORNING.....APRIL 7, 1864.

The Copperhead Outbreak in Illinois—How it Originated—A Preconcerted Copperhead Scheme.

A letter from Mattoon, Coles county, Ill., to the Chicago *Tribune*, gives the following account of the Copperhead affray in that neighborhood:

Charleston is the county seat of Coles county, situated on the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad, twelve miles east from Mattoon. It is, to use the vernacular here, "a right smart place," and contains about 2,500 inhabitants. It boasts several stores, saloons, a large public hall and the Court House. The last is situated in an open square, in the highest part of the town, and it was in the Court House yard where the fray first commenced. The Court House is a large brick building, the front part of which is two stories high, fronting towards the North. On the East and West sides of the square, about two rods from the Court House, is a small brick building used as lawyers' offices; while immediately opposite these are the entrances to the court room.

On Monday morning last, numerous squads of the Copperheads came riding into town, armed with revolvers, while along with them came several wagons, in which, as the sequel shows, arms were concealed. There were two reasons for the outpouring of the cops—the opening of the County Court, and the announcement that John R. Edm, M. C., would address his secesh constituents. There were a few of the 54th Illinois in town, preparing to go to Mattoon, where the regiment was ordered to rendezvous, but were unarmed, save about half a dozen, who had revolvers. About nine or ten o'clock that morning, one Wm. G. Hart, formerly acting Provost Marshal, had a difficulty with a Copperhead, in which the latter came out second best. He went and told his story to his brethren, and they seeing that the soldiers were very few and unarmed, determined after consultation to clean them out. In order to do this one Nelson Wells, a big burly "butternut," was commissioned to set the ball rolling. Acting under this order, he went staddling around like Paddy at Donnybrook fair, asking for some one to treat on his coat tail. In the mean time the court had been opened by Judge Constable, and John O'Hair, the Sheriff of Coles county, was attending to the duties of his office. Hon. (?) John R. Eden, however, anticipating what was coming and not wishing to criminate himself, did not attempt to deliver his oration, but quietly started off on foot about half-past ten, accompanied by one Schofield, a leading copperhead and a member of the K. G. C's. It is asserted by some that he has gone to Washington, and will not show himself here for some time.

About 3 o'clock in the afternoon, Oliver Sallee, of the 54th Illinois, went up to Wells and tapped him on the shoulder, at the same time asking him if there were any copperheads about. Wells replied, "Yes, d—n you, I am one," and drawing his revolver, fired. This was the signal; the reverberations of this shot had hardly ceased, when the Copperheads commenced firing indiscriminately among the soldiers and citizens. Colonel Mitchell, of the 54th Illinois, was in the county clerk's office at the time, and immediately rushed out to learn what was going on. His appearance was the signal for the firing of dozens of pistols at him, and although his clothes were riddled with bullets, he escaped miraculously, having only received two very slight flesh wounds. Major York, surgeon of the regiment, was in the drug store opposite the west side of the Court House, and hearing the shots, ran across the street. He had hardly entered the Court house door before several shots were fired. One scoundrel, who turns out to be Green Hanks, a constable in Paris, and deputy sheriff under O'Hair, stepped up behind the doctor, and placing the muzzle of a revolver to his back, fired. The unfortunate man fell dead without uttering a word. In the meantime Judge Constable had adjourned the Court and cleared out of town, while Sheriff O'Hair abandoned his sheriffalty and took up his position as one of the leaders of the insurgents. They then ran to their wagons, taking out their guns and retreating behind the small brick building in the Court yard. Here they fired whenever they saw a free coat. The citizens had at this time rushed to their homes, and hastily arming themselves, returned to the fray. The rebels then rushing over the fences, mounted their horses which had been tied there, and retreated about eight or ten rods from the court house. Here they made a momentary halt; but again took to their heels, when the citizens charged on them. At this charge, one John Cooper, a big, loud mouthed Copperhead, was captured and brought back. He attempted to escape by running into Jenkins' store, when the soldiers fired, killing him instantly, as also John Jenkins, who was closing the shop door to keep Cooper out. This was the last shot fired. The rebels again retreated in a straggling manner to Hair's residence, about a quarter of a mile in the court house. Here O'Hair and John Cass, a well to do farmer, living about eight miles south of Charleston, attempted to rally their cowardly brethren but failed. John O'Hair then took an axe and with the rebels, turned North, crossing the railroad track. Here the worthy sheriff cut down a telegraph pole and severed the wire, but not before a dispatch had been sent to Mattoon for the soldiers. The rebels then retreated pell mell out of town, and when the soldiers came up from Mattoon, there was not a copperhead to be seen, save the dead ones, and they were of no particular account. As I have sent you the names of the killed and wounded by telegraph I need not repeat them here. Whenever a copperhead fell wounded, his companions carried him off to the wagons, and drove out of town. Consequently I am unable to give the number of their wounded.

THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.—News from Fortress Monroe gives the gratifying intelligence that if the Rebel Government and Mr. Lincoln respectively sanction the arrangement just made between Gen. Butler and Commissioner Ould, the prisoners will be immediately exchanged. A Washington dispatch says, that General Grant was at Fortress Monroe while the Rebel Commissioner Ould was there, and regarded the preliminaries agreed upon between him and General Butler as entirely satisfactory.

THE Copperhead Grand Jury of Fairfield county, Ohio, have indicted for riot and assault some soldiers of the Seventeenth Ohio, who had come home, as witnesses in the Lancaster homicide case, and demanded their surrender to the civil authorities by Governor Brough. The Governor has very promptly put an stopped on their attempt to bring the soldiers into a share of the punishment due only to the Copperhead friends of the jury.

BRITISH FINANCES.—The London *Morning Star* says that the Chancellor of the Exchequer's surplus will be very large—considerably in excess of any amount that has yet been raised. There is reason to believe that the excess of calculated income over necessary and probable expenditure will be between three and four millions.

THE election for borough officers in Princeton, New Jersey, which took place on Monday, resulted in the return of the entire Union ticket. Mr. Mount, for Mayor, had 30 majority. The Democratic majority last year was 93.

ACCORDING to the New York papers, the opening of the Metropolitan Fair in that city on Monday was a grand success. The receipts of the evening were $9,000.

Our New York Letter.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, April 2d, 1864.

The weather for the week now ended, has been disagreeable enough. We have had three or four "Equinoctials" merged in one, for the rain, which has been accompanied by furious North East gales, has hardly ceased falling for seven days. The ebb-tides have left bare many parts of the harbor that were fully six feet below the ordinary low water mark, and the flood-tides have reached an alarming height, flooding the cellars near the rivers and sending dismay to basement grocery proprietors. Some of the wharves have been completely submerged, which with the damage it has entailed, has been productive of at least one good effect. The rats have been driven from their hiding places, and sought shelter in the street, where they have afforded amusement for small boys and dock loafers and became a prey to the terriers. The Marine Intelligence column of the daily papers chronicles a multitude of disasters to the shipping on the coast, and vessels within the harbor have not been exempt from the ravages of the storm. Vessels have dragged anchor and chafed with one another, and ferry boat navigation has been temporarily suspended; and on shore, chimneys, old fences and awnings have been demolished, and roof slates and shade trees hurled about like straws. The telegraph lines have all suffered—none more than the "National," which has left Pittsburgh and the intermediate towns isolated from us at least—and the business now on hand in the New York offices, for all quarters awaiting transmission, is a sure index of the completeness of the interruption, and of its wide extent. The storm is about broken now, and we expect to hear the robins carol to-morrow morning a sweet welcome to the warm summer Sabbath.

Miss Emma Webb is trying pretty hard to get herself into favorable notice. After repeatedly announcing that she should be happy to meet Miss Dickenson in a public debate on the questions of the day, which announcement Miss D. has treated as the lion once did a certain animal, Miss Webb, in a spirit of despair and rage, has challenged Horace Greeley himself. This, of course, would be nothing more than a tilt between Horace and Sunset Cox, or some other of like proclivities, and it is likely the challenge will decline. It had been announced that Miss Webb, with that worldliness which characterises all of us, had given up "debating," and gone to the boards again, on grounds peculiarly financial, and as her challenge is dated April 1st, there may be a hoax about it.

Speaking of April Fools, puts me in mind that they were plenty yesterday, that is, if every person who had a string with a paper "to fol," "pork and beans," or "beware of the dog," attached dangling at his, or her heels, can be so considered. The crowd of people who went to the navy yard to get a glimpse of the President, Gens. McClellan and Grant, and other functionaries, who were to witness the blowing up of an old hulk by a newly-invented torpedo, were sent away again very quickly, and tried to look as though they did not feel sheepish, after being hallooed at from the by-streets by little ragged newsboys.

Monday, the day for the opening of the Sanitary Fair, is to be a general holiday. The various militia regiments, including the city's pet, the Seventh, which alone will call out blue eyes and black silk enough to fill up Broadway, are announced to "do" a grand parade. The ladies, who are to control the biggest end of the Fair, say they will not allow it to close until they have raised two million of dollars. This is considerable change, but it is really believed they will accomplish this magnificent pile. Well, we can afford to be humbugged if we can be assured that the money will be put to a good use.

Count Johannes, who was recently convicted as a common barrator, (on which occasion the people of the loyal States from the Atlantic to the Pacific committed their Webster unabridged to see what a barrator is,) lectured a few evenings since at the Cooper Institute, on the Shoddy Aristocracy of Boston. I wish that nothing to the many witty jibes he had at the Hub of the Universe, and the unfathomable mind of the people thereof, his lecture was regarded as an abusive tirade against his native city and the people. The Boston journals and correspondents are particularly hard on the Count.

Miss Avonia Jones, who has been performing in Pittsburgh, has been announced as a star at one of our theatres for a few nights. The western papers have spoken so highly of her, that New York is on the *qui vive*.

Troops are hurrying through the city at the rate of 5,000 per day, which is as many as can be transported. Enlistments are comparatively slow, but still quite a number are being recruited. A draft for a small number will probably be necessary.

WAVERLEY.

Water as Fuel.

Strange phenomena does the cunning brain of man develop. Coal and wood are about to lose their prestige, and Water, with which we have all along fought fire, will, to a great extent, take their place, for it has been practically found that it can be used.

Dr. W. E. Hogan, of Troy, N. Y., a well known chemist, has demonstrated the fact that water will burn, or rather that its elements can be cheaply decomposed and used to economical advantage in all the spheres coal or wood are used for fuel. Substances containing carbon taking the place in the fire which a wick does in a lamp, and water supplying a great portion of the elements necessary to develop heat. This discovery has been practically demonstrated in this city by competent parties during the past Winter, and we, for one, are satisfied now that investigated its claims to the public favor, doubts its reality and great value.

The apparatus, which has been patented by Dr. Hogan, seems to be perfectly practicable and applicable to all apparatus where coal or wood is used for fuel, and the saving by its use is shown in some cases to reach the high figures of seventy-five per cent., while, it is claimed that in no case has it fallen below fifty per cent., the quality of the heat being very much improved. A stove exhibiting this singular phenomenon may be seen in operation at the office of F. D. Richardson & Co., No. 52 Nassau street (in the rear of Market Saving Bank), who have opened stock books and are organizing a stock company to purchase the patent and bring it before the public at once. This invention is equally applicable to all apparatus for consuming coal —from a cook stove to an ocean steamer—and its magnitude may be imagined when it is understood that by its application to a large class ocean steamer, the saving in coal and storage will be ten thousand dollars each trip.

—*N. Y. Paper.*

Funeral of Hon. Owen Lovejoy—Imposing Funeral Ceremonies—Addresses.

A dispatch dated Princeton, April 1, says the remains of Hon. Owen Lovejoy arrived here yesterday, attended by Mrs. Lovejoy, one daughter and nephew and the Congressional delegation, and a large committee of the citizens of Princeton who had met them at Chicago.

A large crowd had collected at the depot, awaiting the coming of the body, which was immediately carried to his residence, about one mile east of town.

The funeral was attended to-day. The reading of the Scriptures, a few remarks, and prayer were held at the house by Rev. Dr. E. Beecher, of Galesburg, at 10 o'clock. The public services were held at 12. The invocation and reading of the Scriptures were by Rev. D. H. Blake. An original ode written by J. H. Bryant, of Princeton, was sung by the whole congregation. Prayer was offered by Dr. Beecher. The text of the sermon was Hyon Hebrews xi: 24th, and onward, and Psalm xli: 1st verse. The interment was in the cemetery, half a mile west of the town. A long and imposing procession went to the grave.

Returning from the cemetery, the audience re-assembled in Congress Hall. J. H. Bryant, presided, eloquent and feeling eulogies were pronounced to the vast congregation by James A. Briggs, of New York, and J. F. Farnsworth, of Illinois, after which the meeting was adjourned to 7½ o'clock in the evening to hear addresses from Congressman Rice, of Maine, and Rev. Ichabod Codding, of Wisconsin.

The people are present in great numbers from this whole region, and much grief and respect are manifested by persons of all parties.

TWO HUNDRED and fifty rebel prisoners (Louisianians) at Indianapolis have written to Governor Hahn to say that the school of misfortune has taught them wisdom, and that they desire to take the oath and return to citizenship in Louisiana—especially now that it has become a free State.

THE copperhead women of Ohio say they are determined to make up the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the Vallandigham fund, so that the Ohio traitor can live ingloriously at his ease in Canada. Of the fifty thousand dollars, five thousand have been paid in!

News and Miscellany.

THE OLD RESIDENCE OF WILLIAM PENN.—The quaint old house at the southeast corner of Second street and Norris' alley, below Chesnut street, Philadelphia, has recently been purchased by a progressive citizen. It will shortly be torn down, to make room for buildings more in accordance with the present age. The old house derives its chief interest as the once residence of William Penn. The house was built for Samuel Carpenter. It was occupied as the city residence of William Penn and family, while in Philadelphia, on his second visit in 1709, and in this house was born his son, John Penn, the "American," the only one of the race ever born in this country. The house, is now about one hundred and seventy-five years old, and is the last relic of the Penn family.

A BOILER exploded in a foundry, in Burlington, Iowa, last Wednesday, and it was attended with some remarkable escapes. The fireman was blown through the roof, with the engine, without being hurt; another employee was leaning on the cylinder and escaped with a slight scald, and the blacksmith was unscathed, though the engine passed near and over his head, knocking down the chimney.

AN old Kentucky pioneer, Jesse Crume, died on his farm in Spencer county, in that State, last week, at the age of eighty-five years. He was a Virginian, and went to Kentucky in 1795, when the State had been only three years in the Union. He lived long enough to see rebels try unsuccessfully to take it out again.

REV. J. G. C. ABBOTT, of New Haven, who is writing a history of the rebellion, left home last week to take a six weeks' trip to the military posts on the Atlantic coast, from Fortress Monroe to Fernandina, Florida, in order to obtain an intimate knowledge of men and places made famous by the war.

A ROWLAND AND AN OLIVER.—(Neatest thing out.)—Should Rowland Hill have a statue? Certainly, if Oliver Cromwell should. For one is reported for cutting off the head of a very bad King, and the other for sticking on the head of a good Queen.—*Punch.*

A MODEL regiment is the Forty-ninth Ohio. For every furloughed veteran a new recruit has been added during their sojourn at home, and the whole regiment has been made up from the personal acquaintances of the gallant Col. Gibson.

THE Michigan Norman School has five hundred and six students. The State pays annually over half a million dollars for teachers' salaries in the public schools.

THE table and chair used by Washington at the time of resigning his commission, are to be exhibited among the curiosities at the Maryland State Fair this month.

Over 22,000 Massachusetts soldiers have made allotments for their families during the past year, the sums amounting in the aggregate to $5,691,000.

THE New Orleans *Times* says that that city from being the filthiest hole on the continent, has been justly pronounced the cleanest city in the United States.

MR. PIERCE, collector for the Third Internal revenue district in Boston, reports a total six months' tax receipts of $1,344,000.

A HISTORY of the great Western Sanitary Fair is in preparation. E. D. Mansfield is to have a hand in it.

DISSOLUTION'S, &c.

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of JOHN VOEGTLY & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the Flouring business, has this day been dissolved, by consent of the death of Mr. CLAS VOEGTLY. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted, and those having claims against said firm, will please call on the undersigned for settlement.

JOHN VOEGTLY, JR.

RECOMMENDATION.

Having sold our Flouring Mill to Messrs D. GILMORE & CO., we cheerfully recommend them to our late customers and the public in general, as men of probity and experience. JOHN VOEGTLY & CO.

In referring to the above, we would respectfully announce a continuance of the same business at our old stand, and solicit a share of the public patronage. D. GILMORE & CO.

DISSOLUTION.—THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of S. BIDDLE & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 31st day of December, 1863. The GAZETTE establishment has been since the 1st of January, 1864, and will henceforth be run by the said S. Biddle, for the benefit and under the exclusive management of an Association organized under an act of Assembly, relating to Manufacturing, &c.

S. BIDDLE will receive and pay all debts due the late firm, and all persons knowing themselves indebted, will please call and settle without delay. RUSSELL ERSKINE,
JAMES H. MACBETH,
S. SCHOYER, Jr.,
ROBERT BIDDLE.

Jan. 1st, 1864.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of WM. A. GRAHAM & CO., is mutually dissolved, to take effect from this date. RICHARD DEESON retiring from the firm. The business will be continued by the undersigned, under the style as heretofore.

WM. G. JOHNSTON,
SAM'L R. JOHNSTON,
RICHARD DEESON.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 15th, 1864. mh24-d

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO. and JAMES SCHOONMAKER, under the style of B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., at Pittsburgh, has been this day dissolved. All persons indebted to said partnership are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned, by whom the indebtedness of the said firm will be paid.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1864. ap1-6

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between JOS. F. HAMILTON & CO. and EVAN DAVIS, under the firm of JOS. F. HAMILTON & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent. JOS. F. HAMILTON will attend to the unsettled accounts of the late firm, at the old stand, corner First and Liberty sts.

JOS. F. HAMILTON.
EVAN DAVIS.

ja28:tmr15

PIANOS, MUSIC, &c.

BRADBURY'S

BRADBURY'S
CELEBRATED
PIANOS!

The most POWERFUL and ELEGANT TONED INSTRUMENTS manufactured in the country.

SEVEN FIRST PRIZES

Received within a month at State Fairs and Institutes.

We are also agents for Schomacker & Co.'s and Boardman & Gray's well known superior Pianos, and S. D. & W. H. Smith's Melodeons and Harmoniums. Persons desiring a *perfect* instrument, are invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Among those who have purchased these instruments in this vicinity we take pleasure in referring to Alden Kramer, Esq., and Bateman Coe, Esq., Allegheny City; John McCurdy, Esq., (of Park, McCurdy & Co.,) Mrs. McCurdy, Oakland; Dr. Jesse R. McClintock, A. Hoovaler, Esq., Richard Hard, Esq., East Liberty; John Quinn, Esq., Dr. D. M. Hostetter, D. H. Rook, Esq., and Mrs. Blackmore, Pittsburgh. A guarantee of five years with each instrument.

WAMELINK & BARR,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh and Western Pa.,

No. 257 CLAIR St., near Sup't's Bridge.

A general assortment of Musical Goods always on hand. mh1

PIANOS!
FROM
$225 TO $850!
From the Factories of
CHICKERING & SONS,
JARDINE & SON,
HALLET, DAVIS & CO.,
WM. P. EMERSON,
HILLER, GIBSON & CO.,
G. M. GOULD & CO
&c., &c., &c.,

Just received and for sale at the LOWEST EASTERN FACTORY PRICES.

Purchasers are solicited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

CHAS. C. MELLOR,
81 WOOD STREET.

mh23

REMOVAL.—On the 1st of April we will remove our Music Store to
No. 83 FIFTH STREET,
The house at present occupied by Messrs. Kleber & Bro. A fine assortment of PIANOS on hand prepaid only at No. 81 FIFTH STREET.

J. M. HOFFMAN & BRO.,
fe8 Sole Agents of Decker's Pianos.

N. SIEDLE, No. 183 SMITHFIELD St.,
Dealer in
Pianos and Musical Instruments,
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of
NEW PIANOS, VIOLINS, GUITARS, ACCORDEONS, STRINGS, &c., which he will sell for low prices. ja2-3mwd

EVENING GAZETTE TELEGRAMS.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 5, 1864.

HOUSE—*Morning Session.*—The bill giving power to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, and Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroads to lend their credit to the amount of three millions of dollars to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road, was lost on a motion to proceed to a second reading, by a vote of 32 ayes to 52 nays. Also was defeated at the same stage the bill for opening Butler street, Pittsburgh.

The whole forenoon was spent, beside this, in going through the private calendar on first reading.

Adjourned till afternoon.

Afternoon Session.—The following bills were passed finally: One relating to livery stable men in Lawrence county; one relative to lands for the employment of the poor of Warren county; one for the relief of Thomas Calan, Treasurer of Cambria county; one relative to the preservation of the National road in Washington and Fayette counties; one to repeal the act for laying out a road at Waterford, Erie county; one for laying out a State road in Clarion and Venango; one to construct bridges over Oil creek; one relative to plank roads in Crawford county.

SENATE—*Morning Session.*—Mr. Hoge attempted to call up the charter of the Pittsburgh and Franklin Railroad, in order to kill it finally. Mr. Graham beat him, staving off the action.

A supplement to the General Bounty Act, authorizing supervisors and school directors of boroughs and wards, to assess and levy taxes for bounties, as supervisors and school directors can do in townships now, passed.

The Senate consumed the remainder of the morning session in the discussion of a bill to give the Governor of the State power to pay a State bounty to recruits of three hundred dollars.

Adjourned.

SENATE—*Afternoon Session.*—Nearly all the time was consumed in the discussion and passage of eastern bills of local character.

Mr. McCandless called up the Butler and Mercer Railroad bill amendment, limiting the guage to four feet ten inches. A general discussion was had about the propriety of existing laws upon railroad guages. Messrs. McCandless and Lowry opposed the amendment, and Mr. St. Clair opposed the bill. Mr. Hoge spoke in favor of the bill and a long discussion ensued pro. and con.

Senate adjourned over upon the bill until to-morrow morning.

In the House a bill was introduced to authorize Bushrod Northrup to erect a ferry over the Allegheny river, at Funksville, Venango county; one to lay out the state in Bedford and Cambria counties; one to incorporate the Spring Garden Water Company, Allegheny county; one to incorporate Fairview Cemetery, Erie county; a supplement to the Greenwood Cemetary was objected off; one for the erection of Mill Creek township, Jefferson county. The House, after being in session six hours, adjourned.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—*House.*—Mr. Pendleton, O., from the Select Committee on the subject, reported a bill providing that the Heads of the Executive Departments may occupy seats on the floor of the House of Representatives. The bill was ordered to be printed, and permission was given for the majority's report and the views of the minority to be printed.

Mr. Pendleton said he would not call up the bill, excepting upon due notice.

The House resumed the consideration of the National Bank bill, the question being on agreeing to the amendments reported from the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. Hooper made a closing speech, giving at length the reasons why the paper currency should be under the control of national law.

Mexican Repudiation.

NEW YORK, April 6.—An official document, dated "Imperial Palace at Mexico, Department of Foreign Affairs, March 4th, 1864," states that the Regency of the Empire having been informed that certain persons coming from ports on the Pacific having taken possession of lands in Mexico under contracts made with President Juarez, announces that all such contracts are void and of no effect. This act of repudiation is in accordance with similar documents issued in July, 1863, by Gen. Almonte, and others, after Juarez had left the capital.

Terrible Explosion—Seven Men Killed and about Thirty Wounded.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—An explosion in Merrick's foundery killed seven workmen and wounded about thirty; ten of whom are at the hospital, seriously injured. The boiler house was completely demolished, which suspended operations, throwing seven hundred men out of employment, and delaying much work on naval machinery for government vessels.

Sent to Fort Warren—A Soldier Shot Dead.

BOSTON, April, 6.—James B. and Charles W. Milburn, brothers, active rebels, sent here from the old capitol prison at Washington, were to-day transferred to Fort Warren.

A soldier named Allen was shot dead on Beach street last night, while resisting the guard and attempting to escape.

Destructive Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, April 6.—Shortly after 12 o'clock last night, a fire broke out in the Freemason's Hall, which, together with the Winthrop House in the same block, was totally destroyed. The loss is about $300,000. Only the walls of the Freemason's Hall and Winthrop House remain standing this morning. All the hotel guests escaped, but very little of their property was saved.

Milwaukie Municipal Election.

MILWAUKIE, April 5.—Abner Kirby was elected Mayor of this city to-day, together with the entire Democratic ticket. The usual majority was given for the candidates of that party.

WANTS.

WANTED—A situation as Shipping Clerk or Salesman in a Wholesale Grocery or Produce House, or Traveling Clerk, by one who has extensive acquaintance throughout the States and Canadas. Address BOX 1005, Pittsburgh P. O. ap5:1w

WANTED—WRITING TEACHER—A first class Spencerian Penman, of superior ability and qualifications as a Teacher, can secure a permanent situation, at a very liberal salary, by the year. Reference given and required. Apply before the 20th inst. Must commence May 1st. Inclose samples of plain and off-hand writing and flourishing, giving reference, experience, &c. State wages asked, &c. Address, Lock Box 292, Dayton, O. ap6:3t

WANTED,
Men for the Naval Squadron,
ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Time of enlistment two years. Three months' pay in advance.

For further information apply at Recruiting Office, No. 11 ST. CLAIR STREET, Pittsburgh. mh30:2w

WANTED—FIFTY GOOD BOILER MAKERS, at $2.25 per day, and FIFTY GOOD MACHINISTS, at $2.75 per day. Apply to R. J. HAYES, Superintendent of Machinery, Illinois Central R. R., at Chicago; D. OLEY, Master Mechanic at Centralia; or J. B. ADAMS, Master Mechanic at Amboy, Ill. ap5:1w

WANTED—Agents to sell the STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR. A rare chance to make money. Agents are clearing from $100 to $200 per month. 200,000 volumes already sold. Send for circulars. Address JONES, BROS. & CO., Publishers, Baltimore, Md. ap5:1m

WANTED,
A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER,
by a person of much practical experience. Grocery or Oil Trade preferred. Address
B. B. C., BOX 531, Post Office.
ap6:2t

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON
Treasurer.....H. OVERINGTON

Fourth night of the distinguished young tragedian, EDWIN ADAMS, who will enact one of his great specialities, the character of Rover.

THIS (Thursday,) EVENING,
Will be presented, O'Keefe's sterling comedy of
WILD OATS.

Rover.....Edwin Adams.
Sir George Thunder.....F. Chippendale.
John Dory.....G. H. Eames.
Lady Amaranth.....Kate Ryner.
Jane.....Lillie Marden.

To conclude with
STATE SECRETS.

Gregory.....Harry Lewis.
Lettie.....Fannie Bert.

CONCERT,
For the benefit of the
LADIES' AID SOCIETY,
OF THE 1ST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES,
BY THE CHOIR,
AT EXCELSIOR HALL,
ALLEGHENY CITY,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 7,
Assisted by some of the best Amateurs of both cities.
ADMISSION.....25 CENTS.
Tickets for sale at Chas. H. Super's Drug Store, Pittsburgh, John Wire's, Merchant Taller, Federal street, and at Bullit & Brown's, Plumbers, Allegheny City. mh7-1w

CONCERT HALL.

RUSSELL'S
GREAT
PANORAMA OF THE REBELLION,
Will open their GRAND GIFT PROMENADE ENTERTAINMENTS at the above Hall, on
Monday Evening, April 4th,
And exhibit EVERY EVENING and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS during the week, at each entertainment the celebrated Low-Pressure
Glass Steam Engine "Monitor,"
MADE ENTIRELY OF GLASS,
Will be in full operation. Another great feature is that all the works of art manufactured by the company will be gratuitously distributed to the visitors. On FRIDAY EVENING, April 1st, a number of cases of work will be presented to the author of the best civilian conundrum on the Glass Steam Engine. Admission to Panorama Entertainment, 25 cents Afternoon Matinees, 15 cents. No half price. Doors open in the evening at 7 o'clock. Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Exhibition commences at half an hour later. WM. WOODROFFE, Manager.
E. M. GARDINER, General Agent ap2:1w

"SINGING SCHOOL,"
AT
CONCERT HALL,
ON
Monday, April 11, 1864,
For the benefit of the
U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.

A singing class in which some forty gentlemen amateurs will participate.

The selections, consisting of Solos, Duetts, Quartettes and Choruses, will be announced from the stage by the precentor.

Class open at 7 o'clock—to commence at 8. Tickets $1—for sale at all the Music Stores. ap6:6d

AUCTION SALES.

SEVENTH WARD LOTS.—On TUESDAY EVENING, April 12th, at 7½ o'clock, we will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Room, 54 Fifth street, the following desirable property in Linton's plan of lots in the Seventh Ward, immediately situate near the highly improved property of Gen. J. R. Morehead:

No. 1—Lot on the corner of Centre avenue and Roberts street, well situated for business stands, having each a front of 100 feet on Centre avenue, and extending back 100 feet to an Ally.

Two Lots on Overhill street, opposite the residence of M. R. Morehead, Esq., between Centre avenue and Franklin street, having each a front of 25 feet, and extending back 74 feet 3 inches to an ally.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

FINE FURNITURE, PIANOS, &C.,
No. 72 FEDERAL STREET.—On FRIDAY MORNING, April 8th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the Dwelling No. 72 Federal street, Sixth Ward, the ample lot of new and handsome, superior and first class modern furniture, comprising Carpets, (Brussels pattern; nearly new) heavy French Plate Mirror, gilt frame; Pier Table, fashionable marble slab; Sofa, Hair Cloth; Rocking Chairs, Sofa, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpet and Rods, Walnut and Cherry Bedsteads, Mattrass, Bureau, Chairs, Work Table, Sideboard, Mahogany Extension Dining Table, Clothes Press, Venitian Blinds, Kitchen Utensils, Feather Beds, &c.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

LIBERTY STREET PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY EVENING, April 12th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street:

That desirable Lot of Ground situate at the corner of Liberty and Washington streets, Birmingham, having a front of sixty feet on Liberty street, and extending along Washington street sixty-three and one-half feet, on which are erected two two-story Brick Dwellings, with back buildings.

Terms of Sale—One half cash, and the balance in two equal months, with interest.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

EIGHTH WARD LOTS.—On TUESDAY EVENING, April 12th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Room, No. 54 Fifth street, the following desirable property in the Eighth Ward, part of the Black estate:

No. 1—Lot fronting 75 feet on Gibbon street, and extending back 120 feet to Locust street.

An undivided half of a Lot about 22 feet front on Gibbon street, near Cooper street, and extending back about 40 feet.

Terms of sale, cash.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs.

FASHIONABLE HAT STORE.—Will be sold, on THURSDAY MORNING, April 7th, at 10 o'clock, at the Hat Store of G. W. Moore, dwelling Business, No. 163 Wood street, the entire stock of Fats and Cassimere Hats, Cloth and Cassimere Caps, Oil, Silk and Fur Caps, Military and Boys' Fancy Caps, &c.

Also, the Store Fixtures, comprising Glass Cases, Marble Stands, Show Hat Rack, &c.

Also, Hatters' Tools.

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auct'rs. ap4

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL, TEMPORARY.
WILKINS HALL.

Our friends and the public at large will not, we trust, forget that we are at present, and for a few weeks, to be found at WILKINS HALL, over the Mayor's Office, Fourth street, where we have on exhibition and for sale as fine a stock of

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS AND MELODEONS,

as ever were brought to this city, and at strictly MANUFACTURERS' FACTORY PRICES!

H. KLEBER & BRO.,
WILKINS HALL.
ap4

REMOVAL.
THE GIRARD FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Has removed its office from Bagaley's Building, corner Market and Water streets, to
No. 55 MARKET STREET,
adjoining Messrs. N. Holmes & Sons' Banking House.
ap5:1w R. D. THOMPSON, Agent.

REMOVAL.
I have removed my office to
No. 55 MARKET STREET, next door to N. Holmes & Sons.
ap5:1w JAMES O'CONNOR.

REMOVAL.
FRANK VAN GORDER,
Produce and Commission Merchant, has removed to No. 70 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of First.
ap2:2w

REMOVAL.—Alderman J. DONALDSON has removed his office from No. 43 St. Clair street to JACKSON'S BLOCK, next door to the Waiting Room of the Citizens Passenger Railway, Penn street. mh28

RANKS.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, NO 65 FOURTH STREET.
CHARTERED IN 1855.

Open daily from 9 to 3 o'clock, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually, in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books, containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICE PRESIDENTS:
James McAuley, John H. Shoenberger, James Herdman, Peter A. Madeira, William J. Anderson, A. M. Pollock, M. D.

James B. D. Meeds, Wm. Douglas, Isaac M. Pennock, James Shields, John B. McFadden, John G. Backofen.

TRUSTEES:
Calvin Adams, John C. Bindley, George Black, Hill Burgwin, Alonzo A. Carrier, Charles A. Colton, John Evans, Benj. L. Fahnestock, John J. Gillespie, William S. Haven, Peter H. Hunker, Richard Hays, James D. Kelly,

Henry J. Lynch, John Marshall, Walter F. Marshall, John Orr, Robert Robb, Henry L. Ringwalt, William K. Schmertz, Alexander Speer, Alexander Sindle, William Vankirk, Isaac Whittier, Wm. P. Wyman, Christian Yeager.

SECRETARY & TREASURER—CHAS. A. COLTON.
mh21-d&w

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,
OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, Feb. 13th, 1864.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now, therefore, I, HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said SEC