Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING—APRIL 2, 1864

Speech of Hon. Green Clay Smith.

This distinguished Kentuckian, who is a warm advocate of the leading measures adopted by the Administration to subdue the rebellion, delivered at Lexington on the evening of the 28th ult. a masterly address defending the justice and policy of enrolling slaves for military service. The speech was in answer to the harangue of Col. FRANK WOLFORD, for which that officer was dismissed the service, and was enthusiastically received by the large crowd which listened to it. The following passage will give the reader an idea of its scope and patriotic tone:—

"When I went to Congress to represent my constituents, I did so with the promise to vote men and money; for the prosecution of this war, for the suppression of this most infamous rebellion, and I did so without one thought to the contrary. [Hisses.] The enrollment bill came up—the bill for the enrollment of every white male citizen in the country, which was to precede a draft for the strengthening of our armies, and I determined to vote for it and did so. The amendment was offered to enroll every able-bodied negro. Between the ages of eighteen and forty-five. There was no question as to the right of the Government to enroll them. All admitted the right; the most able lawyers admitted it as a proposition no man could deny. The proposition was made to pay to loyal owners $300 for every slave sent into the armies. I sustained the entire measure and voted for it, [great applause,] and now comes the question of my reason for so doing. Already have the States of Maryland, Missouri and Kentucky given their slaves by the hundreds and thousands to the army. The Government has the right and the power to take them, and the great loss we have already incurred in slaves is a warning to us to take now what we will never again be able to get for them. They are not worth, to-day, more than $250 apiece, and yet every loyal man will obtain the $300 from the Government. Some men will say that this act enforced would be a violation of the Constitution of the Commonwealth. But I defy any man to point out a clause in the Constitution of the State or a single scratch of the pen prohibiting it. What! do you tell me that it is right to tear the boy from his mother, the father from his family, the laborer from his employer, the farmer from his field, and throw them into the jaws of death, and yet that it is "unconstitutional" to use the negro in the same manner? Is it right, I say, that this should be done, simply that you may lie back in luxury and ease with twenty or thirty negroes to do your bidding? [Cries of "No, No."] I say that this country is for white people as well as for the negro. [Laughter.] And I would just as soon see a negro fazing death with a musket in his hand, or digging in the trenches, as to see a white man in the same position. [Great applause.]

There can be no doubt that the cause of unconditional Unionism is gaining ground in Kentucky every day. It was but recently that Kentucky was on the threshold of a rebellion inaugurated by her State executive against the Government of the United States. Governor BRAMLETTE had prepared a proclamation invoking resistance to the enrollment of the blacks, and pledging the support of the whole power of the State. Now we learn from Washington that the Governor has practically withdrawn his objections to the enrollment in question, while the speech of GREEN CLAY SMITH shows that the true men of Kentucky have at last found a brave and able leader. They have also a sound newspaper organ in the old Frankfort *Commonwealth*. We are now hopeful of the political future of Kentucky. The GUTHRIES and PRESTICES will not be allowed to have things their own way during the coming summer. GREEN CLAY SMITH and others who think as he does will attend the Baltimore Convention and do all they can to carry Kentucky for the Union nominee.

Wisconsin State Convention.

The Union State Convention of Wisconsin met at Madison on Wednesday last. Ex-Governor SALOMON was elected President and made an eloquent speech, saying that before the President issued the Emancipation Proclamation he was not in favor of his re-election, but he now heartily coincided with the feeling of the masses in all loyal States in favor of continuing him in office another term. A series of admirably drawn resolutions was adopted, of which we have room for only the following:

Fifth, That Abraham Lincoln has so conducted himself in the discharge of the duties of Chief Magistrate during the period of unexampled difficulties and peril as to win our foremost esteem and confidence as a statesman of rare ability, uniting in his character those high qualities of prudence, firmness, foresight, uprightness, and pure and earnest patriotic wisdom, which pre-eminently fit him to preside in this hour of trial; and in our opinion, whether we regard unity of sentiment and action among all loyal men at home as essential to a vigorous prosecution of the war, or the confidence of other nations and governments in the steadfastness of purpose of our people, his re-election is a measure of pre eminent wisdom and importance, and of sound public policy, and of highest consequence in the country.

Major Hood offered another resolution instructing delegates to the Baltimore Convention to vote for President Lincoln's renomination, which was adopted after some discussion, and the whole series of them agreed to unanimously. After speeches by several gentlemen, the convention adjourned with three rousing cheers for Abraham Lincoln.

Soldiers' Orphans.

We have had lying in our drawer for several days a circular issued by the State Superintendent of Common Schools, which proposes to the school directors of the State a plan by which the first step can be taken in the patriotic and benevolent work of providing for the maintainance and education of the indigent orphans of Pennsylvania soldiers who have given or shall give their lives to the country in this war. The claims of these children to the protection of the State were commended to the Legislature by Governor CURTIN in his last annual message. To ascertain their number is the first step required to be taken, in the opinion of the State Superintendent, and hence his circular requesting answers to the following questions:

1st. What is the number of indigent children in your school district, whose fathers have been killed, or have died in the military or naval service of the United States?

2d. Are there any institutions of learning in your county that will undertake to provide for the maintainance and education of a number of said orphans, if security be given that all reasonable expenses shall be paid by the State?

3d. If there are any such schools, how many children will each take?

The Superintendent says it is highly important that this circular, with the questions answered, be returned promptly by the 15th of April. We presume from the manner in which he urges prompt action by the directors, that there is some hope of the Legislature complying with the suggestions of the Governor. The object is in every way commendable, and we would rejoice to see some unobjectionable method adopted by which it can be carried into effect.

DENMARK.—We learn by the last intelligence from Europe that Denmark has consented to the proposed Conference of European powers. The German Powers have not yet consented. The war meanwhile goes on.

CONNECTICUT holds her State election on Monday next. The State has been thoroughly canvassed by both parties, but there can be no doubt of the success of the right ticket by a handsome majority.

OWEN LOVEJOY.

A Graceful Tribute to his Memory.

[WE welcome to our columns the following communication from a gentleman well known to a majority of the readers of the GAZETTE as an earnest advocate of the great social reform with which the name of OWEN LOVEJOY will ever be connected.]

WASHINGTON, March 29, 1864.

Editors Gazette:—It was a rare occasion that drew full galleries at the House on Monday. The visitor there heard from all sides of the Chamber declarations of friend and foe, touching the departed champion of a glorious cause, OWEN LOVEJOY. Nor were they the mere empty words that too often go to make up a eulogy as they do an epitaph. Who that loves sincerity and truthfulness, even in an opponent, could fail to give an honest word of praise to this man, who carried his heart as it were on his breast. It seemed to me that had all men in that House held their peace, its vacant chair itself would have been eloquent; that very roof of light, which had so often echoed to his voice, would not have kept silence.

Honesty of purpose and of action—this was the great secret of his power and of the esteem in which he was held, even by his most determined opposers. Even the plantation lords, in the days of their might, shrunk before the awful presence of his unsullied purity of character, whether in public or private life. Those who would have destroyed his influence sought, as did the warriors of old in their conflicts, for some joint in the harness, but in vain. No jobs, no tricks, no contracts, no schemes of peil or plunder were ever named for him. He never swerved from the great purpose; he never forgot the one great aim of his life. Whether in the tumult of fierce debate in Congress, or in the conflict of the red field, he never faltered, but bore his banner "full high advanced"—his watchword like that of Cato, "Carthage must be destroyed." With the courage equal to the cause, no lordly bearing of assumed superiority on the part of the man-stealers, no flourish of knife or pistol at the end, or as a conclusion to the argument, ever moved this orator from his stern purpose. It was not alone the blood of a dear brother that spoke to him! Nay, he but saw in that prostrate form the cause of human liberty stricken to the earth. He recognized in that brother, the exponent of a nation's freedom prostrate at the foot of the gory Moloch of slavery. He was of that Roman type that found a higher motive of action in the public than in any mere private grief, however sharp. It was not alone the blood from a heart near to his own which became a consecrating medium; but rather that which for years has been flowing from the scarred limbs of millions of the lowliest and most oppressed of Christ's redeemed ones. It was this that cried to him from the ground. His text was ever that so appropriately read above his cold form the other day, by Dr. Cheever—"Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me"—and I believe, as I believe God is true, that this fearless advocate of justice stands now where he has done amid obloquy and scorn for the poor, the distressed, the outcast and the fugitive, are made gems in the crown of his rejoicing.

Mr. Lovejoy foresaw the present times, years ago. The vast majority of us looked at the future through our desires. That majority wished the encroachments of the slavery power to be peaceably checked and therefore sought to convince itself that it would be so checked; as the unwise bird is fabled to believe itself hidden by closing its own eyes.

I well remember the prayer offered by Mr. Lovejoy at the opening of the Convention at Pittsburgh, which inaugurated, so to speak, the Republican party. It was held at Lafayette Hall, in 1855, and has already become historical. There were present men, who have since wor hily represented the immortal principles of justice and equal rights in the high places of the nation. Preston and Rufus King, Messrs. Bingham and Chandler—the former since Governor, the latter now Senator of Michigan—Hon. Geo. W. Julian, Hon. Horace Greeley and F. P. Blair, Sen., are a few names of those who took part in that assembly. It was meet that at the inception of a grand a movement in the name of liberty, the champion of it should ask from on High that blessing without which all earthly efforts are vain. Fervently he prayed that, if it were possible, the cup might pass untasted from the nation's lips! that God might stay the wrath, which the petitioner seemed even then to see impending! It was the Divine will that that portion of the prayer should not be answered, at least in the manner the supplicant would have had it. Relived to see the dreadful recompense of a nation's sin falling upon its head. He has been taken to his reward before the scourge is stayed, but from the serene heights will he permitted to see his country disenthralled while he hath entered into rest.

Mr. Lovejoy was a man of marked appearance. A large and powerful frame, a stentorian voice and a bearing which betokened what he possessed—great self-possession and personal courage—he had yet nothing of the "bully" about him. He had a fine genial face; was ever gentle and kind, though always in earnest, and terribly so when aroused. He had no half beliefs; that you could see in every act and action of the man. He never squandered his force on half measures. He never weighed his principles against a policy, either temporary, or other. He never gilded his logic of human rights to suit the eye of power. No shibboleth of party could drive him from the path his own conscience marked for him. God grant his mantle may fall upon some worthy wearer. Though dead he yet speaks:

"Mightier than living voice, his grave
The lofty praises utters o'er,
Through roaring wind and smiting wave,
It speaks the hate of wrong once more."

"Men of the North! your weak regret
Is wasted here; arise and pay
To freedom and to him your debt,
By following where he led the way."

A SOJOURNER.

National Finances—Congressional Dereliction of Duty.

The N. Y. *Tribune* has the following severe but just strictures on the conduct of Congress in neglecting and trifling with the necessary work of financial legislation, from the commencement of the session until now:

"Gold has gone up, in part because the work of suppressing the Rebellion has scarcely gone forward since last September; in part because our present Congress has evinced shameful incapacity or infidelity to its trust in postponing the necessary, inevitable action for the reinvigoration of the National Credit. We care not whether you concur or not in our conviction that, in their base subserviency to the Whiskey gamblers, a majority of either House justly forfeited the confidence of their constituents, since you cannot deny that a Congress fit to exist would have matured and perfected *some* sort of Financial system before the close of its fourth month. Not to act at all in a crisis like the present—to increase no taxes—pass no important measures of Finance—till the fifth month of the session, is a glaring confession that our legislators are as incompetent as our Generals have ever been. McClellan's waiting with two hundred thousand men for the leaves to fall and the mud to dry up, and for all manner of straws to be removed from his path, is fairly paralleled by the obstinate do-nothing impolicy of the present Congress. And it is this, more than any thing done or forborne in the Treasury building, that has sent Gold up like a rocket since the present year came in. Had a *good*, substantial system of increased taxation—adding at least one hundred millions per annum to our Internal Revenue, doubling the duties on imported luxuries, and securing the collection of the Income Tax already levied, but not one quarter paid—been perfected by the 1st of February, as it should have been, gold would not have been above 50 per cent. premium this year. The bill authorising the Secretary of the Treasury to sell gold under certain contingencies is very well so far as it goes; but it should have been preceded by measures insuring that he would have gold to sell. In the absence of these, it can amount to little; and we have already sent, or must send, away twenty millions of gold, that would have been saved to sustain the national credit, if an enhanced tariff on luxuries had been passed when it should have been.

There are members of Congress who have not deserved these strictures, and will not appropriate them. As for all those who shall feel touched by them, we beg to be understood as meaning *them*."

OHIO.—The Legislature of Ohio adjourned finally on Thursday last. The *State Journal* speaks of it as a body of wise, patriotic and able men.

FRANCE is paying nearly half a million sterling per month for the support of her armies in Mexico.

Gen. Lee's Army

The following is the latest estimate of the strength of Gen. Lee's army. It is from the Philadelphia *North American*:

The total forces under Gen. Lee's orders are said to be 130,000 men. Of these 5 000 are commanded by Breckinridge, and have been stationed between Lynchburg and Abingdon, in southwestern Virginia, and guarding the line of the Great Southern Railroad from Lynchburg to Longstreet's pickets in East Tennessee; 5 000 under Imboden and Mosby, have been maintained near the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and in Northern Virginia; 80,000 under Gen. Ewey, at and near to Richmond, at Petersburg, Weldon, Goldsboro', Wilmington, and along the railroad between Richmond and Wilmington, under Gens. Pickett and Beauregard. Seven divisions of infantry, 70 000 strong; 250 pieces of artillery, with 5 000 artillerymen, and fifteen regiments of cavalry, 15 000 men, or a total of 90,000 men, are under the immediate personal command of Gen. Lee. His entire control includes the 130 000 thus recently dispersed. It was estimated that Longstreet had 20 000 when his headquarters were at Bull's Gap, in Eastern Tennessee, and some portion of this force is reported to have entered Virginia.

THE UNION CITY AFFAIR.—Fu ther details of the affair at Union City would seem to show that the surrender of Col. Hawkins was a needless sacrifice. The assailing force were, it is said, not more than one thousand men, without artillery; while his own force, consisting of five hundred cavalry, were surrounded with earthworks. The surrender was made at the moment when Gen. Brayman, with two thousand reinforcements, was within a few miles of Union City. It is asserted that when Forrest demanded the surrender, Col. Hawkins men wanted him to cut his way out, but he refused to do so. Other statements are to the effect that some of his own men threatened to shoot him if he surrendered. It is also said that when the surrender had been made, several of our men wept like children, and a number broke their guns, and others threw theirs into a well, and that the officers broke their swords. Our forces had just been paid one year's service. The loss to the men and officers is estimated at nearly $60,000. Something less than four hundred prisoners were taken, several escaping.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AS REQUIRED BY ACT OF ASSEMBLY, notice is hereby given that ANDREW BRADLEY is appointed Assistant Cashier of the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh.

R. E. MUSKRAT, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1864. ap1-10t

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE.—The Seventh Session of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, April 4th, 1864, and continue twelve weeks, closing Friday, June 24th.

For terms, &c. call daily, at the Institute Rooms, from 2 till 5 o'clock p. m., or address for Circular,

REV. W. A. GRAY,
Box 758, Pittsburgh.

mh30:1w

GROCERS MEETING—THE RETAIL GROCERS of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Birmingham and surrounding boroughs are requested to meet at the Merchants' Exchange, Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, April 6th, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of taking such measures as may be deemed necessary to assist in the approaching sanitary Fair.

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
JAMES MONTGOMERY.

mh31

MASS MEETING.—The citizens and enrolled men of the Borough of Lawrenceville are earnestly requested to attend at ROBINSON'S HALL, on SATURDAY EVENING, April 2d, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of considering the best mode of raising sufficient money to pay recruiters to fill the quota of the borough. Punctual attendance of committee and citizens is requested, as tools are of importance will be transacted.

WILLIAM JANCEY, Committee.

mh30:2t

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Sixth Ward of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad Company will be held at the office of said Company, in Newland, on the 4TH DAY OF MAY, 1864, at 10 o'clock a. m., to vote upon the increase of the Capital Stock of said Company, for the purpose of allowing the bonds of said Company to be issued in lieu of stock. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 25th day of April and open on the 5th day of May. By order of the Board of Directors.

H. H. MCCULLOUGH, Sec'y.

Cleveland, March 28, 1864. mh30:m3t

COMMITTEE OF THE PRESS.—The following gentlemen, appointed by the Executive Committee of the Sanitary Sanitary Fair, are requested to meet at the GAZETTE EDITORIAL ROOMS, on SATURDAY, April 2d, at 10½ o'clock a. m.:

Committee of the Press—Charles McKnight, J. Heron Eakins, C. H. Kirkham, P. P. Bye, Wm. Aiken, Rev. S. H. Nesbit, Rev. Dr. Keogh, J. G. Campbell, Rev. Dr. Kerr, C. F. Bauer, W. B. Anderson, Andrew Acheig, J. J. Eaton.

S. RIDDLE, Chairman.

mh30:2t

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE School Board of Pitt Township was held in the Minersville School House on Tuesday evening, 29th inst., for the purpose of receiving the returns of the election held in the township on Monday, relative to tax for county purpose. The vote showed 120 for and 12 against Tax. On motion it was ordered that bonds be issued, and a committee appointed to take and bonds be prepared. Due notice will be given to those holding certificates for money paid for Beauty when the Bonds are ready for distribution.

WM. DAVIS, President.
JAMES CASSIDAY, Sec'y.

mh31:1t

UNITED STATES NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.—I am authorized to receive recruits for these services, who have been under an order from the War Department, dated March 25th, 1864. Able or *ordinary seamen* not less than four years service constitutes an able-seaman, and not less than two years an ordinary seaman) will receive transportation to Philadelphia. Three months pay in advance, to be included from any prize money, to which they may be entitled. In the MARINE CORPS there is no advance pay or bounty, but the recruits will receive PRIZE MONEY.

Men for the Naval Service or Marine Corps will be credited on the quotas for draft, the same as men for the army.

Captain and Provost Marshal.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 22d Dist. Pa.
PITTSBURGH, March 28, 1864. } mh28:6t

NOTICE.—Several of the Police Officers of the city of Allegheny having requested the Committee to advertise of obtaining a number of competent and trustworthy MEN to fill the vacancies. Applications either personally or in writing, will be received until TUESDAY, April 5th, at the Mayor's Office. All applications must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence of good character. Liberal compensation.

J. L. L. KNOX, Chairman.

mh30:4t

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST, (ALLEGHENY CITY.) ELDER JOSEPH KING, Pastor, meet in EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal and Peacock sts. Preaching every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer Meeting WEDNESDAY EVENING. The public are cordially invited. ap1:1t

THE FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES, of Pittsburgh, meet statedly, in the IRON CITY COLLEGE BUILDINGS, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets. Preaching LORD'S DAY—Morning and Evening—at the usual hours. Sunday School at 2½ o'clock p. m. Prayer Meeting every WEDNESDAY EVENING. The public are respectfully invited. ap1:1t

LEAD.—100 pigs No. 1 Galena Lead for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL.

FRANK VAN GORDER,

Produce and Commission Merchant, has removed to No. 10 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of First.

ap2:2t

THE PEERLESS STEINWAY PIANOS

Can only be had at S. KLEBER & BROS., Sole Agents for the Steinways, Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.

ap2:1t

NOTICE.—Whereas having been married in May 22d, 1862, to GEORGE W TOWNEND, Photographer No 55 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, and he not having done anything for my support, and he having represented to the public he was having received a fortune, now he knows that I, MARGARET SHIPMAN his lawful wife, do hereby avail myself of that report, and declare that I will not furnish support to him, having nothing more to do with him.

MARGARET SHIPMAN.

ap2:1t

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between B. L. WASHINGTON and JAMES WOOMMAKER, under the style of the Pittsburgh White Lead Co., has been this day dissolved. All persons indebted to said partnership are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned, by whom the indebtedness of the said firm will be paid.

R. L. WASHINGTON & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1864. ap1:1w

OPENING.

MRS. H. PINKERTON,

No. 103 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny,

Will open on THURSDAY, April 7th, a handsome assortment of

Spring and Summer Millinery,

To which she would invite the attention of the Ladies ap1:3t

CALENBERG'S N. Y. PIANOS!—Those rich toned, first class PIANOS, of Calenberg's New York make, can only be had at the rooms of the undersigned. Among the many who in this vicinity use them in their families we append a few names:

H. F. Eaton, Esq., J. McClelland, Esq.,
Rev. S. A. Mercer, John Gallagher, Esq.,
P. Duff, Esq., Commercial College;
Mrs. McCall, Temperanceville;
Mrs. Nixon, Allegheny;
Rev. T. C. McKeever, West Middletown;
Witherow Douglass, Esq., and many others.

S. KLEBER & BRO.,
Wilkins Hall, Fourth street,
Sole Agents for Calenberg.

ap2:1t

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—A gentleman who is engaged in the manufacture of Glass, East, would like to connect himself with a house in Pittsburgh. Has twelve years' experience, and is thoroughly acquainted with the business, both in selling and manufacturing. Best of references given in New York and Boston.

For further information address, for three days,

ap2:3t R. P. O., Box 535, Pittsburgh P. O.

REED ORGANS!

MADE BY GARHART, N. Y.

The best known substitutes for regular large Church Organs are GARHART'S N. Y.

Organ Harmoniums.

The following Churches have them in use, and prefer them to those of any other make: M. P. Church, Fifth street, F. F. Bingham, Leader; Central Presbyterian Church, Dr. Jacobus; Sixth Presbyterian Church, Rev. Dr. Wilson; Smithfield M. E. Church, R. Spencer, Leader; Liberty street M. E. Church, W. J. Bender, Leader; First Lutheran Church, Seventh street, G. H. Alexander, Leader; East Common M. E. Church.

Garthart's Organ Harmoniums are warranted superior to all others.

S. KLEBER & BRO.,
Sole Agents for Garhart's Harmoniums.

ap2:1t Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.

NEW CASTLE AND FRANKLIN RAILROAD.—Books of subscription to the Capital Stock of the NEW CASTLE & FRANKLIN RAILROAD COMPANY will be opened on WEDNESDAY, the 6th of April, proximo.

In the City of Pittsburgh, at the Rooms of the Board of Trade.

In New Castle, Lawrence county, at the Office of the New Castle and Beaver Valley Railroad Company.

In Mercer, Mercer county, at the office of William Stewart, Esq.

In Franklin, Venango county, at the Office of the Clerk of Court.

BY ORDER OF COMMISSIONERS:

A. L. Crawford,	Samuel M. Kier,
P. Q. Brown,	J. Z. Miller,
Wm. Pitcairn, Jr.,	G. W. Chess,
Wm. Stewart,	J. C. Murray,
J. G. Shaw,	George C. Bole,
Robert Wadsworth,	Josiah Kinnear,
James Kleckl, Jr.,	Springer Harbaugh,
J. H. Robinson,	J. W. Blanchard,
James E. Kerr,	J. G. Smith,
David Cowden,	F. D. Kimmer.

Pittsburgh, March 31, 1864. ap1:td

AT RETAIL.

Bead Gimp and Bead Buttons,

AND OTHER NEW TRIMMING.

The new Russian Collar and Cuff, elegant Point Gauze Setts and Handkerchiefs; Lawn Edged and Bead Linen Handkerchiefs; Laces, Grenadine and Crape Veils; Cambric and Hamburg Trimmings, in great variety, at low prices; elegant Sash and Scarf Ribbons; Corsets, Hats and Flowers; Head Nets, of every style; Stockings, Gloves, Corsets, Hoop Skirts and Spring Balmoral Skirts. A full line of Men's Furnishing Goods always on hand. Ladies' and Children's Merino, Silk and Gauze Underwear; Ladies' White Merino Underskirts—cost less than the material to make them.

Wholesale Rooms up stairs. Buyers in the city and from the country will do well to look at our stock before purchasing.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

ap2 77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

DYEING AND SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT.—The undersigned having opened an establishment at No. 43 FOURTH STREET, between Market and Perry, for the purpose of carrying on the

DYEING AND SCOURING BUSINESS,

respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. Having spent nice years in the establishment of Mr. Hooper, he flatters himself that he can give the full satisfaction to his customers. All goods taken will be returned in two weeks.

OSWALD WEBNER.

mh30:3w

ISAAC HOUGH & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of

Crude and Refined Petroleum,

416 SOUTH DELAWARE AVENUE,

mh31:1m PHILADELPHIA.

REMOVAL.

THE GIRARD FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Has removed its office from Barnsley's Building, corner Market and Water streets, to

No. 42 MARKET STREET,

adjoining Messrs. E. Holmes & Sons' Banking House.

ap1:1w B. D. S. THOMPSON, Agent.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—Mr. JOHN T. MCKENNAN has this day become associated with me as partner in the Drug Business carried on at No. 98 Federal street, and corner of Federal and Ohio streets, Allegheny, Pa. The name and style of the firm will hereafter be GEO. A. KELLY & CO.

Allegheny, March 31, 1864. mh31:10t

250 PIGS SOFT GALENA LEAD,

In store and for sale by

ALEXANDER GORDON,

mh29:2w No. 121 Second street.

REMOVAL.

I have removed my office to

No. 55 MARKET STREET, next door to N. Holmes & Sons.

ap1:1y JAMES O'CONNOR.

BUGGY AND SPRING WAGON AT AUCTION.—ON THIS MORNING, April 2, at 11 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street, will be sold:

One Top Buggy.
One Spring Wagon, suitable for express or furniture use.

T. A. M. CLELLAND, Auct'r.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

300 boxes Oranges;
65 do Lemons;

For sale by POTTER, ALDEN & SHEPARD,

ap1 No. 160 Liberty street.

MOVING TIMES!

BUY YOUR BOOTS AT

ROBLANDE'S, 98 Market street.

HANNAN HADDIES.—Smoked Finnan and Smoked salmon, a fresh supply just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,

mh31 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

ALL COLORS—Magenta, Ubin, Rotlin's Exp. Red Green, Blue and White colors, Paper Hangings, in the highest style of art—for sale by W. P. MARSHALL,

ap2 87 Wood street.

PIANO AT AUCTION—THIS (Saturday) MORNING, at 11 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

APRILS—CHEAP WALL PAPER, from 12½ to 18 cents, and placed at 25, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

LACE LEATHER, of the best quality, at Nos. 34 and 36 St. Clair street.

H. J. SPHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES.

GO TO THE AGENCY and examine, and you will then agree with us, that it is an almost perfect instrument.—*Evening Post.*

EVERY FAMILY is made happier by the introduction of this trustworthy machine.—*Christian Intelligencer.*

THERE are good, better, and best, and the best machine, we feel entirely safe in saying, is "Wheeler & Wilson's."—*Western Advocate.*

THEY HAVE NO RIVAL.—*Scientific American.*

HAVE received the Highest Premiums wherever exhibited.—*Philadelphia Press.*

EASILY MANAGED, not liable to get out of order, very beautiful, and simple in construction.—*Editor N. Y. Evangelist.*

BEFORE PURCHASING, examine the "Wheeler & Wilson."—*Daily Gazette.*

EXCELS in all the qualities that constitute a good machine.—*Independent.*

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