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TUESDAY.....MARCH 15, 1864

Vice President Hamlin on the War.

The National Union Club of Philadelphia, an organization of large influence among the loyal community, celebrated its anniversary, on Friday night, at the Academy of Music, by a public meeting. Governor Curtin presided, and among the gentlemen upon the platform were Governor Pollock, the Vice-President of the United States, Henry T. Blow, of Missouri, and other members of Congress. Speeches were made by Hannibal Hamlin, H. T. Blow, Leonard Myers and others.

Vice President Hamlin, in the course of his remarks, said:

"The man who would now clamor for party is unworthy to be a citizen of this great government. There is a class of men in every community who all us we must have the Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was. That idea carries with it the idea that we must receive back the men whose hands are reeking with the blood of our fathers are sons—that we must restore the status of slavery where it has been broken and upturned. The man who argues thus would roll back the tide of freedom flowing over ransomed territory, and bring back to power the traitors who have sought to destroy us.

"Man is everywhere to stand erect in the dignity of freedom. The tide of emancipation is not to be rolled back, but to be rolled on. We are not to close this war until the cause of it is removed. (Long applause.) We are to stand upon a higher civilization even than that given to us by our fathers. We are going to plant this government upon a basis of freedom that shall render it safe for all coming time. The progress toward that result is fast and rapid.

"No man can tell the precise time when this rebellion is to be broken, but the signs of the times already show us the beginning of the end. It is now narrowing. Its limits are circumscribed. The hope of a division in the North has been one of the secret and paramount causes that have buoyed them up. But the North is united, from the pine forests of Maine to the old Keystone State, for unconstitutional liberty over the Union.

"The rebels see it and feel its effect. Another hope that stimulated them was, that the resources of the North would not be contributed to the Government. They were again mistaken. They have failed in everything. When they see this fully, the rebellion must and will come to an end."

The First Failure of the Campaign.

In a recent letter the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* speaks as follows on this subject:

It would appear that the plan for the opening of the campaign involved four distinct objects—the occupation of Florida, the surprise of Richmond, the taking of Mobile, and possibly the occupation of some such point as Selma by Sherman's flying column. The movements from Fortress Monroe and the Army of the Potomac were manifestly auxiliaries to Kilpatrick's attempt; and the advance by Tunnel Hill and Dalton seems mainly intended as a diversion to protect Sherman. Mortar firing seems to continue at the forts below Mobile, but one can hardly believe, after Sherman's return, that anything serious is meant there. As to the rest, we have had only failure all around the board.

For the agents of these failures we must wait. The Committee on the Conduct of the War is to investigate the ill-starred Florida affair. An effort is making to blacken the reports of Gen. Gilmore by holding him wholly responsible for it; and others have incredible stories about Gen. Seymour; and others the same about genial and clever young Private Secretary Hay; but fairminded men will prefer to await the investigation before rushing to rash conclusions about anybody.

But about the Kilpatrick affair nobody can have any doubt. It was common talk in the camps, weeks before it was undertaken. Even ladies on visits to the army heard it; and on their return to Washington kept the secret, of course, as their sex always does. If the rebel authorities in Richmond did not know all about it several days before it was begun, then they are simply very stupid, and it is possible that we have made just about enough calculations in this war, based on the assumed stupidity of our opponents. In a word, it was a predestined failure from the outset, unless the rebels had reached that point of sheer exhaustion that they could not muster men to defend their capital from an attack, of whose time, manner and comparative weakness they were fully advised.

Northern Copperheadism.

The character of the New Hampshire Copperhead leaders, who have just been so summarily defeated in their treasonable plans, may be inferred from the address of one J. D. Lindsey, at Newington, recently. McAuley stamped the State for Harrington, the Democratic candidate for Governor. He says:

"Rather than submit four years longer to Abe Lincoln, and to overrun by the hordes of his bleeding holidays, let us step out the step of old, 'To your tents, O, Israel!'" Democrats should arm and organize into drill clubs, companies, battalions, regiments and brigades, for these bleed-thirsty Abolitionists and shoddyite thieves and traitors are a wind broken, spavined, dyspeptic race, and one regiment of Democrats could whip three of them. Our armies have accomplished nothing; the Army of the Potomac is a grand picnic excursion, eating up the substance of the nation, and coming home to vote down the liberties of the people, and render our also citizens a farce and mockery to the world."

Santa Anna and Maximilian.—The *Monitor* publishes a letter from the Mexican capital, which states that "a man who has ever played a foremost part in Mexican affairs, has made known his 'adhesion' to Emperor Maximilian, and that he is about to arrive at Vera Cruz." This is no less a personage than Santa Anna. The *Monitor* asserts that he "wishes to be the first to do homage to his Emperor, and escort him to the capital," and adds: "This determination of the ex-President will take no one by surprise. Years ago General Santa Anna, recognizing the danger and the 'inanity' of a Republican form of government, had openly proclaimed that the restoration of monarchy could alone save Mexico."

The Philadelphia *Telegraph* says that a letter has been received from a friend of the late brave, Col. Dahlgren, who served with that unfortunate officer during the recent raid about Richmond, which states emphatically that the so-called 'order' alleged to have been found upon the body of Dahlgren was a fabrication and forgery in toto. No such paper was ever written, issued, printed, or even considered by the noble young Colonel, as his faithful friends are assured. It is believed that this miserable lie was gotten up for effect, to cover the indignities visited upon the remains of Dahlgren.

The Rebel Prisoners at Rock Island.—Nineteen deaths among the prisoners at Rock Island, week before last, of which 62 were from small-pox. So far there have been, in all, 1,755 deaths among these prisoners, of which 806 were from small-pox. There is a strong corps of surgeons in attendance, who are doing all in their power to improve the sanitary condition of the post, but sickness, nevertheless, continues to prevail fearfully. There are now 800 of the prisoners under treatment for various diseases.

Recruiting of twenty naval vessels, ready for use, are detained for want of seamen. The recent act of Congress authorizing the enlistment of sailors from the army and navy to the number of twelve thousand will, it is thought, supply as many as are at present needed.

The two sons of Baron Lionel Rothschild, though proposed by Earl Russell and Lord Granville, were within the month, both black-balled at Brooks'.

EVENING GAZETTE TELEGRAMS.

SOUTHERN NEWS FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CHATTANOOGA, March 12, 1864.

The following items of Southern news are derived from various sources:

Howell Cobb delivered an address in Savannah on Wednesday evening last.

The amount of confederate notes funded at the Custom House, Savannah, for the first five days was nearly $700,000; at Macon $250,000.

In Talbot's county, Ga., the wheat crop is poor. Not cotton is planted save for home use. Corn planting has commenced and a large crop will be put in.

A convention of editors of weekly papers met at Milledgeville on March 2d, and resolved to raise the price of subscription to $10 per annum, and advertising to $10 per square.

On Saturday week, a boat containing about 20 Union soldiers, landed at Goose Creek, in Florida, broke up salt works there, and cenrised of the proprietors and negroes. The rebel General Hood narrowly escaped death while travelling to Dalton, recently. A collision took place between two passenger trains on the railroad, and killed a woman, broke several arms and legs, and smashed the cars. Gen Hood was slightly injured.

The Treasury Notes funded in Charleston, for the week, ending amount to 20,500,000 dollars.

The Charleston papers announce the death of Captain R. B. Thayer, of the steamer Antonia.

Breckinridge has been superseded, and Sam Jones is in command of the Department of Southwest Virginia.

The rebel Brigadier General Mahone has been made a Major General, and also Military Superintendent of all the Southern railroads.

Mobile papers state that some rebel soldiers recently had a fight with a band of deserters in Jones county, Ala.; they captured a number and hanged and shot ten.

Here is a dispatch from Richmond, dated, March 10th. I don't believe you have anything later:

"An official dispatch from Gen. Ransom tonight, from Suffolk, says the enemy occupied Suffolk in force, on Sunday. He attacked them on the 9th, and drove them out on town, killing a number and capturing one piece of artillery and a quantity of Commissary and Quartermaster's stores, the enemy flying to Portsmouth, burning bridges and everything behind them. They were pursued beyond Bernard's Mill.

One gunboat and two transports appeared in the York River to-day, near Coast Point. Their object is not known.

Charleston, March 10.—The enemy have ceased firing on the city.

A very hard blow prevailed at sea all day and last night.

The new iron clad gunboat Ashley, was successfully launched this morning.

Richmond, March 11.—The Legislature of Virginia requires exemption from military duty of numerous judicial and executive departments of State, Government, and public institutions.

Milledgeville, March 10.—The Hon. Linton Stevens introduced resolutions into the House of Representatives declaring power to suspend the habeas corpus yet limited by prohibition, and that no person shall be deprived of liberty without due process of law, which must come from courts, and not from the executive, and that an act of Congress attempting to sustain arrests is void.

The rebel official loss in the Ocean Pond battle was 939.

The Situation in East Tennessee.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Morristown, Tenn., March 10.—The cars came through here from Knoxville to-day. The track from the Plains is in excellent order.

The weather is delightful. Movements are progressing admirably. Gen. Schofield is over at the front, and full of activity. The citizens are strong in the belief that Longstreet is preparing for a movement into Kentucky, for which purpose he is mounting his troops, having called on Gov. Letcher for 10,000 horses for that purpose. They also express the belief that only his cavalry is going, and that his infantry will dispute our passage through Bull's Gap.

The reports are very conflicting. It is also difficult to form an enlightened opinion.

From Havana—Southern News—Mexican Affairs.

New York, March 13.—The steamer Morning Star arrived to-day, bringing Havana dates to the 8th inst.

The Spanish regular Almaguher, and Burrengus had arrived with reinforcements for the army of the Antilles.

The Havana papers contains copious extracts from late Mobile papers showing that Gen. Sherman's expedition had ended in the greatest alarm there. The federal troops are charged with having committed incredible outrages.

The steamers Fannie and Syren had arrived at Nassau on the 29th ult., with cargoes of cotton from Wilmington, having run the blockade thither.

The advices from Vera Cruz are to the 1st inst., and from the city of Mexico to February the 26th.

The report that President Juarez had resigned, is denied in Liberal circles.

Zacatecas has been occupied by 2,000 Imperialists who are directing their military operations against General Ortega. He is entrenched at Guadalupe and the Imperialists had declared this place in a state of siege. The people of Zacatecas received the invaders with rejoicings. The Imperialist garrison at Tabasco has been besieged by the Juarists, and unless reinforced will have to surrender.

Gen. Vidaurri has openly declared against Juarez, and has abandoned his cause.

A rumor prevails that Santa Anna gives in his adhesion to the new Government.

From all parts of the country comes the intelligence of the occupation of various towns by the French troops, still among other places the Guanajuata and Minatlan.

The French have also had a naval success, their war corvette Cordilliere captured and took into San Blas the Mexican steamer Sanfrancisco formerly the English steamer Lord Raglan, with dispatches from Juarez.

At the latest accounts Juarez was at Santa Catalina and Rebiada at Monterey. After making all allowance for the fact that the news from Mexico comes from French sources, it is evident that the National cause is rapidly losing ground. The Juarez Government is now reduced to four or five states.

Compliment to Gen. Grant—His Reply

Washington, March 13.—General Grant, before he left on Friday for the West, answered the letter written in behalf of a large number of the citizens of New York who desired to refuse their appreciation of the services he has rendered to the country in a brilliant series of success in arms, and respectfully soliciting the favor of his presence as their guest at some period during his stay in the east.

This letter was signed by fifty of the most prominent citizens of New York, and in reply to it Gen. Grant says, that while highly appreciating the kind tender of the hospitalities of the city, he will not be able to accept of them. My duties call me immediately to the West, for which I start on the most expeditious route this evening. For that part of your letter complimentary to myself, accept my thanks, and receive my assurance, that all in my power will be done that your expectations may be realized. The men and money you so patriotically offer for the prosecution of the war, see all that will be required to insure its early termination in the re-establishment of the whole Union.

Gen. Meade.

Washington, March 12.—The *National Intelligencer* of this morning says: Rumors evidently founded upon misapprehensions having obtained currency to the effect that the health of Gen. Meade had become so much impaired as to induce his resignation of the command of the Army of the Potomac, and gone so far as to designate his successor, we are happy to be able to state, as we do on good authority, that this distinguished officer has entirely recovered from his recent indisposition; and that he had never entertained the remotest intention of retiring from a position, in which we may add he has secured the confidence of the country and the army; and where he has earned such a high military reputation. The recent visits of Gen. Meade to this city, as we understand, have been for the purpose of consultation, and to give testimony before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, and not in view of any contemplated separation from his command. He was expected to return this morning.

Fast Day—Prize Arrived.

Boston, March 12.—The seventh of April has been appointed as fast day by the Governor.

The prize steamer Scotia arrived at this port yesterday.

Exchange of Prisoners Stopped.

Washington, March 14.—The *Chronicle* says that Gen. Wadsworth left the city for Fortress Monroe yesterday with orders from the War Department to stop all the exchanges of prisoners upon the basis recently acted on by the rebels, on which one hundred rebel prisoners are exchanged for every seventy-five of ours in possession of the rebel authorities. Gen. Wadsworth has been instructed to state that no more prisoners will be exchanged except on the principle of man for man, and that, too, without regard to color.

Gen. Peck's Order—Guerrilla Company Captured.

Newbern, March 8.—Gen. Peck has issued an order prohibiting the sending of information to the northern press by any person in North Carolina other than authorized correspondents.

The army gunboat Foster, with a detachment of the 101st Pennsylvania regiment, surprised a guerrilla camp at Fairfield and captured a whole guerrilla company.

The Situation in East Tennessee.

Louisville, Ky., March 14.—A dispatch from Cumberland Gap, March 13th, says: Information deemed reliable, says Longstreet's headquarters are at Greenville, Tennessee, and Bickner's, at Bull's Gap. Their main forces are between these two points. Their pickets are eight miles above Morristown.

General Vaughen is at Rogersville; and General Gaines at Jonesville, Va.

The Slave Trade.

Lord Palmerston has assured the House of Commons that no one felt more desirous of seeing the infamous traffic in slaves put down than the Foreign Secretary and himself, and that no effort of theirs should be spared to accomplish that object. Already the slave trade with Brazil had ceased, and a vast diminution had taken place in the number imported into Cuba. This result he attributed mainly to the operation of the treaty with the United States. He regretted to say, however, that the government of France, which was amongst the first to declare the inhumanity and illegality of the traffic, had not thought fit to follow the example of the United States, and had lent that lukewarm support in the work. With regard to the employment of cruisers in Cuba waters, he thought the more prudent and humane course was to send them to the coast of Africa, rather than to allow the slaves to go through the horrors of the middle passage before they had a chance of capture and failing into other hands.

A Good Idea.—We understand that Postmaster Wakeman proposes to take into the Post-Office a number of boys of the age of about 16 years, whose fathers have lost their lives in the service of their country, thus aiding their widowed mothers, and introducing them into active and industrious employment. The idea is a praiseworthy one, and we have no doubt will be followed by many others of our citizens who have employ ment the best suitable for boys.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Re-enforcement of the Charlestown Blockade.—As soon as steamers can be obtained four or five war steamers will be sent to reinforce the blockade fleet at Charleston. The arrangements negotiated between the War and Navy Departments will expedite this enterprise.

Carson's Indian Campaign.—A dispatch from San Francisco reports the arrival of Kit Carson at Santa Fe, after a successful campaign against the Navajo Indians, rebel allies, from he virtually annihilated, having captured seven hundred of the tribe and killed the principal chief.

A British subject recently arrived at Knoxville, Tennessee, who ran the blockade into the Confederacy, with $5,000 to speculate in cotton, was conscripted into the rebel army, passed through several severe battles, and finally escaped into our lines, a wiser man.

CLAIM AGENTS.

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N. B. No charges are made if the claim is not succeed. and all information given gratis. ap5-1y

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Apply to JAMES CALDWELL,
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WANTED—A Practical Glass Manufacturer, to take charge of a Window Glass Factory in the State of Ohio. Must understand the business perfectly, as all the details. None other need apply. Address BOX 1315, Cleveland, Ohio. mh9-1w

WANTED—$60 A MONTH—By wholesale Grocery House, in Cincinnati, Ohio. Agents at $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell my Sewing Machine. Address, with stamp, mh12-1w
J. KNIGHT, Albion, Maine.

$75 A MONTH—I want to hire Agents in every county at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new and only Family Sewing Machines. Address, with stamp, mh12-1w
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JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. Refers to Dr. A. M. Pollock, Dr. Reed, Dr. Thompson Robbins, Joseph Horne. my

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Lessee and Manager.....Wm. Henderson.
Treasurer.....H. Ogleshevy.

For three nights only. The great moral drama of UNCLE TOM'S CABIN, in which the entire company will appear. All the Original Music, Scenes and Tableaux.

Owing to the successful revival which this beautiful moral drama has received of late throughout the country, the Manager feels confident that its production at the present time will meet the approval of the public.

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Will be presented, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

Uncle Tom.....Mr. Burgess
Legree.....Mr. Kaine
George Harris.....Mr. Loveday
Cassy.....Mrs. Ryder
Topsy.....Little Warden

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THIRD TRIUMPHANT WEEK.

Houses crowded to suffocation! The wildest enthusiasm and great excitement ever created in this city by any Minstrel Organization.

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Monster Burlesque

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EVERY EVENING & SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

First week of the engagement of W. H. LEWIS, the great sensation Soprano Vocalist.

Cards of Admission.....25 cents.
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OF MATURE AGE,

Ever Known on the Face of the Globe.

Positively This Week Only.

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY. Twice Levees each day, from 11 to 1½, 2 to 4½ and 7½ to 9 o'clock.

GEN. TOM THUMB,

AND HIS

BEAUTIFUL LITTLE WIFE,

The late Miss Lavinia Warren, the fascinating Queen of Beauty.

COMMODORE NUTT,

The famous "$20,000 Man," so called from having received that sum from Mr. P. T. Barnum for three years' services.

Ella Minnie Warren,

The smallest Lady of her age ever seen. Here are a Married Couple, a Bachelor and Belle, all four weighing but 100 lbs. Perfect in form and features. The world never saw anything half so wonderful. No larger than so many babies.

At the opening on Monday o'clock morning Lavinia the General and his Lady will wear the identical Wedding Costume in which they were united in their Marriage Day, Feb. 10th, 1863.

They will appear in a great variety of Fascinating Parts, Songs and Costumes.

The rich, rare and costly Wedding Presents, also the magnificent Jewels presented to Gen. Tom Thumb by the Crowned Heads of Europe, will be exhibited at each Levee.

A Magnificent Miniature Coach, (costing ($2,000,) no larger than "a basket basket," drawn by four of the smallest ponies in the world, and attended by Elite Coachman and 3 Footmen in Livery, will promenade the streets, and the four little wonders will all ride at once in it to and from the Hall of Exhibition during the Bond.

Admission.....25 cents.
Children and under 10 years of age.....15 "
mh9-1w

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Fresh new days only, commencing

MONDAY EVENING, March 21st.

Immense exhibition. Two exhibitions in one! The most attractive exhibition now traveling

ELLINGER & FOOTE'S

GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION AND

CONTINENTAL VOCALISTS.

The three smallest human beings in existence.

COMMODORE FOOTE,

22 years old, 28 inches high, and weighs 34 lbs. He is 11 inches shorter and 22 pounds lighter than Barnum's PET.

BARNUM'S ARNUMIZED! his challenge accepted, and Commodore Foote, the smallest man in Barnum and the whole world to produce the equal of COM. FOOTE in age, size, weight or skin action. The Commodore is a perfect gentleman, of fine sensibility and intellectual cultivation, and will receive, as a compliment, all the attention due a great man.

MISS ELIZA NESTEL,

Sister of the above, better known as the FAIRY OF THE WEST, the smallest matured lady in existence—but half the size of Tom Thumb's wife—it is to-day 21 years old, 30 inches high, and weighs 15½ pounds.

COL. SMALL,

The Most Original Character Dancer, is 17 years old, 30 inches high and weighs 25 pounds.

This trio of Lilliputian Wonders, (unlike most other exhibitions of this nature, in which the characters are trained to appear in a certain portion, like an achieved show,) are thoroughly educated, and appear in a variety of Vocal and Instrumental Dances, Laughable Burlesques, Farces, &c., arranged for them with great care to give the most pleasing effect, and will be assisted by the old, or giant and justly celebrated

CONTINENTAL VOCALISTS,

Together with Master ELLINGER, the well-known Pianist and Composer, and Prof. G. B. SOLOMON, the eminent Blood Pianist and Violinist.

The Levees Matinee and EVENING after the opening night, commencing at 3 o'clock, for Ladies and Children. Levees to afternoon Matinee 13 cents, Children 10 cents. Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock p. m.—Exhibition to commence at 3 and 8 o'clock p. m.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved seats, 38 cents. Children under 15 years of age, 13 cents.

C. G. RUSSELL, Business Agent.

mh14-2wd

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.

War Department, Cavalry Bureau.
Office of Chief Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C., February 16th, 1864.

Will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the places and on the days named below, viz:

At Millin, Pa., 300 Horses, Friday, 4th March.
At Williamsport, Pa., 300 Horses, Tuesday, 1st March.
At Altoona, Pa., 300 Horses Friday, 11th March.
At New Brunswick, N. J., 300 Horses, Tuesday, 15th March.
At Easton, Pa., 300 Horses, Friday, 18th March
At Newark, N. J., 300 Horses, Tuesday, 22d March.
At Lebanon, Pa., 300 Horses, Friday, 25th March.
At Wilkesbarre, Pa., 300 Horses, Tuesday, 29th March.

These Horses have been condemned as unfit for the Cavalry service of the United States Army.

For road and farm purposes many good bargains may be had.

Horses will be sold singly.

Sales begin at 10 a. m., and continue daily till all are sold.

Terms Cash, in United States Treasury Notes only.

JAMES A. SKIN,
Chief Quartermaster, Cav. Bureau

SUPERB OIL-PAINTINGS.—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 16th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, by Catalogue, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 84 Fifth street, a superb collection of fine Oil Paintings, selected by one of the best Connoisseurs of Art. This Catalogue of 300 choice Paintings comprises the finest Italian, English and American Schools, comprises European and American Landscapes, Devot'onal and Humorous Subjects, Winter Scenes, Marine Pieces, Moonlight Views, Figure Pieces, &c., including works from such eminent artists as Hinckley, Cafferty, C. L. Brown, Hart, Professor Jacobs, Hennessy, Hagley, Myerbeer, &c. Also faithful copies of the most celebrated productions of the Masters, such as Raphael's Madonna, Color Voyage of Life, (a series of four beautiful Paintings,) Murillo's Head of the Virgin, Landseer, Van Dyke's Female Interiors, Wm. Parker of London, &c.

The Paintings are all elegantly mounted in ornamental gilt frames, to be sold together. This superb collection, constituting in itself a rare Gallery of Fine Arts, is now open to the public for its examination. Ladies are particularly invited. Catalogues will be ready for distribution on Monday.

mh11 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auc'rs.

ELEGANT MANSION AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, March 22d, at ½ o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 84 Fifth street:

That superior built Mansion, occupied by Oliver W. Blackburn, Esq., situate on Bluff street, between Marion and Van Braam streets, overlooking the Valley of the Monongahela. The mansion was built in the most substantial manner, for the owner's own occupancy, every item of detail being finished most thorough and complete.

The Grounds, comprising some three-quarters of an acre, are laid out tastefully with walks and arbors, and planted with choice vines and shrubbery. A cold grapery and green-house, together with a large brick stable and carriage house, are erected on the rear of the grounds.

To be appreciated, the property must be thoroughly examined, and all who desire to purchase a commodious mansion with all the modern improvements, are requested to examine the premises.

Terms—One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest.

mh13 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auc'rs.

FURNITURE, &c., AT LAWRENCEVILLE.—On TUESDAY MORNING, March 15th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the late residence of Mrs. Lowe, on the Greensburg Pike, the entire Household Furniture, comprising Hair Seat Chairs, Sofa, Carpets, Tables, Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, &c. &c. Also, Kitchen Safe, Cooking Stove and Utensils, Kitchen Furniture, &c.

Also, 120 gallons pure Cider Vinegar, a quantity of Carpenter Tools, &c.

mh13 DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auc'rs.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.

STONE AND AUCTION.—On SATURDAY EVENING, March 19th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 84 Fifth street, by catalogue, Allegheny Stock. mh11

DAVIS & McILWAINE, Auc'rs.

BANKS.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
Office of Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington City, Feb. 18th, 1864.

Whereas, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 18th day of February, 1864.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

feb20-2m

THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Formerly IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY.)

Capital, $300,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY having organized under the National Currency Act, offers its services for the transaction of a general Banking Business in Drafts bought and sold. Money received on Deposits, and Collections made on all parts of the country.

DIRECTORS.

Jacob Painter,	Robt. Robinson,
Jno Hill,	R. Bengh man,
C. F. Kloman,	W. H. Gormly.
Wm Cooper,	

G. P. WARNER, President.

JNO. E. PATTERSON, Cashier.

feb8-1m

THIRD NATIONAL BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Office of the Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington City, Feb 27, 1864.

Whereas, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 27th day of February, 1864.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK

Having organized under the National Currency Act, is now prepared to do a

General Banking Business.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED. Exchange on the principal cities of the East and West bought and sold, and collections made in every accessible part of the country.

Office for the present, (until the completion of the New Banking House, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley,) in the Banking Room of the DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

No. 110 Smithfield St.,

OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

DIRECTORS.

Wm. E. Schmertz,	A. Hartje,
A. S. Bell,	Alex. Roberts,
S. S. Hartman,	Henry Gerwig,
I. Morgenstern,	D. Cox,
	ADAM SEIBERAN, President.

S. C. SCHMERTZ, Cashier, pro tem. mh9-3m

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, NO. 65 FOURTH STREET,

CHARTERED IN 1855.

Open daily from 9 o'clock, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums not less than One Dollar, and dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually, in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of Six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without calling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At the end of each year will decide if less than twelve years, a dividend of Six per cent. has been made. At this time will decide if less than twelve years.

Books, containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICE PRESIDENTS.

James McAuley,	John M. Moreland,
John H Shoenberger,	Wm Douglas,
James Herdman,	Isaac H. Bennett,
Peter A Madeira,	Daniel Bidell,
William J Abbott,	Jacob S. McFadden,
A. M. Pollock, M. D.,	John G Barkham.

SECRETARY.

Edwin Adams.

TREASURER.

Henry J. Lynch.

DIRECTORS.

Edwin Bindley,	John Marshall,
George Black,	Walter F. Marshall,
Bill Bingham,	John Orr,
Alonzo A. Carrier,	Robert Robb,
Charles A. Colton,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
John Evans,	William Schmertz,
Basil L. Fahnestock,	Alexander Speer,
John J. Gillespie,	Alexander Vindle,
Robert Hamilton,	William Wilkins,
Peter R. Hunter	Isaac Whitney,
Richard Hays,	Wm. P. Weyman,
James H. Kelly,	Thomas M. Steele,

SECRETARY & TREASURER—CHAS. A. COLTON.

mh14-2wd

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

HAVING PURCHASED AND ADDED

TO OUR OWN THE

ENTIRE STOCK

OF

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

Lately held by W. McCLINTOCK & CO., at 113 Market street, we are able, by the consolidation, to offer the

LARGEST STOCK,

TO BE FOUND IN THE WEST,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Oliver McClintock & Co.,

No. 85 FIFTH STREET.

mh9

W. D. & H. McCALMONT,

4TH STREET

Spring Stock of

CARPETS,

JUST OPENED.

OIL CLOTH.

Well seasoned. New styles of

Window Shades, etc,

QUITE AS LOW AS ELSEWHERE,

At M'Callum's Carpet Store,

No. 87 FOURTH STREET.

mh7

PIANO COVERS.

Fine Embroidered Cloth.

Embossed Cloth.

Victoria.

A new and splendid assortment just received at the

NEW CARPET STORE

OF

McFARLAND, COLLINS & CO.

mh4

ATWOOD, RALSTON & CO.,

Manufacturers and Commission Merchants,

CARPETINGS,

Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c.

No. 413 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

OILS, &c.

R. E. WARING. HENRY H. KING

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

And dealers in Refining Materials

No. 32 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh.

REFERENCE.....WILSON FRAZER

ROE & PEARSALL,

PHILADELPHIA.

Commission Merchants & Brokers,

Exclusively in

Petroleum and its Products,

For export and home consumption. Ample facilities for storage, at reasonable rates. Liberal advances made. ap8-3m

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Agents of the

GLOBE, PACIFIC AND LIBERTY OIL WORKS

Liberal cash advances made on consignments of

Refined or Crude Petroleum.

COR. DUQUESNE WAY & HANCOCK STS.,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

WALES, WETMORE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM,

No. 118 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

Ample facilities for STORAGE AND SHIPPING at their yard and wharf, Sun Rock

my14-1y

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO.,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

IN

Crude and Refined Petroleum,