Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING:: ::MARCH 14, 1864.

Salmon P. Chase.

In our edition of Friday last we noticed with a commendation the withdrawal of Mr. CHASE from the Presidential canvass. Since then we have had time to note the effect upon the country of his letter of withdrawal, and, if the public press can be regarded as a correct criterion, that effect has been most salutary. Mr. CHASE's letter of declination seems to have been the only act that was needed to cement and strengthen and render invincible the great Union party of the country. His candidacy was so unwisely precipitated by some of his friends—they were so bitter and uncompromising in their partisanship—so unreasonably hostile to President LINCOLN, that the only effect which could be produced by his remaining in the field would be the dividing and weakening of the party which *should* carry the next Presidential election. There was thus a patriotic necessity for Mr. CHASE's declination, and, when the moral certainty that he could not be nominated at Baltimore if he remained a candidate was rendered apparent, his withdrawal at once became prudential and politic as well as patriotic. He withdrew from the canvass, and has saved his reputation as an honorable and patriotic citizen as well as a sagacious politician. Mr. CHASE, we think, made a mistake in aspiring to the Presidency, even if his chances of success had been better than they seemed, for certainly to be the successful chief of the Treasury during this great war is hardly equal to that of being President. But, when the war is over and the nation can with safety change its Chief Executive and spare Mr. CHASE from the Treasury, if he shall then seek promotion his chances of success will be vastly improved by the recollection of his many and valuable services in behalf of our beloved Republic;—and among those services the people will remember with gratitude his refusal to be made an instrument at this critical juncture to divide the only unconditionally loyal party of the country.

—Since writing the above, we have read the first letter addressed by Mr. CHASE to Mr. HALL, to which the one we published on Friday makes some reference. This letter still further shows that Mr. CHASE's course throughout has been most honorable—that is to say, has been commensurate with the confident expectations formed by his hosts of friends every where.

The following is the first letter, as published in the N. Y. *Tribune*, of Saturday:

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18, 1864.

MY DEAR SIR: Your kind note is just received. As it has been so long on the way, I have telegraphed you that I will reply by mail.

At the instance of many who think that the public interests would be promoted by my election to the Chief Magistracy, a Committee, composed of Senators, Representatives and citizens, has been organized here to adopt measures to promote that object. This committee, through a sub-Committee, has consulted with me, and I have explained to them the objections which seem to exist against any use of my name in that connection. They have taken these objections into consideration, and assure me that they think I ought not to refuse its use, and I have consented to their wishes, assuring them, however, that whenever any consideration by them, or by the friends of our cause, thought entitled to weight, should indicate the expediency of any other course, no considerations of personal delicacy toward me should be allowed to prevent its being taken.

If I know my own heart, I desire nothing so much as the suppression of the Rebellion and the reestablishment of union, order and propriety on sure and safe foundations, and I should despise myself if I felt capable of allowing any personal objections to influence me to any action which would affect by one jot or tittle injuriously the accomplishment of those objects; and it is a source of real gratification to believe that those who desire it on public grounds alone, and will not hesitate to act in any matter which may concern me upon such grounds, and such grounds alone.

Of course, under these circumstances, I desire the support of Ohio. If, however, it shall be the pleasure of a majority of our friends in Ohio to indicate a preference for another, I shall accept their action with that cheerful acquiescence which is due from me to friends who have trusted and honored me beyond any claim of merit of mine.

Very truly, your friend, S. P. CHASE.

Hon. JAMES C. HALL, Columbus, Ohio.

The Gold Bill.

This bill, which had previously passed the House, has passed the Senate with an amendment. The amendment provides that the Secretary of the Treasury *may* sell the surplus gold in open market, but, of course, leaves to his discretion the propriety of doing so. The House bill simply gave the Secretary authority to anticipate the interest on Government bonds when there should be a surplus of gold in the Treasury. The effect of the passage of this bill, which was substituted for Mr. SPRAGUE'S bill (now practically adopted by the Senate) was to send gold up to *sixty-nine* in Wall street. The gamblers thus proved that the bill passed by the House was *in their interest*, and would not relieve the Government and the people. This opened the eyes of the Senate, and the House bill was amended as we have stated. The House is expected to reverse its own action and adopt the amendment.

It is argued that, if power be given to Secretary CHASE to sell gold in the New York market, two desirable objects can be attained—1st, he can prevent the gamblers from widening still further the relative values of gold and paper money; and, 2d, he can at any time, when there is more gold in the Treasury than the wants of the Government require, obtain a supply of greenbacks at advantageous rates and thus add the gold premium to the other receipts of the Treasury. The bill is a proper one. It in effect gives to Secretary CHASE the power to "bull" greenbacks and control the price of gold.

To show that this bill was needed to prevent further depreciation in our currency, Senator Sherman stated the other day that the gold now in the Treasury amounted to over $19,000,000, and that at the present rate of receipts there will be in the Treasury, July 1, $41,742,054 in gold. Of this enormous sum, but $20,849,700 will be due and payable on that date, and as the banks of New York hold $23,175,000 in gold, more than $40,000,000 will be hoarded up on July 1, unless the power to sell is granted. With $20,000,000 locked up in the vaults of the Treasury, and the same amount retained in the New York banks, the gold gamblers would have matters their own way. Speculation would be king. But, give Secretary CHASE the power to throw his $20,000,000 on the market, and speculation is at once dethroned. The mere knowledge of the fact that he *can* control the gold market will prevent the gamblers from pushing up gold. The country will have cause to rejoice in the passage of the Senate gold bill.

A Lesson for Pennsylvania.

It is authoritatively stated that Ohio is out of the draft. New York is striving hard to escape it, and promises to be successful. Most of the other States have filled their quotas long ago. We hear from Washington that Pennsylvania is the most backward of all in filling her quota. Why is this? Are we less loyal than our neighbors? or, are we more indolent and indifferent than they? We do not assume to answer. The reply is with the people. But we are not saying too much when we tell our readers frankly that, unless they bestir themselves with greater vigor than they have yet displayed, they will not only be caught yet by the draft but they will achieve the disgraceful pre eminence of being citizens of the *only* State in which a draft was rendered necessary. A little effort now and all will be well, but a little delay and the reproach of being a "drafted Pennsylvanian" will carry with it a sting that can never be forgotten! By all means, good friends, get out of the draft while you can and save the honor of the old State.

Miss Anna E. Dickinson.

A gentleman of this city has just received a letter from Miss ANNA E. DICKINSON, dated Erie, March 10th, 1864; in which she says:

"I have been compelled to write so many letters of refusal to most kind invitations from Pittsburgh, that I am really growing distressed. Suffice it to say,—that I should be most happy to come—that there is no community before which I would more gladly stand—but that my time, already overcrowded, and my throat and voice seriously out of order, *utterly* forbid any fresh engagements for this season."

Our Pittsburgh lecture-goers will receive the above announcement with the deepest regret, as they have been in anxious expectation for some time, of hearing Miss Dickinson.

We hope that our lady friends, who are to have charge of the Fair, for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission, will use their best efforts to induce Miss Dickinson to visit Pittsburgh some time during its progress. Such a visit would add greatly to the attractions of the fair, and no doubt, greatly enhance the receipts.

General Grant's Powers.

A Washington telegram of Friday says:

Lieut. Gen. GRANT returned from the front to day, and departed almost immediately for Nashville, with plenary powers to organize the armies of the West, and South for victory.

This work he will do upon the basis of the truly military idea of a concentration of forces.

Politicians have dispersed our armies hitherto. Grant and Grant's policy will gather them up from the Western boundary of Texas up to the Minnesota camps, and make them available for smashing blows this Spring.

The Government is fully apprised of the great effort made by the Rebels to reinforce their armies in the South West with a view to a gigantic endeavor to drive us back to West Tennessee and Kentucky, and to recover their connection with Louisiana and Texas. These will be fully met.

Increase of the Army.

The gain to our armies since November 1st, 1863, is, by volunteer recruits, 20,000; by the draft of 1863, 40,000; by deserters returned, 28,000; by the invalid corps, 25,000; and by re-enlisted veterans, 100,000; total, 290,000. To this add 70,000 colored troops and 63,000 white recruits enlisted between the 1st of January and the 1st of November, 1863, and we have 528,000 as the gain to our armies from January 1st, 1863, to February 29th, 1864. Deduct 120,000 as the casualities—disease and battle—for the year, and we have a net gain of near 400,000, all of which, except 63,000, has been made since November 1st, 1863.

Desertions from the Army.

Previous to April, 1862, there were reported 78,451 desertions from the army—being an average of 6,230 per month. In April, 1862, the Provost Marshal system was adopted, and since then the average desertions per month have been but 1,736. The total aggregate of desertions since the war broke out is 127 107—of which number 56,000 were enlisted men from New York; 15,280 from Pennsylvania; 12 488 from Ohio; 14,555 from Illinois; 5,200 from Kentucky; 4,878 from Missouri; 1,943 from Tennessee; 2 895 from Virginia; 1,659 from the District of Columbia, and smaller numbers from other States.

OUR PRISONERS AT RICHMOND—RESTRICTION OF CORRESPONDENCE.—The Richmond *Herald* says: "We learn from Lieut. Ketz that the rebel authorities have recently placed some unnecessary and very aggravating restrictions on our prisoners confined in Richmond. They are allowed to write only six lines at a time to their friends in the North, and that but once each week. The Lieutenant has received from an unprisoned friend one of the six-line letters, which is not exactly in keeping with the intention of the regulation, as the writer used the widest paper he could obtain, wrote in diminutive style, and abbreviated as much as possible. The restriction is despicable, and much has been inspired by pure malevolence. Rebel prisoners should be similarly dealt with so long as it remains in force."

THE ALABAMA AND SEMMES' LOOKOUT.—The London *Shipping Gazette* says: "An officer of the Alabama, who left that ship in consequence of a quarrel with Captain Semmes, states that the Alabama has the very best telescopes on board. A lookout man is always kept at the mast-head. As soon as the faintest symptom of a sail is descried, Semmes goes to the mast head himself, and if there is the slightest probability that the stranger is a man-of-war, the Alabama is driven with full steam on out of sight, and, if possible, in a totally opposite direction to that of the strange sail."

THE CHOCTAWS have called a Convention to arrange for rehabilitation in the United States Government. The Chief, Jack McCurtain, is actively distributing the Amnesty Proclamation, and trying to bring his people back to loyalty. The Seminoles and Chickasaws still hold out, under the influence of the Rebel General Cooper, who was for a long time Indian Agent among them.

THE OPENING OF THE SPRING CAMPAIGN.—It is stated upon good authority that the Spring campaign will be opened as early as the 1st of April, and that it will be simultaneous along all points of the line. The veterans are now hurrying to the front from their furloughs, and many of the recent recruits have acquired steadiness enough to be trusted upon the battle field.

THE National Ticket Agents' Convention met at St. Louis on Wednesday. The Convention was occupied till adjournment in discussing and determining upon the rates to be maintained for the ensuing year. The conclusion was to retain them, with slight differences, as they have been during the year past.

GEN. HALLECK's status is no longer a matter of doubt, writes a correspondent. He reported on Friday to Gen. Grant for orders, and was assigned to special duty here Gens. Mead and Ingalls came here with Gen. Grant from the Army of the Potomac.

GOVERNOR MORTON announced on Friday, that Indiana's quotas, under all calls, were more than full without taking into account the veteran re-inlistments. He, however, urges the active continuance of recruiting.

GEN. SPINNER was on Friday, instructed by Secretary Chase to announce that after the 16th inst. Quartermasters checks will be paid 60 per cent. in certificates, and 30 per cent. in currency, instead of 50 per cent in each.

MAJOR GEN. LEWIS WALLACE arrived in Wheeling on Friday, having been summoned by the Secretary of War. Report assigns him to the command of the Middle Department, headquarters at Baltimore.

THE cavalry which recently cut the rebel communication and made a dash at Richmond, is now arriving by transports at Alexandria *en route* to the army of the Potomac.

TOILET SOAP.—100 boxes Fancy Toilet and Palm Soap in store and for sale by
mh14 REYMER & BROS.

MEN'S FINE FRENCH CALF STITCHED BOOTS, at R. ROBB'S, 89 Market street.

300 DRY FLINT HIDES received and for sale by
mh10-w McDONALD & ARBUCKLES.

WILLOWS.—50 bundles Willows for sale by
mh10 REMBY H. COLLINS.

LAKE HERRING.—200 BBL barrels for sale by
mh10 HENRY H. COLLINS.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The owners of Oil at the Allegheny landing are requested to remove their Oil at once, otherwise it will have to be removed at their expense, as it is not room there to do the current business. Attention to this matter will save trouble and expense
mh11 JAMES ALLEN, Wharf Master.

AN ELECTION for President and Six Directors of the Manchester Savings Bank will be held at the Banking House on SATURDAY, the 26th day of March, 1864, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m.
THOS. B. UPDIKE, Cashier.
Manchester, Feb. 25th, 1864.

PITTSBURGH FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY CO., OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, Pittsburgh, Pa., February 24th, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors have this day declared a dividend of SEVEN PER CENTUM on the income, or Third Mortgage Bonds of this Company, out of net earnings of 1863, payable in cash on the 1st day of April next. [fe26] W. H. BARNES, Sec'y.

BENEFIT OF SUBSISTENCE COMMITTEE.—Visitors will be admitted into the FOUR PIN WORK, Fifth Ward, to see the famous 20-INCH GUN, daily, until 1st, 1864. Price of admission, 25 CENTS, the entire proceeds to be presented to the Subsistence Committee of Pittsburgh. Tickets sold at the office of the works, at Monongahela House and at St. Charles Hotel.
fe27:1m

OHIO GALLIA SALINE COMPANY, March 4th, 1864.

THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Monongahela River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, at the Banking House of N. Holmes & Sons, on and after the 14th inst.
N. HOLMES, Treasurer.
mh7:1w

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY.

Capital.....$200,000
With privilege to Increase to.....800,000

This Bank is now fully organized and in successful operation.

We are prepared to do a general Banking business, and offer our services as correspondent to Banks and Bankers throughout the country.

Special attention given to collection in this and the adjoining City of Pittsburgh, as well as on all parts of the country.

Moneys received on deposit, and Exchange on all the principal cities bought and sold.

DIRECTORS:

T. H. KEVIN,	R. H. DAVIS,
JOHN DEAN,	HENRY GERWIG,
WM. BARBAUGH,	JOHN THOMPSON,
O. O. BOYLE,	D. N. WHITE.
ARTHUR HOBSON,	

T. H. NEVIN, PRESIDENT.
JOHN P. KRAMER, CASHIER.
Allegheny, Jan. 30, 1864. fe1:3m

REMOVAL, 123 Wood Street. TO 122 Wood Street.

Our present location on Fifth street having, of late, become so much more unbearable for our business, we beg to announce that we will remove our MUSIC STORE, on the 1ST OF APRIL next, to

122 WOOD STREET,

FOUR DOORS ABOVE FIFTH STREET,

Nearly opposite the Pittsburgh Trust Company.

The exclusive agency for

STEINWAY'S PIANOS

Will remain in our possession, as before.

H. KLEBER & BRO.

jy27:Saw-WFAM

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS.

50 half bbls. Lake Herring;
75 do White Fish;
1000 lbs. Cod Fish;
250 bbls. Green Apples;
50 do Dry Apples;
50 do Sliced Sweet Potatoes;
50,000 prime Cucumber Pickles;
100 bags Shelled Corn;
50 do Lemons;
Just received and for sale at No. 309 Liberty street.
mh11 POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD.

WM. P. BECK & CO., Wholesale Grocers, 185 Liberty street, have for sale
20 bbls. Romanite Apples,
100 do do Sliced Sweet Apples,
50 do prime White Beans,
5000 lbs. Leaf Tobacco;
10 bbls. Cider;
2 do Tallow;
3 do Sorghum Molasses;
1000 do Extra No. 1 Salt.
mh14

$1350 WILL PURCHASE two two-story Brick Dwellings and Lot, near corner of Penn and Locust streets, 8th ward. $1100 will purchase a neat two-story Dwelling and Lot on Poplar street, Allegheny City.
Will purchase Five Dwellings and Lots, corner of Corry and Locust streets, Allegheny City.
Will rent clear of all taxes for 12 per cent. on the investment. Apply to
mh14 B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street

FURNITURE, &c., AT LAWRENCEVILLE.—On TUESDAY MORNING, March 15th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the late residence of Mrs. Leach, on the Greensburg Pike, the entire Household Furniture, comprising Hair Seat Chairs, Sofa, Carpets, Tables, Sideboards, Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, &c., &c. Also, Kitchen Safe, Cooking Stove and Utensils, Kitchen Furniture, &c.
Also, 120 gallons pure Cider Vinegar, a quantity of Carpenter Tools, &c.
DAVIS & McILWAINE, Aucts.
mh12

PROPOSALS for Grading, Paving and Setting with Curbstone Tannehill Lane, in the Fifth Ward; also Bedford Street, in the Ninth Ward, from Penn street to the Allegheny river, will be received up to SATURDAY, the 19th inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. The work on Tannehill Lane will state the price per cubic yard. All material to be placed as directed, on the church yard, the contractor reserving the building stone.
C. McGWIN,
mh12:3d Recording Registrar.

WALL PAPER, WINDOW PAPER, FANCY SHADES, PATENT BLIND FIXTURES, BAGS and PAPER for sale at the lowest cash prices, and the highest price paid, at the Book and Paper Store,
No. 104 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.
mh12 T. E. WAKEHAM.

JOHN DOUGLASS, (Late 107 Arch street,) Wholesale dealer in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Leaf and Manufactured TOBACCO. Also, Imported, Havana, German and Domestic SEGARS, SNUFF, SMOKING TOBACCO, PIPES, &c. No. 13 NORTH FOURTH STREET, corner of Commerce, Philadelphia.
ANTAWN P. HAWS.

CIGAR BOX MANUFACTURERS.
SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS.
SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS.
For sale by MICHAEL BAKER, Saw Mill, Hillsdale street, Philadelphia.

L. SNIVELY, Wholesale Manufacturer of LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES, No. 19 NORTH FOURTH STREET, Philadelphia, Has constantly on hand a general assortment of LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S BOOTS and SHOES, suitable for city and country trade.
mh10:3m

RARE CHANCE for an active man or A PRACTICAL OIL REFINER.

A cash capital of only about $1,000 or $1,200 required, to secure an interest in a Refinery near the city and on the river.
Address BOX 569, Allegheny City.
mh11:1w

BROKE AWAY, from the Allegheny P. Wharf, on the night of the 10th of March, a bulk OIL FLAT, with the name of HUSSEY & McBRIDE on the end of it. It is about 20 ft. long by 14 ft. wide. The 50 lb head and part of the deck are on the boat. A liberal reward will be paid for information of the boat. There was a French creek boat tied to it when it broke away.
mh14:1t

TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals are invited for the erection of the Third National Bank, Pittsburgh. Plans and specifications are now ready, and can be seen at the office of DARR & MOSBIE, at the *Dispatch* building, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 6 p. m., where bids will be received until MARCH 19TH at 12 m.
ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ,
mh12:2d Cashier, pro tem.

FOR RENT—OFFICE Room in the Building formerly occupied by John S. Lee, No. 84 Market street, next door to R. Holmes & Sons' Banking House.
Apply to ROBERT D. THOMPSON,
Agent Girard Insurance Company,
mh12:1w Bagaley's Building.

COFFEE.—180 bags prime Laguayra Coffee for sale by
mh7 LITTLE & TRIMBLE.

LIME.—200 bbls. fresh for sale by
mh5 HENRY H. COLLINS.

TRESS HOOPS, oil barrel size, for sale by JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

CAMP KNIVES, for sale by
mh12 JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

COOPERS' AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS for sale by
mh12 JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

COLT'S REVOLVERS for sale by
mh12 JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

WINDOW CURTAINS, Gold and Green, and all other kinds, for sale by
mh12 W. P. MARSHALL.

WALL PAPERS, for Spring of 1864. Look out for them. Only 500 different patterns to show. For sale with a rush by
mh12 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

HERRING.—300 bxs. No. 1 Herring, 200 do Scaled do;
Just received and for sale by
mh8 REYMER & BROS.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES.—125 bbls. new crop prime and choice, for sale by
mh8 LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
Nos. 113 and 114 Second street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, March 14, 1864.

500,000 BUSHELS OF COAL—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 22d day of MARCH, 1864, at 12 o'clock M. for the furnishing and delivery of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND BUSHELS OF GOOD MERCHANTABLE PITTSBURGH COAL, at the places and in quantities as follows, viz:

100,000 bushels at Vicksburg, Miss.,
200,000 " " Memphis, Tenn.,
200,000 " " Cairo, Ills.

The above coal to be delivered as soon as possible after signing the contract.

Proposals must state the price for each of the above places separately.

Proposals must be addressed to Lt. Col. O. CROSS, Deputy Quartermaster General, Pittsburgh, and marked "Proposals for coal to be delivered at Vicksburg, Memphis, or Cairo," as the case may be.

Bids will be received for each of the above named places, or for the whole amount as may suit the bidder.

Guarantee.

The ability of the bidder to fill the contract, should it be awarded to him, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Bidders must be present in person when the bids are opened, or their proposals will not be considered.

Bonds equal in amount to half the sum to be received on the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder upon signing the contract. As the bond must accompany the contract, it will be necessary for the bidders to have their bondsmen with them, or to have bonds signed in anticipation, and ready to be produced when the contract is signed.

Form of Guarantee.

We, ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, and ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that —— is able to fulfil a contract, in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract therewith. Should the contract be awarded him we are prepared to become his securities.

[To this guarantee must be appended the official certificate above mentioned.]

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and an oath of allegiance will be required of successful bidders before signing contracts.

The undersigned reserves to himself the right to reject any or all bids that he may deem too high.

Payment to be made upon the completion of the contract, or so soon thereafter as the undersigned shall be in funds.
O. CROSS,
mh14:3d Lieut. Col. and D. Q. M. General.

PEARL MILL SUPERIOR FLOUR.—We have commenced receiving a very choice lot of 50,000 bushels Southern Wheat, fully equal to that from which the highest grades of St. Louis Flour is made. We are now prepared to furnish our customers with Flour equal to the best St. Louis brands.
mh14:3w R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.

FOR RENT—A TAVERN STAND.—A Brick House, in good condition, having attached to it one-half an acre of ground and a good stable, and now occupied by John Shrok as a tavern stand situate in Lower St. Clair township, about one mile from Pittsburgh. Possession will be given on the first of April.
Enquire of JOSEPH ALLAN,
Washington Pike, near Green Tree P. O.
mh14:2tw

VALUABLE RIVER PROPERTY FOR SALE, situated on the Monongahela River, above the first Lock, having a front on said river of 977 feet, and extending back to Braddock street, adjoining the Connellsville Railroad, containing 4 acres and 77 p rches. This is an admirable location for manufacturing purposes, having the river in front and public street and railroad in the rear, and new Mill and buildings thereon erected.
For terms, &c., apply to MARY ANN TUSTIN, on the premises, or to W. C. HUGHINBAUGH, No. 114 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.
mh14:1f

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed Administrators of the estate of Nicholas Yeagley, late of the city of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, deceased, and all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are requested to make known the same to us, without delay.
JOHN YEAGLEY, Jr.,
Third Ward, Allegheny City;
WILLIAM NEESE,
Reserve township, Allegheny county.
mh14:1awdaw

IN THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, of —— Term, A. D. 1864; No. ——. In the matter of the vacation of certain streets in the City District of Pittsburgh.
And now to wit: March 12th, 1864, the Map of the Commissioners, making a location of streets under the above act, (southeast of Bates street and north and east of Frankstown and Mad River,) being filed in the Clerk's Office, it is ordered by the Court that on the SIXTH DAY OF MARCH next, the Court will hear the exceptions, if any be filed against the same, and adjudge and determine whether it shall be approved or altered; two weeks notice to be given in the *Evening Chronicle* and *Pittsburgh Gazette*.
BY THE COURT.
WM. A. HERRON, Clerk. mh14:2t-f

FROM LIVERPOOL FOR
$95 00, CURRENCY.
THROUGH TO PITTSBURGH FOR
$31 50, CURRENCY.
Passage by at sail vessels will sail every alternate week. Passage on sail vessels will sail every alternate week. Passage on sail vessels will sail every alternate week. Passage by steamers as low as any other line. Passage on sail vessels will sail every alternate week. Passage on sail vessels will sail every alternate week. Passage on sail vessels will sail every alternate week