Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY.....MARCH 7, 1864.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

OFFICIAL PAPER.

TWO PRINTERS WANTED.

Two good, steady Compositors can obtain permanent work in this office, by applying soon. Wages, 33½ cents per 1000 ems, and pay every week. The men at present employed in the GAZETTE office make from $12 to $22 a week. Address "Foreman Gazette Office."

A Sanitary Fair in Pittsburgh.

We are pleased to learn that, at a meeting of the Sanitary Commission, held on Saturday it was unanimously resolved to hold a public fair in this city, for the benefit of the now exhausted treasury of the commission, in order that necessary funds be raised to relieve the wants of our sick and wounded soldiers. Fairs of this character have already been held, in several of the large cities of the country, with the most gratifying results, and although our citizens have contributed largely to these fairs, as well as to the general calls of the commission for funds and stores, we feel satisfied that the efforts to get up a fair here will meet with the hearty approval of all those who have at heart the welfare of our soldiers. The military operations of the coming spring and summer will doubtless be extensive, and there will be need for every dollar which can be raised for the purpose of alleviating the sufferings of the sick and wounded. The success of the projected fair will depend greatly upon the efforts of the patriotic ladies of the two cities and vicinity, and we bespeak their active and energetic cooperation in the good work. The time and place of holding the fair will be announced at a future day.

Death of an Old Army Officer.

Col. Swearingen, a citizen of Chillicothe and a pioneer of the Scioto Valley, Ohio, died a few days since. The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: James Strode Swearingen was born February 2d, 1783, in Berkley, now Jefferson county, Virginia. He was one of a large number, including the most prominent citizens of Scioto county, who came from the Valley of Virginia and were among the first settlers of Ohio. In 1800, when a mere youth, he was appointed by Mr. Jefferson, ensign in an artillery regiment. In 1802 he conducted a company from Detroit to Chicago, where he remained for some time preparing the defences of that port. At the time of Burr's expedition he was stationed at Pittsburgh to stop his boats. In 1808-7 he was stationed at Fort Pickaway, near the site of the present Memphis on the Mississippi. In 1811-12 he was placed at Fort Mifflin, near Philadelphia, and was ordered thence to Sackett's Harbor, soon after the commencement of the war with England. In 1813-14 he was Assistant Quartermaster General at Pittsburgh, and in the spring of 1814 was appointed Quartermaster General with the rank of Colonel. His headquarters were at Chillicothe, where he remained until the close of the war, when he left the army.

The Courts.

(Reported exclusively for the Gazette.)

DISTRICT COURT.—The argument in the case of Margaret Carson vs Robert Conway et al was concluded. Decision reserved.

COMMON PLEAS.—To-day (Monday) the trial list will be taken up. The following cases are fixed for to-day:

2 Rounsa Fairey vs Charles Folk.
3 F. C. Negley vs J. B. Morgan
4 J. H. Heldrick vs J. F. Duncan and Randall Kent.
8 Wm. McClelland vs Martha McClelland et al.
9 Conrad Reed vs George Findley.
10 P. Kemjeck and wife vs John Nemjeck and wife
12 F. Henderson vs Andrew Mossy.
16 H. Smith & Co. vs Geo. W. Cardell.
19 J. M. Leith vs Brown & McLeer.
19 R. G. Wool vs B. Krugh.
17 Wm. M. Lyon vs A. Kirk Lewis Ex
18 R. P. Real vs L. Haldeman.
20 Henry Keth vs Belle Dunlevy.

BOUNTY FUND MEETING.—The citizens of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, held an adjourned meeting on Saturday evening, and resolved to continue their operations for subscriptions to the bounty funds up to the 10th inst. The Block Committees were instructed to make out lists of all men in the ward liable to draft, enrolled or not enrolled, and report the same with the amount subscribed to each meeting.

Those who have already subscribed are expected to pay over their subscriptions to the Treasurer, or to the Block Committees, who are empowered to receive them.

The meeting adjourned to meet this evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the School House.

SOLDIER TO BE HUNG.—Richard S. Cooper, a private of Company H, 10th New Jersey regiment, was recently tried by Court Martial in Reading, upon the charge of having murdered a citizen, named Charles P. Mendham, in Pottsville, on the 25th of September, 1863, by shooting him. The accused was convicted and sentenced to be hanged. The finding and sentence of the Court has been approved by Major General Couch, and the sentence will be executed by the commanding officer at Fort Mifflin on Friday, the 17th of June next.

WHISKY STOLEN.—Some soldiers of an Ohio regiment, who are quartered in a warehouse on First street, near Smithfield, took a barrel of whisky last evening, from the door of Mr. Thos. Moore, liquor dealer, in the vicinity, and carried it to their quarters. Information of the fact was received at the Girard House, when a company of armed soldiers was sent to the place, who, together with the city police, entered the building, and removed the liquor. The barrel had been broken into, and a considerable quantity of its contents drank.

ADDITIONAL BONUS FOR RECRUITS.—We are authorized to state that in addition to all other bounties a bonus of five dollars will be given to any man who may enlist for the 69th, 71st, 73d, 81st and 106th regiments, known as Philadelphia Regiments, and belonging to the 2d Corps, Gen. Hancock. Men enlisting for these regiments, no matter by whom recruited or where enlisted, will be paid this bonus by Capt. Wright, Provost Marshal, upon their arrival, at the Girard House, where all recruits are sent.

LIVERY STABLE AT AUCTION.—The livery stable of Mr. B. H. Patterson, Diamond street, will be sold at public auction on Wednesday next. As the stock is all of the best quality, a rare opportunity will be afforded for investments in superior horses, carriages, etc. Mr. Patterson is well known as one of our oldest livery men, and has always been noted for the superiority of his stock. Mr. T. McClelland, auctioneer, will conduct the sale.

POISONED.—Several members of the family of Mr. Enoch Albertson, of Clarion borough, were poisoned on Friday last, in consequence of eating parsnips. It appears that parsnips of two years' growth are very poisonous, and a few of these having been mixed with others they were near producing fatal results. Those in the habit of cultivating this vegetable should be careful to destroy all the old stalks, lest similar accidents may occur.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Coroner McClung held an inquest yesterday upon the body of Terrence Gilroy, a laboring man, residing in Pitt township, who died suddenly of heart disease, on Saturday night. He had been engaged at his business during the previous day, and appeared as well as usual. The deceased was about sixty years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

REVERSED.—In the case of Lockart & Frew vs. Lieitenthaler, error in the Supreme Court of Allegheny county, Judge Thompson, last week, in Philadelphia, read the decision of the Court, reversing the decision of the Court below, and ordering a *venire de novo*. The decision is regarded as high y favorable to the plaintiffs in error.

DESERTER ARRESTED.—Palmer Coates, a deserter from the 123d Pennsylvania regiment, has been arrested, and is now a military prisoner in the guard house awaiting his trial by court-martial. Coates has a bad record, there being a charge against him for stealing a horse from David Quail, of Rose township. He will probably receive his desefts.

DIRECTORS ELECTED.—The following gentlemen were, on Saturday, elected directors of the Third National Bank of Pittsburgh: Messrs. Adam Bonneman, Wm. E. Schmertz, Algernon S. Bell, Samuel H. Hartman, Lewis Morgenstern, Augustus Hartje, Alex. Holstein, Henry Gerwig, B. Gee.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.—On Sunday morning, Mayor Lowry had seventeen cases of drunkenness, disorderly conduct and vagrancy before him. Twelve paid their fines, and the balance were committed to jail for short terms.

A PROFITABLE OIL WELL.—The Oil City *Register* learns that Messrs. Lockhart & Frew, of this city, have been offered $100,000 for their well on Horse Creek. It is producing 75 barrels per day.

The Late Fire on Oil Creek.

The Oil City *Register*, of Thursday, contains the following in reference to the fire previously noticed in our paper:

"As we go to press, we learn that an extensive fire has occurred at the Maple Shade well, on the Hyde & Egbert farm, some six miles above here. The fire occurred about three o'clock Wednesday P.M., and is supposed to have caught from the Keyson well, a few rods above. In boring the miners struck a vein of gas and oil, which flowed directly between the tanks of the Maple Shade. By some means, not as yet clearly ascertained, this oil and gas caught fire, and in a few moments the whole space around the well was enveloped in the flames. The flat for a distance of eighty rods below was burned over. The loss, as near as we can get it, will not exceed 12,000 bbls. Dilworth & Ewing and Haldeman & Co. are reported to have lost from twelve to fifteen hundred barrels each. Several boats were burned, and the upper end of the Story farm made a narrow escape. The value of the oil, tanks, &c., loss, will be about $150,000. The Maple Shade well was still on fire up to our latest advices, but it is thought it will be extinguished without serious injury to the well.

A fire occurred on the John M'Clintock farm, at Fawcett & Co's well, consuming 100 barrels of oil, on Thursday morning."

THE MINSTRELS.—Yankee Hill's Great Burlesque Troupe continues to draw crowded houses nightly at Masonic Hall. This troupe is far superior to any company that has ever before visited our city, and cannot fail to please. The roars of laughter and thunders of applause give evidence of great satisfaction. They advertise for to-night an entire change of programme, in which they introduce the laughable burlesque of "The Serious Family." We shall look for a tremendous rush, and shall be on the spot to witness the "Serious Family" in good season, and we advise our friends to do likewise.

BOUNTY FUNDS.

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

The following sums have been paid to J. C. McPherson, Treasurer of the Fourth Ward, Allegheny city, Bounty Fund:

Thomas Gibson	$10	Jas Patterson, add	10
John Petonian	10	Frank Rahm, add	40
George Smidt	10	Rev John Peck	10
Jos Kittleman, add	10	S P Johnson, add	10
H Hassenie	10	S B Robinson, add	10
Robt Childs, add	10	Henry Holdship, add	20
Wm Hunnemier	10	Lewis McIlrath, add	23
Jno Harting, same	40	J M Snowden, add	25
A F Dalzell, add	10	August Wenman	10
H Holzman	10	Wm Backert	40
Lewis Rail	10	Thomas Nelson	40
Wm Brown	25	Elias Davis	40
Alex Stitt	10	Adam Wainmann	40
Henderson Wilson	40	Wm Lutton	40
John S Williams	10	Fritz Fritsch	40
Wm Johnson	40	James Hunt	40
J B Johnson	40	Charles Mertz	40
Charles Kehler	40	Michael Souer	40
George Oberst	25	John Vollhart	15
Peter Bailey	10	A Buttlemier	10
Alex Bennevitz	20	John D Forrest, add	10
Wm Huff	20	J G McConnell	10
Henry Muhl	25	Wm Nellis	5
John Myers, add	10	Whitesides	5
B C Miller, add	10	Wm Jenkinson, add	25
Thomas Walch	10	Wm Smith	5
Robert Means	10	J N Green, add	15
Henry Paulus	10	Wm Trenker, add	5
John A Herman, add	40	Wm Stipe	40
John Becker	10	Robt Matthias	10
John Koch	10	Peter Cunningham	10
Gottlieb Weiss	10	Nicholas Hetzel	10
Chas Shad	10	Henry Hockenchel	10
Frank W Mackel	10	L Dorrell	10
H Wightman	10	P Smith	10
J G Stevenson, add	10	Geo Gwodon	10
Herman Kuder	10	T Miller, add	10
John G Weither, add	10	Philip Stenauger, add	10
Wm Bellestine, add	10	A Lynall	5
Lewis Cesar	10	Chas Seitel	10
Joseph Fisher, add	10	A Buhl, add	10
Wm Bass	10	H Kolmaier	20
J Porter	10	Klemens Hollinger	20
Cash	10	Lewit Hickes, add	20
Henry Willetts	10	Gordon Sieeler, add	10
And Copeland, add	10	Gregor Beta	10
Jas M'Quiston, add	10	Jacob Krebs, add	25
John Baldinger	10	Geo Wolf, add	5
Robt C Clark	10	John Probert, add	5
Henry Bassel, add	10	A Whitehill	10
Anders Vogel	5	Wm Johnston	5
Wm Speer	5	Adam Kingman	5
Alexander Biggs	10	Lorenz Rulenigl	10

Previously reported $28,725. Total $30,510.

The Commissioners of Bounty hereby give notice that they desire all subscriptions to be paid in by Thursday evening next, and all persons who have not been called on can give their subscriptions to J. C. M'Pherson, Treasurer, at Merchants & Farmers Bank, in the Diamond. The Commissioners hope that every one will come forward promptly, and thereby enable them to fill the quota of the ward this week.

SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY.

The following additional subscriptions to the Second Ward, Allegheny have been received by W. A. Reed, Treasurer, for the 3d, 4th and 5th of March:

David Cross	$25	Joshua Nuttall, add	10
George Lindsey	10	Philip Kraft	10
Henry Schribe	10	Jno Vogler	10
Thomas Smith, add	10	A C Ellis	10
Wm J Warnock	10	M Whitmore	10
J Holtman	10	Isaac Kaun, add	10
W F McKnight	10	A T Bouldbett	10
Jno Kalthoff, add	10	S D Sholes, add	10
Sam'l Young	10	H L McNish	25
John Young	10	Sam'l F Moore	25
Jas McDonald	10	N Summerville, add	10
John Crimlan	20	David Reed	10
F M Cooley	10	J H Bolte	10
Robert Barnes, add	10	Jos Konkle, add	10
Hugh McElveen	20	Chas Brickshank, add	5
Geo Kaufman	10	Alex McKenna, add	10
Adam Gilleland	10	Thos McKenna, add	10
Jas Hawkins	10	Henry Swogger, add	10
Jas Hamilton	10	Jno Hunter, add	10
Geo S Ekey, add	10	H Baird	10
W McGinnis, jr, add	10	E T Bonick	10
Geo Reesman, add	10		

Previously reported, $15,620 50. Total, $15,654 50.

SIXTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.

The following additional amounts have been paid to Mr. Andrew Burns, Treasurer of the Sixth Ward Volunteer Bounty Fund:

Nicholas Stuby	$5	P M'Collough	$40
J H Buccup	50	Jos Watson	10
Rev B B Reed	20	Wm Fleming	10
Sam'l A Long	100	S Floyd	10
D A Hall	40	T Nelson	10
F Frankinbach	40	J H Nieman	50
F D Gerst	10	John O'Neil	50
D B Cochrane	25	W S Stoneman	40
Theod Haffery	25	Thos McKee	50
Cash	20	R H Jack	50
Cash	10	R S Jack	10
Jos A Butler	50	Wm P Graham	50
Geo J Duff	100	Wm Colingwood	40
Chas T Kail	40	Wm Douglas	100
John Orr	50	John Lippincott	50
Jno Wilson, greer	100	O L Brennan	40
Jas Gardner	40	Chas Bossler	10

Previously reported $9,885; total, $11,131.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SOLDIERS, TO THE RESCUE!—Young men, rushing into the exposures and dangers of a Soldier's life, should prepare themselves for the fatal Fevers, the Dysentery, the Sores and Scurvy, which are almost certain to follow. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, used occasionally during the campaign will insure sound health to every man.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are now retailed, owing to the high price of drugs, &c., at 30 cents, 70 cents and $1.10 per box or pot.

For sale in Pittsburgh, Pa., by B. L. Fahnestock & Co.

For sale also at Fulton's drug store, Fifth street.

COUGHS, BRONCHITIS.—The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients render *Brown's Bronchial Troches*, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate females, or youngest child, and has caused them to be held in the highest esteem by Clergymen, Singers and Public Speakers generally.

For sale at Fulton's Drug Store, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

JUST RECEIVED AND READY FOR SALE.—The fine assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing, lately received by Messrs. John Wier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 146 Federal street, Allegheny. The stock of clothing consists of the finest variety of gents' pantaloons, vests, coats and overcoats. The style of patterns is tasteful and fashionable. We would invite all of our readers to give the above gentlemen a call.

SAMUEL GRAHAM & Co., merchant tailors, are closing out their fall and winter stock of goods at a reduced figure. Gentlemen desiring a fashionable and well made suit of clothing would do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. SAMUEL GRAHAM & Co., Merchant Tailors, 54 Market street.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.—J. M. Roberts, No. 17 Fifth street, is now opening the most choice stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Silver ware and Fancy Goods ever displayed in this city, and is selling them at remarkably low prices.

OMNIBUS and carriage calls will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 418 Penn street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance.

SEE advertisement headed Livery Stable at auction—sale to commence on Wednesday morning at ten o'clock, at the stables of B. H. Patterson, Diamond alley, near Grant.

G. SILL, Dentist, 248 Penn street, will attend to all business of his profession.

CARPENTERS' MEETING.—On TUESDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock at Plate's Hall. Subject—Raise the Wages. mar7 2t

FRESH TOMATOES & PEACHES
300 dozen fresh Tomatoes, in cans
100 " Peaches, do
For sale by REYMER & BROS.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, March 6, 1864.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN AND MR. CHASE.

An essentially unjust and untrue statement concerning a recent correspondence between Secretary Chase and President Lincoln, having found its way into a western paper, either surreptitiously or through the incontinence of some confidential friend of the President, it is proper to say that the following are the facts in the case: On the morning after the appearance in the newspaper of the Pomeroy circular, Secretary Chase addressed a letter to the President referring to the circular, stating the facts connected with his having consented to the use of his name, and his ignorance of the measures friends were taking, and asking whether there was anything in his action or position which would prejudice the public interests in his charge. He added that he did not wish to administer the Treasury Department one day without the President's entire confidence.

Mr. Lincoln acknowledged this letter at once, and a few days later replied to it in a spirit equally frank and friendly, his letter closing with the statement that he did not perceive any occasion for any change. From this it would seem that the interpretations sought to be given to the correspondence by certain journals to the effect that Mr. Chase might decide for himself whether he could honorably remain are utterly unwarranted. If the Secretary should appear to have been in any way inspired at the White House, it is inferred that a further correspondence should be probable.

THE FLORIDA EXPEDITION.

It is stated here in behalf of the President, and in reply to the late attacks on him in the New York opposition papers, that the Florida expedition was planned by Gen. Gillmore, and that the President's private Secretary, John Hay, was not sent down till after Gen. Gillmore's plan had been approved.

REBELS CHARGES AGAINST GEN. MCCLELLAN.

A written statement has been furnished to the Secretary of War from a citizen of Maryland, formerly a member of the Legislature, and cousin of the rebel Gen. Lee by marriage, in whose house Lee stayed during the battle of Antietam, in which he states that on the night after the battle he sent a messenger to McClellan asking a personal interview, and in accordance with that request McClellan rode through the lines that night, and had a long interview with Lee inside the rebel lines. During that interview he states that he told McClellan his army was then crossing the Potomac. The writer of this statement, with ten or twelve others, who are said to be cognizant of the fact of McClellan having such an interview, have been summoned to appear before the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

RETURN OF GEN. MEADE TO THE ARMY.

Gen. Meade has returned to the army. It is said he has received assurances from the President that the recent developments before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, have in no way endangered his position. Gen. Meade was before the Committee on Saturday. He is understood to have admitted the issue of an order at Gettysburg for a retreat, but to have intimated that Butterfield was responsible for it. The Committee propose to prove the matter further. Messrs. Butterfield, Hancock and others, are to be called on. The developments, if sustained by further evidence, promise to put a new face on some of the reputations achieved by the brilliant accident at Gettysburg.

THE BOARD OF EXAMINATION.

During the past week the Board for commands in negro regiments have examined fifty-nine applicants, of whom thirty-one were rejected, and twenty-eight accepted with rank as follows: two majors, seven captains, seven first lieutenants and twelve second lieutenants. No person can be re-examined for any cause whatever. The decision of the Board is final, both to those who do not pass and to those who may desire a higher rank than that conferred at the time of examination.

SUNDOWER IN THE SOUTH.

The buncombe discharged in the House yesterday was of usual quality. Mr. Voorhes' speech was that of a desperate political bankrupt. He declared his solemn belief that the Republic was dying, and that this Congress could be mourners around the grave of the Constitution and liberty. He eulogized Vallandigham as a Christian statesman, and applied to him several other adjectives equally astonishing, argued for an effort at peace, magnified the public debt, etc., etc. The replies to him were not particularly able, nor forcible.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLAIMS.

It is proposed by a bill, now before the Committee on Claims, to direct the Quartermaster General to take testimony concerning the value of the horses and other property appropriated by the Government forces under Gen. Hobson during the pursuit of Morgan through Indiana and Ohio, and report the same to Congress without delay.

GEN. SHERMAN.

No doubt is entertained here now that Gen. Sherman is back at Jackson, if not clear to the Mississippi again, as foreshadowed in these dispatches some days ago. In so far as the objects of his expedition were successful, they embraced only an extended reconnoissance, and a destruction of the rebel interior lines of communication.

THE PAYMENT OF OHIO MILITIA.

The bill now before Congress provides for the payment of the officers and men of the second regiment, 3d brigade, Ohio Militia, for not over thirty days service during the seige of Cincinnati.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CHATTANOOGA, March. 4, 1864.

The following telegram from Dalton gives the rebel view of our recent movements:

Dalton, Ga., Feb. 26.—The enemy's line of skirmishers were two miles this side of Tunnel Hill last night. It is not believed that they will make any general attack on our front.

The enemy's force has fallen back from Lafayette to Ringgold.

A brigade of cavalry is at Summerville. Several prisoners were captured this morning. They report continual desertions in their ranks.

The Yankees are refusing to re-enlist. Their regiments do not average three hundred men each.

All is serene this morning, and from present indications the enemy will await reinforcements to make a flank movement by Lafayette.

Gen. Wheeler yesterday captured a surgeon and ten privates. Two of them have just returned from the front.

The enemy continue to fall back. This morning Gen. Wheeler's cavalry advanced beyond Tunnell Hill with a view of cutting off the enemy's trains.

Our line of battle has advanced. General Johnston is at the front, and constantly in the saddle.

All prospects of a general engagement have failed, unless they are overtaken.

February 27.—The enemy is still in our front in force, and their lines are distinctly seen from our signal stations.

Ride skirmishing at long range is going on this morning.

Later.—The enemy has disappeared from our front, going toward Chattanooga, and Wheeler in pursuit.

The dispatch from here, three miles this side of Ringgold, announced the capture of several prisoners yesterday. Stewart's and Stevenson's divisions did the principal part of the fighting. Breckenridge's old division, which partly engaged the enemy, was repulsed everywhere, and fell back upon our right. Two Yankee mounted regiments, supported by infantry divisions, in attempting to flank us on our left, occupied the Gap within three miles of Dalton, on New Lafayette road, last night. Smith's Texas brigade drove them out.

This morning, according to the hospital record, our loss in wounded was one hundred and fifty-one men, including one Col. Certrass, of the Forty-first Georgia, three lieutenants, Guffar, of the Fifth Confederate cavalry, Lieut. Key, of the Sixth North Carolina, and Nesbit, of the Thirty-Fourth Georgia, and in killed eight or ten men. We captured thirty-five Yankees.

Our army is eager for a general engagement, but there are apprehensions that the enemy will retreat to-night.

The following furnishes the particulars of recent fights in Mississippi as they were received by the rebels:

Grenpolin, Feb. 25.—Later intelligence from Missouri says that Gen. Forrest's force, in a recent fight at Oakland, did not exceed two thousand men, and the enemy's was six thousand. Late in the evening, the Twenty-second regiment of the latter formed in three lines, and made a desperate stand, charged three times with sabres on horseback, and was each time received and driven back with great slaughter. Many passed through our lines, and were captured. The road was lined with sutlers' stores thrown away, and dead horses and Yankees.

Next morning Gen. Gobison, with six or seven hundred State troops, continued in pursuit. Many of the enemy's wounded fell into our hands. Among our wounded is Colonel Barton, of the Bell brigade, and Gen. Gobison, slightly. We captured many wounded horses with bridles and saddles, and pursued the routed and scattered columns to Pontiac. We lost as many officers as men killed. Gen. Sherman's advance has reached Pearl River. Gen. Polk had two horses killed under him, and he killed two Yankees with his sabre.

I take the following items from the *Daily Rebel*, of February 28th:

Brig. Gen. Patton Anderson has been promoted to a Major General. Hon. C. J. Gartrell has been promoted to a Brigadier General.

Senator Orr, of South Carolina, says eighty thousand men will be added to the Confederate army by their new military bill, and six hundred million dollars raised by their financial measures.

In an editorial the *Rebel* exults over what it calls their success in Florida, Georgia and Mississippi.

We have at Chattanooga no news of importance. Longstreet is probably retreating through the mountains of South Carolina and up the valley of the French Broad River for the purpose of joining Johnson.

No further changes have taken place in our immediate front.

It is now hoped that Col. Mihoists, of the 24th Illinois, will recover from his wound. The ball struck his arm and passed into his abdomen near the groin. It has been extracted.

It was Col. Palmer, of the 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry, who made the expedition to Lafayette and Summerville, spoken of in the rebel dispatches above.

The weather is pleasant. F.

The Tennessee river, which had risen considerably within the past four days, has commenced falling. During the rise the passage of the river by the ferry was seriously interfered with. The pontoons used in building the great bridge now being erected here across the river were carried away by the drift. The work on the bridge progresses slowly.

Lieut. Col. Coxcomb, of the 58th Indiana, who was wounded in the recent expedition beyond Tunnel Hill, died last night.

A train was off the track at Shell Mound yesterday, in consequence of the displacement of the switch. A fireman was killed and the engineer severely wounded.

Lieut. Col. Warner, of the 112th Ohio, was assigned to the temporary command of the 1d Brigade, 3d Division, 14th Corps, yesterday, assuming the command last night.

Col. Mitchell, of the 113th Ohio, has returned and assumed the command of the brigade formerly commanded by Gen. Beatty.

Col. Mitchell, was commander of one of the two brigades belonging to Gen. Granger's corps, at Chickamauga, whose timely arrival and gallant fighting on Sunday afternoon probably saved the army from destruction.

As I close this portion of my dispatch, we have some exciting news. Col. Harrison's 18th Indiana, has been drawn in by the rebels from Gleason's farm, in McMinnow's county. Reports say that the rebels are at Long Gap in great force, their advance at Long Gap Rossville. It is probable, however, that only cavalry are fighting our lines in front of Atlanta.

We have intelligence that many rebel furnaces have ceased running for the want of coal. The manufactory for gunboat plates, closed recently. Their supply of coal formerly came from Chattanooga. Latterly, they got some from the vicinity of Selma, Alabama. Such furnaces as run, mostly use charcoal.

The news is confirmed that such of the rebels 2d N. C. white regiments, has been exasperated the loyal North Carolina troop beyond all bounds that they have resolved to take no more prisoners.

From New Orleans—Admiral Farragut's Operations—Mutiny at Sea, etc.

New York, March 5.—The steamers Columbia and George Thomas will have arrived with New Orleans advices of the 27th of February.

Admiral Farragut continued his attack on the forts below Mobile. A letter from the fleet, dated the 23d of February, says that the whole mortar fleet had kept up an incessant fire on Fort Powell, which commands Grant's Pass. Since daylight, the rebel ram Tuscaloosa was off Fort Morgan, and expected to attack our fleet. She is said to be more powerful than the Merrimac was. Fort Powell cannot hold out long against our bombardment. Admiral Farragut was on board the Calhoun, near the fort. Our regiments from the Teche are arriving daily in New Orleans, and are being sent in transports to co-operate with Farragut.

Thirty-four prisoners had escaped from the New Orleans Custom House. Ten or twelve were recaptured, and it was probable that the rest would be caught.

A mutiny occurred on board of the barque Garibaldi, at the Northwest Pass, on the 22d. The chief mate and one seaman are reported to have been killed before the mutiny was quelled.

Gen. Weitzell was expected to return soon to New Orleans.

From the Southwest.

St. Louis, March 6.—The statement of a Washington correspondent of the New York *Commercial* that Sherman was at Vicksburg on the 24th ult., and that he will soon start another expedition, is a great mistake. None of Sherman's forces had reached Jackson on the 24th, and Vicksburg advices of the 27th make no mention of his arrival there or any contemplated new movement.

McPherson's corps, which reached Jackson on the 24th, will probably remain there for the present, but another expedition is not likely to be made very soon.

Parties from Columbus, Ky., report that the rebels are making grand preparations. Forty-two boats are said to be ready on Roanoke river, as well as one on Tar river.

The Raleigh (*Confederate*) states that the recent attack on Newbern, was only a diversion and to be followed up by heavy demonstrations.

General Wessel is dangerously ill at Plymouth.

The *Confederate* also urges the necessity of changing the battle ground from Virginia to North Carolina.

Official intelligence confirms the report that Jeff Davis has ordered the immediate seizure of all points now held by the Federals in North Carolina.

Gen. Peck has made all the preparations in his power, and all citizens and friends are under orders to go into the fortifications.

The hanging by the rebels of 37 men of the 2d N. C. white regiment, has so exasperated the loyal North Carolina troop beyond all bounds that they have resolved to take no more prisoners.

From Washington City.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Brig. Gen. Albion P. Howe, lately commanding a division in the 6th Corps, has been transferred to the post of Chief of Artillery in the Department of Washington, vice Brig. Gen. Barry, ordered to Gen. Grant's Department.

It is supposed the bill amendatory to the internal tax bill will not be reported from the Committee of Ways and Means before to-morrow week.

The visit of Maj. Gen. Meade to Washington is reported to be in connection with the reorganization of the several army corps under his command.

Heavy Shipments of Specie.

New York, March 6.—The steamer Ocean Queen has arrived from Aspinwall with $503,000 in specie.

The Constitution, which arrived at Panama on the 20th, brought $1,600,000 in treasure, of which the above sum was for New York and the balance for England.

The last British mail steamer for Southampton, took over $5,000,000 in treasure.

News from Rebel Sources.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Richmond papers of the 1st and 2d have been received here. They admit that Kilpatrick penetrated to within three miles of the city, and relate how narrowly Lee escaped capture. Gen. Wise also escaped being at the residence of the rebel Secretary of War, from whence he reached the city.

On the 29th of February 400 more prisoners were shipped for Americus, Ga. Nearly 3000 have thus far been sent there, and accommodations exist for 6000.

About 46 miles of the Mobile & Ohio railroad was destroyed by Gen. Sherman. The Southern road was also destroyed from Meridian to Jackson, and 4500 negroes were carried off.

The rebel accounts of the battle of Olustee in Florida, show that their force consisted of fourteen regiments of infantry, four battalions of cavalry, and three batteries of artillery. Their losses are 800 killed and wounded.

From Cairo.

CAIRO, March 5.—The steamer Rocket, from Vicksburg on the 27th, arrived this afternoon with forty-seven guerrilla prisoners, captured at various times by the marine Brigade. They belonged to bands who have been at the rebels being then surrounded, and others taking to their heels. A fight ensued at the next line, but the battery, Kilpatrick opened upon the city. No doubt the men would have dashed upon everything that stood in the way, so enthusiastic were, and as the shrill whistle of the locomotive told of the bringing up of reinforcements from Pickett's brigade, at Bottom's Bridge and vicinity, he reluctantly gave the order to move towards Mechanicsville. On every road the enemy's pickets confronted them, and a series of manoeuvres took place, in which the enemy were found to be on the alert at every point. Night coming on, Kilpatrick halted, and made preparations to encamp. He had chosen a place, however, too near the rebel camp, and of this act he was reminded by being shelled out of his position. So the command groped its way in darkness and gloom, fighting when pressed too hard, and with the tell-tale whistle of the locomotive, now warning them that troops were being hurried on to Bottoms Bridge, in the hope of cutting off their retreat.

On Monday Gen. Butler, received orders to send over a force to meet Kilpatrick and assist him if necessary. The movement was part of Kilpatrick's plan as proposed. Had he known of or expected a force at New Kent Court House, or at Bottoms Bridge, he would not have turned away from Richmond, but would have entered it then. Butler's forces to fight for the same purpose. Two thousand infantry under Colonel Dunkin, of the 4th U. S. colored regiment, and 1,800 cavalry under Colonel Spear, of the 11th Pennsylvania cavalry, and Belgers 1st Battery, the whole under command of Col. West, were orde ed to New Kent Court House, there to be governed by the circumstances as to further movements. The infantry and colored troops left Yorktown on Monday afternoon, and reached New Kent Court House about noon the next day, having made an extraordinary march through rain and mud. The cavalry left Williamsburg on Monday night, and arrived on Tuesday morning about eight o'clock.

On Tuesday afternoon Col. Spear took a portion of his cavalry force and proceeded to Tunstall's Station, where he destroyed a new steam saw mill and the Court House. After resting awhile they resumed their march on the Peninsula. Gen. Wise, who led, had several men shot by guerrillas, and Kilpatrick and his attendants chased a body of them, capturing a lieutenant and twelve men. The force picked up on their route, and who escaped from Richmond, Col. Watson, or Watkins of an Ohio regiment. The men and horses have borne hard marching remarkably well, the saddles not being removed during the trip, and but little sleep given to the men. Over 200 prisoners were taken, but from the nature of the expedition it was impossible to bring them in. The casualties have not been ascertained. Col. Dahlgren, Major Cooke, and Lieut. Litle killed and about 150 men are missing. Too much praise cannot be awarded to Col. Dahlgren, and too much regret felt at his supposed loss.

From North Carolina.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The steamers Nile and Terry arrived this evening from Newbern. A letter of the 1st states that Jeff. Davis has suppressed the Raleigh *Standard*, thus increasing the surety of the editor's election as Governor next fall.

The rebels are removing the obstructions in the Neuse river, below Kinston, in order to allow an iron-plated ram to come down to assist in the anticipated attack on Washington, Newbern and Plymouth, for which the rebels are making grand preparations.

Provisions in abundance are said to be ready on Roanoke river, as well as one on Tar river.

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From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, March 6.—Judge Parter, of the Chancery Court, yesterday decided an assignment from disloyal firms for security of their credits, generally to be valid.

General Grant arrived this evening en route for Washington, Cave city, Ky.

The noted guerrilla Captain, alias Colonel, Richardson, who was en route northwest as a prisoner, while attempting to escape, was shot dead by Captain Stone of the thirty-seventh Kentucky.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.—Trade moves slowly in all departments. Flour—there is but little shipping demand, with sales of 600 barrels family at $7.62½. Wheat—600 bbls on terms kept secret. Rye flour dull and 200 bbls on terms kept secret. Rye flour dull at $6. In corn meal there is nothing doing. There is a steady demand for Wheat; sales of 2400 bush red at $1.60, and small lots of white at $1.80@1.90. Rye at $1.40, and small lots of prime at $1.50. Corn in active demand; 50,000 bushels at $1.36@1.38. Oats—Data dull at 72@73c. Clover seed unchanged; 1000 bush flax seed sold at $2.25. No change in provisions. Cotton dull. Whisky is decidedly weaker and sales of 100 bbls at 97c per bbl, and 95c for drudge.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.—Stocks steady.

Penna. 5's	95	Penna R B	71
Reading	46½	Gold