Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING.....JAN. 25, 1864.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

SPECIAL PAPER.

Two good routes on the *Evening Gazette* for sale. Apply at the Counting Room of the office.

Allegheny City Teachers' Institute.

This Institute held its regular semi-annual meeting in the Sandusky street school house, on Saturday. After the reading of the minutes, Mr. H. C. Falconer, of the Western Theological Seminary, was introduced and proceeded to deliver a lecture on "The Use of Physical and Mental Philosophy to the Common School Teacher." The lecturer handled his subject with considerable ability, and proceeded to show the absolute necessity for a knowledge on the part of teachers on the subject of Human Physiology. The ignorance which exists, even among teachers, of the commonest laws of health—some of them not even understanding the subject of ventilation—was appropriately alluded to and discussed. The subjects of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy, were next taken up and shown to be valuable aids to the teacher. A knowledge of the vast subject of Mental Philosophy was absolutely essential to the successful teacher, for the plainest reason in the world, namely: because the teacher deals entirely with mind, and should consequently be thoroughly acquainted with the natural laws of thought. He deplored the want of a text book on the subject of Mental Philosophy, suitable for schools, and thought the day was not far distant when such a book would be demanded by the teacher. The lecturer incidentally introduced one incontrovertible truth, namely: that the teacher who does not study and labor to improve himself in scholarship and in his profession, not only goes back, but is unfit for his position.

At the conclusion of Mr. Falconer's remarks, Prof. Osgood gave a short exercise on Elocution, after which the remaining time of the forenoon session was occupied with the consideration of miscellaneous business.

The afternoon session was spent in discussions, tending to improve and enlighten the teacher.

The Local Oil Trade.

The Oil City *Register* contains the following review of the local oil trade:—"There has been a decided improvement in the feeling the past week, and prices ruled firm, with a slight advance. But until the tax question is fully settled we do not look for very heavy transactions. Teaming to the railroads has been active, and we are not aware of any considerable surplus of oil on hand at the Wells or at this point. The river is still closed by the ice. We have but one new well to report, the Lloyd well, on the Widow M'Clintock Farm, flowing from 75 to 100 barrels per day. The Phillips well is again flowing. The ruling quotations at the Wells are $4@4.25 per bbl. Many parties are asking $4.50 at the Wells, but we have heard of no sales at that figure. Ruling price here, $5@5.25. Price of teaming from wells to Franklin, $1@2.15. From Oil City to Franklin, 60c. Price of barrels, prime new, $3@3.25. The market close firm with an upward tendency. There is a steady decrease in the amount of the daily production. We should estimate the daily production at about 4,000 barrels."

Meeting of Draymen.

On Saturday evening the draymen of the city, who are engaged in hauling oil to and from the depots and wharves, met at Steel's tavern on Irwin street for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of raising the price of drayage. It was represented that not only the necessaries of life, rents, wages, &c. had increased in price, but also hay, oats, corn and other feed for their animals, together with the price of shoeing, dray license, and in fact everything connected with their business had risen, and in order to make a decent living for themselves and families, and maintain their stock they would necessarily be obliged to increase the rates of drayage. After consideration it was proposed to charge for each barrel of oil the sum of ten cents which being put to a vote was carried unanimously. This includes all oil hauled between O'Hara street and the Monongahela wharf. All oil coming from, or carried to points beyond O'Hara street will be charged at an increased rate. The draymen feel sure that the oil men will not demur at the advanced prices, if they will but take into consideration the increased expense of living.

An Appeal for the Orphans.

Madame Lizzie Bell, a philanthropic lady of New York, who has been visiting a number of the leading cities of the east, for the purpose of raising funds to establish in New York city an Asylum for orphans of deceased soldiers, has arrived in this city, and announces her intention to give a musical and dramatic entertainment, at Concert Hall, on Friday evening next, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to the object above stated. The lady comes to us highly recommended by the press, and has letters from the Mayors of New York, Boston, Providence and other cities, and from Governor Sprague; of Rhode Island. She ranks among the best readers now before the public, and the entertainment will consist of recitations, readings, duets, songs, etc. She will be assisted by Miss Gertie S. Beere, a vocalist of fine ability. Prof. J. R. Beckowitz will preside at the piano.

Madame Bell also designs waiting upon a number of our leading citizens, to solicit donations in aid of a fund of $15,000, now being raised to purchase a suitable homestead for the asylum. We commend the lady and her cause, and bespeak for her a large and appreciative audience.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Stock.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser*, of Saturday, in speaking of the stock market, says:—"The most marked movement of the day in stocks has been the 'bear' onslaught upon the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad. The stock of this company is attacked under cover of the cloud of litigation long ago raised over its prospects, and persistently kept up by those who are most initiated into the condition of its affairs, as it would now seem, for the purpose of monopolizing the property. The statement just published by this company certainly shows that its value, present and prospective, entitles it to rank with the best railroad properties in the country. We apprehend that the recent advance may have suddenly overtaken some of the parties hitherto most active in this stock, before they had prepared themselves to profit as largely as they thought themselves entitled to by the 'rise.'"

Soiree at New Castle.

The Young Men's Second Select Soiree for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society will be given at the Leslie House, New Castle, on next Friday evening, the 29th inst. The proceeds are to be used for a charitable purpose—to aid in the comfort of our brave soldiers, in the field. It should be well attended, and those who do not wish to join in the pleasures of "tripping the light fantastic toe," should attend the Grand Promenade Concert, which commences at 8, and continues until 9 o'clock. Some of the best music ever discoursed in New Castle, will be heard on this occasion—all the late operas, overtures, &c. Supper will be served between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock. The gentlemen who are making the arrangements, will use every exertion to make it a beneficial as well as a very pleasant party.

BURGLARY.—On Friday night the coal and lime office of Dickson, Stewart & Co., No. 549 Liberty street, was entered by burglars, who blew open the door of the safe, and abstracted thence from $450.72. Our citizens should be on the alert, as it is certain that we have received a visit from some of the migratory fraternity of professional burglars. The best reception that can be given this class of men is a dose of lead, administered in the form of a pill.

DISCOURTESY.—Mayor Alexander yesterday dispersed of the following cases: John Kaylor, Michael Hanney and Henry Hartman were fined two dollars each for disorderly conduct—breaking windows, etc., on Chestnut and Ohio streets. John Gaffney was fined two dollars for acting disorderly in the Diamond. William Huskens was committed in default of a similar fine.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—John Kirsch was held to bail, by Mayor Alexander, to answer a charge of assault and battery preferred by Christian Lapp. The defendant is a young soldier, at home on a furlough, and will be sent for when the Court meets.

GOOD FOR BUTLER.—The quota of the borough of Butler was filled on Saturday—a liberal bounty having been paid.

Gough on "Peculiar People."

Nearly everybody has heard Mr. Gough, so we need say nothing of his peculiar manner and his original style of eloquence, his droll and inimitable humor, and his unsurpassed power of personation, by which he is able to show to his audience the character he wishes to describe.

On Saturday evening he delivered his new lecture on "Peculiar People," at Concert Hall, to as many people as could possibly find either sitting or standing room in that spacious hall. The faults, follies, frailties, and peculiarities, both noble and ignoble, of all classes of people, were brought successively and rapidly before the audience, with all the vividness and truthfulness of real life, while the orator, with that beautiful benevolence and Christian charity for which he is distinguished, commended, or excused, blamed gently, or indignantly denounced, the various virtues, vices, frailties, follies, or crimes he so vividly depicted. True, living and heartfelt piety was contrasted with hollow-hearted hypocrisy and cant; and the soldier, heroically battling or suffering for his country, with the wretch who, to gain a paltry party end, would stab that country to the heart. When, with what seemed to be a concentration of his matchless oratorical powers, he launched a thunderbolt of "un-ut-er-a-ble contempt" at the head of the Northern Copperhead, after having brought him into disparaging contrast with the comparatively noble rebel, the hall resounded for some minutes with cheer after cheer; many of the audience, rising, waved hats and handkerchiefs, clapped their hands, and expressed by every sign their enthusiasm and delight.

With all his mirth-provoking qualities, Mr. Gough is an earnest Christian, and he is not afraid nor ashamed to express his sentiments before the audience. His is not that namby-pamby, diluted style of Christianity so common in polite literature and fashionable life; but is as sound, and full and vital as that which PAUL preached; and he thrilled his auditors, when, at the close, with fervid eloquence he exhorted them to strive to be of the number of that "PECULIAR PEOPLE" whom CHRIST is purifying to himself, "zealous of good works."

This evening he lectures in the same hall. Subject, "Eloquence and Orators"—one that suits his own peculiar genius admirably.

NEW MUSIC.—Just from the press, the Catawba Polka, a beautiful and sprightly polka, alike suitable for dancing and for teaching purposes, arranged by Prof. Jean Manns. The Harvest Home Waltz, and also the Ida Waltz, composed for the piano by Prof. Jean Manns, of this city. The latter two are most excellent pieces for instruction and recreation, pleasing and showy—just the style of composition which teachers and pupils alike long for, and of which there is such a dearth in the musical market. They are quite easy, and yet not trivial or common place. Pond & Co., New York, are the publishers, and they are for sale in this city by H. Kleber & Bro. 5th street.

THEATRE.—Mr. Henderson has concluded an engagement with the celebrated tragic actress Mrs. Emma Waller, and she appears to-night for the first time in Shakspeare's tragedy of Macbeth, as Lady Macbeth. This character is one, a correct personation of which requires great dramatic talent, and we can remember the time when it was thought that no actress on the American stage, save Mrs. Drake, had a proper conception of the character of this fiend in petticoats. We have no doubt but that the house will be filled.

GODEY FOR FEBRUARY.—The February number of *Godey's Lady's Book* is out, and may be had at J. W. Pittock's News and Periodical Depot, opposite the Post-office. It contains the usual abundance of illustrations, double-page colored fashion plate, and a steel engraving, very appropriate for the month, which supplies the subject of it—"St. Valentine's Day."

FESTIVAL.—A grand festival for the benefit of the Pennsylvania Avenue M. E. church, will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, January 26th, 27th and 28th, at Lafayette Hall. Dinner will be served from twelve to two o'clock each day. The ladies having the affair in charge will leave nothing undone to render it both pleasant and profitable.

LECTURE.—Col. Clark will deliver a lecture on Tuesday evening, Jan. 26th, in Allegheny, for the benefit of the Young Men's Missionary Society. Subject—*American War and its Influences*. Price of admission 25 cents. Tickets can be had at the door on the evening of the lecture.

SOUTH PITTSBURGH LOTS.—To-morrow evening, at 7½ o'clock, Davis & McIlwaine will sell on the second floor of their Auction rooms, 54 Fifth street, two lots of ground in South Pittsburgh, on Carson street, near the Suspension bridge. A frame dwelling is situated on the property.

DR. THAYER FOR UNION.—Dr. Jim Thayer, of Girard, widely celebrated as a circus clown, has, we learn, effected a union of his great circus establishment, presenting the most varied attractions of any in America, with Van Amburgh's Great Managerie. The united "shows" will have a tremendous success.

WEATHER.—Yesterday and day before the weather was in a melting mood, and the snow and ice have almost entirely disappeared from the streets. A few more days of such weather, and the rivers will be unlocked from their icy embraces.

NOTICE.—We are requested, on behalf of the Lecture Committee, to state that those persons who held tickets for Mr. Gough's lecture, on Saturday evening, and failed to get into the hall, will be admitted on their tickets to the lecture this evening.

DISASTERS ON THE LAKES.—The disasters on our Lakes during the recently closed year numbered about 350—an increase of 58 over last year. By far the greatest part of them took place on the St. Clair Flats, as has been the case in former years.

DEATH OF MAJOR CAMERON.—Major Brun Cameron, son of Hon. Simon Cameron, who has been a Paymaster in the U. S. Army since the summer of 1861, died a few days since at the residence of his father in Harrisburg.

REV. JAMES GRAY has been called to the pastoral charge of the O. S. Presbyterian congregation in Fairview and Girard, Erie Co., in place of Rev. J. R. Hamilton, now chaplain of the 111th Regiment Pa. Volunteers.

NEW CONVERSIT.—A new counterfeit on the Hartford Bank, of Hartford, Conn., has just made its appearance in the east. It is of the denomination of three dollars, well executed and calculated to deceive.

GOOD FOR DAN.—Dan Rice heads a subscription in Girard, (borough and township together,) for a local bounty to volunteers, with the liberal sum of $200.

NEW POST OFFICE.—A new post office has been established at Sawdy's Station on the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, with Leonard Strong as Postmaster.

SPOTTED FEVER.—A sort of spotted fever, very fatal, is prevalent at Carbondale, Pa., six or eight deaths occurring daily. The victims die a few hours after being attacked.

BISHOPS OF NEW YORK.—The names of Bishops Bailey, Timon and McCloskey have been sent to Rome for the succession to the Archbishop of New York.

COUNCILS.—There will be a regular meeting of Pittsburgh City Councils to-night.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES have obtained the highest premium at every State, County, and Institute Fair held in 1863, as the best family and the best manufacturing machines, and for the best machine work.

A. P. CHAUVOT, General Agent,
16 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE.—"The Union Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania and Northwest Virginia," will hold its next meeting at Hanover, Beaver county, Pa., on Thursday the 28th inst., at 11 o'clock, a. m. Several addresses may be expected from delegates who have recently returned from the army. The Executive Committee will meet at 10 o'clock a. m. A full attendance is desired.

JOHN MCCARRELL, Ch'n Ex. Com.
Frankford Springs, Jan. 18th, 1864.

GENTLEMEN, have you examined the fall and winter stock of goods at the Merchant Tailoring establishment of Sam. Graham & Co., No. 54 Market street?

A fresh supply of goods every week.

Have you examined the prices of goods at the Merchant Tailoring establishment of Sam. Graham & Co., No. 54 Market street; if not, it is now time you would, and save 20 per cent. in your clothing bill.

Every garment warranted a perfect fit.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, GEO. MCCANDLESS.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 24, 1864.

ASSIGNED TO COMMANDS.

The statement made in this Department two or three days ago, that Rosecrans had been again assigned to the command of the Department of Missouri, and that Schofield is to be sent to East Tennessee is confirmed by the President himself. He stated on yesterday that he had himself directed an order to be issued, assigning Rosecrans to this Department, and that he presumed it was by this time on its way. Gen. Schofield is not sent to East Tennessee with orders to relieve Foster, but is sent in consequence of information from Halleck that Foster will not be able to retain the command long, and with a view to have an officer on the ground to relieve him when it may become necessary.

PROMOTIONS.

Gov. Morton's friends explain that he did not recommend the promotion of the four Indiana Colonels appointed Brigadiers last Friday, but that he simply insisted on the appointment of some more Generals for Indiana, and the President appointed those most highly recommended from all sources.

ELECTION FOR GOVERNOR.

An order for the election of a Governor has been issued in Arkansas, to take place March 23th, next.

TO BE HUNG.

Gen. Pleasanton has directed that the rebels or guerrillas caught wearing federal uniforms shall be hung.

ORDERED TO POSTS TO RECRUIT.

The Medical Directors of the Army of the Potomac, who have long been in the service, are being ordered to posts where they can recruit themselves. Their places in the Army of the Potomac will be filled with fresh men.

NOMINATED FOR CONFIRMATION.

Private H. Veil, 1st U. S. cavalry, was nominated by the President for confirmation as a Second Lieutenant in the regular service, for gallant services as Orderly to Gen. Reynolds at Gettysburg.

TRIAL OF SURGEON GENERAL HAMMOND.

The trial of Surgeon General Hammond will fairly begin to-morrow. Gen. Starkweather arrived to-day from Chattanooga to take his seat in this Court Martial, having been nine days on the road.

COURT MARTIAL.

Captain Hunt, Quartermaster, it is understood, will be brought for trial before a court martial already ordered in Cincinnati. The talk of hushing up this case is thought to be all unfounded.

PENSION SURGEONS.

Pension Surgeons, Dr. Robert W. Earl, Columbus, Wisconsin, N. Monroe Dodson, Berlin, Wisconsin, and John D. Cope, Fairfield Illinois.

THE MISSOURI CONGRESSMEN

have recommended Col. Thos. C. Fletcher as Provost Marshal of St. Louis.

From Cairo and Below.

CAIRO, Jan. 23.—Steamer Hillman, from Memphis the 21st, arrived with four hundred and fifty bales of cotton. Maj. Gen. Hunter came passenger.

Gen. Hurlbut has issued an order committing the commerce of the Mississippi river exclusively to agents of the Treasury Department, who will be responsible for all amounts, character, quantity, disposition of supplies, and character of persons to whom the same are given. No permits to be hereafter required or given by military authorities, except for purchase of ironclad or rebel supplies.

Gen. Sherman has returned to Memphis from Vicksburg.

Re-enlistments are being rapidly pushed forward. Nearly the entire 16th army corps will re-enlist.

All quiet at Vicksburg. It is understood that twenty thousand of the seventeenth corps has re-enlisted.

Brig. Gen. Buckland will take command at Memphis.

The cotton market at Memphis is unchanged.

Steamer Savan, from New Orleans the 15th, arrived, having on board the 24th Indiana Infantry, three hundred strong, *en route* home on furlough, besides one hundred furloughed men from various regiments, and a large lot of groceries for St. Louis and points on the Ohio river.

Thirty-two guerrillas were captured on the 20th near Parker, Ky., and taken to Columbus, Ky.

One of the 117th New York Zouaves, straggling during the march of Gen. Smith's late expedition to West Tennessee, was found hung up by the heels and his throat cut.

An Electrician with Moseby's Guerrillas.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—The *Evening American* contains the following letter from its correspondent in Virginia:

Harper's Ferry, Jan. 22.—It appears from the following paper found upon the body of Capt. W. R. Smith, who was killed in the recent fight with Major Cole's cavalry on London Heights, that Moseby had an electrician attached to his command for the purpose of tapping the telegraphic lines of the Army of the Potomac:

Danville, Va., Dec. 10, 1863.—Capt W. R. Smith, Moseby's Regiment Cavalry:—Your dated Evening, Nov. 24, is this day received, which is the only one I have received. Please ask the Major to send me an official order to proceed to his command as his electrician. I will, in the meantime, prepare myself and be in readiness on its receipt. Accept my thanks for the many acts of kindness which you have shown me. I also desire to renew my kindest and best wishes for your future success. Yours,

W. W. WOODHUGHES.

Death of an Old Citizen—Longstreet Marching on Knoxville—John Morgan Reported in the Field Again—Arrival of Troops.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—James M'Lean, an old citizen, died yesterday evening.

A dispatch says that Capt. Ekin, staff officer, from Knoxville Thursday week ago, brings information that Longstreet, reinforced by twenty thousand men, was advancing on Knoxville, pushing Granger before him. It is thought that our army will be compelled to fall back on Knoxville.

It is reported that John Morgan is at the head of five thousand cavalry, and will make a movement to cut off our communication between Knoxville and Chattanooga, or a raid into Kentucky.

The Sixth New Hampshire Regiment arrived here yesterday. The 109th Penna., 12th, 66th and 75th Illinois Regiments have arrived at Louisville.

Blair's Speech at Annapolis.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—The *American* contains a report of the speech of Hon. M. Blair, on the cause of the rebellion and in support of the President's plan of pacification, delivered at Annapolis yesterday, before the Maryland Legislature. He concludes as follows: "It may be truly said, now speaking in the name of the masses of our country men, we are all Republicans, all Democrats, exclude the conspirators and the slave institution which they have shaped into a plot to split the Union; exclude the conspirators, and those whom slavery has made slaves, and our countrymen are at this moment all Democrats, all Republicans, asserting the popular sovereignty of self government, the rights of the States, the nationality of the Union, all balanced, checked and bound together in this Republican form of Government, inherited from our fathers."

San Francisco Money Market—A Patriotic Resolution.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—Money is easy. Atlantic currency exchange 45 to 48 premium for gold in New York. Legal tenders 65 to 66.

Among the series of patriotic resolutions before the Legislature, is one which concludes as follows: That the people still look to Abraham Lincoln as the instrument elected by Providence, to lead their country in safety through all its perils, and restore it again to a peace in which no element of discord can be found, and that we do most heartily favor his re-election. This passed the Senate with but five dissenting votes. In the Assembly but two members objected to its passage.

Maximilian and the Mexican Crown.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—An extract from a letter written by the Arch Duke Maximilian to Gen. Almonte is published. The Arch Duke states that he does not hesitate about accepting the Mexican crown. This dispates all doubts on the question.

Latest from Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The steamer Etna arrived this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 6th inst. via Queenstown on the 7th.

The Canada arrived at Liverpool on the 5th, and the City of Cork arrived at Queenstown on the same day.

The Louisiana left Liverpool on the 5th for New York.

The English news by this arrival is unimportant.

The French Corps Legislatif have introduced several amendments to the address to the Emperor, expressing greater sympathy with Poland, and declaring it expedient to recognize the Poles as belligerants.

The report of the Committee on Supplementary Credits asked for by the Government, warns the Executive against dangerous entanglements and unanimously advises that an end be put to the Mexican expedition as soon as the interest and honor of France will permit. The committee close their report by proposing the adoption of the Supplementary Credit bill.

The King of Denmark has issued a spirited and warlike address to his army, calling on them to uphold the honor of their country, by force, if necessary.

A Copenhagen telegram says that about 14,000 men of the reserve have been called out.

The report that the English and French fleet was soon to visit Copenhagen is contradicted, but the fact that the English channel fleet has been called home lends some color to the statement.

The German troops in the Palatinate show continued activity.

The official general correspondence of Vienna cautions the Union German States against precipitated action against Denmark, and warns them against carrying out any attacks.

It is reported that the excitement is increasing throughout Germany.

In Vienna it is the general belief that a war will ensue in the spring.

The rumor that the new King of Greece had left Athens in despair of regulating the confusion there existing, is not confirmed.

The London *Times* is suspicious of the ultra-Pacific tone of Napoleon, and says that such a line of conduct is more than any other favorable to French ambition, and is by no means the readiest way to obtain peace. It would be better if France should employ her influence in endeavoring to check the suicidal passions which are urging Germany into a war which must before long sweep into its vortex every power in Europe.

Sir Wm. Hall, late Admiral of the fleet, is dead.

The trial of King and Hannan was postponed till the next Quarter Sessions.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.—The sales of cotton for three days have been 24,000 bales. The market opened with an advance of ¼@½d, but closed quiet and steady. The sales to speculators and exporters were 10,000 bales. The *Broker's Circular* quotes the Manchester market as still advancing, and advices favorable.

Liverpool, Jan. 7.—Sales of cotton to-day were 1,000 bales; prices having a downward tendency and market closing dull and inactive, at a decline.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.—Breadstuffs market firmer, and all qualities have advanced to a trifling extent. Wakefield, Bigland & Athya quote flour firm at 6d. advance; wheat firmer and 2d.@3d. higher. Sales—winter red at 8s. 9d.@9s. 1d.; red Southern, 9s. 2d.@9s. 3d. Corn quiet; mixed sells at 31s.@31s. 3d. Provision market steady—beef quiet; pork steady and quotations nominal for all descriptions; bacon has an upward tendency, and still advancing, and some descriptions are 6d.@1s. higher; tallow quiet and steady; butter firm. Produce—ashes active; oats 2s. 6d.; pearls 32s.; sugar firm, with sales at 32s for common; rosin without sales; spirits turpentine quiet; petroleum firmer at 1s. 9½d. for refined.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.—Provisions steady with a downward tendency. Lard has an upward tendency. Petroleum firm; Refined 1s 10d

London Money Market, Jan. 6.—Consols for money 90⅞@91; Illinois Central shares 26@29 discount; Erie shares 64⅞@66.

London, Jan. 7, via Queenstown.—The applications at the bank yesterday were moderate. The market opened with increased depression, but in the afternoon the German telegrams were less unfavorable, and a report gained currency that proposals for a conference were agreed on by France and England, with reasons to believe that they would be accepted by the German powers. In consequence a recovery from the previous fall took place.

Extracts from Private Southern Letters.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The following are extracts from private letters received in this city:

Port Hudson, Jan. 12.—The statements that twenty thousand of the seventeenth corps has re-enlisted.

Brig. Gen. Buckland will take command at Memphis.

The cotton market at Memphis is unchanged.

Steamer Savan, from New Orleans the 15th, arrived, having on board the 24th Indiana Infantry, three hundred strong, *en route* home on furlough, besides one hundred furloughed men from various regiments, and a large lot of groceries for St. Louis and points on the Ohio river.

Thirty-two guerrillas were captured on the 20th near Parker, Ky., and taken to Columbus, Ky.

One of the 117th New York Zouaves, straggling during the march of Gen. Smith's late expedition to West Tennessee, was found hung up by the heels and his throat cut.

Condition of Affairs in the Southern Confederacy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The *Times* contains a translation of a letter from a Frenchman formerly of the rebel army, to a friend here, dated Richmond, January 11th. He reports the arrival of another agent of the French Emperor, named Martigny, who came via Nassau, and who has had several mysterious conferences with Jeff Davis. It is known he says, that Jeff has promised to recognize the Empire in Mexico, and has also promised to France all the advantages of the Southern Confederacy, if Napoleon will only recognize and support the Southern cause. All our principal men he says, think, therefore, that a war between France and the United States is near at hand. The writer has no doubt that the plan proposed of making General Lee a dictator, will be adopted as the only means of counteracting the strength of the North.

Gen. Lee has expressed his unwillingness to accept the dictatorship, as he and Jeff Davis are on bad terms, and the latter would in such a case, have to retreat. Davis has been lately very unpopular, in consequence of having kept Bragg so long in command. He has even contemplated, since dismissing that General, of giving him the command of the army of Virginia, and of sending Lee to Dalton, but he had to abandon the plan on account of the great influence brought to bear against it.

General Johnston, who took command of Bragg's demoralized army, thought of retreating to Atlanta, but was kept at Dalton, that he might take advantage of the probable weakening of the Northern army by furloughs and expired terms of service. Jeff's plan is to keep his armies on the offensive, though Lee has given the opinion that with the miserable condition of the army in regard to clothing and provisions it will be impossible to do so. Gen. Gurney's expedition was a miserable failure, more than a thousand of his veterans returning *hors du combat* with frosted feet and hands. The letter writer says the news from Charleston is discouraging. Beauregard has expressed the opinion that he could not hold Charleston much longer, as Gilmore has guns in position by which he could reduce the city to ashes in a few hours if he felt inclined to do so.

One North Carolina regiment doing duty there intended to desert in a body, but the plan was frustrated by one of their number turning an informer. Twenty of the ringleaders were shot on the 4th January, and the rest were divided up amongst the other regiments. The 12th Va. Regiment, when ordered to Alabama, refused to go, and were disbanded and used in filling up other regiments, as the only plan to avoid a serious mutiny.

Bread riots occur almost daily in the South. The Southern people are evidently getting tired of the war.

John Morgan will be given command of Magruder's army, but will be no more successful than the latter was.

The writer concludes by saying that the days of the Confederacy are numbered, and its back bone is broken.

Affairs in Gen. Grant's Department.

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 23.—Trains are running regularly between Nashville and Chattanooga.

Col. McCallum has arrived with one hundred mechanics and laborers, and the work of rebuilding the railroad to Knoxville commences at once.

Supplies are accumulating and full rations were issued to-day.

A large number of veteran volunteers have left the army, but the balance of power has been maintained by raw recruits from the North and deserters from the South.

Seven hundred recruits came down this morning.

On Monday one hundred and fifty rebels deserted.

Gen. Grant came to the front this morning.

Gen. Judah left for Knoxville, having received the command of his old corps, the 23d.

Surgeon H. S. Hewitt has been assigned by Gen. Grant as Medical Director of the Department of Ohio, to report to Gen. Foster in the field.

No demonstrations recently by rebel guerrillas in front, have been made.

The Government Bonds—The Policy to be Pursued in Arkansas—Payments by the Treasury.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—U. S. 5-20's selling at 104½; this afternoon.

A special dispatch from Washington to the *Commercial Advertiser* says it is understood that the same course will be pursued in Arkansas as has been adopted in Louisiana.

The Treasury Department is paying out largely to all the creditors of the Government the 3 per cent. legal tender notes.

The Vote for Senator in the Kentucky Legislature.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 23.—The Kentucky Legislature had four ballots all alike for Senator, Guthrie five; Fitzpatrick five; Bell forty, Burham thirty-two, Buckner five: sixty-five votes being required for election.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

Special dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CHICAGO, January 24, 1864.

The receipts of Hogs to-day are 8,507 dressed and 3,906 live; received this week 38,035, against 38,137, the corresponding week last year; received this season to date, 1,143,038 Hogs against 984,229 for the same time last year. Live Hogs to-day 15 cents lower; sales are mostly made at $3.20@3.40, gross. Dressed Hogs are 20 cents lower; sales mostly at $4.35@4.55, dividing on 200 pounds. Beef Cattle active at $3.50@5.25. Provisions dull, except Pickled Hams, which were active at 10@10½c for Bulk Hams, 9@9½c. Bulk Shoulders 6¾. Loins. Lard 11½@11¾. Whisky 16c per gallon lower; 22@23c, closing with a tremendous panic among holders. Wheat is lower. Corn dull and lower for No. 1. Oats at 73@73½. Rice 8l. Barley dull.

Cincinnati Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24, 1864.

The river is rising slowly. Weather clear and mild.

The steamer Citizen left for Pittsburgh to-day.

Flour market quiet and no change in prices; Extra sold at $5.10, and Superfine at $4.85. Whisky remains unsettled, and prices nominal. Provisions—There is no new feature in the market; City Mess Pork was offered at $29.50, and City Lard at 12¾@13. Wheat—The demand is light, but the market is firm at $1.32@1.35, and White at $1.40@1.48. Oats—The market is unchanged; holders are firm at 80c in bulk and sacks. Corn—Is in good demand from Government contractors and distillers; New sold at $1. Rye in good demand at $1.45 per bushel for Prime, some holders asking $1.50. Barley—The market is unchanged at $1.50@1.55 for Prime to Choice Spring, and $1.60@1.65 for the same grades of fall.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 23.—Flour—5,000 bbls Extra Family sold at $7 25@7 50; Fancy at $8@9 50. Receipts and Stock light. 100 bbls Rye Flour sold at $6 50. Corn Meal—no change. There is not much demand for Wheat, and only 3,000 bush Red ware sold at $1 70@1 75, and White from $1 85 to $2. Rye steady at $1 40@1 41. Corn dull; small sales Yellow at $1 14@1 12. Oats in active request at 80c. No change in Barley or Malt. Petroleum firm at 30c for Crude, 45c for Refined in bond, and 55@65c for Free. Whisky unsettled; sale of — bbls at 92@93c. Drudge at 89@90.

Stocks dull; Penna's, 86; Reading R R 48¾; Morris Canal, not quoted; Long Island, 40; Penna R R, 71½; Gold 155; Exchange on New York, par.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Cotton quiet, but firm; sales at 84c. to 84¾c. Flour is quiet and unchanged; 4,600 barrels sold. Wheat firm; sales of 47,000 bushels at $1 25 to 1 26 for Chicago Spring, and $1 54 1 56 for Milwaukee Club, and $1 63 to 1 67 for Red. Corn has an advancing tendency; sales 2,200 bushels at 1 24½ to 1 25. Provisions are quiet and unchanged. Whisky unsettled. Receipts of flour 14,962 bbls. Wheat none. Corn 16,137 bushels.

Gold quoted at 1 55¾.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—Flour dull at $7.37½@7.50 for Ohio Extra. Nothing doing in Grain. Whiskey unsettled at 91½@92c. Coffee firm at 50½@54 cts.

JUST RECEIVED AND READY FOR SALE.—The fine assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing, lately received by Messrs. John Wise & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 146 Federal street, Allegheny. The stock of clothing consists of the finest variety of gents' pantaloons, vests, coats and overcoats. The style of patterns is tasteful and fashionable. We would invite all of our readers to give the above gentlemen a call.

"SCURVY and scrofulous eruptions will soon cover the pores of those brave men who are fighting their country's battles. Night air; bad food, and drenching rains will make sad havoc with the strongest; therefore let every man supply himself with HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT; it is certain cure for every skin disease. Only 25 cts. per pot.

For sale at Fulton's drug store, Fifth street.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.—J. M. Roberts, No. 17 Fifth street, is now opening the most choice stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Silver ware and Fancy Goods ever displayed in this city, and is selling them at remarkably low prices.

OBITUARY and marriage calls will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 410 Penn street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance.

U. Sinz, Dentist, 548 Penn street, will attend to all business of his profession.

ON CENTRE AVENUE—A valuable Lot of Ground for sale. Apply to
jal4 A. GUTHERRY & SONS, 51 Market st.

1864. THE 1864.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786.

TWO DAILY EDITIONS. | TWO WEEKLY EDITIONS.
Morning and Evening. | Wednesday and Saturday.

THE PUBLISHERS desire to acknowledge the favor with which their efforts have been crowned, during the past year, and to ask still further efforts on behalf of the GAZETTE, to the end that its sphere of influence may be extended.

It is the purpose of the publishers to render the GAZETTE worthy of the liberal and increasing patronage which it is now receiving. They flatter themselves that efforts to this end, during the past few years, have not been unavailing, and point with pride and pleasure to the greatly increased circulation which the GAZETTE has now attained, as evidence that their efforts have been appreciated by an intelligent public.

During the approaching year the great contest for the next Presidency will occur; the circulation of a sound Union newspaper is the surest and most economical method of spreading truth and combating error; it is the most efficient and reliable campaign document.

THE TELEGRAPHIC DEPARTMENT

Of the GAZETTE is now a subject of pride to the publishers. With a corps of energetic and talented Special Correspondents at the nows centres of the day, they are enabled to give, from day to day, reliable and copious dispatches, which are EXCLUSIVE TO THE GAZETTE, and place it on a par with the most enterprising journals of the day, East or West. The same liberal outlay for early and reliable news by Telegraph will be continued, notwithstanding the war and the increased expense therefrom.

MILITARY CORRESPONDENCE,

From the Army, by our own Special Correspondents, and from volunteer contributors, shall continue to be a prominent and interesting feature.

THE COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT

Is conducted by one thoroughly qualified to furnish reliable reports of daily transactions, from actual sales. The quotations of Produce, Cattle, Flour, Groceries, Oils, &c., may be relied upon as the actual prices, from day to day, thus furnishing a most interesting and valuable feature for all classes of readers. No expense is spared in procuring Telegraphic quotations from abroad, in addition to home reports.

THE NEWS DEPARTMENT,

During the continuance of the war, must necessarily absorb a good deal of the public attention, and will be made a prominent feature of the GAZETTE.

THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

Under the immediate control of the proprietors, aided by an able corps of assistants, will be conducted in that honest, earnest, open and candid manner which will commend itself to an intelligent public. The GAZETTE is an independent REPUBLICAN journal, bound to no clique, and controlled by no cabal. It will, in its editorial columns, discuss all public measure and public men, with that freedom which is the prerogative of an untrammeled press—the palladium of a nation's freedom. The GAZETTE will, as heretofore, stand by and support, with what vigor it may, every effort of the President to subdue this gigantic and wicked rebellion, and to re-establish a permanent and an honorable peace. To this end it will strive to promote the election of those who sympathize with our government; and will hold up to merited scorn and ignominy those secret sympathizers with treason who would, either covertly or openly, seek to weaken the efforts of the President or his constitutional advisers.

TERMS:

DAILY PAPER.

Morning Edition, per year, mailed	$8 00
" " month, "	70
" " week, delivered	15
Evening Edition, per year, mailed	5 00
" " month, "	40
" " week, delivered	10

WEEKLY PAPER.

Single copies, per year, by mail	$2 00
Five " " each	1 50
Ten " " "	1 25
Fifteen copies to one address, and one Club, each	1 00
Twenty copies to one address, and EVE. GAZETTE to the Club, each	1 00

☞ All subscriptions invariably in advance, and the papers to be stopped at the expiration of the order for which they were paid. Remittances by mail can be registered through the Post Office, at Publish