THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20, 1864. VOLUME LXXVII---NO. 55.

MANUFACTURERS, &c.

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS,
CADMAN & CRAWFORD,
Manufacturers of every variety of finished BRASS WORK FOR PLUMBERS, STEAM OR GAS FITTERS, MACHINISTS, AND COPPERSMITHS.
BRASS CASTINGS, of all descriptions, made to order. STEAMBOAT WORK, STEAM AND GAS-FITTING, and REPAIRING, promptly attended to.
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Also, Sole Agents for the Western District of Pennsylvania for the sale of MARSH, LAUSDELL & CO.'S PATENT SYPHON PUMP, the best ever invented. Having no valves it is not liable to get out of order, and will throw more water than any pump of twice its size.
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IRON CITY WORKS.
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JOHN HALL & CO.,
VALLEY FORGE PLOW WORKS,
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Manufacturers and dealers in all the different kinds of PLOWS, PLOW CASTINGS, SCOOPS, CUTTING BOXES, &c. With greatly increased facilities for doing business, we earnestly invite dealers to give us a call. Manufactory, Temperanceville.
Warehouse, Ohio alley and Liberty St., Pittsb'gh.
JOHN HALL,
T. J. HALL,
STEVENS WOODS,
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oct20:1

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of
BEST QUALITY REFINED CAST STEEL,
Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
☞ Office and warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 FIRST and 120 and 122 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. ja11:1yd

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(Successors to Orin Newton.)
Manufacturers of CASTOR FRAMES, MUGS, CUPS, LADLES, and a great variety of BRITANNIA articles. Also, CARBON OIL LAMP BURNERS and LAMP BRASSES generally. No. 139 Second street, Pittsburgh.

ALLEN M CORMICK & CO., VALLEY Foundry, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Warehouse, 201 LIBERTY STREET.
Manufacturers of COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, PARLOR AND KITCHEN GRATES, HOLLOW WARE, &c. Steel and Glass Moulds, Rolling Mill Castings, Mill Gearing, Gas, Water and Steam Pipe, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Sugar Kettles, Pulleys, Hangers, Car Wheels, Couplings and Castings generally. Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings made to order. Patented Portable Mill with Steam or Horse Power. apl4:tomd

JOSEPH F. HAMILTON & CO,
Cor. FIRST AND LIBERTY STS., Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of
SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES, MACHINERY, &c. may15:tf

SEVERANCE, No. 53 WATER ST., Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, common and railroad, of every description.
Particular steel or shaped SPIKES and RIVETS, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand. apl3:tom

WELLS, BIDDLE & CO., No. 215 Liberty street, opposite Sixth, Pittsburgh, manufacturers of WHIPS, LASHES and SWITCHES, and every description of LEATHER BRAIDED WORK.
Orders solicited from the trade, and goods promptly shipped as per instructions. de23:y

D. & W. BENNETT, Manufacturers of WHITE STONE CHINA and CREAM COLORED WARE.
Office and Warehouse at No. 74 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh. mh1:1y

DRY GOODS.

JAMES WILSON, JAMES W. CARR, DAVID M'CANDLESS
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Pogue & Co.,)
Wholesale dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 84 Wood street, third house above Diamond alley, Pittsburgh. ap10:tf

SAM'L W. LANE ..... J. LYON MASON ..... ELI PETTIT.
LANE, McADOY & CO., Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 166 Federal street, (second door below new Market House,) Allegheny City. mh8:1y

EATON, MACRUM & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES AND DRY GOODS, of every description, Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

MACRUM & GLYDE, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c., No. 78 Market street, between Diamond and Fourth Pittsburgh.

J. M. BURCHFIELD, (successor to J. Burchfield & Co.,) Wholesale and Retail Dealer in STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH HORNE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of TRIMMINGS, DRY GOODS, &c., Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

J. W. BARKER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of DRY GOODS, No. 69 Market street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh.

R. H. PALMER, No. 54 Wood Street, Dealer in BONNETS, HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS, and STRAW GOODS generally.

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SIMON JOHNSTON, Dealer in PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, BURNING FLUID, OILS, FAMILY MEDICINES, &c., of entirely prime quality, which he offers at lowest prices. Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and manufacturers of WHITE LEAD AND LITHARGE, corner of Wood and Front streets, Pittsburgh. ap7

DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER, Druggist, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh.

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W. P. JONES, Agent North America, State of Pennsylvania, and Hartford Insurance Companies, 87 Water street.

SAMUEL REA, Secretary Citizens' Insurance Company, corner Market and Water sts.

F. M. GORDON, Secretary Western Insurance Company, 92 Water street.

D. M. BOOK, Secretary Allegheny Insurance Company, 87 Fifth street.

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H. KLEBER & BRO., Dealers in MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS; and sole agents for STEINWAY'S CELEBRATED PIANOS, No. 82 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. my22

CHARLES C. MELLOR, Dealer in PIANOS, MELODEONS, &c., No. 81 Wood st., between Fourth street and Diamond alley, Pitts'g

BOOKSELLERS, &c.

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers and Job Printers, No. 57 Wood street, Pittsburgh. oct30

KAY & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, No. 55 Wood street, next door to the corner of Third, Pittsburgh. SCHOOL and LAW BOOKS constantly on hand.

J. L. READ, Bookseller and Stationer, No. 79 Fourth street, Apollo Buildings.

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WILLIAM WARD, Dealer in PROMISSORY NOTES, BONDS, MORTGAGES, and all securities for money.
Persons seeking Secure LOANS, through my agency, on reasonable terms.
Those wishing to invest their money to good advantage, can always find first and second class paper at my office for sale.
All communications and interviews strictly confidential. Office, Grant street, opposite St. Paul's Cathedral. ja18

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(Successor to McClelland & Davis.)
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT IN
Flour, Grain and Provisions.
Special attention given to the purchase and sale of CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM.
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CHARLES C. BAILSLEY,
Produce and Commission Merchant.
MERCHANDISE BROKER,
And dealer in all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE,
NO. 179 LIBERTY STREET,
mh4:1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

DUNCAN M'DONALD, (of the late firm of D. & D. M'Donald & Co., Wellsville, Ohio.) ..... CHAS. A. JNO. ARBUCKLE, Pittsburgh.
M'DONALD & ARBUCKLES, Wholesale Grocers, Produce and Commission Merchants, jobbers in COFFEE, N. O. SUGAR and MOLASSES, REFINED SUGARS & SYRUPS, FLOUR, BACON, TOBACCO, TEAS, RICE, CHEESE, SEEDS, &c., Nos. 242 and 244 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. mh14:1y

SHRIVER & LAZEAR,
Wholesale
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Nos. 87 and 89 Smithfield St., cor. Second,
ja25:y PITTSBURGH.

ANDREW MACKEOWN ..... WILKINS LINHART.
MACKEOWN & LINHART, Flour and Grain Factors, Produce and Commission Merchants, for the sale of Flour, Grain, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Beans, Tallow, Grease, Feathers, Potatoes, Pot and Pearl Ashes, Saleratus, Linseed and Lard Oils, Dried and Green Fruits, Timothy, Clover, Flax and Grass Seeds.
Cash advancements made on Consignments.
ap24:y No. 257 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh,
Having purchased the interest of his late partners, will continue the business at the old stand, and will be pleased to receive the patronage of his old friends and customers. my16:tf

WEBB & WILKINSON, Commission Merchants, Wholesale dealers in WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, DRIED FRUITS, BUTTER, EGGS, GRAINS, and produce generally. Also, LEATHER, HIDES, OILS, &c., No. 217 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
☞ Cash advancements made. Consignments solicited. jel2:6md

WM. F. BECK ..... THOS. MITCHELL
WM. F. BECK & CO., No. 185 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in COUNTRY PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, FISH, &c., PRODUCE, FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS, &c. SALT and LIME. oct

JOHN B. CANFIELD, Commission AND FORWARDING MERCHANT and wholesale dealer in WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, PORK, BACON, FLOUR, FISH, POT AND PEARL ASHES, SALERATUS, LINSEED AND LARD OILS, DRIED FRUIT, and Produce generally, Nos. 141 and 143 Front street, Pittsburgh. oct

THOS. LITTLE, SR. ..... JAMES TRIMBLE
LITTLE & TRIMBLE, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, dealers in PRODUCE, FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, CHEESE, CARBON AND LARD OIL, IRON, NAILS, GLASS, COTTON YARNS, and Pittsburgh manufactures generally, 112 and 114 Second street, Pittsburgh.

P. REYMER ..... J. S. REYMER ..... WM. D. REYMER.
REYMER & BROTHERS, (successors to Reymer & Anderson,) Wholesale dealers in FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS AND SPICES, CONFECTIONERY, SUGARS, FINE WORK, &c., Nos. 120 and 122 Wood street, above Fifth, Pittsburgh. jy22:y

WM. CULP ..... OTIS SHEPARD.
CULP & SHEPHARD, Commission Merchants and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE, No. 243 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
Choice brands of Flour for Bakers and Family use constantly on hand. Particular attention paid to filling orders for Merchandise generally. oct:dly

CHARLES B. LEECH, Flour AND GRAIN Factor, and Commission Merchant for the sale of GRAIN, SEEDS, CHEESE, PRODUCE, &c., and agent for the celebrated Catonsiva CEMENT, Nos. 118 Second and 140 First streets, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh. se5

FRANK VAN GORDER, Produce and Commission Merchant, dealer in FLOUR, BUTTER, BROOMS, SEEDS, LARD, CHEESE, PORK, DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS, and produce generally. Liberal cash advances on consignments. Warehouse, No. 124 Second street, Pittsburgh.

GEORGE S. HEAD ..... GEORGE METZGER.
HEAD & METZGAR, Grocers and Commission Merchants, and dealers in all kinds of Country Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 249 Liberty street, opposite head of Wood street, Pittsburgh. ap20:y

R. E. JONES ..... R. JONES.
GEO. R. JONES & SON, Wholesale Grocers and Rect Purifiers, dealers in MALT, SOAP, OAKUM, OILS, &c., Liberty and Pittsburgh manufactured articles, No. 141 Water street, above the Monongahela Bridge, Pittsburgh.

ROBERT DALZELL ..... T. DALZELL.
ROBERT DALZELL & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, and dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh manufactures, Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

D. WALLACE, Commission Merchant, and Wholesale Dealer in FLOUR and GRAIN, No. 252 Liberty street, opposite Pennsylvania R. R. Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh. Depot Grain Warehouse, corner Wayne and Penn streets. no17:y

HENRY LAMBERT ..... JOHN SHIPTON ..... A. WALLACE.
LAMBERT, SHIPTON & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers, No. 6 Sixth street, Pittsburgh. ja16

JOHN WATT ..... JOHN WILSON.
WATT & WILSON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh manufactures, No. 153 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. ja26

HENRY LINDSAY ..... JOHN TELFORD.
LINDSAY & TELFORD, Wholesale and Retail GROCERS, FLOUR AND PRODUCE DEALERS, 187 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. ap8:y

W. SCHOMAKER ..... WM. F. LANG
SCHOMAKER & LANG, Commission Merchants and wholesale dealers in CHEESE, FLOUR, GRAIN, PRODUCE, &c., No. 229 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. se23:dly

J. S. LIGGETT ..... JOHN LIGGETT.
J. S. LIGGETT & CO., CITY FLOURING MILLS, corner Liberty and Adams streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Capacity, 600 barrels per day. ap9

JAMES DALZELL & SON, Manufacturers of LARD OIL, and Commission Merchants for the purchase and sale of CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM, Nos. 68 and 70 Water street, Pittsburgh. Advances made on consignments.

WM. KIRKPATRICK ..... JOS. KIRKPATRICK.
J. KIRKPATRICK & BROTHER, successors to Brown & Kirkpatrick, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Nos. 191 and 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. ap13:y

WILLIAM MEANS, SAM. A. COFFIN, (Gen'l Part's.) ..... DAVID M'CANDLESS, Special Partner.
MEANS & COFFIN, successors to M'Candless, Means & Co., WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner of Wood and Water streets, Pittsburgh. jy31:y

CHEESE WAREHOUSE.—HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, FISH, and Produce generally, No. 23 Wood street, above Water, Pittsburgh. my2

HOLLAND RIDDLE, successor to Jno. H. McGill & Son, No. 183 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, general PRODUCE, GROCERY AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. Consignments respectfully solicited. ap29:y

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce, Nos. 60 Water street and 65 Front street, Pittsburgh.

GEO. W. DILWORTH ..... JOHN S. DILWORTH.
J. S. DILWORTH & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 150 and 152 Second street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

JOHN FLOYD ..... WILLIAM FLOYD.
JOHN FLOYD & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 173 Wood and 172 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. jel6

CHARLES L. CALDWELL, (successor to James Holmes & Co.,) PORK PACKER and dealer in PROVISIONS, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh. ja

W. J. TOWNSEND, (successor to Townsend & Townsend,) PORK PACKER and dealer in PROVISIONS, No. 12 Fourth street, near City, Pittsburgh.

DANIEL HOVEY ..... A. H. VOIGT.
H. VOIGT & CO., successors to L. L. G. Graf, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 247 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HUGUS ..... EDWARD HOUSE.
JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

COOK, PETTIT & CO., Commission Merchants, and dealers in PRODUCE, FLOUR, BACON, WOOL, GRAIN, &c., No. 12 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

EDWARD HEAZELTON, Wholesale GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, East corner of the Diamond, No. 18, Pittsburgh. mh14:1ym

WILLIAM BAGALEY, Wholesale Grocer, Nos. 18 and 20 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER KING, Wholesale Grocer, Importer of SODA ASH, No. 278 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. mh4

EDGERTON & STEWART, Wholesale GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 107 Wood street, Pittsburgh. ja21:y

WALL PAPERS.

W. P. MARSHALL, Dealer in WALL PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., No. 87 Wood street, Pittsburgh. jel

Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING....JAN. 21, 1864.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

Morning Edition, by mail, per year		$6 00.
" "	month	70.
" "	week	12.
" "	single copies	2.
Evening Edition, by mail, per year		4 00.
" "	month	33.
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Weekly Edition, single copies, per year		2 00.
" " clubs of 5 to 15,	"	1 50.
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—and one extra to the party sending club. For a club of fifteen, we will send the Evening Gazette daily. For a club of twenty, we will send the Morning Gazette daily. Single copies, 5 cents.

☞ All subscriptions *strictly in advance*, and papers always stopped when the time expires.

Interesting Rebel Correspondence.

A batch of intercepted rebel correspondence, recently sent to Washington by the blockading officer who captured it, and since published, makes some queer disclosures about the financial operations of the Secessionists in Europe, aided by their friends in New York.

Col. C. A. L. Lamar, in a letter to his father (G. B. Lamar, the Savannah blockade runner,) dated Paris, Sept. 10th, 1863, said: "I have made some $5000 on cotton—am arranging to purchase $200,000 of gold in New York!! Gov. Foote, Bowers and self. Gulon is to borrow the greenbacks in N. Y., buy the gold and ship it to England—we then draw sterling, which is sold in New York for greenbacks, pay up what we owe, and the balance will be profit. It will go, I think, to 200. Such speculations help us and our Government too. It helps to break down their currency."

J. T. Soutter wrote to Col. Lamar, (the writer of the above,) from "Zalderman's Walk, London, 25 Sept., 1863," saying: "I have yours of yesterday and will call and see Mr. Duncan, but I fear I shall miss him today, as he is not down in the city at Peabody's, and I am engaged to dine and pass the night in the country. I will see him to-morrow and report. There are other parties here thinking of gold operations in New York, but I have not heard of much being done. I think gold must go 200 before December."

The next day, Dec. 26, Mr. Soutter wrote to Col. Lamar from the same place saying: "I have seen Mr. Duncan, and he is willing to buy gold in New York and carry it for commission of one-half per cent. a month and interest, the margin to be not less than ten per cent. put up when the price is twenty five or thirty per cent.; but it would require more than ten per cent. if you went into the operation when gold was higher than thirty. If you bought at forty, I suppose he would require twenty per cent., and so on. * * * I think Mr. D. would not like to have the gold shipped to Europe, though he did not make it a condition.

The letters abound in the most hopeful assurances of a speedy recognition from the Emperor, which must in fact down as sure to happen "sixty days from date." The Lamars, and J. T. Soutter, and Gulon & Duncan, and G. B. Cathart turn up very frequently in these letters, and with them the minor workers, such as Trowbridge, of the yacht "Wanderer" memory, and Cammack, who, when he sends the letter of his friend Trowbridge, will learn the fate of gold that one rebel keeps with another, though all are "F. F. V.s." Cammack's name, by the way, appears in the Olmstead examination yesterday. He lives about 10 miles from New York, and Havana and Paris, like an uneasy spirit.

Mr. C. A. Lamar is the active man at the European end of the line, and is as busy as he can be with his speculations in cotton, and gold, and ships, and his various ventures in blockade running. Trowbridge, who seems to be the "man about town" of the firm, asks "Charlie" to come to New York, and assures him that he will protest him if he "will keep his mouth shut." He evidently considers this reticence an enterprise of great difficulty, for he afterwards tells him that if he should hear the Lincolnites in New York talk, he "would burst" with Confederate ire. Trowbridge believes that "Charlie" is on excellent terms with the Emperor, and advises him when he meets L. N. to "offer him Texas, and if that won't repay him, then all west of the Mississippi river," for his valuable assistance. The paternal Lamar is also so anxious for negotiation that he resolves himself into the entire Confederate Government, and authorizes his son to instruct Slidell "from me to negotiate for the French Protectorate." The secesh cotton speculator has a vision of future greatness, and triumphantly points out the greatness and prosperity of the quadruple "alliance of Mexico, France, the Confederate States and free trade."

The correspondence, as we have intimated, reflects severely upon the morals of the "patriots" who are serving their afflicted country among the Turkeys. It is not the less properly stated in regard to the corruption of the Confederate agents abroad. Thus, the virtuous and youthful Lamar observes to his father, that seven he "cannot conceive—although he has a liberal opinion of them on that subject—of the amount of swindling going on all the time, and conducted by Government agents." Capt. Bullock is the only honest man among them. Others have Southern residences in London, Winter residence in Paris, and live at the rate of $5,000 a year.

Young Lamar, with a callow innocence that is really touching to behold in the representative of a "traitor," engaged in a gunpowder speculation, the said powder being made of plaster of Paris and boiling water; but so potent as to secure to the South the ability "to whip this time." He purchased the secret, and writes his father to have a caveat filed in the Confederate States, so that he and his associates may make "millions." "Charlie" is half persuaded that the powder is a wicked "sell," and fears it may be "another Benzole catch." He had probably suffered before. He adds, if I am "fool enough to be humbugged, I ought to lose my money." All this was written under date of Oct. 18. Ten days later he writes to a friend in Paris: "See the powder man and tell him I have instructed Phinizy to institute proceedings against him for damages." Alas! for the explosive and detonating plaster and water, and for the credulity of the tender Lamar. Had he listened to Cammack he would have saved his money. Cammack pronounced teh powder a "humbug" from the start.

Veteran Troops Re-Enlisting.

The expectation of the rebels that, at the expiration of the terms of service, during the present year, of most of our troops now in the field, the military power of the Government would be materially weakened, does not promise realization.

From all parts of the country, and every department of the army, we hear of the re-enlistment of veteran troops, whole regiments going in together, and the prospect now is that the period hopefully looked forward to by the rebels will never arrive. There can be no doubt but they are well informed as to the time of the expiration of the term of service of the first volunteers, and that they have been looking forward to their retirement from the field as a propitious moment in which to strike a last desperate blow. But it now appears that nearly all the veterans will re-enlist, and that instead of decimated ranks and raw troops with which to commence the spring campaign, our army will be more formidable and in better fighting trim than ever before.

We look upon this as one of the most hopeful signs of the times for us, and it must be equally discouraging to the rebels. The Government was undoubtedly wise in paying an additional hundred dollars bounty on veteran recruits. They are worth more than that over new men. They are already soldiers, and ready at once to enter upon duty, and being seasoned to camp life, they are much less liable to fall into the hospital. And, besides these considerations, they went into the field early, and have done the buts-end of the fighting, and it is but right that they should complete the work they have so nobly carried forward almost to completion. Let them have the glory of putting in the finishing blows, as it seems almost certain now, that this year will witness the end of the rebellion.

Miles O'Reilly on the "Naygurs."

[At the banquet to the Irish Brigade in New York on Saturday, Captain Daly, of the 47th Regiment New York Volunteers, one of the guests, being called upon for a song, said he would give them one which was very popular in the department he came from, and which he had done much to reconcile the soldiery of the command to the institution it referred to. It was Private O'Reilly of his regiment, who is in the habit of saying that he has seen such a plenty of white men killed in this war that he has no objection now to letting the "Sambos" take their fair share of death and wounds. Against any white monopoly in the trade of "being kilt," as he phrased it, Private Miles had entered, to the air of "The Low-Backed Car," the following lyrical protest:

Some tell us 'tis a burning shame
To make the naygurs fight;
An' that the throats of bein' kilt
Belongs but to the white:
But as for me, upon my sowl
So liberal are we here,
I'll let Sambo be murdered in place of myself
On every day in the year!
On every day in the year, boys,
And every hour in the day,
The right to be kilt I'll divide wid him,
An' divil a word I'll say.

In battle's wild commotion
I shouldn't at all object
If Sambo's body should stop a ball
That was comin' for me direct;
And the prod of a Southern bagnet,
Sollherd are we here,
I'll resign and let Sambo take it
On every day in the year!
On every day in the year, boys,
An' wid none of your nasty pride,
All my right in a Southern bagnet prod
Wid Sambo I'll divide.

The men who object to Sambo,
Should take his place and fight;
And it's better to have a naygur's hue
Than a liver that's white as wh'ite;
Though Sambo's black as the ace of spades,
His finger's strigger can pull,
And he goes runs straight on the narrul sights
From under his thatch of wool
So hear me all, boys, darlings,
Don't think I'm tippin' you chaff,
The right to be killed I'll divide wid him,
And give him the largest half!

News and Miscellany.

Dr. Winslow's Tamil and English Lexicon.—In the completion of the comprehensive Tamil and English lexicon by the Rev. Myron Winslow, D. D., at Madras, India, the oriental literature of the day has received a valuable contribution. The work, just published at Madras in the highest style of typographical finish, contains nearly sixty-eight thousand Tamil words, a thousand quarto pages, and includes the scientific terms of the language, the names of gods, heroes, poets and authors. The work cost its author nearly twenty-five years of arduous and constant labor. The Tamil language is spoken by seventy hundred millions of our race; and the want of a complete dictionary of the language, long felt, is at last met by the completion of this work.

Rebels Investing in English Funds.—The Matamoras correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says:

"It is stated here on respectable authority that the rebel officers who extracted with such celerity from Brownsville on the landing of our troops, as well as many of the landing contractors in Texas, have shown a caution and foresight which is rarely manifested by those who arrive at sudden opulence. Col. James Duff is reported to have purchased near $40,000 worth of Sterling Exchange, and Gen. Hamilton P. Bee, a South Carolina officer, is said to have invested to the amount of $30,000."

The number of clerks and other officials in the various departments at Washington is thus given: Round numbers: State Department, 100; Treasury Department, 450; War, 300; Navy, 100; Post Office, 120; Agriculture Department, 20; Commissioner of Public Buildings, office, 40; Senate, 100; House, 170; Police, 160; White House, Cabinet, etc., 100. Add to these 8,000 men employed by the Quartermaster's Department in this city, and at least 2,000 more at the Navy Yard, Arsenal, and other works at the Capitol and other public buildings, and one can form an idea of the army of occupation paid by Uncle Sam.

Extraordinary Wager.—A wager was laid on last Saturday, by two gentlemen in Brooklyn, who are ardent sympathizers with each of the contending parties of the American war, viz: $2,500 that Grant would never take Atlanta; $2,500 that Charleston would not fall; $2,500 that Richmond would never be taken; $10,000 that the South would never be conquered; taken in toto, the whole amounting to $20,000. A good thing for one of the parties at the close of the war.—*Montreal Gazette.*

Throwing Their Old Shoes at Us.—The officers of a Massachusetts regiment which recently encountered the rebels in the Shenandoah Valley, were much surprised at the peculiar noise made by the enemy's cannon. Upon investigation, it was ascertained that the rebels had not fired either shot or shell—but had used instead pieces of railroad iron and old horse shoes fastened together with telegraph wire.—*Boston Transcript.*

George D. Prentice, Esq., of the Louisville *Journal*, has addressed a letter to the Detroit *Tribune*, denying in toto the widely copied statements of a correspondent of that journal that he has been incapacitated for business by intemperance; that the journal has passed from his control; and that his friends have purchased a place for him in the country, to which he has retired.

John S. Barnes, a leading Virginia rebel, has recently said that "there exists no hope of prolonging the rebellion beyond next spring, its military strength having been completely exhausted in the late campaign," and it is reported that he expresses bitter regret for having gone into the rebellion.

We learn, says the Washington *Republican*, that when the first Greek fire fell from Gillmore's batteries exploded in Charleston, a contraband who witnessed the spectacle jumped up and, clapping his hands, exclaimed, "See dar! hell hab laid an egg!"

A gentleman in this city, whose wife is away on a visit protracted long beyond the promised return, writes as follows: "'Tis said that absence conquers love, but the longer you stay away the better I like you." He expects her on the next train.

Louis Napoleon is reported to have thus hit off the position of things in Europe:—"Europe has been threatened with a torch (Poland) and a lucifer match (the Danish Duchies), the match is the most likely to set the house on fire."

The Montreal *Herald* thinks that unless the rebels are a little more civil toward General Butler, possibly some of the Confederate prisoners may be put *outside the lines of war*, as he himself has been.

Church, the celebrated painter, is engaged on his large South American picture of "Chimborazo," which, it is said, will prove, when completed, to be quite as successful as any of his former works.

A cotton company has been organized in Boston, with a capital of $100,000. An agent has been dispatched to the Mississippi Valley to make arrangements for the cultivation of the staple.

Gov. Morton, of Indiana, announces that he has made arrangements to furnish all veteran regiments from this and all other States with hot coffee and a lunch at Jeffersonville.

On the 21st ult., at Jefferson, Ohio, Hon. George W. Julian, of Indiana, was married to Miss Laura B., youngest daughter of Joshua R. Giddings.

Col. Clerke, one of Morgan's officers, died at Johnson's Island, on Saturday, from strangulation, caused by an elongated throat.

William, a son of Edward Everett, lectured in Boston on Tuesday evening, before the "Lowell Association."

James Keith, son of the President of the Kentucky Central Railroad, was frozen to death week before last.

Humphrey Marshall is in Richmond, reduced to cotton jean clothes and turpentine whisky.

Affairs in Mexico—American Sailor Shot by the Consul.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—A private letter from Marysville, Mexico, dated on the 11th inst., based on French authority, gives the following items from the interior:

The French army, 14,000 strong, was in Guadalajara under Gen. Bazaine, and another column 4,000 strong, under Drouey, were approaching the Mexican army near Zapotlan, only twenty leagues from Colombia. The Mexicans intend to oppose them with only 7,000 men, under Gens. Orago and Jopita.

The letter also states that the U. S. Consul, Mr. Baker, at Marysville, killed an American sailor who had deserted from the U. S. steamer Saginaw, because the latter had refused to obey the Consul's order to take his place in the stocks prepared for his confinement. As the sailor was unarmed, the act is regarded as having been wholly unwarrantable. Mr. Baker has been arrested, charged with murder in the first degree, and will probably be sent to San Francisco for trial, by the American ship Saginaw. The extraditer will be withdrawn. He claims, however, to have acted in self-defence.

EVENING GAZETTE TELEGRAMS.

Governor Curtin's Inaugural.

[BY INLAND TELEGRAPH.]

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Harrisburg, Jan. 19, 1864.

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives:

Called by the partiality of my fellow-citizens to the office of Governor of Pennsylvania for another term, I appear before you to solemnly renew the prescribed obligation to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, and to discharge the responsible trust confided to me with fidelity.

When first summoned before you three years ago to assume the sacred duties of the Executive Office, the long gathering clouds of civil war were about to break upon our devoted country. For years treason had been gathering in might; it had been appropriating to its fiendish lust, more and more bountifully of the nation's honors; it had grown steadily bolder in its assumption of power, until it had won the tolerance, if not the sanction of a formidable element of popular strength, even in the confessedly loyal States. The election of a President in 1860, in strict conformity with the Constitution and the Laws, though not the cause, was deemed the fit occasion for an organized attempt to overthrow the whole fabric of our free institutions, and plunge a nation of thirty millions of people into hopeless anarchy. The grave offence charged against the President elect, seemed alone to consist in his avowed fidelity to the Government, and his determined purpose to fulfill his solemn covenant to maintain inviolate the union of the States. When inaugurated he found States in open rebellion, disclaiming allegiance to the Government, fraudulently appropriating its property, and insolently contemning its authority. Treason was struggling for supremacy in every department of the administrative power. In the Cabinet it feloniously disarmed our arsenals were robbed to enable the armies of crime to drench a continent in fraternal blood. Our coasts were left comparatively defenceless to fall an easy prey to traitors. Our navy was scattered upon distant seas, to render the Republic helpless for its own protection. Officers educated, commissioned and sworn to defend the Government against any foe, became deserters. They defied Heaven in shameless perjury, and with fratricidal hands, drew their swords against the country of their allegiance. And when treason had thus completed its preparations, this wanton and wicked war was forced upon our loyal people. Never was war so causeless. The North had sought no sectional triumph, invaded no rights, and inflicted no wrongs upon the South. It aimed to preserve the Republic, not to destroy it; and even when rebellion presented the sword as the arbiter, we exhausted every effort consistent with the existence of our Government to avert the bloody drama of the last three years. The insolent assertion presented by treason of total dismemberment or independence was met by generous offers of peace; the storm of defiance which threatened to fall but; the lesson of our rebellious shamed power, unless they could glut their infernal ambition over the ruins of the noblest and freest government ever devised by man.

Three years of bloody, wasting war, and the terrible sacrifice of upwards of a million lives attest the desperation of their purpose to overthrow our life-tree. Mourning and sorrow spread over our entire nation, and defeat and desolation are the terrible trophies won by the traitor's hand. Our people have been sorely tried by disasters, but in the midst of the deepest gloom they have stood with unfaltering devotion to the great cause of our common country, relying upon the ultimate triumph of the right. They have proved equal to the stern duty, and worthy of their rich inheritance of freedom.

Their fidelity has been well rewarded. In God's own good time he has asserted his avenging power; and if this war is persisted in, they, the leaders of the rebellion, as has become evident, and slavery and treason, the fountain and stream of discord and death, must soon share a common grave.

In this great struggle for our honored nationality, Pennsylvania has won immortal fame. Despite the teaching of the faithless and the hesitation of the timid, she has promptly and generously met every demand made upon her, whether it repel invasion or to fight the battles of the Union wherever or wherever her people were demanded. Upon every field made historic and sacred by the valor of our troops, some of the noble youth of Pennsylvania have fallen. There is scarcely a hospital that has not been visited by our kind offices to the sick and wounded. There is not a Department in which brave men do not answer with pride to the name of our noble State, and while history endures, loyal hearts will turn with feelings of national pride to Gettysburg, where the common deliverance of Pennsylvania and the Union will stand recorded in the unsurpassed glory of that bloody field.

I need hardly renew my