# Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY MORNING—JAN. 14, 1864.


### The Post on Reconstruction.

The *Pittsburgh Post* cavils at our remarks on the subject of Reconstruction under the President's Proclamation. It is angry that its rebel friends of the rebel States should be divested of all political rights and power. We shall take no notice of its ribaldry and invective, but confine our remarks to the following passage which we quote from its article:

"A Government of one-tenth ruling, with bayonets nine-tenths, is certainly a queer exemplification of our American theory that a majority shall govern. Our Declaration of Independence proclaims that all just Governments derive their power from the consent of the governed. Yet, notwithstanding this primary and cardinal doctrine, known to every school boy, one-tenth of the people of a State are invited, by what Abolitionists denominate the Government, to rule over nine times their number. This is Republicanism under President Lincoln, a man styled by his leaders the equal of Henry of Navarre. What a shocking libel and scandal upon all of our American ideas of liberty and popular Government! What American can hereafter pretend, if it is carried out, that he lives in a Government of the people or in one resting on the consent of the governed? When this proposition is accepted we had better burn up all the copies of the Declaration of Independence, for they will remind us of our apostacy and shame, and openly admit that our political system is a Despotism, pure and simple.

"To be sure "a government of one-tenth ruling with bayonets, nine-tenths" would be "a queer exemplification of our American theory that a majority shall govern." But a majority of what? Does the *Post* count traitors in arms, or who have just been disarmed, and are still persistent rebels, as among the people who have a right to govern? Shall the nine traitors govern the one loyal man, or shall the one loyal man govern them? Which shall it be? But whose fault is it that these nine are out of the pale of citizenship, and divested of all political rights and powers? Not the fault of the President, certainly, who has set the door open to them to return to their allegiance, and resume all the rights and privileges of American citizens. A man is a rebel State, though he may have voted again and again for secession, and even fought in the rebel armies, has only to come forward and take the oath of allegiance to the only true government of his country, to be reinstated in the enjoyment of all the privileges which he had forfeited—to put himself on a full equality, as a freeman, with the citizen of Pennsylvania or Massachusetts, and it is his own fault if he does not do it. What right has he to grumble that he, and eight o hers like him, are put under the government of one? or, what right has the *Post* to grumble for him?

"The consent of the governed!" indeed! Is that where the *Post is*? Is it for giving to the rebels of the South the right of self-government? Why, that is the very thing they have been fighting for, and the very thing that we have been fighting against. What a perversion of that time-honored political axiom!

How God-like and glorious is that clemency which shines forth from the President's proclamation of amnesty to rebels, who have done their utmost to break up the Union and destroy the Government! How suggestive of the grace which gives hope and joy, and opens Heaven, to a rebel race! Nothing is required but a voluntary return to allegiance. But as the villain cannot carry his ill-gotten pelf into the Kingdom of Heaven, nor the debauchee his bottle or his harlot, so the rebel is debarred, by the proclamation, from carrying back his "nigger" or his whip. There's the rub; and this is the true cause of one man having to govern nine, and also of the *Post's* discontent. It will all come right, however, after a while; and the *Post* and its party will have to submit to a partial rule of the baynet, until its rebel friends shall give up their idol, take the oath, and become loyal men. They will have to be taught that to own and whip "niggers" constitute no part of the constitutional rights of repentant traitors, who are, by the grace of the Government, allowed to resume the rights and privileges of American citizens.

**Honest, Honest Fernando Wood—An Illustration of Homeopathy.**

Both the moral and the political world were somewhat startled last evening, says the New York *Evening Post*, of Tuesday, with the news that Fernando Wood had offered in the House of Representatives, at Washington, a resolution directing an investigation into certain state old stories, reported by the secessionists, of frauds committed by Gen. Butler while entrusted with the military government of New Orleans. Fernando, it seems, has suddenly become virtuous. So complete is his conversion, that he not only now hates a rogue, but cannot even endure those whose integrity has been denied by men not more honorable than Fernando himself.

We offer this example to the next lecturer on the homœpathic system, and the great principle on which that system is founded, that "like cures like." The moral atmosphere of Washington is notoriously dangerous to honesty. Men who have never been doubted at home, and might have passed for tolerably honest, their whole lives long, often become sheer rogues after a residence of moderate length at Washington. On the other hand, here is a rogue, some *least* one be it spoken, who has, by going to Washington, become as honest as the man whom Diogenes was looking for with a lantern. What doubt can there be of the truth of the homœopathic principle after such an instance?

What makes the fact of the conversion of this man to honesty the more certain is, that his resolution does not seem to have been treated by the House as the good joke that many will think. There was tittering among the members on the floor that we hear of, and no cachinnation in the galleries. The members seem to have witnessed the spectacle of Fernando bearing his testimony against fraud with as much solemnity as if it had been the reception of a converted pagan into the Christian church astonished, doubtless as they could not help being, but greatly edified. They voted down the resolution, it is true, but there were good reasons for doing so. If the resolution had been adopted, the motion, according to custom, would have been chairman of a committee to investigate the charges made, and the better class of members of Congress are so squeamish that many of them doubtless object to serving on any committee of which such a man was the head, even after his conversion. Or, if this reason were not in the way, it might be apprehended that he would act this new and unaccustomed part of an honest man so awkwardly, for a long time to come, that continual blunders might be expected. To ensure dexterity in any kind of transactions, there must be a certain apprenticeship. Practice makes perfect. Greek is not learned in a day.

The following resolution has been introduced into the legislature of Ohio:

*Resolved*, By the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That Major General W. S. Rosecrans has retained the undimished confidence and regard of the loyal people of the State of Ohio. In him they recognize a brave, able and skilful general, and true American patriot, and for the valuable services rendered his country upon the battle-field, he is entitled to the full confidence of the government; that he is competent for, and deserving of, any command to which he may be assigned.

The Bank of England has, by the last account, been taking 3 per cent discount in its transactions with its customers.

**Rebel Atrocities in Missouri—Desperate Fight Between Three Unionists and a Gang of Bushwhackers.**

A letter from Cape Girardeau, Mo., of the 1st inst., to the St. Louis *Democrat*, says:

"A horrible and most cruel murder was perpetrated at twelve o'clock on the night of the 27th ultimo, at the residence of Daniel Critze, near Dallas, in Bollinger county, Mo. The house was attacked by eleven rebels, who demanded possession, and threatened to burn it if refused. At the place where James Stevens and William Critze—the latter a brother of Daniel Critze—and Mr. Frazier, who is the sheriff of Bollinger county. They were three good and active Union men, and, with the landlord, made four. On opening the door the rebels commenced firing into the house, without regard to whom they might hit. Sheriff Frazier was wounded in the hip and fell to the floor, where he remained till the fight was over, but William Critze and James Stevens defended themselves and the house with bravery. They took their stands, Critze at one end of the house, and Stevens at the other, and fired with accuracy and rapidity at the foe, till both were killed. Stevens fell with three balls in his breast and two stabs in the side, and Critze with a ball in his loins and another in his body.

The rebels could not boast, for they were six to one. One of their party had his thigh broken, another was wounded in the shoulder, and a third was shot in the arm. After the fight, they made Daniel Critze take a light and show the dead and tell their names. William Critze was not yet dead, but they roughly stripped him, took other clothing and left."

**What Jeff Davis Expected.**

The Hartford (Ct.,) *Courant*, in an article on the war, tells the following anecdote:

"Scene: Jeff Davis's parlor at Washington, shortly before the arch traitor left to consummate his infamous crime. Present, Mr. Davis, Mrs. Davis and a lady from New York whom we will call Mrs. A. A conversation ensued between the ladies relative to public affairs, and the demand from South Carolina for the surrender to the State authorities of the United States Fort Sumter. Mrs. A. asked Mrs. Davis what they would do if the Government refused to give up the fort. Mrs. Davis replied, 'we will fire on it; the fort belongs to South Carolina and she will have it, let the consequences be what they may.' Mrs. A. in astonishment remarked, 'What, fire on Sumter! fire on the United States flag!' 'Yes,' said Mrs. Davis, 'we will fire on Sumter, and the flag which waves over it must come down.' Mrs. A., amazed at the spoken treason of Mrs. Davis, again said, 'fire on the flag! shoot down the flag of our country! What do you suppose will be the effect in New York city?' 'The effect in New York city,' says Mrs. Davis, 'will be that ten thousand strong arms will at once rally in that city to the support of the south.' Mrs. A., more and more astonished, turned to Mr. Davis, who had taken no part in the conversation, and asked him if he had not a word of rebuke for such language. Mr. Davis replied by saying that his wife was mistaken relative to the effect in New York city of firing on Sumter; that not *ten thousand but twenty thousand* men of that city would rally to the standard of the South.'"

**Gov. Andrews on the Three Hundred Dollar Clause.**

In his recent message to the Massachusetts Legislature, Gov. Andrews says:

"The experience of all military nations in modern times favors the adoption of a reasonable system of commutation of military services in money. And notwithstanding the gust of apparent unpopularity which attached to the provision in the national enrollment act permitting such a commutation, I have never doubted either its wisdom, expediency, or humanity. Indeed, I think its supposed unpopularity was only apparent, and not real. Its repeal would tend to deprive all but the rich of the luxury of a substitute. It would introduce to a golden harvest a class of men whose traffic would be detestable for its cupidity, oppression, and injustice. Their trade would be injurious to the service, dangerous to the community, unjust to those demanding substitutes, and equally unjust to the men offering themselves in supply. The only system compatible with the public good is that which demands but one maximum price as the condition of exemption, which prevents panic and competition, creates but one market, and but one bidder for substitutes, and leaves their procurement to the control of the Government."

**The Union Sentiment in Arkansas.**

Speaking of the growth of the Union sentiment in Arkansas, the Cincinnati *Gazette* remarks.

Many Union meetings have been held in Arkansas. Leagues and conventions are becoming popular over the greater part of the State. A convention held at Little Rock on the 25th ult. numbered over two thousand in attendance. Union resolutions of a strong character were passed. The friends of freedom feel confident of a majority of voters within their borders. Several gentlemen from there have passed through our city for Washington, to consult with the general government in relation to taking immediate steps to bring her at once back to the Union. At the Burnet House yesterday the names of J. C. Mills, Dr. Beloate, Dr. Kirkwood, J. Snow and General Gantt, leading citizens, appear on the register, for the same destination. We are informed a large number of other gentlemen are also on the way for the same purpose, and will pass through here in a few days.

A remarkable fact, indicating the unusual severity of the season west, is that, on the 18th instant, our cavalry crossed the Arkansas river on the ice, about latitude 34. At the same time the peach trees were in bloom in Florida.

The annual savings of the people of England are reckoned at fifty millions sterling. This is much less than what it is estimated is made by the people of this country.

The Galway steamships are therefore to make that port the port of departure, instead of, as now, merely a port of call.

**Spike Rifle Rebellion.**

Mr. Broomall, of Pennsylvania, on Monday introduced into the House a resolution urging the government, in the interest of the citizens of the free States, to enlist as many soldiers among the freedmen of the South as could be obtained, and to encourage desertions from the rebel lines by offering the same pay and bounties to such as enter our ranks as are now received by white soldiers.

We believe that recruiting in the South would be far more efficient if certain districts were assigned to the free States in which they might recruit among the population to fill up their own quotas. There would be a division of labor in such an arrangement, by which the ground would be more thoroughly covered; the State bounties would form an additional inducement to draw volunteers from within the rebel lines; and as each State would send agents to canvass the district assigned, and to make public the inducements offered to recruits, the work would be done in a shorter time, and we believe far more thoroughly than it can be done by agents of the General Government.

Nor do we know of any reason why southern white men should not be enlisted by State agents, and receive free-state bounties, as well as blacks. Suppose the State of New York should offer three hundred dollars bounty, with full pay and comfortable clothing, to all, white or black, within a certain district—say, including the whole State of North Carolina—who should make their way to our lines and enlist; and suppose agents of the state were stationed at different points, with instructions to publish this offer far and wide in the interior; there is reason to believe that we should be able to enlist, in thirty days, enough men to fill our quota, and every man thus gained by us would be a loss to the enemy.

At present there is no encouragement offered to southern whites to enlist under the Union flag. At Vicksburg, we have heard, some were refused who offered themselves. Nowhere is any bounty offered them. The easiest way to amend this, and to draw this class to us, is to let the free states which have still to fill their quota labor among them by means of recruiting agents. Let it once be known that not only is a southern private assured of a free pardon if he comes to our lines, but of three hundred dollars in greenbacks—equal to three thousand dollars in rebel currency—and many of them will presently be found fighting under the Union flag.

A letter, received from a gentleman who has resided in Wisconsin, near Milwaukee, since 1845, says that the late cold spell was by far the severest he has known since his residence there. He says:

"A man could not live out-doors more than fifteen minutes without being frost-bitten. Thermometers refused to indicate—the mercury would run down in the bowl almost as soon as exposed. I froze my ears in going forty rods; and a neighbor, in exposing his bare hand three minutes, froze his fingers: The hostler at the hotel froze his fingers and ears in trying to hitch up a horse, and then had to give it up. It was fortunate he did, for if the driver had started he would have frozen to death."

Mr. Chase at a Missionary Meeting.—A large missionary meeting was held at Wesley Chapel yesterday evening—and a sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Durbin. Mr. Odell, member of Congress from Brooklyn, made an interesting speech. In the evening there was a large gathering, at which addresses were made by Hon. Mr. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury; Rev. Mr. Foss, of Brooklyn, and Hon. Mr. Price, of Iowa. At the conclusion of the meeting, Mr. Chase was made a life director of the Juvenile Missionary Society connected with the Methodist Episcopal Church, the money being raised on the spot.—*Washington Letter.*

Queen Victoria's edict against tobacco has drawn forth the following:

"Sprung from Wendon,
This wish from ev'ry breast proceeds
That's loyal to the Throne—
Since she prohibits other's weeds,
Soon may she drop her own!"

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

ADJOURNED RAILROAD MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the books of the ALLEGHENY CITY AND FREEPORT RAILROAD COMPANY will be opend on the FOURTH WEDNESDAY OF JANUARY, (the 27th,) at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, from 2 to 4 o'clock p. m., where Commissioners will attend to receive subscription to the stock of said Company, according to the provisions of the act of its incorporation, approved April 4th, 1854, and the supplements thereto.

S. D. KARNS,
H. W. GRANT,
JOHN KARNS,
A. W. LANE,
WM. S. BALDTON,
J. A. McCULLOUGH,
Commissioners.

Jan14:2wecd

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION—CALL FOR A CONVENTION.—The Committee having charge of the movement in favor of a call for a convention to amend our National Constitution so as shall secure a more distinct recognition of the authority of God and the rights of Christ, having observed that this subject is now occupying the attention of Congress, have thought that it is an opportune time for the friends of the movement to make a consultation in relation to what should be done under existing circumstances. It is therefore proposed that a MASS CONVENTION shall be held in the FIRST UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, (Dr. Pressly's,) Allegheny, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th instant, at 10 o'clock a. m., which all who are friendly to the object are cordially invited to attend.

By order. JOHN T. PRESSLY, Chairman.
JOHN DOUGLAS, Secretary. Jan13 2wcd

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL.—The Annual Meeting of the Contributors of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital will be holden at the Hospital, at DINMONT, on FRIDAY, the 15th inst., at 1 o'clock p. m., when an Election for Managers will take place. The cars will leave Allegheny City at 12 o'clock, noon.

THOMAS BAKEWELL, President.
J. A. HARPER, Sec'y. Jan12:2t

Office Allegheny Insurance Co., Pittsburgh, Jan. 4, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR PER SHARE, out of the profits of the last six months, free of Government Tax, payable to Stockholders on or after the 15th instant.

D. M. BOOK, Secretary.

Jan5:10t

DIVIDEND.

Office of Pittsburgh Gas Company, January 11th, 1864.

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, payable forthwith, to Stockholders or their legal representatives.

JAMES M. CHRISTY, Treasurer.

Jan12:3td

BRIDGE DIVIDEND.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Bridge Company, at Hand street, are hereby notified that a Dividend of SIX PER CENT., or THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE, has been this day declared out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith.

FRANK S. BISSELL, Treasurer.

January 5th, 1864. Jan5w

THE NEW GYMNASTICS AT NEVILLE HALL.—The Classes are open for new members at each time of meeting. Ladies and Gentlemen, TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 7½. Ladies and Children, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock.

TERMS IN ADVANCE:

For Adults, course of twenty lessons.....$6 00.
For Lads and Misses, " " " ..... 4 00.
For Children, " " " ..... 3 00.

ocl7:tf

Office Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railroad Co., Pittsburgh, Jan. 5, 1864.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railroad Company will be held on MONDAY, the 18th day of January, 1864, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, Pittsburgh, at which time and place an election for five Directors will be held, to serve for the ensuing year.

WM. K. SIMICK, Secretary.

Jan7td

German Trust and Savings Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., to consider the propriety of increasing the Capital Stock.

GEO. A. ENDLY, Cashier.

Jan7:td

MISSISSIPPI MARINE BRIGADE.—Lt. A. J. GIBSON, Light Battery of said Brigade, is in the city on Recruiting orders from the War Department, and can be found at No. 65 FIFTH STREET, over "Cheap John's" Store. See bills.

Jan11:tf

PITTSBURGH SANITARY COMMITTEE.

Office and Depository, 59 Fourth Street,

Between Wood and Market Streets.

President—THOMAS BAKEWELL.
Secretary—JOSEPH R. HUNTER.
Treasurer—JAMES PARK, Jr.

Contributions of money and goods solicited.

—Stores sent to all parts of the army.

Information furnished in relation to the sick and wounded in the Camps and Hospitals.

The freight on goods donated is paid here.

Address,
PITTSBURGH SANITARY COMMITTEE.

de3:ddtf

## CANDIDATES.

CORONER.—John McClung, of the First Ward, Allegheny, will be a candidate for Coroner of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Union Convention.

de14:td

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO COOPERS AND OIL REFINERIES.—50 bbls. Glue, Nos. 1 and 2, on hand and for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

Jan14

SPICED SALMON.—Two cases Spiced Salmon, put up in tin cans hermetically sealed, just received from Boston and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
corner Liberty and Hand streets.

Jan14

CHOICE N. O. SUGAR.—Five hhds. very choice New Orleans Sugar, just received and for sale wholesale or retail, by

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

Jan14

CONDENSED MILK.—A fresh supply of this excellent article just rec ived and for sale by the dozen or single can at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

Jan14

NOTICE TO IRON AND NAIL DEALERS.—The stock on hand, consisting of about one hundred and fifty tons good bar iron, totally well assorted, and 2,000 kegs nails, belonging to Kittanning Rolling Mill Co., will be sold in lots, on accommodating terms, to close out.

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

Jan1

GAME! GAME! GAME!

100 Quail;
25 Baddies Venison;
100 Rabbits;
50 Wild Turkeys;
12 Pheasants;
25 Squirrels;

Received and for sale at No. 120 Second street.

FRANK VAN GORDER.

Jan1

BOOK AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE, by the AUBURN PUBLISHING CO. for the LATEST and BEST HISTORY OF THE REBELLION, and other popular books. New is the time. Money is plenty and books sell quickly. New Circulars free. Write at once to

E. G. STOBBE, Auburn, N. Y.

Jan13:3t&4t:wF

WALL PAPER AT OLD PRICES.—Notwithstanding the continued advance in PAPER HANGINGS, the undersigned will sell at the OLD PRICES until March 1st, 1864.

W. P. MARSHALL,
57 Wood street.

Jan

NEW LEAF LARD—In tierces, bbls., and pails, the latter put up expressly for family use, all of our own rendering.

G. J. TOWNSEND,
No. 12 Fourth st., near Liberty.

de5

150 HHDS. NEW CROP NEW ORLEANS SUGAR just received and for sale by

LITTLE & PRIMBLE,
113 and 115 Second street.

Jan

WATER PROOF CLOTHING, of all kinds, always on hand and for sale, wholesale or retail, at Nos. 56 and 58 4th, Cor. Cliff street, by

J. A. H. PHILLIPS.

TALLOW OIL.—10 bbls. now landing from railroad, for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

Jan

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Employment, by an unmarried man, 33 years of age, who has been accustomed to book-keeping and the sale of goods. A permanent situation, either in town or country, desired. If necessary, money can be deposited as security. Address T. B. S., Gazette Office.

Jan14:2t

FOR RENT.—Those Rooms corner of Third and Wood streets, lately occupied by the National Telegraph Co., via: Office fronting on Third street, and two large Rooms on second story. These premises would suit admirably for Book Binding or Printing Office.

Apply to GEO. H. ANDERSON,
Jan14:tf No. 139 Liberty street.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of John Edmundson, late of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

A. C. EDMUNDSON,
J. W. EDMUNDSON,
SARAH EDMUNDSON,
Executors.

Jan14:1t&4t:wF

GUARDIAN'S SALE.—The undersigned, as Guardian of Mary Greer, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., that valuable lot on the corner of Penn and Marbury streets, fronting 30 feet on Penn street, and extending along Marbury street 100 feet 10½ inches to Brewery alley. The attention of manufacturers or capitalists who may wish to purchase a large lot, in a good location, for building purposes, is invited to this sale.

J. W. F. WHITE,
Guardian of Mary Greer.

Jan14:2t

CHEAP PIANOS!

MADE BY

HAINES BROTHERS, New York.

They are the best cheap Pianos in the country at this price, and are warranted for five years. Also, GROVESTEEN'S ROSEWOOD TUCKAPIANOS, warranted five years.

PRINCE'S MELODEONS—the best in the world. Warranted and kept in order, free of charge, for five years. A fine assortment just received and for sale by

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

Sole Agent for above Instruments in Pittsburgh.

Jan14:1w

STEINWAY'S PIANOS.

THE

MOST PERFECT INSTRUMENTS

EVER CONSTRUCTED.

They have amply PROVED their SUPERIORITY OVER ALL OTHERS, whether in this country or in Europe.

A choice stock just received, and for sale strictly at EASTERN FACTORY PRICES

H. KLEBER & BRO,
No. 55 FIFTH STREET.

Jan14:tf Sole Agents for Steinway's Pianos

PIANOS! PIANOS!—The largest assortment of

PIANOS!

Just received in this city, comprising PLAIN SQUARE PIANOS, SQUARE GRAND and FULLY GRAND PIANOS, the subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of the public to her well assorted stock of KNABE PIANOS, which for beauty of finish, power and sweetness of tone, and elasticity of touch, have been by judges pronounced unrivalled. Every Piano guaranteed for five years, and a privilege of exchange granted at any time within six months, if not fairly satisfactory. A call is respectfully solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and Western Pa.

Jan14:1w

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR—Sealed Proposals are invited till the 20TH INSTANT, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing the Subsistence Department with 10,000 barrels of flour.

5,000 barrels in new oak barrels, hand lined.
5,000 barrels in new, strong, cotton sacks, one half barrel in each sack.

Bids will be received for what is known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3 and for any portion less than the 10,000 barrels. Also for 100 barrels of No. 2 Family Flour.

Bids must be in duplicate, and for each grade on separate sheets of paper.

The delivery of the flour to be commenced within five days from the opening of the bids, and in such quantities, daily, as the Government may direct, delivered either at the Government warehouse in Georgetown, at the wharves, or at the railroad depot, Washington, D. C.

The delivery of all Flour awarded to be completed within twenty days from the opening of the bids.

Payment will be made in certificates of indebtedness, or such other funds as the Government may have for disbursement.

The usual Government inspection will be made just before the flour is received, and none will be accepted which is not fresh ground.

An oath of allegiance must accompany the bid of each bidder, who has not the oath on file in the office, and no bid will be entertained from parties who have previously failed to comply with their bids, or from bidders not present to respond.

Government reserves the right to reject any bid for any cause.

Bids may be addressed to the undersigned, at No. 223 G street, Washington, D. C., endorsed "Proposals for Flour."

Captain and C. S., U. S. A.

Washington, D. C. Jan. 11, 1864. Jan12:td

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AT AUCTION.

Cavalry Bureau,
Office of Chief Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C., January 10, 1864.

Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Corrals at Giesboro, D. C., in the vicinity of Washington, D. C., on the SECOND and FOURTH WEDNESDAYS IN JANUARY, 1864, viz: 13th and 27th days of the month, a lot of CAVALRY HORSES, condemned as unfit for public service.

Terms cash, in United States Treasury Notes.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Jan13:1w Chief Quartermaster Cavalry Bureau.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AT AUCTION.

Cavalry Bureau,
Office of Chief Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C., January 10th, 1863.

Auction Sales of condemned Government HORSES will be held at the following places—two hundred (200) to be sold at each place, viz:

At Trenton, N. J., Wilmington, Del., Carlisle, Pa., and York, Pa.

Due notice of the days of sale will be published.

Farmers and others are invited to attend these sales, as many of these horses, though unfit for the United States Cavalry service, will be found to be valuable for ordinary road and farm service.

Terms cash, in United States Treasury notes.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Jan13:1w Chief Quartermaster Cavalry Bureau.

LIQUID STOVE POLISH.

Reasons why it is better than dry Polish:

1. It is already mixed.
2. It has no smell whatever.
3. It produces no dirt or dust.
4. It stands the most intense heat.
5. It preserves from rust.
6. It is the most economical Polish
7. It is not one-fourth the labor.

For sale by

SIMON JOHNSTON,
de28 Corner Fourth and Smithfield streets.

McCOLLISTER & BAER,

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS,

And wholesale dealers in

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

No. 108 WOOD STREET.

A large stock of PIPES always on hand.

Jan13:w

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Located No. 59 COLWELL STREET, Sixth Ward. The lot is 24 feet front, extending back to Charles alley, a depth of 122 feet 4 inches, on which is erected an excellent two-story brick house, containing double parlors, wide hall, dining room and wash house on first floor, and three bedchambers on second, with finished attic. The house stands in off the street, ten or twelve feet, with wall of cut stone and fancy iron railing in front; gas all through the house, and hydrant at wash house door. For particulars inquire of

KNOX & McKEE,
No. 522 Liberty street.

WALTER GLASS, intending to quit business on the 1st of April next, will sell his HOUSE, on the southwest side of the Diamond, Allegheny City, containing 7 rooms, store room and cellar, with 14 years' lease cheap ground rent. The lot is 18 feet 6 inches front and 110 feet deep, to a 10 foot alley. It is a good stand for a Dry Goods, Grocery, Clothing or Boot and Shoe Store, and for a Tin, Sheet Iron and Stove establishment is one of the best, if not the very best, in the city. If not sold soon, it will be rented.

Jan12:tf

25 HF. CHESTS GREEN & BLACK TEAS;
10 bbls. N. O. and Cobs Sugars;
10 bbls. Procter & Gamble's No. 1 Lard Oil;
5 do do do Extra do do;
25 boxes Cincinnati German Soap;
20 half bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
10 bbls. strictly prime B. O. Molasses;
10 do Golden Syrup.

On hand and for sale by

LINDSAY & TELFORD,
Jan11:2t 167 Liberty street.

SANDUSKY STREET.—For sale or to let, a handsome three-story BRICK RESIDENCE, containing ten rooms, situate No. 99 Sandusky street, Allegheny, (fourth house above Rev. J. B. Clark's Church, same side.) Lot 20 feet by 80. Possession given April 1st. This is one of the most desirable locations in the two cities.

Inquire of D. GREGG & CO.,
Jan11:tf 99 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE, situated on the bank of the Ohio river, in the Borough of Fewickley, 12 miles from the city. The Mill is in good running order, is capable of cutting timber 55 feet in length, and admirably constructed for large building purposes.

For further particulars address

BAKER & McMASTER,
Jan11:w Box 67, Fewickleyville P. O., Pa.

TO LET.—A suite of two large commodious, pleasing and handsomely furnished ROOMS to Let, without board, on first door of house 75 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Jan11:w

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN OTHER LOT OF SPLENDID

PIANOS!

From the celebrated manufactories of WM. B. BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia.

Hear what the eminent Pianist, GOTTSCHALK, says of the Bradbury Piano:

*Gottschalk to Wm. B. Bradbury:*

"I have examined with great care Mr. Wm. B. Bradbury's new scale PIANO FORTES, and it is my opinion that they are very superior instruments.

"I have especially remarked their thorough workmanship, and the power, purity, richness and equality of their tone. I recommend, therefore, these instruments to the public in general, and doubt not of their success.

L. M. GOTTSCHALK."

New York, July 12, 1863.

MESSRS. SCHOMACKER & CO. have numerous letters of recommendations from distinguished amateurs—the President of United States, Governors of States, etc., who have purchased their Pianos. Their instruments received a Gold Medal at the Crystal Palace, London.

Our prices are lower than any other manufactory for the same style and order Piano. All are requested to call and examine for themselves. We are just in receipt of a fine assortment of PIANO STOOLS, of the latest and best styles; MUSIC BOOKS, SHEET MUSIC and MUSICAL GOODS generally, always on hand at the lowest Eastern Cash Prices.

WAMELINK & BARR,
No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET,
Jan13 Near Suspension Bridge.

POSITIVELY ONLY ONE WEEK LONGER.

L. HIRSHFELD,

No. 83 WOOD STREET,

Will continue to close out his stock, consisting of

*Fine Linen Shirts, Undershirts and Drawers,*

And a complete assortment of

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

In great variety. Sold by the yard only.

☞ Remember, this is your LAST CHANCE and LAST WEEK to buy great bargains.

Jan7:tf

REJUVENATOR FOR THE HAIR.

The wonderful effects of this article in restoring Hair to its original color, and producing Hair where it has altogether fallen off, or become thin, is every day becoming more manifest, and establishes beyond doubt, the facts—

*That it will make it grow on Bald Heads.*
*That it will restore the Natural Secretions.*
*That it will remove the Dandruff and Humors.*
*That it will make the Hair Soft and Glossy.*
*That it will preserve the Original Color to Old Age.*
*That it will prevent the Hair from Falling Off.*
*That it will cure all Diseases of the Scalp.*

It is not a Dye; contains no Nitrate of Silver, or any other ingredient injurious to either Skin or Hair.

Price, ONE DOLLAR.

SIMON JOHNSTON, General Agent,
Cor. of Smithfield and Fourth Sts., Pittsburgh.

oct15:6mwAW

HONEY PECTORAL

A sure remedy for Chronic or common COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT.

To public speakers it is invaluable.

To persons debilitated by long standing Cough or Consumption, it reaches both Cough and debility.

Prepared and for sale by

GEO. A. KELLY,
corner Ohio and Federal streets,
In Market House, Allegheny.

Jan

NOTICE.—All persons are cautioned against acquiring, in any form, the trademarks which have been used during the past three years to designate the single, double and triple strength of DITHRIDGE'S CHIMNEYS. The various brands are:

Royal X Flint Glass:
" XX " "
" XXX " "
Or Royal Nut Crackers.

Pat. Oval X Flint Glass:
" " XX " "
" " XXX " "
Or Pat. Oval Nut Crackers.

Those who infringe on any of these brands will be prosecuted against according to the law regulating trade marks.

R. D. DITHRIDGE.

Fort Pitt Glass Works, Jan. 1, 1864. Jan12w

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!

RISE AND PROGRESS OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS—A biography of Robt Raikes and Wm. Fox. By John G. Pratt. 1 vol. Price $1 00.

A MANUAL ON EXTRACTING TEETH—Founded on the Anatomy of the parts involved in the operation; the kinds and proper construction of instruments, &c. 1 vol. 12mo.

HEAVEN OUR HOME. 1 vol. 12mo.

DARING AND SUFFERING. By Lieut Pettengr. A large supply of the latter work just received.

J. L. READ, 84 Fourth street.

Jan

J. M. TATE. J. P. SEVILLE.

TATE & SEVILLE,

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS.

No. 59 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City and No. 227 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

Jan8

UPHOLSTERING.—Having purchased a large stock of goods for CASH, I am enabled to offer great bargains at extremely low prices. FEATHER BEDS; Hair, Husk and Spring MATTRESSES; a great variety of SHADES, TABLE & FLOOR OIL CLOTHS; CARPETS; EMBOSSED TABLE COVERS; Ticks, Cords, Cocoa and Manilla Bordered MATS, of the best quality, and cheapest assortment.

All orders promptly attended to.

Room No. 177, FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, (formerly occupied by Mr. Semple.)

THOMAS BARKER.

de23

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!

Belair' Last Times.
Habits of Good Society.
Life of Grant.
Five Years of Prayer.
Very Hard Cash.
Lyrics of Loyalty.
Papers for Thoughtful Girls.
U. S. Sanitary Commission.
Color Guard.

Bud other choice Books, at the Book Store of

T. B. WAKEMAN,
Jan No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny.

MANUFACTURING SITE FOR SALE.—A lot of ground containing about six acres, fronting on the Monongahela River and Connellsville Railroad, adjoining the property of the heirs of Robert H. Palmer, and east of the Chopper Works, in Pitt township.

For terms apply to

ALEX. H. MILLER,
Jan22w No. 63 Diamond street.

A MACHINIST WANTED.—A good salary will be given to a man well qualified to superintend the building of Steamboat Engines, and take the general oversight of a Machine Shop in Madison, Indiana. Correspond with COBB & STRIBLING, Madison, Indiana.

COBB & STRIBLING,
Jan7:w Madison Foundry.

NOTICE.—THIRD WARD UNPAID WATER RENTS, CITY, POOR AND BUSINESS TAXES, for 1863, not placed in the hands of Constables for collection, will remain for record at the City Treasurer's Office, Fourth street, for a few days, or at my residence, No. 179 Webster street, from 5 to 7 o'clock p. m.

J. R. NEWMAN, Collector.

de30:tf

FOR HOUSE AND STORE.—For sale, that commodious establishment long and well known as McFADDEN'S FOR HOUSE, on the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets. The property will be sold together or separately, to suit purchasers, and on favorable terms. Enquire of

WM. M. SHINN, 137 Fourth street.

Jan7:2w

A GOOD WESTERN FARM, of 160 acres, is offered at the low price of $2 per acre, situated in one of the best counties in Iowa. The owner is obliged to sell to raise money.

Also, a farm of 80 acres, in same county as above, for $8 per acre. Apply to

B. McLAFF & CO., 102 Fourth street

Jan

SELL YOUR OLD BOOKS AND PAPERS.—The highest price will be paid by us for OLD BOOKS, with backs removed, OLD NEWSPAPERS, or other printed paper, at our Paper and Bag Store, No. 85 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

S. R. & C. P. MARKLE.

Jan4:1m

FOURTH STREET PROPERTY.—For sale, that large and commodious house on the northerly side of Fourth street, near the corner of Market street, formerly the residence of the late Anthony Beltz. Enquire of

WM. M. SHINN, 137 Fourth street.

Jan7

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.—For sale, that well known building on Third street, formerly occupied as the publishing office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. Enquire of

WM. M. SHINN, 137 Fourth street

Jan7w

STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE, of 8 horse power, with boiler, and every part complete; nearly new, and in running order. Will be sold at the