THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 23, 1863. VOLUME LXXVII---NO. 82.

MANUFACTURERS, &c.

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS,

CADMAN & CRAWFORD,

Manufacturers of every variety of finished

BRASS WORK FOR PLUMBERS, STEAM OR GAS FITTERS, MACHINISTS, AND COPPERSMITHS.

BRASS CASTINGS, of all descriptions, made to order. STEAMBOAT WORK, STEAM AND GAS-FITTING, and REPAIRING, promptly attended to.

Particular attention paid to fitting up REFINERIES FOR COAL AND CARBON OILS.

Also, Sole Agents for the Western District of Pennsylvania for the sale of MARSH, LAUSDELL & CO.'S PATENT SYPHON PUMP, the best ever invented. Having no valves it is not liable to get out of order, and will throw more water than any pump of twice its size. ap14

JOHN HALL & CO.,

VALLEY FORGE PLOW WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers and dealers in all the different kinds of PLOWS, PLOW CASTINGS, SCOOPS, CUTTING BOXES, &c. With greatly increased facilities for doing business, we earnestly invite dealers to give us a call. Manufactory, Temperanceville.

Warehouse, Cecils alley and Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

JOHN HALL,
T. J. HALL,
STEPHEN WOODS,
JAS. A. BROWN.

oct28:6m

W. S. MACKINTOSH.....J. KEMPHILL.....J. P. HART.

MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO., corner Pike and O'Hara streets, near the City Water Works, Pittsburgh, manufacturers of MACKINTOSH & HEMPHILL'S IMPROVED OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINES AND SIDE VALVES, of all sizes and best style.

Having put up machinery of large capacity and of the best quality, we are prepared to do heavy Jobbing, and polish work in this line, turning that by promptness, and the character of our work, to merit public patronage.

We invite special attention to our BALANCED VALVE OSCILLATING ENGINES, as combining advantages heretofore unattained in this class of Engines. ja24:1y

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

BEST QUALITY REFINED CAST STEEL,

Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

☞ Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 FIRST and 120 and 122 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. feb11:lyd

WILLIAM BARNHILL & CO., BOILER Makers and Sheet Iron Workers, PENN STREET, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26. Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHES, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, RIVETS, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de15:6f

BRITANNIA AND BRASS WORKS

COLLINS & WRIGHT,

(Successors to Orin Newton.)

Manufacturers of CASTOR FRAMES, MUGS, CUPS, LADLES, and a great variety of BRITANNIA articles, also, CARBON OIL LAMP BURNERS and LAMP BRASSES generally, No. 139 Second street, Pittsburgh.

ALLEN WORMICK & CO., VALLEY Forge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Warehouse, 391 LIBERTY STREET.

Manufacturers of COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, PARLOR AND KITCHEN GRATES, HOLLOW WARE, etc., Steel and Glass Moulds, Rolling Mill Castings, Mill Gearing, Gas, Water and Artesian Pipe, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Sugar Kettles, Pulleys, Hangers, Car Wheels, Gumpings and Castings generally. Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings made to order. Patented Portable Mill, with Steam or Horse Power. ap14:6md

JOSEPH F. HAMILTON & CO.,

Cor. FIRST AND LIBERTY STS., Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of

SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES, MACHINERY, &c. my13:6f

S. SEVERANCE, No. 53 WATER ST., Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WOODRUFF SPIKES, common and railroad, of every description.

Particular sized or shaped SPIKES and RIVETS, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand. my5:6m

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO., No. 215 Liberty street, opposite Sixth, Pittsburgh, manufacturers of WHIPS, LASHES and SWITCHES, and every description of LEATHER BRAIDED WORK.

Orders solicited from the trade, and goods promptly shipped as per instructions. feb15:1y

D. & W. BENNETT, Manufacturers of WHITE STONE CHINA and CREAM COLORED WARE.

Office and Warehouse at No. 74 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh. mh15:1y

DRY GOODS.

JOHN WILSON.....JESSE W. CARR.....DAVID M'CANDLESS

WILSON, CARR & CO.,

(*Late Wilson, Payne & Co.*)

Wholesale dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 91 Wood street, third house above Diamond alley, Pittsburgh. ap16:1f

SAM'L M. LANE.....LEVIN H. MOODY.....ELI PETTIT.

LANE, MOODY & CO., Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 140 Federal street, (second door below new Market House,) Allegheny City. mh15:1y

EATON, MACRUM & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES and DRY GOODS, of every description, Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

MACRUM & GLYDE, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c., No. 78 Market street, between Diamond and Fourth Pittsburgh.

J. M. BURCHFIELD, (successor to J. Burchfield & Co.,) Wholesale and Retail Dealer in STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH HORNE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of TRIMMINGS, DRY GOODS, &c., Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

J. W. BARKER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of DRY GOODS, No. 59 Market street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh.

R. H. PALMER, No. 84 Wood Street, Dealer in BONNETS, HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS, and STRAW GOODS generally.

DRUGGISTS.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Dealer in PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, BURNING FLUID, OILS, FAMILY MEDICINES, &c., of strictly prime quality which he offers at lowest prices. Corner Smithfield and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and manufacturers of WHITE LEAD AND LITHARGE, corner of Wood and Front streets, Pittsburgh. mh7

JOHN F. SCOTT, Wholesale Dealer in DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND DYE STUFFS, No. 296 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. All orders will receive prompt attention.

DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER, Druggist, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh.

MUSIC, &c.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, Dealer in MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Sole agent for KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS, HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and PRINCE & CO.'S MELODEONS. No. 43 Fifth street, second door above Wood, Pittsburgh. Pianos to let, and taken in exchange for new.

H. KLEBER & BRO., Dealers in MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, and sole agents for STEINWAY'S CELEBRATED PIANOS, No. 55 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. my29

CHARLES C. MELLOR, Dealer in PIANOS, MELODEONS, &c., No. 81 Wood st., between Fourth street and Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

INSURANCE AGENTS.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for the Franklin, Philadelphia and Reliance Insurance Companies, Northeast corner Wood and Third sts.

W. P. JONES, Agent North America, State of Pennsylvania, and Hartford Insurance Companies, 57 Water street.

SAMUEL REA, Secretary Citizens' Insurance Company, corner Market and Water sts.

F. M. GORDON, Secretary Western Insurance Company, 92 Water street.

D. M. BOOK, Secretary Allegheny Insurance Company, 27 Fifth street.

BOOKSELLERS, &c.

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers and Job Printers, No. 57 Wood street, Pittsburgh. se30

KAY & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, No. 53 Wood street, next door to the corner of Third, Pittsburgh. SCHOOL and LAW BOOKS constantly on hand.

J. L. READ, Bookseller and Stationer, No. 78 Fourth street, Apollo Buildings.

ATTORNEYS.

R. H. ARMSTRONG, JOHN PEN-NOCK, S. C. SCHOYER, Attorneys-at-Law. Office, No. 130 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

BLAZED WALL PAPER at 20 cents per roll, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL.

DRY GOODS, &c.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Photograph Albums.

IVORY, AMBER and SHELL COMBS.
JET AND CUT STEEL PINS;
MONEY BAGS, in fancy Velvet and Steel;
Sets of extra fine STEEL COMBS;
LEATHER CUBAS and SATCHELS;
EMBROIDERED SLIPPER PATTERNS,
Do OTTOMAN PATTERNS;
NEW HEAD-DRESSES, in elegant styles;
SILK and CASHMERE SCARFS;
COLLARS, SLEEVES and SETS, at a 1 prices;
HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, cheap,
PLAIN K'DK'FS, from 8 cents upwards;
GENT'S LINEN H'DK'FS, from 20 cents up;

Just received, a large lot of

BALMORAL SKIRTS, WOOL HOODS, WOOL NUBIAS and SONTAGS;

A full line of WINTER GLOVES for Men, Women and Children;

STOCKINGS and SOCKS, of every kind;

HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HEAD NETS, BONNET VELVETS, PLAID RIBBONS and SASH RIBBONS; Men's UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, TIES, SCARFS, FINE SHIRTS, COLLARS and SUSPENDERS, and a general variety of Notions.

Wholesale Rooms up stairs.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 AND 79 MARKET ST.

de17:6m

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

CLOAKS!

AT

REDUCED PRICES!

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.

CLOAKS, of newest styles.

FRENCH CLOAKS, very handsome, AT COST!

SHAWLS, Long and Square.

DRESS GOODS, in great variety, suitable for Presents.

N. E. cor. Fourth & Market Sts.

de15

HO! FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

Elegant Lace Collars and Sets;
Rich Lace Handkerchiefs;
Prussian Lace Veils;
Stuart Plaid Ribbons;
Embroidered Handkerchiefs;
Hoods, Sontags, Nubias;
Mosquitaire Kid Gloves;
Gents. Kid and Buck Gauntlets;
Fine Dress Shirts;
Linen and Paper Collars;

Small wares in an endless variety, and notions of every description,

AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO'S,

17 AND 19 FIFTH ST.

Wholesale purchasers will find our stock equal to any in the city, while our terms for cash are the most liberal and inducing. de2

JUST OPENED.

BRIDAL FANS!

In new and elegant styles.

Very fine POINT LACE SETTS;
Very fine POINT LACE COLLARS;
POINT APPLIQUE LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, from $3 to $25;

And a large lot of

Low priced LACE COLLARS;
Plain LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS;
And EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS.

The attention of the Ladies is especially invited to these goods, as they are new and clean, and will be sold at fair prices.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 AND 79 MARKET ST.

de17 G

BARGAINS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

DRESS GOODS!

AT REDUCED PRICES!

At LANE, McABOY & CO'S,

de15:6m No. 140 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

HOSIERY.

A full assortment for

LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.

All kinds of Underwear, suitable for winter.

WHITE, ORR & CO.

de6

CLOAKS! SHAWLS!

FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Also, a stock of Gentlemen's Shawls!

WHITE, ORR & CO.

de6

Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.....DEC. 23, 1863.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

DAILY GAZETTE, by mail, per year..... $8 00
" " month..... 70
" " week..... 15
" " single copies..... 3
EVENING EDITION, by mail, per year..... 4 00
" " month..... 35
" " week..... 10
" " single copies..... 2
WEEKLY EDITION, single copies, per year.. 2 00
" " clubs of 5 to 10, " .. 1 50
" " clubs of 10 or more " .. 1 25

—and one extra to the party sending club. For a club of fifteen, we will send the EVENING GAZETTE daily. For a club of twenty, we will send the MORNING GAZETTE daily. Single copies, 3 cents.

☞ All subscriptions *strictly in advance*, and papers always stopped when the time expires.

Admiral Wilkes on a Passage in the Report of Secretary Welles.

Admiral Wilkes has written a letter in reply to Secretary Welles' statement that the Admiral was responsible for the escape of the Alabama. The Admiral expresses his surprise at the charge, having been informed by the Navy Department, in July last, that he was removed from motives of "policy," and as he inferred, from a desire to conciliate the British Government, and the State Department expressed perfect satisfaction with his acts. As regards the detention of the Vanderbilt, which from the staple of the Secretary's charge, he says he met her in the West Indies, after he had made two unsuccessful cruises for the Alabama, he took her his flag-ship, and on his return vessel has been broken down by hard service. He then adds:

"If the Vanderbilt's orders had been to proceed directly to the coast of Brazil, and I had detained her, I might have been to blame. Whereas I only carried out your orders, which read: 'When you are perfectly satisfied that the Alabama has left the Gulf or West Indies for some other locality, you will proceed along the coast of Brazil,' &c. It was, therefore, not my discretion of the Vanderbilt, but your own orders that were carried out, for the certainty of the Alabama's departure was not known in St. Thomas until the last of May or the first of June. As soon, therefore, as the necessary repairs could be completed, and coal taken in, the Vanderbilt was sent in pursuit —viz., June 18—with instructions from me to carry out the orders from yourself, with some suggestions I deemed might be useful. It is believed that the movements of the Alabama were known in St. Thomas before they could have been anticipated in Washington."

An English Account of Rebel Treatment of Wounded Prisoners.

The following is an extract from a letter written by an English surgeon with the Army of the Potomac, published in the London *Medical Times and Gazette* of August 8. It is one other, and necessarily an impartial testimony to the different methods in which wounded prisoners have been treated by us and by the rebels:

"The rebel wounded in our charge have fared, so far as comforts and attention went, as our own men fared. Before our supplies came up, they made no complaints; after their arrival they declared they had not had such a gay time while the Confederacy commenced to exist. The surgeons, in bringing their cases to the table, never examined previously if a man wore blue jeans or gray, but looked simply at the nature of the wound. Had they been within their own lines, they could not have been more well attended to. I have seen Confederate wounded in the hands of the Unionists, and Union wounded in the hands of the rebels, and *I cannot but say they were using the good Samaritan the North bears of the palm.* At Chancellorville battle the rebels removed their wounded to be cared for at Richmond, leaving the 1,200 Northern wounded to lie upon the field. The rebel soldiers near them gave them what help they could, but the rebel Government did nothing—but confronted the captured prisoners' cases and hospital knapsacks, looking on them as Government property. On the misery being represented to those in authority, sugar, flour, bacon and hard bread were issued for transportion to the wounded. This was all, they said, they could give, because it was all they had. Still they could have done more; they could have removed those 1,200 sure to Richmond along with their own wounded, to fare as they fared; they could have sent a detail of surgeons from their army at Fredericksburg to attend to them; and, from Richmond—only a couple of hours away by rail—a detail at least, might have been sent for them to lie upon. What would have been said had the Unionists acted similarly at Gettysburg?—had they removed their own wounded by rail, and left 10,000 rebels to lie upon the field with simply hard bread, bacon, sugar, and flour to sustain them, and with no surgical assistance save the doctor and medical men whom Lee sent over to take care of them? Had this been done, God help the Yankees! we would never have heard the end of it."

Curious Statement About Jefferson Davis.

A correspondent of the *Evening Post*, writing from Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin, says:

"Prairie du Chien is a city which has very little interest to the present generation, except its commercial advantages, but it has a peculiar significance to old residents of the West, and there is hardly an officer in the old army but at one time or another has been quartered at Crawford. I was fortunate enough to meet with a highly respected gentleman, a native of the place, and a son of French parents. He described Fremont, who visited him while on a surveying trip in the Northwest, as a young officer of great energy, somewhat taciturn, but always affable and interesting. His discription and recollections of Jefferson Davis, who came from West Point, were most significant. It is a singular phenomenon in physiology that people of mixed races sometimes retain for years the evidence of their lineage upon the mother's side, but in the course of time under climatic and other influences the features change and the trace is lost.

"One shrinks from relating anything likely to hurt the susceptibilities of so lofty a person as slaveholding Jeff. Davis, but history is impartial, and it must be said that he was known to the townspeople, and by his brother officers as the 'little nigger.' My worthy informant, who has very friendly memories of Davis, having been taught to speak English by him, avers that he not only carries the negro in his face, but that he had it in his blood, and that several years after, when visiting his former friend, then Secretary of War, he did not recognize him, and could scarcely believe him to be the same person.

"While I am conscious that this intelligence, the truth of which I do not for an instant doubt, for it was confirmed by the evidence of many others, may not injure the cause of the Secessionists in the minds of many good people, and yet the world at large will not fail to draw the conclusion that the 'little nigger,' came legitimately, in one sense, into the possession of his thirst for rule from his ancestors of Congo or Dahomey."

Emancipation in Maryland.

An important meeting of the Union State Central Committee of Maryland was held at Baltimore on Wednesday last. Hon. Thomas Swann, who presided at the meeting, read an elaborate paper on the condition of Slavery in Maryland, and the best means of getting rid of it. He stated that he had called the members of the Committee together, "by request of a large number of Union men, in advance of the meeting of the legislature, to suggest the propriety of some action on the part of this Committee in reference to emancipation." He had also received a communication, from prominent and influential slaveholders of Maryland, urging the calling of a Convention "to interchange opinions and views upon the absorbing subjects that will be likely to engage the attention of the Legislature and the Constitutional Convention, which it will certainly authorize the people to call."

At the conclusion of his address, Mr. Swann submitted a series of resolutions, in favor of immediate emancipation, and showing the folly of any gradual plan of ridding the State of the remnant of the institution. Hon. John P. Kennedy indorsed the above resolutions in a few eloquent remarks. He had, however, some resolutions which he proposed to offer, and which, as they did not conflict with those offered by Mr. Swann, he hoped would also be adopted. After an animated discussion, both series of resolutions were adopted. Both were thoroughly radical, and called for instant and decisive action on the part of the legislature.

WILLIAM DENNISON, Sr., for many years the proprietor of the Dennison House, died in Columbus on Friday night, at the residence of his son, Ex-Governor Dennison. He was an old and much respected citizen.—*Cincinnati Paper.*

Fred. Douglass on the President and Political Rights.

We find the following in the report of the remarks of Fred. Douglass, at the anniversary meeting of the American Anti-Slavery Society at Philadelphia:

He detailed a visit he had paid to President Lincoln. Had waited in the anti-chamber for days, but the moment his card was sent in the usher returned with an invitation to walk up. Some office beggar near by remarked: "I knew it would be so. He's a nigger, that's enough." Mr. Douglass asked the audience to imagine how the President received him, a colored man. "Why, precisely," said he, "as one gentleman receives another." Alluding to the President's height and length of limb, he remarked that he was "spread about the room in the way usually ascribed to him," and as he entered, seemed to keep rising, and "continued to rise." A cordial shaking of hands ensued. The upshot of the President's remarks was, that he might have appeared slow in advancing the cause of Freedom, but that he had felt that the country had not been prepared for more rapid action.

Mr. Douglass remarked that the war had been sneered at as an Abolition war, but that it would prosper precisely as it turned out that character. He had little belief in the assertion that the prejudice against color had subsided, or that we were no longer in danger of a compromise. While a respectable colored lady or gentleman are kicked out of a street car, we are in danger of a compromise; while a colored soldier is asked to take $10 a month instead of the $13 accorded to a white soldier, we are in danger of a compromise; while we give majorities in favor of what is called the Democratic party; while the New York *World* and *Express* are scattered through the cities of the land, and the father, mother—devil of them all—the New York *Herald*, is seen upon the highways, byways and railways of the country, we are in danger of a compromise. There will be no dignity in the country till the colored man is honorably admitted into the body politic. He was curious some years ago to see what this "body politic" was made of—of how much drunkenness, bestiality, stupidity and ignorance it was composed; and stood by a hole in a window where votes were deposited. Drunkenness reeled up without looking at the ticket, and presented it with curses; blear-eyed bestiality leered around and drew stupidity to the next group; ignorance held up the ticket as it received him to read it. These were of the 'body politic.' One had a black eye, and another one to be blacked. Pat, fresh from the Emerald Isle, staggered up drunk, between two friends and handed in his ticket. He, too, was of the "body politic." Surely a negro has a right to vote, if he knows as much when sober as an Irishman or one drunk? Again remarking upon the President, he had been impressed with him as an honest man. He never had met with one who at the first blush struck him more as one devoted to his country and determined to save it at all hazards. Abraham Lincoln may not go down to posterity as Abraham the Great, Abraham the Wise, or Abraham the Eloquent, though he deserved all three; but that he would go down as Abraham the Honest, and might be placed side by side with Washington, without at all disparaging the latter. Mr. Douglass closed by saying that the old Union it was could never be recalled. Its encrusted bones were quietly inurned upon the battered walls of Fort Sumter, and the nation had come to think that the dear old finger of John Brown was worth all the slaveholders in creation. There would, in future, be no North, no South, no East, no West, but Union everywhere; every slave free, and every freeman a voter.

From Georgia—Terrible Sufferings of the People.

A letter from Chattanooga, 17th instant, to the St. Louis *Republican*, says:

"Gen. Joe Johnston has already assumed command of the rebel army, and there are indications that, if our forces are unable to move for two months, and they will not be, he will concentrate everything available in the cotton States and try to make a stand at or near Dalton. It is believed that by abandoning all other points he can raise from forty to fifty thousand men. But they will be far less formidable than when engaged on Missionary Ridge; and low as Bragg stands as a General he certainly is the superior of Gen. Joe Johnston.

"Guerrillas will doubtless in the meantime be active, but they will fail to divide our forces. When Gen. Grant gets fully inaugurated he will move down upon the Dalton rebels like an irresistible avalanche. If the rebellion in Virginia were as near crushed as at this point, spring would witness the disbanding of our army.

"Evidence of the suffering of the people of the South increases. Every commissary is crowded with applicants for relief, and letters from the South found in the rebel mail, might have been sent for them to lie upon. What would have been said had the Unionists acted similarly at Gettysburg?—had they removed their own wounded by rail, and left 10,000 rebels to lie upon the field with simply hard bread, bacon, sugar, and flour to sustain them, and with no surgical assistance save the doctor and medical men whom Lee sent over to take care of them? Had this been done, God help the Yankees! we would never have heard the end of it."

The Great Sanitary Fair Opened.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23.—The great Sanitary Fair opened yesterday, and is a complete success. The most ample arrangements have been made by the Chairman of the Committee on Reception of Visitors, to care of all persons who may visit the Fair during the coming two weeks. Accommodations have been secured at the hotels for over three thousand persons daily, and should even more come they will be provided for on some of the first class steamers now lying at the landing.

WANTS.

GOOD GIRL WANTED—To do general housework, a short distance in the country. Highest wages paid. Apply at the de21:f GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED A GARDNER.—A married man without children preferred. Is one understand the culture of Grapes, and not be afraid of a little hard work. The right kind of a man can get a permanent situation, and good pay. Enquire at 158 Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. de2

WANTED.—$60 A MONTH.—We want Agents at $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our *Everlasting Pencils, Original Pictures*, and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles. Fifteen articles sent *free*. Address,
de21:im4w* SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Me.

$75 A MONTH!—I want to hire Agents in every county at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing Machines. Address, S. MADISON, Alfred, Maine
oct24:3m4w*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Manufacturer of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, No. 34 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. oct31:ly

GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES, &c., corner Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh.

S. M'COLLISTER.....CHAS. C. BAER.

M'COLLISTER & BAER,

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

No. 108 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Keeps constantly on hand a large variety of Pipes and Smoking Tobacco. my21:ly

200 BBLS. OLD CHEESE, to be closed out at very low prices, if called for soon.
de15. WEBB & WILKINSON.

EVENING GAZETTE TELEGRAMS.

THE REBEL REPORTS FROM CHARLESTON.

Longstreet's Death Not Believed.

RUMORED REBEL ATTACK AND REPULSE AT FORT GIBSON.

The New York Herald and the Next Presidency.

&c., &c., &c.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22, 1863.

Richmond papers contain a dispatch from Charleston, that the Ironsides and two monitors advanced into the harbor, and were entangled in the obstructions and must be abandoned. The Ironsides being built and manned here causes a keen anxiety as to the truth of the report. The report looks sufficiently probable to excite apprehension.

The rebel ram, Atlanta, is repaired, and will leave the navy yard shortly for the iron fleet.

Naval officers believe that the ships may have been entangled in the net work, but discredit their loss and abandonment.

A dispatch to the Board of Brokers this morning, from Knoxville, throws doubts upon the report that Longstreet was killed in his late retreat from that place. Longstreet's is an adebtemious bump of cautiousness, and marks 7plus. It is certain that he reached safely Bull Gap, on his route to North Carolina.

The canard about the blowing up of the Daylight, by the rebel batteries, tends to strengthen the doubts as to the loss of the Ironsides.

The latest from the Southwest, is that the rebels had made an attack on the Union outposts at Fort Gibson, with a force of 1,000 men, and were repulsed and driven across the Arkansas river.

The 3d Wisconsin cavalry have just returned to Fort Smith after a reconnoissance within 150 miles of Red River. On their return they found the enemy obstructing them at every cross road, for a distance of a hundred miles. They had literally to cut their way back.

Kirby Smith's forces are said to be about making an attack on Little Rock and Fort Smith.

The New York *Herald* has been secured to divide the Republican party, by advocating General Grant for the next Presidency. If the Republicans nominated Grant the *Herald* would not support him. An organization has been effected, and a vast sum of money was raised, to divide the Republican party, which, as a unit, is known to be invincible. The idea is to defeat the re-nomination of Lincoln and at the proper time to bring out McClellan as the candidate of the Democratic party. I have this on the best authority, and was present incog. at the meeting of the principal wire pullers in the arrangements.

There is nothing from the Potomac. The troops are re-enlisting as fast as paid off.

W. J.

FROM WASHINGTON.

CAUCUS OF DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMEN.

GUERRILLA RAIDS ON GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

The Reported Death of Longstreet.

THE CHARLESTON HARBOR OBSTRUCTIONS EASILY REMOVED.

The Missouri Question Settled.

CHANGES IN MEADE'S DEPARTMENT IN CHANCE.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS PROBABLE

Surgeon General Hammond, &c., &c.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—A special to the *Times* from Washington, December 21st, says: The adjourned caucus of the Democratic members of Congress to-night, transacted no important business.

Gen. Augur made a trip to-day on the railroad as far as Bull Run, for the purpose of inspecting the road, and providing against raids by guerrillas. The bridges were found to be in good condition, and measures have been taken that will doubtless prevent another decent being made upon the line within the department.

Guerrillas and small squads of rebels are daily still infesting the country beyond Manassas, and portions upon the Potomac, and raids on government property, between that point and the Rappahannock, are of frequent occurrence.

There is no credit given here to the disparaging things the Longstreet had been surrounded, and that he was killed. The government has heard nothing confirmatory of such a statement, although in direct communication with Gen. Foster.

A special to the *Times* from Washington, dated Dec. 21st, contains the following: A letter received here to-day from a distinguished officer of the fleet off Charleston, says: So far as visible the only obstructions in Charleston Harbor are double line piles across the channel from Fort Pinckney to Middle Ground, and from then to Fort Johnson there is an opening of about 200 feet. The writer thinks the obstructions can be easily removed by the monitors.

The Missouri question has received its settlement. Rosecrans will be sent to St. Louis and Curtis to Kansas, displacing Ewing.

A special to the *World*, dated headquarters Army of the Potomac, Dec. 21st, says: At the present time the Army of the Potomac is in the same position it has been since it recrossed the Rapidan. An order to move for better quarters is expected, especially as the roads which a few days ago were rendered almost impassible, are now frozen hard.

As far as we can judge, the rebels have not changed their position.

Our men have made for themselves most comfortable quarters, impervious to frost or snow.

It was stated in a dispatch on Saturday that the rebel cavalry destroyed two bridges over Bull Run. This is not exactly so. They appeared in some force, attacked our guards and set fire to one of the bridges, but left without doing any material damage.

A special to the *Tribune*, from Washington, dated December 21, has the following: Arrangements by which all matters connected with the exchange of prisoners have been turned over to Major Gen. Butler, and will be permanent. Gen. Meredith, who has hitherto been conducting this exchange, has been ordered to report to him. The flag of truce boat was to leave Point Lookout to-day for City Point, with one thousand prisoners on board, in charge of Gen. Butler, in exchange for whom he will offer to receive one thousand of our prisoners, now suffering in Richmond.

The accessionists of Baltimore, who still have direct communication with the South, profess to have information that Lee's army is to winter at or near Hanover Court House. His troops already there have commenced the construction of winter quarters.

The rumor that Surgeon General Hammond had been mustered out of service is incorrect.

The Kentucky Legislature—Postponement of the Draft—Requested Union Meetings in Arkansas, etc.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 22.—A messenger from the Governor and Legislature of Kentucky, left Frankfort yesterday for Washington, to request the President to postpone the draft until corrections could be made in the enrollment papers.

Delegates have left Frankfort for the National Convention of the conservatives to be held in Philadelphia.

Gen. Kimball, recently in command of Little Rock, passed through Indianapolis yesterday on his way to Washington. He represents immense Union meetings being held in all portions of the State, and endorsing without reserve, all acts of the Administration for the suppression of the rebellion, and recommending that a State Convention be called, for the purpose of reorganizing the State Government without slavery.

There is nothing later from Knoxville.

AUCTION SALES.

MANCHESTER LOTS, ROSEDALE PROPERTY.—ON THURSDAY MORNING, Dec. 31st, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, in the Borough of Manchester, 37 Building Lots, sub-divided from the well-known property "Rosedale," fronting on the Ohio river, between Washington and Chestnut streets, being

13 Lots on Preble street, mostly 24 feet fronts, extending back 120 feet to an alley.

11 Lots on Duncan street, mostly 24 feet fronts, extending back 125 feet to an alley.

13 Lots on Ohio street, mostly 24 feet fronts, extending back from 120 to 160 feet, to Duncan street.

The lots are all conveniently situated on or near the Ohio river, near the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Passenger Railway, and being at the extreme west, are free from the annoyances of dust and smoke.

TERMS OF SALE—One-fourth cash, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest. Title perfect.

Plans can be had at the Auction Rooms, 54 Fifth street, or of J. W. A. S. Bell, Attorney-at-Law, No. 144 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

de22 DAVIS & M'ILWAINE, Auc'rs.

PRIME GROCERIES, FRENCH CANDIES, &c.—ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Dec. 23d, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sale Rooms, 54 Fifth street, a choice stock of prime Groceries, French Candies, &c., to which the attention of the trade is invited:

3 bbls. extra bright Syrup;
3 do Sugar Drips;
16 boxes Malaga Raisins;
20 half bbls. No. 1 Mackerel;
25 boxes English Dairy Cheese;
36 do old Government Java Coffee;
10 do Dandelion and Java do;
10 do Green and Black Teas,
5 boxes Rice Flour;
5 do Vermicelli;
10 do Ground Ginger;
10 do do Pepper;
7 do do Cloves;
4 do pure Corn Starch;
5 do Sperm Candles;
10 do Extra Family Soap;
10 do Chemical Olive Soap;
10 do Castile do;
10 do Palm Yellow do;
10 do Cuba Segars;
5 do Turkish Smoking Tobacco;
5 bbls. Cut and Dry Smoking Tobacco;

And a choice assortment of French Candies, manufactured exclusively White Sugar, comprising Medallions, Flowers, Fruits, &c.

de22 DAVIS & M'ILWAINE, Auc'rs.

GREAT HOLIDAY SALE OF TOYS, &c.—Commencing on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 21st, at 7 o'clock, and on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY AFTERNOONS, at 2, and EVENINGS at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, at the Masonic Hall Auction House, No. 54 Fifth street, a large consignment of

Toys, Vases and Fancy Goods,

Comprising a full assortment for

HOLIDAY GIFTS, &c., &c.

The above is consigned by one of the largest Eastern importers, and will be sold without any regard whatever to prices.

The Toys can be purchased at private sale on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings.

de18 DAVIS & M'ILWAINE, Auc'rs.

FANCY GOODS, WOOLEN GOODS, &c.—ON THURSDAY, Dec. 24th, at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, a large stock of Fancy Goods, Woolens and Notions, &c., &c., comprising Fancy Boxes, Doll Heads, China Tea sets, Fancy Trunks, Fancy Glass Mirrors, Bitter Wine, Canes, Meerschaum Wallets, Accordeons, Violins, &c. Also, Zephyr Worsted Goods, Ladies' Cloth Cloaks, all Wool Shirts, Ladies' Dress Goods, &c.

de22 DAVIS & M'ILWAINE, Auc'rs.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF FURS.—Will be sold, at McKelvy's Auction House, No. 57 Fifth street, on WEDNESDAY, December 23d, at 2 o'clock p. m., by order of the Assignee, the stock of an Eastern Fur House, consisting of an elegant assortment of CUFFS, SETTS, MUFFS AND CAPES, for Ladies, Misses and Children. Now is the time to get a nice Christmas Present. Terms cash. Furs arranged for inspection on the morning of the day of sale.

de18:3d JAS. M'KELVY, Auc'r.

CLAIM AGENTS.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY.

T. WALTER DAY,

GENERAL CLAIM AGENT,

Licensed by the U. S. Government,

101 FIFTH STREET, 2d door below the Cathedral.

Pennsylvania Soldiers west of the mountains, Eastern Ohio Soldiers, and West Virginia Soldiers, can have their Pensions, Bounty and Back Pay secured at this office.

Circulars will be sent giving full information to the Soldiers, or to deceased Soldiers' Heirs, showing who are entitled to the Pension, Bounty and Back Pay, and the manner of securing the same, by applying in the letter or in person.

☞ No charge until collected. jy5:1y

MILITARY CLAIMS.

EXEMPTION CLAIMS.

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,

144 Fourth Street, 2d floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA

Claims for PENSION, BOUNTY, BACK and EXTRA PAY, SUBSISTENCE, PRIZE MONEY, and HORSES lost or killed in the service, promptly attended to.

EXEMPTION CLAIMS attended to without delay. de8:ly

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND CLAIM AGENT,

No. 114 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Collections in Allegheny and adjoining counties. Prosecutes SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, of every description; BOUNTIES for Discharged Soldiers; PENSIONS, for wounded officers and Soldiers; BOUNTY and PAY for Officers or Widows, Parents, Orphan Children, Brothers and Sisters, or other legal representatives of those who have died in the service, or have died after discharge from disease contracted in