Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TUESDAY MORNING.....DEC. 1, 1863.

WITH the exception of MEADE'S movements, which at the moment we write remain in some degree of doubt, we have from all points over the widely extended field of operations, the most encouraging accounts of successes attending every undertaking in which our armies are engaged. Of GRANT'S most pregnant victory over BRAGG, if we were certain that its immediate effect was, what its ultimate effect certainly must be, to put an end to BURNSIDE'S peril at Knoxville and to deliver East Tennessee from the presence of Longstreet and the marauding bands he leads, we could confidently await the results, well satisfied, as we are, that they are not far off, and that he is no laggard who is pursuing them. GRANT thoroughly understands the work before him. He knows that the district to be held, in order permanently to contest the railroad, the mountain ranges and the valley between, and the entrance into the great seaboard plains of Georgia and the Carolinas, without being open to flanking attack, is, as has frequently been shown, "*a triangle of which the Tennessee from Warrenton to Chattanooga is the base, and Rome the salient; and the possession of this latter place is essential to the full security of the strategetic position which commands the rebel centre.*"

We have no manner of doubt that he is even now pressing for this "coign of vantage," and that BRAGG can rally no force to prevent him from attaining it.

The account of the important step of progress Gen. BANKS has made in Texas, was also a cheering passage in our dispatches yesterday. A glance at the map of the Texan coast will at once show the value of the acquisition of Corpus Christi and Aransas.

Quartermaster General Meigs' Description of the Battle of Chattanooga —A Highly Interesting Detailed Account.

Several important portions of the following animated and remarkably graphic account of the recent glorious achievement of GRANT and his able and gallant lieutenants, HOOKER, THOMAS and SHERMAN, have already appeared in our dispatches; but as the whole affords so complete and so intelligible a view of what is not unlikely to prove the most important battle of the war, we reproduce it entire.

HEADQUARTERS, CHATTANOOGA,
November 26, 1863.

Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

SIR: On the 23d instant, at 11:30 a. m., General Grant ordered a demonstration against Mission Ridge, to develope the force holding it. The troops marched out, formed in order, and advanced in line of battle as if on parade.

The rebels watched the formation and movement from their picket lines and rifle pits and from the summits of Mission Ridge, five hundred feet above us, and thought it was a review and drill, so openly and deliberately, so regular was it all done.

The line advanced, preceded by skirmishers, and at 2 o'clock p. m. reached our picket lines, and opened a rattling volley upon the rebel pickets, who replied and ran into their advanced line of rifle pits. After them went our skirmishers, and into them, along the centre of the line of 25,000 troops which Gen. Thomas had so quickly displayed, until we opened fire.

Prisoners assert that they thought the whole movement was a review and general drill, and that it was too late to send to their camps for reinforcements, and that they were overwhelmed by force of numbers. *It was a surprise in open daylight.*

At 3 p. m. the important advance position of Orchard Knob, and the lines right and left were in our possession, and arrangements were ordered for holding them during the night. The next day at daylight, General Thomas had five thousand men across the Tennessee, and established on its south bank, and commenced the construction of a pontoon bridge about six miles above Chattanooga.

The rebel steamer Dunbar was repaired at the right moment and rendered effective aid in this crossing, carrying over six thousand men.

By nightfall Gen. Thomas had seized the extremity of Mission Ridge nearest the river, and was intrenching himself.

Gen. Howard, with a brigade, opened communication with him from Chattanooga, on the south side of the river. Skirmishing and cannonading continued all day on the left and centre. General Hooker scaled the slopes of Lookout Mountain and from the valley of Lookout Creek, and drove the rebels around the point. He captured some two thousand prisoners and established himself high up the mountain side, in full view of Chattanooga.

This raised the blockade, and now steamers were ordered from Bridgeport to Chattanooga. They had run only to Kelley's Ferry, whence ten miles of hauling over mountain roads and twice across the Tennessee on to pontoon bridges, brought us our supplies.

All night the point of Mission Ridge on the extreme left, and the side of Lookout Mountain on the extreme right, blazed with the camp fires of loyal troops.

The day had been one of dense mists and rains, and *much of General Hooker's battle was fought above the clouds*, which concealed him from our view, but from which his musketry was heard.

At nightfall the sky cleared and the full moon, "the traitor's doom," shone upon the beautiful scene, until 1 a. m., when twinkling sparks upon the mountain side showed that picket skirmishing was going on. Then it ceased. A brigade sent from Chattanooga crossed the Chattanooga creek and opened communication with Hooker.

General Grant's headquarters during the afternoon of the 23d and the day of the 24th, were in Wood's redoubt, except when in the course of the day, he rode along the advanced line, visiting the headquarters of the several commanders to Chattanooga Valley.

At daylight on the 25th the Stars and Stripes were descried on the peak of Lookout. The rebels had evacuated the mountain.

Hooker moved to descend the mountain, and striking Mission Ridge at the Rossville Gap to sweep on both sides and on its summit.

The rebel troops were seen, as soon as it was light enough, streaming regiments and brigades along the narrow summit of Mission Ridge, either concentrating on the right to overwhelm Sherman, or marching for the railroad and raising the siege.

They had evacuated the valley of Chattanooga. Would they abandon that of Chickamauga?

The 20-pounders and 4½-inch rifles of Wood's redoubt opened on Mission Ridge. Orchard Knob sent its compliments to the Ridge, which with rifled Parrotts answered, and the cannonade thus commenced, continued all day. Shot and shell screamed from Orchard Knob to Missionary Ridge, and from Missionary Ridge to Orchard Knob, and from Wood's redoubt *over the heads of Generals Grant and Thomas and their staffs, who were with us in this favorable position, from whence the whole battle could be seen as in an amphitheatre. The headquarters were under fire all day long.*

Cannonading and musketry were heard from General Sherman, and Gen. Howard marched the Eleventh Corps to join him.

General Thomas sent out skirmishers, who drove in the rebel pickets, and chased them into their entrenchments, and at the foot of Mission Ridge Sherman made an assault against Bragg's right, entrenched on a high knob next to that on which Sherman himself lay fortified. The assault was gallantly made.

Sherman reached the edge of the crest and held his ground for, it seemed to me, an hour, but was bloodily repulsed by reserves.

A general advance was ordered, and a strong line of skirmishers, followed by a deployed line of battle some two miles in length. At the signal of leaden shots from the headquarters on Orchard Knob, the line moved rapidly and orderly forward. The rebel pickets discharged their muskets and ran into their rifle pits. Our skirmishers followed on their heels.

The line of battle was not far behind, and we saw the gray rebels swarm out of the ledge of rifle pits, in numbers which surprised us, and over the base of the hills. A few turned and fired their pieces, but the greater number collected into the many roads which cross obliquely up its steep face, and went on to their top.

Some regiments pressed on and swarmed up the steep sides of the ridge, and here and there a color was advanced beyond the lines. The attempt appeared most dangerous, but the advance was supported, and the whole was ordered to storm the heights, upon which not less than forty pieces of artillery, and no one knew how many muskets stood ready to slaughter the assailants. With cheers answering to cheers, the men swarmed upwards. They gathered to the points least difficult of ascent, and the line was broken. Color after color was planted on the summit, while musket and cannon vomited their thunder upon them.

A well directed shot from Orchard Knob exploded a rebel caisson on the summit, and the gun was seen galloping to their right, its driver lashing his horses. A party of our soldiers intercepted them, and the gun was captured with cheers.

A fierce musketry fight broke out to the left, where, between Thomas and Sherman, a mile or two of the ridge was still occupied by the rebels.

Bragg left the house in which he had held his headquarters, and rode to the rear as our troops crowded the hill on either side of him. General Grant proceeded to the summit, and there did we only know its height.

Some of the captured artillery was put in position. Artillerists were sent for to work the guns. Caissons were searched for ammunition. The rebel log breastworks were torn to pieces and carried to the other side of the ridge and used in forming barricades across.

A strong line of infantry was formed in the rear of Baird's line, hotly engaged in a musketry contest with the rebels to the left, and a secure lodgment was soon effected.

The other assault to the right of our centre gained the summit, and the rebels threw down their arms and fled.

Hooker coming in favorable position swept the right of the ridge and captured many prisoners.

Bragg's remaining troops left early in the night, and *the battle of Chattanooga, after days of maneuvering and fighting was won. The strength of the rebellion in the centre is broken. Burnside is relieved from danger in East Tennessee. Kentucky and Tennessee are rescued. Georgia and the Southeast are threatened in the rear, and another victory is added to the chapter of "Unconditional Surrender Grant."*

To-night the estimates of captures is several thousands of prisoners and thirty pieces of artillery.

Our loss, for so great a victory, is not severe.

Bragg is firing the railroad as he retreats towards Dalton. Sherman is in hot pursuit.

To-day I viewed the battle-field, which extends for six miles along Mission Ridge and for several miles on Lookout Mountain.

Probably not so well ordered a battle has been delivered during the war. But one assault was repulsed; but that assault, by calling to that point the rebel reserves, prevented them repulsing any of the others.

A few days since Bragg sent to Gen. Grant a flag of truce advising him that it would be prudent to remove any non-combatants who might be still in Chattanooga.

No reply has been returned, but the combatants having removed from this vicinity, it is probable that non-combatants can remain without impudence.

M. C. MEIGS, Quartermaster-General.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26, 1863.

Editors Gazette:—This is Thanksgiving Day here, as with you. Preparations have been made for its celebration in all parts of this city. At the hospitals bountiful tables will be spread with the good things of the bountiful year. Even the despised black will be received into the circle of mankind for the time being, and at their new home—the Arlington Estate—will sit at a bounteous board, and have their thoughts also directed to Him who wheels the sun in its vast orbit and tempers the wind to the shorn lamb.

How this "contemptible Yankee custom" of thanksgiving has come into vogue! And in this city other equally "contemptible" customs have gradually gained a little ground, and I think I may now add, have taken root. For example, you may now see in all parts of this city large companies of men repairing and grading and paving the streets. Sewers are fast extending under the thoroughfares; great pools of water—how old! perhaps as old as Noah!—offensive to eye and nose, are disappearing. It is even proposed to put at work some effective agency to clean out the "canal" which runs through the very heart of the city. And such a canal! Ye generations of defunct cats and dogs, "*O Sepientissima proles!*" do remember your scattered remains *hoc placet*! do remember your scattered remains *disjecta membra*, from this mansoleum of your glory, how, oh, how in that world which the disciples of metempsychosis have prefigured for you, will the news be received, and amid what mauling and growling will the announcement be made, that another "contemptible Yankee custom"—kindred to street cars—has at last been inaugurated in a city so long sacred to dirt and chivalry!

The nation fights and works! Look, ye admirers of Joe, on both sides the Atlantic, at our Young America! Standing like an athlete in the midst of the people! with one hand the monster Python, secession, is throttled, and with the other the canvas is taught to glow; the dome of the Capitol is shaped and rounded; the colossal statue of Liberty is heared to its place upon the pinnacle of the gorgeous temple; the long rows of granite columns which for years obstructed the highways here, are made to fall into the plan of the Treasury building!

Pericles backed by the Grecians, so fought and so builded, in a small way! Yet his name comes down in the pictured pages of Plutarch as one of the earth's great ones! What shall future centuries say of our own honest Presidents, laboring in these days? I doubt he deems it not his praise, but that of a great, patriotic people; a people who have dashed to the earth as with lightning stroke, the plots of base conspirators, doomed to the limbo of vanities—your Woodwards, your Vallandig-dammers, and your Seymours—and pointed the way with the word of the poet—*sic itur ad astra!*

Curious changes indeed in this city in the three years last past! All the outskirts of the town, where vacant lots invited the idler to while away the hour lying on his back in the grass and looking at the sky" are now covered with government store houses! Stables, or horse-depots with their thousands of occupants give perpetual stir and life to the scene. Hospitals—models of neatness and cleanliness—crown all the knolls and "coigns of vantage" about us! dwelling houses are being erected by rows! all the various traders and chafferers which attend upon the rapid growth of towns arise as it were out of the ground—the evil alas, with the good, as everywhere in the world. All the main streets are now threaded with the horse railway! You may ride from Georgetown to the Navy Yard, four miles, for five cents—an amazing outrage upon gentlemen once dominant here, with black servants, bearing hat-bands, and driving coach and two! So it goes, though. Behold the poor man's coach at five cents a ride! And Philadelphia did it!

Changes indeed! Washington is to-day, the republic in miniature. Arlington House, two years ago the model home of a Virginia gentleman—General R. E. Lee! The life of the republic now floats gracefully from its great stone portico. The negro (slave) houses; quaint for their decorations without, and shocking for the filth and desolation within, are now good storehouses for army supplies. Even the gentleman's dog-kennels are found of use. A part of his eleven thousand acres of old oaks and arable sunny land stretching in beautiful and graceful lines along the broad Potomac, and looking down upon the then peaceful city of "slave-mongers," now affords work to some thousands of freedmen—many of them born on his own estate. These cool retreats and shady groves which administered to the ease and delight of one man; these acres which have drank the sweat and tears of bondmen for many a year, that one man might live in the enjoyment of luxuries denied to the million, now are made subservient to the needs and wants of that million. Call this agrarianism if you will! I am for confiscating and dividing into ten or twenty acre lots the land of every traitor in arms between the Potomac and the Gulf. The government did not ask Gen. Lee to forfeit his property and to raise the devil generally; but since he has done it, let him take the consequences, like the rat in the fable, that would run under the rolling hogshead instead of around it. It is his own fault if he squeals.

Messrs. Editors, you would not love to see what I have had to see in the hospitals hereabout in the case of prisoners just released from the hells of Richmond! You sometimes now write pretty sharp articles about Jeff. Davis and his friends, but it seems to me a new and justifiable feeling of vengeance would fill your breasts could you see men who but a few months ago were full of life, dragged down to shadows, to the very verge of death by starvation? men covered with filth and full of despair, and wounds. I have been tempted to exclaim, "Is it possible that we have been for years under the rule of these diabolical Neros? that we have crouched to feed from their hands, and besought them to spare the rod and let the nation live? that even now the remnant of a band of lickspittles, calling themselves "democrats," are anxious to do further deeds of devotion before this people's bloody moloch whose tender mercies are cruelty and whose touch is death! Ship your Copperheads to Libby prison and Castle Thunder! Give them freely in exchange for the groaning patriots who to-day lire in dungeons, and sigh for a breath of pure air. This would be a righteous exchange.

Yet is it not hateful to see and hear those cowardly traitors who stay at home, heaping contumely upon the heads of men like the President and Secretary of War! The men who are for earnest measures are the special objects of these libellers' contempt and contumely! The fact is, Mr. Stanton works day and night to prevent these follows from stealing the public property! He watches for traitors and thieves, and when he catches them the penitentiary gets a new inmate! Hence the moans and groans! The copperheads want a new Floyd dynasty! an apotheosis of plunder at which the Harpies shall preside and the days of Buchanan & Co. become again inaugurated! They sigh, in view of the present, in the words of the poet:—

"O days of ancient grandeur, are ye gone!"

The war came none too soon to save our nation from destruction! from that death by canker which eateth out the heart of public virtue, and leaves only a loathsome corpse to be speedily hidden from sight. Worse miseries there are than war! It is more deplorable to behold a nation besotted in its evil course! deaf to all cries of justice! so consumed by love of ease, as to yield the history of its glories and the future of the brave, at the bidding of a caste grown rich and proud, on a plundered people! Than to be thus:—

Better be where the extinguished Spartans still are In their proud channel of Thermopylae.

A nobler future awaits us! when traitors in arms shall seek some asylum in a foreign clime; while the remnant gladly return to the shelter of the good old flag, and those who stood at home to hound the patriot in the rebel's rear and field, shall be held in eternal and contemptible memory, like Cow-Boys and Charleston Tories of our revolution. Let us all, heart and hand, join to sustain the good old flag! to cheer the heart of our patriot President, and such advisers of his as Mr. Chase and Mr. Stanton, and whoever like them are in dead earnest! Let us all unite this day in earnest Thanksgiving for the new victories in Tennessee, and pray that peace and *Liberty* may speedily be established among us.

THE MARYLAND CONGRESSMEN ELECT.—A Baltimore letter of the 27th, says: Governor Bradford puts to rest the copperhead falsehood about him by a proclamation, this morning, declaring Criswell, Davis, Webster, Thomas and Harris elect from this State to Congress. Governor Bradford committed a fatal error in stopping in between the Government and the disloyal rotors of the State, for by so doing he elected the secessionist Harris, but the traitors have broken a file in claiming him to be with them. The Governor is a man of crotchets and very obstinate, but he means well, however mistaken he may be.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORRECTION OF THE ENROLLMENT LIST OF CLASS I, XXII DISTRICT, PENN'A.—Comprising all persons liable to military duty between the ages of 20 and 35, and all unmarried between 35 and 45 years of age.

HEADQUARTERS BOARD OF ENROLLMENT, 220 Fifth Av.,
PROVOST MARSHAL OFFICE, 26 Fourth st.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 25, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with orders from the Provost Marshal General, to all persons IMPROPERLY ENROLLED in the Draft by reason of

ALIENAGE;
NON-RESIDENCE;
PHYSICAL INCAPACITY OR AGE;
MANIFEST PERMANENT PHYSICAL DISABILITY.

That the Board of Enrollment will hear their claims, in the order in which they are presented, from the 16th till the 20th of December, inclusive, and if found indeed there will therefore recommended that their names be *stricken from the list*. The forms used and evidence required will be the same as at the last draft.

NO OTHER CLAIMS FOR EXEMPTION

Than those above mentioned, and that by special exemption, where two or more sons are liable to military duty, will be heard, until the draft is made.

Any correct, unimpeachable knowledge of any liable to serve in Class I, omitted from the enrollment, are urged to notify the Board, or proper Enrolling Officer, at once, that proper inquiry may be made, and their names added. To facilitate this, proper forms for the purpose may be procured at any *place of the Provost Marshal's office*, at any Alderman's office in Pittsburgh, and at other places hereafter designated in the public prints, in each of which places LISTS OF PERSONS SO ENROLLED may be found. Assessors and other public officers in each 5th District, and all loyal citizens, are urged to aid in these corrections, that all liable to duty may be enrolled, and all take an equal share in the draft.

By order of the Board of Enrollment.

J. HERON FOSTER, Captain,
Provost Marshal 22d Dist. Pa. and President of Board.
d1-12tw

OPENING AND CLOSING OF THE MAILS—ALLEGHENY CITY POST OFFICE.

OPEN FOR DELIVERY.

East and West, through and way mails	7:30 a. m.
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, New York, &c.	3:50 p. m.
Belle Air, Wheeling, &c.	4:10 p. m.
Butler Steps Boats, Harmony, &c.	5:40 p. m.
Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis	7:30 a. m. 3:50 p. m.

CLOSE.

Through West,—Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, &c.	11:30 a. m.
Through Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, &c.	2:50 p. m.
Western, through and way mails	9:00 p. m.
Eastern, " "	9:00 p. m.
A. V. R. R. Route	9:00 p. m.
Connellsville, Uniontown, &c.	9:00 p. m.
Washington, Connoisburg, &c.	9:00 p. m.
Butler, Harmony, &c.	9:00 p. m.
Greensburg, Johnstown &c.	2:50 p. m.
North, via A & O. W. R. R.	9:00 p. m. 11:50 a. m.
Chattahooga, Nashville, &c.	9:00 p. m.

SAMUEL RIDDLE, P. M.
no2-tf

ATTENTION! VOLUNTEERS—

A few recruits are wanted for Battery L, 3d Penn. Artillery, Col. JOSEPH ROBERTS. This Regiment is permanently stationed at Fort Monroe, as garrison of the post. By enlisting in it, all exposure, long marches and privations of the field are avoided, and men are provided with comfortable quarters in the largest and most important fortification in the country, and are thoroughly instructed in all the duties of Artillery and Infantry Soldiers. All the Bounties paid—$402 to veteran, and $302 to new volunteers.

Apply, for further information, at the Recruiting Rendezvous, LAFAYETTE HALL, Wood street, below Fourth.

Capt. JOSEPH B. BISPHAM,
Battery L, 3d Penna. Artillery.
no16:2w

BATTERY H, INDEPENDENT PENNA. ARTILLERY, (the old North's Battery.)

Bounties $402 and $302.

Recruits wanted for this well known Pittsburgh Battery. Also, a BLACKSMITH wanted for the same. Recruits enlisted or any Pennsylvania Artillery, Cavalry or Infantry in the field.

Apply at 37 FIFTH STREET, second story, to

T. M. FINLEY,
no24:sod2w 1st Lieut. and Recruiting Officer.

UNION CITY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—The members of the Union City Executive Committee are requested to meet at the office of the North American Oil Company, No. 99 THIRD STREET, on MONDAY EVENING, 30th inst., at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of taking action relative to the approaching municipal election. A punctual attendance is desired. By order

W. F. JOHNSTON,
no26 Chairman City Executive Committee

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, (Jones Building,) Fourth street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY (7th day) OF DECEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

no23:td W. G. HUGHART, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 20th, 1863.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS upon each share of the Capital Stock, to be applied to the reduction of the Stock Due Bills.

no20:6td H. E. DAVIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 20th, 1863.

AN ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at its office, No. 35 Water street, on TUESDAY, December 1st, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

no20:td H. E. DAVIS, Secretary.

THE MAYORALTY OF ALLEGHENY.—Capt. Simon Drum, at the urgent solicitation of many citizens, has consented to permit his name to be used as a candidate for the Mayoralty of Allegheny City, at the ensuing municipal election. Many friends.

no24:td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOUND.—On Wednesday evening, on the commercial, a sum of money. The loser can have it by giving the right amount in paying for advertising at the counter of

EVERM & GLYDE,
78 Market st.
d1

SECOND HAND WAGON FOR SALE.—A One Horse Grocery Wagon, in good order will be sold low, and can be seen on application to

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
corner Liberty and Hand streets.

$1,350 Will purchase a two story Frame Dwelling, all in good order, situate on Allen street, Lawrenceville; 14 by 45 feet front; by 125 feet deep; on which there is a good well, fruit, &c. Terms, cash. Apply to G. A. BATES, Commercial Broker Office, Butler st., Lawrenceville.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Corner G and 23d streets,
Washington, D. C., Nov. 27th, 1863.

NOTICE.—The public sale of Quartermasters Stores, advertised for WEDNESDAY, the 2d of December, is postponed until WEDNESDAY, the 16th.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
d30:3td Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

TO LEASE FOR TWENTY YEARS.—Seven Building Lots, each fronting 20 feet on the east side of the Public Square, near the new Market House, in the City of Allegheny.

For terms apply to GEO. R. RIDDLE,
Conveyancer, No. 89 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.
no29:1w

WANTED TO PURCHASE, AN OIL TANK.

Iron preferred. Capacity about five thousand barrels, and pumping facilities.

Inquire of ROBT. ASHWORTH.
no30:1w

LAST FUR SALE OF THE SEASON.—Will be sold on THURSDAY, the 3d, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at M'KELVEY'S AUCTION HOUSE, No. 47 Fifth street, the last Fur Sale of the Season, having got orders to close them out without cost. Among the assortment is a large variety of Ladies' and Childrens' Sets of all kinds and sizes, and this is the only chance to get Cheap Furs this season. Sale positive.

J. M'KELVEY, Auct.

VALUABLE WORKS ON MILITARY LAW.

De Hart's Military Law, 1 vol., 8 vo. Price $3 50
Callan's U. S. Military Laws, 1775-1863. $5 00.
Benet's Military Law and Courts-Martial. $3.
For sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

SALT

1,000 BARRELS
NO. 1 EXTRA,
In new bright barrels, for sale by

PENN'A SALT MANUFACT'G CO.
de1:2w

DWELLING HOUSES AT LOW PRICES.—Three brick houses and lots fronting on Penn street, Duquesne borough, each 5 feet 6 inches front, 5 rooms and cellar. Prices of each $800. Terms, one-half cash, remainder in two annual payments. Apply to CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of WM. JOHNSTON, late of Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those indebted to said estate are notified to present them for settlement to the undersigned.

DANIEL NEGLEY,
At East Liberty.
STURLEY & CUTHBERT,
51 Market st., Pittsburgh.
d1:6t

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Corner G and 23d streets,
Washington D. C., Nov. 25th, 1863.

NOTICE.—Will be sold at public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 9th and 23d of December 1863, at the Corral, near the Observatory, in this city, a lot of Public Horses and Mules condemned as unfit for public service.

Terms, cash in current funds. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
d2:td Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

VALUABLE LAWRENCEVILLE IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two story Brick Dwelling, with lot 42 by 120 feet, on Isabella street; a two story Frame Dwelling, with lot 20 by 147 feet, on the corner of Burrows and Washington streets; a Brick Dwelling with lot 40 by 85 feet, on Chestnut st.; a Frame Dwelling, with lot 75½ by 60 feet, on Bellefonte street.

The above property is all valuable, and will be sold upon liberal terms. Apply to G. A. BATES, Commercial Broker Office, Butler st., Lawrenceville.

ESTATE OF JAMES E. BREADING, Deceased.—Letters testamentary on the last will of James E. Breading, late of the city of Allegheny, Pa., deceased, have been duly granted to the undersigned, residents in the Fourth ward in said city. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, will make the same known without delay, and those indebted to said estate will make payment to

ELIZABETH BREADING,
JOHN P. PENNOCK,
Executors.
de1:6t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between JOHN PATTERSON and THOS. P. HERSHBERGER, under the name and style of T. P. HERSHBERGER & CO., in the Temperance Style Livery Stable, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. T. P. HERSHBERGER having purchased all the interest of the said PATTERSON. All persons being indebted to said firm, or having claims against it, will please call on T. P. HERSHBERGER at the stable, who alone is authorized to settle up the business of the said firm, and the business will be continued by him.

JOHN PATTERSON,
T. P. HERSHBERGER.

TEMPERANCEVILLE, Nov. 30th, 1863. 1:2t*d

EDWARD EVERETT'S

Great Historical Oration on the Battle of Gettysburg.

BAKER & GODWIN, Printers and Publishers, have just issued, in a neat octavo pamphlet, the Great Oration of Hon. Edward Everett at Gettysburg. To this is added very full and interesting Reports of the ceremonies at the Consecration of the National Cemetery, Descriptions of the Battle-field, Details and Incidents of the Battles, &c., &c.

This is, perhaps, the most interesting contribution yet made to the History of the War, and should be in the possession of every citizen.

Price, in paper covers, 25c.; in limp cloth, 50c. A liberal discount made where quantities are ordered sent by mail, upon the receipt of price. Address

BAKER & GODWIN, Printers and Publishers,
Tribune Buildings, Printing House square, N. Y.
de1 2td

SEALED proposals are invited until the 20th day of December, 1863, at 12 m., for the HIDES, TALLOW, HOOFS and HORNS of all Government Cattle, slaughtered within the ancient limits of the District of Columbia, for three months or more from the commencement of the contract.

The above articles to be collected by the contractor, and removed from the various places at which the cattle are killed, at such times as may be designated by the officer in charge.

The contractor shall be liable for all the Hides and Tallow, Hoofs and Horns coming from every animal slaughtered, unless it can be made satisfactory to appear to the Subsistence Department that all due exertion, diligence and care was made to obtain the said articles.

Payment will be required every ten days in Government funds.

Bids should be made in duplicate, and an oath of allegiance must accompany the bids.

The contractor will be held accountable for the Hides, &c., one week after the signing of the contract.

A bond will be required upon the acceptance of the bid, for a faithful fulfillment of the contract.

No Bids will be received which is not fresh ground.

Bids to be directed to Lieut. Col. G. BELL, C. S. U. S. A., Washington, D. C., and endorsed "Proposals for Hides and Tallow." de1:wtd2

BOUQUETS, CUT FLOWERS, &c.,

Forwarded to order from

MURDOCH'S OAKLAND GREENHOUSE.

Fourth street cars run out to the Greenhouse every fifteen minutes.
no17:1yr

DELVERIZED HERBS.—Sage, Summer Savory, Thyme and Marjoram, prepared and put up by the United Society of Shakers, for sale by

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de1 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

MALTBY'S CAN OYSTERS received daily, and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de1 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER.—18 boxes of Prime Roll Butter just received, and for sale at No. 126 Second street. FRANK VAN GORDER.

SMOKED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received, also, a lot of George's Bank Codfish for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de1 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

WHEAT AND BARLEY.

1000 bushels prime Barley;
1000 bushels White Wheat;
For sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG.

TIMOTHY SEED.—100 bushels prime Timothy Seed on hand, and for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.,
de1 21 Water street.

FEED! FEED!—Two cars Chopped Feed of Corn, Rye, Barley and wheat mixed, for sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG.

APPLES! APPLES!—186 barrels Green Apples on consignment; for sale by

SCHOMAKER & LANG.
de1

SALT.—1000 bbls Extra No 1 Salt for sale at 18½ Liberty street, by

WM. P. BECK & CO.
de1

APPLES.—200 bbls Green Apples assorted, for sale at 185 Liberty street.

WM. P. BECK & CO.
de1

DRY APPLES.—50 bushels Bright Dry Apples for sale by

WM. P. BECK & CO.
de1

TALLOW OIL.—10 bbls now landing from railroad, for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
de1

OATS.—100 sacks prime Oats for sale by

WM. P. BECK & CO.

BUTTER.—2000 lbs Packed Butter for sale by

WM. P. BECK & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOLIDAY SALE

JOS. HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,

77 and 79 Market St.

Embroideries,
Lace Goods and
Linen Handkerchiefs

Our stock of these goods is more complete than at any former season. The prices have been marked down. We have also just opened a choice lot of Wicked Slipper Patterns, Fancy Money Bags and Fine Cashmere Scarfs, suitable for

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Our stock of other Goods will be found as

Cloak Ornaments, Bead Gimps,
Velvets and Gimpure Laces,
Silk and Felt Hats,
Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons,
Gloves,
Stockings,
Wool Hoods,
Sacques, Sontags,
Balmoral Shirts,
Quaker Shirts,
Corsets,

HEAD DRESSES,
LADIES' MERINO
VESTS AND DRAWERS,
Men's Undershirts and Drawers.

Of the best makes

FUR GAUNTLETS,
AND
HEAVY DRIVING GLOVES.

Also, a full line of

NOTIONS,
AND
SMALL WARES GENERALLY.

Wholesale Rooms up stairs. Merchants and all others who buy to sell again supplied at lowest wholesale rates

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 Market Street.
de1

Wheeler & Wilson
Highest Premium
Sewing Machines
AWARDED THE
HICHEST PREMIUMS
AT THE
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1862,
AND
Industrial Exposition, Paris, 1861,

In competition with all the leading Sewing Machines in Europe and America, and the United States Agricultural Association; Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute, Washington; Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; Mechanics' Association, Boston; American Institute, New York; Maryland Institute, Baltimore; Mechanics' Association, Cincinnati; Kentucky Institute, Louisville; Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco, and at every State and County Fair where Exhibited this Season.

UPWARDS OF
125,000 OF THESE MACHINES
HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD,

A fact which speaks louder than words of the success and popularity of the celebrated WHEELER & WILSON FAMILY SEWING MACHINE—the cheapest Machine in the world,

BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED FOR THREE YEARS.

CUSTOMERS RISK NOTHING IN PURCHASING.

INSTRUCTIONS FREE.

ALWAYS HAPPY TO EXHIBIT AND EXPLAIN THEM.

☞ Circulars, containing an explanation of the machine, with testimonials from ladies of the highest social standing, given on application, either in person or by mail.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
Agents for the Western States and Western Pa.

Principal Offices and Wholesale Emporiums,
No. 27 Fifth Street.....PITTSBURGH, PA.
Pike's Opera House.....CINCINNATI, O.
Masonic Temple.....LOUISVILLE, KY.
no23:2tw

PURVIANCE'S
PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS,
CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS,
(2d and M stories, over Richardson's Jewelry Store,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Of every size and style, plain or colored, from the popular Carte de Visite to Cabinet and life size.

Mr. PURVIANCE would particularly call the attention of the AGED AND INFIRM to the easy accessibility of this establishment, being reached by a single short flight of stairs. Prices moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed
my26:1ynawTh

GRAPES.—We can furnish, of the

BEST QUALITY,

The following choice kinds

CONCORD, DELAWARE,
CATAWBA, and
ISABELLA.

J. KNOX, No. 87 Fifth street.
no24:1w

ALBA ROSA CREAM!

A new and beautiful preparation for

Chapped Hands, Lips and Rough Skin,

Caused by cold or windy weather.

Prepared and for sale at

GEORGE A. KELLY'S CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
Corner Ohio and Federal Streets,
And 70 Market House, Allegheny.
no10

M'COLLISTER & BAER,
TOBACCO DEALERS, 108 WOOD STREET,
Are selling off their large stock of
TOBACCO, PIPES AND SMOKING TOBACCO
At the very lowest figures for cash. All orders promptly attended to.
no17

GEORGE W. PORCH
General Commission Merchant.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

☞ CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

REFERENCES:
Messrs. B. H. Jack & Co., Pittsburgh.
E. O. Knight & Co., and C. P. Knight & Bros., Philadelphia.
se8:3md

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1863.

1,000 MULES.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 9th day of December, 1863, for furnishing and delivering at Pittsburgh, Pa., one thousand good, sound, large Mules Four Years Old.

The mules must be in good order, sound in every respect, well broken and full fourteen hands high. Unbroachable recruits will be rejected. Hundreds of mules at the pitts of the blister. If any bidder intends to offer such mules, he had as well be spared the trouble, as such will be offered.

DELIVERY.

100 mules to be delivered on 12th Dec.,	100	1 C
200 " " 19th "	200	1 C
200 " " 26th "	200	1 C
200 " " 26th "	200	1 C

The mules will be inspected by a competent inspector, and no mule will be inspected that is not well developed, and corresponds with the notice in this advertisement for size, formation, good condition, and free from defects.

Proposals must be marked "Proposals for Mules," and marked inside the Number of the Lot which the bid is intended for, and addressed to Col. O. Cross, Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. A., Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

GUARANTEE.

The ability of the bidder to fill the contract, should it be awarded to him, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Bidders must be present in person when the bids are opened, or their proposals will not be considered.

Bonds equal in amount to half the sum to be received on the contract, signed by the contractor and in the of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder upon signing the contract. As the bond must accompany the contract, it will be necessary for the bidders to have their bondsmen with them, or to have bonds signed in anticipation, and ready to be produced when the contract is signed.

Form of Guarantee.

We, ——, of the county of —— and State of ——, and —— of the county of —— and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that —— is able to fulfill a contract, in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his propos