# Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21.


## CITY AFFAIRS.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

### Union County Ticket.

*For President Judge of the District Court.*
MOSES HAMPTON.

*For Assembly.*
I. JOHN P. GLASS.
II. ALFRED SLACK.
III. HANS B. HERRON.
IV. WM. H. DENNISTON.
V. THOS. J. BIGHAM.

*For Clerk of Courts.*
WM. ACHESON.

*For County Treasurer.*
DAVID AIKEN, Jr.

*For Recorder.*
ABDIEL McCLURE.

*For Register.*
WM. J. RICHARDSON.

*For County Commissioner.*
GEORGE HAMILTON.

*For Director of the Poor.*
JOHN F. DRAVO.

### Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee.

The following donations have been received at the rooms of the Sanitary Committee, No. 58 Fourth street, during the week ending Saturday, July 18th, 1863. A large amount of stores have been shipped by the Committee to Louisville, during the week, an urgent demand having been made from that point, for supplies for the wounded from Vicksburg. The next shipment will probably be to the East, for the relief of the sufferers in the late battle at Gettysburg. It is desired by the Committee that persons wishing to contribute should send in their donations as early as possible, in the present week:

Bridgeport Soldiers' Aid Society.—12 bottles blackberry brandy, 2 bottles rye whiskey, 20 packages dried fruit, 16 cans fruit, 4 glasses jelly, 3 papers corn starch, 2 packages rice, 6 cakes soap, 2 cans tomatoes, 2 papers farina, 3 papers ginger, 2 papers pepper, 1 box mustard, 1 paper allspice, 1 sack table salt, 1 bed tick, 1 package literature.

Union Soldiers' Aid Society, Monongahela City, Pa.—6 pillows, 15 pillow-cases, 8 sheets, 15 pads, 1 muzquito net, 52 handkerchiefs, 1 bundle bandages, 29 towels, 24 shirts, 25 pairs drawers, 1 pair slippers, 14 dressing gowns, 22 hop pads, 15 sacks dried fruit, 35 cans fruit.

A friend—3 muzquito nets, 12 handkerchiefs, roll of muslin.

Miss Louisa Mellor—2 coats, 2 neckties, 1 shirt, 1 sheet, 1 package magazines.

A friend—1 large bundle lemons.

Wm. Riddle—1 box lemons.

Soldiers' Aid Society West Newton, Pa.—7 pairs drawers, 6 shirts, bandages and lint, 4 packages dried fruit, bundle reading matter.

Soldiers' Aid Society, New Brighton, Pa.—13 sheppees, 12 pin cushions, 4 bed ticks, 20 pairs drawers, 24 shirts, 60 handkerchiefs, 6 cravats, 1 pair woolen socks, 2 cans tomatoes, 8 cans fruit, 1 bag dried apples, 1 bottle blackberry wine, 10 pillows, magazines, paper and books.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Kittanning, Pa.—90 pads, 7 pillows, large lot lint, rags and bandages, old flannel, 67 handkerchiefs, 3 dressing gowns, 11 pairs socks, 6 pairs slippers, 32 pairs drawers, 35 towels, 20 shirts, 6 old shirts, 3 old coats, 5 packages dried fruit, 18 cans fruit.

Mrs. J. P. Lyon, Sligo Furnace, Pa.—17 jars fruit, 2 jars currant jelly, 1 bottle blackberry syrup, 1 bottle lemon syrup, 2 pounds chocolate, 2 pounds farina, 1 pound mustard, 2 pounds tea, 2 pounds soap, 1 package combs, 4 palm-leaf fans, 2 quires letter paper, 2 packages envelopes, 18 postage stamps, 2 old coats, 1 pair pants, 7 vests, 3 pairs old drawers, 4 marino shirts, 2 neckties, 8 towels, 6 pairs cotton socks, 5 muzquito nets, 24 Harper's Weekly's, woolen rags.

Soldiers' Aid Society, 5th St. M. P. Church, Pittsburgh—27 muslin shirts, 1 pair drawers, 13 handkerchiefs, 3 cans fruits old muslin and bandages, literature, 4 vests, 2 linen coats.

Mrs. E. Burns, Sharpin P. O.—2 dozen eggs, 4 packages fruit.

Soldiers' Aid Society, New Castle, Pa.—34 shirts, 16 old shirts, 9 oil-cloth pads, 71 handkerchiefs, 36 towels, 7 pillow cases, 9 pairs drawers, 2 feather pillows, 1 quilt, 23 hop pillows, 1 bottle wine, 3 sheets, 1 bag elderberries, 3 linen coats, lint, muslin and bandages.

Mrs. Smith—6 cans peaches.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Reidsburg, Clarion county, Pa.—26 shirts, 28 pairs drawers, 6 pillows, 7 pillow cases, old linen, muslin and bandages, 3 towels, 1 arm sling, 10 handkerchiefs, 5 pads, 1 jar apple butter, 1 can fruit, 1 jar jelly, 4 packages dried fruit.

Mrs. Lew. Lowmansville, Pa.—1 jar fruit, 4 shirts, 2 pairs drawers, 6 neckties.

Mrs. Wm. McClure—12 muzquito nets.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Mt. Jackson, Pa.—13 pads, 9 pillows, 7 pairs drawers, 26 pillow cases, 13 shirts, 19 towels, 42 pocket-handkerchiefs, 2 quilts, rags and bandages, 1 pair socks, 9 sheets, 2 skeins linen thread.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Brookville, Pa.—34 towels, 53 handkerchiefs, 16 bandages, 16 arm slings, 18 shirts, 3 pairs drawers, 5 sheets, 7 pillow cases, 13 pillows, 27 pads, 3 bundles rags, 1 bed spread, 2 pair socks.

Mrs. A. Patterson—1 can fruit, 9 towels, 2 packages old muslin.

A friend—1 can cherries, 2 bundles linen.

Mrs. Capt. Dravo—3 shirts, 2 vests, 1 pair drawers.

Ladies' Aid Society, Worthington, Pa.—16 shirts, 12 pads, 8 pairs drawers, 6 towels, 6 sacks, 19 pounds dried fruit, 1 gallon dried berries, 1 haversack, 6 pairs socks, bandages and lint, 24 handkerchiefs.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Webster, Pa.—12 muslin shirts, 2 sheets, 13 towels, 2 quilts, 1 pair socks, 14 handkerchiefs, 1 old linen coat, bandages, muslin, linen shirt, 31 fans, 4 packages dried fruit, 1 package sassafras, literature.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Salem, Pa.—18 dozen eggs, 1 bushel oats, 19 pairs drawers, 4 sheets, 18 towels, 13 handkerchiefs, 4 pillow cases, 1 feather pillow, 2 bags hops, 1 pair socks, 1 quilt, bundle muslin, lint and bandages, 11 shirts, 6 packages dried fruit, 2 packages rice, 14 cans fruit, 1 bottle currants, 1 cake maple sugar, 12 pounds dried beef, 80 pounds dried apples, 60 pounds fresh butter.

Soldiers' Aid Society, West Greenville, Pa.—Large lot dried apples, 9 packages dried fruit, 35 shirts, 37 cans fruit, 5 handkerchiefs, 7 pillows, 14 towels, lint, bandages and old muslin, 1 pair socks, 2 pounds pins, 3 bottles catsup, 2 bottles wine, 1 bottle chloroform, 2 bottles paliskill'r, 1 jar currant wine, 3 dressing gowns, 15 sheets, 13 old shirts, 5 pillow cases, 1 package tea, large lot potatoes.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Delaware, Pa.—11 shirts, 6 pairs drawers, 10 towels, 4 pillows, 7 pairs socks, 7 handkerchiefs, 1 hop pillow, 4 pairs slippers, lot old muslin, lint and bandages, literature.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Leechburg, Pa.—24 new shirts, 2 old shirts, 8 pairs drawers, 16 handkerchiefs, 14 pads, 3 feather pillows, 1 hop pillow, 3 vests, 1 linen coat, old muslin, linen, lint and bandages, 2 sheets, 4 pillow cases, 1 testament, magazines, sermons, and papers, 2 bottles currant shrub, 60 cans fruit, 1 jar fresh butter.

Mr. A. A. Garrier—5 old shirts, 2 bundles muslin.

Mrs. Wills—7 dozen lemons.

Mrs. Thomas Williams—17 towels, 2 pairs socks, 1 hole old linen, reading matter.

Episcopal Soldiers' Aid Society—18 new shirts, 3 old shirts, 6 flannel shirts, 12 pairs socks, 2 cravats, 1 undershirt, 1 box lint, 2 pairs slippers, 7 pairs drawers, 7 pillow cases, 1 vest, 3 bundles linen.

Soldiers' Aid Society, East Birmingham, Pa.—26 shirts, 4 flannel shirts, 11 sheets, 23 pillow cases, 8 pairs drawers, 12 handkerchiefs, 3 dozen lemons, bandages and lint, 5 pounds soap.

Soldiers' Committee, Connellsville, Pa.—17 flannel shirts, 23 pairs drawers, 30 muslin shirts, 14 handkerchiefs, 4 towels, 1 coat, 1 bedtick, 1 pair socks, 1 bundle rags, 5 packages dried fruit, 7 cans fruit, 7 bottle wine.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Allegheny.—58 shirts, 27 pairs drawers, old linen, 20 old shirts, 6 muzquito nets, 29 pads, 4 linen coats, 8 pairs socks, 4 towels, 4 handkerchiefs, bandages and lint, 1 pair slippers, 9 cans fruit, 8 jars fruit, reading matter, 1 woolen coverlet, 1 package rags, 1 cake soap, 2 bottles extract raspberry, 1 paper corn starch, 4 bottles blackberry wine, 1 bottle ginger wine, 1 bottle cranberry wine, 1 bottle bay rum, 1 bushel potatoes.

Soldiers' Aid Society, White township, Indiana County, Pa.—30 shirts, 39 pairs drawers, 16 sheets, 18 towels, 10 sheets, 21 pillow cases, 13 handkerchiefs, 17 packages dried fruit, 4 pounds tea, 9 pillows, 23 palmleaf fans, 26 pads, bandages and linen, 11 packages sundries, 2 pounds soap, 14 pounds sugar, 2 papers corn starch, 25 packages dried fruit, 1 jar fruit.

The following donations of money have been received by James Park, jr., Treasurer of the Sanitary Committee, during the week ending July 14, 1863:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mrs. Sarah G. Coffey, Peebles tp. | $ 10,00 |
| James Maguire | 10,00 |
| J. H. Walter | 5,00 |
| Dr. Muller, Sewickley | 5,00 |
| J. W. Anderson, Hillside, Pa. | 5,00 |
| Collected by Dr. Carothers, Wilkinsburg | 74,00 |
| Proceeds of soiree given by Youth's Aid Society | 12,00 |
| Collected by Capt. C. A. Bravo, Lawrenceville | 23,50 |
| Joseph Wilson, Jefferson tp. | 5,00 |
| Collected by J. B. Hill and George H. Keyser | 127,00 |
| Collected by Messrs. Montooth and Elgar, 3d ward, Pittsburgh | 700,11 |
| Evans & Metcalf | 10,00 |
| Mrs. Maj. Butler | 3,00 |
| Robert Davis | 10,00 |
| David Williams | 10,00 |
| Willie Williams | 25 |
| Clarance Williams | 30 |
| Rev. R. Lee | 5,00 |
| James W. Campbell | 10,00 |
| Cash | 1,00 |
| T. Fergdson | 50 |
| Citizens 1st ward, Pittsburgh, per Fitzsimmons & Getty | 592,00 |
| Beallsville, per S. P. Gray, P. M., as follows: | |
| S. P. Gray | $10,00 |
| A. D. Scott | 5,00 |
| P. G. Rogers | 5,00 |
| Thomas Hill | 5,00 |
| M. H. Matthews | 5,00 |
| H. Winett | 10,00 |
| Milton M. Junkins | 5,00 |
| Daniel Flick | 5,00 |
| James M. Miller | 5,00 |
| Mrs. Mary Miller | 5,00 |
| W. R. Spindler | 5,00 |
| Thos. H. Hill | 5,00 |
| Wm. Hill | 5,00 |
| Josiah John | 5,00 |
| Isaac Thompson | 5,00 |
| Thomas Martindale | 5,00 |
| Oliver Lacock | 5,00 |
| Levi Dawson | 5,00 |
| S. W. Rogers | 2,00 |
| M. Buntington | 2,00 |
| Damas Crumane | 2,00 |
| Heton Luce | 2,00 |
| James J. Hill, sr | 2,00 |
| Charles Horton | 1,00 |
| John Horton | 1,00 |
| Miss M. L. Greenfield | 1,00 |
| Joseph Lewis | 1,00 |
| Thomas Robinson | 1,00 |
| Total receipts for week | $2,033,16 |

THE NEW HOPE STEAMER was tried yesterday evening for the first time, at the corner of Craig and Leacock sts., Allegheny. The trial was not much to test the throwing capacity of this powerful engine as to try the working of the machinery. But one section of hose was used, 1¾ nozzle, with a steam pressure of only 120 pounds, and a distance of 285 feet, horizontal, was reached. A public trial of the "Hope" will take place this afternoon, at two o'clock, before a committee of Councils, at the corner of Ohio and Federal streets, when we shall be able to furnish our readers with the results. Meantime, we may congratulate the citizens of Allegheny upon so welcome and so powerful an addition to our fire department.

WE would call attention of those interested to the advertisement of the City Solicitor in another column. The validity of the sewer law was decided by the Supreme Court last fall, and of course that is final and conclusive. The District Court of the county has recently decided, in favor of the city, these cases, involving all the questions and points that can be raised on the general grading and paving assessment of 1858. The City Solicitor has delayed putting further costs on delinquents until those cases should be decided by the Court. But if the delinquents do not further delay, now come forward and settle, he will feel compelled to issue writs and subject them to costs. He gives this notice so that all parties may have fair warning and have no cause of complaint hereafter.

THE DRAFTED VOLUNTEERS.—Six months' and three months' men are to receive credit for the time they served, and are to remain, should they desire it, in the same regiments they enlisted in until their term of volunteer enlistment expires, when they will be placed in three years' regiments for the remainder of their time of service. Those who are in the State's service, and not mustered into the United States' service, will be notified, duly notified through their commanding officers, and required to report to the Provost Marshal of the district where they were drafted to be enrolled into the United States' service for three years from the date of such enrollment.

DIRECT LAKE TRADE WITH EUROPE.—A regular line of four sailing vessels has been established between Cleveland, Ohio, Toronto (and other lake ports) and Liverpool. The vessels are the barque *Ravenna*, 404 tons; brig *John G. Deshler*, 373 tons; barque *Vanguard*, 393 tons, and the schooner *Hoppock*. The first named vessel is now ready to be dispatched. All the vessels sail under the British flag to avoid the interference of pirates or the heavy "war risk" insurances.

DIED IN NEW ORLEANS.—On Sunday, during the stay of the rebel prisoners in this city, one of them, Lieut. Wm. T. Morris, of the 15th Louisiana Regiment, threw a note from the cars, addressed to Mr. Buhoup, of Duquesne borough, and informing him that his son, Jonathan W. Buhoup, a captain in the rebel service, died in New Orleans, in February, 1863, of pneumonia. His family is now at Harrisonburg, La.

NOTED GUERRILLA CAPTURED.—Daniel Dunlay, who has been the terror of the Kanawha Valley since the war began, and who boasts that he has killed men enough to fill a grave yard, was captured a few days since in the valley, and taken to Wheeling. As he was such a great prize, he was confined in the jail instead of the military prison.

PENNSYLVANIA SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The friends and relatives of Pennsylvania soldiers admitted to the hospitals in Philadelphia district, can have information respecting them by application to Jos. Parker, Chief of Hospital Commission, Nos. 1009 and 1011 Chestnut street.

REBEL WOUNDED.—The freight cars, loaded with rebel prisoners, reached Harrisburg on Friday evening. The train was detained there until late at night, when the prisoners were sent over the Lebanon Valley road, towards New York.

THE STANTON ARTILLERY, as we learn from one of the members now in this city, has not lost a man since it left here. They were engaged seventeen days before Vicksburg, with Elliott's Marine Brigade, but only five of the boys were wounded.

LIEUT. J. GIBSON, of the Stanton Artillery, attached to Gen. Elliott's Marine Brigade, will be in this city in a day or two, for the purpose of enlisting a few men for the Marine Brigade. Boatmen will be preferred.

REBEL DESERTERS HARVESTING.—It is asserted, on good authority, that hundreds of rebel deserters and straggiers are now actually engaged in helping the farmers of York, Cumberland and Adams counties to gather their crops.

FIRE AT OIL CITY.—On Sunday, the oil refinery of Mr. Cornwell, a New York oil merchant, was destroyed by fire near Oil City, together with a large quantity of refined oil ready for shipment.

THE STATE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION will be held in Reading, on the 4th, 5th and 6th of August.

LADIES and Misses' gaiters, balmoral boots, &c., cheap, at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth street.

SEWING MACHINES at auction this evening, at 8 o'clock, at McClelland's 55 Fifth street.

A NEW lot of hoop skirts, just received, at McClelland's Auction House.

## DIED:

KIRKWOOD—On Monday morning, July 20th, at 4 o'clock, Mr. ANDREW KIRKWOOD, in the 76th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence on Federal street, No. 10, near Wylie street, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, July 21st, at 2 o'clock p. m.

DUNCAN—On Monday morning, July 20th, at the residence of her brother, Robt. Forrester, in McClure township, Mrs. MARGARET DUNCAN, in the 62d year of her age.

Funeral at 10 o'clock on TUESDAY MORNING. Carriages will leave the Post Office corner, (Allegheny,) at 9 o'clock.

## SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. CHATONY, General Agent,
No. 18 Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alax. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.—Sam'l Graham, merchant tailor, is selling off his Spring and Summer stock of goods at cost. They consist of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, of which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and at cost prices. The public should not neglect to avail themselves of this rare chance and save money by giving him an early call.

Also, a large assortment of plain and fancy cassimeres, well adapted for boys' wear, which he will sell by the piece far below cost. Mothers should not neglect to call early.

SAM'L GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 Market street.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SUMMER CLOTHING.—Often we are asked, where can we buy a neat and comfortable summer suit, made to order, thus having the chance of selecting our own goods? To all these inquiries we can answer, go to Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny, and you will be suited according to your taste. They have just received their summer goods, and for elegance of styles they cannot be surpassed, and for fitness they are the very persons, as their work is all done under their own supervision. Give them a call, and you cannot fail to be satisfied.

CHEAP DENTISTRY.—At the Dental Institute, No. 251, Penn street, sets of teeth for four dollars, better than those at five dollars at the other dental establishments. All persons are requested to call at the Institute after having ascertained the lowest prices at the other cheap places. All work done at the Institute is guaranteed superior to any cheap Dentistry in the city.

A FINE HEAD OF HAIR.—Rev. J. H. Connell, N. Y. city, says in a letter: "I procured Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum for a relative. I am happy to say it prevented the falling off of the hair, and restored it, from being gray, to its natural glossy and beautiful black."

Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 198 Greenwich street, New York. dew

NOTICE TO DRAFTED MEN.—H. C. Mackrell, Attorney at Law, No. 114 Fifth street, next door to McTighe's Banking House, will attend to the business of *presenting the claims of drafted men for exemption*. Mr. M's. large and successful experience in all kinds of soldier's claims, fits him in every way to attend to this business.

SOLDIERS, see to your own health, do not trust to the army supplies. Cholera, Fever and Bowel complaint will follow your slightest indiscretion. *Holloway's Pills and Ointment* should be in every man's knapsack. The British and French troops use no other medicines. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 216

As the County Treasurer has now fitted up the room formerly occupied by the County Commissioner, in the north-west corner, first floor of the Court House, we would advise all our friends to call and pay their tax while they can have the benefit of the per centage.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Butcher's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield streets. All orders promptly attended to.

UPHOLSTERY AND CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the UPHOLSTERY office, No. 493 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid for when made. fm

C. SILL, Dentist, 246 Penn street, attends to all business of his profession

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
3RD DISTRICT OF PENN'A.
98 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, July 21st, 1863.

EXEMPTED FROM DRAFT.

In accordance with orders, I publish the following list of persons exempted from draft by the Board of Enrollment in this District, to this date, with the reasons of the exemption:

BY REASON OF FURNISHING ACCEPTABLE SUBSTITUTES.

| Name. | Residence. | Substitutes. |
|---|---|---|
| Wm. Schooley | Eighth ward, | Edward Wallace, |
| Grant W. Grover | Eighth ward, | Abraham Miller, |
| Geo. Eaby, | Sixth ward, | F. McSamers, |
| Theo. A. Shaffer, | Fifth ward, | Frank Prather, |
| Jas. F. Bichell, | Sixth ward, | John Gans, |
| James V. Kerr, | First ward, | James Cole, |
| G. J. Rowley, | Ninth ward, | Alex. Bender, |
| John Kample, | Fifth ward, | Stephen Shuter, |
| Henry Vallorve, | Eighth ward, | Geo. Miller, |
| John Spratt, | Fifth ward, | James Smith, |
| Jno. J. Bowley, | 11th ward, | John Kelley, |
| Rudolph Succop, | Eighth ward, | Leander Shaner, |
| Richard Brooks, | Sixth ward, | James Booth, |
| A. T. McGrew, | Seventh ward, | Jas. B. Eaby, |
| Chas. O'Donnell, | Ninth ward, | James Reed, |
| E. Bechtold, | Sixth ward, | Geo. Bowlette, |
| Edward Arnum, | Sixth ward, | Benjamin Fulton |
| Wm. O. Dobbs, | Ninth ward, | Robert Farmer, |
| Wm. Wills, | Ninth ward, | Fred Martin. |

PAID THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sam Worthemers, 1st ward, | G. W. Hallman, Peebles tp, |
| John Conner, 2d ward, | Jas. Kepler, Tempertville, |
| D. Zuckert, 6th ward | R. H. Boyd, Plum tp, |
| H. D. Button, 6th ward, | J. H. Rickeson, Peebles tp, |
| Richard Mackey, 5th ward | D. Robinson, 1st ward, |
| Steph Stewart, 6th ward, | Charles H. Zug, Pitt tp, |
| John Crawford, 6th ward, | J. F. M'Gowan, Mifflin tp, |
| A. Gerling, 6th ward, | Jno. O. Stephenson, Birm, |
| A. Mecklebirg, 6th ward, | H. E. Du Bois, Upper St. C'rs |
| And Treasler, 8th ward, | W. J. M'Ewens, N. Fayette, |
| H. Davis, 8th ward, | Jno. M. Logan, Robin'n tp, |
| James Munn, 8th ward, | John Aston, Lawrence'v, |
| David Seright, 8th ward, | Alex. W. Foster, Pitt tp, |
| D. McClelland, 9th ward, | H. G. Schmeris, Pitt tp, |
| S. B. Wendles, 9th ward, | John Fanning, 2. St. C'rs |
| Jas. Hamilton, 9th ward, | J. O. Fawcett, Birmingham |
| Jos. Hamilton, 9th ward, | Jno. Allman, Mifflin tp, |
| E. J. Stother, Penn tp, | W. T. Fife, Upper St. C'rs |
| J. E. St'rmick, Scott tp, | R. T. M'Millan, U. St. C'rs |
| And M'Elravey, Temp'ce, | Jno. B. Boriand, U. St. C'rs |

IN SERVICE MARCH 3D, 1863.

James Wallace, Fifth ward, Co. B, 126th P. V.
Alex. L. Anderson, Third ward, Co. F, 13th P. V.
Matthew Donahue, Sixth ward, Knap's Battery.
W. Gibson Miller, Pitt tp., 61st P. V.
James Carothers, Patton tp., Co. E, 123d P. V.
Joseph L. Gatches, Ninth ward, Co. A, 123d P. V.
Henry Brunker, Peebles, Co. G, 136th P. V.
Henry W. Larimer, Collins, Co. G, 136th P. V.
John Schwartz, Fifth ward, Co. H, 10th N. Y.
Francis H. Hefley, Eighth ward, Co. H, 136th P. V.
Joseph H. Montgomery, Ninth ward, Co. H, 123d P. V.
William Black, Sixth ward, Co. F, 136th P. V.
James Graham, Lawrenceville, Co. E, 136th P. V.
William Aler, Penn tp., Co. G, 126th P. V.
John simmons, Collins tp., Co. G, 136th P. V.

ENROLLED AND READING IN OTHER DISTRICTS.

| Name. | Drafted and Enrolled in | Enrolled at Real Residence |
|---|---|---|
| William Small, | Peebles, | Westmoreland co. |
| Jacob S. Baer, | Ninth ward, | Westmoreland co. |
| John S. Claughlin, | Lawrenceville, | Alliance, Ohio. |
| James Dugan, | Sixth ward, | Washington co. |

EXAMINED BY SURGEON AND EXEMPTED.

Geo. C. Sill, 1st ward—bad teeth.
William Carson, 1st ward—functional disease of stomach and kidneys.
N. P. W. Gotts, 1st ward—right lateral curvature of the spine and ulcerated hemorrhoids.
Albert Keeler, 1st ward—fracture of right leg; short one inch.
John S. Thompson, 1st ward—chronic ulceration of left leg and inverted great toe nail.
David Robinson, 1st ward—tendons of right foot retracted.
Alexander Moore, 2d ward—fracture of tibia and dislocation of ank o.
Patrick F. McCullough, 2d ward—Inguinal hernia.

ALIENS WHO HAVE NOT DECLARED INTENTIONS.

Conrad Gearing, 1st ward. Witnesses—Jas. Lindsay, Robert Lyons.
William James, alias John H. Gaches, 1st ward. Witnesses—O. W. Parker, J. W. Price.
James Lindsay, 2d ward. Witnesses—Henry Shirts, J. W. Kerr.
Henry Woelter, 2d ward. Witnesses—Geo. Lang, Henry Born.
John Sullivan, 2d ward. Witnesses—John Dean, John Lovell.

UNSUITABLENESS OF AGE—OVER 35—MARRIED.

Jos. W. Long, 1st ward. Witnesses—R. Miller, jr., D. M. Long.
John Renville, 1st ward. Witnesses—Emma Hunt, Jas. Purcell.

UNDER TWENTY OR OVER FORTY-FIVE.

William Quinn, 1st ward. Witnesses—parents.
Robt. H. McCleary, 1st ward. Witnesses—parents.

J. HERON FOSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal 22d District, Pa.

CONGRESS HALL,
CAPE MAY.
This first class Hotel is now open for the reception of guests.
MILLER & WEST, Proprietors.

## THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

WASHINGTON, July 20, 1863.

EXTRACTS FROM SOUTHERN PAPERS.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 15th inst., has a long editorial on the military situation, urging that the only salvation of the Southern Confederacy is in calling out the levy en *masse*; application of martial law to the whole country as in a state of siege; absolute control of all trading, especially in drink, as within military lines; abolition of substitution, exemption and foreign protection, and a material enlargement of the President's power to revise the election of officers, make appointments, and get rid of incompetent officers.

A proclamation by Jeff. Davis appears, calling out, under the Confederate conscription act, all white men between the ages of 18 and 45, to serve for three years, under penalty of being punished for desertion in case of disobeying the call. They are offered the privilege of joining volunteer organizations before the enrollment.

The *Enquirer* says: An official dispatch from Charleston, received yesterday morning, states that all was quiet. The enemy are throwing up works on the south corner of Morris Island.

Two Federal iron-clads entered Appomattox river, but the river is obstructed above, and hopes by the fall of the freshet to catch the iron clads aground.

The latest Charleston *Mercury* received in Richmond on the 16th, has the following on the situation there:

It appears to us useless to attempt to disguise from ourselves the situation. By whose fault we got into it, it is vain now to inquire. The Yankees having gotten possession of the Southern half of Morris Island, there is but one way to save the city of Charleston, and that is a speedy and unflinching use of the bayonet. If the fight on Morris Island is to be now a fight by engineering and cannon merely, the advantage is with the enemy. With their iron-clads on water and their men in occupation of the land, it is likely to be a mere question of time. The fall of Fort Wagner ends in the fall of Charleston. Fort Sumpter, like Fort Wagner, will then be assailable by both land and sea, and the fate of Fort Pulaski will be that of Sumper.

Gen. Gilmore, Commander of the Department, is the man who reduced Fort Pulaski. Charleston must be saved as Richmond was. For six days our forces stormed the successive batteries of the enemy and saved Richmond. The greater part of our soldiers who achieved these triumphs by bayonet, had never before been in a charge. The Yankees have as yet few or no formidable works, they have but a few thousand troops, if our soldiers and officers here are not equal to the kind of fighting fought by the army of Virginia, and tried by the Yankees against such strong works as Fort Wagner and Secessionville, then Charleston falls. This it appears to us is the only course of safety, and we may add too, for the economy of life. Other means may protract fighting to days and weeks, and postpone the termination of the struggle, but no other means in our opinion will save the city. We believe it can easily be saved with promptness, and energy, and dash. It is too late for engineering. Hesitation and delay are fatal.

The Mobile *Advertiser* says that the Confederacy has seen darker days and emerged from them. It is not dark enough to justify it to the prudence of those who are ready to submit and anxious for peace and the security of their property on a basis of submission to show their hands. Yet there have been some signs of this white feather fluttering during the few past gloomy days. Let us warn them that it is base to feel and dangerous to be premature in the utterances of such sentiments. The land has made too many sacrifices for its freedom, to falter at the last hour. The timid and faithless must not be allowed to fetter the footsteps of the revolution. It must roll on to triumph, although its wheels have to roll over them and their fortunes.

The proposition of the fall of Vicksburg being absolute, it is now plain that it has fallen with the least possible harm to us. If it had held out only twenty-four hours longer, Johnston's army would have, without any doubt, been cut to pieces. Johnston was on the Big Black, and on Saturday night his army bivouacked with orders to move on Grant's intrenchments at two o'clock in the morning. Before the hour arrived the news of Pemberton's capitulation was received. From what has been learned of Grant's position, it is now known that if Johnston's force had been doubled and trebled it could never have got through the works of Grant. The country for miles was defended by felled timber; every gorge and ravine a fortified work, bristling with cannon and converted into a slaughter pen.

We are credibly informed that it took some of our paroled officers at Vicksburg fifteen hours to ride fifteen miles, through the felled timber and around the excavations and embankments made by the enemy.

The Richmond papers contain the following dispatches:

*Jackson, July* 14.—There is no change in the condition of affairs since yesterday.

Lieut. Gen. Pemberton and staff arrived here last night. An officer who came with them says that they met an escort accompanying the body of Gen. Osterhaus to Vicksburg. They stated that Osterhaus was killed by a cannon ball, on the 12th inst.

Heavy skirmishing still continues. Several houses were demolished yesterday by the enemy's shells.

*Jackson, July* 14, via Mobile, July 10.—Gen. Johnston sent a flag of truce to-day to Gen. Grant, asking permission to bury the Yankee dead in front of our works. Gen. Grant asked permission to send assistance in order that the dead might be recognized, which was refused. The terms originally proposed were then agreed to. Our troops have been engaged all afternoon in burying the dead Yankees. The Yankee officer in charge of the flag admitted a loss of from four to five hundred.

The Columbia (Ga.) *Sun* says that the people of the Confederate States will soon be called upon to undergo a severe trial—one that will fully test the sincerity of the professions heretofore made. We cannot escape the ordeal. The time for trying men's souls is not far in the future. Many, we fear, will be weighed in the balance and found wanting on that dreadful day.

EDWARD EVERETT'S SONS DRAFTED.

In Boston both of Edward Everett's sons have been drafted, and are going to serve in person. The father says that he shall do the same if drafted, preferring to do so rather than to furnish a substitute, or pay $300.

GEN. WADSWORTH.

Gen. Wadsworth has tendered his resignation, but the Government is exceedingly unwilling to accept it. He is absent from the army on thirty days' leave, on his first visit home since the war broke out.

INCORRECT.

Recently published lists of promotions in the regular army are incorrect in stating that Major Dawson was promoted to the Lieut. Colonelcy of the 9th regular infantry. He is said to have been promoted to the place vacated by the death of Gen. Paul at Gettysburg. The War Department understands General Paul to be recovering.

WHY LEE WAS NOT ATTACKED.

Gen. French's argument in the council of war that decided not to attack Lee, was that Lee was on the point of attacking us—an argument which is said to have turned the scales against assault.

The following are the latest circulars of general interest concerning the conscription from the Provost Marshal General:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, July 20, 1863.

Existing laws make a distinction in the matter of pay, bounty and other allowances between soldiers of African descent and other soldiers in the service of the United States. Men of African descent can therefore only be accepted as substitutes for each other, under the Enrollment.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Any person claiming exemption on the ground of alienage shall file before the Board an affidavit stating:

First—That he is an alien, and setting forth the government of which he claims to be a subject.

Second—The time when he came into the United States, and where he has resided since.

Third—That he has never declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and has not exercised the right of suffrage by voting at any election in any State.

Fourth—That he claims to be exempted from military service on the ground that he is a subject of a foreign government, and has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States and has never voted in any State: the affidavit to be supported by such proof as the party may offer, if the Board is satisfied that the party claiming exemption is fully entitled thereto under the act of Congress, they will discharge him from the draft, but if not satisfied they shall refer the case with the affidavit, through the Provost Marshall for decision by the Department of State, in the meantime suspending action in the case until the decision of the State Department be made. Certificates of the State Department, shall in such case be considered evidence of the fact whether the person is or not subject to military duty.

(Signed) JAMES B. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

Gen. Butler is still strenuously urged for the New York command. Several members of the Cabinet favor it, and several oppose. He wont be appointed.

GEN. SICKLES.

General Sickles is recovering so rapidly that this evening he was out for an hour in his carriage, riding along the avenue and through the city.

THE DRAFT IN WASHINGTON.

The draft commences here to-morrow. The Government has taken ample means to prevent any disturbance.

WHEREABOUTS OF THE REBEL ARMY.

The exact whereabouts of the rebel army seems to be a mystery.

### Morgan's Guerrilla Band Completely Broken up.

CINCINNATI, July 20—10 p. m.—Morgan, with about 1,000 men, has been turned back. He was moving this afternoon towards Gallipolis, closely followed by our forces, squads of his men being picked up hourly.

The *Commercial's* Columbus dispatch says that after the fight at Buffington the rebels moved up the river to Berkville ahead of the gunboats, and by threats compelled the citizens to furnish flatboats, by which 300 escaped to Virginia shore just as the gunboats hove in sight. The rest on the Ohio shore were attacked by our forces and scattered. Our men continued picking them up till only about 1,500 were left, who finally succeeded in breaking our lines, and pushed back in the direction of Buffington. At nine o'clock this morning they passed through Harrisonville, ten miles northeast of Pomeroy, apparently exhausted with fatigue.

### Chicago Market.

JULY 18.—The demand for Wheat was principally confined to the lower grades, which sold at an improvement of ½@1c per bushel on the ruling prices of yesterday. The upper grades were neglected and dull. No. 1 Spring sold at $1 02½; No. 2 Red at $1 02; No. 2 Spring at 92@93c; rejected Red at 90@91c, and rejected Spring at 73@74c. Flour continues dull and depressed. Corn opened firm with an active speculative demand, and sales of mixed in store were made at 49½c, but towards the close the tone was somewhat declining and buyers were offering 48@48½c. Oats were firm but quiet, with small transactions at 36@35½c. Rye neglected and dull. High wines quiet and easy at 31½c.—*Journal.*

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Mail Dispatches to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, July 18, 1863.

COUNCILS OF WAR NEVER FIGHT.

The President sent two dispatches to Gen. Meade urging an immediate attack, saying in one that he thought all appearances indicated that no other occasion would arise offering circumstances so propitious to us and so unfavorable to the rebels. In council of war, Sedgewick, Sykes, French