Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 4.

CITY AFFAIRS.

☞ OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	90	76
12 " M.	120	88
6 " P. M.		82
Mean Heat		29 5-10

Meeting of the Executive Committee.

The regular meeting of the Executive Committee of Public Safety was held at the Monongahela House, on Friday evening. Hon. W. F. Johnston, President, in the chair; Will A. Lare, Secretary *pro tem.*

The following number of men employed on July 2d, were reported:

Hastett's Hill	512 men.
Davis' Hill	1334 "
Cemetery Hill	199 "
Robinson's Hill	193 "
Lowrie's Hill	370 "
Squirrel Hill	964 "
South of Monongahela—Western division	300 "
South of Monongahela—Eastern division	500 "
Magaire's Hill, (colored men)	129 "
Total	4,407

The various committees earnestly call for the following number of additional men to-day:

Haslett's Hill	500 men.
Davis' Hill	1000 "
Cemetery Hill	199 "
Robinson's Hill	193 "
Lowrie's Hill	600 "
Squirrel Hill	300 "
South of Monongahela—Western division	900 "
South of Monongahela—Eastern division	500 "

The committee upon closing stores made a report to the effect that the majority of the stores were closed, a few kept open.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the report be referred back to the committee, with instructions to report the names of business men and restaurant-keepers who disregarded the request of the committee.

The following communication from Captain Craigghill was read and ordered to be published:

PITTSBURGH, July 3.—Hon. W. F. Johnson, Chairman Executive Committee of Public Safety: Sir—It is probable that to-morrow will be the last day of general labor on the defences of your city. It is desirable that the tools, which have been freely placed in the hands of the people, be collected. In this matter I have no personal interest, as I shall be held peculiarly responsible at Washington for every tool that has been purchased and shall not be produced at the close of the work. I respectfully request, therefore, that such steps may be taken by the committees as will result in the collection of these tools at the store house prepared for their reception in the city, No. 359 Liberty street.

I have the honor to congratulate you, Sir, the Committee over which you preside, and the citizens of Pittsburgh generally, upon the great vigor and public spirit displayed in undertaking the important work upon which we have been engaged for the past two weeks, now nearly completed. I have also the duty, and it is a pleasing one, of giving to the Committee my sincere thanks for their cordial co-operation with myself and assistants in the labors falling upon us. I must not omit to say that I am under great obligations to the Civil Engineers and other citizens who have freely given us the benefit of their time and talents. Without their aid but little could have been done.

With great respect, I am, Sir, your obedient servant, W. P. CRAIGHILL,
Captain U. S. Engineers.

It was resolved that all tools be returned (when the labor is completed) to the warehouse as above stated.

Hon. P. C. Shannon offered the following resolutions relative to the celebration of the Fourth of July evening.

1st. The first signal rocket to be fired from Herron's Hill at exactly 8¼ o'clock, and immediately thereafter rockets to be fired from all the twenty-seven forts at intervals of five minutes.

2d. Herron's Hill shall be the signal station, by which all the Forts shall be regulated.

3d. The squads selected for firing the rockets—to consist of at least two reliable men for each Fort—shall be under the following direction:

Those on the South side of the Monongahela river to be under the control of Messrs. David Mohnson and Edward Sprang.

Those between the two rivers, (with the exception of the Forts at Turtle Creek and Squirrel Hill,) to be under the control of Messrs. John D. Herron and Geo. Ewart.

At Squirrel Hill, Messrs. Jno. W. Riskeston and Robert Phillips.

At Turtle Creek, Messrs. Wm. S. Haven and F. M. Gordon.

North of the Allegheny river to be under the management of Mayor Alexander, Jas. Parke, Jr., Alfred Slack, Campbell Herron.

4th. The squads selected for each fort will report to the Committee at Messrs. Reymer & Bros., Wood street, Pittsburgh, from ten o'clock a. m. until noon, and must have proper orders to procure the rockets from the above named gentlemen, appointed as managers.

5th. None but skillful persons shall be selected, so that accidents may be avoided.

6th. Squads, in firing rockets, will incline them towards the cities.

WM. F. JOHNSTON,
P. C. SHANNON,
WM. M. HERRON,
Committee.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the Provost Marshal be requested to close (by force if necessary) all drinking houses found open on July 4th, and this Committee pledges itself to hold itself responsible for the consequences.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to attend to having a National salute fired from the various fortifications in this vicinity, and are earnestly requested to report to General Burton, at the Monongahela House, this morning at eight o'clock. (All experienced artillerists are cordially invited to report at the same time and place).

James J. Bethenock, Chairman; Captain Knapp, Dr. Hastingsyer, Capt. A. Brace, Chas. Barthenger, Sigismund Low, G. L. Bounsden.

On motion, Messrs. ——— Warden, W. A. Lare, Edward Gregg and Daniel Dempsey, were appointed a committee to have all the available guns hauled to the fortifications this day, and were instructed to report at the Fort Pitt Works this morning at 9 o'clock.

Mr. G. R. Vashon was introduced, and stated that the colored men who had been working upon M'Guire's Hill desired to have their fort named "Fort Robert Small," after the intrepid Charleston pilot. It was unanimously ordered that the fort be so named.

On motion adjourned.

THE EASTERN PAPERS.—Full files of these, received by express immediately on publication, can be found at the News and Periodical Depot of J. W. Pittock, opposite the Post-office. Of Frank Leslie's Newspaper and Harper's Weekly we have excellent and attractive numbers this week. Another and much longer letter than the last, from Mr. Moncure in England appears in the *Independent*, which also contains the contributions of many of its well-known and able corps of writers. For those who would blend the grave with the gay, we may just mention that the *Comic Monthly*, for July, is also out, and of course, at PITTOCK'S.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon, between three and four o'clock, a boy named Jas. Shook, son of Jacob Shook, residing on Robinson street, Allegheny, was drowned by accidentally falling into a large pool hole in the vicinity of Irwin's rope works, in the First Ward, Allegheny. The boy was about six years old, and was playing about the hole with some little companions. He was not yet dead when extricated, but as nothing was done to resuscitate him he died after expired. An inquest was held, and a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

STILL THEY COME.—Three companies of militia arrived from Westmoreland county yesterday, viz: The "Ligonier Guards," Capt. John O'Neil, seventy men; the "New Alexandria Guards," Capt. H. Sonner, seventy-six men; and the "Latrobe Guards," Capt. John Auster, seventy men.

One More Day!

The Major General commanding this department, the Committee of Public Safety, and every citizen who has at heart the honor and welfare of our community, desire that the work on the entrenchments be finished to-day. One more effort, and the defenses will be complete—the "Iron City" will be placed in a state of perfect security against rebel raids. The glorious Fourth, we know, is held sacred as a holiday; but what loyal citizen will object to work, even upon that day, in so good a cause? It will be a most fitting time to consummate so patriotic a work. Let there be a full, hearty, unanimous response to the request of the Committee, and we can enter upon another year of national existence with a consciousness that our sense of security will not again be disturbed as in the past year, and that we can pursue our wonted avocations without fearing that we are at the mercy of every contemptible band of plunderers whom the chances of war may bring within reach of us.

If the intelligence, earnestness, and patriotism of the gentlemen who proposed that a levy en masse should be made to-day for work on the fortifications, that they might be finished on this memorable anniversary of the nation's birth-day,—if such high and noble zeal in a great and good cause as theirs, could but permeate and quicken the whole community,—we should this day see this city make a glorious and lasting record of the self-denial of its citizens in a time when the public interests demanded that the pleasures of celebrating our national holiday in the usual way should be given up in part—or rather their place taken by the grander, more Spartan-like pleasures enjoyed by those whose supreme pleasure it is to serve their country, and to postpone or sacrifice every private interest or gratification in that service.

The Fifteenth Regiment.

This fine regiment has now been in the field for nearly three weeks, and has performed much duty during this period.

Col. R. Galway yesterday tendered his resignation, for private reasons. The line officers were convened by Lieut. Col. Jas. M. Cooper, to receive the resignation, and act upon it. On motion, the resignation of Col. Galway was accepted, and a resolution adopted regretting the separation.

Lieut. Col. Cooper and Major Frew, having been respectively nominated and elected to fill the vacancy, declined the tendered promotion; whereupon Col. J. B. Clark was unanimously elected Colonel of the Fifteenth.

A committee of the officers was appointed to wait upon Col. Clark, last evening, to notify him of his election.

The regiment, although accepted by Gen. Brooks for the emergency, has agreed to be mustered in for three months' service, under the Governor's proclamation, unless sooner discharged. There are now eight companies in the regiment, and several others desiring to be included in this popular city organization. The regiment is composed of our best citizens, and is officered by gentlemen of character. A limited number of men can be admitted into the Fifteenth, to fill up to the maximum the several companies, if application be made at once. The regiment is uniformed and fully equipped, and will be mustered in on Monday, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Good for Lawrence and Mercer Counties.

The Rev. Professor Vincent, of Westminster College, arrived in town yesterday morning with a company of three months' men from Wilmington township, Lawrence county. It is among the curious signs of the times, that there is not a deserter in this company, although there are plenty of that kidney in Wilmington! This circumstance gave rise to much unfavorable comment in the neighborhood, but the copperheads neither blushed nor repented. It is the intention to have at least five companies reported from Mercer county, a few days ago, very few, we are informed, were democrats. We understand that there are other companies coming from New Castle, Lawrence county, mainly composed.

Rev. Professors Mahard and Black, of Westminster College, and a Baptist clergyman, whose name we could not learn, are high privates in Capt. Vincent's company.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH AT THE THEATRE.—This morning at half past ten o'clock the popular drama of the "Forty Thieves," and "Nature and Philosophy" will be produced, and in the afternoon at two o'clock that never tiring drama of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." We have had it on our Pittsburgh Boards a number of times, and it never failed to draw full and fashionable audiences. In the evening there is a heavy bill offered, and we would advise those who would witness one of the most thrilling dramas ever produced here, not to fail and visit the Pittsburgh Theatre this evening, and see the performance of the "Octaroon." To conclude with the "Daughter of the Usna." Go early if you want to get good seats, as we expect to see a "jam."

A GRAND PIC-NIC AND CELEBRATION, in honor of the success of our arms, will be given at Glenwood Grove, this day, (July 4th.)

Admission, free. No improper persons will be admitted, and a police force has been engaged to preserve order. The cars will leave the Connellsville Depot at the usual time.

JOHN LUNDY.

NOTICE.—The Oakland Passenger Railway Company, owing to an obstruction on their track where the new tunnel of the Steubenville road is being built, will only be able to run their cars to High street, rear of the Court House. Persons going to camp, and others, will take notice.

THE POST OFFICE in Pittsburgh and Allegheny will be open this day between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning, and 5 and 6 o'clock in the evening. July 4th, 1863.

POSTPONED.—The Managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum have found it necessary to postpone, until further notice, the celebration advertised on the 4th inst.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. CRATONY, General Agent,
No. 18 Fifth street.

THOMAS PAREY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. apl5:6m

CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.—Sam'l Graham, merchant tailor, is selling off his Spring and Summer stock of goods at cost. They consist of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, of which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and at cost price. The public should not neglect to avail themselves of this rare chance and save money by giving him an early call.

Also, a large assortment of plain and fancy cassimeres, well adapted for boys' wear, which he will sell by the piece for below cost. Mothers should not neglect to call early.

SAM'L GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 Market street.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weler & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SUMMER CLOTHING.—Often times we are asked, where can we buy a neat and comfortable summer suit, made to order, thus having the chance of selecting our own goods? To all these inquiries we can answer, go to MESSRS. W. H. MOORE & CO., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny, and you will be suited according to your taste. They have just received their summer goods, and for elegance of styles they cannot be surpassed, and for fitness they are the very persons, as their work is all done under their own supervision. Give them a call, and you cannot fail to be satisfied.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, ARCHITECTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Oatsbert's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield street. All orders promptly attended to.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

DETAILS OF THE GETTYSBURG BATTLE.

THE FIGHT OF WEDNESDAY.

OUR TROOPS FORCED TO RETIRE.

&c., &c., &c.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, June 3, 1863.

BATTLE-FIELD, IN SIGHT OF GETTYSBURG, June 2, 1863.

Yesterday's battle here, instead of being only a very hotly contested heavy skirmish, as was understood at the time, at Taneytown, and as so stated in the New York dispatches from there, proves to have been really almost as hotly a contested fight, in proportion to the numbers engaged, as the war has yet furnished. A glance at the partial list of casualties as to officers, is sufficient to establish its severity. Practically, the fight was between the First Army Corps, on our side, and Ewell's rebel corps with two divisions of Hill's. Our troops advanced in the morning to Gettysburg, passed through the town, and had advanced nearly a mile on the other side, when they met the enemy in position. Meredith's brigade, of Wadsworth's division, wheeled instantly into line of battle on double quick, charged the enemy and routed them handsomely. They took one rebel regiment prisoners, and occupied their position.

The rebel prisoners taken were from Archer's brigade, and included Gen. Archer himself.

Doubleday's and Robinson's divisions then came up and completed our line. Heavy skirmishing ensued, until about three and a half P. M., when the rebels came up in heavy force. The bulk of their two corps attacked our single one. Here ensued the fight whose bitter severity the long lists of killed and wounded will so well attest. The first corps managed to hold its ground, however, till the eleventh corps got up and into position, but even then it soon became manifest that they were largely outnumbered. On our right the rebels pressed over till by sheer superiority they completely turned our flanks and by an enfilading fire forced the eleventh corps to break. They had partially redeemed themselves from their mishap at Chancellorville but were now forced to retire through the town, which they did in some disorder.

The rebels on our left now poured forward, completely outnumbering us, and finally forcing the First Corps, after both flanks were exposed, to retire through the town, which they did in good order, taking up exceedingly strong positions on the heights immediately south of the town in the Gettysburg country and the crests of hills on either side. There was no discouragement over the result. It was the inevitable consequence of the fact that the rebel advance nearly doubled the numbers of our own advance, and of course argues nothing as to the general result. We are now concentrated and ready for action.

It is believed that the main battle may begin this afternoon, but is more likely to be delayed till to-morrow. Lee's forces are not thought to be so well concentrated yet as ours. Heavy rebel forces are feeling both our flanks this morning, and sharp skirmishing is going on with occasional artillery practice.

The field is a pretty good one for fighting, the weather pleasant for the season, and an abundance of farm-houses at hand, which are being converted into hospitals, and the wounded are being well cared for.

Among other casualties of the day were Major General Reynolds, commanding the First Army Corps, who was shot through the head by a sharpshooter while on the extreme front, arranging the line of battle. General Paul, severely wounded in the leg—since dead. General Barlow, severely wounded and a prisoner. Gen. Schimmelfennig was captured.

In the 7th Wisconsin, partial lists now in already foot up 35 enlisted men killed and 97 wounded, with many more names yet to come in. In the 6th Wisconsin partial lists show 17 killed, 122 wounded, and 15 missing. In the 2d Wisconsin, partial lists show 18 privates killed and 123 wounded. In the 19th Indiana, 19 killed and 88 wounded. In the 26th Wisconsin, 16 killed and 144 wounded.

Dispatches have been received here from the Army of the Potomac up to last night.

It is announced that Generals Barlow and Schimmelfennig were both wounded and fell into the enemy's hands in the engagements of the day before yesterday. They, with Gens. Reynolds and Paul, killed, were the only Union general officers who met with casualties.

It is definitely stated, we hear, in dispatches referred to above, that the battle was fought on our part only by the First and Eleventh Army Corps, while the rebel force engaged against them were believed to embrace two-thirds of Lee's entire army.

At the end of the fight, after repulsing the rebels' last attack, General Meade shifted his position to the heights above Gettysburg, where he was awaiting the coming up of five other corps of his army, that had not participated in the engagement. In that position the enemy had declined to attack him up to last evening, by which time the balance of our troops had gotten up, and were daily in line. Lee was at that time concentrating all his troops near by, but ceased manifesting the purpose of renewing the attack, which, at 4:30 p. m., he seemed about to do.

It is judged here that Lee was not attacked yesterday because our troops as they came up, were necessarily too much fatigued to permit them wisely to be thrown into action against the satisfied enemy. From the tenor of the dispatches, it is believed here that if the enemy declined renewing the attack this morning, Gen. Meade would at once engage his whole line.

Reports from above, mention a rise in the Potomac sufficient to render all the fords below Cumberland, impassable for some days.

The Government has a dispatch from General Meade, dated three o'clock yesterday. No fighting worth mentioning had taken place. General Meade intimated that he should not of his own accord bring on a battle before to-day, one of his corps having just come up after a long and fatiguing march, and requiring rest.

It would seem that whatever fighting took place yesterday must have been brought on by the enemy.

General Meade says that his troops are in excellent spirits and eager for a fight and for a victory.

Of Wednesday's battle General Meade says that the enemy greatly outnumbered us in the field, but our men behaved admirably, and that the battle was one of the hardest actions since the war broke out. Our troops were finally obliged to relinquish the ground which they conquered in the early part of the day, and to take a position on the heights south and west of Gettysburg, while the rebels had succeeded in occupying. Most of the wounded are therefore of course in the enemy's hands, but we have taken so many prisoners that the account is fully balanced.

FROM GEN. GRANT.

Dispatches from Gen. Grant have been received of the date of the 27th of June. He had not been attacked in the rear, and did not expect to be. Matters were progressing favorably.

Mrs. Wise, wife of Henry A. Wise, has been recently in Washington and spent several days.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Count Zippelli, an officer of the King of Wertemberg's staff, who saw our cavalry fight at Aldie, says that they are much better than the rebel cavalry; that in no instance was there any skulking, and that Pleasanton handled his men admirably.

The farm of ex-Congressman McPherson, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, formed part of the battle field of Gettysburg.

The people here are wondering whether Moncure D' Conway will be tried on his return to this country, under the act of last session to prevent correspondence with the rebels. His correspondence with Mason is thought to bring him within it.

During the panic last Sunday night, the French Minister telegraphed for a vessel of war to take him away. It now lies in the Potomac.

Gen. Sigel who was here for twenty-four or thirty-six hours left this morning for Pennsylvania where he has been assigned a command under Gen. Couch. It is stated that ten citizens of Carlisle, Pa., whose names are known to the authorities, went to Gen. Jenkins when he was in possession of the town and begged him to parole them. Why, he asked—because we are unwilling to be drafted to fight the South with which we sympathize. If you like us the best, replied Jenkins, you shall fight with us, and a number of copperheads were thereupon put into Jenkin's ranks until they were cured of copperheadism. The clerks in the War Department, Quartermaster General's and Provost Marshal General's Office have organized themselves in companies and battalions for military service in and about Washington.

A HANDSOME DONATION.

Jay Cooke & Co. donated fifty thousand dollars yesterday, to the Pennsylvania relief association.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3, 1863.

Firing is still heard at Columbia, York and Bainbridge in the direction of Gettysburg, and it is believed that a battle is still raging between Meade's forces and Lee.

Pleasanton's cavalry is doing splendid service. The cavalry neglected by McClellan were a speciality of Burnside and Hooker, and their efforts to make it tell upon the enemy are now apparent in the work accomplished within the last week.

If Lee has not yet been driven back, his flank has ere this been turned by Sedgwick, who was yesterday afternoon moving in the direction of Middletown and Hedidsburg.

Telegraphic communication between Baltimore and Harrisburg has been re-established.

The militia have advanced from Harrisburg to Smokytown, six miles beyond Carlisle, while the army of the Potomac, as telegraphed yesterday, is in communication with the Department of the Susquehanna.

The railroad will be opened between Baltimore and York within a week, although Harrisburg is in suspense. Yet no danger need be apprehended, as if it had been Lee's intention to take it, he could have done so by flank movement through the Gaps and fords above Harrisburg last week, thus rendering fortifications useless on the opposite side of the Susquehanna. Nothing yet is known as to the result of the heavy firing last night and to-day. We believe that we have suffered heavy losses in officers and men, but that Lee has been so crippled as to place him on the defensive. One of Meade's couriers to Gen. Couch was killed by a dutch farmer yesterday, a short distance from York.

Two citizens of York have been arrested within our lines as spies.

The copperheads and peace men along the southern counties of the State are doing all they can to aid the rebels and mislead our officers and men. They aid the rebels more than the Marylanders did.

We learn that Gen. Ewell was Chief Engineer of the Northern Central Railroad when building, while Simon Cameron, ex-Secretary of War, was President of the Road. If that road is a specimen of his abilities, we need not fear Stanswell's successor, as it is acknowledged to be the worst engineered road in the United States, from cuts and embankments.

Owing to the present state of affairs all public celebrations of the 4th have been postponed here.

The *Press* has a special dated the 1st inst., from Hanover, and says that at ten this morning our forces opened on five thousand rebels, who made their appearance on the battlefield for the purpose of pillaging the dead. The rebels retreated hastily.

The fight thus far has been the severest of the war.

Gen. Stickles was wounded and had his right leg amputated. He is doing well.

A second dispatch has been received, stating that at 1 p. m. A desperate battle was raging. Heavy losses on both sides.

H. A. W.

Official Dispatches from Gen. Meade.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—An official dispatch was received this afternoon from Major General Meade, dated, Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, 11 p. m., July 2, which says: The enemy attacked me about four o'clock p. m., to-day, and after one of the severest contests of the war was repulsed at all points. We have suffered considerably in killed and wounded. Among the killed are Brig. Gens. Paul and Zook, and among the wounded Gens. Stickles, Barlow, Graham and Warren, slightly. We have taken a large number of prisoners.

A later dispatch has been received from Gen. Meade, dated 5 o'clock this morning, in which he says:

"The action commenced again at early daylight upon various parts of the line. The enemy thus far has made no impression upon my position, and accounts agree in placing their whole army here. Prisoners report that Longstreet's and A. P. Hill's forces were much injured yesterday, and had many general officers killed. Gen. Barksdale, of Mississippi, is dead; his body is within our lines. We have thus far about 1,500 prisoners, and a small number yet to be stated."

From Vicksburg.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The *News* has the following special:

VICKSBURG, *Wednesday, June 24.*—Up to yesterday, skirmishing has been going on along the whole line of our rear front, or rather that portion of it from Snyder's Bluff to the Big Black railroad crossing, there being every indication of a fight imminent. The rear front was put in order to resist an assault. The night before we lost a picket of 340 men, near Bear Creek, seven miles from Snyder's Bend.

On the same day the 4th Iowa cavalry was attacked by a superior force of rebel cavalry on the Bridgeport Ferry road. They were repulsed after a hard fight. Yesterday Ortenburg was attacked at Big Black, and a severe battle ensued. The rebels fought with great obstinacy and spirit and were repulsed with great slaughter. The guns of the Cincinnati have been removed by Gen. Steele and put in position in a land battery and was opened this morning.

The Battle near Gettysburg.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—Forney's *Press* of this morning, publishes the following special dispatch, dated July 2—midnight:

The list of casualties among the Pennsylvania troops are given as follows:—Eleventh army corps, Gen. Schimmelfennig wounded and a prisoner; Col. Hartung, 74th Pennsylvania, badly wounded in his left leg; Lieut. Col. Wetzel, 74th Pennsylvania, wounded and missing; Col. Weaver, 75th Pennsylvania, very seriously wounded; Lieut. Col. Fogelbach, 27th Pa., wounded and missing; Dr. Hackal, 27th, Pa., wounded; Capt. Howell, 153 Pa., wounded; Capt. Young, killed; Capt. Ricker, wounded, both of the 153d Pa.; Capt. Felton, 75th Pa., wounded slightly; Capt. Delamen and Lieut. Maule, of the 75th Pa., wounded; Lieut. Mahler, 7th Pa., wounded; Capt. Myer, 74th Pa., wounded; Lieut. Newmayer, 74th Pa., wounded; Lieut. Goldsmith, 74th Pa., missing; Brig. Gen. G. R. Paul is among the killed; Generals Wadsworth, Doubleday and Steinwehr, are reported wounded.

Our losses are enormously heavy, and the list of names now must be small. As yet we are in a region without railroads or telegraphs nearer than 30 or 40 miles, rendering the transmission of news very difficult. As to the rebels nothing definite as to their numerical strength is positively known, at least if known it is not stated. Some place their entire strength in Pennsylvania at 80,000, others as high as 125,000. The list of killed and wounded, given above, refers exclusively to the first day's fight.

Late dispatches state that firing was heard at Gettysburg until late last night, and that the battle was again renewed this morning.

NEW YORK, July 3.—A dispatch dated Headquarters Army of the Potomac, says the engagement on Wednesday was desperate and resulting, terminating at sundown. Longstreet was in command. This force is said to have comprised Hill's Corps. During the early part of the day our forces failed to make an impression on the rebels, when Gen. Sickles arrived, and, with reinforcements, turned the tide of battle. The result may be stated thus: We advanced rapidly, met the enemy in force, attacked them with corps, found them too strong, fell back until joined by the Eleventh Corps, renewed the attack, and regained our ground.

Generals Wadsworth, Barlow and Doubleday are reported wounded. General Baxter is reported killed. General Steinwehr was wounded. Our wounded are at Gettysburg, well taken care of.

Our forces at Gettysburg were largely reinforced on Wednesday night. Gen. Meade was in front superintending operations.

A special to the *Times*, dated "On the battle field of Thursday morning," says: No general engagement has yet taken place, though a great battle will be fought this p. m., or to-morrow. The enemy is in great force. Our troops are all up and well in hand.

The rebels occupy Pennsylvania College as a hospital. There has been skirmishing all the morning. Both parties are preparing for the great contest. Our troops are in splendid condition and fight like veterans.

Col. Honsbal was mortally wounded by a grenade while entering our end of the fort. Johnston's advance is said to be a few miles from our outer pickets, but only a show of the force reported. Nothing is more desirable than a rear attack, as everything is prepared.

Col. Stowe, 149th Pennsylvania, commanding a brigade, is badly wounded. Colonel Mahler, 75th Pennsylvania, is dangerously wounded.

HARRISBURG, July 3.—There is great excitement here to know the result of the battle fought yesterday and last night, between Meade's army and Lee's. Persons at Columbia and Bainbridge, in the neighborhood of York, heard distinctly the roar of artillery. At times it was rapid and heavy. At daylight this morning it was again renewed. The battle must have been in the neighborhood of Gettysburg.

Telegraphic communication has been re-opened with Baltimore by way of the Northern Central Railroad.

BALTIMORE, June 3.—A gentleman from Parkton, twenty-six miles from Baltimore, says cannonading was heard there yesterday until nine o'clock last night. The cannonading was very heavy, and was resumed again at daylight this morning with great fury. It is positively known, however, that there was no engagement at Gettysburg, up to 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

A Decisive Battle Supposed to have been Fought.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—A special to the *Bulletin* says nothing is known as to the results, but the impression prevails that the great and decisive battle of the campaign has been fought in the neighborhood of Cashtown, between Gettysburg and Chambersburg.

It is believed we have suffered heavy losses in officers and men, but Lee is so crippled as to be placed on the defensive.

Saturday or Gen. Meade assumed the offensive. The day before Lee attacked Meade and was repulsed with heavy loss.

Lee holds a gap in South Mountain, near Chambersburg, through which he expects to send out Stuart.

A guard stationed at Bridge No. 84, on the Northern Central Railroad, heard firing in that direction, like that of flying artillery. Hence it is believed that Pleasanton is at work with his dashing cavalry, fighting for possession of the gap.

From Gen. Grant's Army.

MEMPHIS, July 1.—Official advices from Gen. Grant's army to the 28th, says that the Vicksburg garrison is very active, and is making a desperate resistance to the progress of the seige, with the hope that relief will soon reach them.

Additional reinforcements are said to be on the way from Bragg to Johnson, and the latter is perfecting his arrangements to attack Grant's rear.

Marmaduke, Price, and Kirby Smith, are combining to get on some point of the bank of the Mississippi; probably an attempt will be made to capture Milliken's Bend and stop navigation.

Everything is quiet in this section.

Gen. Hurlbut is vigilant in watching closely all the movements of the enemy in the country adjacent to the south of his lines.

The weather is extremely hot.

Latest from Vicksburg.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The *Republicans* of this afternoon says, the Government has a dispatch dated Vicksburg, June 27th, stating that the siege was progressing finely. No mention is made of the rebels in Gen. Grant's rear.

The Reported Fall of Vicksburg.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—It is ascertained that the workmen at the Navy Yard were deceived this morning by a false report of the capture of Vicksburg.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Flour quiet and very firm; $4.75@4.85 for extra State and $6.15@6.15 for Ohio. Wheat firm at $1.30@1.35 for Spring, $1.34@1.43 for Mil Club and $1.40@1.51 for Winter Red. Corn dull and lower at 73½@74. Oats steady at 75@75½. Pork quiet. Lard steady. Whisky quiet at 45@46.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Flour is very dull, heavy and inactive. Oats moderate at 71@70½; small parcels of choice at 77. Wool is firm with good demand. Pork opened quiet and closed firmer at $11,75@$11,87½ for Old Mess, and $13,50 for New do., closing with buyers at $13,62½. Bacon on all sides dull and nominal. Lard opened steady at 9¾@10½, the latter an extreme price. Money is steady at 6@7, sterling, and dull at $1,58@$1,58½. First class bills. Gold is lower at $1,44½, declining to $1,43¾ and closing quiet at $1,43¾@$1,44¾. Government stocks steady. U. S. 6's at 81; coupons at $1,05@$1,06.

THEATRE.—LAST NIGHT OF THE SEASON.—The Prince of Comic Actors, J. O. Sefton, presents the "Colleen Bawn," and Blanche of Brandywine, for his benefit Monday evening, July the 6th. Won't it be a great night? 2t

OMNIBUS and CARRIAGE CLERK will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 605 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid for. 6m

MARRIED:

MORROW—REED.—On Thursday, July 2d, by Rev. J. G. Brown, R. S. MORROW and Miss ANNIE E. REED. No cards.

PUMPS!

BRASS FORCE PUMPS,
ANTI-FREEZING PUMPS,
IRON WELL PUMPS,
LARD PUMPS,
ENGINE WELL PUMPS,
YARD WELL PUMPS,
FEED PUMPS,
ALKALI PUMPS,
RAILROAD FORCE PUMPS,
ENGINE FORCE PUMPS,
LIQUID MANURE PUMPS,
LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS,

And many other PUMPS manufactured by Cowing & Co., Seneca Falls, N. Y., such as OUT-DOOR PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns, which can be used with any kind of pipe.

For sale by BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
my13 No. 129 Fourth street.

NOTICE.—I am still selling

SURRETT'S PREPARATIONS,
COCOAINE,
KALLISTON,
FLORIMEL,
TOOTH WASH, and
FLAVORING EXTRACTS

At old prices; and articles such as BORRHAVE'S BITTERS at something like half their former prices.

SIMON JOHNSTON,
j18 Corner Fourth and Smithfield streets.

BUTCHER'S

LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER

Supplies a want felt by every good housekeeper. Every sheet will kill a quart where flies are thick. Remember that it is BUTCHER'S that does this, and refuse the base imitations that are offered. The real article is for sale by all reputable Druggists.

B. A. FAHNESTOCKS, SON & CO.,
corner of First and Wood streets,
Pittsburgh.

J. & M. M'FARREN, BRASS FOUNDERS, & GAS AND STEAM FITTERS.—Particular attention paid to the fitting up and repairing of OIL REFINERIES. All kinds of BRASS AND IRON COCKS made to order. Also, BRASS CASTINGS, of all kinds, made at the shortest notice.

All orders left at Nos. 81 & 84 WATER STREET, near Liberty, will be promptly attended to.

☞ The members of this firm being practical mechanics, of many years' experience in their business, will insure to give satisfaction in every respect.
da:1y

R. M'COLLISTER. CHAS. C. BAER.

M'COLLISTER & BAER,

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS.

No. 108 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Keep constantly on hand a large variety of Pipes and Smoking Tobacco. my9:1y

FOR LIVERPOOL, (LOADING AT RAILROAD DOCK.)—The fine British Ship PEATHERSHIRE, now loading at Grafila's Wharf, will sail on 15TH JULY. Any freight shipped by this line from Pittsburgh will be forwarded free of commission, and if consigned to my friends in Liverpool, liberal cash advance made.

For freight apply to the undersigned.

CHAS. A. BERRY,
jy24:2w 63 South Gay st., Baltimore, Md.

SOLDIERS' BONDS WANTED,

AT

A. McTIGHE'S BANKING HOUSE,

my13:1y No. 112 FIFTH STREET.

FISH—Of all kinds.

Mackerel, medium and large, in bbls. & halves;
Baltimore Herring;
Lake White Fish and Herring, in bbls. & h'lves;
50 bags prime Coffee;
100 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
50 do Syrup;
25 hhds. Sugar;
50 boxes prime Cheese.

For sale by EDW'D HRAEHLTON, & Co.
my23 13 Diamond.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

(Late of the firm of W. H. Williams & Co.,)

BANKERS,

No. 75 Fourth St., next door to the Mechanics' Bank.

DEALERS IN

GOLD, SILVER, BANK NOTES, EXCHANGES,
AND ALL CLASSES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

ap6:3m

EYES AND EAR.—DR. BAELZ pays particular attention to the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES, the EYE and EAR; operates on CATARACT, SQUINT EYES, by ARTIFICIAL PUPIL, inserts ARTIFICIAL EYES, and treats all INFLAMMATORY EYES; also HARD HEARING, and all diseases affecting the Ear and Head in a Scientific Manner.

☞ Office, 333 PENN STREET. my30:1y

A NEW NOVEL.

"LOST AND SAVED."

By Hon. Mrs. Norton, authoress of "Stuart of Dunleath." Just published.

For sale by KAY & CO., 65 Wood street.

WM. A. WARD,

DENTIST,

Has removed his office to the CORNER OF HAND AND ATWATT STREETS, above Rembaer's Store, entrance on Liberty street.

☞ Office hours from 9 a. m. till 3 p. m.
jy17:6t

M'COLLISTER & BAER,

108 WOOD STREET, four doors from FIFTH,

Have now in store the largest and most complete assortment of

SEGARS

in the city, which will be sold at the very lowest cash figures. Call and examine them. jy4

MR. A. H. ENGLISH respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, that he has been appointed sole agent for the Messrs. Fox & Son's original CEMENT ANTI-CORROSIVE PUMPS. They are recommended by the largest houses in the city, among which are

GRAHY, BENNETT & CO., Citizen & Co.,
HOOKHAM & CO., IRON CITY TRUST CO.,
RUS, PALMER & CO., and others.

jan16:1y

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

150,000 lbs. Mitchell & Ladd's Cincinnati
50,000 lbs. do do plain Hams;
100,000 lbs. Shoulders;
20,000 lbs. Sides;
100 bbls. Extra Family Flour;

In store and for sale at

COOK, PETTIT & CO.'S,
ap4 No. 12 Smithfield street.

SHINGLES AND BARRELS.

100,000 No. 1 Split Shingles;
100 new Flour Barrels;
60 " Molasses do; would suit for Cheese
50,000 feet White Oak, hxt, hxt;

On hand and for sale by

E. MIDDLE,
my11 No. 128 Liberty street.

ROGERS' CITRATE MAGNESIA is productive of the best results in Sick Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, Heartburn, and all complaints arising from Acidity.

For s