LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From Yesterday's Second Edition.

Meeting in Allegheny.

A meeting of the citizens of Allegheny convened at the Market House this morning, Mayor Alexander presiding, and H. E. Davis acting as Secretary. The presiding officer stated that the object of the meeting was to try and have an understanding between the merchants and manufacturers, in relation to opening and closing places of business. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That our merchants and manufacturers be requested to close to-day, and that a meeting be held here this evening at 7 o'clock.

Resolved That all persons present be requested to go to work on the fortifications to-day.

Resolved, That a committee of two from each Ward be appointed to call on all our merchants and manufacturers, and request them to suspend business entirely until the fortifications are completed.

The following named gentlemen constitute the committee: First Ward, John X. Scott and Robert White; Second Ward, Wm. Chambers and Col. Wm. Dill; Third Ward, Wm. Boyd and Benjamin Patterson; Fourth Ward, Wm. Drennan and Richard Magraw.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the same place this evening at 7 o'clock.

"A Tempest in a Teapot."

Some excitement was created in Allegheny, on Monday evening, during the parade of Capt. Eberhart's cavalry company. It appears that Mr. Adam Neuman had loaned three or four horses to parties who wished to join in the parade, with the understanding that they were to be returned in two hours, as he wished to employ them next day on the fortifications. The horses were kept out till nine o'clock at night, and when the man were returning Mr. Neuman seized one or two of them, and attempted to pull the riders off. This raised quite an excitement, and ended in an information against Neuman for disorderly conduct. The case came before Mayor Alexander on Tuesday evening, and after a hearing Mr. Neuman was fined five dollars. The parties who had borrowed the horses volunteered to pay the fine, whereupon it was remitted by the Mayor, and the matter ended upon payment of costs.

Bank Note Quotations;

Corrected especially for the *Gazette* by Messrs. Feld & Lare, of the *National Bank Note Reporter*. Rates uncertain at present:

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1863.

	Discount.		Discount.
New England States	¾	Virginia, interior	—
New-York State	¾	North Carolina	—
New-York City	par	South Carolina	—
New Jersey	¾	Georgia	—
Penna. Phila	par	Alabama	—
" Pittsburgh	par	Louisiana	—
Dist. of Pitsb'gh, Penn	43	Kentucky	par
Pit'g Ft. Wayne & Chi. R'd	par	Tennessee	—
Pit'g & Connellsv. R'd	25	Ohio	par
Monongahela Bank, Brownsville, Penna.	25	Indiana, free	2
Pa. Country Banks	par	Indiana, b'k state	par
Delaware	1½	Illinois	1½@2
Dist. of Columbia	¾	Wisconsin	1½@2
Maryland, Baltimore	par	Iowa	1
Maryland, Interior	—	Michigan	par
Virginia: Wheeling	1½	Missouri	2@30
Wheeling branches	1½	Canada	prem. 25

EXCHANGE—Selling rates on New-York and Philadelphia ¼ @ cent. over bank funds.

GOLD—Gold, buying rates 42@45, and Silver at 28 over bankable funds.

City Mortality.

The number of deaths in this city, from June 21st to June 29th, as reported by Dr. A. G. McCandless, physician to the Board of Health, is as follows:

Males..... 7 | White....18 | Total..... 19
Females.....12 | Colored.. 1 |

Diseases—Debility, 5; inflammatory rheumatism, 1; typhoid fever, 1; inflammation of the bowels, 1; phthisis, 1; measels, 1; syphilis, 1; jaundice, 1; congestion of the brain, 1; congestion of the lungs, 2; cholera infantum, 4; scarlet fever, 1; Tumor on the brain, 1; bilious fever, 1; cancrum oris, 1.

Of the above there were: Adults, 5; Children, 12.

NINTH WARD SCHOOLS.—On Monday evening, the School Board of the Ninth Ward elected the following as teachers for the ensuing year:

Principal—J. N. Forter.
Grammar Department—Miss E. Martin, Miss A. Martin.
Medium Department—Miss Hamilton, Miss Paisley, Miss Scott, Miss Magley.
Primary Department—Miss Brown, Miss Lewis, Miss Dawson, Miss Cromlish, Miss Armstrong, Miss Hamilton.
Janitor—David Wallaker.

ALMOST DROWNED.—A little boy about four years old, son of Mr. John Haslett, river pilot, fell into a gully on the south side of North Common, near Beaver street, Allegheny, on Monday evening about five o'clock, and came near being drowned, the rain having caused the accumulation of water at the place to the depth of three or four feet. He was taken out by some boys who happened in the vicinity, and carried home in an insensible state. He recovered under the application of proper restoratives.

PRESENT TO PROF. NEWELL.—On Tuesday evening, Professor J. R. Newell, Principal of the Fourth Ward schools, was presented with an elegant silver tea set, by the members of his Bible class, connected with Dr. Sproull's church. The presentation took place in the church, and the occasion which suggested the testimonial was his removal from the city. The inscription is as follows: "Presented to Prof. James R. Newell, by the members of his Bible class, as a token of their esteem."

MARRIED HIM OUT.—A few days ago we noticed—the commitment of Louis Campbell, charged on oath of Catherine Long with three distinct offenses, of a very grave character. Catharine, after due reflection and gratification, concluded to drive all her troubles and those of her "gay deceiver" in the sea of matrimony; Alderman Nicholson performed the ceremony at the jail, and he'll know to all mankind that Louis Campbell and Catharine Long, colored, are one.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.—The Board of Missions to the Freedmen of the South," in connection with the United Presbyterian Church, will meet for the purpose of organizing, in the Second U. P. Church, Allegheny, on the 1st inst. The following persons compose the Board: Revs. Professor Geo. C. Vincent, J. B. Clark, Charles Dickey, J. W. Bain, J. G. Barnes and W. J. Reid, Messrs. John Dean, James Robb, and James Mitchell.

INDEPENDENT SCOUTS.—Col. C. C. Carpenter, Chief of the Jessie Scouts, accompanied by Lieut. Scott, arrived in this city last evening, from Kansas, and offers his services to the State of Pennsylvania, with his old scouts. His company is independent, and he desires to enlist a few more men to fill up the ranks. Here is a fine chance for active, exciting and efficient service.

RIOT.—Two boys named John Koehlin, jr., and John Watt, have been committed to jail by Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, charged with riot, on oath of J. W. Barker. They, in company with others not yet arrested, are accused of having raised a serious disturbance at the fortifications on Mount Washington. They will have a further hearing on Friday.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.—The Board of Trustees of Westminster College have appointed the following persons to attend the National Council in this city on the 4th inst., for the purpose of considering the subject of amending the Constitution: Revs. D. H. A. McLean, D.D., J. G. Barnes, Jas. Mitchell, and Professor Vincent.

HORSE THIEF ARRESTED.—A horse was recently stolen from Samuel Brubaker, of Connellsville, Ohio, the thief heading towards this city. He was arrested in the vicinity of Beaver, on Tuesday night, and committed to jail.

ATTEMPTED RAPE.—Bernard Ward has been committed to jail by Alderman Nicholson to answer a charge of assault and battery with criminal intent. The information is made by Susan Campbell.

TWO men under the command of Mr. Chas. Forbender, who were engaged on the entrenchments on Saturday, desire to return their thanks for the many favors received at his hands.

WANDERED AWAY.—George Oxley, an old and respectable citizen, left his home on Pike street, Fifth Ward, Monday morn, since which time no tidings have been had of him.

Death of Another Old and Worthy Citizen

In the Pittsburgh *Gazette*, bearing the date "Tuesday, May 19, 1808," is this notice: "Died, on Thursday last, Mr. John Irwin, in the 56th year of his age. Mr. Irwin was a free and zealous supporter of the principles of the American Revolution—he entered the army at its earliest period, served under Gen. Montgomery at the siege of Quebec, and continued in it until his country became a free and independent nation. He was esteemed as a brave, enterprising and intelligent officer, and for his services, in more than one instance, received the approbation of General Washington."

On last Friday evening, the 26th ult., the columns of the same paper contained the announcement of the death of his son, which had taken place that morning at his late residence in Sewickley. The late Mr. John Irwin would have been 76 years old if he had lived until the 18th of July. But until within a few weeks ago he was actively and vigorously engaged in business.

The departure of a citizen known to so many of your readers, and who had lived so long and so well among us, is worthy of more than a passing notice. His whole life was spent in this community, and his name and his face were familiar to the whole people for more than half a century. And with him are connected the associations of a generation now well-nigh passed away.

Born two months before the adoption of the Constitution of the United States, he lived to see the population of this country increased from less than 4,000,000 to more than 31,000,000; and he also lived to see the blood of his own descendants shed in defense of those liberties for which his father had fought for seven long and eventful years. At his birth, in 1787, what is now Pittsburgh was then an inconsiderable village; but during his lifetime it has become a large, wealthy and powerful city. And with its growth, and in all its vicissitudes, whether prosperous or adverse, he was an active participant. From early manhood his name has been connected with its monetary, commercial, benevolent and religious enterprises.

As a business man he was distinguished for promptness and integrity. And after a long and busy life he has gone down to the grave without a single blot or stain upon his character. In his intercourse with others, he was noted for that genuine politeness which constituted as marked a feature in the gentleman of that noble "Old School," of which he was one. In his friendships he was sincere and ardent; while his intelligence and versatility made him welcome to every household and every circle.

To throw open the sanctuary of his home is not permitted us; this is too sacred for the public gaze. But in it he was one of the most agreeable and delightful of men. Here he was all that the husband and father should be. But all these virtues were crowned with humble and earnest christian faith. He made a profession of faith in Christ at the time of the organization of the First Presbyterian Church in Allegheny city, more than thirty years ago, under the preaching of the late Rev. Joseph Stockton, and the Rev. Mr. Joyce.

But his religious character was mostly deepened and matured under the fervent administrations of the Rev. Job F. Halsey, now of Norristown, Pa., who became pastor of that church. Mr. Halsey was succeeded by the now venerable Rev. R. F. Swift, D. D., to whom Mr. Irwin was warmly attached. To every good work he gave his hand, his heart, and his prayers—and as might be expected, when his end drew nigh, he had little to do, except to draw his garments around him and lie down to die, calmly breathing out his spirit to God who gave it. To his own children and relatives his memory will be always precious, and by the church and the community, he will be long held in remembrance. In all the relations of life he was an example worthy of imitation by all who would be respected and loved while they live, and be happy in death. "The memory of the just is blessed."

A FRIEND.

In Memoriam.—Col. W. S Kirkwood.

Died, on the 25th ult., at Alexandria, Va., of wounds received at the battle of Chancellorville, Col. W. S. Kirkwood, of the 63d regiment Pa. Vols.

This sad event did not fall upon his friends with the suddenness of a surprise, because during his long suffering from a painful wound they had been taught to expect it, though hoping against hope. Death, the pale messenger, has beckoned him silently away, and the spirit which kindled so much courageous enthusiasm, which awakened so many warm sympathies, has ascended to the abode of eternal repose. The kind and encouraging voice that cheered the war-worn soldiers on the long and fatiguing march, is now forever silent, and the brilliant eye that flashed so sternly amid the sulphurous cloud of battle, is now closed in death.

Col. Kirkwood leaves behind him a record of imperishable honor. In obedience to the call of his country he left his home and friends, and entered the service in August, 1861 as Captain of Company B, 63d Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, and with it participated in all the hard fought battles of the Peninsula. On every field, his daring courage and fearless example shone resplendent, and inspired his soldiers to lofty deeds. In a long list of battles, beginning at Williamsburg and ending at Chancellorsville, he won for himself a name that his old comrades in arms will long revere. By his gallant conduct he soon rose to the position of Major, and whilst in this capacity at Bull Run, August 30th, 1862, he received a severe and painful wound, which unfitted him for service for a short period. Before he had entirely recovered he returned to his regiment, and was soon after promoted to Lieutenant Colonel, which position he occupied at Chancellorsville, when he received the fatal wound. After the wound was received he was commissioned a Colonel.

During this battle he participated in all the gallant charges of his veteran regiment, and contributed greatly to the imperishable honors won by Kearney's old division on that fatal field. His voice rang clear and loud above the din of battle, and his manly form was ever seen in the hottest deadly breach." After he had received his first wound here, which was very painful and dangerous, he stoutly refused to leave the field, and continued to cheer on his men until a second wound, a shot through the breast, struck him down. Reluctantly he was borne from the field. Alas, gallant spirit, that was thy last battle; thy sacrifice is completed only with thy life; and upon the altar of his country it was calmly and willingly laid.

Col. Kirkwood was a man of a most noble, frank and generous nature; he was as tender-hearted as a little child. Whilst stretched upon his bed of anguish and suffering, some one informed him of the death of Adjutant McGranahan, who died of wounds received in the same battle. "Poor Billy," he exclaimed, and sobbed as though his great heart would break. The stern warrior had the tenderness of a woman. His qualities, moral and mental, were written in such firm and vivid characters in his life, that none could fail to perceive their significance and appreciate their value. He was a pure patriot, an officer well skilled in the art of handling troops in the field, and strong to encounter and overcome adverse fortune, by indomitable courage and unwavering constancy.

Death in the battle is not death;
Deep, deep may seem the mortal groan,
Yet sweeter than an infant's breath
Is Honor's on that field alone. S. S.

The Jews and the War.

I was somewhat surprised on reading our city papers on Friday morning last, to find a telegraphic announcement to the effect that the "Jews and Traders, of Harrisburg, were packing up and ready for removal in case of an attack." Now, sir, I would respectfully ask whether the word "Traders" does not include the Jews, and such being admitted as a fact, the question arises, what is the reason that a people who are loyal should be known and signified by the creed they profess. If they are justified in qualifying some citizens by their belief, why not do so to all; why not Christian traders? Or why qualify the word "traders" with any adjective? The reason, sir, I fear, is too plain. It is calculated to cast a stigma on the name of a people whose loyalty is unimpeached. It is intended as a means by which prejudice seeks to slander those professing the Jewish faith. Can it be possible that man is the suggestant of the Government as telegraphers, have never read the Constitution of that Nation in whose service they are? Or can it be that having read it they are too ignorant to understand the broad foundation of religious equality on which this government is based? At any other time such a public display of hatred to a sect would be a violation of the spirit of the Constitution. How much more so is it now, in time of danger, when the people who are insulted—the Jews—are yielding every influence they possess, both pecuniary and moral, in connection with other citizens. How does their magnify itself when these very Jews are united on one common ground—fighting for one common interest—the protection of this glorious Government.

As there is no rule without an exception, it therefore becomes a matter of no difficulty to discern, now and then, a Jew who sympathizes with the South; but is it christian-like, is it honest, is it impartial, to brand a race because of an individual? When the Jew happens to see or hear of a secessionist who happens to be of the Christian faith, he by no means looks upon all Christians as traitors. Such accusations are antagonistic to the spirit of the New Testament which says, "Give no offence, neither to the Jews nor to the Gentiles, nor to the church of God." Altho' I am aware of the prejudice of the operator who framed the aforementioned dispatch, yet I write this to vindicate the Jewish name from that want of loyalty assigned to it by the blind votaries of prejudice.

When a Jew as a citizen shall be found violating the allegiance he owes to his country, or in any way retarding the Union cause, then Mr. Editor, I shall be the first one to raise my voice in favor of publishing such offender; but, until then, and as long as I see the Jews of all professions, from the common mechanic to the Minister, pick axe in hand digging intrenchments along side of the christians, when I read the Jews' donations side by side with that of the christians, when I witness the moral influence each Jew aims to diffuse, I cannot refrain from showing to the public the mean, untrue and lying assertions scattered throughout the country, by an operator whose mind happens to be prejudiced toward the Jew. Assuring you that at all times we are ready to exert every energy we possess towards the preservation of this heaven blessed nation, to which we owe so much, and towards which the poor down-trodden subjects of tyranny look with joyful hope,

I am respectfully yours,
A LOYAL JEW

Explanation.

Editors Gazette—I have been furnished with an extract from your paper of the 13th of June. This extract is as follows:

"The difficulty in Sealkote Presbytery was finally adjusted, and Mr. Hill, after proper acknowledgments, was declared in good standing in the Church."

This statement, it is thought, is calculated to convey an erroneous idea, as it would seem to imply that the Rev. R. A. Hill was required by the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church to make a *confession of sin*; the term "acknowledgments" being generally used in that sense in judicial cases. It is due to Mr. Hill to say that he made no such acknowledgments. He was required by the Assembly to withdraw what was called a declinatore of the authority of the Presbytery. This he did, but at the same time stated to the Assembly that he did not regard the offering of that declinatore as a sinful act on his part. He was also required to acquiesce in a declaration of a preceding Assembly, according to which he was to "declare his willingness to submit to the authority of Presbytery, and declare his resolution to abide by our professed principles on the subjects that have occasioned these troubles, and to study the things that make for peace.

This statement is made by one who has had every opportunity of knowing the facts in the case. J. T. C.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29, 1863.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

IMPORTANT FROM HARRISBURG.

THE REBELS REPORTED FALLING BACK.

Private Property Respected in Carlisle.

CARLISLE BARRACKS SUPPOSED TO BE BLOWN UP.

Meade Believed to have Retaken Hanover Junction.

LEE CONCENTRATING FOR A BATTLE.

Anticipated Movement Against Philadelphia.

HARRISBURG, June 30.—The rebels are reported to be falling back towards Chambersburg.

The rebels respected all private property in Carlisle, except the shoe and drug stores. The goods they took from the shoe and drug stores they paid for in gold, silver and greenbacks.

The rebel officers were quartered in the barracks. They stated before they left that they did not intend blowing up the barracks now, as they were going to return shortly; but this morning about three o'clock there was a loud explosion heard in the direction of the barracks, and it is supposed they blew it up.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The *Herald* has the following:

COLUMBIA, VIA LANCASTER, Jan. 30, 1863.

Reliable information has been received that the enemy are falling back along the entire line. The city of York was evacuated last night or early this morning.

Gen. Early is reported to have command of a vast amount of money; and Stone's deserters, from the rebel army, say that the rebels are concentrating for a great battle with Meade, but this is not believed by those in official stations.

It is reported here that a large rebel force is opposite Marshall's Ferry. Deserters, from York, say that they heard this spoken of by some of Early's officers. This is the movement against Philadelphia.

It is believed that Meade has retaken Hanover Junction.

All along the line of the Susquehanna, above and below here, pickets are stationed in sufficient force to prevent a crossing.

It is hoped that Longstreet's pontoon train accompanies his troops to McCall's Ferry.

Mail Dispatches to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, June 30—12 M.—The following is from good authority:

The enemy, probably 5,000 strong, under Early, have left York for Carlisle, which place they are strengthening. From Carlisle it is expected they will move on Harrisburg.

Men who have resided here have been arrested in the act of taking the depth of the river several miles below. They will be at once tried by court martial, and if found guilty, will meet their deserts.

Everything is quiet.

The people are responding handsomely to the call of the Governor. It is understood that the difficulties which prevented Philadelphia from sending her quota have been removed, and she will fulfill the requisition at once. Her troops now here have been mustered in, and are fast becoming proficient in drill. They will prepare themselves for the field in less time than any other set of men since the rebellion.

The following is the war bulletin of this morning:

Quite a brilliant engagement took place yesterday, near McConnellsburg, between Col. Pierce and a part of Imboden's cavalry. The enemy were driven through and out of the town. They lost 8 killed, and 23 prisoners; among the latter were Captain and a Lieutenant. We had two men wounded.

The rebels (6,000) under Early have left York, and are moving towards Carlisle.

It appears now that Early and Ewell are concentrating in front of Harrisburg, while Lee is withdrawing his front down the valley to get in position to await Meade, probably. The War Department will assign the positions of all general officers, and the Governor all regimental officers.

No threats are made to cross the river.

The Alleged Cause of Hooker's Removal—Order of Gen. Hooker to Evacuate Harper's Ferry—The Order Countermanded and Hooker Removed.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The *Herald* has the following:

Maryland Heights, June 28.—We were visited here yesterday by Gen. Hooker, accompanied by Brigadier General Warren. The object of the visit was to inquire into the propriety of evacuating the Heights. He sent Col. Reynolds, our able General, and asked him what the object was in holding the Heights. Col. Reynolds replied that he had often asked the same question, and never got a satisfactory answer. Hooker then issued an order that the place should be evacuated by seven o'clock next morning, and that such guns as could not be taken away should be destroyed, and the stores removed.

Immediately after he informed Gen. Halleck of what he had done, whereupon he received a dispatch countermanding the order, and saying the fortifications had cost too much to be given up, unless under the most urgent necessity. He considered Harper's Ferry to be the key to the present and future operations of the army of the Potomac.

Hooker's comment upon this was natural enough. What is the use of holding the key after the door is smashed. While on his way back from here he received an order from Washington removing him from the command and placing Gen. Meade in his stead.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

MOVEMENTS OF PITTSBUGH LEE'S CAVALR.

Pleasonton's Cavalry in Pursuit.

HEADQUARTERS OF ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, June 30.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was repaired last night. The bridge over Pine run is restored, and the train which left this morning for Frederick and Harper's Ferry has gone through without interruption. The telegraph was repaired half an hour after the rebels disappeared, and in a few hours the bridge track was laid and the rails replaced.

The rebel cavalry which yesterday attacked a company of the 1st Delaware at Westminster, and drove them towards this city, was doubtless the advance guard of Pitzhugh Lee's cavalry, leading the way across the country through Baltimore county to enable them to join the main rebel army, in the vicinity of York and Gettysburg.

Signal rockets twenty miles out announced a movement, in the neighborhood of Westminster, of a large cavalry force, undoubtedly Pitzhugh Lee's cavalry, which crossed the Potomac on Sunday. It is hoped they were intercepted by Pleasanton's cavalry, which was sent in pursuit.

Rebel Reports from Vicksburg and Port Hudson.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The Richmond *Enquirer* contains the following:

Jackson, June 25th.—A special to the *Mississippian*, dated Grenada, June 24th, announced the arrival there of 83 prisoners taken by Chalmers.

Gen. Taylor had a skirmish with a small force of the enemy at Richmond, La., on the 17th.

Firing at Vicksburg continues far heavier than they have been.

Col. Lyons, commanding the cavalry outside of Port Hudson, attacked Grierson, in the rear of Banks' army, yesterday, capturing 50 prisoners and 57 wagons and teams, and putting the remainder of the Yankees to flight.

Orphe, June 24th, via Mobile, June 25th.—Very heavy firing was heard last night at Port Hudson.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 1, 1863.

The general market continues quiet and dull, the transactions being limited, and altogether of a local character. We are in hopes, however, as the excitement is again gradually subsiding, that business will soon imp ove, and that trade will resume its regular channel. As to quotations are concerned, there has been no change worth observing.

There is little or nothing doing in money matters. Gold, according to our last advices, ranged from 145 to 146 in New York, while here, our bankers do not deal like paying over 140@141, for Gold and old Demand Notes, and 128@130 for Silver. Eastern Exchange is steady at par buying, and ¼ per cent premium selling.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull and nominal, with small sales at 5¾@5¾c for Shoulders; 6¼@7½c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 8¾@8¾c for Plain Hams, and 11@11½c for Sugar Cured. Lard is quiet with an occasional small sale of City at 10½c.

FLOUR—is steady with a fair local demand at former quotations. Sale of 100 bbls Extra Family from store at $6,50@6,55, and 120 do do at from $6,25 to $6,60.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and drooping; Red from first hands may be quoted at $1,15. Corn is selling from depot at 73 to 75c, as to quality. Sale of 400 bush Oats from store at 72c.

GROCERIES—Sugar is firm at from 12 to 12½c for common to choice grades of N.O. Coffee is quiet with small sales at from 32 to 34c for common to prime Rio. Molasses remain unchanged at 55@60c.

POTATOES—steady but unchanged. Sales of 500 bush "Peach Blows" at 65c per bush; 200 bbls Buckeyes at $1,40 per bbl, and 100 bbls Mixed at $1,75 per bbl.

CHEESE—is firm and in good demand, with sales of 120 bxs W R at 10c, and 80 bxs prime do at 10½c.

BUTTER & EGGS—Butter is dull with small sales of Roll at 13@14c. Sale of 6 bbls Fresh at 13c.

Pittsburgh Oil Market.

JULY 1—The market for both Crude and Refined Petroleum is somewhat excited and firm, and with an improved demand and a very light supply prices are gradually advancing. Crude has advanced ¾ cent per gallon, and may be quoted firm at 17c, package returned, and 22@22½c, packages included. Sale 60 and 72 bbls on the spot at 17c; 100 bbls to arrive at 17c, and 100 bbls heavy, on the spot at 22c, package included.

There is considerable inquiry for Refined, both for present and future delivery, but there is little or none offering—in fact there is but little to offer, as the market is, comparatively speaking, almost bare. Good brands of Refined for July delivery, could be sold readily at 45c, while holders generally are asking from 40 to 47c. Refined, free, is firm, and in the absence of sales we quote at from 58 to 60c for ordinary to prime brands. No sales of Benzine reported.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

JUNE 29—1720 fat cattle were offered for sale at Philadelphia Avenue Drove Yard yesterday, a decrease of 91 head from the supply last week. The market was dull, and would have been very inactive but for a fair demand from Baltimore for Government stock. Prices ranged from 5 to 12½c per lb, mostly from 9c upwards. 800 cows found buyers at $20 to $75 for springers, and $25 to $45 for cows and calves. 4700 sheep were disposed of at 5 to 7½c per lb gross. 650 hogs sold at $7 to $8,25 per cwt net.

At Henry Glass' Union Hog Yard, the sale of 1570 hogs netted from $7,50 to $8,25 per cwt.

Toledo Market.

JUNE 29—Our market was without much animation early in the day, and but a limited amount of grain changed hands. Since the receipt of the New York report, announcing an advance in Flour, Wheat and Gold, holders here are very firm in their views. Flour—Sales 100 bbls XX from Red Wheat, at $5,50. Wheat—Sales, before report, 1,100 bush No 2 Red at 124½c; 1,500 bush do do at same; 1,000 bush do at 124¾c; 4,000 bush amber Michigan at 125c. Corn—Sales, all before the New York report—330 bush and 700 bush rejected at 51c; 1,000 bush No 1 at 54½c. Oats—Sales 500 bush and 700 bush at 61c. Rye—No sales. —Blade.

Chicago Market.

JUNE 29—The news from New York imparted more firmness to the markets for Corn and Wheat to-day, and prices advanced ½@¾c ⅌ bushel on the former and ½@1c ⅌ bushel on the latter. Wheat was in good demand and tolerably active at $1,09 for No 2 Red $1,09@1,14 for No 1 Spring; 95@96c for No 2 Spring; $1,00 for Rejected Red, and 74@79c for Rejected Spring, and 74@79c for Rejected Spring. The demand for Flour was almost entirely confined to the common and medium grades supers at prices ranging from $3,50@4,50. Good and choice qualities were neglected and dull.

Corn was in active request, and notwithstanding heavy receipts and an advance in freights, the market improved ½@½c per bushel, with liberal sales in store at 46½@46¾c for Mixed, and 47@47½c for Rejected. Oats were neglected and dull at 27@27½c. Rye was quiet and nominal by unchanged. Barley steady. Prime samples are held at $1,18@1,20. Mill Stuffs are in better supply and on the decline. Highwines held firmly at 42c. Provisions quiet and without material change.

The Iron Shipping Interest of Lake Superior.

From the Marquette Journal and News, June 19. Probably at no time since the beginning of the iron trade at Marquette, has shipping been carried on with so much activity as in the present. The arrivals of vessels at our harbor for ore, commenced early in the season, and they are still arriving and departing daily. Once or twice, since the season commenced, the business has been dull for a few days, a large part of the vessels coming and going in a body. A few years ago, great inconvenience and delay would have been the result of this, but with the preparations made by several companies for loading vessels, a large fleet can be despatched in a very few days. It is often the case that a vessel of 500 tons burthen enters the harbor in the morning, and bids adieu in the afternoon of the same day, and bids adieu in the afternoon of the same day. On Tuesday, there were twenty-three different vessels in port, besides three or four steamers. The promptness with which they have been loaded and sent off has somewhat diminished the number, though there have been several arrivals every day since. During the week ending yesterday, it will be seen that 33 vessels have arrived in port, and 24 have cleared with cargoes of ore and pig iron. The total number of vessels which have cleared from this port with cargoes during the season up to this time, is 92. The entire shipments of ore amount to 40,766 tons gross, and the shipments of pig iron to 2,591 tons. The greater portion of the ore has been taken by vessels, though nearly every steamer has taken a moderate quantity. The pig iron has been principally shipped by steamers. Should the shipments continue during the balance of the season at the same rate, they will exceed those of any former year by 50,000 or 75,000 tons.

Foreign Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, June 18 A. M.—Breadstuffs—Messrs. Boult, Enlish & Brandon, and other authorities, report very little doing in wheat or flour, but prices firm at the rate advised per Canada. Corn quiet but steady; mixed 2s. Provisions—Wakefield, Nash & Co, and others report beef and pork without change. Lard quiet and a shade weaker. Tallow quiet and 6d@1s lower, but firmer at the close. Bacon still tending downwards. Butter in more request, but still at low rates. Produce—Ashes steady. Sugar rather easier. Coffee very quiet. Rice steady. Rosin, no sales. Spirits of turpentine sells at 100s. Petroleum, nothing doing.

Latest—Cotton—The sales to-day were 6,000 bales, including 3,000 to speculator and exporters. The market is quiet and quotations unchanged. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet and steady. Wheat firmer and quiet. Provisions—The market is dull.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 1—100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 71 pcs bacon, Head & Metzgar; 10 bbls fish, Wm Cooper; 10 bxs cheese, Lambert & Shipton; 20 do do, Webb & Wilkinson; 1 bbl do, Jas Monteith; 100 bbls flour, Gregg & Clendaning; 20 tcs hams, G J Townsend, 287 bgs corn, D & H Wallace.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 30—9 bbls eggs, 69 bxs cheese, L H Voigt & co; 8 bbls tallow, 1 bbl lard, Wm Flaccus; 150 bbls flour, Cook, Patitt & co; 20 bxs cheese, S Kwart & co; 10 bxs cheese, Jas A Fetzer; 103 do do, Shomaker & Lang, 58 do do, H Wain & co; 100 do do, Stouffer & Tindle; 6 tcs dry beef, Little & Trimble; 10 do do, E H Myers & co; 50 bbls potatoes, F Vangorder.

NEW BOOKS.

STANDARD MILITARY WORKS.
U. S. Infantry Tactics. Authorized edition.
Gilham's Manual for Volunteers.
Wilsen's Infantry and Rifle Tactics.
Scott's Infantry Tactics. 3 vols.
McClellan's Bayonet Exercise.
Hagehorr's Artillery and Infantry.
Anderson on Field Artillery.
Cooke's U. S. Cavalry Tactics. 2 vols.
Coppe's Field Manual for Courts Martial.
The Company Clerk, containing instructions for reports, rolls and other papers.
For sale by KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.

SUASIVE AND VALUABLE BOOKS.
Directions of Parley. 2 vols.
Leland's Detection Writers. 2 vols.
Dr. Porter's Lectures on Homilies.
Dendlo de Trento, in Spanish and Latin.
Howe's Treatises. 16 mo.
Evidences of the Resurrection Honley.
News and Boies' Works. 1 vol.
Klopstock's Messiah. 2 vols., 16 mo.
Collyers Lectures on Scripture, Facts & Prophecy.
Howe's Works. 2 vols., 8 vo.
m y15 J. S. READ, 75 Fourth street.

LATE PUBLICATIONS.
By Southern Friends. By Kirk.
History of the Reformation in the times of Calvin.
Footfalls on the Boundary of another World.
The Great Iron Wheel Examined: Brownlow.
Baxter's Thirty Years in the U. S. Senate.
Les Miserables. Cloth and paper.
Eyes and Ears. Beecher.
The Stars and the Auge's.
Works in History, Theology, Medicine, &c.
Jas. L. READ, 75 Fourth street.

TO LET.

FOR RENT—The three-story BRICK WAREHOUSE, No. 6 Wood street, two doors from Water street.
For terms apply to FRANK RAHM, (Hallman, Rahm & Co.'s) or to JOSEPH WOODWELL, corner M and Wood streets.
mh7:tf

TO LET—One, Two or Three Rooms in the third or fourth stories of Clazette Building, Fifth street, with or without steam power. Inquire on the premises. ap2:tf

FOR RENT—The third story of the building now occupied by the subscriber, corner of St. Clair street and Duquesne Way.
jel9:tf ROBT. ASHWORTH.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY, March 19, 1863.

OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS are invited to send to the Quartermaster General's office tenders for their charter or sale.

Tenders should contain descriptions of the vessels, their dimensions, enrolled or licensed tonnage, actual carrying capacity, material, whether copper or iron fastened, size and power of engines and boilers, and should state the price at which they are offered, for long or short charter, with the estimated value of the vessel in case of loss, or in case the government should prefer to purchase instead of chartering.

Owners of steam vessels already in the service of the Quartermaster's Department, are requested to make known to the Department any reduction in their present rates which they may be willing to grant, and also the price at which they will be willing to sell them.

All such offers should be addressed to the Quartermaster General of the United States, at Washington, and should be endorsed "Proposals for the charter or sale of Steamers."

When received they will be considered, and the Department will endeavor to reduce the heavy expense attending ocean transportation upon the coast and tide-waters by substituting, whenever it can do so, cheaper vessels of equal capacity for those now employed. mh26:2m

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, POOL touching at QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND (OCEAN MARKS.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are sailing as follows:

CITY OF MANCHESTER.....Saturday, July 4.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....Saturday, July 11.
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday, July 18.

And every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

FIRST CABIN.....$80 00 | STEERAGE.....$35 00
do. to London.... 85 00 | do. to London.... 38 50
do. to Paris..... 95 00 | do. to Paris..... 40 50
do. to Hamburg 90 00 | do. to Hamburg 37 50

Passengers also booked to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: 1st Cabin, $75, $80, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, N. Y.
JOHN THOMPSON, Agent,
Hand street, first house from the Bridge,
mh16:tf Pittsburgh.

1863.—CLEVELAND, SAGINAW AND LAKE HURON

SHORE LINE.

The new and elegant low-pressure steamer

SUSAN WARD, CAPT. WM. BATEMAN,

Will run during the season between the above ports as follows:

Leaves Cleveland for Saginaw City, East Saginaw and Bay City, touching at Port Huron, Lexington, Port Sanilac, Forester, Pinnerville, Point Auberie, Port Austin and Pointe aux Gres, every WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 5 o'clock.

Leaves Saginaw for Cleveland every SATURDAY MORNING.

All freights consigned to us will receive prompt attention. Through contracts made. Shippers having freights ready can send them to our store; will go on first boat without change for storage.
ap10:2m H. GARRETSON & CO.

WAGONS AND CARTS FOR SALE.—I will keep on hand and make to order all kinds of WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, TIMBER WHEELS, WHEEL-BARROWS AND STORE TRUCKS, all made of the best materials and warranted. Also the Economy Wrought HAY RAKE. I also furnish STEEL TEETH FOR HAY RAKES. Factory and office on Marion Avenue, in front of the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
ap23 C. COLEMAN.

ROSES, VERBENAS, HELIOTROPES, &c.—Without exception the largest and best collection of Bedding Plants about the city, at MURDOCH'S OAKLAND NURSERY.
Call and look at them. my11

SAMUEL FERGUSON,
DEALER OF WRIGHTS AND BEARSERS,
Office, No. 4, Corner of Liberty and Fifth streets. Office open every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. ap4:2m

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT cures Rheumatism, cures Pains in the Back and Side, cures Bruises, Strains, Burns, Flesh Cuts, or Wounds of any kind.
For sale at GEO. A. KELLY'S CENTRAL DRUG STORE, cor. Ohio and Federal streets. 1:23

ROGERS' CITRATE MAGNESIA is productive of the best results in Sick Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, Heartburn, and all complaints arising from Acidity.
For sale at GEO. A. KELLY'S CENTRAL DRUG STORE, corner Ohio and Federal streets. 1:23

LIQUID RENNET.—Blair & Wyatt's Liquid Rennet, for making in a few minutes, delicious desserts, just received and for sale at GEO. A. KELLY'S CENTRAL DRUG STORE, c