LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From Yesterday's Evening Gazette.

The Enlistment of Negro Soldiers.

Colonel Bingham, an officer detailed by the War Department to organize colored troops at Washington and Alexandria, addressed a meeting in Philadelphia, on night before last, as follows:

"The Union League was about to make a splendid demonstration on the Fourth of July. He hoped that in doing this they would not overlook the great importance of a moderate expenditure in bringing into service the immense amount of material around us in the shape of colored troops. The money spent in this celebration would put into the field 50,000 stalwart colored men. If this could be done, what a glorious celebration we could have! The material everywhere is abundant. In Maryland alone there are 78,000 free negroes. Provide an encampment over in West Philadelphia, and let it be known that recruits would be received kindly, and hundred would come in."

The President says he will accept all the colored troops offered. Special care is taken to officer these troops with men who believe the accumulated proofs of their valor, and who are not afraid of offending the sensitive nerves of either rebels in arms, or those amongst us, who watch so tenderly over their "misguided" southern brethern, in their "irregular opposition" to the government, a fair specimen of whom Col. Bingham mentions. He says, "I called on the Union Governor of Maryland to ask his co-operation in raising colored troops, and found that functionary astonished at the proposal. He was indignant at the mere mention of it."

Senator Sumner suggested Gen. Fremont to the President as the right man to lead these troops, and received assurances favorable to such an appointment for that General, who, of all others, seems to grasp most boldly, and see most clearly our dangers, and the proper remedies for the nation's restoration.

The activity of Philadelphia at this time, and Massachusetts for some time past, admonishes the earnest Union men of Pittsburgh of the importance and necessity of urging forward the formation of a negro regiment here, with all possible dispatch.

We shall offer such reasons hereafter as occur to us why this city should especially take a prompt and prominent part in swelling the army of colored troops who will yet, as they have already done, uphold the flag, and vindicate those who maintain that they are men, and brave men, too.

Row Among the "Cops"--Witte vs. Cass.

A meeting of the "Democratic" County Club was held last evening; in their room on Fifth street, which ended in a regular row. During the session, Mr. J. R. Hunter offered a resolution, endorsing George W. Cass, Esq., and instructing the Democratic delegates to the State Convention to support him as the nominee for Governor.

The mere reading of this resolution created a storm of opposition, and Wm. Linn, Esq., a champion among the "Cops," and a warm supporter of Vallandigham, Hughes, Witte & Co., made a vigorous speech in opposition to any such endorsement. He moved to strike out all after the word "Resolved," and give the endorsement of the County Club to Hon. Wm. H. Witte, as the choice of the Democratic nominee for Governor.

Cheers and hisses greeted this proposition—the cheers largely predominating, as it is said the Witte man numbered about five to one.

Mr. Hunter made three several attempts to speak in behalf of his motion, but each time he was cried down by the hissing "cops," and he finally gave it up in despair.

An effort was made to get the Witte resolution through, but that failed also upon Mr. Montgomery offering a very conciliatory resolution declaring that the county club should heartily endorse and cordially support the nominee of the State Convention. This resolution was adopted, and the club adjourned.

Preparing to Resist the Draft--Facts for the Provost Marshal.

A prominent business house in this city recently received an order from Millersburg, Ohio, for a lot of six barreled revolvers. The parties at Millersburg had some business relations with the gentleman addressed in this city, but as he does not deal in hardware he thought strange that the order was addressed to him. He at once caused a letter to be written to a reliable gentleman at Millersburg, asking for information in regard to the political status of the parties who desired the pistols. An answer was soon received, the substance of which was that the parties ordering the weapons belonged to the very worst class of copperheads, and there was no doubt that the intention was to encourage a resort to violence and bloodshed in case the draft is enforced. The pistols, of course, were not shipped.

In view of facts like these, (which, we are assured, can be fully sustained,) it would seem to be the duty of the War Department, through their subordinate officers, to make some regulation in regard to the sale of firearms. Now that we are to have a new military department, we presume this matter will be among the first to receive the attention of the General in command.

Bank Note Quotations,

Corrected especially for the *Gazette* by Messrs. Feld & Lare, of the *National Bank Note Reporter*. Rates uncertain at present:

PITTSBURGH, JUNE 10th, 1863.

	Discount.		Discount.
New England States	¾	Virginia, interior	—
New-York State	par	North Carolina	—
New York City	par	South Carolina	—
New Jersey	¾	Georgia	—
Penna. Phila.	par	Alabama	—
" Pittsburgh	par	Louisiana	—
Bk. of Pitsb'gh, gren	38	Kentucky	par
B'k of Beaver Co.	par	Tennessee	—
B'k of Bedford Co.	25	Ohio	par
Monongahela Bank, Brownsville, prem.	2½	Indiana, free	2
Pa. County Banks	par	Indiana, d'k state	par
Delaware	½	Illinois	1¼@50
Dist. of Columbia	—	Wisconsin	1¼@50
Maryland, Baltimore, par	1	Iowa	1
Maryland, Interior	2	Michigan	1
Virginia: Wheeling	¼	Missouri	2@30
Wheeling branches	1¼	Canada	prem. 25

EXCHANGE—Selling rates on New-York and Philadelphia ¼ ⅜ cent. over bankable funds.

GOLD—Gold, buying rates 32@40, and Silver at 25@28 over bankable funds.

Assault upon Negroes.

On the 1st inst. a couple of returned soldiers, rather the worse for liquor, attacked a negro named Paul Carson, while passing along the street near the St. Clair Hotel. Carson turned to defend himself, and knocked his assailant, F. McMullen, into the gutter. McMullen and his friend, Samuel Mitchell, followed by other soldiers, pursued Carson into Eli Bruce's barber shop, when a violent assault was made upon Mr. Bruce. He was beaten in a shocking manner, and would have fared even worse had he not escaped into the back yard, and kept his assailants at bay until they were seized by the crowd. McMullen and Mitchell were arrested yesterday afternoon, and had a hearing before Alderman Donaldson. The latter gave bail, and the former was committed in default.

Arrest of a Postmaster.

Simon Sellers, Postmaster at Half Moon, Centre county, Pa., was committed to jail to-day—for a further hearing—by J. H. Bailey, Esq., United States Commissioner, on the charge of abstracting letters from the mail, on oath of J. V. Gray and S. B. Row. It appears that on or about the 12th of February last, a letter addressed to Mr. Gray, from Pittsburgh, was opened, the envelope destroyed, a new one placed over the letter, and the letter sent to Gray—the direction being in the handwriting of the Postmaster, Sellers, on the new envelope. The presumption is that the only object in opening these letters was to obtain money supposed to be in transit through the mail.

Man Drowned--Inquest.

This morning, about five o'clock, a German named Anthony Ball, residing in East Birmingham, left his home and walked down to the river shore. He was seen by a boy, standing on the end of some logs, apparently in the act of washing or bathing his head. He had taken off his hat and coat, and left them on the shore. The boy saw him fall into the river and disappear. The fact was mentioned to others, and after searching for three hours the body was recovered. The deceased had been unwell for several days, and his visit to the river was unusual and without the knowledge of his family. He was about forty years of age, and leaves a wife and six children. Coroner McCrady held an inquest, and the jury found a verdict of "death by drowning."

RECEIVER DISCHARGED.—The Receiver of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad has been discharged, and now the Directors are in full possession of the road. The Directors came into possession a day or two since.

A meeting of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Directors has been called for July 1st, to decide whether any more bonds shall be converted into stock. At present certain third mortgage bonds are afloat with the privilege of convertibility; but the stock being full they cannot be converted unless a further issue of the stock be authorized.

We understand that there are now about *four hundred thousand dollars* in the Treasury.

HOSPITAL LIBRARY.—An effort is being made to form a permanent library of good readable books for the use of the inmates of the Western Pennsylvania Military Hospital, Ninth Ward. Donations of money or books are solicited for this purpose, and can be placed in the hands of the Chaplain, Rev. Richard M. Bear, or, if more convenient, left with the Subsistence Committee, or at the Presbyterian, United Presbyterian, or Methodist book stores. Will the friends of our suffering soldiers assist? While doing so nobly for those abroad, let us see to it that we fail to provide bountifully for such as may be in our Hospital here.

TO REMOVE HORSES FROM A BUILDING ON FIRE.—The great difficulty of getting horses from a stable, where surrounding buildings are in a state of conflagration, is well known. A gentleman whose horses had been in great peril from such a cause, having in vain tried to save them, hit upon the experiment of having them harnessed, on the next occasion of fire, when, to his astonishment, they were led from the stable without difficulty.

IMPORTANT TO NINE MONTHS MEN.—A dispatch from Washington, published to-day, states that all those who were in the military service on the 3d of March last (when the Conscription act went into effect) will not be subject to the *first* draft, although they must be regularly enrolled. This will be good news to the Pennsylvania nine months men, recently discharged from the service.

THE MATCH BETWEEN WARD AND HAMILL.—It is now almost certain that the sculling match for the championship, will come off on the Hudson, at Poughkeepsie, on the 15th of July, or the first calm day thereafter. The parties have been in correspondence, and this seems to be the conclusion arrived at. Hamill will also attend the Boston Regatta on the 4th of July.

SALES OF STOCKS.—The following sale of stocks was made by Davis and McIlwaine, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, on Tuesday evening, June 9th:

Exchange Bank	65 00
Mechanics' Bank	58 75
Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank	55 25
Monongahela Navigation Co.	40 00

DROWNED.—On Saturday as Thomas Elliot Betts, son of Wm. Betts, of Salem, Ohio, was bathing in a mill dam about a mile south of that town, he got into deep water, and before assistance could be rendered was drowned.

ORDERED TO BE SHOT.—Two soldiers, recently tried at Philadelphia for desertion, have been convicted and ordered to be shot. The execution will take place at Fort Delaware on the 19th inst.

THE CROPS AND THE DROUGHT IN MARYLAND.—There is a general complaint among farmers of Maryland, of the backwardness of the crops and the damaging effects of the drought.

CORRECTION.—An officer in the "Delaware Mutual Insurance Company" informs us that the property destroyed at Lawrenceville, night before last, was not insured in that office.

STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The fourteenth annual session of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania begins to-day in the University buildings, Philadelphia.

The Democratic State Convention, to nominate a candidate for Governor and Supreme Judge, will be held in Harrisburg on Wednesday, the 17th inst.

APPOINTMENT.—Lieut.-Col. J. V. Bomfort, 16th U. S. regular infantry, has been appointed Provost Marshal General of Pennsylvania, in place of Col. Ruff.

STEAM WEEKLY DISPATCH BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, landing at Londonderry, England, embarking Passengers at QUEENSTOWN (Cork Harbor), Ireland, for Liverpool. The Liverpool and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend despatching their splendid Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:

EDINBURGH ——— Saturday, June 13.
CITY OF MANCHESTER ——— Saturday, June 20.
GLASGOW ——— Saturday, June 27.

THE NEW STEAMER SATURDAY, AN HOUR, JUNE Pier 54, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

FIRST CABIN	$85 00	STEERAGE	$35 00
do to London	85 00	do to London	35 00
do to Paris	95 00	do to Paris	45 00
do to Hamburg	90 00	do to Hamburg	37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here at the following rates to New York from Liverpool, or Queenstown: 1st Cabin, $75, $80 and $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40. From Queenstown $35.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced Surgeons. They are built in Water-tight Iron Sections, and have Patent Fire Extinguishers on board.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
JOHN MCCONNELL, Agent,
Hand street, first house from the Bridge, Pittsburgh.

1863.—CLEVELAND, SAGINAW, BAY AND LAKE HURON SHORE LINE.

The new and elegant low-pressure steamer SUSAN WARD, CAPT. WM. RATHWAY, Will run during the season between the above ports as follows:

Leave Cleveland for Saginaw City, East Saginaw and Bay City, touching at Port Austin, Lexington, Port Sanilac, Forestville, Forestville, Point Aubarbe, Port Austin and Tawas City, every WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Saginaw for Cleveland every SATURDAY MORNING.

All freights consigned to us will receive prompt attention. Through contracts made. Shippers having freights ready can send them to our store; will go on first boat without charge for storage.

H. GARRETSON & CO.,
Agent.

PLUMBERS' MATERIALS.

CHARLES MULLIKIN,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER,

No. 820 COMMERCE ST., Philadelphia.

Constantly in store, a large assortment of Copper, Zinc, Iron and Galvanized Iron Bath Tubs.
White and Marbled Flag Basins.
White and Marbled or Blue Closet Basins.
Ship Water Closets, complete.
Water Closets of every description.
Pumps, Rams, &c.
Iron Sinks.
Iron and Enamelled Portable Wash Stands.
Wrought Drain Pipe, Bends, Branches and Traps.
Plumbers' Brass and Plated Work, of every description.
Lead Traps and Bends, Pipe and Cedar Hydrant Posts, Hydrant Rods, Plumbers' Hooks, Marble Slabs, Rubber Hose, &c., as low as any house in the country.
apl8:3m

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

SNUFF AND TOBACCO MANUFACTURER,

16 & 18 CHAMBERS STREET,

(Formerly 42 Chatham street, New York,)

Would call the attention of dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF,
Macaboy, Fine Rappee, Coarse Rappee, American Gentlemen, Demigros, Pure Virginia, Sagatchoke, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF,
Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Irish High Toast or Lundyfoot, Honey Dew Scotch, Fresh Honey Scotch, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING—Long, No. 1, No. 2, No. 1 and 2 mixed, Granulated.

FINE CUT CHEWING—F. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING—S. Jack, Spanish, Canaster, Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application.
apl10:y

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.

The undersigned are Agents, for Pittsburgh and vicinity, for

WATT'S MADISON STARCH COMPANY,

And keep constantly on hand a supply of their STARCH, various style packages, which will be sold in quantities to the trade on most reasonable terms.

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
dellt:tf 102 LIBERTY STREET.

STORAGE—For Crude and Refined Oil, Oil Barrels and Oil Products of all kinds, in Warehouse on Allegheny River, near the Bridge, apply to
JOHN D. ALLEN,
Agent Allegheny Oil Company.
Pittsburgh, Pa., 4 mo 7 th mo 1st.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR EVENING EDITION.]

LATEST FROM GEN. ROSECRANS' ARMY.

Vicksburg Reported Taken!

12,000 PRISONERS CAPTURED!

Vallandigham Imprisoned by the Rebel Military Authorities.

EXECUTION OF THE SPIES, DUNLAP AND ANTON.

Their Objects Within Our Lines.

CAPTURE OF VICKSBURG BELIEVED

REBEL ADVICES FROM RICHMOND

Matters in Rosecrans' Department.

&c., &c., &c.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MURFREESBORO, June 9, 1863.

Matters here are quiet.

A woman, a refugee who left Shelbyville today, states positively that a letter, received yesterday from a rebel soldier under Johnston, says: "You need have no more concern for Vicksburg. *It is in Federal hands, with 12,000 prisoners.*"

Refugees report that Vallandigham has been imprisoned by the rebel military authorities.

The Atlanta *Intelligencer* and Chattanooga *Rebel*, of the 7th inst., have been received, but they contain nothing of special interest. We quote the following dispatches:

"*Jackson, June 5.*—There is not even a rumor to-day from Vicksburg or Port Hudson. Heavy firing continues at the former place. It was terrific last night."

"*Jackson, June 3—[To the Mobile Tribune.]*—Port Hudson, at last accounts, was closely besieged. News from that quarter is conflicting. No doubt is entertained that we repulsed the enemy several times; It is believed that the accounts heretofore reported of the affair are greatly exaggerated.

"The Yankees have abandoned the New Orleans and Jackson Railroad. They burned the Machie bridge, destroyed the fortifications which they had erected, and threw their guns in the pass."

"*Columbia, June 5.*—Yesterday Gen. Forest moved on Franklin, and drove the Yankees through the town and across the river. The enemy were reinforced heavily, when Forest retired. Our loss was ten killed and twenty wounded. Theirs was twice as much."

"*Richmond, June 5.*—Returns indicate the election of Gen. W. Smith as Governor.

"The President has revoked and annulled the *Exequatur* of Geo. Moon, British Consul at Richmond.

"The Tredegar Works are in full blast. Most of the machinery destroyed by the late fire is replaced.

"A Pascagoula dispatch states that General Sherman, at New Orleans, had a leg amputated, and has since died."

Affairs at Murfreesboro are quiet.

Rebel deserters and refugees are crowding into our lines.

The rebels are fortifying Shelbyville, in anticipation of an advance by General Rosecrans.

Bragg's forces declare that they will not leave Shelbyville without a fight.

MURFREESBORO, June 9, 1863.

The weather is cool and pleasant.

The execution of the two spies, Dunlap and Anton, is the universal theme of conversation. Various circumstances lead to the belief that they came into our lines for a different purpose than merely to learn the numbers of our forces and the nature of our fortifications at Franklin. In the first place, they had abundant means, which I shall not name, of knowing about the strength of our force there. That they did know, the history of the recent affair at Franklin clearly proves.

Again, it is certain that in the recent attack upon the town, they could have learned most of the facts which were of importance to them concerning our fortifications.

Again, the spies appeared very anxious to get on to Nashville, declaring they must reach that point last night. They further said they were going to Canada and Europe, and were connected with the Inspector General's office, and this, more than anything else, excited suspicion against them. The obvious inference is that they were seeking some little information of a personal nature concerning our troops at Franklin, merely for enabling the better to work their way through to Nashville and further North.

I incline to the opinion, which I find entertained here by others, that they were emissaries from the rebel Government, endeavoring to make their way North for the purpose of conferring and conspiring with the miserable traitors in that section.

They were clothed in the uniform of Federal officers, with horses, trapping and equipments, Dunlap claiming to be a Major and Anton Colonel. The audacity of the men was beyond parallel. It is not known how they got within our lines, as they utterly refused to tell how they had come or what were their objects.

The information brought in by Mrs. Dalton and some other ladies, from Shelbyville, of the capture of Vicksburg, is believed by many. Johnston probably had on hands too many conscripts to attempt the relief of the city.

Lieut. Wm. Beeson, of the 101st Indiana, is dismissed the service for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

Surgeon C. F. Winscraft, of the 10th Ohio, has resigned on account of disability.

The resignation of T. R. Lawhead, of the 4th Indiana Cavalry, was accepted for the good of the service.

Major Bell, of the 74th Ohio, has tendered his resignation.

Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce--Pursuit of Flying Rebels.

CINCINNATI, June 10.—At a regular quarterly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, held yesterday, the Board of Officers, in accordance with a resolution passed some time since, made a report in regard to those members, sixty in number, who have not taken the oath of allegiance. After a warm discussion, it was resolved, that all members who had not taken the oath of allegiance be cited to appear before the Board of Officers, and give reason why not complied with, in accordance with the resolution passed by the Chamber on the 18th of July; the result of the investigation to be reported back to the Chamber for final action.

Gen. Carter's forces, which, for some weeks, have been guarding the north bank of the Cumberland, crossed the river yesterday and drove the rebel forces out of Montticello. At last accounts he was pursuing the flying rebels. A number of prisoners, horses and arms were captured.

The First Enrollment.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—It has been determined that while all persons coming within the provisions of the act of enrollment of calling out the national forces, are to be enrolled nevertheless, under the first enrollment; those who were in the military service at the time the act went into effect, namely, the 3d of March last, are not to be included in that class which is subject to the first draft. Those of the second class are not to be called out until those of the first class shall have been exhausted.

Rebel Vessels Captured & Destroyed

NORFOLK, June 1.—A letter from Assistant Secretary of the Navy Fox, states that the whole number of vessels captured or destroyed by the blockading fleet up to April 1st, was eight hundred and fifty-five.

Additional Foreign News per Steamer Africa.--Admiral Wilkes' Operations--The American Question.

HALIFAX, June 9.—The West India mail with nearly $2,500,000, has reached England.

St. Thomas advices of the 4th ult., state that seven Federal vessels of war were then in that harbor, comprising the squadron of Admiral Wilkes, who evidently intended making St. Thomas the centre of operations in the West Indies, regardless of the fact that St. Thomas was in possession of the Danish Crown. The Wachusetts was to all intents and purposes, the guard ship, and remained at St. Thomas during the cruising of the other vessels, always having steam up in readiness to overhaul any vessel leaving the harbor, and otherwise annoying the shipping leaving port.

It was expected that the Danish Government would immediately remonstrate with the Federal Government against the aggression of their officers.

The London *Times* remarks that the North has expended three armies and tried four generals, and the last two have most signally failed. The South must stake the lives of generals whose abilities cannot be questioned, and whose numbers such casualties as that by which Jackson has fallen may too soon diminish; and it is in this gradual loss of men eminent by their qualities and skill that the South may prove most vulnerable.

The *Times'* city article says: "Thus far there is not the slightest symptom of a willingness to close the war in America, and those on this side who are calculating on the probable effects of conscription and a financial collapse, may perhaps find that these agencies, so far from bringing about a settlement, will lead to an increase of anarchy, and further a dismemberment of the country which will bring it in a condition in which the existence of any central authority capable of making a treaty of peace, or enforcing it when made, will be even more doubtful than at present. As to its being the true policy of England to recognize the independence of the South, we cannot recognize that which does not exist. The South is not yet independent, though apparently rapidly achieving independence."

"Hopeless as the prospects of the North may be, we have no right to place in its way any fictitious cause of discouragement. If friendly remonstrances or personal sacrifice be of no avail, it would be incumbent upon us to use every effort, but we know that each step of that kind on our part would but increase the mischief. France, Spain or Russia might command our good will in the attempt, but just to the extent that we might join it should we lessen the prospects of success."

THEATRE LATEST.

LONDON, Sunday, May 31.—Consols after official hours yesterday were 92¾.

The London *Globe* thinks that the Federal generals seem to have found the right road to Vicksburg at last, and says the character of the military operations leads to the supposition that the possible recognition of the South, or mediation, are not yet excluded from the minds of the Washington cabinet.

The expenditure for public works to £11,890,000.

Liverpool, May 30—Evening.—The Parisian correspondent of the London *Herald* says that Mr. Mason's presence in Paris strengthens the report of an approaching recognition of the Southern Confederacy. The great difficulty blocking the way is the stubbornness of a portion of the British Cabinet. The general impression is that France will take the initiative in the recognition, and that the rest of the European powers will soon follow.

The Paris correspondent of the *Post* says that fresh efforts are making Mason and Slidell to obtain a recognition.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* does not believe that the war is near its end so far as the North is concerned, but thinks there are signs of civil conflicts, both North and South.

The rebel scrip closed on Saturday at 2½@1½ discount.

The Invalid Corps.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Much importance is attached by military men to the proposed organization of an invalid corps. This corps, though a novelty in our service, promises good results both to invalid soldiers and the Government. The term of enlistment is three years, unless sooner discharged. The corps are required to perform all duty within their physical capacity; but for the convenience of the service they will be selected for three grades of duty. Those most efficient, and capable of using the musket, performing guard duty, light marches, &c., will be assigned to companies of the first battalion; those next in physical efficiency, including all who have seen hard service, to companies of the second battalion; those least effective, and all who have lost a foot or leg, to companies of the third battalion. The two last classes will be armed with swords. Those faithful soldiers whose physical infirmities are too great to admit their entering the invalid corps, will nevertheless receive the pensions and bounties provided by law.

It is further announced that no officer or enlisted man shall be entitled to receive any pension or bounty for enlistment, re-enlistment, or service in the invalid corps. They will receive all other pay and allowances now authorized by law for U. S. infantry, excepting increased pay for re-enlistment.

The Secretary has superior commissaries in Pennsylvania and carry experienced surgeons. They are built in Water-tight Iron Sections, and have Patent Fire Extinguishers on board.

The 44th Massachusetts Regiment.

BOSTON, June 10.—The steamers Guide and George Peabody arrived here to-day with the 44th Massachusetts regiment. The regiment met with an enthusiastic reception and honored with a military escort.

Great Billiard Tournament Decided.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The billiard tournament has resulted in favor of Kavanaugh, who has won the title of champion as well as the champion table, worth $1200, and the champion cue.

Passengers and Silver for Europe.

BOSTON, June 10.—The Royal Mail Steamship Asia, which sailed yesterday for Liverpool, took out 85 passengers and $60,000 in silver, but no gold on the treasure list.

No Troops for State Defence.

HARRISBURG, June 10.—There is the highest official authority for stating that the Governor has received no authority to raise troops for State defence.

Explosion at Buckfield, Me.

BOSTON, June 10.—The glazing mill connected with the powder mills of J. C. Marble, at Buckfield, Me., blew up at four o'clock this morning.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 10, 1863.

Gold continues to decline steadily in New York, being quoted to-day at 140. The decline there has produced a corresponding result here, and to-day our bankers refused to pay over 138 for Gold and 127 @128 for Silver. Old Demand Notes command the same premium as Gold. Eastern Exchange remains unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat is nominal with small sales of Red from wagon at $1,20, and $1,25 from store. There is more firmness in Oats, but prices are so irregular that it is impossible to quote correctly. In Rye and Corn there is nothing doing of importance.

GROCERIES—steady with a regular jobbing demand at former quotations. Sale of 26 hhds Sugar at 11¾@12c for Cuba; 13¾c for Porto Rico, and 19¾ for New Orleans; 25 bgs strictly prime Rio Coffee at 33½c, and 35 bbls Molasses at 55 to 60c for old and new.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet but steady, with small sales at former quotations. Choice brands of Cincinnati Sugar Cured Hams are held at 11¾c, which is an advance. There is but little demand for Lard or Mess Pork. Sale of 10 kegs prime Country Lard at 10c.

CHEESE—unchanged; sale of 50 bxs new W Reat 10c, and 40 bxs Hamburg at 10¾c.

POTATOES—A shade firmer, but no sales at yet, unchanged; sale of 150 bbls prime at $1,50 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—unchanged; sale of 50 bush prime Peaches at $3,00, and 75 bush bright Apples at $1,25.

FLOUR—The demand continues exceedingly limited, and the transactions, consequently, are of an unimportant character.

BEANS—firm with a sale of 20 bush prime white at $3,25 per bush—ad advance.

Pittsburgh Oil Market.

JUNE 10—There is a continued fair demand for Crude, and the market is steady and prices are fully maintained. The receipts continue light, and the stock is limited; and all that arrives can be sold readily at our quotations. There is considerable inquiry for the Eastern markets, but the figures are too high here, or too low there—one or the other—to admit of shipments. We quote at 16@16½c, packages returned, and 22c, package included, though some holders demand higher rates. Sale of 180 bbls at 16½c, packages returned, and 225 and 240 at 22c, packages included. A dispatch from Oil City to the Oil Exchange, quotes the market firmer at the wells, with a tendency to improvement at the mouth of the Creek.

The unfavorable advices from New York, weakened the market for Refined, and the result is, there has not been a single transaction to-day that we could hear of. Buyers are either holding off or asking concessions, to which refiners do not, as yet, appear willing to submit. We understand that several large Eastern orders have been countermanded for the present, unless they can be filled at materially reduced rates.

The following sales, not before reported, were concluded on Tuesday evening: 1000 bbls bonded, to be delivered at Philadelphia in August at 43; 500 bbls for immediate delivery here at 41½c; and 250 bbls July delivery at 42c. These sales, however, should not be taken as any criterion of the market to-day.

New York Petroleum Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, JUNE 10—Evening—Crude still but unchanged—37@38c. Refined in bond is dull and declining, 41@42½c, being the ruling figures for immediate delivery. G.

The "Phillips" Well.

Private advices confirm the telegraphic report that the famous well of Phillips, Frew & Co, had resumed its flow. Letters say it now yields one thousand barrels per day—quality somewhat "crikey," which may improve after running a few days. This well has quite a venteful history. Starting off with a flow of four thousand bbls per day, then shut off for some months, then tapped by a neighboring well, then almost destroyed by some malicious or interested party. Rising again, like the Phoenix from its ashes, it flows a thousand bbls per day, gradually declining to three hundred, from which a little "doctoring" brought it back to eight hundred, when it suddenly stopped entirely, and now again, after another rest and some coaxing it has concluded to resume, and at a very liberal rate of production. The history of this well could furnish at least a peck of nuts for our philosophers to crack, but as we are not of that "persuasion" we will not attempt the task. One question we will venture, "Has the well been on a "bender" or a "strike"? We pause for a reply.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

JUNE 8—The arrivals and sales of Beef Cattle at A. P. Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard are light this week only reaching 900 head. The market continues dull and prices are rather lower; clipped ranging at from 5@5½@6 ℔ gross. Lambs are very scarce; several lots have been sold at from $3 up to $4 ⅌ head, as to condition and quality.

Hogs—The arrivals and sales of Hogs at the Union Avenue, and Rising Sun Drove Yards reach 2,600 head; there is a good demand, and holders are rather firmer in their views; prices range at from $6,50@7,75 ⅌ 100 lbs net.

1,341 head sold at Henry Glass' Union Drove Yard at from $6,50@7,75 ⅌ 100 lbs net.

570 head sold at the Avenue Drove Yard by John Graves & Co., at $7@7,75 ⅌ 100 lbs net.

400 head sold at the Rising Sun Drove Yard by A. P. Phillips, Jr, at from $7@7,75 ⅌ 100 lbs net.

St. Louis Market.

JUNE 6—Hemp—Market steady, and sales of 23 tons common undressed at $75; 2 do prime at $93, and 62 do choice in lots, at $100 per ton.

Market quiet, and late sales of such Missouri at 72c per lb. Flour—Market dull and scarcely anything doing. Sales of 50 bbls country double extra at $5, and 1,000 do on private terms. Wheat—Offerings light, and market quiet and unchanged. Sales comprised 180 bbs poor fall at 70c; 197 do common and fair at 95@$1; 116 do fair to good at $1,03@1,08; 250 do prime at $1,14; 46 do choice do at $1,30 per bushel and 200 sacks on private terms. Corn—Market dull and unchanged, with sales of 1,154 sks prime mixed and yellow, in good order, at 60c, and 623 do prime white, in new gunnies at 61c per bushel. Oats—There was a further decline with sales of 3,875 sks, in various lots, part old sacks, and part delivered, at 76c, 200 do at 76c; 307 do choice at 78c, and 1,300 do at on private terms. Rye—Market stiffer, and sales of 241 sks at 60c, sks returned. Hides—Dry flint 15c, dry salted, 13c; green salted, 7c per pound.

Toledo Market.

JUNE 8—There was a moderate inquiry for Wheat at the opening, at a decline of 1c, and several sales were made, but since New York report, there are no transactions, and the market closes dull, with a downward tendency. Flour—Nothing doing except to the retail trade. Wheat—Sales, all before N Y report: 2,000 bush No 2 Red at 110c; 1,200 bush Mich Red at 133c; 1,000 bush do, and 700 bush do at same; 2,100 bush No 1 Red at 132c. Corn—Lower; sales 2,000 bush and 4,900 bush No 1 mixed at 65c. Oats—Last sales at 51c. Rye—Small sales at 85c—Blade.

Cleveland Market.

JUNE 9—Flour—Sales of 100 bbls XX red at $6,50. Wheat—Market dull and heavy, with no buyers on change. It could be difficult to give accurate quotations. Corn—Sales to-day—1 car shelled on track at 58c; 1 car ears on track at 56c, and 1 car at 57c. Oats—Are lower, with very moderate demand. Sale 1 car on track at 53½c—Herald.

Imports by Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, PA., WATER & ORTMAN RAILROAD, June 10—100 bbls Shriver & Lamar; 225 bgs wheat; D & H Wallace; 100 bbls flour, Gregg & co; 144 bgs wheat, B Baker, 50 bbls flour, J S Liggett & co; 15 sks rags, M McMullough; 50 bdls paper, Perkins & co; 5 bbl whisky, 12 kgs wine, Wm F Baum.

PITTSBURGH & CLEVELAND RAILROAD, June 9—8 cks bacon, O G Baldwin; 2 pkgs tobacco, Geo Wilson; 3 do do, Wm Cooper; 10 tcs hams, J A Rosebaugh; 10 bbls whisky, Wm Clayton; 18 do do, Jos Ross; 10 do do, S & A Graves; 10 bbls whiting, Wm Monkcrew; 250 bgs corn, Thos Ball & co; 15 hhs starch, Lindsay & Kennedy; 10 kgs cheese, H Robison & co; 1 do do, Tom Rankin; 50 do do, Wilkinson & Webb; 60 sks potatoes, Alworth & co; 4 crocks apple butter, 100 lbs cheese, J Thompson; 10 kgs cheese, J B Corbett; 10 do do, W A Marshall.

FOR SALE.

PREEMPTORY PUBLIC SALE OF LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscriber, agent of Edwin M. Lewis, Esq., of Philadelphia, Pa., and Rev. R. Gemmings, will sell at Public Auction, in front of the Huron House, in the Borough of New Brighton, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of June, commencing at 6 o'clock p. m., the following described lots, pieces or parcels of land, lying and being in the Boroughs of Fallston and Beaver, in Beaver county, Pa., viz:

No. 1.—Water lot No. 46, in the plan of said borough of Fallston, bounded on the north by Water lot No. 47, on the east by Beaver creek 40 feet, on the south by a 4 feet public alley, and on the west by Main street 50 feet.

No. 2.—Five (undivided) four-fifths of Water lot No. 49, in the plan of said borough of Fallston, being the south-west part of said lot, extending 40 feet on the road or street, and 40 feet on the Beaver creek.

No. 3.—The following described five lots in the said borough of Fallston, lying together, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning on the west side of a laid out street or alley adjoining the south line of lot now or lately of the heirs of Holbrey; thence by the same south sixty-five degrees, west two hundred and fifty feet; thence south twenty-five degrees, east two hundred feet; thence north sixty-five degrees, east two hundred and fifty feet to said street or alley; thence by the same north twenty-five degrees, west two hundred feet to the place of beginning.

No. 4.—Lot number 25 in the borough of Bridgewater, (on the plan of Mendenhall's addition,) bounded as follows, viz: On the north by Beaver alley, on the east by Kuhkuhkle street, on the south by lot No. 26, and on the west by Pakanko street.

No. 5.—Lot No. 23 of Mendenhall's addition of Bridgewater, bounded on the north by lot No. 24, east by Shenkequin square twenty-six feet, south by lot No. 22, and west by Kuhkuhkle street 25 feet.

No. 6.—The northern part of lot No. 22, on the said plan of Mendenhall's addition, bounded on the north by lot No. 23, on the east by Shenkequin Square fourteen feet, on the south by a line parallel to the line common to lots Nos. 22 and 23, and on the west by Kuhkuhkle street fourteen feet.

The sale will be peremptory, and the terms cash, on the delivery of the deed, which will contain covenant of special warrant only—but reasonable time will be afforded for the necessary examination of title by purchasers.

Further information may be obtained at sale.

EDWARD HOOPS,
Agent of Edwin M. Lewis, et al.

New Brighton, May 15, 1863. jo8:td

FOR SALE—

THE "CROTON ROCK GLASS WORKS,"

AT NEWCASTLE, PA.

These Works, situated about one mile east of the town of New Castle, are offered for sale. They are located on a beautiful eminence of land, containing 18 ACRES, on which is erected the Factory, suitable for an 8 or 10 Pots Furnaces, with all the buildings necessary to the successful manufactory of WINDOW GLASS; also, with some 15 DWELLING HOUSES; and on the same land is the fine sandstone rock from which the Croton Rock glass is manufactured, which for beauty and strength is not surpassed in this country. Also, a 10 or 12 year lease of all the coal on 20 acres of land, three-fourths of a mile distant, which is in successful operation, and from which the Factory is supplied with coal. All the improvements are in good running order, and in successful operation at this time.

Possession given on the first of July, next, and if not sold will be for rent for one year from the above date. Information and terms made known by application to the subscriber at New Castle, or to J. Crowther, at the office of Graff, Bennett & Co., Pittsburgh. WM. WATSON.

N. B.—Will be invoiced.

FOR SALE.—MADISON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.—The above establishment