# Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 23.


## CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

| | IN SUN. | IN SHADE. |
|---|---|---|
| 9 o'clock, A. M. | 60 | 65 |
| 12 " M. | 130 | 83 |
| 6 " P. M. | | 80 |
| Barometer | | 29 8-16 |

### Col. Clark's Lecture.

This eloquent clergyman and gallant soldier delivered an earnest and eloquent address to a crowded and deeply interested audience in Lafayette Hall last evening. He portrayed in strong and glowing terms the enduring patience and bravery of the Army of the Potomac, and most emphatically denied that there was any despondency, demoralization or discouragement among the troops since they re-crossed the river, although buoyantly hopeful as to the ultimate result of this terrible conflict, he believes that we have a fearful struggle yet before us, and that all idea of peace by settlement and concession is preposterous.

He spoke in high terms of the good accomplished by the Christian Commission in the army, and urged upon his hearers the duty of sustaining it by generous contributions. He described the moral and religious condition of the army as upon the whole good—better than it was some months ago. He spoke of the confidence of the soldiers in Gen Hooker, and bore testimony, from his own observation of his personal bravery in battle. In his close he was hard on peace men and copperheads. Altogether it was among the best lectures we have had, and drew forth frequent and hearty applause.

### From General Banks' Army.

We are indebted to a friend for the following extracts from a private letter written by a Pittsburgher in General Banks' army, under date of Opelousas, La., May 1st. It is mainly descriptive of the results of late military operations in Western Louisiana:

The papers have by this time made you thoroughly familiar with the more prominent features of our success: the destruction of three valuable gunboats belonging to the enemy; his defeat in two battles; our triumphant march upon Opelousas; our pursuit of the defeated foe for nearly one hundred miles; the capture of Bate La Rose, and the consequent opening of navigation through the Atchafalaya river to the Red; the seizure of vast supplies contraband of war, and the provision intended for the rebel army at Fort Hudson. Apart from the success of this movement as a purely military campaign, honorable to our arms and disastrous to the South, its *pecuniary* results will prove enormous. We trod so fast upon the heels of the enemy, that he had not time to burn much of the cotton with which this country abounds. As a natural consequence, we can hardly find carts enough to carry away even this source of revenue. Sugar, corn and molasses we also find in large quantities. One drove of cattle, numbering eight thousand, has already been sent to New Orleans, in charge of one regiment. And this is but one drop in the bucket. Horses and mules in immense numbers have been taken for the use of the army. It is estimated that the cotton already taken will sell for one million dollars; and we are daily finding new fields of supply. As our army is now situated, it cuts off or seriously blockades a section of the South whence sugar, corn and beef have been drawn for the support of the rebellion. If we move much further north we shall deprive the Confederacy of its main stay—Texas. Observe the posture of affairs: The Red River, their great thoroughfare for provisions (or left lung of the South, as it were) is hopelessly closed to them by the presence of Admiral Farragut's (now strongly reinforced by Admiral Porter's) fleet at its mouth. Below the Red River is the Army of the Gulf, fresh, eager, and crowned with laurels on whose leaves the dew of victory still glistens. Above the Red lies a division of Gen. Grant's army. I don't call this an "anaconda," but it is a movement which is gradually *closing* in upon Port Hudson and Vicksburg.

### Citizens' Meeting.

A meeting of the citizens was held at the Board of Trade Rooms, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of concerting measures to receive Colonel Bayne's, 136th regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, in a suitable manner.

The meeting was organized by calling Mayor Sawyer to the Chair, and appointing J. F. Dunnan, Esq., Secretary.

On motion the following committees were appointed:

*Committee of Arrangements*—Henry A. Weaver, W. H. White, Jona Kuhn, James Irvin, Jas. Martin, H. Buffum, Samuel Riddle, Wm. J. Montgomery, Captain E. S. Wright, John Black.

*Finance Committee*—Col. W. Phillips, Jos. Dilworth, B. F. Jones, Frank Sellers, Jas. T. Gillespie, Ex-Mayor Wilson.

Mayor Sawyer then read the following communication, which was referred to the Committee of Arrangements to act upon:

B. C. SAWYER, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: In making arrangements for the reception of Col. Bayne's regiment, will you please to appoint a time, as soon after its arrival in the city as possible when the Subsistence Committee may have a meal ready for them at City Hall.

The 134th Pennsylvania regiment, Colonel O'Brian, composed of companies from Lawrence and Mercer counties, is now in Harrisburg, and will probably arrive in the city within a few days. Yours, respectfully,

W. P. WEYMAN, Pres't.

The different committees are earnestly requested to meet this morning at the office of ex-Mayor Henry A. Weaver, 106 Fourth street, at 10½ o'clock.

### Not Stolen After All—A Remarkable Case.

A day or two since we mentioned the fact that a bay mare, which had been stolen from Mrs. Elizabeth Bartner, of Fawn township, on Saturday night last, had been found in the stable of Mr. Porter, on Penn street, but it turns out to have been a very remarkable case of mistaken identity. The animal answered the description of the printed bill so fully, that the man who had bought her, Mr. Blackburn, at once admitted that there could be no doubt about the identification. Both hind feet white, collar mark on the shoulder, white face, and fresh scar on the left haunch, were the distinctive marks on the stolen mare, and all these were found to correspond exactly, together with the color and size.

Mr. Hamilton readily gave up possession, and an information for larceny was drawn up against some person unknown. Mr. H. hunted up the man from whom he purchased, and the latter did likewise, until the ownership was finally traced to Mr. O'Neill, a gentleman who was able and willing to prove that he had purchased that "kicking mare" two weeks before the other was alleged to have been stolen. This ended the investigation, and the animal was turned over to Mr. Hamilton. She is a most dangerous beast, as she will not permit any human being to approach her from behind, yet when taken by the head she is as gentle and treatable as any horse could be. Officer Dougherty, who had several of his ribs broken by a kick while examining her, is still confined to his room.

GRADUATED—At Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh, W. D. Neff, Wheeling, West Va.; H. M. Dawson, Clarksville, Pa.; Jos. Speidel, Wheeling, West Va.; all of whom passed an honorable examination, and who will no doubt hereafter sustain the high reputation of this favorite establishment by their proficiency in business. They were awarded the elegant Diploma of the College, printed upon fine parchment, and were presented by the Faculty with copies of the College Gems of Penmanship, as testimonials of their exemplary deportment and application during their attendance at college.

### The Court.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE HAMPTON.

FRIDAY, MAY 22.—Joseph H. Hill vs. the Monongahela Valley Bank. Judgment confessed by the defendant to the plaintiff, with his consent, for $1,324 75, with costs of suit. Smith, Parks & Co. vs. Porter, Mathews & Co. Jury out.

ALL kinds of stationery, at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice.

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

### "The Army Chaplain".

*Messrs. Editors*:—I have read your paper regularly for many years, but I believe I have never troubled you with a communication for your columns. We all feel a deep interest in the army, and everything which benefits the soldiers, is, at least, an indirect blessing to the country. So I view the little volume which I refer to, *The Army Chaplain*.

It is an excellent book. The Chaplains, of course, will all read it, as it defines their duties and qualifications both legal and moral and directs them how to perform the more important duties.

But Messrs. editors, this book will relieve more suffering among families than any book I have seen since the war begun, if they will get it and read it. What amount of anxiety has harrassed pious parents and wives and kindred for fear their "loved ones" in the army would have no religious restraints, and would become immoral and depraved. This has been the great trouble with thousands of good people who have cheerfully given their friends to the cause, and it has caused great suffering. Let such persons read the *Army Chaplain*. I had no idea how much religious instruction the soldiers were entitled to. It seems to me that if the Chaplain is faithful, according to the duties laid down in this book, they have better religious instruction, and better opportunities of becoming christians than many of them would have at home. I am sure that no pastor attends to the sick in his congregation as carefully as the hospital Chaplain is required to do.

Part III of the volume gives directions how the friends of the soldiers may assist the Chaplain. This will enable them to direct their contributions to those channels which are likely to do the most good. It refers to the Bible Society—to the several Publication Societies, Newspapers, the Sanitary Commission, the Christian Commission, Letters from Friends, Prayer, &c.

I hope every one who has a relative in the army will read it. It will do them good, and it will do good to the soldiers, and to the Chaplain. Yours, UNION LEAGUE.

May 18th, 1863.

*The Army Chaplain: His Office, Duties and Responsibilities. By Rev. W. Y. Brown, A. M., Hospital Chaplain U. S. A. Philadelphia: Wm. S. & Alfred Martien, No. 606 Chestnut street. 1863.

### The Circus is Coming.

Mr. Noyes, agent for Thayer & Noyes' circus, is now in this city, making arrangements for the exhibitions advertised to take place on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week. There will be a grand entree into the city on Monday, which the public, particularly the juveniles, will be on the qui vive to witness. The first exhibition will be given on Monday evening, on the Red Lion lot, in the rear of Trimble's Hotel. The pavilion will be beautifully lighted with gas, and the reserved seats will be fitted up with a view to the easeand comfort of the ladies. Afternoon performances will be given on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

RAILROAD TO FRANKLIN.—We remind the business community and capitalists seeking investments of the opening of the subscription books of the Mahoning and French Creek Railroad Company, at 10 o'clock this morning, at the Merchants' Exchange. The Commissioners, resident in Pittsburgh, are: Thomas Bakewell, Wm. M. Lyon, Jas. Park, jr., Geo. Black, Wm. R. Brown, B. F. Jones, Samuel M. Kier and Wm. R. Nimick.

THE SCHERR MUSICALS, given last evening at Masonic Hall, by the pupils of Prof. J. T. Wamelink, was a grand success. The large hall was completely filled by a very fashionable audience, and the entertainment was highly creditable to both pupils and teacher. The selections were excellent, and the performances were received with marked eclat. The Erbshim Society rendered most valuable assistance, and contributed largely to the interest of the occasion.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY PAPERS.—The Pictorial Weeklies, among which we may mention *Frank Leslie, Harper's Weekly* and the *Illustrated News*, as the leading journals of this class, and the Religious Weeklies, as the *Independent*, etc, will be found on the counter of J. W. Pittock's News and Periodical Depot, opposite the Postoffice.

FOR the Battle at Chancellorsville, illustrated, see this week's Leslie, and other Weekly papers, at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice.

HARPER, Atlantic and Godey, for June, at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, Carte de Visits, Pocket Books, Wallets, &c., &c., can be found at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice.

STRAWBERRIES, from Southern Illinois, have already been offered for sale in the Chicago markets.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Mail Dispatches to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, May 21, 1863.

EMPLOYMENT OF CONTRABANDS.

Lieut. Colonel Greene, Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Washington, has commenced the organization of the laboring parties of contrabands on the abandoned farms in Virginia. The plan originated with him.

The decrepit men and women, in the contraband camp, will be put to work raising vegetables for the city markets. The camp and hospital under the care of Dr. Nichols will still be kept up, and the proceeds of the labor of these people will be applied to the support of the new arrivals.

THE FIRST DISTRICT COLORED REGIMENT.

The inspection and muster of two companies of the First Colored Regiment of the District took place yesterday, at Israel church, near the capitol. Dr. Thaddeus Seely, of Armory Hospital, and Dr. Auguste M. Newly, commissioned colored surgeon, were the examiners. Dr. Seely observed that he had examined a good many men, but that he had never seen a better set of men, physically, than these. At the close of the examination, each company, after taking the oath, upon being informed they were now soldiers of the Union army, gave three cheers.

Col. Todd, Provost Marshal, has assigned these men quarters at the Soldiers' Retreat, where heretofore the soldiers of the Union have found a first night's rest in Washington. On their way to their new quarters, it was necessary to pass the Old Capitol prison. Upon their appearance in front of the widows, they were greeted with hoots and yells from the representatives of the chivalry in that detestable institution. The newly made "Chasseurs D'Afrique" suddenly squelched them by rousing cheers in return.

Clothing and rations are being issued to them, and they enter to-day upon the duties of a soldier's life.

CONCERNING LOTTERIES.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has under consideration two important questions on the lottery section of the law. First, whether a lottery manager appointed by the State is to be considered as a manager within the meaning of the law requiring managers to take out a thousand dollar license or as a State officer. Second, whether tickets remaining in the hands of the managers, not sold, require to be stamped, as being offered for sale within the meaning of the act. The probabilities are that the decision of both questions will be in favor of the lotteries, on the ground that the law is not a punitive but a revenue measure.

Our officers in various localities seem to be awakening to the importance of raids into the enemy's country. An expedition from Helena, Ark., mentioned in a dispatch from Cairo, destroyed an immense supply of corn, besides several grist mills. Another, from Corinth into Alabama, returned with several hundred prisoners and horses; and a third, to the neighborhood of Holly Springs, Miss., defeated Faulkner's rebel cavalry.

AN ORDER MODIFIED.—Gen. Burnside has modified Order No. 66, and has concluded to allow all persons of known loyalty, notwithstanding their close relationship to rebels in arms against the country, to remain unmolested on this side of the lines.

A BALTIMORE CORRESPONDENT of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* writes that a rebel invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania is by no means an impossible contingency, and adds that Governor Curtin should lose no time in organizing the State militia.

## SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. E. GRATORY, General Agent.
No. 18, Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

EXTRACTION OF CORNS AND BUNIONS.—Various circumstances have delayed the departure of Dr. Rendall, the successful operator on corns and bunions, but the principal one of these is the great demand for his services, which his peculiar system of treatment has caused; but he assures those persons who intend to honor him with a call, that other engagements will preclude the possibility of his remaining in the city longer than the present week.

The testimonials that have been published from time to time in our paper, from well known citizens, who were previously lame for years from corns and bunions, are of themselves sufficient to prove the efficacy with which he operates. Selected from them are the following:

Certificates of Wm. Phillips, Esq., of the Select Council, and F. Boyle, Esq.

*Pittsburgh*, April 18, 1863.—We certify that Dr. Rendall has operated on our feet, removing corns therefrom, doing so without pain, and entirely to our satisfaction.

[Signed] W. PHILLIPS.
F. BOYLE.

Dr. Rendall has this day removed eight corns from my feet. The operation was a painless one, and the relief is such that I advise those afflicted with Corns and Bunions to give the Doctor a call.

April 10, '63. ELI YOUNG, Smithfield st.

Dr. Rendall's offices are on Diamond street, opposite the Court House, fourth door above Grant street, where he can be consulted for a few days longer.

CHEAP CLOTHING AND WHERE TO BUY THEM.—The enterprising firm of Wm. H. McGee & Co., merchant tailors, corner of Federal and Diamond square, Allegheny, being fully aware of the extraordinary advance in Spring goods, have purchased last fall a beautiful assortment of cloth, cassimeres, vestings, &c., and they are now ready to open their Spring trade with superior articles, at greatly reduced prices. They will sell their goods by the yard if desired, and as they keep constantly on hand a large supply of ready made clothing, customers can be accommodated to the demand, or have a nicely fitted suit to order. The work is all done under their supervision, and always warranted to purchasers.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.—Our affable young friends composing the firm of John Weiser & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny, have just opened the most extensive and *recherche* stock of spring and summer goods ever exhibited west of the mountains, comprising some of the most beautiful French and American Cassimeres, Cloths, Cashmeres, Marzeilles, &c., &c., to be found in the eastern market. This enterprising firm has also a very large assortment of the latest styles of furnishing goods, and a considerable quantity of ready-made clothing of superior quality. We advise our Allegheny patrons to call at this establishment, and see for themselves.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—Samuel Graham, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general that he has just returned from the East with his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Gentlemen desiring a stock to select from that cannot be surpassed by any other in the city, and these garments made in the most fashionable manner, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

SAMUEL GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 Market street, one door from Third

FROM A DISTINGUISHED MINISTER.—Rev. B. P. Stone, D. D., Concord, N. H., writes: "Having made an experiment of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dye, I cheerfully say it is successful. My hair, which was quite gray, is now restored to its original color. I recommend them to the public as the best articles yet discovered for the hair. Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 195 Greenwich street, New York. mw

FRESH FISH.—R. M. Bean & McCoy, at their stand in the Diamond market, are in daily receipt of fresh Mackerel, Shad, Sea Bass, Halibut, Lake Fish, Salmon, Lobster, Cod and Oysters. The firm has facilities for securing the very pick of the market, and those purchasing can rely upon getting fish fresh and sweet. Call and see the tempting display. 2t

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Cuthbert's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield streets. All orders promptly attended to. 1

SOLDIERS' SPECIAL NOTICE.—Do your duty to yourselves, protect your health, use Holloway's Pills and Ointment. For wounds, sores, bowel complaints and fevers, they are a perfect safeguard. Full directions how to use them with every box. Only 25 cents. 210

A NEW, short chimney coal oil burner, for general domestic use, invented and patented by Dr. A. H. Platt, of Cincinnati, and General W. S. Rosecrans, U. S. A., may be seen by calling immediately at room No. 10, Scott House.

ORDERS AND CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 605 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the office will be promptly attended. 5th-ly
No fees to be paid to drivers. 6m

DENTAL INSTITUTE.—All work done at this establishment is guaranteed to be better and cheaper than can be had in the city. No. 251 Penn street. 1y

C. SIEL, Dentist, 246 Penn street, attend to all business of his profession.

## DIED:

SMITH—At Etna, on Thursday, 21st inst., at 11½ o'clock, Mrs. HARRIET SMITH.

The funeral will take place on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY. No. 255, June Term, 1863. In the matter of the incorporation of the Hope Steam Engine and Hose Company, No. 1, of Allegheny City. U.S.

And now to wit, May 2d, 1863, the foregoing instrument of writing, specifying the objects, articles, conditions and name, style and title of the Association or Company called the "Hope Steam Fire Engine and Hose Company, No. 1, of Allegheny City," presented in open Court by S. Belcher, Jr., Attorney for the petitioners, and the Court having perused and examined the same and the objects, articles and conditions therein set forth and contained, appearing to be lawful and not injurious to the community, thereupon the Court direct that said instrument of writing be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court; and that notice be inserted in the Pittsburgh *Daily Gazette*, a newspaper printed in said county, for three weeks after the application, and that a charter of incorporation will be granted to said Company, as prayed for, at the next (June) term of the Court, if no sufficient reasons be shown to the contrary. my6:3w

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, there will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of May, 1863, at 10 o'clock a. m., all that valuable tract of land situate in Ross township, about three miles from Allegheny City, and bounded by lands of David Sterrett, the heirs of Wm. H. Graham, lands of ——— Lightfill and John Ramage, containing 80 acres, more or less, being the farm of the late Daniel McKeever, dec'd, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, a double log barn, spring house, and other improvements. There is also upon the premises an excellent young bearing orchard of choice grafted fruit.

Terms made known on day of sale.

PETER IVORY,
JAS. MAYLOR,
Administrators of Daniel McKeever, dec'd.
m:23:3wd

OLIVE OIL.—Fresh Italian and Bordeaux Salad Oil, in quarts and pints, received and for sale by the dozen or single bottle, at the Family Grocery store of JOHN A. BENSHAW,
my19 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

GREASE AND RAGS—
15 bbls. GREASE;
15 cases RAGS;
On steamer Shamrock, to arrive and for sale by
my19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BURNET'S EXTRACTS, for flavoring Puddings, Blanc mange, Ice Cream, &c., a full assortment for sale wholesale and retail, by JOHN A. BENSHAW,
my19 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

TAR! TAR!—42 bbls Pitch Pine Tar In store, and for sale by
McDONALD & ARBUCKLES,
242 and 244 Liberty st., near Wood.

## THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

### OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, May 22, 1863.

THE PAY OF THE ARMY.

The whole amount of money sent out by the Treasury, to pay the army for the last two months, is twenty-one millions six hundred thousand dollars—distributed as follows: Money sent to Cincinnati to pay Burnside's command down to the 20th of April; to Fort Leavenworth for the Kansas and Indian Territory troops; to Minnesota for troops there; and in Dacotah and San Francisco for the Pacific coast troops. The paymasters are now in New York, awaiting transportation to New Orleans, Hilton Head and Newbern, with funds to pay all the coast expedition. The money is ready for the Potomac army, but many muster-rolls for pay have not yet been received, which caused some delay. The money will be paid over as soon as they are ready for it. Paymasters are now going through New York and Pennsylvania paying off the mustered out troops. Money has been sent to Western Virginia for their troops. Also to St. Louis, for the Missouri, Arkansas and Iowa troops.

BUILDING PRIVATEERS.

The rebels are building privateers in Europe with the proceeds of Texas cotton, which is seized and contributed by the State authorities to what is known as the gunboat fund.

The Bratos has been made a rendezvous in Texas for the rebel navy, and in the language of the letter, the first thing we know we will be terribly terrified at what we hear from there. He says nearly all classes of goods can be bought in Brownsville, Texas, as cheap as in New Orleans.

Refugees and deserters constantly arriving in Mexico from Texas bring news that the Union men still hold out faithful, though heartsick at repeated disappointments.

The rebels have made Hamilton's wife a hostage to check his labors in the North.

There is information confirming the rebel accounts of Grant's success in the battles of Friday and Saturday.

The Richmond papers, of the 21st, also contain further particulars of the disaster to their army.

Grant, at last accounts, is said to have been pushing them northward.

REBEL COMMERCE IN TEXAS.

Information received here from an American official in Mexico, says the occupation of the Rio Grande frontier would interfere largely with the New York traders in the region dealing with the rebels. They justify themselves in the illicit trade by saying that, in exchanging every kind of rebel supplies for cotton, they are benefiting the Union.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE MAIMED SOLDIERS.

The President received twenty or thirty one-legged soldiers, to-day, who were introduced by the chaplain. He shook hands with all, calling them "my boys," and congratulated them on their brave and noble deeds.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.

After the discharge of the fugitive slave today, by Judge Wylie, his counsel seized the claimant. The police took the boy for safe-keeping, and subsequently delivered him to the contraband camp. It is said that the claimant will get a fresh warrant to morrow.

PAYMENT OF THE ARMY.

No money has yet been furnished to the armies of Gen. Grant, Rosecrans, Shenck and Heintzelman, or to the troops at Suffolk and Fortress Monroe. The amount yet due the army is about sixteen millions.

THE D'UTASSY COURT.

The D'Utassy court has adjourned *sine die*. It is understood that he is convicted, and will be much more severely punished than by dishonorable dismissal.

PROSPECT OF ANOTHER FREE STATE.

Gen. Banks writes privately that he hopes within a short time to reorganize Louisiana as a State with a free constitution.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Navy Department is advised that the steamer R. R. Cuyler, on the 6th, captured off Mobile, while attempting to run the blockade, the steamer Eugene. She is a new side wheel vessel, of very fast speed. She was fitted out at New York several weeks since, and sailed thence for Havana, via Nassau. It is supposed that she is loaded with arms and ammunition.

The supply steamer Union, while on her way to New York, captured the English steamer Lisnet, with an assorted contraband cargo.

The gunboat Kanawha, on the 1st, captured the schooner Darty, while trying to run the blockade at Mobile, with an assorted cargo. The same vessel captured the schooner Clara, on the 25th ult.

The United States schooner Richard Sesmac, captured the schooner Nymph at Pass Cabello, Texas, on the 29th ult, loaded with coffee, medicines, dry goods, shoes, etc.

### From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 21.—The flag of truce steamer, State of Maine, in charge of Capt. John E. Mulford, of the 3d New York infantry, left for City Point this morning. She has on board 130 rebel officers and about 400 privates.

Lieut. Col. C. W. Thomas, Chief Quartermaster at this place, was severely injured this morning. His horse took fright on the main wharf, and became unmanageable. In passing the Commissary Department he came in collision with a tree. The Colonel was thrown from his gig and badly bruised.

His excellency Governor Pierpont arrived this morning by the Baltimore boat. He left immediately for Chuckatuck.

About 12 o'clock last night three men named Ward, Lumson and Bell were arrested in the attempt to pass our lines at Deep Creek, about two miles from Norfolk. They had in their possession about $2,500 worth of Confederate goods.

### Southern News.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 21st, contains the following dispatch:

*Mobile, May* 19.—The special reporter of the *Advertiser and Register*, under date of the 18th, at Jackson, furnishes the following particulars of Saturday's fight, received from the Adjutant of the 15th Mississippi regiment, who arrived from Canton last night. The battle was fought at Baker's Creek, about twenty miles west of Jackson. We whipped the enemy badly until he was reinforced from Jackson. Gen. Pemberton then fell back to Big Black bridge. Gen. Pemberton estimates our loss at 3,000, and that of the enemy three times as many. Gen. Loring on the left was cut off, but he cut his way through to Cristie Springs, twenty-five miles south of Jackson. His loss is unknown. Gen. Tilghman was killed.

### From Bermuda.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Advices from Bermuda of the 5th inst., give a rumor that Captain Semmes has resigned the command of the Alabama to his first officer, and taken command of a fine Confederate ship, mounting thirty-two guns.

The schooner Sunny South, which arrived at Bermuda, reports that on April 24th, in lat. 27° long. 71° she passed the wreck of a vessel bottom up. On the previous day she saw several chests of tea and picked up one, the contents of which were spoiled by salt water. It is surmised that they were the remains of a homeward bound East Indiaman destroyed by the Alabama.

### Subscriptions to the 5-20 Loan.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Jay Cooke, subscription agent, reports the sale to-day of 5-20's to the amount of $3,292,000, in the following localities: New York and New Jersey, $1,500,000; Boston and New England, $400,000; Philadelphia and Pennsylvania, $300,000; Baltimore, $60,000; Western States, $330,000.

### Latest from New Orleans.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The steamer Matanzas arrived at this port this evening from New Orleans on the 13th inst. Among her passengers is Col. John S. Clark, of General Banks' staff. The following intelligence is furnished by the New Orleans papers:

At midnight, on the 8th inst., our mortar fleet, assisted by the iron-clad Essex and the sloop-of-war Richmond, commenced the bombardment of the lower batteries at Port Hudson. Fire was kept up for an hour, but the enemy did not respond. On the 9th trials were made to secure a more accurate range, and at ten o'clock at night another bombardment took place, which also continued for an hour without receiving any response.

At three o'clock on the morning of the 10th the batteries were for the third time bombarded, and it was continued till four and a half o'clock, when the enemy replied, and the firing became rapid on both sides. The Essex was struck by shot, but not injured. The Richmond, with a full broadside, silenced the enemy's guns. None of our vessels were injured.

The correspondent of the New Orleans *Era*, who furnished the above information, intimates that good news will fill his next letter.

Lieut. Col. Blackburn, of the 6th Illinois cavalry, died at Oxyka, from his wounds. He received kind attention, and his remains were properly buried.

All the colored regiments in Gen. Banks' department, except the Engineer Corps, have been turned over to General Ullman, who will have the entire control of their equipment and organization. In addition to the present four regiments that have been organized, there are already 2,500 recruits in camp and under instruction. General Ullman will immediately proceed to organize a *corps d'armee* of infantry, artillery and cavalry, under the command of white officers.

All places of public resort in New Orleans, with the exception of places of worship, have been ordered to display the National flag, and at all places of amusement the National airs will hereafter be played at the commencement and close of each night's performance.

Capt. W. P. Johnson, of the 25th Connecticut regiment, died at New Orleans on the 11th.

Admiral Farragut was serenaded by Unionists of New Orleans on the night of the 12th.

The steamer United States, from New York, arrived at New Orleans on the 13th.

Gen. McMillan and Lieut. Col. Stevens are passengers on the Matanzas, as are also 47 discharged soldiers.

The sloop-of-war Juniata arrived at Key West on the 17.

### The Fugitive Slave Case.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In the fugitive case pending for several weeks, before the Supreme Court for this District, the Judges were equally divided. On the motion to discharge the relator by the writ of *habeas corpus*, Chief Justice Carter and Associate Judge Fisher were of the opinion that the power heretofore exercised in the District of Columbia, was still in force upon the subject of fugitives slave law, while Associate Judges Olin and Wylie dissented. Owing to this division, the fugitive was remanded, subject to the order of Judge Wylie, who, having issued the warrant of arrest, but subsequently decided that he had not power to do so, discharged the defendant from custody. As the slave was leaving the presence of the Judge, his owner seized him, whereupon Mr. Dean, his counsel, rescued him, and the aid of the police was called to prevent a breach of the peace, which seemed imminent. Action and counter-action ensued on both sides, after which the fugitive was delivered to the military authorities, to be held in custody till to-morrow for a further action of the judiciary.

### From Cairo.

CAIRO, May 22.—The steamer City of Alton from below, has arrived here. Our gunboats have ascended Red river from Alexandria. The steamer Price succeeded in breaking a rebel raft loose and it floated out of the way, while our boats proceeded up the river to Harrisonburg. They shelled the rebel battery at that point for two hours without taking it.

The accounts of the operations of General Grant's army up to the 17th inst., do not materially differ from the reports already published. The impression is gaining ground that Gen. Grant is perfect master of the situation.

Warrenton is in our possession, and teams are continually employed in hauling stores from that point.

It was reported at Helena that Price and Marmaduke have a rebel force of 10,000 at Wittsburg, Granville, Miss., a town of some 400 inhabitants, has been entirely destroyed.

### From Port Royal.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The store-ship Conner, from Port Royal, brings the news of a small engagement which took place, on the night of the 14th inst., between a detachment of our forces and about one hundred rebel soldiers, on Morris Island, in which the latter were driven back across the creek. Our loss was one man slightly wounded. It seemed to be the general impression that the Monitors would attempt a reduction of the outer works along the beach, before again attacking Fort Sumter.

A British and a French man of war arrived at Charleston on the 14 h.

A flag of truce boat, from Charleston, was refused admittance, by the blockading fleet, which then shot lines, on the ground that similar boats had used the flag of truce as a deception, in order to gain information of our movements.

### Hospital Burned.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—The Medical College at Lexington, Ky., used for a government hospital, was completely destroyed by fire at noon to-day. The sick were safely removed. Loss, $90,000.

### Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—The movements in breadstuffs continue of a limited character. There is no export demand for Flour, and only 400 barrels Ohio changed sales at $6 87½, and some superfine at $5. Rye Flour steady at $5 25. Corn Meal $4 25. There is no change in Wheat; 5,000 bushels red sold at $1 36@1 40, and small lots of white at $1 50. $1 35. 500 bushels of Rye bought at $1 10. Corn is in fair request, and 4,000 bushels yellow sold at 80c. Oats are in demand, and 5,000 bushels Pennsylvania sold at 70@70c. 5,000 bushels Barley Malt sold at $1 00@1 10. Provisions are quiet; 500 tierces packed hams at 8½@9¾, and short clear at 5 ... Lard is steady at 10@10½ for barrels, and 11½@12 for kegs. Coffee is firm; sales of Rio at 31@33, and Laguayra at 33. 250 barrels Whisky sold at 45.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Flour dull; sales of 8,000 bbls at $5 40@5 50 for State, $5 40@5 60 for Ohio, and $5 50@7 for Southern. Wheat quiet at $1 28@1 37 for Chicago Spring. Corn dull; sales of 40,000 bush at 76@77c. Beef dull. Pork dull. Lard dull at 9¾@10¾. Whisky dull at 44c.

Receipts of Flour, 11,225 bbls; Wheat, 138,934 bus; Corn, 100,000 bush.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Cotton firm and advanced ½@¾ cent; sales at 58c. Flour; State has declined 5 cents; sales of 12,000 barrels at $5 35@5 55 for State, $5 40@5 50 for Ohio, and $5 55@7 for South-ern. Wheat has declined 2 cents; sales of 160,000 bushels at $1 24@1 40 for Chicago Spring, $1 32½@1 43 for Milwaukee Club, $1 36@1 51 for Red Western. Corn has declined 1@2c; sales of 140,000 bushels at 76@77c. Beef steady. Pork dull at $11 81@11 37. Lard firm. Whisky dull.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—Evening.—Flour dull and unchanged, and prices nominal at $4 75 for superfine, and $4 80 for extra. Wheat is in moderate demand, without change; choice Kentucky white is scarce and brought $1 45. Corn declined to 45c for new. Oats declined to 65c. Rye 75. Whisky dull at 40c in bond. Mess Pork sold at $9 75. There is a further decline in bulk meats and dull; 20,000 lbs sold at 3¾c for shoulders, and 5c for sides. Lard unchanged; 83 tierces city brought 6½. There is no demand for bacon. Refined Oil has declined to $1 10. Groceries dull and unchanged.

Gold, 147; Silver, 135. Exchange, ¼ prem., indicating no change.

BALTIMORE, May 22.—Flour dull; Ohio $6 50; extra at $6 70@6 75. Wheat; sales 10,000 bush. at $1 73@1 78 for Kentucky white; sales 5,000 bush. Pennsylvania red at $1 60@1 65. Corn advancing; white, 80@81c, and yellow 81@82c. Oats quiet at 73@74c. Whisky dull and 1c. lower.

## WANTS.

WANTED.—A GARDENER, to take care of a Fruit Garden and small Vineyard, near the city. Recommendations required. Inquire at the CITY FLOUR MILL,
my19:2t Liberty and Adams street.

WANTED.—$75 A MONTH!—I want to hire Agents in every county at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing Machines. Address, S. MADISON,
m:6:3mw Alfred, Maine.

WANTED.—$60 A MONTH!—We want Agents at $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our *Revolving Pencils, Original Burners*, and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles. Fifteen circulars sent free. Address,
my6:3mw SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Me.

BURLINGTON HERRING—10 boxes just received and for sale by BEYMER & BROS.,
my21 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

FLAXSEED OIL—30 bbls. to arrive and for sale. We desire to sell and refer from the per ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

REFINED OILS—20 bbls. Straw Colored Oil for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.
my19

25 BBLS. NEW SALT HERRING; 25 boxes new prime Dairy Cheese; For sale by R. RAMSELTON, 18 Diamond.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—
THE "CROTON ROCK GLASS WORKS"
AT NEWCASTLE, PA.

These Works, situated about one mile east of the town of New Castle, are offered for sale. They are located on a beautiful tableland, containing 18 ACRES on which is erected the Factory, suitable for an 8 or 10 Pott Furnace, with all the buildings necessary to the successful manufactory of WINDOW GLASS; also, with some 15 DWELLING HOUSES; and on the same land is the fine sandstone rock from which the Croton Rock Glass is manufactured, which for beauty and strength is not surpassed in this country. Also, a 10 or 12 year lease of all the coal on 20 acres of land, three fourths of a mile distant, which is in successful operation and from which the Factory is supplied with coal. All the improvements are in good running order, and in successful operation at this time.

Possession given on the first of July, next, and if not sold will offer for rent for one year from the above date. Information and terms made known by application on the premises at New Castle, or to J. Crowther, at the office of Graff, Bennett & Co., Pittsburgh.

WM. WALSON.
m 24 ad

RAILROAD IRON FOR SALE.

U. S. MILITARY RAILROAD OFFICE,
200 G street, Washington, D. C., May 14 1863.

The undersigned will receive sealed bids for the purchase of 925 925-2240 tons of new rails, from weighing 60 lbs. to the yard. 206 720-2240 tons of the above is at the Gambria Mills, Johnstown, Pa., and the balance, 674 200-2240 tons, is at Pittsburgh, Pa.

In case a bid is accepted