

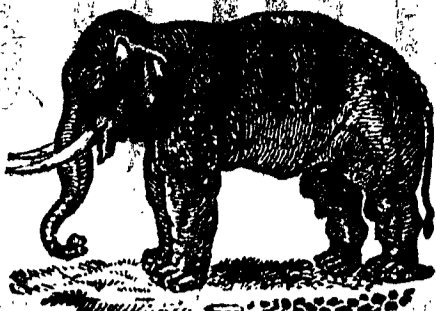


THE COMPILER.

"LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION."

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A. Monday Morning, Nov. 10, 1856.

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GLORIOUS RESULT IN ADAMS!!!

Her People True to the Union!!!

What true friend of the Union is there who does not experience an inexpressible feeling of mingled pride and pleasure upon being informed of the result of last Tuesday's battle in Adams county! Just think of it: TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO MAJORITY FOR BUCHANAN AND BRECKINRIDGE!!!

The people, when they try to be right, are not to be diverted from their true path; even the specious cries of "Freedom in Kansas," "Free speech," and all sort of thing can avail nothing against the "sober second thought."

The opposition worked with a determination unparalleled for its violence and unscrupulousness. To retain the patronage of the county was their "all in all," and to carry that point, every conceivable expedient, no matter how base its character, was resorted to.

But all to no purpose. The people were not to be bought, nor to be driven into the tools of fanaticism and proscription. They are too high-minded for such base uses.

The result is given officially below. It is a beautiful picture; the like of which the "Young Guard" has never shown the world before!

Table with 4 columns: County, Buchanan, Fremont, Fusion. Lists results for Gettysburg, Cumberland, Adams, etc.

Incidents of the Campaign. A few weeks ago a Democratic Hickory Pole was raised in Huntington township.

The Popular Vote. From present indications Mr. Buchanan will receive nearly a majority of the whole popular vote of the country, which, with three prominent candidates in the field, is a great triumph.

In 1848, Gen. Taylor lacked 152,931 of a clear majority over both of his competitors, exclusive of the vote of South Carolina. We think that Mr. Buchanan's minority cannot be so great as that.

THE CRY OF FRAUD. The vote of Philadelphia on the Presidential question settles conclusively the question of fraud in October. It shows a large increase in the Democratic vote, and a falling off on the part of our opponents.

A Large Black. Mr. McCummett, of Sangamon county, Illinois, has the largest flock of sheep in the United States. It numbers 24,000, and all of the choicest merino.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars a Month.

Shrieks and subsidies—freedom and Freedom!—one hundred thousand dollars a month during the war in Kansas!—the "Bleeding Fund" of political corruption and bribery, may have subsidized venal presses, purchased marketable pulpits, bought a few saleable politicians, but the people have not been purchased. Mock philanthropy has had its day.

That Habeas Corpus! The Know-Nothings of the Borough issued one writ of Habeas Corpus, and their majority fell off six—since the October election. How many writs of the same kind would have brought their majority down to nothing?

Always Knew It. The result of the late election, on the part of the Fremonters, reminds us of the story told some time ago of a lad who was asked: "How much did your pig weigh?" "Not a quarter as much as we expected, we always knew it wouldn't."

THE CONFUSION TRAIN OFF THE TRACK!

Mr. Shriek Freedom, Conductor, killed; Mr. Fremont Fillmore, Engineer, and Mr. Fillmore Fremont, Fireman, sink beneath the ruins; and Messrs. Johnston, Stevens, Cameron, Wilnot, and other of the passengers maimed for life. It is seriously doubted whether the Mariposa company will be able to liquidate the damages.

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PENNSYLVANIA.

Table showing election results for Pennsylvania by county, including Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, Bedford, Berks, Bucks, Beaver, Butler, Blair, Bradford, Cambria, Carbon, Centre, Clarion, Clearfield, Clinton, Columbia, Cumberland, Chester, Crawford, Dauphin, Delaware, Elk, Erie, Fayette, Fulton, Franklin, Forest, Greene, Huntington, Indiana, Jefferson, Juniata, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, Lancaster, Lawrence, Lebanon, Mercer, McKean, Mifflin, Montgomery, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Northampton, Perry, Philadelphia, Pike, Potter, Schuylkill, Sullivan, Snyder, Somerset, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Venango, Warren, Wayne, Washington, Wyoming, Westmoreland, York.

Smart People! Prominent among the smart people of this smart world, should be placed a number of the smart Know Nothing Justices of Adams county.

OLD BUCK ELECTED! The Democrats of Adams deserve great credit for their gallantry throughout the campaign, and especially on the day of battle. All worked nobly. Although some of the districts may have done better than others, we have not the heart to single any out to the seeming discredit of their equally hard-working neighbors.

GLORIOUS NEWS!!!



BUCHANAN AND BRECKINRIDGE ELECTED!

THE UNION & THE CONSTITUTION RESTORED!

Popular Sovereignty Triumphant!—And the People determined to make their own Laws!

KANSAS CEASED BLEEDING!

Sufficient returns of the Presidential Election, throughout the Union, have been received to authorize us to announce a BRILLIANT DEMOCRATIC VICTORY!

BUCHANAN AND BRECKINRIDGE are elected President and Vice President for four years from the 4th of March next!

PENNSYLVANIA. The reported majorities from the counties heard from, with a liberal estimate for the counties yet to be heard from, would indicate a plurality for Mr. Buchanan of 30,000; over both of from 8,000 to 12,000.

MARYLAND has gone for Fillmore by about 8,000—but the Know Nothings do not boast about it. Even many of that party are shocked at the outrages in Baltimore, by which this result was brought about.

VIRGINIA goes for Buchanan by 20,000; DELAWARE ditto by 1,850!

NEW YORK for Fremont by 20,000—but the Democrats have gained fourteen Members of Congress!

INDIANA is Democratic by at least 10,000 majority!

ILLINOIS goes for Fremont by 8,000. OHIO is not so largely Republican as that party calculated upon. Fremont's majority is about 10,000—30,000 majority was looked for.

CONNECTICUT for Fremont 5,000, Maine 15,000, Massachusetts 49,000, New Hampshire 5,000, Rhode Island 4,000, and Vermont 15,000.

NEW JERSEY goes for Buck and Breck by 5,000!

ALABAMA Democratic by 9,000 majority, Arkansas 10,000, Tennessee 7,000, North Carolina 6,000, South Carolina, by the Legislature, unanimously!

KENTUCKY rolls up the handsome majority of 8,000 for Pennsylvania's and her own favorite sons.

LATEST.

The news by Saturday night's mails authorizes us to place the States in the positions annexed.

The election does not go to the House—THE PEOPLE have decided the question for themselves!

Table showing electoral college results for Buchanan, Fillmore, Fremont across various states like Maine, N. Hampshire, Maryland, etc.

Necessary to a choice, 140. California (which has most probably gone for Mr. Buchanan) remains to be heard from.

The "plug uglies" of Baltimore have forced, by violence and bloodshed, that city into upwards of seven thousand majority for Fillmore! This unprecedented result was brought about only by unheard-of outrage, doubtless under the connivance of its prescriptive Know Nothing Mayor and his cut-throat police.

The city is fast losing the respect of her customers. "We say to the friends of freedom, gird on your armor anew for the contest, and make ready your bow for the fight."

"Friends of Fremont and friends of Fillmore! You can now vote your sentiments on the UNION TICKET, and they will be fairly represented, and tell effectually against the Cincinnati Platform. See to it, that every vote is polled—and the result cannot be doubtful!"

In nearly every district of our country the Democrats have gained over the October election. In truth, it was a full day's work.

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DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

On Friday evening week, a very large and spirited Democratic meeting came off in this place. After a fine display of Rockets, Roman Candles and Bengolas, the assemblage was called to order in the Court-house, and the following gentlemen chosen officers:

President, Hon. JOEL B. DANNEB. Vice Presidents, John Butt, Sr., Jas. Eicholtz, John Taughinbaugh, Peter Mackley, John Cashman, Z. Herbert, Esq., Jacob Lott, Wm. Koelauer, Jacob Haner, D. C. Brinkerhoff, Wm. Cowenover, Jonas Keber, Jacob Brinkerhoff, Hugh M. Craig.

Secretary, Dr. Jno. A. Swope, Wm. Reary, George Fissel, Samuel G. Cook, Samuel Criswell, Peter Smith, Aaron Wisler.

Robert Tyler, Esq., of Philadelphia, who was present by invitation, made a masterly speech, devoted mainly to an examination of the Slavery question, and a more thorough and convincing sifting of the mass of trash thrown upon the political surface by an unscrupulous opposition, has hardly been listened to during the campaign anywhere.

On Saturday evening following, a meeting of the friends of the Union was held at Fairfield, which was very well attended, and enthusiastic throughout. The officers were:

President, JAMES H. MARSHALL, Esq. Vice Presidents, Jacob Brinkerhoff, John Bennett, George Trenkle, Wm. McClell, David Stonker, Michael Singley, H. D. Wattle, Jesse Walter, Jesse P. Tupper, John Sanders, Barney Bigham, Robert McLaughlin.

Secretaries, Z. H. Carley, Robert McClell, David H. Wooding, Peter Smith, Benjamin Reed, Barney Devine.

E. B. Buchler, Esq., S. J. Vandersloot and H. J. Stable addressed the meeting at some length upon the issues of the day, when it adjourned, and a procession was formed and marched through the town. A large pine-knot bon-fire was kept burning during the evening, and at the close of the speeches a display of fire-works came off.

THE ELECTION IN BALTIMORE.

The Presidential election in the city of Baltimore, November 4th, 1856, will stand out in its unapproachable memory while the memory of man shall last. Among all the dark records of political dishonor now are more odious and detestable, none more glaring in atrocity, none which will occasion such lasting discredit upon the parties implicated, as those of which we are about to speak.

This gentleman, so called by common courtesy, as long ago as the 10th of October, wrote a letter to Gen. Stewart, asking him whether, in the event of a riot on the 4th of November, beyond the ability of the police force of the city to suppress, he would bring to their aid the military under his command.

On the 30th October, in compliance with this peremptory request of Mayor Hinks, Gen. Stewart issued his orders to the military companies under his command, to assemble at their respective armories, in marching order, on the morning the election at 8 o'clock, and to remain there for further orders from the officers of their respective regiments.

On the 31st, Gen. Stewart informs Mayor Hinks of what had been done, and informs him that he had made the City Hall his headquarters, in order that his officers might be near the Mayor or himself. This led to an interview, during which Mayor Hinks informs Gen. S. that he regrets that the order had been issued for the military companies to turn out, and that it was more than he (the Mayor) intended in his note of Oct. 29th.

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The election. The Know Nothing Mayor expressed deep regret (we have no doubt it was sincerely felt) that he should have considered it necessary to leave Annapolis (the seat of government) and come to Baltimore under such exciting circumstances. The Governor stated that he had read the correspondence between him (the Mayor) and Gen. Stewart, and believed that it was his duty to adopt measures which should preserve the peace of the city. He should shrink from no responsibility in the discharge of his official obligations. He believed that the service of the military should be required, and considered that it was best to demand their services. For some unaccountable reason the military were not called out, and a series of disgraceful riots and bloodshed occurred which will be a monument of infamy to those in power to the latest generation. The miserable tool of a disgraceful faction, and his police, were not properly upon duty anywhere during the day. The rights and lives of the citizens were left to the mad fury of a fanaticism which has no head and cannot think, no heart and cannot feel. Violence was the order of the day. Deputations of the most respectable of the Democratic citizens waited upon this Mayor Hinks; stated to him the utter impossibility of Democratic naturalized and other citizens of approaching the ballot-box; that whenever they attempted to do so, they were assailed by ruffians, brutally beaten and driven from the polls. They respectfully requested that he would exercise the authority invested in him, fulfill the duties of his station, by making such arrangements as would enable all legal voters to exercise in safety the inalienable right of free and untrammelled suffrage. The reply of Mayor Hinks to all this was—investigate the matter! Investigate when? The next day, the next week—but too late of course for the purposes of election. He well knew that if fair play was permitted, Know Nothingism would be signally overthrown in Baltimore, and the vote of the State of Maryland be given to Mr. Buchanan. To prevent this, Mayor Hinks and his beggarly police, were willing to allow the streets of Baltimore to be crimsoned with human gore. What an infamous mockery of justice—what a burning disgrace, ludicrous shame and contempt will be associated with the Know Nothing authorities of the city of Baltimore while time shall last. If we were called upon to decide whether we would share the infamy of Benedict Arnold or that of the Know Nothing Mayor of Baltimore, we should choose that of the former.—Pennsylvania.

Baltimore Election Riots.

Referring to these disgraceful riots, the American, K. N., of Wednesday evening, says that, "the Mayor's arrangements for the preservation of the peace of the city proved entirely insufficient." The American reports 3 persons killed and some 78 wounded, 13 fatally. The Know Nothing majority, let it be remembered, was upwards of 7000!! A dark day for Baltimore!

The Sun says:

It is hardly news to any of our readers, that the city was disturbed by the most disgraceful riots during the whole of yesterday. In some part or another from the time the polls opened until they closed, disorder and riot prevailed more or less, and fire arms of every description were freely used. It is equally certain that fraudulent voting was practiced almost without restraint and scarcely disguised, while great numbers were deprived of their franchise, either by force and violence at the polls, or intimidation from the reports current of what was going on. The history of the day was a lamentable commentary upon the assumption of the mayor that he had adopted sufficient measures for the preservation of the peace. On the contrary, authority seemed powerless; disorder soon crept into riot, and riot culminated in bloodshed and slaughter. There was a notorious insufficiency to do any effective thing for the maintenance of order or for the protection of citizens in the exercise of their rights.

Political Sermons Repudiated.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—The congregation of the Church of the Epiphany (Protestant Episcopal) held an election to decide the question whether the Vestry should be sustained in the rebuke given to the pastor, Rev. Dudley A. Tyng, for preaching a political sermon some time since. The vote stood for the Vestry 37, against 44.—This involves the resignation of the pastor, agreeably to his determination previously announced, that if not sustained by the congregation he would resign. Many of those who voted against the Vestry did so out of attachment to the pastor, whilst they disapproved of the course he had seen fit to pursue.

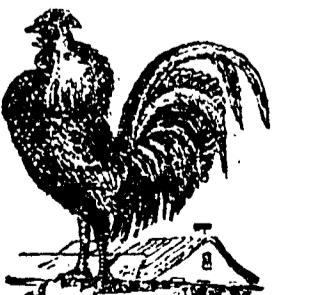
Murder in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—This evening Isaac C. Sherlock, a clerk in the employ of Walker and Clodgers, dry goods dealers, in Market street, shot William Clodgers, one of the employers, at the corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets. Three balls took effect in his body, and his wounds are considered mortal. The cause which induced the act is reported to be an improper intimacy between the employer and the wife of the clerk. The latter gave himself into custody.

Death from the Bite of a Spider.—A young man named William Haughton, employed in Wright's dry goods store, was taken to Dr. Freeman's office yesterday in a state of great suffering, caused by a spider's bite near the abdomen, received a few hours before. The case was treated by Dr. Freeman—two or three other physicians were called in during the afternoon; but as the patient was very low, and they belonged to a different school from Dr. Freeman, they did not act in the matter. The sufferings of Mr. H. continued to increase until late in the afternoon, when he died, apparently from the effects of the bite. The case has already excited considerable attention in the medical profession, and our physicians, of long practice, state that it is the only affair of the kind which has ever come within their knowledge.—Chm. Gaz., Oct. 31.

Child Carried off by a Bear.—One of these fearful incidents occurred near the village of Nesbota, on Saturday week, which goes so far to create the thrilling interest in written romance of pioneer life. Just before sunset a child five years old was seized in the presence of its mother by a full grown bear, and in spite of its screams and the frantic efforts of its mother, was borne into the thicket. The alarm was given, and the men, with clubs and fire-arms, commenced searching the woods, but up to Tuesday nothing had been found of it upon which to base a conjecture with reference to its fate. Bears are quite plenty in this neighborhood, but this is the first instance where human life has been sacrificed by them, though they have frequently carried off stock from the farmers, coming up, as in this case, to the door of the house.—Manitowoc (Wis.) Trib.

Interesting Decision.—On a recent trial for murder in Watson county, Missouri, a lad who was instigated to fire the gun which caused the death of the victim by his father, was acquitted, and the father and an adult accomplice convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.



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