

THE COMPILER.

"LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION."

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

Monday Morning, July 21, 1866.

Democratic National Nominations.

For President,
JAMES BUCHANAN, of Pennsylvania.
Vice President,
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky.

Democratic Electors Ticked.

Electors at Large,
Charles R. Backless, of Columbia county,
Wilson McCandless, of Allegheny county.

- DISTRICT ELECTORS.
- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Geo. W. Nobinger, | 13. Abraham Edinger, |
| 2. Pierce Butler, | 14. Nathan Wilber, |
| 3. Edward W. Wainman, | 15. Gay A. Crawford, |
| 4. William H. Witte, | 16. James Black, |
| 5. John McNair, | 17. Henry J. Stahl, |
| 6. John H. Britton, | 18. John D. Ruddy, |
| 7. David Leary, | 19. Jacob Turner, |
| 8. Charles Kessler, | 20. J. A. J. Buchanan, |
| 9. Joseph Patterson, | 21. William Wilkins, |
| 10. Isaac Slenker, | 22. Jas. G. Campbell, |
| 11. F. W. Hughes, | 23. Thos. Cunningham, |
| 12. Thos. Osterhout, | 24. John Kealty, |
| | 25. Vincent Phelps. |

Canal Commissioner,
GEORGE SCOTT, of Columbia county.
Auditor General,
JACOB FRY, JR., of Montgomery co.

MEETING

Of the Buchanan and Breckinridge Club.

"The Union of lakes—the Union of lands,
The Union of States as one can sever;
The Union of hearts, and the Union of hands,
And the flag of our Union forever!"

The Buchanan and Breckinridge Club will meet at the house of H. D. Wattles, on SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, at 8 o'clock. Every Democratic elector friend of the nominees of the National Party of the Country in the Borough and vicinity, is requested to be present. Good speaking and business of interest. (July 21.)

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The members of the Democratic Standing Committee of Adams county are requested to meet at the house of H. D. Wattles, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of July, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of appointing a day for the holding of Delegate Elections and the County Convention. H. J. STAMER, President.

The other members of the Committees are: Jacob Traylor, John Butt, Sr., D. C. Breckinridge, Christian Cochran, John Douthett, Thomas A. Marshall, Joseph C. McDevitt, Albert K. Kline, W. J. Jacob, Clerk, Henry Kelly, Esq., John Busby, Sr., Esq., Joseph Shurtz, Esq., Samuel Wolf, Jacob Busley, Esq., Hon. Daniel Stouffer, Barnhart Wolf, Esq., Louis J. Bickel, Esq., Peter Grendel, Esq., Col. David M. Myers, William Dittinger, Esq.

MASS MEETINGS OF THE DEMOCRATS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

"The Union Must and Shall be Preserved."—Jackson.
The Democracy of Pennsylvania, and all others in favor of preserving the Union of the States, now seriously endangered by a sectional organization, meet and controlled by the open enemies of the Federal Constitution, and controlled by the alarming idea of repudiating nearly one-half of the States of this Union, are respectfully notified that MASS MEETINGS will be held at the following times and places, of the friends of JAMES BUCHANAN for President, and JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE for Vice President: AT CHAMBERSBURG, Franklin county, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of August, 1866, being the day after the Democratic State Convention.
AT ERLE, Erie county, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of August, 1866.
AT GREENSBURG, Westmoreland county, on WEDNESDAY, the 3d of September, 1866.
AT HELLERSBURG, Centre county, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th of September, 1866.
AT HARRISBURG, (the Capital of the State,) on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of October, 1866.
And at PHILADELPHIA, on the 15th of September, 1866, being the Anniversary of the Adoption of the Constitution of the United States.
Consistent Democrats from our own and other States, will be present at all these meetings, to address their fellow-citizens. By order of the
JULY 14. DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COM.

Hon. Wm. B. Reed's Letter.

Let no reader of the Compiler, no matter to what party he may hold, fail to read the manly and admirably-written letter of Hon. Wm. B. REED, of Philadelphia, which we print on the first page this morning. He places present party aspects in their true light, and draws just such conclusions as an honest view of them will warrant.

Buchanan & Breckinridge Club.

The Democracy of the Borough assembled at Wattles's Hotel, on Tuesday evening, and organized a Club for the Campaign. The name adopted is the "Buchanan and Breckinridge Club of Gettysburg," with the following regular officers: President, GEORGE GEYER, JR.; Vice Presidents, Wm. J. MARTIN and Wm. WYRZOSKEE; Recording Secretaries, H. B. DANNEB, CHAS. WHITE, and JOHN McCALMOUN; Corresponding Secretary, Hon. JOEL B. DANNEB; Treasurer, Hon. MOSES McCLEAN.

The meeting was ably addressed, at some length, by Mr. McClean, when the Club adjourned to meet on Saturday evening next, (July 26th). A good and encouraging feeling prevailed throughout.

The Democratic fires are burning brightly all over the Union. Patriotic old line Whigs by the thousand are arraying themselves on the side of the Union and the Constitution, and are working manfully in the cause of Buchanan and Breckinridge. Would that we could publish the half of the new accessions to our ranks.

At the late city election in Memphis, Tennessee, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, Mr. Douglas, was elected by a majority of three hundred and ninety over his Know Nothing competitor. A year ago Memphis gave the Know Nothings one hundred and seventy majority.

A full account of a terrible railroad accident on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, will be found on the next page.

The State Road.—The contract for carrying passengers on the Columbia and Philadelphia Railroad, was given out week before last, by the Canal Commissioners, to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad Company, for a period of five years from the 15th of August next.

The Know Nothing papers say Mr. Buchanan never settled anything. They won't say that six months from this date they will get a ~~copy~~ from him in November—say that will do them for all time.

Why Should not the Good Men of the Country Vote for Buchanan?

This is a question which has often been asked since the Cincinnati Convention adjourned. It is a question of vast importance to the country, and we will devote a little space to its consideration.

In a government organized as that under which we live, it is the imperative duty of every man authorized to use the elective franchise, to weigh well the issues involved in a political contest, and to cast his vote where it will be most likely to promote the greatest good of the whole country. Candidates for office are the representatives of principles; and while all may alike be actuated by good motives, and governed by patriotic intentions, yet all alike are liable to err; and reason, therefore, would dictate that the safest man to fill the executive office is the man possessing the greatest experience, and who holds the most tried and best proved opinions on questions of national moment.

Judging, then, remarks the Harrisburg Patriot and Union, the candidates prominent before the American people for the office of President by this standard, what conclusions are naturally presented? These candidates are Fillmore, Fremont and Buchanan. Of the first we have not much to say, because we do not think he has any prospect of an election. The second is the one who is more directly arrayed against the candidate of the Democracy in the Northern States.—We shall try to speak of him fairly—without prejudice—without bitterness; and we ask the thinking men of the country—the men who consider the preservation of the Union paramount to all other questions—what claim has he to your support? His past history is, politically, a blank. He has performed no great services. He has participated in no great contest of statesmanship. He has no experience in civil government. He knows no more about the political history or governmental economy of the United States, than thousands of village politicians who have never aspired higher than to a county office. This is true. It cannot and will not be denied by those who are honest and candid in their political views. Is such a man fit for President of the United States? Is such a man capable, admitting that his intentions are the best in the world, to administer the Government of the only Republic on the face of the world, in times of trial and danger? Common sense answers, emphatically, no.

But it is argued by his friends that he can surround himself with able and experienced statesmen, and that those men will govern the country wisely and well. Where are these men to be found? He is the candidate of a Northern fiction, and he is surrounded by Northern factionists. Will his most sanguine supporters argue that such a man as Seward, of New York; Giddings, of Ohio; Banks, of Massachusetts—men who would exult over the dissolution of the Union—would be safe counsellors for a young and inexperienced President? And such men would be his counsellors. They are now his friends. They are the men who nominated him, and if he should be elected, (a calamity which may Heaven prevent!) they would control him even to the dissolution of our Government.

Turn now to the candidate of the Democracy. Does patriotism find anything in his past career of eminent public service, a career extending through two score of years, at which to pale? Do those who cling to the Union, as the mariner clings to the last plank when storms gather around him, anticipate that he who learned to love that sound compact in the midst of such men as Jackson, and Clay, and Webster, would do ought to weaken it or destroy it? No; his whole energy—his great experience—his very life, if need be, would be given for its perpetuation.

James Buchanan stands, too, upon the same platform which supported Jefferson, Jackson and Polk. He is surrounded by statesmen who have grown gray in the National Councils, and whose patriotism is beyond suspicion. There never was a candidate presented by any party, for the Presidential office, whose history furnished a fairer fact—whose position gave greater promise for the safety of the nation—whose friends were actuated by purer motives—than does the candidate of the National Democracy. For all these reasons, and they are as true as they are cogent, the good men of the country should vote for James Buchanan.

The Black Republican and Know Nothing managers, beginning to realize that their cause is a bad and hopeless one, are resorting to the game of brag, in order to bolster up their dispirited rank and file. Well, we don't much care what length they go in that direction, because if they were candid enough to publish the true state of things, it is not certain that the Democracy would find a foe on the field in November next.

Every succeeding day adds to the agitation of the Know Nothing leaders in these parts. Their gloomy prospect with reference to the county offices is causing them to shake in their shoes—and particularly is this the case with those who failed to get office at all, or more of it, in the old Whig party.—They counted on filling their individual pockets by attaching themselves to and building up Know Nothingism, and now, that they cannot help seeing their chances "growing smaller by degrees and beautifully less," the very spirit of desperation seems to have seized them. They would be willing to sacrifice their Presidential candidates for a dozen years to have charge of the county crib for three. But as the people failed to trust them to more before, we hardly think they will do so now, with the superadded crushing weight of sworn dark lanternism upon their shoulders.

A Cushing Load.—The Springfield American ran up the Fillmore flag on the 2d inst., and died the next day.

The steamship George Law, from Aspinwall, arrived at New York on Monday, with \$1,700,000 in gold and 100 passengers.

More Old Line Whigs Wheeling into the Democratic Line.

The last Mansfield (Ohio) Shield and Banner states that Hocking Hunter, Esq., the Hon. Thos. Ewing, formerly an old line Whig United States Senator, and Secretary of the Treasury under Gen. Harrison, and James Stanberry, formerly a Whig member of Congress from the Licking district, have come out openly for Buchanan and Breckinridge. So, also, has William L. Strong, late a Whig merchant at Mansfield, Ohio.

The Zanesville Aurora is informed by an Old Line Whig from Belmont county that it is all right for Buchanan. In that county Fremont's vote will be less than Fillmore's.

A correspondent of the Pittsburgh Post, writing from Cleveland, Ohio, says that "many of the best and most influential of the old line Whigs in that city will vote for Mr. Buchanan as the representative of a national principle and opposed to sectionalism—men who think and believe there are other interests at stake in this contest, that override the question of negroism; and you may rely on it, for every renegade Democrat that goes over to the Republicans in that part of Ohio, ten Old Line Whigs will come over to Buchanan."

Political excitement is at its highest pitch in the "Buckeye" State. Buchanan stock commands a premium, while Fremont stock is so low that it will scarcely be heard of on the election day. The Black Republicans are exerting every effort to gain votes—even going so low as to pay negroes for stamping the State against Slavery and the Democratic party, but all will be in vain, as Buchanan is the choice of the people. The "Old Line Whigs" go for him in a body. Ohio is good for at least ten thousand majority for the Democratic nominee. So says a letter from that State.

He Can't Go It.

The Ohio Statesman states that Duke Ward, Esq., an old line Whig, and formerly a member of the Legislature, is out for Buchanan. Mr. Ward, in a letter, says:

"I have been a Whig, as you know; but I cannot go off under niggerism or Know Nothingism, which have succeeded in the dissolution of that gallant old party. It seems to me that now an friend of the Constitution and the Union can find a place where he will feel at home except in the Democratic party. I shall give myself up to the campaign with ardor and with vigor."

The National Democratic party, which goes for equal rights for all, is the only party now fit for constitutional men to act with. The flower of the Whig party are letting the world know this.

Iowa Whigs for Buchanan.

George Nightingale—a true and tried man—for twenty years a wheel horse to the National Whig party in Iowa.

C. C. Hewitt—for many years the favorite of the Whig party in Dubuque county—a man of talents, influence and devotion to the Union.

Major A. M. Hare, Hon. John G. Stein, and a host of other good men and good citizens of Muscatine county, who were active Scott men in the canvass of 1852.

L. B. Fleck, Esq., of Washington county, an old line Whig—an honor to any party.—T. W. Caggett, Esq., of Keokuk, a Scott elector of 1852, and a better man than he is not left behind him. These and hundreds more.

Patriotic Old Line Whigs.

At a Democratic ratification meeting held in Springwells, Michigan, a few days since, Judge Bacon, an active and zealous old-line Whig, was called to the chair. The Detroit Free Press says:

"Upon taking the chair the Judge stated that he had heretofore acted with the Whig party; that he had been a warm and earnest supporter of Mr. Clay; that he had loved the old party and revered its gallant and patriotic leader, and that it was with regret that he found himself, in common with thousands, without a party. He had witnessed the old Whig organization broken into fragments, each of which was warring directly or indirectly against the Union. In this national crisis—when there was danger threatening our confederacy—he found but one course to pursue, but one party with which to unite, and that to-day he identified himself with that party which professed an earnest and sincere desire to preserve the Union at all hazards. With it he would take up his political habitation, and with it remain so long as it proved true to the Constitution and the Union."

So they come—so they will continue to come—these patriotic old-line Whigs!

The Detroit Free Press states that three of the Whig candidates for Governor in Michigan since 1843 are now supporters of Buchanan and Breckinridge.

Col. Sims, an old line Whig of Kentucky, states that he and hundreds of other old line Whigs of his State, will vote for Buchanan and Breckinridge. In doing this they will follow the political sentiment of Henry Clay, who said, "whenever the Whig party shall become merged into a miserable sectional abolition party, I will renounce it forever, and in future act with that party, regardless of its name, which stands by the Constitution and the Union."

Ben Bond, who was U. S. marshal in Illinois under Gen. Taylor, and a Scott elector in 1852, now places the Democratic ticket at the head of the paper he edits, the Carlyle Calumet.

The Plainfield (N. J.) Union, a Whig journal, cannot go with the Republican Know Nothing party, and accordingly it hosts the names of Buchanan and Breckinridge. It says that Mr. Dayton is a good man, but on his sectional platform cannot get more than a baker's dozen of votes in New Jersey. It don't like Fremont's portrait, and says it looks too much like Ned Buntline's.

The Georgia Union says—"We believe we approximate very near the truth when we give it as our candid opinion that fully 20,000 old line Whigs in Georgia will vote for the nominees of the National Democratic party."

Ripe peaches from North Carolina have found their way to the New York market.

The Brooks Case in the House.

The House of Representatives, on Monday last, took up the resolution to expel Mr. Brooks for his assault upon Mr. Sumner. Several ineffectual attempts to amend were made, when the motion to expel coming up, it was negatived—yeas 121, nays 95—the necessary two-thirds not being obtained. Mr. Brooks, amid much confusion, arose to speak, and among other things said that he could not retain his seat consistently with his self-respect and rights under the constitution.—During this very session a member from Pennsylvania charged his colleague with an attempt at bribery. Where was the proceeding in that case? By passing over it in silence, the House has declared that bribery is excusable, but a simple assault and battery is not. He concluded by resigning his membership in the House, which caused a decided sensation. An election to fill the vacancy thus created will be held in a few days, and it is predicted that Mr. Brooks will again be returned by his constituency.

The House having passed a resolution censuring Mr. Keitt, of South Carolina, for his conduct in connexion with the Sumner assault, that gentleman, on Wednesday, also resigned his seat in that body. He will, no doubt, be returned with Mr. Brooks.

How imitatively our neighbor of the Sentinel can affect surprise. In his last he says:

"The Compiler is surely jesting when it asserts that the New York Evening Post, New York Herald, and Buffalo Daily Republic, are not Democratic papers!"

Really, this is cool!—cool almost beyond precedent. The public may not be so familiar with the political position of the Evening Post and Republic, but to denigrate the New York Herald—Beecher's Herald!—a Democratic paper, in the face of what nearly every newspaper reading man knows of its character to the contrary, is the very quintessence of assurance!—The joke is almost a good one.

As to the facts involved, we reiterate with assured confidence what we asserted in reference to these journals two weeks ago, and might add confirmatory points if so disposed.

Know Nothing Whigs of Maryland and Virginia lately got up conventions, and endorsed the nomination of Fillmore and Donelson. Some of the papers speak of these expressions as coming from old line Whigs, but the truth is, they were controlled entirely by the Know Nothings, who had things their own way. The dark lanternites are experts at all games of deception and unfairness; and it was easy for them to manage affairs like these.

British Gold Against American Democracy.

A gentleman who has just returned from Europe, states that the British Government stands ready to contribute ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND pounds sterling to aid in electing the sectional candidate for the Presidency, as a prelude to the dissolution of the Union. British gold has been contributed freely for years to aid in keeping up the abolition excitement and sectional strife, and now the British government itself is about to take the field against the American Democracy. What say our true American friends—shall the infamous plot be allowed to succeed?—Penn'a.

Treason Openly Avowed.

The Portland Argus publishes the following open demonstration of treason and disunion in the State of Maine:

Sixteen Starred Flags!—The Black Republicans of Norway, in this State, have boldly thrown to the breeze the banner of disunion. They have raised a flag bearing upon its front but sixteen stars, to designate the sixteen free States, striking out from the glorious galaxy of the confederacy, the fifteen Southern States.

It is now evident that a plan is on foot among the Black Republican and Know Nothing leaders, to have but one Electoral Ticket in the Northern States. Dayton and Johnston are to be forced to withdraw from the field, and a new man, acceptable to the Native American-Know-Nothing-Fillmore men, substituted in their place. Fillmore is nominally to be kept in the field so as to secure an Electoral Ticket in the Southern States, but only kept as a make believe, a gull-trap to keep those who oppose the wicked schemes of the Abolitionists from bolting. How the plan will work we cannot say, but unless we greatly overrate the intelligence of the American people, it will cover the plotters with shame and confusion.

On the morning express train from Albany to Buffalo the other day, the passengers voted 37 for Buchanan, 4 for Fillmore, 8 for Fremont. On the steamer Hendrick Hudson, Buchanan 59, Fremont 17, Fillmore 0. On the City of Hartford, from New York, Buchanan 10, Fremont 1. On the Hudson River Railroad, evening express, Buchanan 35, Fremont 11, Fillmore 13, and 8 who were undecided between Buchanan and Fillmore, but at any rate will not go for Fremont.

The New York Mirror says the Topeka bill just passed by the House is entirely impracticable, and that the movers of it know it cannot pass the Senate. It does not represent the wishes of the people of the Territory—was but the work of an informal gathering of a portion of the people, and of no authority whatever. The bill introduced by Mr. Douglas, and passed by the Senate, is just the one which Kansas needs.

The New York Express announces that at a meeting of the Know Nothing Council, on Monday evening last, in the 21st ward of that city, George Law was unanimously expelled, and with him Mr. Mott, of that ward—who recently attended the Fremont Convention.

The Connecticut Know Nothing State Council having gone over to Fremont and Jackson, their charter has been revoked.

King Strang, the Mormon prophet, of Beaver Island, died at his former residence in Racine county, on Wednesday week.

The Star and Banner.

The history of this paper is one that may probably be reviewed by every friend of the Constitution, as well as every lover of the free institutions under which we live.

Its object seems to have been from the first, and its course has ever been, to destroy much that was sacred, and to crush that which was cherished. Its history has been a warning to many, who have seen in it much that was to be shunned in the political world. Like the father of the youthful Hannibal, who took his son to the altar, and made him swear eternal hostility to Rome, every Democratic father may well exclaim upon his sons to oppose the course of the journal we have named, the principles it advocates, and the party that gives it support. It was established in the midst of one of the political excitements gotten up by the opposition to the Democratic party which have been frequent—a political issue, which had its day, and has been succeeded by many others. Its editorial columns have ever been used not only as the channel of escape for the venom of its editor, but likewise of others who have been, from time to time, its controllers. The great and good men of the Democratic party, the Democratic Presidents, from Andrew Jackson down to the present incumbent of the Presidential chair, have been vilified in the columns of that paper. The same has been the case as to all who have been elevated by the Democracy to the station of Chief Magistrate of our own State, or been honored by the party with its support. The gifted Mullenberg, who was removed by death ere he was crowned with the political honors he so richly merited, was the object of the most malignant attacks in the columns of the Star.

Those who have occupied a more humble position in the party have found no surer road to the confidence of the Democracy, than the abuse heaped upon them in the columns of the Star. The praise of that paper would be the political doom of any Democrat.

The present editor is not responsible, of course, for the acts and conduct of his predecessors. He has political sins enough in all conscience committed by himself for one man to answer for. We morally bring up these old reminiscences of the paper to prove that with all the changes in the editorial department, the course of the paper has ever been destructive. With age its venom has increased.—Some of the former editors had redeeming traits. You could see something about them to show they had a heart and sometimes repented of the dirty work committed to their hands. The present editor is of the Greeley stamp, and as hypercritical as his great prototype.

The present position of the Star shows that it is forsaken by many who were formerly bound to it by party attachments. Shunned and hated by all respectable Whigs, it seems to be hanging like a culprit in the air. Dangling between sworn and proscriptive "Know Nothingism," and factious "Black Republicanism," it is uncertain where it will alight, and of little consequence.

The man who have the editor now in charge are the "Know Nothing" office-hunters of the county, who are becoming desperate in the prospect of not obtaining the "loaves and fishes," aided by the seceders from the Democratic party, whose confidence they abused and whose sacred principles they were strangers to. "Birds of a feather," &c.

That "Drop of Blood."

At an Old Soldier's Meeting at the Court House, in Elmira, on Saturday week, there were present 18 of the soldiers of the last war with Great Britain, of whom SIXTEEN were for BUCHANAN and BRECKINRIDGE, and two for the Black Republican or Know Nothing candidates. From this it appears the "old soldiers" don't believe that "drop of Democratic blood" story.

Republicans Please Notice!—We learn from the Genius of Liberty that Wm. Y. Roberts, formerly of Fayette county, but now of Kansas—a leading Free State man, and, under the new Constitution, Lieutenant Governor—recently made a speech in his native county, in which he endorsed, in the strongest manner, the Nebraska bill—saying it was the very law the Free State men of Kansas wished, and when strictly adhered to, was bound to secure the exclusion of slavery from our Territories. He also expressed himself in favor of James Buchanan.

Petitions for a dissolution of the Union are now in circulation in all the Northern States, having been sent out by the agents of the American Anti-Slavery Society, with the request that they be signed and sent to Mr. Hale, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Wade, Mr. Seward, or Mr. Fessenden, for presentation to the Senate, or to Messrs. Giddings, Burlingame or Comins, for presentation to the House. It is charged and not denied that prominent Republicans in New York have signed these petitions.—Providence Post, July 10.

Whenever any friend of Mr. Fillmore objects to the Kansas-Nebraska act upon the ground that it recognizes unnaturalized foreigners as legal voters, let the fact be announced that this provision of the bill is copied from the bill organizing the Territory of Washington, which was approved by Mr. Fillmore.

The New York Tribune publishes a likeness of Col. Fremont, which reminds us of the anecdote of the little girl, who, when told to kiss her uncle, just returned from California, (and whose face was so profusely covered with whiskers and moustache as to hide his mouth), replied, "I can't see any place." Mr. Greeley's likeness of the Republican Candidate is all hair.

The Louisville Democrat states that the prospects of the Democracy in Kentucky are most cheering, and that the majority for the Cincinnati nominees in that State will reach twenty thousand.

The jury in the Herbert case, for the killing of Keating, at Washington, was discharged on Tuesday, having been unable to agree. Seven were for acquittal and five for conviction.

The second trial of Herbert is now in progress. William P. Preston, Esq., of the Baltimore bar, is employed by the brother of the deceased to assist the District Attorney in the prosecution.

Not True.—The Pennsylvania, on the authority of Ex-Gov. JOHN BUCKLER, contradicts the report that that gentleman was notified by the San Francisco Vigilance Committee not to return to California.

King Strang, the Mormon prophet, of Beaver Island, died at his former residence in Racine county, on Wednesday week.

Local Matters.

THE CROPS.—The wheat crop has been housed, (or barned,) in this quarter. Although the early part of harvest promised bad weather, the bright sun in a few days took the place of clouds and fogs, and, as a consequence, the crop has been secured in excellent condition. We may, therefore, expect good bread, and plenty of it. The corn is beginning to "look up" amazingly, and the promise now is that the yield will be a good one—considerably beyond what was anticipated a month since. Hay is abundant and "never better." Verily, we are a favored people.

MILITARY.—The York Gazette says it is contemplated to hold a grand Military Encampment, on the Common, in that place, sometime in October, and that a number of Companies have been invited from Baltimore, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Gettysburg, and other places.

We are told that the "Independent Blues," of this place, contemplate participating in the Encampment which is to come off at Valley Forge, on the Reading Railroad, above Philadelphia, in September next.

DEGREE CONFERRED.—At the Commencement of Mount St. Mary's College, on the 25th ult., the honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred on Dr. LOUIS DEBARTI KERN, U. S. N., son of Col. JOSEPH J. KERN, of this county.

CHANGE.—We understand that Mr. R. S. PAXTON has sold his interest in the Contract on the Railroad to Mr. GEO. C. STRICKHOUSER, of this place. The work on the two Sections awarded to Warren & Paxton will hereafter be done by Warren & Strickhouser.

FIRE.—On Wednesday afternoon last, our town was alarmed by the cry of "Fire!" arising from the burning of Mr. SAMUEL WEAVER'S Stable, on West Middle street. Mr. Weaver was engaged in boiling varnish for Messrs. FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS, near the stable, and had nearly finished, when, by some means, the flames communicated with the varnish, and in a few minutes the whole stable was in a blaze. The stable was consumed, with about \$50 worth of varnish belonging to Mr. Weaver, and other light property in it. No insurance. Messrs. Fahnestock lose about \$75, materials used in boiling varnish. Mr. Weaver had both his hands and arms severely burned in attempts to extinguish the fire.

HOT.—Thursday was a swelteringly hot day. The mercury in the thermometer rose to 99 degrees.

SHOT.—Yesterday afternoon week, another dog, supposed to be rabid, was shot in our streets. It belonged to Dr. VANDERSLOOT.

"J. C. H." has failed to comply with the rule. To insure the publication of any contribution, the real name of the author is required.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, for August, is already on our table, and a most beautiful and entertaining number it is. We will not undertake to give a table of its varied contents, deeming it enough to say that it does the far-famed and successful publisher no discredit. Everybody should read the "Book."

T. B. PETERSON, Publisher, No. 102 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, announces another work from the celebrated authoress, Mrs. E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH, entitled "Retribution—a Tale of Passion." In one volume, neatly bound in cloth, \$1.25—in two volumes, paper cover, \$1. To be ready for sale on Saturday, August 16th. A celebrated critic, who has read the work in manuscript, says: "Retribution" stamps Mrs. Southworth as among the first, if not the first and best female writer in America—that is, as to the effect which she produces on the mind and feelings. The plot is well laid, and the characters are all fully and most ably developed. The work is not only a thrilling one—it is a practical, moral delineation of the human character, and should be read by all.

Answer to Enigma in last week's paper—"Cumberland."

Answer to last week's Arithmetical question—Twenty-three and three sixty-fourths per cent.

Fire at York.—The stables of Peter Swartz, Jacob Krone, Jacob Cremer and Henry Hare, on the alley between South George and South Duke streets, in York, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday night last, at about 11 o'clock, together with their contents, including two horses, large quantities of hay and grain, vehicles, harness, &c. Supposed incendiarism.

A Father and Son with Six Wives Appear.—The Manchester (N. H.) Mirror gives a long account of the proceedings in that place and in Rutland, Vt., of two men calling themselves Dr. Lyman A. Abbott and James H. Abbott, said to be father and son, who are both now under arrest on the charge of bigamy. It is stated that they have each within a short period married no less than six wives.

A Corpse Driving a Span of Horses.—The Janesville (Wis.) Free Press, of the 19th instant, states that, as Dr. Evans, of Evansville, was returning home from that city on Thursday last, he met a span of horses attached to a wagon loaded with produce, and the owner, William Smith, a corpse, although sitting erect and holding the reins. The Doctor stopped the team and had Mr. Smith immediately carried to a house, but life was extinct. It seems he had been sick for some time with dyspepsia, and probably died of disease of the heart.

Indiana.—So complete is the fusion of the Know Nothings and Black Republicans in Indiana, that there is no electoral ticket in the State in favor of Fillmore and Donelson.

A correspondent of the Tuscarora Register recommends Hon. EMERSON BANKS, the present Auditor General, for the next Democratic candidate for Governor.