



THE COMPILER.

"LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION."

GETTYSBURG, PENN.A.

Monday Morning, April 28, 1856.

For President,
JAMES BUCHANAN, of Penn'a.,
(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

Democratic Electoral Ticket.
ELECTORS AT LARGE.
Charles R. Bucklew, of Columbia county,
Wilson McCandless, of Allegheny county,
DISTRICT ELECTORS.

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|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Geo. W. Nehlinger, | 13. Abraham Edinger, |
| 2. Pierce Butler, | 14. Reuben Wilber, |
| 3. Edward Wartman, | 15. Geo. A. Crawford, |
| 4. William H. Witte, | 16. James Black, |
| 5. John McNeil, | 17. Henry J. Stahl, |
| 6. John H. Brinton, | 18. John D. Roddy, |
| 7. David Laury, | 19. Jacob Turney, |
| 8. Charles Kessler, | 20. J. A. J. Buchanan, |
| 9. Joseph Patterson, | 21. William Wilkins, |
| 10. Isaac Slenker, | 22. Jas. G. Campbell, |
| 11. F. W. Hughes, | 23. Thos. Cunningham, |
| 12. Thos. Osterhout, | 24. John Kealey, |
| | 25. Vincent Phelps. |

Canal Commissioner,
GEORGE SCOTT, of Columbia county.
Auditor General,
JACOB FRY, Jr., of Montgomery co.
Surveyor General,
TIMOTHY IVES, of Potter county.

NEW TYPE.
We have the pleasure, this morning, of presenting the "Compiler" in a dress of new type—"fresh from the mint,"—and think our readers will concur with us in pronouncing it beautiful. Whilst the face of the letter is large, full and clear—so much so as to enable the oldest persons to read it with ease,—the body is small, thus placing it in our power to give a larger amount of reading matter than heretofore.

To accomplish this, we have been compelled to incur a heavy expenditure—entirely depleting our pockets of the "needful,"—but that we shall count as nothing, if our friends will but assist in increasing the circulation of the "Compiler." True, our list is encouragingly large—never larger,—but as there are many persons in the county who should, but do not, take the paper, it is hoped the effort will be made. We promise to introduce still greater improvements, with anything like a proportionate increase of subscribers.

To those of our patrons whose prompt payments have enabled us to procure a new dress, our sincere acknowledgments are due, and we assure them that their kind consideration of the printer's wants will not soon be forgotten. But there are many on our books whose long standing accounts tell a vastly different tale. The hope is entertained, however, that a simple hint to do "DO BETTER," will be sufficient to impel them to liquidate, in part at least. Who will be the first customer?

We are under obligations to Hon. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS and Hon. WILLIAM BIGLER, of the U. S. Senate, for a number of speeches and other documents sent us.

The State Printing has been awarded to A. BOYD HAMILTON, Esq., the lowest bidder, for three years.

The Democratic members of the Legislature unanimously approve of the choice of Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN for the Presidency by the 4th of March State Convention.

Rev. A. ESSICK, Professor of Wittenburg College, Ohio, has received a call from the Lutheran church in Winchester, Va., lately under the pastoral charge of Rev. C. W. Krauth.

James W. Baugher and James Carroll have taken the Eutaw House in Baltimore, and are fitting it out in very handsome style. A Veranda is to be erected upon the whole building fronting on Eutaw and a part of that fronting on Baltimore.

The President of the United States, and the Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Dobbin, made an official visit to the Naval Academy, and the new steamer Merrimac, at Annapolis, on Saturday week, in accordance with the previous announcement, and were handsomely received by the citizens of that place.

The Know Nothings of Franklin county have instructed their Conferees to vote for the re-nomination of Hon. D. F. ROBINSON for Congress. He managed to get a small majority in this county in 1854; but he could not do it again. "That's so!"

Fatal Railroad Accident.—A deaf and dumb man named JAMES WOODS, a resident of Carlisle, was killed on the Cumberland Valley Railroad, two miles south of Carlisle, on Saturday morning. He was walking on the track, and notwithstanding the usual precautions given, and the almost superhuman exertions used to stop the train, it passed over him, killing him instantly.

The Next State Fair.—The State Agricultural Society, on the 15th inst., appointed a committee of five persons to visit Pittsburg and make arrangements to have the next State Fair held there, providing the citizens will raise two thousand dollars towards defraying the expenses.

The trial of the Wakemanites for the murder of Justus W. Matthews, one of their number, took place last week, in New Haven. They were acquitted on the ground of insanity, and sent to the Insane Asylum.

Drowned in Church.—A few days since a little son of Mr. Bower was drowned in Memphis, Tenn., by falling in the immersion pool of the Baptist Church.

RECEPTION OF MR. BUCHANAN IN NEW YORK.

Mr. BUCHANAN returned home in the Arago, which arrived at New York on Wednesday. His health and spirits are good, as usual—all which intelligence will doubtless afford sincere gratification to his many personal and political friends. He has ably and faithfully represented this Government at the English Court; and it has been his fortune to unmask and expose the aggressive policy of Great Britain. It was well that the duty fell to his lot, as there are few living statesmen who could have managed our affairs at that Court with the ability he has displayed. He possesses all the varied qualities which go to make up the accomplished negotiator, and he has the will and the nerve to stand up for the rights of his country and his countrymen, at any time and in any place. This Republic may well be proud of her great BUCHANAN, and, if we mistake not, will so speak, in an overwhelming voice, in November next.

On the arrival of the Arago at her wharf, several thousand persons had gathered to greet Mr. BUCHANAN, and they made the welkin ring with cheer after cheer. A committee of the City Councils welcomed him to the city, and on Thursday morning, he was waited upon at the City Hall by a large assemblage, comprising the most prominent merchants and citizens generally. Mayor Wood made a long speech in presenting an engrossed copy of the complimentary resolutions of the City Councils, to which Mr. BUCHANAN made a felicitous response.

But the action of the Know Nothing Councils of Philadelphia in reference to a proper reception of Mr. BUCHANAN exhibits a disgraceful contrast. A resolution tendering the use of Independence Hall, in which the people might receive and congratulate him, was voted down in both branches, by a strictly party vote. This disrespect to the distinguished Pennsylvanian has caused much indignation and angry feeling among all classes of citizens, and well it may. But it will not serve to injure Mr. BUCHANAN; on the other hand, it will only cause his friends to strive the more earnestly for his elevation to the Presidential Chair. Persecution as mean as this generally in the end benefits the persecuted.

Reception of Mr. Buchanan at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—Mr. Buchanan was met at Trenton this morning on his way to this city by a committee of his friends, and on his arrival at Walnut street wharf he was greeted by a salute, and the enthusiastic cheers of the large crowd that had gathered there. He was finally welcomed to the city, by a committee of citizens headed by the Hon. Josiah Randall, after which he was conducted to the Merchants' Exchange, the interior of which was decorated with flags in honor of his presence. Here he was welcomed in an address by S. Morris Wall, Esq., to which Mr. Buchanan responded in his happiest style, eliciting the applause of his hearers. After his reception at the Exchange, he was conducted to the Merchants' hotel, which was besieged by troops of his friends and admirers.

Mr. Buchanan, in responding to the address, said he felt as if his foot was again on his native heath, and he was rejoiced to find that in the opinion of his fellow citizens he had not discredited his country nor her principles. He had ever acted as he felt—as an American citizen. He said he had often been asked if there was danger of war between England and the United States; and replied no, because he felt that the British people would never consent to involve themselves in a conflict regarding a question on which they knew we had the right side. He felt no present apprehensions, but if an insult was offered, he has millions of energetic free people to maintain our cause. He was pleased to say that during his embassy he had ever received manly and courteous treatment with much tolerance with regard to expressions of opinion.

Mr. Buchanan will meet his friends and the citizens generally in Independence Square tomorrow.

Buchanan in Michigan.—We observe in the editorial correspondence of the able and influential State Journal at Lansing, Mich., that the Democracy of that State are moving earnestly for the nomination of Mr. Buchanan. Democratic clubs are being formed in different parts of the State—the members of some of them already sport upon the lapels of their coats, a polished plate or "Buchanan Badge," upon which there is a star with eight points, indicating, as the wearers claim, the eight cardinal virtues of Mr. Buchanan's political character, and also the eight thousand majority Michigan will give him.

Democratic Triumphs in Ohio.

The Democratic papers throughout Ohio all come to us exulting tremendously over the local victories won by the Democracy at the Spring elections. Democratic triumphs seem to have been very general and decisive. Colonel Medary, of the Ohio Statesman, says that seldom, if ever, did they carry more towns. Nearly every principal city and town in the State has gone Democratic. Some of them overwhelmingly so, and some that scarcely ever before gave Democratic majorities; and nearly every one was fusion one year ago.

More Democratic Victories.

The election in Fort Wayne, Indiana, took place on the 7th instant. The Democrats elected their entire ticket, over the Know Nothings and Black Republicans united, by an average majority of nearly four to one. Nearly a thousand votes were polled. At the recent municipal election in Evansville, Indiana, John Hewson, Democrat, for mayor, beat his Know Nothing opponent by 123. In Iowa city, which the Know Nothings carried last year by a large majority, the Democrats, on the 7th inst., elected a good portion of their ticket.—Baltimore Republican.

New Orleans, April 22.—D. C. Lupton, late city attorney, has been ascertained to be a defaulter to the amount of \$300,000.

THE FATHERS WERE NOT KNOW NOTHINGS.

The Philadelphia Argus says:—William Penn, and the first settlers of the Province of Pennsylvania, in the year 1682, before they left England, agreed upon this as a fundamental law, that "every inhabitant in the said province, that pays sect and lot to the government, shall be deemed and accounted a free-man of the said province; and every such person shall and may be capable of electing or being elected representative of the people in Provincial Council or General Assembly."

They also agreed, at the same time, that "all persons living in the province, who confess and acknowledge God, and that hold themselves obliged in conscience to live peaceably and justly in civil society, shall in no way be molested or prejudiced for their religious persuasion or practice in matters of faith and worship."

In the year 1683, at Philadelphia, William Penn, in the third year of his Government, under his "hand and broad seal," published what is called "A Frame of the Government of the Province of Pennsylvania" and a "Charter of Liberties." In the twenty-first article thereof, he "gives and grants" that if any alien shall die before he can well be naturalized, his property shall descend as free and amply as if he had been naturalized. He makes this provision, he declares, "for the satisfaction and encouragement of all aliens"—in other words, to promote immigration and naturalization. This "encouragement" to aliens was expressly, in the same words, re-passed under Governor Markham in 1696. The re-acting instrument also provided that any "Inhabitant of this Province," who, (with other qualifications of no account in this connection) had "been resident within this Government for the space of two years," should have the right of "electing or being elected" to office.

With this policy of encouragement of aliens and speedy naturalization, the infant Province has grown into the great Keystone State. Did our benevolent Founder ever dream, that when his City and his State became so grand and mighty, as to exceed all his serene visions, that, in the day of power and safety, any Philadelphian or Pennsylvanian would fall into a booby terror of these same "aliens," and try to bolster his fears with religious intolerance, and a Chinese exclusiveness? By all the common sense that ever dawned upon the commonest mind, if Immigration did not harm our experimental Infancy, how can it hurt our established Manhood? The broad-brim and benign liberality of old Father Penn, so wise in its conception, and so glorious in its results, palpably opposes and rebukes the stupendous stupidity of modern Know Nothingism. The Know Nothings often talk about "the Fathers." Just as a peacock spreads an overwhelming tail, the Know Nothings used to dub themselves "Sons of the Sires of '76." This Loo Choo title was far more alliterative than truthful. The "Sires of '76" were too brave to get scared at any foreigners, too big hearted to refuse welcome to the poor travelers that sought refuge, rest, and happiness on this Continent, too generously proud of their institutions and their liberties to grudge them to adopted citizens, and too thoroughly imbued with the spirit of right and equality to allow any religious proscription.

Fancy the majestic form of George Washington, about twelve o'clock at night, skulking and jirking into a Know Nothing Lodge! Fancy old Anthony Wayne dodging home from an "initiation," and diving below the suspicions of some questioner, by puckering up his martial mouth, and smoothly asserting that he "don't know" anything of an order called Know Nothings! Fancy stern old Samuel Adams, and rough Dan Morgan, and bluff Israel Putnam, twisting their fingers into crooks, and sticking them in their button holes, and thus acting like the deaf-dumb, instead of speaking right out like men! Fancy elegant John Hancock, and chivalrous Edward Randolph, and fiery Patrick Henry, with pointed digits, mumbling over some prosy oath, dictated for them by some nasal Uriah Heap of a fugleman! Fancy Alexander Hamilton and James Madison with folded hands meekly listening to the precious initiatory disquisitions about "Popery" and "furriners," doted out by some wisecracker of an Instructor! Fancy Thomas Jefferson organizing Know Nothing councils to kill General Lafayette or Charles Carroll! Fancy some officious satellite spooking Henry Clay or Andrew Jackson around corners, and through alleys, and up dark stairs, into a Hindoo Council, and offering to swear them, on a cross and Bible, to proscriber Irishmen and Catholics! Shades of departed worth and patriotism, forgive us the bare imagination of such preposterous anachronism!

The Black Republicans Splitting.—The Black Republicans are by no means satisfied with the action of their late Pittsburg Convention. Six hundred and forty-eight of them, headed by Gerrit Smith, have issued a circular, in which they pitch into the doings at Pittsburg as not coming up to the mark, and calling a Convention at Syracuse, New York, on the 25th of May next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for President. Between the Fillmore split on the one hand, and this Syracuse one on the other, the Pittsburg Black Republicans will have to go to the "wall."

Large Supply of Herrings.—The Potomac fisheries seem to be yielding an immense number of fish. At Alexandria the market for several days has been glutted, and on Sunday week, two heavy cargoes, one of 50,000 and another of 70,000 herrings, were thrown overboard, in consequence of having become heated. Others, says the Gazette, were sold on Saturday in quantities at \$1, and even below that price.

The storm of Monday, has since somewhat reduced the supply, and prices have advanced. Shad were selling on Tuesday at \$40 per hundred, and herrings at \$5 per thousand.

Green peas were for sale in the Boston market last week at \$8 per bushel.

NEWS FROM EUROPE.

By the Africa.—The steamer Africa arrived at New York on Saturday week. Peace had been proclaimed at St. Petersburg, and was favorably received. It was rumored that the Emperor and one of his brothers would visit France and England, but the report is doubted in many quarters. The Journal des Debats expresses the belief that in peace, as in war, the alliance between England and France will continue.

By the Arago.—The steamer Arago reached New York on Wednesday morning. She brought one hundred and thirty passengers, among them the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN.—The details of the peace treaty were being arranged. The Allies sent out orders to raise all the blockades which have kept Russian vessels in neutral ports; and Russia has issued notice that the merchant vessels of the western powers would be admitted into Russian ports. The two English steamers that were sent in search of the Pacific returned to Galway, after nine days' fruitless search.

By the Arabia.—The steamer Arabia arrived at Halifax on Wednesday, with three days' later news. Austria is evacuating the principalities. Turkey shows great anxiety to be relieved of the presence of the Allies.—The energies of the Russian government will, it is said, now be devoted to three objects: An alliance with France—the completion of great railways, and the diffusion of Russian feeling on the continent, especially in Germany. The English and French papers intimate that Russia has made immense concessions in the treaty of peace, but time will show to what extent. Breadstuffs at Liverpool were coming down, and transactions small.

LETTER FROM THE WEST.

FRANKLIN GROVE, Ill., April 18, 1856.
Friend Stahl.—I have a few moments of spare time, which I will devote to writing you a line or two.

The weather has been rather cold since I have been in this place; but from what I hear from the East, you have had a more unfavorable season than we have had here. Quite a number of farmers have already sowed their spring wheat, and some is coming up. There has been a considerable amount of money loaned out here at ten per cent per annum. Farmers have nearly all their corn on hand, holding up for higher prices. Franklin is a lively village. We have a Railroad through it—two express and two freight trains from the East, and the same from the West, daily. A great deal of building is done, and I hear that there will at least forty houses be put up this season. This will be a beautiful country when our prairie is all cultivated—and it is fast being settled. There have quite a number of persons arrived in this place this spring from the East, and there is room for more.

The grain market has been rather dull for the last month. Live stock is high,—worth more than in Adams. Yours truly, W. L.

Adjournment of the Legislature.

The session of the State Legislature closed on Tuesday, after passing six hundred bills and fourteen resolutions which received the Governor's signature. The session was characterized throughout by industry, ability and honesty. We hear of no "bribery and corruption," which marked the doings of Miss Know Nothing Legislatures.

Immediately previous to the adjournment, resolutions were unanimously passed in both Houses thanking their respective Speakers and officers for their efficient and faithful discharge of duty.

Speaker Piatt resigned the chair of the Senate, and upon taking a ballot for a successor, Hon. N. B. Browne, of Philadelphia, was chosen, by the following vote:

For Nathaniel B. Browne—Messrs. Crabbe, Ferguson, Flenkinn, Gregg, Hogg, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Lewis, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Taggart, Wherry, and Wilkins—17.

For Mr. Wilkins—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Iggman, Laubach, McClintock, Straub, Walton, and Welsh—10.

For David Taggart—Messrs. Finney, Melinger, and Pratt—3.

For Francis Jordan—Mr. Frazer.
Mr. Browne was thereupon declared elected. The bill to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses was defeated.

More of the License Bill.

A bill declaratory of the recent License law has passed the Legislature. It specifies that the bonds required under the tenth section of the act, shall be held in security for the payment of all fines, penalties and costs imposed on the principal obligor for any breach of the act, and no more of the penal sum shall be collected than will cover the fines, penalties and costs. The fees to be paid to the clerk, in addition to the fee for advertising, shall be one dollar for all services in the matter of each application. Any person fined under the 20th and 30th sections, who shall fail to pay the same, shall stand committed until the payment is made with costs.

Governor Wise, of Virginia, has written a letter to New York, (which was published in the Herald of Saturday week,) in which he strongly advocates the nomination of Mr. BUCHANAN for the Presidency. Amongst other reasons for his preference, he says:

Pennsylvania has always stood by Virginia from the days of Simon Snyder and Thomas Jefferson down to this day; she is one of the largest and oldest and best of the old thirteen States, and she has claims to give a candidate, and she has a son worthy of nomination, who is a representative, man and name of his State's Democracy; and if Virginia again prefers him, as she did in 1852, I will go for his nomination right and main.

The editor of the New York Dutchman, speaking of a drink he once had occasion to indulge in, says he couldn't tell whether it was brandy or a torch light procession going down his throat.

Local Matters.

COURT DOINGS.—Although an unusually large amount of criminal business was brought before the Grand Jury, but three or four bills were found, the balance having been ignored. Monday was occupied in disposing of Orphan's Court business.

Common Pleas.—The case of Peter Rhodes vs. the Executors of George Deardoff, dec'd., in Common Pleas, for balance alleged to be due for services rendered, engaged the attention of the Court the whole of Tuesday and Wednesday, and was given to the Jury on Thursday morning. Verdict for Plaintiff, \$210 and costs. Counsel for defence filed a motion for a new trial.

Jeremiah Herrigan vs. Jacob Weikert.—This case grew out of the purchase of a lot of old timber by Plaintiff from Defendant. The jury found for the Plaintiff \$7,52 damages and 6 cents costs.

Joseph Riddlemoser vs. Joseph Orndorff, Jeremiah Orndorff, and Daniel Trostle. Trover and conversion of two cows. Verdict for Defendants.

Quarter Sessions.—Commonwealth vs. Wm. M'Clain. Defendant, a young lad, resides in Oxford township, and was indicted for Larceny, in stealing \$5 from the drawer of Mr. John E. Smith, merchant. Defendant pleaded guilty, and the Court, in consideration of all the circumstances of the case, sentenced him to an imprisonment of ten days in the County Jail, with the usual order as to costs, &c.

Commonwealth vs. Levi Weaver. Assault and Battery. Bill ignored by Grand Jury, and prosecutor (Wm. Tate) to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. Tate. Assault and Battery. Bill ignored by Grand Jury, and prosecutor (Levi Weaver) to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Edward Chronister. Selling liquor in violation of the Act of 1855. Bill ignored and County to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Chronister. Selling liquor in violation of the Act of 1855.—Bill ignored and County to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Margaret Smith. Assault and Battery. Bill ignored, and prosecutor (Geo. H. Houck) to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Andrew Ohler, Levi Murrain, Geo. Houck, Levi Harner, Casius Bowersocks, Andrew Hahn, James Staley. Riot, &c. Bill ignored, and prosecutor (Nicholas Smith) to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. George Houck. Assault and Battery with intent to kill. Bill ignored, and prosecutor (Nicholas Smith) to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Benjamin Reed, Lewis M'Laughlin, James Sanders, George House. Malicious Mischief. Bill ignored and County to pay costs.

The applications for Tavern License of Peter Shively, H. D. Wattles, Benjamin Shriver, Jeremiah Johns, Isaac Robinson, Francis J. Wilson, John Buseby, and David Goodyear, were granted. The balance, not having been filed the required length of time, are deferred until the 13th of May, the day fixed for a Special Court.

A petition was presented to Court praying that a portion of Menallen township be incorporated within the limits of Franklin, for the convenience of a considerable body of voters, who are now compelled to travel from ten to twelve miles to the polls. Messrs. George B. Hewitt, James H. Marshall and John Wolford were appointed the Commissioners.

ABATEMENT.—The Commissioners have determined to make an abatement of five per cent on State and County Taxes for 1856, paid on or before the 28th of June. See advertisement.

THE RAILROAD.—The work of grading the Gettysburg Railroad is going rapidly forward. Messrs. Warren and Paxton commenced work a few hundred yards below this place, on Friday last. Mr. John McCallion, we understand, superintends, and does it with energy.

A FATAL ACCIDENT occurred on Monday week, at Mount St. Mary's College, near Emmitsburg. Mr. DEAR, of Philadelphia, the Architect of the new building in progress of erection at the College, fell from the scaffolding, and was so much injured that he died on the following day.—His remains were taken on to Philadelphia on Wednesday.

"SOLD AGAIN!"—Allen, the razor powder man, was in town on Tuesday and Wednesday last, disposing of his self-sharpening powder and all-healing liniment. The rapidly with which he pocketed the "halves" and "quarters" gave the lie to the somewhat common notion that these are hard times. Sharp chap, that Allen!

SNOW.—"It snowed, and snowed, and still it snowed!" This expression of Dickens' (in his Holly-Tree Inn) occurred to us on Tuesday last, as, casting a glance at the mountains west of this, we found them covered with snow. The white sheet which overspread them for so many months had but recently disappeared, greatly relieving the monotony of the view, but last week they were decked out in their old garment again—"snow! snow! snow!" The scene is more cheering now.

For the Compiler.

Arithmetical Questions.

No. 8.—Divide the number 10 into two parts, such that the greater divided by the less shall give 10 for a quotient.

No. 9.—Find two integral square numbers, whose sum shall be the square number, 18436.

Last Week's Questions.

ANSWER to No. 5.—101, 4222 rods.

No. 6.—24 square feet.

No. 7.—16 and 24.

John Batet, senior, of Greenville, S. C., had twenty-four children by his first wife, and has half a dozen more by his second.

WATER CO. REGULATION.—The ninth section of the act incorporating the Gettysburg Water Company provides "that if any person or persons, or body politic, who shall have contracted with the said company for the use of said water, shall wantonly and unnecessarily waste the same, to the injury of the said company, or shall permit any other person or persons not being, by the said contract, entitled to the use thereof, to make use of the same; or shall neglect and fail to pay to the said company, the amount of money by him, her or them agreed upon, to be paid as a compensation for the use of said water, for the period of three months after the same shall be due and payable according to the terms of said contract, it shall be lawful for the president and managers to withhold, and cut off such water from the premises of such individual, or body politic and corporate, until all such arrearages, with interest and the costs of recovering the same, shall be paid: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to affect, impair or take away the right of the said company to sue for, and recover the amount of such arrearages."

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Pennsylvania, held its quarterly session in this place, on Wednesday last.—Messrs. BRIGGS and NICHOLSON, of Philadelphia, made Temperance speeches in McCaughy's Hall and the Methodist Church.

A friend has kindly placed upon our table a copy of a "Memoir of the Life and Times of Henry Melcher Muhlenberg, D. D., Patriarch of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America." By M. L. SZWARZ, Professor in Pennsylvania College. The book is tersely written, exhibits industrious research, and is doubtless as full and accurate a memoir as it is possible now to have. The printing is excellent—binding ditto.

P. O. APPOINTMENTS.—Establish a Postoffice at Square Corner, Adams county, Pa., (on the road between Gettysburg and Hanover, below Bonshaupttown,) and appoint JACOB NOEL Postmaster.

CATHARINE THOMAS Post-mistress at Table Rock, Adams county, vice S. Faber, resigned.

Hon. JAMES CAMPBELL, Postmaster General, has appointed JACOB EICHOULTZ Postmaster at Bark Hill, Carroll county, Md., vice JACOB HESS, resigned.

Aid from Another Whig.

WM. SERGEANT, Esq., a son of the late distinguished Hon. JOHN SERGEANT, is out in a letter in the Philadelphia papers, resigning his position as a member of the Whig Committee of Superintendence, and announcing his determination to support the Democratic ticket at the coming municipal election in that city.

The borough election in Connellsville, Fayette county, came off on the 7th inst., and the Democrats swept all before them—elected their entire ticket by a majority of from 20 to 25.

We learn from the Patterson (New Jersey) Guardian that the city election in that place has resulted in the election of a Democratic Mayor and board of Aldermen. The city of Camden, in the same State, has likewise gone for the Democrats.

Sharpe's Rifles.—Prof. Silliman has written a letter to Senator Halle, in which he attempts to vindicate the course of the New Haven emigrants to Kansas in arming themselves preparatory to their departure. He does not, however, undertake to excuse the disgraceful scene in the church there.

Mr. Elliot will not make his contemplated balloon ascension at York on the 12th of May.

The Know Nothings have carried the election in Hagastown—but by only 21 majority, whilst one year ago their majority was 116. Something of a "come down," weshould say.

A Queer Resolution.—It appears that some of the merchants of Louisville, Ky., have held a meeting and adopted resolutions requesting the editors of the press "to discontinue the discussion of the prosperity of that city." It would have been far better if they had adopted resolutions manfully denouncing riots and mobs, which have very seriously affected the prosperity of their city.

A bet was recently made in Washington City, that Henry A. Wise would be the Lunatic Asylum at Staunton, within ten days of the meeting and adjournment of the Cincinnati Convention.

We are open to bet that HENRY A. WISE will be sent to the Asylum about the same time "SAM" is "discharged improved."—Winchester, Virginian.

A mine, containing thirteen different colors of paints, has recently been discovered in Montgomery county, Georgia. The deposit yields sixty per cent.

Shockingly Cruelty.—A man named Thompson was convicted at the Columbus (N. C.) Superior Court last week, of manslaughter, and branded. He was convicted of having, by cruel neglect, starved two small children who had been entrusted to his keeping by the wardens of the poor of Columbus county. They died of hunger and want of attention.

Two Ladies Burnt to Death.—The Scioto (O.) Gazette says that a fire broke out about three o'clock a few mornings since in the dwelling house of two widow ladies, Mrs. Smith and her sister, in Adelphi, Ross county, which entirely destroyed the house and all its contents. But what is more melancholy to relate, both the ladies were also burnt in the flames before assistance could be rendered.

What's in a name?—The Darlington (S. C.) Flag says that a child in that district, not long since, received the following name: Frances Cornelia Aamarinta Olivia Sarah Rebecca Sophronia Julia Josephine Victoria, Queen of South Carolina.

A Chance for Architects.—The Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad Company offer a premium of \$200 for the best plan for a passenger station at Harrisburg, Pa., to be 400 feet long by 100 wide.