



The Republican Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 3, 1855.

The editor is absent from home, on business.

Congress meets to-day. From present indications it is likely that some delay will take place in its organization.

The Philadelphia Argus of Wednesday contains quite a lengthy notice of "Old Penelope," and expresses the hearty wish that the gallant Democracy of Adams may soon secure another in her place.

For the handsome manner in which our friends of the Argus have seen proper to allude to the editor of the Compiler in this connection, we can only thank them. They are clever, gentlemanly fellows—are the Argus folks;—print a good paper, and deserve earnest consideration at the hands of the Democracy of the old Keystone.

MORE COUNTERPARTS.—A number of counterfeit notes on the new Consolidated Bank of Philadelphia were put in circulation within a few days, which are said to be sufficiently well executed as to deceive those not well acquainted with the genuine note.

FRANK LESLIE'S NEWSPAPER.—The first number of the above Illustrated Journal was issued on Saturday last, and contains sixteen Quarto-Pages, with numerous splendid engravings illustrating events of the day; amongst which are a correct view of Dr. Kane and party abandoning their vessel; the meeting of Dr. Kane and Lieut. Hartstein in Greenland; the Burial of one of the Comrades on the Ice; View of a Ball given to Dr. Kane and party by the Greenland Ladies; and a splendid large picture of Dr. Kane and his comrades as they appeared in the Arctic Regions; taken from an autotype by Brady. Also, numerous other engravings, and all the news of the week.

MASSACHUSETTS LIQUOR LAW.—On Thursday week the prosecution in forty-five liquor cases was abandoned in Boston. The new liquor law seems to be a dead letter in Boston, as not a single person has been punished under it since its passage.

Col. A. K. McClure, late editor of the Chambersburg Repository & Whig, has become associated with Stephen Miller, in the management of the Harrisburg Morning Herald.

A GRAND RAILWAY SCHEME.—A grand railway from New York to New Orleans is a project which has lately been mooted a good deal in some quarters. The project is to connect the links of roads already built, and form a great chain from New York city, via Easton, Harrisburg, Carlisle, Hagerstown, Winchester, Abingdon, Knoxville, Tuscaloosa, Mobile and New Orleans, and also branching from Knoxville to Charleston and Savannah, and from Hagerstown to Cincinnati and St. Louis.

KENTUCKY HOG TRADE.—The Louisville Times estimates that at least one hundred thousand more hogs will be killed in that State this season than were killed in that State last year, with an average increase in weight of about 20 per cent. Up to Saturday evening week 8339 had been killed in Louisville, where the prices then were \$6.50 a 85 nett. The same paper notes purchases of 20,000 or 25,000 hogs, by dealers, at \$5 gross, equal to about \$6 85 from the hogs.

THE TEXAS STATE DEBT.—It is stated that if Texas accepts, as she probably will, the 7 1/2 millions of the Federal Government in discharge of all obligations, that large amount will be paid out of the sub-treasury during the coming winter, into the pockets of the Pennsylvanians, New Yorkers, Baltimoreans and New Orleansians. Pennsylvania gets of these 7 1/2 millions, about 4 millions; New York, 1 1/2 millions; Baltimore, 1 million; and New Orleans, 1 million.

FIGHT BETWEEN PUGILISTS.—The Tremont (N. J.) American says a fight occurred on Tuesday, at the depot there, between Tom Hyer and Yankee Sullivan. They were separated, however, before any serious damage was done.

On Tuesday the Boston and Worcester railroad company presented a threatening turkey to each of its 400 married employees.

Senator Douglas, of Ill., at last accounts, was rapidly recovering from his severe indisposition.

From the York Gazette.

Hon. Joel B. Danner.

A number of our Democratic friends in this and other parts of the State, including some of the most active and influential members of the party, have expressed themselves in favor of the nomination of Hon. JOEL B. DANNER, of Adams county, for Auditor General, by the next Democratic State Convention. Such a nomination would be regarded, wherever Mr. Danner is known, as one eminently fit to be made—and it would be one, certainly, which we could cordially support.

From the Phila. Pennsylvania.

Auditor General.

Hon. JOEL B. DANNER, of Adams county, is favorably mentioned in a number of the Democratic papers in the State, in connection with the nomination for Auditor General by the next Fourth of March Convention.

Hon. JOEL B. DANNER, of Adams county, is named by a correspondent of the Allentown Democrat, as a suitable candidate for Auditor General of the Commonwealth.

The name of JOEL B. DANNER, of Adams county, will be presented to the next State Convention, for the Democratic nomination for Auditor General.

BRITISH IGNORANCE.—The English press, says the Philadelphia Sun, are as ignorant of our politics as they are of our geography.

THE INGRAHAM MEDAL.—Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—The gold medal struck at the United States Mint in this city at the order of Congress for presentation to Capt. Ingraham, of the Navy, was to-day forwarded to the President.

THE SOUND DUES.—A letter from Hamburg, dated Nov. 3, states that there is some reason to believe that Russia has offered to mediate between Denmark and the United States, and proposed, as an adjustment of the difficulties, that Denmark shall cede her Island of St. Thomas to the United States for the sum of five millions of dollars.

THE LIQUOR LAW IN LANCASTER.—The Grand Jury of Lancaster county, Pa., have refused to find bills of indictment against the persons charged with the violation of the new Liquor Law, on the ground that the law is unconstitutional, and have directed the prosecutors to pay the costs.

A NATIONAL HOLIDAY.—The New York Commercial is in favor of having Congress declare the twenty-second day of February (Washington's birthday) to be a national holiday, as a national memorial that would be as perpetual as the country to which his patriotism gave birth and continuity.

Rev. George Buchanan, a minister of considerable distinction in the Associate Reformed Church, and for more than 44 years pastor of a church in Scarsville, Ohio, died recently.

The Democratic Triumphs in Louisiana and Mississippi.

The disappointment once so widely felt in consequence of the partial success of the Know Nothings at the late election in Maryland is now completely forgotten, says the Washington Union, in the contemplation of the unprecedented Democratic triumphs in Louisiana and Mississippi. If, in the contest against the allied forces of Know Nothingism, one Southern State has fallen, and another has faltered in the path of duty, we know, and can repose in confidence upon that knowledge, that Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Texas, Arkansas, and now Mississippi and Louisiana, have nobly and triumphantly vindicated the trust reposed in the purity, integrity, and nationality of their political principles.

For days, and even weeks, have the telegraphic reporters of the press been busily engaged in circulating the most absurd and contradictory reports in regard to the issue of the late elections in Louisiana and Mississippi. But the truth can no longer be concealed. The Democracy of these two States have achieved a victory which, for its decisive character and important results, is without a parallel in their history as a political organization.

PREPARATION OF POSTAGE TO BE MADE BY STAMPS ONLY.—It will be recollected that by the act of March 3, 1855, requiring the postage on all letters not free sent by mail within the United States, and not from or to a foreign country, to be prepaid, it was also enacted that from and after January 1, 1856, "the Postmaster General may require postmasters to place postage stamps upon all prepaid letters upon which such stamps may not have been placed by the writer."

We learn that the Postmaster General has decided to require postmasters to comply with, and carry into effect this provision of the law; and, if not already done, to supply themselves with postage stamps accordingly by sending their order for them to the Third Assistant Postmaster General. Of course it is not intended nor expected that this regulation shall throw upon postmasters the labor of affixing postage stamps to letters where the writers might, without inconvenience, have done it for themselves.

GIANTIC PROPOSITION.—At a meeting of the Pittsburg Board of Trade, a gentleman submitted a proposition on the subject of improving the Ohio River, by converting it into a slack-water canal. The suggestions were unanimously approved by the Board, and were earnestly recommended to public consideration.

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BANKRUPT CITIES.—San Francisco is burdened with a debt she cannot pay, and her treasury is empty; New Orleans has disposed of the use of her public wharves for the term of three years, so as to raise money sufficient to pay the salaries of her school teachers; Philadelphia has not a dollar in her treasury; Chicago is in a sorry financial condition—her treasury is entirely empty, and those in the employ of the city go begging for the wages due them.

MILLER, THE MURDERER.—This unfortunate man has entirely recovered from his indisposition. He is preparing himself for the last great change. He reads his Bible constantly. It is now thought that he will make a confession before the day of his execution. He has already acknowledged many things which he had previously denied.

"STREET PREACHING."—Hugh Kirkland, notorious for his incendiary harangues in the streets of Pittsburg and Cincinnati, has just been tried in the latter city, of having made use of "bawdy, lewd and filthy language" and found guilty by the jury. The court fined him \$20 and costs, in default of which he was committed to jail.

AGRICULTURE.—Mr. Murdock, of Ashville, N. C., writes to the Agricultural Department at Washington to the effect that the Bancome giant grass yielded this season four pounds of dry hay to the square yard. At this rate it would produce twenty thousand pounds of hay to the acre! It is said to be much relished by the cattle.

CONGRESSIONAL NAMES.—There are in the Congress which assembles to-day, three Smiths, the same number of Wrights, of Campbells, of Bells, of Jones, of Washburns, and of Millers, and fourteen other names of which there are two members bearing each the same name.

Pardon of Dr. Stephen T. Beale.

Gov. Pollock has pardoned Stephen T. Beale, the Philadelphia Dentist, who was convicted of an outrage upon the person of one of his female patients while under the influence of ether, and sentenced on the 28th of November, 1854, to four years and six months' imprisonment. He has, therefore, fulfilled about one year of his sentence. The Governor gives a lengthy statement of the reasons which induced him to pardon Dr. Beale, which were principally the receipt of numerous petitions from dentists, physicians, lawyers, clergymen, editors, Judges, and prominent citizens generally of this and other States; the failing health of the prisoner; the destitute condition of his aged parents, wife and children; and lastly, the Governor's firm belief of his innocence.

The pardon concludes in the following words: "And whereas, after a full and careful examination of the facts and evidence in the case, aided by the scientific discussions to which it has given rise, (without any intention to reflect upon the prosecutrix, who no doubt testified to what she believed did occur—nor to impugn the integrity of the learned Judge who tried the case, nor the honesty of the jury who convicted the prisoner) I am now satisfied that the defendant, Dr. Stephen T. Beale, is not guilty of the crime whereof he stands charged, and was convicted upon evidence unreliable in its character and insufficient in amount."

Theory of Disease.

AND ITS SIMPLE METHOD OF CURE.—It is not our object, at this time, to go into a detailed explanation of Professor Holloway's theory of disease, but simply to inform the American people that one of the most remarkable men of this or any former age is among them, and that his medicines have a celebrity unprecedented in the annals of the world. There is no charlatanism in his pretensions. Unless all the civilized world are deceived, the Holloway's Pills and Ointment will drive disease from the human system, under the most unfavorable circumstances, and in all climates. Other men have sprang into an ephemeral notoriety by advertising their remedies. Like butterflies of the day they have buzzed for a while and then expired; both their names and their medicines have sunk into an obscurity from which they never emerged.

His medicines are expressly designed to act on the organs whose functions are so essential to health. They operate on the stomach, liver, kidneys, lungs, and skin, restore their deranged functions or uses, and thus purify and cleanse the blood, the very fountains of life.

OHIO WITHOUT EVEN A MILITIA GENERAL.—It has been discovered that Ohio, since the adoption of her new Constitution, has no officer higher in grade than a captain. The opinion of the Attorney General has been given to this effect. What would the brigade of Pennsylvania colonels do, should such a defect be discovered in our organic law!

A LARGE FARM.—Dr. O. B. Heaton has planted a field of 800 acres in wheat on his new farm, near Virden, Illinois. Four years ago, it is said, the land was worth \$1 25 per acre, now it could not be bought for \$25. Railroads!

SECOND CROP OF BLACKBERRIES.—Mr. Thos. Smith, of Chappaquiddack, near Edgartown, Mass., recently exhibited in that town a quantity of dark red blackberries grown on his premises, being the second crop this season.

HAIR-DYE.—A man was placed a few days ago in a lunatic asylum at Berlin, to be treated for mental alienation, brought on by the use of hair-dye. On examining the dye which he had employed, it was ascertained to be composed of lead, mercury, and lunar caustic. It produced violent pains in the head, and at length led to madness.

THE INFLUENCE OF EDUCATION.—During the year 1854 one hundred and sixty-five men were hung in the United States for murder. Of this number only seven could read and write. What a lesson.

A matrimonial alliance of an uncommon character has lately been effected in Fluvanna county, Va. Mr. Robert Grey, the gallant general, is 95 years of age, and the late Mrs. Catharine Riley, (now Mrs. Grey,) 92 years of age.

VERY DEEP.—The depth of the Niagara river, under the suspension bridge, is estimated by engineers to be 700 feet. This is deeper than any other rapidly running stream in the world.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

ANOTHER GUN!

The successor to "Old Penelope" is expected to arrive in Gettysburg, on Monday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock. Hold your ears!

RAILROAD MEETINGS.

At Arentsville.—A Railroad meeting was held at Arentsville, on Saturday afternoon—GEORGE ARENDT, President, and THOMAS GRAMMER, Secretary. The meeting was addressed by D. Wills, Esq., and Messrs. R. Irvine and Alex. Koser; and Messrs. James Russel and Chas. Steward, were appointed a committee to canvass the neighborhood for subscriptions. \$200 was subscribed on the spot.

At Mummansburg.—A meeting was held at Mummansburg on Saturday evening. ANTHONY DEARDORFF, presiding, and SAMUEL HART acting as Secretary. Speeches were made by D. Wills, Esq., and R. Irvine. Messrs. James Roth and E. W. Stable were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions.

LADIES' FAIR—HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

The following invitation has been issued by the Ladies to our friends in the country: SIR, Your presence and aid are invited, with your family and neighbors to the LADIES' FAIR on the 24th and 25th of December next, at McCaughy's Hall.

A good permanent and shaded public walk to Ever Green Cemetery being very much needed, the Ladies of Gettysburg have concluded to hold a Fair to raise a fund for its construction. It has been proposed to open a Housekeeper's department, or table in connection with the Fair, to embrace articles of domestic consumption. Its success will depend upon the co-operation of yourselves and other friends in the country. To this end, contributions in Butter, Cream, Eggs, Chickens, Turkeys and other fowls and game (dressed), Fruit, Nuts, Honey, &c., are specially requested.

MISS MARY SNOWER, Mrs. R. G. HARPER, Mrs. S. WEAVER, Mrs. H. J. SEARLE, Mrs. P. WICKERT, Mrs. D. A. BECHLER.

Gettysburg, Nov. 19th, 1855.

Mr. & Mrs. \_\_\_\_\_ will contribute to the Ladies' Fair, to be delivered by the day of December.

We hope the appeal of the Ladies will be liberally responded to—we feel assured that it will. Quite a number of our former friends have promised to present a pair of chickens or other fowls, a couple of pounds of butter, &c., &c. It is important that all who feel "the spirit move them" to give, will fill up the Schedule attached to the Invitation sent them, and return it to one of the Editors of the Borough at once, not later than next week. The Court then in session will afford a fine opportunity to do so.

Send in your contributions.—The following gentlemen, most of whom have generously made contributions, are requested by the Ladies to give the matter attention in their immediate neighborhoods: Abraham Krise, Joseph Bailey, Alexander Koser, E. W. Stable, George Trostle, Hugh McCaughy, George Boyer, Josiah Benner, Daniel Benner, Joseph Weible, John S. Crawford, Geo. Spangler, of A., Victor McLennan, J. Calvin Cover.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

We regret to learn that Mr. JOHN COLLINS, residing near Petersburg, York Springs, met with a fatal accident on Wednesday evening last, by falling from the hay loft of his barn to the threshing floor, by which his skull was badly fractured, and expired in a few moments. He was about seventy-three years of age, and a worthy and respectable citizen.

Rev. Mr. HILL addressed the "Young Men's Lyceum" at McCaughy's Hall, on Saturday evening. Subject—"Firm of Life." The Hall was filled with attentive listeners, and quite a number of ladies were in attendance to cheer on the good work with their bright glances and approving smiles. Of the lecture of Mr. HILL we need say nothing, for our evidence is not wanting to satisfy the people here of the speaker's talents, or the ability with which he treated his subject.

The East Pennsylvania Eldership of the "Church of God," which met at Harrisburg, closed its annual session on Friday the 9th ult. Among the appointments we notice the following: Adams County Mission, for this Winter—J. C. Owens, to preach on the last Sabbath of November; Josiah H. Hurley, on the last Sabbath of December; Galton Price, on the last Sabbath of January; Wilson G. Coulter on the last Sabbath of February; and Abm Snyder on the last Sabbath of March.

Next year this Mission to be filled by Bros. Owens and Coulter, viz: John C. Owens to preach the last week and Sabbath in April, and Wilson G. Coulter the last week and Sabbath in May; and thus continue alternately during the year.

An Adjournd Court of Common Pleas will be held next week commencing on Monday. We learn that Hon. T. STREYSS, Hon. JAMES COOPER, Hon. F. WATTS, and Judge HERBURN, are expected to be present and assist in trying some of the cases.

On Monday last the directors of the Bank of Gettysburg re-elected the old officers—President, Geo. Slope; Cashier, J. B. McPherson; Teller, J. H. McClellan.

A cow, belonging to Mr. JOSEPH WEIBLE, of Straban township, was delivered, a few days ago, of a calf with two distinct heads.

The next Orphan's Court will be held on Thursday the 3d of January next.

The "Blues" paraded on Saturday afternoon last. Looked well.

The foot prints, or quadrupedal tracks found in the coal formations of Pennsylvania, Professor Weyman thinks are made by reptiles. This was the subject of a paper read last month before the Boston Society of Natural History.

The Border Troubles in Missouri.

CIVIL WAR THREATENED.—The fact that the Secret League of Platte county, Mo., has given Mr. Park, the late editor of the Parkville Luminary, who is on a business visit to Parkville, notice to leave the place immediately or he would be lynched, has been brought to the attention of the legislature of that State, by a member, Mr. Blair, who, on the 13th ult., offered a resolution calling upon the Governor, and, if necessary, the President of the United States, for such aid as might be necessary to protect Mr. Park in his person and property. This motion gave rise to a protracted and sharp debate, and finally resulted in rejecting Mr. Blair's motion, upon the ground that when the Parkville people need the aid of the Governor or President they could get it by asking. In the meantime great excitement prevails at Parkville. It is said the League have threatened to destroy the town if Park does not leave. Two hundred of the leading citizens have held a meeting and requested Mr. Park to remain. At the same time a committee was appointed to meet a committee of the secret body, when they came into the town, and represent the wishes and determination of the citizens of Parkville.—The St. Louis Democrat says: Much discussion took place on the streets, and Maj. Richardson, Col. Summers, Col. Burnes, Capt. Burney, and others, made speeches to the crowd in support of justice and right. When the committee of the secret organization arrived they were met by Col. Burnes, and much exciting discussion ensued, when the committee left town. Next day another committee arrived. In the meantime several men from the surrounding counties had gathered into the town to defend Mr. Park.

Anxious to restore peace, Mr. Park made an address to the committee declaring that he had come in a private capacity to transact business, and while he could never concede a single right he was ready to do anything that was fairly and honorably to prevent the effusion of blood; but he was in the hands of his friends. Col. Burnes then asked them if they were satisfied, to which they responded, "no!" Col. Burnes then said: "Then let the principle be settled in blood. We ask the honors of war. Set your day and we will meet you; but don't sneak down in the night. Come openly, and blood will flow as freely as in the Mexican war. We fight for principle, for right!"

Col. Summers added: "Let them come, and the streets of Parkville will be hotter than hell in fifteen minutes." Meetings, both of the friends of law and order and of the secret league, continued to be held up to the time when our information terminates, and all kinds of exciting rumors prevailed. Our informant learns that proposition for civil war and disunion had been strongly urged by members of the secret league.

Mr. Park, it will be remembered, gave offence to those who now pursue him by some strictures on the slavery question in his paper (The Parkville Luminary) last spring, when it was seized by a mob and thrown into the river. He had up to that time resided many years in Parkville, and was in fact the founder of the town.

The Resources of the Republic.

A writer in the Journal of Commerce, who seems to have paid considerable attention to the subject, contends that there is no reasonable ground for any thing like a money panic, and asks—what is the true state of the case? In the first place, he says our country was never so rich in resource as at the present time. What are her resources?

Table listing resources: Cotton, \$500,000,000; Cereals, 500,000,000; Sundries other than above, 150,000,000; Gold products per annum, 45,000,000. Total, \$845,000,000.

From this we shall probably realize for our shipments abroad full \$500,000,000 more than our crops have, in the most prosperous years, ever before produced us. Our importations for this year will be some thirty or forty millions less than in the year 1854, and our foreign indebtedness far advanced in liquidation, the balance at the credit of foreign houses with our bankers here being about half what it was some three or four months ago.

This is a cheering view, and it is entitled to due consideration. The country is indeed, in a high condition of prosperity, and instead of croaking and inserting absurd stories, we should be grateful to Providence for abundant crops and the many national blessings we enjoy.

EXPLOSION OF PROF. ELLIOTT'S BALLOON.—Prof. ELLIOTT, of Baltimore, was to have made a balloon ascension, on horseback, at Richmond, Va., on Wednesday, but was prevented by an annoying mishap, which the Despatch thus relates: "By means of pipes leading from the city gas conduits, Prof. E. and his assistants commenced at an early hour to inflate the mammoth balloon, St. Louis, which was to carry him on an equestrian trip to the ethereal regions. The balloon had well nigh been sufficiently inflated, when a flaw in the material yielded to the pressure of the gas within, and the rent thus produced gradually increased in size, until a collapse ensued; which caused the proud monster of man's creation to fall to the earth as flat as a flounder."

The correspondent of the Petersburg Express says that 33,000 cubic feet of gas, costing Mr. Elliott \$207, was in the balloon when it exploded.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—On Saturday week Mr. Samuel Wagoner, a respectable farmer, residing about two miles from Boonshoro', Mt. Meigs, met with a most terrible and afflicting accident whilst engaged in a threshing machine, which will render him a cripple for life. "The Odd Fellow says: It seems he was in the act of adjusting something about the jack-wheel, when the leg of his pantaloons was caught by the tumbling shaft, winding him up and carrying him several times around. He was dashed against the ground so violently that his left arm was dreadfully crushed from the elbow to the shoulder, dislocating the shoulder, fracturing the right shoulder, and tearing the right leg apart at the knee-joint, beside other injuries.

VILLANOUS ACT.—On Sunday evening, while the minister was addressing the congregation of the M. E. Church, at Orange, New Jersey, the galleries were observed to settle down suddenly, and the pillars to give way. A rush was instantly made for the doors, but fortunately no one was injured. It was afterwards ascertained that some scoundrels had removed the props which supported the floor of the church, no doubt for the purpose of precipitating the congregation into the cellar.

A STRONG PLACE.—Nicolaioff, which the allies were bombarding at last accounts, possesses twelve dock yards, six for ships of the line, and six for smaller vessels; also immense arsenals, and almost exhaustless material for ship-building. It employs 5000 workmen on ordinary times, and 12,000 on occasions of emergency. At present the number, according to German accounts, is not less than 21,000.

There is a printing office in Paris capable of printing the Lord's prayer in three hundred different languages.

New counterfeits \$5 bills on the State Bank of Indiana are in circulation at Columbus, Ohio.