



The Republican Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.
MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 5, 1855.

WE WANT WOOD.—Those of our patrons who intend paying their subscriptions with that article, will greatly oblige us by delivering it soon.

"BILLOU'S PICTORIAL."—This beautiful weekly still holds its high standard as an illustrated journal. Each number contains numerous beautiful engravings, together with a great variety of choice reading matter. Published in Boston by M. M. Ballou at \$3 per annum.

Attention is directed to the advertisement, in a subsequent column, entitled "Tower's Speller and Complete Enunciator; and Tower's Readers." We observe that these books are being generally introduced into the Schools of Lancaster, Perry and other counties.

THE RAILROAD.—The Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad Company have called several meetings of the people, as will be seen by an advertisement in another column. Meetings will also be called in other sections of the county. Messrs. TAYLOR and INWIN, who propose to grade and bridge the road, will address them, and give every desired information. The Directors seem determined to "go ahead," and it is to be earnestly hoped that their efforts will be seconded by a liberal public.

The Know Nothings have called a County Meeting, to be held at the Court-house, on this place, on Monday evening, the 19th instant. They appear to be willing to go any length to attain the mercenary ends of their unprincipled leaders—but it won't do. The people are not to be caught napping at this late day. Their eyes are wide open to the follies and corruptions of Know Nothingism.

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE.—Mr. H. D. WATZES, of the "Globe Inn," has just had erected, in West Middle street, in this place, one of the most beautiful cottages we have yet seen. Everything about it strikes us as being in excellent taste, but that cornice we cannot too much admire. This style of architecture is not to be surpassed in attractiveness, and we venture the opinion that there is not a building in the county combining more conveniences than the one which Mr. Watzes has had erected. Let his example be followed by those possessing the means, and our town will soon rank "A No. 1" for beauty in the Commonwealth. He deserves credit for making the start.

THE CEMETERY.—The Gateway building at the Cemetery is ready for the roof, and we may expect shortly "to see it as it is to be." It will present, we feel confident, an appropriate and commanding appearance—such as few Cemeteries out of the cities can boast of.

IMPROVEMENT.—The large two-story brick building which Mr. HENRY GARLACH has had erected during the past summer, is quite an improvement, to that part of Baltimore street, and we hope to see what few house-less lots there are in the neighborhood built upon in the same way before long. The portion of the town "over the hill" has been much improved during the last three years.

ANOTHER IMPROVEMENT.—The open front to Mr. GEO. ARNOLD'S "Clothing Emporium," in Chambersburg street, looks well.

SHADE TREES.—Geo. W. McCLELLAN, Esq., of the "Franklin House," has just had planted a row of beautiful shade trees along the edge of the spacious parterre in front of his house. An excellent idea—and one we hope to see imitated around the entire Diamond. We know of no improvement that would add more to its beauty or attractiveness. Who is there that does not, on a hot summer's day, feel a high sense of enjoyment beneath the "wide-spreading oak" or more shapely Linden? Plant trees—if not for yourselves, for those who come after you.

EDWARD HALL, who was injured at Emmitsburg, on Saturday evening week, by Geo. W. MYERS, was, all will be glad to learn, much better at last accounts, and in a fair way to recover. Myers was intoxicated at the time the injury was done.

A number of the young men of this place have organized an association for mutual intellectual improvement, called the "Young Men's Lyceum." A good idea. We know such societies to be beneficial in their results, and therefore commend the one just formed to the attention of young men generally.

Our Merchants have received large supplies of new fall and winter goods. For particulars see advertisements in subsequent pages of the Compiler.

Does the memory of the "oldest inhabitant" run back to any period in which this country was blessed with a corn crop equal to that now being housed? We inquire for information.

We are informed that pork is bringing \$8.00 at Hanover. That's bad for those who have been indulging in large anticipations of "buckwheat cakes and sausages."

The Grand Division of the State of Tennessee have resolved to hold its Quarterly Session in Gettysburg in April next.

The Winter Session of Pennsylvania College opened on Thursday, with a considerable accession of new students.

The alarm of fire on Wednesday evening was caused by the burning of a chimney at the residence of Mr. W. C. STALLMIRE, on York street.

A Change in Their Tactics.
The late great beat sustained by the Know Nothings leads to the supposition that a change in their tactics will take place. A good many have invested in the enterprise, and like a failing shipmaster bank, it must be bolstered up until they can remove their deposits. They must therefore disguise their old cheating hook with a new bait; the old one won't answer.

They are now talking of an "open organization"—the very step which a large majority of the order so vehemently opposed a year ago. Now, why this change? It is to gull those whom they heretofore failed to impose upon, and enlist into the support of the midnight candidates. But, little credit is due to a party for reforming its organization through the coercion of public sentiment. Under their secret oaths and initiations they expected to defeat the Democracy. Failing in this, however, they are willing to reverse their position, and adopt any and every mode calculated to place the "spoils of office" within the greedy reach of their unscrupulous and corrupt leaders. But the people know them, and will mark them. Half a century of "open organization" would not suffice to get them into popular favor. They are, to all intents and purposes, politically dead—a fate they very justly deserve.

Amusing.
It is amusing to see the Know Nothing papers parading in their columns the figures showing the vote received by Mr. Plumer, compared with that of Governor Bigler last year, and from these figures attempt to prove that the Democratic party has lost strength during the past year. They argue that because Mr. Plumer received some 5,000 votes less than Governor Bigler, that, therefore, the party has sustained a loss equal to that number. They forget, however, to state the vote of Governor Pollock and Mr. Nicholson, which shows that Mr. Nicholson received 54,000 votes less than did Gov. Pollock. If Mr. Plumer's falling 5,000 votes behind Gov. Bigler proves that the Democratic party is weaker now than in 1854, what must be the condition of the opposition, their vote being 54,000 less than it was in 1854? Get your slates and pencils and cypher it out.

SPRAVED HIM RIGHT.—By the last Gettysburg Star, we learn that B. W. RILEY, Postmaster at Heidersburg, Pa., has been removed. Although Mr. Riley is the senior editor's brother, we are gratified to hear of his removal, because he is a member of the Know Nothing order.

The above we clip from the last Maryland Republican, the senior editor of which, E. S. RILEY, Esq., is a brother of B. W. RILEY, who has been relieved from the care of the Postoffice at Heidersburg, in this county. Coming from the source it does, the paragraph may be regarded as more than ordinarily pointed.

It is not improper to state, that LEONARD DELAP, Esq., holds now, and has for a number of years held, the commission of Postmaster at Heidersburg; but not residing in the village, he has been in the habit of deputizing some resident of the town to keep the office there, and attend to its duties. The reason for the change which Mr. D. has recently made is no doubt correctly given by the Republican, and "served him (Mr. R.) right" is a proper verdict.

CONSTITUTIONAL PRIZE.—The Democracy of one of the wards in Baltimore have had prepared a most beautiful and costly piece of carved work, called the "Crib of Liberty." Its cost is two hundred dollars, and it is to be presented to the Democracy of that ward in Baltimore which, on Wednesday next, shall give the largest increased vote over the vote given at the late Council election. The ward that wins it is to present it to that Democratic lady who gives birth to a child nearest the hour of 12 meridian that day.

THE KANSAS ELECTION.—Two elections for Delegate to Congress have been held in Kansas, and two gentlemen will claim the right to represent that Territory in the next Congress. These gentlemen are Gen. WHITFIELD and Ex-Governor REEDER. The former is the choice of the pro-slavery party—the latter is the choice of the free-soilers. WHITFIELD received a majority of the votes cast at the election held in accordance with an act passed by the Territorial Legislature. REEDER received a majority of the votes cast on the day fixed by the Convention of Free State men. It will be for the House of Representatives of the United States, which is the sole judge of the qualifications of its members, to say which of these gentlemen is the legal representative of Kansas. This promises to be the exciting question during the next session.

RIGHT.—Mayor Wood, of New York, like a good honest Democrat, as he is, notifies the police of that city, that if, on the day of election, any of them are caught interfering to secure votes for this or that candidate, their discharge will ensue. He tells them that it is their duty to preserve the peace and protect every voter in the exercise of the elective franchise. This conduct on the part of Mayor Wood is in admirable contrast with the course of the Know Nothing Mayors of Louisville, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

A DECEPTION.—It now appears that the three Know Nothings elected to the Legislature in Lancaster county, who were supposed to be opposed to the "Jug Law," were secretly pledged to the Prohibitionists, and received the full vote of that party, with the understanding that they would vote against the repeal of the "Jug Law." What makes the deception more complete, is the fact that two of these men were upon the ticket supported by the liquor league, and doubtless owe their election to the votes of the opponents of the liquor law.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, Esq., member elect from Philadelphia county, is favorably named for Speaker of the next House of Representatives. He has had three years' experience in the business of legislation, and would make an efficient presiding officer.

Russia's Determination to Prosecute the War.

St. Petersburg letters mention that the fall of Sebastopol has had no other effect on the general pulse than to increase the probability of a peaceful solution being now more difficult than it was before. The recall of Prince Gortschakoff, and his appointment to the ministry of war, is definitively arranged. He will be succeeded in his command by General Muraviev, now engaged in the operation before Kara. The Czar talks of holding out as long as his foes choose to continue the war. The determination meanwhile came to at headquarters was to defend the Crimea step by step, and to retire only when further opposition shall be impracticable.—All reports of a precipitate retreat on Perekop without giving battle are said to be imaginary. Strong reserves were on their way to the Crimea from the interior of Russia, the object being to occupy in force all the strong positions between Khutor-Mackenzie and Inkermann, with reserves posted at Bakschiserai and Simpheropol. The Russians would have us believe their Crimean army, with these reserves, amounts to 300,000 men.

Without being curiously anxious as to the future movements, there can be no doubt that the Russians are bent upon trying their fortune in a second winter campaign. "Meanwhile," it is added, "the transport of ammunition and provisions and stores is being driven on with all possible despatch.—The utmost activity prevails in all the military and other establishments. And at Nicolaitz, where the Czar is at this time present in person, they profess to have nine war steamers already completed, fitted out, and prepared for active service, and a number more in a forward state of outfit."

A letter from St. Petersburg, in the Wanderer of Vienna, says:—"The evening before the departure of the Emperor a council was held, at which it was determined to carry on the war with the greatest determination; and the Emperor directed Count Nesselrode to announce this intention to the political agents of Russia in foreign countries."

Jurors for the Adjourned Court.

An adjourned Court of Common Pleas will be held on the second week in December, commencing with Monday the 10th. The following persons have been drawn as Jurors: Reading—Jacob Smith, And. Brough, jr. of J. Menallen—John Bender, John Weigle, Andrew Noel.

Liberty—Samuel Martin.
Cowanago—Daniel Gitt, Isaac Snyder, John Busby, sen., Benj. Longenecker.
Huntington—John Gardner, I. E. Wiernann.
Gettysburg—John Martin, John Christman.
Cumberland—Henry S. Minnigh, Isaac Myers.
Mountpleasant—John Shedy, Henry Miller.
Tyronne—A. K. Myers.
Harrisburg—Martin Getz.
Germany—James Colchouse, Abraham Harner, David Schwartz, John Miller.
Freedom—Daniel Sheets, Abraham Krise.
Franklin—Jacob Mickle, of D. Jacob Mark.
Oxford—John L. Noel, Daniel Heltzell, Anthony Ginter.
Mountjoy—John Buddy.
Union—Jacob Baschoor, sen.
Stratton—Nicholas Moritz, Wm. Wirt.
Butler—Wm. H. Wright.

Indiana Election.

We have returns from 38 counties of Indiana, giving an aggregate Democratic majority of 8,166. The same counties last year gave about an equal majority for the Fusionists. The Indiana Sentinel thinks the Democratic majority in the State will be 20,000. Last year 12,623 Fusion majority. Democratic gain, say 32,623, or, in round numbers, call it 30,000.

OHIO ELECTION—OFFICIAL RESULTS.—The Columbus Columbian publishes a table of the returns from all the counties in the State, which foots up as follows: Chase, 146,106; Medill, 140,877; Trimble, 34,237.

HENRY M. RICE, the Democratic candidate for Congress in Minnesota, has been elected by a plurality of about 1500.

The Chambersburg Whig informs us that Wm. M. HENDERSON, the new County Commissioner for Cumberland, is the "only old line Whig elected to any office in Pennsylvania this fall" and he was elected by the Democrats, their nominee having died a week or two before the election.

LANCASTER COUNTY.—The following is the official vote for Canal Commissioner in Lancaster county:
Nicholson, Fusion, 5,301
Plumer, Democrat, 5,099
Henderson, Whig, 1,988
Nicholson over Plumer, 202. Lancaster used to give 5,500 Whig majority. Know Nothingism has done good work in the "Old Guard."

THE CASE OF PASSMORE WILLIAMSON.—PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—Judge Kane made an order to-day in the Williamson case, refusing the leave asked for his counsel to present a petition from him, because he is still in contempt, and by petition does not purge himself. But, to the end that he may purge himself, the Court also ordered that when said Williamson shall declare under oath or affirmation that he is willing to answer such interrogatories as may be addressed by the Court, touching matters heretofore inquired into by *habeas corpus*, that the Marshal shall bring him before the judge in court or chambers, to abide the action of the court.

PROMOTION IN BOSTON.—Boston, October 29.—Another attempt was made in the Municipal Court to-day to convict under the prohibition law. The jury were out ten hours, but could not agree upon the constitutionality of the law.

The Pittsburg Times, which was started some months ago to advance the Know Nothing cause in Western Pennsylvania, has been discontinued for want of adequate support.

The New York Home Journal, on the "best authority," contradicts the rumor of the intended marriage of Mr. Buchanan to the widow of President Polk.

The corner stone of the new Lutheran Church in Fairfield will be laid on the 10th inst.

Distinguished Whigs in Maryland Against Know Nothingism.

The following gentlemen, comprising the intellect of the old Whig party of Maryland, refuse to endorse the principles of the secret, oath-bound Know Nothing organization, or support its candidates:
Win. D. Merrick, formerly Whig United States Senator.
Gen. T. F. Bowie, formerly Whig Elector.
Gen. W. Lungan Gaither, the Whig President of the Maryland Senate, and formerly Whig Elector.
Ex-Governor Pratt, United States Senator.
Reverdy Johnson, former Attorney General and United States Senator.
J. M. S. Causin, ex-member of Congress and Whig Elector.
S. Teakle Wallis, special Minister to Spain under the late Whig administration.
T. Yates Walsh, ex-member of Congress from Baltimore.

R. T. Merrick, prominent Whig orator.
H. H. Goldsborough, Whig Elector in 1852.
J. W. Crisfield, ex-member of Congress.
D. M. Henry, candidate for Congress in 1851.
J. R. Franklin, late member of Congress.
Hon. E. F. Chambers, ex-United States Senator.
Hon. James A. Pearce, United States Senator.
Isaac D. Jones, ex-member of Congress, and host of others.
While these men, whose influence is felt throughout the length and breadth of the State, repudiate Know Nothingism, not a single prominent man of the Democratic ranks, in whom the public have confidence, who can justly lay any claim to worth or intellect, is found acting with the Know Nothing party, which is composed mainly of the very worst men of both the old parties, who are engaged in the wild hunt after office. This is the party that claims to be the only American party in the land.—God save us from the rule of such Americans.—BALT. REP.

The Civil War in Massachusetts.

Our readers will not be alarmed at the announcement of a civil war in the heart of the old Commonwealth of Massachusetts. It is not a war that will do harm to the masses of the people, and yet it is a war most dire and threatening in its progress. The eighty thousand rank and file of the sucked-in voters for Gardner last year got into a feud—couldn't help it—split into parties, and assume a terribly bellicose attitude towards each other. It is quite pleasing to see the fight go on, especially when you do not care which gets whipped. But they labor each other at a rate not at all anticipated by the true patriots and friends of the country. No intelligent man ever doubted the fact that Know-Nothingism was too corrupt to hold together long, but few expected to see the war commence so soon, and to hear such astounding truths told concerning the infamy of the whole party. This family fight overshadows all other matters in the political field for the present. The Democrats are left with little to do except to look on and behold the results of the warfare. The two factions are performing upon each other the very interesting operation said to have been once performed by a certain pugacious pair of "foreign" cats! We doubt, however, if in the end, even the "tips of their tails" will remain. There is no remedy for them, except the oil of Beach, which will be most effectually administered by the Democracy on the 6th of next March.—Boston Post.

INHUMAN CONDUCT.—A few days ago Mr. and Mrs. Owens died of yellow fever in Memphis, Tenn., leaving seven orphan children, who were subsequently removed to a house which had been rented specially for their accommodation. This gave offence to the residents in the vicinity of the house, and they, foolishly fearing that the children might communicate the disease to them, assembled to the number of about 50, and after night compelled the poor orphans to evacuate the premises and go back to the house where their parents had died.

SINGULAR ORIGIN OF A FIRE.—On Sunday week, some children, playing in the house of Geo. W. Angell, of Bedford, Michigan, discovered smoke coming up through the boards, and gave the alarm, when the boards were removed, and a mouse's nest discovered, into which the little animal had dragged a friction match.

The match had probably been ignited by the movements of the mouse, and but for its timely discovery must have caused a serious fire.

BURNING OF A COTTON MILL—LOSS OF LIFE.—Boston, October 30.—At 9 o'clock this morning Sandford's cotton factory, at Cardsville, near Worcester, in this State, was burnt down, together with the buildings and a considerable quantity of cotton. The loss is about \$50,000, mostly insured. One of the female operatives perished in the flames, and two others were reported to have been killed by jumping from the windows. Several other persons were injured, and when the train left the fire threatened to destroy the remainder of the village.

GEN. SCOTT'S BACK PAY.—The President has decided that the resolution of February, 1855, providing for the brevet rank of Lieutenant General, under which General Scott receives that appointment, gives him retroactive pay and allowances, and that it is retroactive in its operation from May 29th, 1847. This decision has been communicated to General Scott.

TERRIBLE MORTALITY ON BOARD A CALIFORNIA STEAMER.—New York, Oct. 31.—The steamer Sierra Nevada, from San Juan, with the passengers which left New York on the 5th of September, put into Acapulco, October 7th, with the cholera raging on board to a frightful extent. It was reported that 71 deaths had occurred during the passage, and 24 after the arrival at Acapulco, where the authorities refused permission to bring the dead ashore.—The steamer Certes, of the same line, arrived a week afterward, but had no sickness on board.

The Election Riots in Baltimore.

FREEMAN, READ.—The Committee of Inquiry into the recent outrages, which disgraced the extra municipal election in Baltimore, has made a report, from which we extract the following, and commend it to the perusal of our readers. When we consider, that this report is based upon the testimony of a large number of the most respectable citizens in Baltimore, we are the more amazed, that there are to be found advocates of a party, whose conquests are achieved, all over the country, through violence and rebellion:

REPORT:
That in a spirit of thorough justice they have diligently sought to get at the precise truth.—To this end they have examined a great number of persons who, during the day, had an opportunity to see what did actually take place. Without incorporating the certificates of those persons in this report they content themselves with appending some of them, and stating their substance, the letter of which is:
1st. That prior to the election, members of the Know Nothing order openly declared "that the Democrats should not have the same chance of voting at the approaching election as they had at the last."

2d. That among those who made this declaration, invasive and destructive of American rights, was one of the Know Nothing Judges of election of the ward.

3d. That persons legally entitled to vote, and who did vote at the election, were refused access to the polls until well-known prominent leaders of the Know-nothing party, under the assurance that they meant to vote that ticket, asked and by the mere asking, gained them admission to vote.

4th. That persons as clearly entitled to vote on every consideration as any others in the community, were deprived of their votes because of an impossibility to reach the window.

5th. That whilst the approach to the window was thus denied by a Know-Nothing mob, composed of rowdies collected from different parts of the city, the Police of the city was in attendance, some of whom, though requested to do so, would not defend the citizen in the exercise of his legal right of suffrage, and some aiding and abetting the outrage.

6th. That a part of the city officers there assembled were and are persons notorious in this community as among its worst citizens, having been known heretofore as rowdies, frequently imperiling the lives of the people by inciting and partaking in riotous and bloody affrays.

7th. That throughout the whole day it was manifest to every impartial observer that there had been a preconcerted plan on the part of a portion of the city officers and other Know-Nothings to take possession of the polls, and to exercise such control as would secure, by intimidation of, and interruption to, those opposed to them, the success of their candidate.

8th. That the "Mayor's police" were there in attendance, armed with revolvers and other deadly weapons, which they employed upon persons far away from the polls, who could have been arrested, if they had violated the laws in any particular, without such a resort.

9th. That on the day of the election there were removed into the house of a city watchman in the immediate neighborhood of the place of the polls a quantity of guns. Of this fact proof can be adduced if it shall become necessary; as we have written certificates of respectable eye-witnesses to the fact, if denied.

We have thus briefly enumerated some of the deplorable circumstances of the day, which will ever remain disgraceful in the annals of our city. We could add many others to the sickening recital; but these are sufficient to awaken every sincere lover of the peace and order of society to an alarming sense of the danger which surrounds us. It is the people of the city who pay for the police, and not a mere party; and yet it seems that the idea has taken possession of some misguided men, that the entire public are to be taxed to sustain in their midst, not a corps of conservatives, but a gang of desperadoes, who, to sustain themselves in their places, openly defy the law, and rejoice in and encourage the maltreatment of the citizens whose property is burdened to pay them their salaries.

The American Inventors, represented at the Paris exhibition, have received about twenty gold and silver medals, which gives a medal to every eighth exhibitor—a higher proportion of first class medals than will be received by any other nation. McCormick's reaping and Pitts' threshing machines, Blanchard's for bending wood, Singer's sewing machine, Goodyear's vulcanized india-rubber, Fowler and Preterre, for artificial teeth, Richmond's machine for cutting iron for steam-boilers, and Maury's maps and charts, are among the articles which took the medals. Colt's guns and pistols met with great opposition, and many competitors from France and Belgium, and he, in consequence, gets but a third-class medal. Fairbairn, the celebrated engineer, before the British Association, paid a marked compliment to the many new and useful inventions which he found at the Paris exhibition by American contributors.

THE LANCASTER DEFEALCATION.—Lancaster, Pa., Nov. 1.—Charles Boughter, the alleged defaulting treasurer of the Lancaster Savings Institution, was released from prison to-day, on bail to the amount of \$400,000, to answer at the next term of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

Interesting Items of News, etc.

Government Clerk has appointed the 29th of November for thanksgiving day in New York.

Maine has her thanksgiving day on the 22d of November.

Hon. Linn Boyd, of Kentucky, is said to be recovering from a protracted illness.

The Montrose (Susquehanna Co.) Democrat is out in favor of Mr. BUCHANAN for the Presidency.

The steamer George Law sailed on the 21st from Aspinwall, for New York, with nearly \$2,000,000 in gold.

The Kansas Herald of Freedom states that many slaveholders are departing from that Territory with their property.

Fifteen hundred eels were caught in one night, recently, in the Juniata, near Millintown.

Benj. Brendreth, the great pill doctor, is a candidate for the N.-York Senate. He ought to be able to work himself through.

CHRAP CORN.—Sales of corn in the field are reported to have been made in Montgomery county, Ill., at from \$5 to \$7 per acre, being equal to ten or twelve cents per bushel.

It is generally believed by the press of the State that the present anti-license law, passed by the last Legislature, will be repealed by the new Legislature.

Several Know Nothing editors in the Western part of the State are complaining of the ague. We do not wonder, after the shaking they got on the 9th.

WHAT NEXT?—At Davenport, Iowa, recently, when some lots of ground were to be sold at auction for non-payment of taxes, the sale, by the direction of the authorities, was opened with prayer.

THE LATE GALE.—From various directions we have accounts of the damage done by the gale of Sunday week. At Doylestown, Pa., it blew down the Agricultural Exhibition building, which was erected at a cost of \$28,000.

BOYS IN A BEAR FIGHT.—Three lads in Rockingham county, Va., named George Begon, Jas. Probst and Alex. Prikey, recently encountered a large bear in the woods and despatched him after a severe fight.

Schohaire, N. Y., was visited by a snow storm on Wednesday, the 24th ult., snow falling to the depth of seven inches. The storm prevailed four hours, covering the ground for several miles around.

ORGANIZATION.—The Democratic Standing Committee of Berks county have issued an address to the people, urging the propriety of a prompt and thorough organization of the party for the ensuing Presidential election.—A good idea.

STATE TREASURER.—Among the names mentioned in connection with the office of State Treasurer, are found those of Edward A. Pennington, Esq., of Philadelphia, Henry S. Magraw, Esq., of Lancaster, and William D. Boas, Esq., of Harrisburg.

WESTERN HOG TRADE.—At Louisville on the 24th ult., a pork establishment sold to an English packer 20,000 hogs at \$6 for the hogs. An average of 200 pounds net per hog, would make the aggregate amount involved in the transaction \$240,000.

IMPEACHMENT OF JUDGE KANE.—A petition to Congress is in circulation in the States of Maine and Illinois, praying that Judge Kane, of Philadelphia, may be impeached at the bar of the Senate of the United States, for misconduct in office, growing out of the Williamson case. It won't do.

THE MISSING AERONAUT.—It is stated in the Cincinnati (Ohio) Times, of the 20th ult., that several persons of that city saw a wrecked balloon in the air, on the 3d ult., and the Times infers that it may have been the balloon of the unfortunate Winchester, who ascended from Norwalk, Ohio, on the 2d ult.

BUSINESS OF RAILROADS.—A couple of years ago the directors of the railroad between Madison and Milwaukee, Wis., supposed that their business between these points might probably reach fifty thousand dollars in a year. Their agent at the Madison depot recently stated that this year it would fully amount to five hundred thousand dollars!

One of the Right Sort!
We have recently heard of an instance of earnest devotion to "the good old cause," that is worthy of public notice and commendation. Just before the late election, Mr. Daniel Dinkle, of Paradise, was called away from home, and found himself, on Monday, October 8, (the day before the election,) at Winchester, Virginia, ninety miles from his residence. He was travelling in a buggy, with a horse that had recently seen some rather hard service; and the roads, a great part of the way, were in bad condition: Not to be deterred by such difficulties, however, he determined to vote—with much labor he accomplished 55 miles on Monday—drove up to the polls late in the afternoon of Tuesday, and contributed to the magnificent majority rolled up in PARANOS towards the Democratic ticket! A NOBLE EXAMPLE FOR ALL TRUE DEMOCRATS—and an eloquent rebuke to those who cannot find time to travel few miles on election day to sustain principles they profess to cherish. All honor to the staunch and energetic old-fashioned Democrat!—York Gazette.

The Know Nothing organ at Washington accounts for the defeat of its party in Pennsylvania as follows:

"The returns indicate a Democratic gain and an American loss in the city of Philadelphia. For this we were perfectly prepared. If the Americans of Pennsylvania choose to repudiate principles of national harmony, and commit their fortunes to the miserable raft of Abolitionism, patched up by such tricky workmen as Wilnot, Johnston & Co., they cannot expect the sincere friends of the Union and reform to continue in their company. Thousands have either passed into the Democratic organization, or are standing in indignant neutrality, amidst a fraudulent war of faction, no one of which can claim much precedence in rascality over its competitor."

Quite complimentary!
HOUSE AND BARN BURNED.—We regret to learn that the house and barn of Philip Spangler, of Dickinson Township, were entirely consumed by fire on Sunday last. So rapidly did the flames spread that the greater portion of the contents of both house and barn were burnt.—We have not learned how the fire originated. Mr. Spangler's loss is very heavy, but is partly insured.—Carlisle Democrat.