Bradford Reporter.

Towanda, Pa., Dec. 22, 1881.

Ex-Vice President Schuyler Colfax is named as a prominent candidate for the nomination for Governor of Indiana.

General Simon Cameron is going to spend the winter in the City of Mexico, and will leave his Pennsylvania home in a few weeks.

A number of female clerks on the lapsed roll of the Treasury will be discharged on the first of January. The number of this class of appointments largely exceeds the fund available to pay them.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnston publishes a statement, alleging that Jefferson Davis removed nearly $2,500,000 in specie belonging to the Confederate treasury at the evacuation of Richmond and never accounted for it.

The annual meeting of the State Grange at Williamsport adjourned Friday after the election of a steward and an executive committee. The sum of one thousand dollars was appropriated to keep lecturers in the field during the coming winter.

Senator Morrill, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, will introduce a bill to enable the national bank associations to extend their corporate existence in accordance with the recommendations contained in the last annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

The top slab on which will rest the feet of the statue of Washington at the New York sub-Treasury, will be the same stone on which the first President stood when inaugurated. When the old Federal Hall, in which the first Congress met in New York, was pulled down, the stone was preserved.

Senator Lapham has introduced a bill providing that attempts on the life of the President shall be punished by imprisonment for life, with hard labor or solitary confinement, in the discretion of the court. A better plan would be to punish such attempts by death. They are beyond all ordinary murder, whether they are successful or not.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has rendered an important decision on insurance which has not yet been published. It is to the effect that when an incorporated fire insurance company is dissolved by a decree of a court having jurisdiction, the policies outstanding, whether perpetual or limited, are cancelled, and any loss occurring after the date of dissolution is not protected by the policy.

Ex-President Zachary Taylor's daughter, who now lives in Virginia, received recently from the Treasury of the United States the sum of $16,000, which was the exact amount of salary that would have been paid General Taylor had he lived until the expiration of his term of office. The payment was made in accordance with authority contained in the Deficiency Appropriation bill passed June 16, 1880.

The marl bed of Mr. O. C. Herbert, of Marlboro, N. J., is proving a regular bonanza to scientists. A veritable mine of petrified antediluvian reptiles appears to have been struck. A creature has recently been unearthed which no one is yet able to name. It was a monster of large size, and these are believed to be the only remains of the kind ever discovered. Many scientists have already gone to examine the bones and tusks which have been found.

Mr. Sherman's Three Per Cent. Funding bill, as reported with amendments from the Senate Committee Thursday afternoon, provides that bonds shall be issued, either in exchange for cash or the extended bonds, to an amount not exceeding $200,000,000. The committee decided upon their action after hearing Secretary Folger, who expressed himself in opposition to the proposition, preferring to retain the government privilege of calling in the 3½ per cent. bonds at any time.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total values of the exports of domestic breadstuffs during the month of November, 1881, and during the five and eleven months ended November 30, 1881, as compared with similar reports during the corresponding months of the preceding year, were as follows: November, 1881, $18,025,880; 1880, $22,053,198. Five months ended November 30, 1881, $98,337,515; 1880, $134,874,360. Eleven months ended November 30, 1881, $210,318,432; 1880, $257,231,045.

Proofs of the new five-cent Garfield postage stamp have been received at the Post-office Department. The stamp is pronounced by the postal authorities to be the handsomest ever issued. It is a vignette of a three-quarter face, surrounded by a light and elegant bead-work oval. The likeness is peculiarly striking, and the whole work, while free from ornamentation, is finely and gracefully finished. The stamp was designed by Vice President MacDonough, of the American Bank Note Company of New York.

The select committee on the death of President Garfield, after discussion Wednesday of last week, referred the subject to a sub-committee, of which Representative McKinley is chairman, with instructions to report to the joint committee as soon as practicable. A general preference was expressed that some distinguished orator shall be invited to deliver the eulogy, and that two Senators and two Representatives shall be selected to follow the orator with brief remarks, each being allowed about fifteen minutes; the services to be begun and closed with prayer, and to be held in the House of Representatives some time in January.

The following statement is made by the Cleveland Committee in answer to many inquiries: "The Garfield Monument Fund Committee desire to raise $250,000 for the purpose of erecting an appropriate monument at the late President's grave. Of this amount over $51,000 has already been subscribed by the citizens of Cleveland. The State of Ohio (including Cleveland) will raise not less than $100,000 in all, and $25,000 has been raised by small voluntary contributions in different parts of the country and forwarded to the committee. Thus one-half of the whole amount asked is practically secured, leaving only $125,000 more to be raised outside of Ohio in order to carry out the plans of the committee."

The State Superintendent of Instruction of Illinois has issued a circular to all county superintendents calling on them to give effect to the regulations of the State Board of Health relative to the vaccination of the pupils of the public schools. The smallpox is stated to be widespread through the northern States, and epidemic from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

A Mr. Megargee, of Philadelphia, offered to pay a premium on an insurance policy two days after it was due. The company refused the money. Mr. Megargee then sued to compel the company to restore the policy. He died shortly afterward and the widow continued the suit, and obtained on Saturday a verdict of $17,000.

Judge J. C. Bancroft Davis, whom the President has named for Assistant Secretary of State, has the capacity and fitness to discharge the duties of that office well. His diplomatic career began more than thirty years ago, since which time he has served in important places, including the one to which he is now again appointed. For the past five years he has been a Judge of the Court of Claims.

An exposure is being made of land swindles of an extensive character in Dakota. Canadians of high social standing have entered lands and are cultivating them, while retaining their residence in Manitoba and their allegiance to Queen Victoria. In nearly every case they have evaded filing a valid declaration of intention to become citizens of the United States, and being citizens of another country, are beyond the jurisdiction of our courts.

The Philadelphia *Telegraph* says considerable misinformation seems to be afloat concerning the next election in Pennsylvania. The State officers to be elected are Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, to succeed Hoyt, Stone and Dunkel, respectively, and a Judge of the Supreme Court to succeed Sharswood. Mercur will become Chief Justice, and the new Judge will take his place at the foot of the bench, so to speak. There will also be chosen one-half of the State Senate (members from the even numbered districts), and entire House of Representatives, and members of Congress. The Senators elected will participate, in January, 1885, in the choice of a United States Senator to succeed J. Donald Cameron, but a new House will be chosen again in November, 1884.

CHRONIC LIARS.

It is possible for a man to be independent in politics yet not a chronic liar. We hope it is equally possible for a man to publish an independent newspaper and not lie more than half the time. The first fact has been demonstrated. The latter fact remains to be domonstrated. The reason why it has not been demonstrated is that most of the men who pretend to run an independent newspaper never had any convictions, hence no earnestness, and hence, again, too little faith in the existence of truth to make it a rule of action.

These reflections came to us after reading the circumstantial account of a "stalwart" conference held at the house of Senator Cameron in Washington. The story runs that Gen. Beaver and State Senator Cooper, together with a number of "bosses" met at the house of Senator Cameron the other night and decided upon Gen. Beaver as the candidate of the "machine" for Governor. The inherent improbability of the story was sufficient to stamp it as a lie, but the fact that men who were declared to have been present at the meeting were in Philadelphia and Harrisburg on the night it was reported to have been held, ought certainly to put an end to the canard. But it will not. There are men, and not a few at that, who would believe the report even were the author to come bodly forward and admit that it was a lie out of whole cloth.

The object of the report was to slaughter Gen. Beaver before the Convention meets. It seems to be admitted that Gen. Beaver is a pure man, competent, and deserving. He had the misfortune not to have been a copperhead or a snarler during the war. He was fool enough to serve with distinction through the war. Hence every man who went about shaking in his shoes, and crying that we were beaten "anyhow," while Gen. Beaver was in the field, is now bent in killing him off. We do not know Gen. Beaver personally. He may be an aspirant for the Republican nomination for aught we can say to the contrary. If he is an honest, honorable man, and competent, we know no good reason why he is not privileged to aspire to any office. Should he be nominated we should not care particularly who preferred or who did not prefer him. Nor should we object to supporting him because John Smith, or Tom Jones, with whom we have quarreled, proposed to vote for him. We leave that sort of warfare to old women, and boys under twelve. It is not our way. Every year we have to vote and work for men for whom men not at all to our mind vote. We have never had the pleasure of voting for anybody for whom none but our bosom friends voted. That would be nice of course. So it would be nice if one had not to choose between suffocation and breathing the same atmosphere with liars, and other bad people.

But this is a world in which good and evil are pretty much mixed. Sometimes men and women of small calibre, and smaller faith, become disgusted with the mixture and hang, drown, or shoot themselves. That is probably good for the world, but is it good for the victims? We conclude not. Suicide is not a remedy for what is evil in this world. Political suicide is not a remedy for what is out of joint in politics. Because we cannot have it all our own way we do not intend to resort to political suicide. Because every man in the Republican party is not to our mind we do not propose to destroy the party. The fact that there is not a great deal to choose between men, on the average, operates to check the tendency to idolatry. We don't happen to know any man in Pennsylvania who does not sometimes show that while remembering the mass of mankind he never forgets himself. No man of intelligence can remember any other kind of a public man. The first law of nature is a good law. On its operation hangs the survival of the fittest. The man of energy tends to perpetuate his kind. The only exception to the beneficence of the rule is the case of the stalwart liar. He also perpetuates his kind. And it is to be regretted. But if he did not perpetuate his kind what would become of the Free Lance in politics?

THE NEW ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The President on Friday last sent to the Senate the name of Benjamin Harris Brewster, of Philadelphia, for Attorney General, and the nomination was subsequently unanimously confirmed. Mr. Brewster, was born October 13, 1816, in Salem County, N. J., where his ancestors for several generations had lived and owned large estates. He was graduated from Princeton College in 1834, and immediately entered upon the study of law in the office of Mr. Eli K. Price in Philadelphia. In 1838 he was admitted to practice at the bar, and soon attained great prominence in his profession. He was appointed by President Polk a Commissioner to adjudicate the claims of the Cherokee Indians against the United States, and in 1867 was appointed Attorney-General of the State of Pennsylvania by Governor Geary. With these exceptions he has hitherto been a stranger to public official life, although his friends have repeatedly urged his availability for a position in the Cabinet, or a seat in the United States Senate. For forty years he has been regarded as one of the foremost lawyers of Philadelphia, and has been retained as counsel in a large number of celebrated cases He has also won renown as a classical scholar, lecturer and orator. In personal appearance Mr. Brewster is of a little more than the average height, and slightly inclined toward corpulency. His dress and courtly manners are those of the past generation.

In referring to the appointment the Philadelphia *North American* says: "In appointing Mr. Benjamin Harris Brewster to the Attorney Generalship, President Arthur has given fresh evidence of the soundness of his judgment, and of the peculiar faculty for putting the right man in the right place with which since the beginning of his administration he has shown himself to be endowed. * * * * And then again, Mr. Brewster's connection with the Star route cases furnished a very strong argument in his favor. In this respect no more appropriate choice could possibly have been made, and in choosing for his Attorney General the man who is so exceptionally conversant with the details of the pending charges, and who perhaps above all others is qualified and may be trusted to so order things that no guilty man shall be permitted to escape whom the government is able to convict and punish, President Arthur has added to the many evidences of his purpose to have the charges which have been made pressed home, a proof so convincing that those who have thus far continued to impugn his motives and to discredit his sincerity, will, if they have any sense of decency left, be constrained to cease their slanderous imputations. Mr. Brewster's appointment is a notice to all concerned in this Star route scandal that no one who can be proved guilty of fraud, as alleged, need expect mercy.

Among the multitude of revenue measures just introduced into Congress, there is one which proposes to make a uniform reduction of ten per cent. in all the protective duties of the tariff. This measure was enacted once before by Congress at a time when the Treasury was overflowing with money, and subsequently repealed when the country was suffering under a terrible commercial revulsion. The *North American* thinks that there can be no doubt that there will be an effort made to force the passage of this measure during the present session by some sudden and surprising movement by Democrats, free-traders and popularity-seekers, and therefore the friends of the American system will have to be on their guard.

The proposed road across Bucks county to the Durham furnace of Cooper, Hewitt & Co., on the Deleware, has been christened the New York and Western Short line, by virtue of expectations that when completed from Quakertown to a connection with the Lehigh Valley's Jersey lines. It will form a trunk link connecting with the Reading for Harrisburg and the west.

I. D. McKee, Charles Spyker Wolfe's chairman, has issued a call for a conference of the Wolfe followers to be held at the Continental Hotel, in Philadelphia, Janurry 12th, at 10 o'clock A. M. The call says the conference is for the purpose of taking "into consideration the wisdom of placing in nomination proper persons for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs and Supreme Court Judge and such other matters as may come before it." We suppose this is the second chapter of "Reform within the party, but outside of its organization."

The State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, commenced its session at the Park hotel, Williamsport, the 13th. About 200 delegates were present. The Secretary's report shows an increase of seven thousank members during 1881. Seven or eight new granges were established in the state during the year, and thirty or forty which were dormant were revived.

Locomotive building, says the *Press*, has been crowded by the railroad boom of the past two years until the works are overlaid with a year's orders, and the Baldwin Locomotive Works refused recently to take an order from the Lehigh Valley for delivery earlier than 1883, and then at the rate of three a month. An ordinary eight-wheel passenger engine sells for $13,500 now against $7,000 three or four years ago, and the fifteen locomotive works in the United States with a varying capacity of from eight to fifty engines a month, have turned out 2,700 locomotives in the past year, and will put 3,000 on the rails in the next twelve months. In addition, about 300 to 400 are built annually by the railroad companies, and the addition to the 18,000 locomotives now running on 94,000 miles of track is in excess of the additions to the track by new roads of about 10,000 miles a year; but not much over, as of the locomotives now running 1,000 give out yearly, taking the average life of an engine at from fifteen to twenty years, so that the addition of new locomotives like that of track is about a ninth. The tendency also on all roads is toward more engines. The Erie has an engine to every two miles; the Missouri, Kansas and Texas one to every ninth. With the demand, it is not surprising that new locomotive works have been begun at Rome, N. Y., Bordentown, N. J., and at Chicago, the last with a capital of $1,000,000.

Wolfe says, in an interview with a *Times* reporter, that no man has as yet been named by the Republicans that he will support if nominated for Governor. It may be well to remark that the name of Charles Spyker Wolfe, has not as yet been mentioned.

Dr. Isaac I. Hayes, the well-known Arctic explorer, died in New York on Saturday. Mr. Hayes had been in his usual health until within a few days. His death was cased by heart disease. He was unmarried, and about fifty years of age.

Chief Justice Horace Gray, of Massachusetts, has been appointed by the President, and confirmed by the Senate, as a Justice of the United States Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Clifford.

A very large number of bills have been introduced into Congress, and it is estimated that by the close of the present week the number will reach 2,500. A large percentage of these are private bills, and bills of a local character.

The Senate and House committee to arrange the memorial ceremonies in honor of President Garfield, decided to invite Secretary Blaine to deliver the eulogy before both branches of Congress.

A correct list of the victims of the Ring Theatre, Vienna, fire has been issued by the police. It gives the total number of victims as 794, of whom the bodies of 144 have been legally identified.

The nomination of Benjamin H. Brewster for Attorney-General and of J. C. Bancroft Davis for Assistant Secretary of State, were unanimously confirmed by the Senate Monday.

It is going to be interesting to observe, as the Congressional session weekly grows older, how much opposition to needed legislation the Democratic minority can develop.

There is a proposition to give the name of Garfield or Lincoln to the proposed new Territory that is to be cut off from the northern part of Dakota.

H. H. Riddleberger, Readjuster, was elected a United States Senator from Virginia, by the Legislature of that State, on Tuesday.

Liquor licenses are to cost $100,000 in Nebraska. Evidently the days of the Democratic party in that State are numbered.

The President on Tuesday sent to the Senate the name of Timothy O. Howe, of Wisconsin, to be Postmaster General.

Another set-back for the Satanic Press. Brewster has been appointed Attorney General.

Secretary Fyelinghuysen took possession of the State Department Monday.

STATE NEWS.

—A Pittsburg man has been importing potatoes grown in Ireland.

—The silk mill in Allentown at present turns out about one thousand pounds of yarn per week.

—Hog cholera has killed a large number of porkers in Bedford county within the last few weeks.

—Montgomery county paid $6,000 of her bonds last Saturday and will lift $7,000 more this week.

—Thomas J. Barger, a prominent lawyer of Philadelphia, and ex-city solicitor, died Friday morning.

—The coal yield of Clearfield county will reach two million five hundred thousand tons with the present year.

—The State Capital Insurance Company of Harrisburg asked a decree of dissolution last Thursday on the same grounds advanced by the Southern Pennsylvania. The decree was granted and a receiver was appointed.

—The Commissioners of Montgomery county redeemed county bonds to the amount of $16,500, which, with 7,000 which will be paid this week, will make a total reduction of the county debt for the year of $36,000.

—An animal supposed to be a hyena which had escaped from a traveling menagerie has committed a number of depredations on graves in portions of Washington county. One body was disturbed, and portions of it were found a considerable distance from the cemetery.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The Brooklyn fire authorities are inspecting all the theatres and places of amusement in that city, and making such arrangements as would prevent loss of life at any of these places.

—Chief Arrazati and thirty of his tribe, constituting the main remnants of Victoria's band, have been captured by Mexican troops in the Presidio del Norte, on the northern Rio Grande.

—The Commissioner of the General Land Office has ordered the sale of about 5,000 acres of public lands lying near Toledo, on Lake Erie. The sale will take place on February 13 next, at the Land Office in Washington.

—At Austin, Neb., early Wednesday morning of last week, a party of masked men overpowered the jailer and took out of a cell Richard Jennings, who shot and killed John A. Barrett, an old and respected citizen, on Tuesday night. The prisoner was promptly hanged from a balcony over a front door.

—It is reported that the Indians in the Pembina mountains are starving in consequence of the smallpox quarantine regulations, which prevent their receiving supplies from the settlements. Captain Collins, of Fort Pembina, has volunteered to forward provisions to them, and has telegraphed the facts to Washington.

—Several years ago Ericsson predicted that the Nile and the Ganges would be lined with cotton and other factories driven by solar heat. A French engineer in Algeria is already contributing to the fulfillment of this prediction by pumping water and making it boil by solar force alone.

—A convention of chiefs of police of the United States commenced its sessions in Chicago, Thursday. The object is to organize a system of exchanging telegraphic information regarding criminals and fugitives from justice. Mayor Harrison was elected president of the convention.

—Highwaymen boarded the passenger train on the Southern Pacific Railroad going west from El Paso, Thursday. They knocked down and gagged Wells, Fargo & Company's messenger and abstracted $1500 from the safe. The passengers were also robbed of about $600.

—In the United States Court at Dallas, Tex., on Wednesday of last week, Lieutenant Flipper and Captain Nolan, of the Tenth Cavalry, were acquitted by a jury of assisting in making illegal arrests in the Pan-Handle in 1878. Cases of this and similar arrests have cost the government nearly $100,000.

—Colonel Strachan, of the Ninth Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, after consideration of the report of the investigating committee, has decided that 21 of the command, consisting of one corporal, two musicians and eighteen privates, were guilty of misconduct during the Yorktown trip, and Adjutant General A. H. Berry has ordered their summary discharge.

—A Shelbyville, Tenn., dispatch says there is great excitement there over the imprisonment, by order of Judge Cantrell, of C. R. Wallace, a telegraph operator, for refusing to divulge before the grand jury the names of parties dealing in futures by telegraphic orders. Efforts will be made to obtain a writ of habeas corpus from the Federal court for his release.

—E. D. Hopkins, who has had three forgery trials, and two convictions in transactions as agent for the Fire Association of Philadelphia, has been on trial at the present term of the county court at St. Johnsbury, Vermont, for larceny of funds belonging to the Fire Association. The jury Friday brought in a verdict of guilty. The case will go to the Supreme Court on exceptions.

—Chief Justice Hunter, at Salt Lake City, Friday, refused to set aside or modify the order heretofore made by him in Campbell vs. Cannon, in which he held that the certificate of naturalization held by Cannon was obtained by fraud and had been fraudulently used, and was void on its face. This reaffirms that Cannon is an alien.

—Government scout Gibson, of Leavenworth, Kansas, states that there will certainly be an uprising of the Utes, Piutes and Navajoes in the spring. A junction of the bands will probably be formed at some point in New Mexico. The Utes, who have been placed in Utah, are being supplied by the Mormons with arms, ammunition, and all the whisky they want.

—Two brothers, living near New Philadelphia, Ohio, got into a dispute some time ago over the ownership of an old wagon-bed worth two or three dollars, and took the matter into court. After each had spent over three hundred dollars in costs and attorney fees, a verdict was given in favor of the defendant for ten cents. The plaintiff is still dissatisfied, and will probably carry the case to the Supreme Court.

—A Detroit dispatch states that a daring, but unsuccessful, attempt was made on Wednesday night of last week by seven masked men to blow open the safe of the First National Bank at St. Clair. They bound and gagged the night policeman, and after knocking off the handle of the safe combination, drilled holes and exploded powder in them. They left soon after, neglecting to remove their tools. Two of the gang went to Canada in a small boat, and the others remained on this side.

—A decision of interest to pool-players was rendered in the Supreme Court of Indiana a few days ago. The Court held that where billiards or pool is played with the understanding that the loser should pay for the game, it is gambling, and the proprietor is liable for keeping a gambling-house. The reason assigned by the Court was that the hire of the table, which is the amount charged for the games, is wagered on the skill of the players, and so considered, there is no difference between that and any other wagering of money.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday.—In the Senate a bill to place General Grant on the Retired List of the Army was placed on the calendar; Mr. Pendleton made a speech urging the possibility and necessity of Civil Service reform; Mr. Dawes and Mr. Hill made speeches on the Civil Service. In the House a committee was appointed to audit the expenses connected with the illness and burial of General Garfield; 756 bills were introduced and referred.

Wednesday.—Many new bills were introduced in the Senate; the subject of the Presidential succession and the necessity for a change in the present law was discussed by Mr. Beck, Maxey and Anthony. The House of Representatives was not in session.

Thursday—Several new bills were introduced in the Senate; Senators Garland, Coke and Jones were the speakers upon the subject of Presidential succession. The House of Representatives was not in session.

Friday.—In the Senate the President pro tem. was authorized to fill vacancies on the Committees, and did so; the bill to legalize the election of the Legislature of New-Mexico in 1880 was passed. More than 800 new bills were introduced in the House, among them Mr. Randall's Refunding bill; the special committee on the expenses attending the illness and burial of General Garfield was announced by the Speaker.

Terrible Explosion.

Mt. Union, Pa., Dec. 19.—This morning John Ingram placed a can of dynamite on a stove to dry. The package exploded, demolishing the building, and killing Ingram, his wife and four children. But one child escaped.

THE GUITEAU TRIAL.

TUESDAY.

In the Guiteau trial, the cross-examination of Dr. Spitzka was concluded Tuesday, 13th inst., and Dr. Fordyce Barker, of New York, was called to the stand by the prosecution. Dr. Barker was asked general questions respecting the nature and manifestation of various forms of insanity, the replies to which bore upon the case of the assassin and told against the defence. The witness said he did not believe there was any such thing as moral insanity, that it was simply wickedness. There may be a perversion of the emotions and instincts, he said, without a perversion of the intellect. He denied the existence of any such thing as hereditary insanity, and said that an insane delusion was never the result of a process of reasoning. Several witnesses testified to rascally acts of Guiteau. The assassin resented this testimony, and grossly insulted witnesses, as well as the District-Attorney.

WEDNESDAY.

The session of the Court for the trial of Guiteau was cut short Wednesday by the indisposition of one of the jurors. Three witnesses were examined—the Rev. Dr. Withrow, of Boston; C. A. Bryan, an insurance clerk in New-York, and H. M. Collyer, a New-York lawyer. These witnesses testified to their acquaintance with the assassin, whose sanity none of them had ever questioned. The assassin became enraged as usual.

THURSDAY.

Testimony of importance was given Thursday, and there were several dramatic scenes in the court-room. The assassin was as insulting as ever. The testimony tended to show that the "inspiration" theory was an afterthought, General Joseph S. Reynolds testifying that in interviews which he had with the prisoner the latter used the word "assassinate" and not "remove." Dr. Noble Young, the physician of the jail, regarded Guiteau as a perfectly sane man. The prisoner's divorced wife was not allowed to testify. The sick juror has recovered.

FRIDAY.

Mrs. Dunmire, the former wife of Guiteau, was called to the witness-stand Friday, and testified that she had never noticed any insanity in the assassin. Dr. Loring, of Washington, oculist, testified that he had examined Guiteau's eyes and had found in them no evidence of a diseased condition of the mind. Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, of New-York, testified that he had made three personal examinations of the assassin, and had found him to be a man with no apparent physical deformity. He found nothing whatever indicating any congenital defect. He discovered none of the usual signs of imbecility or insanity in the contour of the head, the lines of the face, the teeth, roof of the mouth, nails or tongue. Dr. Hamilton said the assassin appeared to be "like a man playing a part." Guiteau at times behaved even worse than usual, insulting the District-Attorney very grossly.

MONDAY.

In consequence of the death of the wife of Juryman Hobbs, the further hearing in the Guiteau trial was postponed until Wednesday.

Matters of General Interest.

THE JEANNETTE SAFE.

London, Dec. 20.—The Governor of Siberia has just issued a proclamation announcing that the Arctic voyaging ship, the "Jeannette," is safe with all on board well, and all her equipments intact.

New York, Dec. 20.—The first reports telegraphed concerning the Jeannette, are declared inaccurate. As yet but few details have reached London. The State Department correspondence, however, is authorative.

London, Dec. 20.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says; News has reached the government at Jakutsk, in eastern Siberia, that on the 14th of September three natives of Oulons, near Cape Bikoff, discovered a boat containing ten men, who stated that they belonged to the Jeannette. They had undergone terrible suffering.

On hearing the news the District Deputy Governor, with a doctor and medicines, was immediately dispatched to help the shipwrecked, and instructed to bring them to Jukutsk. The Governor was also instructed to do everything in his power to recover the remainder of the crew, five hundred roubles being given him to defray the first expenses.

Engineer Melville has telegraphed to the American Legation at St. Petersburg that the Jeannette was surrounded and crushed by ice on the 23d of June, in latitude 77 north, and longitude 157 east. The crew left the vessel in three boats. About fifty miles from the mouth of the Jena they were seperated by violent winds and thick fogs. Boat No. 3, commanded by Engineer Melville, arrived on the 29th of September at the eastern mouth of the river Lena, where it was stopped by blocks of ice, near the village of Bolenenga, inhabited by idolaters. Boat No. 1, reached the same spot. The occupants of these boats state that Lieut. Delong and Dr. Ambler, with twelve others, landed at the northern mouth of the Lena, and are in a fearful condition, suffering from frost-bitten limbs. A party of the inhabitants of Bolenenga started immediately for their assistance. Nothing is known of Boat No. 2.

National Council.

The National Council of the Union League of America, pursuant to the call issued by General J. S. Negley, the president of the League, assembled Wednesday afternoon and evening of last week in parlor "C" of the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. The following officers were elected: President, James S. Negley, Pittsburg; vice presidents, Colonel J R. Rich, Baltimore; C. F. Gordon, Pa.; C. W. Goddard, New York; General C. H. Grosvenor, Ohio; Colonel J. A. Bryant, Georgia; C. F. Scott, Maryland; Hon. G. Chandler, New Hampshire; General J. E. Brady, Virginia, and H. J. B. Cummings, Iowa. Corresponding secretary, G. F. Baker, New York; recording secretary, S. F. Gurner, Pennsylvania; treasurer, W. B. Alexander, New York; chaplain, J. J. Cooper, Pennsylvania; marshal, J. H. Harris, North Carolina, and sergeant-at-arms, George Nebekar, Pennsylvania. Addresses were made by Colonel Bryant, of Atlanta, Ga; Colonel C. H. Grosvenor, and Messrs. Thomas Kennedy and W. D. Forten. The following resolution in reference to the purity of the ballot was offered by the Committee on Resolutions and adopted: "That Congress should so amend the national laws that the election of Congressmen should he under the control of officers appointed by the United States." Resolutions to the following effect were also adopted: That the chief object of the League is national and political education, and to create an intelligent public sentiment in the interest of good and pure government; that the League will try to assist all Republican friends of the nation living in the south who, when assailed, are unable to secure their civil and political rights unaided. It was also resolved that public school education ought to be made compulsory in the south. A resolution was passed paying tributary respect to the memory of the late President; and it was further resolved that the League have confidence in the ability and patriotism of the present head of the Administration. A committee was appointed to wait on President Arthur and assure him of the support of the League. A resolution on tariff was passed recommending that the tariff should be such as will not only pay the expenses of the government and pensions and discharge all other obligations, but should also protect industries against the foreign competition of cheap labor.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

☞ Beautiful Holiday Books at Cross' Book Store, Mercur Block.

☞ Mrs. E. J. Minges, Main Street, opposite the Park, has new Fall styles in all Departments of her Millinery Store. For choice goods this is Headquarters in Towanda. Oct. 13.

☞ CHRISTMAS AT WHITCOMB'S. We have completed our purchases and have now in stock the largest, best and most varied assortment we ever had of Goods adapted for HOLIDAY PRESENTS. Dec. 1, 1881.

☞ Beautiful Pictures at Cross's Book Store, Mercur Block.

☞ In Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment we furnish you a large bottle for 5 cents.

☞ The Largest, Best and Cheapest line of Shoes for Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' wear is found at Corser's new store, corner Main and Pine-sts., Tracy & Noble's Block. apr4'78

☞ L. B. Rodgers challenges competition for quality of goods and low prices on Sash, Doors, Blinds and Moldings, and all building material. [aug3-tf]

☞ YOU RUN NO RISK when you buy your Groceries at G. L. ROSS'S new store in Montanye Block. His PRICES are WAY DOWN to rock bottom.

His store in KELLUM BLOCK, 1ST WARD, beats the world by Low Prices and good Goods.

☞ If the functions of the liver are in any way disordered, the whole body, and not only the body, but the mind sympathizes with the disturbed organ. Billious complaints are more common than any other disease; and to remove the bile, as well as to regulate the Liver, you only have to take Simmons' Liver Regulator, which will impart new life and vigor to the whole system.

☞ Corser has the best wearing Shoes for Men, Boys and Youths' wear ever offered in Towanda, and at prices within the reach of all.

☞ Thousands of women have been entirely cured of the most stubborn cases of female weakness by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Boston, Mass., for pamphlets. dec15.

☞ Geo. L. Ross sells Groceries awful CHEAP because his expenses are very light, and he is bound his customers shall have the benefit.

☞ As a remedy to purify the blood, nothing can be found equal to Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. Price 25 cts. per bottle.

☞ When a cough sounds like Croup—that is dry and hard—do not delay an instant! Give Downs' Elixir often enough to keep the cough loose, and the danger will soon be over.

☞ HURRAH to Geo. L. Ross's New Grocery Store in the Montanye Block, and get your Groceries at rock bottom. Jan. 20.

☞ Beautiful Holiday Goods at Cross' Book Store, Mercur Block.

☞ The Davis Sewing Machine with its Vertical Feed does a large range of practical work not possible on any under feed machine. tf

TOWANDA MARKETS.

REPORTED BY STEVENS & LONG,
General dealers in Groceries and Produce, corner Main and Pine Streets.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 22, 1881.

	PAYING.	SELLING
Flour per bbl........		$7 50 @ 9 00
Flour per sack........		$1 80 @ 2 25
Corn Meal per 100...		@ $[illegible]
Chop Feed...........		@ $1 75
Wheat, per bush....	$1 35 @	@
Corn................	75 @ 80	@
Rye.................	80 @	@
Oats................	45 @ 48	
Buckwheat...........	80 @ 85	@
Buckwheat Flour....	$3 50 @	@
Clover seed..........		5 00 @ 6 50
Timothy, western,..		$3 25 @ 3 40
Beans, 62 lbs,.......	$2 00 @ 2 50	@
Pork, mess...........	@ bbl.	@
Lard.................	@ 12	15 @
Butter, tubs	25 @ 30	@
Rolls........	25 @ 27	@
Eggs, fresh..........	28 @ 28	
Cheese...............		@ 16
Potatoes, per bush..	@ 90	@
Beeswax..........	20 @ 22	@

CORRECTED BY H. DAVIDOW & BRO.

Hides............................	06 @ 07½
Veal Skins.......................	75 @ $1 25
Deacon Skins....................	40 @ 60
Sheep Pelts......................	$ 75 @ 1 50

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

On or about the first of April, 1882, M. L. Schneeberg, Proprietor of the Great Boston Clothing House just opened in Means' Block, Main Street, Towanda, Pa., will change quarters to No. 2, Patton Block, corner of Bridge and Main Streets, with the Largest and Best Selected Spring and Summer Stock which will be made up expressly for the Towanda Branch, with the Latest Style Business and Dress Suits, with an Elegant Line of Hats and Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, &c.

Thanking the people of this community for their patronage in the past, we hope to see all our old customers and many others at our new place of business, with a convenient location and less rent, that we shall be able to sell our Goods at still better Bargains, and shall aim to please every one, and to keep the Largest and Best Stock as can be found anywhere, and at prices that will pay you to go fifty miles to the Great Boston Clothing House just opened in Means' Block, Main Street, Towanda, Pa. M. L. SCHNEEBERG.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his farm of 86 acres, located in Orwell township, between Rome Borough and Orwell Hill, adjoining the farm of O. J. Chubbuck. Good buildings and good grafted fruit orchard. Farm nearly all under cultivation. A good farm for grain or dairying. Terms will be made easy to suit purchaser. For further particulars enquire of Geo W. Buck, at Citizens National Bank, Towanda, Pa., or of the subscriber.
Le Raysville, Sept. 15-m3. JOHN BLACK.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—I offer the American Hotel property for sale at a great bargain. The Hotel may be seen on the corner of Bridge and Water streets, in Towanda Borough. It is one of the best and most central locations in the place. There is a good barn connected with the property. The free bridge and new depot near to it make this Hotel desirable for any one wishing to engage in the business. A good active man with a small capital can pay for the property in a short time from the profits. It was papered and painted new last spring and is now in excellent condition.
JOSEPH G. PATTON.
Towanda, Pa., Sept. 15, 1881 tf.

GAMBLE TRACT FOR SALE.—The above well-known property on Sugar Run, in Wilmot township, is offered for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Map of sub-divisions to be seen on the premises, at the house of A. L. Rosecrantz. Liberal terms and time given. Inquire of
G. H. WELLES, Wyalusing, Pa.,
or EDW. WELLES, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

STONE.—Flagging, Caps, Sills and Bases of most excellent quality and durability; also, building stone, a sample of which can be seen at R. A. Packer's new building at Sayre. Orders filled and contracts taken. Apply to this office or
J. M. BROSMAN,
"Hemlock Run."
Towanda, October 12, 1881

EATING HOUSE.—Something new. A first-class RESTAURANT and EATING HOUSE on Bridge street, opposite the American Hotel. Open at all hours, night and day. J. S. BURRITT, Proprietor.
Towanda, July 9-tm.

New Advertisements.

THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES

The Philadelphia Times

Now stands confessedly at the head of Philadelphia journalism in all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper. It is more complete in its news, in its special correspondence, in its varied contributions on all subjects of popular interest, and in all the qualities of a newspaper for the family circle and for the business man than any of its contemporaries, because its facilities and resources are equal to every want of a first-class national journal.

"The Weekly Times" has nearly doubled its former large circulation during the past year. Its contributors from week to week are among the foremost men of the nation, and no department of news or literature is slighted in any number on any pretext. It is adapted as well to women as to men; hence, although its political intelligence is full and accurate and its political editorials free and fearless, liberal provision is made for literary, dramatic and musical matters, travels and adventure, fiction, poetry, fashions and the chronicle of current social events. In all these departments the pens of the best writers are engaged, while selections from other journals are made with care, taste and fullness that are unsurpassed.

THE "ANNALS OF THE WAR"—chapters of unwritten history contributed by prominent actors in the war of the rebellion, are a valuable feature of the paper and have become a recognized depository of such matters, whether from Northern or Southern sources. This department, as well as all others, will be kept fully up to the high standard of former years.

TERMS:

THE DAILY TIMES—Delivered in the City of Philadelphia and surrounding Towns for Twelve Cents a week. MAIL SUBSCRIPTIONS, postage free, Six Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY TIMES—Fifty-six columns of the choicest reading, especially prepared to meet the wants of weekly newspaper readers. One copy, $2.00; Five copies, $8.00; Ten copies, $15.00; Twenty copies, $25.00. An Extra copy sent free to any person getting up Clubs of ten or twenty.

THE SUNDAY EDITION—Double sheet, eight pages. The best known and most accomplished writers contribute to its columns every week. Two Dollars a year, postage free. Single copies, Four Cents.

THE TIMES ALMANAC—A Manual of Political and other Information, published on the First of January, every year. Fifteen Cents a copy.

THE ANNALS OF THE WAR—A royal octavo volume of 800 pages, beautifully illustrated. Written by Principal Participants in the War, North and South. Price, $3.00.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS TO

THE TIMES,
TIMES BUILDING,
Chestnut and Eighth Streets, Philadelphia.

☞ SEND FOR A SPECIMEN COPY.

DENTISTRY!

Drs. Angle & Hollister,
(Over Dr. Pratt's office.)
TOWANDA, PA.

Dr. Angle having returned from the West, has formed a partnership with Dr. Hollister in order to meet the requirements of their growing practice.

Special attention is given to the

Preservation and Treatment of the Teeth.

Filling, Extracting, and the Correction of Irregularities

Executed in a careful and gentle manner.

Gas, Ether, or Chloroform Administered.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted on Gold, Silver, Aluminum, Rubber, Celluloid and Continuous Gum, and guranteed.

All the latest Electrical and other improved Instruments, which facilitate operations and render them less tedious to the patients are employed. Especial pains is taken with nervous and delicate patients.

ALL PRICES REASONABLE.

E. H. ANGLE, D. D. S.,
F. L. HOLLISTER, D. D. S.
Towanda, Pa., Dec. 22, 1881.

G. H. WOOD & CO.,

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Are now WELL ESTABLISHED in their NEW GALLERY, and are making all kinds of PHOTOGRAPHS and TINTYPES. They are introducing a new style of Photographs, called MINETTS, which they make for $1.00 PER DOZEN. They make 4 TINTYPES, Card Size, for 50 cents—4 at one sitting. They also make a specialty in copying, having a number of agents canvassing for them. Give us a call, and see work and prices, at

PATTON'S BLOCK, COR. MAIN AND BRIDGE STREETS.

Towanda, Pa., Dec. 8, 1881.

FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Terry Township, 1½ miles from river, where are store, post office, church, gristmill, &c., 3 miles from station on the L. V. R. R. on a well traveled road, containing 62½ acres, 45 well improved, good fences, good orchard, grapes, &c., and excellent spring water, and comfortable buildings.

Also for sale, house and lot in New Albany Borough. Wishing to go West, will sell the above cheap for cash, if sold soon. Apply on the farm, to
MYRON BABCOCK, Terrytown, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—C. W. & H. W. Middleton vs. Johnson Manufacturing Co. In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Bradford, No. 733, Sept. Term, 1881.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the fund in the Sheriff's hands raised from the sale of the defendant's personal property, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the office of McPherson & Young, in Towanda Borough, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of JANUARY, 1882, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons having claims upon said fund must present the same for allowance or be forever barred from coming in upon the same.
W. J. YOUNG, Auditor.
Towanda, Dec 16, 1881-w4.

NATHAN TIDD,

Dealer in

PITTSTON, WILKES-BARRE

AND LOYAL SOCK COAL.

Lowest prices for cash. Office and yard foot of Pine-street, Towanda July 15, 1880.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the partnership lately existing between James H. Hawes, and George B. Hawes, of Monroe Township Bradford County, Pa., under the firm name of Hawes Brothers, was dissolved on the 12th day of November, 1881, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to said James H. Hawes, and those due from the same are to be paid by the said James H. Hawes, by whom the business will be continued.
4t.
JAMES H. HAWES,
GEORGE B. HAWES

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of Horace Griswold, deceased, late of Wells township, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate must present the same duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.
MRS. MARY GRISWOLD,
Administratrix.
Gillets, Pa., Nov. 17, 1881-6w*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, under the last will and testament of Benjamin Pierce, late of LeRaysville Borough, deceased, all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all having claims against said estate must present the same duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.
L. L. BOSWORTH, Executor.
LeRaysville, Pa., Dec. 8, 1881*.

A FEW COPIES OF THE ROAD LAWS can be had at this Office.

CUTTER SLEIGHS!

FINE SWELLED BODY CUTTERS, of best makes in market, for sale at very low prices. Cutters supplied trimmed and furnished to order. Special inducements to all buying or giving early orders. Cutters furnished with either heavy steel or cast shoes. Will deliver Cutters crated at any railroad station at same prices as sold at my warehouse. Send for descriptions and prices.

R. M. WELLES, Towanda.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the First National Bank of Towanda, Pa., for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought before it, will be held at the office of the Bank, in the Borough of Towanda, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 10th, 1882, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.
N. N. BETTS, Cashier.
Towanda, Pa., Dec. 5, 1881.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Troy will be held at Troy Grange Hall on the SECOND THURSDAY of JANUARY next, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of electing thirteen Directors and transacting such other business as may be necessary.
D. LILLEY, President.
B. F. NEWBERY, Secretary.
Troy, Pa., Dec. 5, 1881.

VERY IMPORTANT FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN!

It is very important to be prepared for cold weather, to have your winter clothing at hand, and your overcoat ready to put on at a moment's warning, your house full of coal, your furnace ready to light—in this matter, to be forewarned is to be forearmed.—What does every event of life teach, but to be ready for cold weather? What a calamity to be frozen to death! Who was ever frozen and thawed out, that survived the process? Cold is danger. Beware, then, how you get into its clutches! Be warned in time! Make haste! Fly! Stand not upon the order of your going, but go at once to the Great Boston Clothing, Boot and Shoe House, just opened in Means' Block, Main St., Towanda, Pa., and get supplied with warm Winter Clothing, Overcoats, Boots and Shoes, for Men, Boys and Children, and remember, we have a full and elegant line of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes, at prices that will cause the world to weep. Bear in mind every garment is made up by skillful mechanics with the best material and manufactured at our Wholesale House, in Boston, Mass., expressly for the Towanda Branch. The rush at that establishment since the opening is something fearful, crowds are thronging daily at that House to supply themselves with Men's, Boys', and Childrens' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Rubber Boots, Trunks, Valises, Gents' Furnishing Goods, etc., and everybody seems to be happy with their bargain. We, therefore, advise you, for you own interest, not to let false tongues entice you away from the Great Boston Clothing House just opened in Means' Block, Main St., Towanda, Pa., if you want to save from 25 to 30 per cent. on each dollar. Remember every article is warranted as represented, and goods will be exchanged if not satisfactory. We do not misrepresent you goods, but we will sell good Goods, for less money, than you can buy Cheap Goods, in any other place. We want you and every one to understand that we are here permanently established and we give every one satisfaction; we can undersell any dealer in the line of Clothing in this and adjoining counties, we have the facility for doing it. We presume it is known to everybody—that there is a good many Dogs barking but they cannot bite—The old saying is, a barking dog don't do no harm and cannot bite without teeth—it is only for the people to try before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, The Great Boston Clothing House, just opened in Means' Block, Main St., Towanda, Pa. M. L. SCHNEEBERG,
dec15. Proprietor.

COMMITTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of an order issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Bradford County, State of Pennsylvania, the undersigned, Committee of the estate of L. K. Pease, a lunatic, will expose to public sale on the premises, on THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22d, A. D. 1881, at 1 o'clock, P. M., said lunatic's ½ interest in the following described lot of land situate in Pike and Orwell townships: Beginning at a beech tree in line of land of C. Cook; thence north 28° east along lands of D. Ellsworth, H. Chaffee and I. Manchester 261 perches to a corner; thence south 15° east along lands of W. H. Darling and Joseph Haigh 171 perches to a corner; thence south 66¾° west 190 perches along lands of Joseph Haigh, Albert Conklin and John Black to a corner; thence north 37° west 50 perches to a corner the place of beginning; contains 140 acres and 20 perches of land.

Also at the same time and place, the other one-half of the above described land will be sold by the devisees of Ossian Pease, deceased, upon same terms and conditions, so that any person desiring to purchase the whole of said land can do so and obtain good and clear title for the same.

TERMS OF SALE—$100 of purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, one-half the remainder on confirmation of sale with interest on all unpaid, and the remainder with interest one year thereafter.
JOSEPH HAIGH,
Nov. 24, 1881. Committee.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of Administration having been granted the undersigned, under the last will and testament of James G. Parks, late of Sheshequin twp., deceased, all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all having claims against said estate must present the same duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.
JAMES G. PARKS, Administrator.
Sheshequin, Pa., December 15, 1881-w6.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of Noble Leavenworth, late of Herrick Twp., dec'd, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate must present the same duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.
P. L. SQUIRES, Executor.
Battlay, Pa., December 15, 1881-6w.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of Levi P. Stalford, late of the township of Wyalusing, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent will make known the same without delay to
HARMAN W. STALFORD,
GEORGE P. STALFORD,
Browntown, Bradford Co., Pa. Executors.