Towanda, Pa., Dec.'9, 1880. THE friends of Senator LAMAR, of Mississippi, apprehend that his health will

not permit his attendance upon the Senate again. He is said to be very feeble. STATESMEN who are assiduously en deavoring to produce a policy for the GARRIELD administration don't seem to work in harmony, as no two plans proposed, by these profound gentlemen seem

judges, is framed with the appoval of the chised citizens.

It is the desire of the good people of the who Court. If this be true, it is thought that the measure will pass.

A LARGE number of nominations were sent to the Senate Tuesday, but did not reach the Capitol until after the adjournment of Congress. Among them were the appointment of Gen. HAZEN to be Chief Signal Officer, and Gen. MILES to be Brigadier General, vice Gen. ORD, re-

CONGRESS re-assembled Monday. After

The suggestions are elaborate and timely, and stated with ability and force. The message is an able and satisfactory document, worthy the perusal of all who desire to be informed as to the state of the

Ir is stated in Washington that the Superintendent of the Census has the entire enumeration for the whole country ready for Congress, excepting one district. of Iowa, which has not been heard from. It is feared that the Supervisor of that district has disappeared. But that will not lessen the final count more than a

THE Washington Evening Star says that Congress will be asked in a few days Company. The company propose to con-The list ot incorporators embrace many of the most wealthy and prominent gentlemen in the United States. DE LESfere with the American project, as nearly all the money necessary has been assured.

-THAT terrific Bourbon Democratic sheet the New York Sun, does not have a very good opinion of its Southern friends. It good opinion of its Southern friends. It declares that no dependence can be placed on any Democratic majority in the next United States Senate, and significantly says: Men who have once been traitors to their country, and have never repent.

The Republican leaders in Delaware in determining to bring the unjust and odious election laws of that State before Congress, have taken a step in the right direction. These laws were devised for partisan purposes, and their effect has been the practical disfranchisement of a large number of voters. Whether the scheme has been so shrewdly devised that it will stand the test of high judicial inquiry remains to be seen, and such a contest would probadly be the result of any interference by Congress. Judge Houston, the Republican contestant, is one of the ablest men in the State, a disciple of the late John M. Clayton, and he would not move in this matter without being tolerably sure of his legal footing. The idle Democratic threat to impeach the Judge is a piece of arrant nonsense. So far from "taking part in politics" during the canvass he only accepted the So far from "taking part in politics" during the canvass he only accepted the nomination on condition that he should

in the conduct of the campaign.

The Electoral Colleges of the different States met'on Wednesday of last week, and cast their votes for President and Errollians and septiminating to the interest properties of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and present of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and present of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and present of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and removal. Errollians the special control of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and removal. Exculsively to core the political properties of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and removal. Exculsively to receive the political properties of the civil service, and especially to a reform the method of appointment and removal. Exculsively the civil service and especially to a reform the method of appointment and removal. Exculsively the civil service was no meeting of the Electors of Georgia, owing to a State law which provides that the meeting of the Electors shall take pelace on the Wednesday following the first Monas state law which provides that the meeting of the Electors shall take place on the Wednesday following the first Monday in December, instead of on the first Wednesday in December, as ordered by the United States statute: It is believed by leading lawyers and officials in Atlanta that the electors have no right to meet and vote naxt Wednesday; hence Georgia's Electoral vote may not be counted for HANCOCK and ENGLISH. One vote in California was given to Campiella and Arthur. The President of the Electors and John Lawson, of Philadelphia was selected to delivor the certification of the experiments in required, alike by its grain and and selected to delivor the certification of the Electors have no right to meet for HANCOCK and ENGLISH. One vote in California was given to Campiella and Arthur. The President of the Electors of the continuous of the

THE MESSAGE.

profoundly, thought it people of other countries to agree. They are poor guessers.

A DISPATCH from General TERRY at St. Paul says that he has received information from a camp on Poplar Creek, and from Fort Buford, which indicates that Sirting Bull will very probably soon come in and surrender at Buford.

It is announced from Washington that Mr. Springer's bill to increase the number of justices in the Supreme Court by the appointment of two temporary judges, is framed with the appoval of the

country that sectionalism as a factor in our politic-should disappear. They prefer that no section of the country should be united in solid opposition to any other section. The disposition to reluse s

Congress re-assembled Monday. After reading credentials in the Senate, and the transaction of some preliminary business in the House, the President's Message was received and read. An attempt, in the House, to call up the joint resolution relating to the counting of the electoral vote did not succeed. The death of E. W. FARR, of New Hampshire, was announced.

The extraordinary length of the President's Message crowds out our usual variety. It is the last message of President HAYES, and will be read with interest.

The suggestions are elaborate and timely,

THE MESSAGE.

mands made upon them with reference to appoint ments to office until, by legislative enactment, the permittion practice is condemned and forbidden.

It is therefore recommended that an act be passed of the chief Victoria, but, by the combined and permitting the relations of members of congress of the president, sent to both branches of congress Monday afternoon:

Fellow-Citizens of the Senate and House of Reprince of the Congress of the senate and House of Reprince of the continued and the senate of the senate and House of Reprince of the continued and the senate of the senate and House of Reprince of the continued and the senate of the s mands made upon them with reference to appoin

It is the recognized duty and purpose of the people of the United States to suppress polygamy where it now exists in our territories, and to prevent its extension. Faithful and realous efforts have been made by the United States authorities in Utah to enforce the laws against it. Experience has shown that the legislation upon this subject, to be effective, requires extensive modification and amendment. The longer action is delayed the more difficult it will be to accompils what is desired. Prompt and decided measures are necessary. The Mornon sectation organization which upholds polygamy has the whole power of making and executing the local legislation of the territory. By he control of the grand and patts juries, it presents in the subject of polygamy will not be able to make effective their hostility to the law of congress on the subject of polygamy will not be abolished if the enforcement. Polygamy will not be abolished if the enforcement of the law depends on those who practice and uphold the crime. It can only be suppressed by taking away the political power of the sect which encourages and sustains it. The power of congress to enact, suitable laws to protect the territories is ample. This not a case for intervals, and it out a case for intervals, and it courted now of

to intelligent and virtuous immigrants of all creeds that part of our domain which has been, in a great degree, closed to general immigration by intolerant and immoral institutions, it. is recommended that the government of the territory of Utah becommended. that the government of the services of the government of that congress provide for the government of Utah by a governor and judges, or commissioners, appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate—a government analogous confirmed by the senate—a government analogous to the provisional government established for the territory northwest of the Ohio, by the ordinance of 1787. If, however, it is deemed best to continue the existing form of local government, I recommend that the right, to vote, held office, and sit on juries in the territory of Utah, be confined to those who neither practice nor uphold polygamy. If thorough measures are adopted, it is believed that within a few years the evils which now afflict Utah-villi be cradicated, and that this territory will in good time become one of the most prosperous and attractive of the new States of the Union.

rights accorded to our fishermen under the treaty, and towards securing an indemnity for these interests half suffered. A bill to carry out these recommendations was under vonsideration by the house of congress in June inet.

Within a a few weeks I have received a communication from her majestive greenvent raises.

of congress in June 1881.

Within a a few weeks I have received a communication from her majesty's government, renewing the consideration of the subject; both of the interpretation of the treaty in which the previous correspondence had snown the two governments to be at variance. Upon both these topics the disposition towards a friendly agreement is manifested by a recognition of our right to an indemnity for the transaction at Fortune bay, leaving the measure of such indemnity to further conference, and by an assent to the view of this government, presented in the previous correspondence; that the regulation of conflicting interests of the shore fishery of our fisherment should be made the subject of conference and concurrent arrangement between the two governments.

I sincerely hope that the basis may be found for a speedy adjustment of the very scrious divergence of views in the interpretation of the fishery clauses of the treaty of Washington, which as the correspondence between the two governments stood at the close of the last seasion of congress, seemed to be irreconcilable.

om any Democratic majority in the next
United States Senate, and significantly
says: Men who have once been traitors
to their country, and have never repent,
ed, may, by possibility, if the temptation
is very great, betray their party, if
is of the patient of the second continued in their very great, if
is because of the great in great in several of the account of the patient of the patient of the second continued in their very great in several of the second continued in their view by
the closeness in the popular vote on Elevation of the patient of the

nals will probably be continued for another period of five years.

In pursuance of the act passed at the last session of congress, invitations have been extended to foreign maritime states to join in a sanitary conference in Washington, beginning the first of January. The acceptance of this invitation by many prominent powers gives promise of success in this important measure, designed to establish a system of international notification by which the spread of infections oriepidemic disease may be more effectively checked or prevented. The attention of congress is invited to the necessary appropriations for carrying into effect the provisions of the act re-EXTENSION OF OUR POREIGN COMMERCE. The efforts of the department of state to enlarge the trade and commerce of the United States,

For the military establishment, includ-ing river and harbor improvements and arsenals.

For the naval establishment, including vessels, machinery, and improvements at navy yards. s or miscellaneous expenditures, includ-ing public buildings, lighthouses, and collecting the revenue-Total ordinary expenditures......367,542,957 78 8,084,434 21

ments of the extensive and growing inland and count countered it esterores. The most urgest need, however, for this great water-way is a permanent improvement of the chans of at the most of the giver. From the miss of one Francisco, a demonstration of the channel artist to be in the channel of the first the channel of the francisco, and the francisco, and the channel of the first the channel of the

The contractions action of the milliony from and steepers of the contraction of the contr

THE POSTAL SERVICE. The Constitution of the United States, sound finan-cial principles, and our best interests, all require that the country should have as its legal-tender money,

The Constitution of now attent bearing some management of the Constitution of the Cons

in incurred for this is incorred for this incorred for this is incorred for this is incorred for this incorred for this is incorred for this incorred for this is incorred for this incorred for this incorred for this is incorred for this incorred for its incorred for this incorred for its incorred for its incorred for a commissioned offer, and the command, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for company desire. With a vive of its own the form from the activation of the commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for company desire. With a vive of the commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber required for commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber of the Secretary of the Interest agent to the interest and military desired in the activation of the commands, occasions a secretly in the pumber of the secretary of the Interest and the pumber of the secretary of the Interest and the Interest of the Array.

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subject is commended to the careful consideration of chargers.

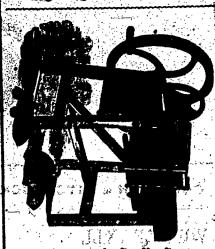
The becretary of the leterior asks attention to the want of room in the public buildings of the capital, now existing and in progress of construction, for the accumus da i a. of the cierical force employed, and of the public records. Noteracity has compelled the resting of private buildings in different parts of the tity for the isration of public offens, for which a large amount of rent is annually paid, while he separation of offices issionging to the same Department impedes the transaction of carrent business. The Secretary auggests that the blocks servounding Lafayetts Square, on the east, north, and west, be purchased as the sites for new edifices, for the accommodation of the Government offices, leaving the square intact; and that, if such injulings were constructed upon a harmonious plain of architecture, they would add much to the beauty of the antional capital, and would, together with the Treasury and the new State Navy, and War Department building, form one of the most imposing groups of public differs in the world.

This Commissioner of Agriculture, expresses the confident helef that his efforts in behalf of the production of our own sugar and tos have been escourating y rewarded. The importance of the results altained have attracted marked attention at home, and have received the special consideration of foreign martions. The succraful cultivation of our own say, and the manufacture of our own sugar, would make a difference of many millions of deliars annually in the westin of the commissioner asks attention particularly to the continued prevalence of an infectious and contagious cattle disease, in certain sections of our own tag, and of serious disturbance to our trade with Great Britain, which furnishes a market for most of our live stock and dressed meats. The value of real cattle exported from the United States for the eight months and of the production of the commissioner of ducation reports a continued increase of mubble interest DRY GOODS

Your early attention is solicited to this important matter.

The Commissioner of education reports a continued increase of public interest in educational affairs, and that the public educate in continued increase of public interest in educational affairs, and that the public educate in entered interest of the contry are well sustained. Industrial training is attracting deserved attention, and colleges for instruction, in the original properties and practical, in agriculture and the mechanic arts, including the Government schools recently established for the instruction of Indian youth, are gaining steadily in public estimation. The Commissioner asks special attention to the depredation committed on the lands reserved for the future support of public instruction, and to the very great need of help from the Nation for schools in the Territories and in the Bouthern States. The recommendation here-tofore migle, is repeated and stringed, that an educational fund be set apart from the net proceeds of the asies of the public lands annually, the income of which, and the remainder of opt acnual proceeds, to be distributed on some satisfactory plan to the States and Territories and the District of Columbia.

Mew Advertisements.



Hay, Straw & Stalk Cutters ! The Hay Crop is short, and good they is too valuable and expensive to be fed except with strict economy.

Save money by cutting all your Fodder. By allmeans gut all of your Corn Stalks. If you have not one now, it will pay to buy a large, first-class FEED CUTTER.

I believe the best to be the

Cumming's Feed Cutter. Am also prepared to supply the best of other leading kinds of Fodder Cutters of various sizes, styles and prices.

Saldwin, Daniels, Telegraph, Cale's Copper Strip Rotary, and Cutter. All these I bay for Cash at the lowest possi-

Order Your Feed Cutter Early, d.

I will deliver free FEED CUTTERS at any Rail load Station.

Send for Circulars and Prices. R. M. WELLES. Towanda, November 8d, 1880.-tf

TOWANDA, PA.,

Take pleasure in offering to buyers of

THEIR TENTH ANNUAL FALL SUPPLY,

HICH FOR MAGNITUDE, STYLE, QUALITY AND CAEAPNESS.

urpasses any of their former offerings, and wi

Latest Styles

- As they appear in market.

They Invite Attention

Dress Goods

Black Silks,

Black Cashmeres,

Black Henrietta Cloths, Black Tamise Cloth, Black Nun's Cloth, Black Crepe Cloth, Black Momie Cloth,

COLORED CASHMERES.

Colored India Cashmeres, Colored Flannel Suitings, Colored Novelty Suitings,

Jamestown Serges, Jamestown Alpacas, Trimming Silks, Trimming Satins,

-AND-

VELVETS In Black and Colors.

Cloaks and Shawls,

Cassimeres for Men's & Youths' wear, Flannels and Blankets, Prints and Ginghams, Sheetings and Shirtings,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves, Laces and Embroideries, &c.,

Also, a complete line of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mats and Matting.

worren Seel, Lane CHERIFF'S SALES. By virtue of sundry write lassed out of the Court of Goussess Pleas of Bradford County and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court Books in Touranda Borough, on Priday, Becember 10th, 1880, 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described prope

at so clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit:

No. 1: One lot, piece or parcel of land, situate in Merrick township, beauded north by lands of John Coleman and Nelson Brewster's estate, east by lands of Wm. Bowker, south by lands of Wm. Bowker and Charles Rice, and wast by lands of Charles Rice, and James Alderson; contains 100 acres, more or ices, about 60 improved, with 1 frimed house, 1 framed house, 1 framed granty, 1 framed house, 1 framed granty, 1 framed house, 1 framed and taken into exemption at the sait of H. I. Coleman's use vs. E. O. Taylor and D. Taylor. Also at the sait of H. B. Tupper's use vs. E. O. Taylor, D. Taylor and F. F. Roberts, T. T.

No. 2: Also—One other lot of land. situate in Canton township, beamed on rike by lands of Owen

Moserus, J. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Canton township, bounded north by lands of Owen Brown, east by lands of Charles Black, south by lands of J. C. Roupp and Fred Gleekner, and west by lands of Gee, E. Enlipek; contains 66 acres, more or less, about 40 improved; no buildings, Selsed and taken late execution at the suit of Mrs. J. E. Bellock vs. Edmund B. Kelley, No. 3, ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in fimithfield township, bounded north by lands of Milliam Phelps, east by lands of J. S. Burnside and James Burnside, south by lands of James Burnside and the public highway leading from Milan to Smithfield, and west by lands of J. D. Pierce; contains 63 acres, more set ess, about 2, improved; with I dwelling house, I barn and I steam shingle mill thereon. Selzed and taken into execution at the suit of Davis C. Pierce vs. T. M. Pierce. No. 4. ALSO-One other lot of land. situate in No. 4. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Buriington township, bounded north by lands of John Hands, east and south by lands of S. M. Dickerman, and west by lands of Henry Pultz; contains about 8 acres, more or 1-ss, about 6 improved, with 1 framed house, 1 framed barn and few fruit trees thereon. Seized and taken into execution at the suit of John F. Means' use vs. Goo. W. Heath and F. C. Heath.

No. 5. ALBO—One other lot of land, situate in Herrick township, bounded north by lands of Ly.

Suit of somi f. Remais use vs. coc. w. Heath and F. C. Heath.

No. 5. ALSO—One other lot of land, situa's in Herrick township, bounded north by lands of Ly: man Matison, east and south by the public highway, and, west by lands of G. T. Wainer and A. Wetmore; contains about 2 zercs, more or less, all improved, with 1 framed hous-, 1 framed ham, other outbuildings and a few fruit and or smellai frees thereon. Selzed and taken into execution at the suit of A. M. Minis vs. A. R. Stephens.

No. 6. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Towards borough bounded as follows: On the south by State street, on the north by the Convent property and Mrs. E. W. Miller snd on the west by lands of Mrs. E. W. Miller snd on the west by lands of Mrs. E. W. Miller snd on the west by Yourth street with a two-story brick house thereon, being known as the Academy house and lot, deeded to H. J. Madill by A. J. Layton, Sh-riff, Feb. 16, 1876, and lot in rear of same, bought of Mrs. E. W. Miller by said H. J. Madill, being about 50 feet front on State street and about 22; feet on Fourth street, with shade and ornamental and fruit trees thereon, and is supplied with running water through pipes running from a spring, a cistern, a well and well, house thereon, and a framed building in the rear of said lot. Nized and taken into execution at the suit of First National Bank of Towanda vs. H. J. Madill.

No. 7. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Athens borough bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Chester Park, Esq., being 42 feet front on Main street, on the south by lands of the east by Main street, on the south by lands of the east by Main street, on the south by lands of the state of C. F. Welles, deceased.

No. 8, ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Athens borough bounded as follows: Three lots of land on Bridge street, being lots No. 247, 248 and 249, being 40 feet front on Bridge street and running south 110 feet; each on a plot or plan made by Orson Rickey for the Hon. E. Herrick, and recorded in Bradford County Common Ple

ning south 110 feet, each on a plot or plan made by Orson Rickey for the Hon. E.; Herrick, and recorded in Bradford County Common Pleas, be the same more of less. Selzed and taken into execution at the suit of The Bradford Loan and Building Association of Athens twp. vs Wm. Kiff.

No. 9, ALSO—One other-lot of land, situate in Towanda township bounded as follows. Beginning at a corper on the line between 8. C. and J. W. Means and Miller Fox on the road leading across the Towanda Ffat; thence north 71° east 871 2-10 feet along said Fox line to a post; thence north 30° 20′ west; 100 feet to a post on the east side of the said road leading across. Towanda Ffat; thence south 71° 30′ west, 871 2-10 feet to a post on the east side of the said road 20° 30′ east 100 feet to the place of beginning, containing 2 acres of land be the same more or less, all improved, with i framed house, i framed barn and few fruit trees thereon. Selzed and taken into execution at the suit of W. W. Bowman vs Patrick Consintine.

No. 10. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Mooree township bounded as follows: On the north by the old Hanson farm, on the east by the Bürwick turnpike, on the south by a lot of D. N. Newton, and on the west by lands of Joseph Smith, containing 27 acres of land more or less, all improved, said two lots being the same land that was conveyed to D. B. Blackman by Jos. Homet by deed dated Nov. 17. 1869, resorded in Deed Book No. 98, page 263, etc.

No. 11. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Monroe borough bounded as follows: Be ginning at a sleigh shie in centre of Broad street, being the north corner hereof and the northwest corner of the mill lot toba of west to the mill lot thence by the said mill lot 10% of west 22.4-10 rods to a post; thence by lands conveyed to Lyman Blackman by J. B. M. Hilman north 80°

Is hereby given, that there has been filled in the office of the Register for the Probate of Wils and granting Letters of Administration in and for the County of Bradford, State of Pennsylvania, accounts of administration upon the following the County of Bradford, State of Pennsylvania. accounts of administration upon the following estates, viz:

Final account of C. T. Al-ell, executor of the last will and testament of Caleb Abell, late of the township of Warren, deceased.

Partial account of Joseph McKinney, jr., administrator of the estate of Joseph McKinney, late of the township of Athena, deceased.

Partial account of Helia D. Wing, administrative of the estate of Erastus Covert, late of the township of Armenia, deceased.

Final account of George Finch, executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Barnes, late of the township of Windham, deceased.

Final account of Joshua Burrowa, guardish of Adalae Shumway, minor child of Alonzo Shumway, deceased.

way, deceased.

First and partial account of Samuel Bush and Statistics of the state of the