Bradford Reporter.

L. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

Towanda, Pa., Nov. 18, 1880.

GEN. GARFIELD has sent to the Governor of Ohio his resignation as a member of Congress from the Nineteenth district. An election will be held November 30th, to fill the vacancy.

THE newspapers are giving notice that the earth is about to cross the track of the November meteors, and it is the time to see shooting stars. The Democratic party has already seen stars enough to satisfy the average Democrat.

IT is no small job to make a Cabinet. Gen. GARFIELD is having several made for him. The trouble is there are so many ready-made that the difficulty will be to select the proper one. We guess, however that the President-elect, in the end will have something to say, as to who shall be his constitutional advisers.

THE South does not appear to be Solid, after all. The Congressional returns show that the Republican party is still active in some sections. The electoral vote is Solid, but that was probably brought about by the desire and expectation of gaining control of the General Government. The indications all point to a live and successful Republican party in the South, in the future.

GENERAL GARFIELD remarked on Wednesday that the Democrats, by continuing to push forward the fraud cry in New York, were daily extending benefit to the Republican cause and damaging themselves. It is also the General's opinion that the Democrats have done what seemed best calculated to cut their own throats throughout the campaign, the forged Morey letter being a brilliant instance.

THE venerable LUCRETIA MOTT died at her residence, near Philadelphia, Thursday evening, at the ripe old age of eighty eight years. Few women were better or more favorably known throughout the country than the aged philanthropist, who was such a fitting mate to the Quaker JAMES MOTT. One of her daughters is married to EDWARD M. DAVIS, known in this county from his connection with the Barclay Coal Company.

THE cry is still they come. Fourteen thousand emigrants sailed for America from one English port in October and more than 3,000 of them have arrived recently at Castle Garden, New York city. And yet there is room for a million or two more to possess the waste places of America. Nothing but an insurmountable Chinese wall built around the monarchies of Europe will keep their people from seeking the blessings of a republican form of government.

IT is announced that the Republican Congressional candidates who were defrauded at the recent election in the South will make contests in fourteen districts. As the Republicans will be in a majority in the next House, and there is an assurance of an impartial hearing, this course is the proper one. The open cheating which was practiced at the recent election was so outrageous that it has annoyed even the party in the North and called out protests at home.

THE Greenville (S. C.) *Daily News* publishes a letter from WADE HAMPTON, in which he says it is very important, especially to the South, that the Democratic party should retain its organization, and adds: "The fact that our friends of the North were not able to give us as large a vote as they hoped for is no reason that we should desert them. The policy of the party will be dictated by future events. I regard the Presidential election as settled, and I should oppose any action looking to a contest on mere technical grounds as revolutionary."

THE Minister of United States at St. Petersburg, Russia, in a recent dispatch to the Department of State, draws a gloomy picture of the present economic and social condition of Russia. The grain crop of the past season, he states, has proved a failure, and American wheat is imported now even at St. Petersburg. It is also entering at Odessa and other Russian ports. But a large market for this American cereal cannot be predicted, as very little bread made of wheat is used in Russia. The mass of the people must have a cheaper article, such as rye or Indian corn.

KANSAS has gone a little further than any State in prohibitory legislation, by adopting an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors except for medical, scientific and mechanical purposes. It is reported this has been adopted by a majority of 20,000 votes. As a part of the Constitution, this prohibitory law cannot be changed or repealed except through a two-thirds vote of each branch of the Legislature, ratified by a vote of the people. Several States voted on constitutional amendments Tuesday.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* suggests the following for the benefit of this State:—"Pennsylvania may be styled in politics the superb, and SIMON CAMERON at the critical moment took the reins and drove over the hard part of the road, being after all the most significant of the figures in the celebrated tableau at Warren and in the visit to Mentor. We assume that Pennsylvania will have a Cabinet officer, and that he will not be displeasing to the CAMERONS. We have heard that DON CAMERON would rather hold the office of Secretary of War than any other—much rather than be in the Senate. We would make Don Secretary of War, if that would make him happy, and let Pennsylvania elect SIMON CAMERON and GALUSHA A. GROW Senators.

IT should be said, to the credit of the Democratic party, that it strongly opposes JOHN KELLY's attempt to create trouble as to the count in New York. Mr. APGAR of the Democratic State Committee writes that Mr. KELLY will get "cold comfort" in that line of business from his committee. The affair is so full of rascality that it is not surprising that the better element in the Democratic party refuses to countenance it. It is, however, to their credit that they are disposed to act so honorably. The motive that inspires KELLY is so palpable that it only adds to the absurdity of the affair. He is denounced as the principal cause of HANCOCK losing New York, and to rave himself proposes to convulse the nation with a new electoral count. The disposition of his party is to let him bear his odium and to refuse to help him out by entering upon a movement to disturb the peace of the country. General HANCOCK is also reported to be in sympathy with his party in declaring that GARFIELD is honestly elected, and should be inaugurated without trouble. Senator BAYARD, of Delaware, emphatically disapproves of any attempt to nullify the election, and declares that GARFIELD will be inaugurated without opposition.

POOR, unhappy Ireland seems destined to ceaseless agitation and turbulence. The State has prosecuted Mr. PARNELL and others, and their trial is now going on before the King's Bench, at Dublin. At Laugh Mask the agent of Lord ERNE, was notified that he would not be allowed to gather his crops, and the local peasantry at the instigation of the Land League refused to work for him, and no man in the neighborhood dare buy from or sell to him. A number of Orangemen volunteering to cut the crops, were escorted to the place by bodies of soldiers, and protected while harvesting. The peasantry were gathering in large numbers, and there was imminent danger of a collision with the troops. A crisis has come, when it is probable that the strong arm of the authorities will interpose to put down the violators of law and order.

THE New York *Times* has started a project to pension ex-Presidents. It proposes that a fund of at least $250,000 should be established by voluntary subscriptions whose annual income should be enjoyed during life and non-holding of Federal office by the oldest ex-President of the United States. Already several liberal subscriptions have been made. But we judge it will not be successful as there seems to be a prevailing opinion that the President who has a salary of $50,000 a year, who is furnished his garden sass and boquets by the government, who is a dead-head at circuses and on rail-roads, should not be obliged to "go over the hills to the poor house," when he leaves the Presidential mansion. There can be no possible objection however, to some of our millionaires disposing of their ducats, in the manner proposed.

THE Pennsylvania delegation in the Forty-Seventh Congress will stand as follows:

1. B. H. Bingham, R.	15. C. C. Judwin, R.
2. Charles O'Neil, R.	16. R. J. C. Walker, R.
3. S. J. Randall, D.	17. J. M. Campbell, R.
4. Wm. D. Kelly, R.	18. H. G. Fisher, R.
5. A. C. Harmer, R.	19. P. E. Reilstower, D
6. Wm. Ward, R.	20. A. G. Curtin, D.
7. Wm. Godshalk, R.	21. M. R. Wise, D.
8. D. Ermentrout, D.	22. Russell Errett, R.
9. A. Herr Smith, R.	23. Thos. M. Bayne, R.
10. Wm. Mutchler, D.	24. W. S. Shallenberger, R.
11. Robert Klotz, D.	25. Jas. Mosgrove, G.
12. J. A. Scranton, R.	26. S. H. Miller, R.
13. C. N. Brumm, G.	27. L. F. Watson, R.
14. Samuel F. Barr, R.	

This list shows a Republican gain of two members—SCRANTON in the Twelfth and CAMPBELL in the Seventeenth, but a loss of General HARRY WHITE in the Twenty fifth, which makes the net gain one. The Greenbacker, YOCUM, in the Twentieth, gives way to CURTIN, Democrat, but this is a fair stand-off. The loss of RYON in the Thirteenth district, who makes way for BRUMM, Greenbacker, comes off the Democrats, as the former was an out-and-out Bourbon, and the new man is a Republican-Greenbacker.

A PRIME object of the famous "Morgedien" pamphlet sent out by the Cobden Club to the "Western Farmers" of the United States was to defeat every candidate for Congress who would not pledge himself to vote for such a change in the tariff laws as would strike down the protection those laws now afford to American labor. The pamphlet even went so far as to formulate the pledge the "Western Farmers" were to exact from candidates as the price of agricultural support. This was a most impertinent piece of meddling in the public affairs of this country, to come from a writer employed in the interests of foreign propagandists. Mr. MONGREDIEN has got his answer. Not a single member was gained to his employers by his pamphlet, and a decisive number were lost; and of all places, the most signal rebuke to his and their meddling comes from the distinctively grain-growing States of the West, Iowa, Minnesota and Kansas. The farmers there have piled up their majorities mountain high in favor of the candidates for Congress who hold that, in fixing duties on foreign imports, they shall be so levied as to favor American labor. There were never such majorities in the agricultural Congressional Districts of those States before.

PUNISH THE FORGERS.

There is now a strong probability that the guilty parties connected with the forgery of the Morey letter will be brought to answer for their villianous crime. Recent developments establish conclusively the forgery; if any evidence was needed, and point also unmistakably to the actors in the plot to defraud Gen. GARFIELD, and defeat his election. It is to be hoped that the persons having this investigation in charge will not permit it to stop until those who are responsible for the offence shall be unearthed and punished. To the crime of forgery has been added that of subordination of perjury, as proven by the confessions of two of the parties.

The men upon whom the Democratic National Committee depended to establish the existence of MOREY, and to prove his vocation, have made as clean a breast of it as in the nature of dirty things was possible. One, brought forward to swear to the existence of MOREY, and to identify his signature in a forged record, confesses that he was engaged by somebody to go to New York and do the swearing. That he was taken to the rooms of the Democratic committee and loged and fed for two days. That he was taken to the office of the paper in which the forged letter was first published and prepared for the witness-stand. That he swore to a lie, and was paid for it by check drawn by some person at the Democratic committee rooms, which check was for $100. That he is poor and out of health, and constrained by his poverty to accept the bribe of $100 for swearing falsely that he knew H. L. MOREY and was acquainted with his hand-writing.

Another, having sworn that he knew H. L. MOREY, that he travelled with said MOREY to Lynn, Mass, and that he was shown the original of the forged letter by H. L. MOREY himself, confesses that he never knew a man so called, never went to Lynn in all his lifetime, never saw the letter until he saw it in court, and never lived where he swore he lived. He says he was employed to make up a story in defence of the letter, and was promised the sum of $100 to go to New York and be a witness. He also says he was coached by two lawyers before he went on the stand. All that he was engaged to swear to was false, known to be false by himself and by all the parties concerned. Where in the history of political trickery have we a parallel to this?

The confessions of MOREY and O'BRIEN supply conclusive evidence that BARNUM and his committee were aiders and abetters in the crime. They paid out of their funds perjurers to go on to New York and swear that they knew H. L. MOREY and otherwise help to make appear true that which was false. These witnesses now frankly confess that they swore falsely, and it is to be hoped in the interest of truth, and for the protection hereafter of the fair names and characters of men nominated for public office, that all who had any part or lot in this infamy may be brought to punishment. An offense of its magnitude should never be condoned.

Judge DAVIS, on Saturday, rendered his decision in the case of PHILP, holding the defendant to answer before a jury on the charge of libel. The Judge says that the Morey letter is clearly a forgery, and the evidence indicates a grave conspiracy to accomplish a National crime, and points to conspirators of much higher positions, of whom PHILP may have been the tool. The decision is very severe on Mr. HEWITT, upon whom it says must rest the larger share of the responsibility of the publication.

THE election of President and Vice President for four years from March 4, 1881, takes place on the first Wednesday of December, which this year falls upon December 1. On that day the Electoral Colleges of the different States will meet at their respective State capitals for the purpose of casting their votes, the certificates thereof being severally transmitted to Washington, where Vice President WHEELER will open them on February 9, which is the second Wednesday of that month. For all practical intents and purposes, as things now are, the Presidential election really occurred on November 2, so that the action of the electors is a mere formality which excites no popular interest whatever. Legally, however, they could vote for whomsoever they pleased, and it was the object of the electoral system that they should in fact use their own discretion in arriving at a choice.

BY a recent decision of Vice Chancelor MARINS, of London, England, it was decided that the claims of the so-called JENKINOS heirs to the large amount of property that has been in litigation in the Courts of Chancery for years past was shut out on the statute of limitation and that their suit was "vexatious, unjustifiable and most hopeless."

PHILADELPHIA LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, November 15, 1880.

After a storm comes the calm. So the political pot which has been boiling and bubbling here for months has settled down, and peace and quiet reigns. Some of the banners yet hang on the outer walls, as reminders of the political conflict through which we have just passed, and Saturday night the Republican Invincibles turned out twelve hundred strong, and went to Reading to participate in a justification over the great victory. But generally the caps and capes have been laid away, and business runs on in its regular channels with its accustomed quietness. The lengthened faces of the defeated Democrats are beginning to broaden, and it is possible for them to indulge in an occasional smile. Here, very much as in Bradford, there is an expression from many Democrats that they have fought their last fight under that flag, and that hereafter they will feel at liberty to act with the organization which promises best for the interests of the country. There never was, probably, an election where the result was so satisfactory to the great body of the defeated. Leaving out of view those who had selected the offices they expected to secure, and a small band of hide-bound partizans whom nothing could turn from their party, there seems to be a feeling with the mass of the Democratic voters that after all, the triumph of the Republican party is the best thing that could have occurred. There is a general mistrust amongst the thinking Democrats, of their Southern allies, and there was an apprehension that should success be achieved, there was no telling what evil results might flow from it.

Dr. George R. Nebinger died suddenly on Thursday evening, while delivering a lecture at the Wagner Institute. Deceased had had in the morning a severe attack of colic and had taken half an ounce of laudanum as a remedy. Soon after commencing his lecture he faltered and had to be led to a seat. Physicians were sent for, but when they arrived he was dead.

F. A. Matthewson, a resident of Pawtucket, R. I., registered at the Bingham House, Wednesday evening, and Thursday evening rang his bell, and requested that a doctor be sent for immediately as he was sick. Ten minutes later, before the physician arrived he was dead. The cause was apoplexy.

At a house on Ridge avenue above Tenth street Mrs. Burnell, the dwarf who some time ago went through the Cæsarian operation, is exhibiting her child to the public. The baby weighs over eight pounds, has blue eyes and is altogether a fine specimen of babyhood. The mother is twenty-five years of age, forty-two inches high and weighs fifty-five pounds. The father, Mr. Burnell, is five feet and seven inches high, and nearly twenty-five years of age. Manager P. T. Barnum, soon after the birth of the child, offered to take Mrs. Burnell and her babe to Europe. That lady states, however, that her child will be on exhibition in Philadelphia during the winter months.

The residence of Colonel Forney was entered Friday, and robbed of silverware and clothing. The Colonel lost all his political reputation during the late campaign.

The defeat of Jeffries at the late election, has encouraged the tax-payers who are always railing about "leaders," and there are signs of a warm struggle at the municipal elections in February. There is an outcry against the "bosses," which may result in an independent movement, and the possible overthrow of the men who control the nominations of the Republican party. As yet this movement has not taken shape, and if it should prove only a war of one set of bosses upon another lot of bosses it will not command public sympathy nor support. The New York *Herald* is almost daily devoting columns to a pretended expose of the doings of McManes and the Gas Ring, who are credited with controlling city politics, and with feathering their nests financially, at the expense of the tax-payers. That McManes wields a controlling political power, there is no disputing, but unless better men come to the front, the city will gain not by transferring the sceptre to his assailants.

Some sharp correspondence has passed between Franklin B. Gowen, of the Reading Railroad, and Mr. Powell, representing the English stockholders, during the past few days, concerning the Tamaqua coal lands held by the company. On Friday Mr. Gowen wrote to Mr. Powell declining any further correspondence, and yesterday Mr. Powell addressed a letter to the public, charging that Mr. Gowen had used him in London to secure an extension of time on the maturing interest on the company's bonds.

Some months ago the police made a raid on a disreputable den in Sansom street, known as "In Berlin," and captured the assembled company, consisting of the bar tender, musicians, nine frail females, and sixty men and boys who were carousing and dancing. The proprietor of the place was Howard Fussell, a young man of prepossessing appearance. Last week he was arraigned for trial, found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $550, and an imprisonment of one year and sixty days.

For the last three months a large amount of bogus coin consisting of trade dollars and other smaller denominations of silver have been in circulation, but the detectives have been at a loss to discover where the bogus coin was manufactured. Two men, named Squibb and Walf, who had previously been in the clutches of the law for counterfeiting, were known to be in the city, and their movements were watched. A descent was made upon their rendezvous at Fort Richmond, on Thursday night, and they were surprised in the act of making counterfeit silver coin. They were committed in default of bail to answer at the November term of the United States District Court.

The Inmates of the House of Correction, who have been utilized in the rebuilding of the Meadow Banks, from Girard Point to Penrose Ferry, have just finished a line of reconstructed banks 5,876 feet long. About 3,000 feet of walling still remains to be done.

Considerable interest attaches to the vacancy in the Sixth Senatorial District caused by the recent death of Ex-Sheriff William Elliott. The election of a Senator to fill the unexpired term will take place in December, the date of which is yet to be fixed by the Lieutenant Governor.

Governor Hoyt has issued warrants appointing January 6, 1881, as the day when Sheriff Taylor shall swing into eternity Daniel F. Sullivan, who murdered his paramour, Josephine F. Irwin, and Patrick Hayes, who killed his wife. Both men executed their deadly purpose with the revolver, and Hayes narrowly escaped the fate of a suicide.

Bowman Sailer drew $700 from the National Bank of Penn Township on Thursday, and when near Sixth and Cherry streets was stopped by two men, one of whom pushed him aside and asked permission to pass. Mr. Sailer says he discovered instantly that his money was gone and ran after and seized the man who had jostled him. The man, who seemed to be afraid of arrest, yielded the $700 and hurried away before Mr. Sailer could stop him.

John Buchanan was arraigned at side bar in Judge Allison's Court Friday, on the indictments charging him with the sale of academic degrees and he entered pleas of guilty. Sentence was deferred.

Mr. George Bull, (born in Towanda), who was a candidate for Congress against Judge Kelly, don't like the way in which he was treated by Cassidy, who was the Chairman of the Democratic City Committee. He publishes a card in which he says that on the evening before the election in every ward in the city along with regular Democratic tickets were sent tickets which were Republican with the exception of Pattison. He accuses Cassidy of the trick, and says he would have been elected had the Democratic leaders played fair.

Philadelphia will be well represented at Washington on the Fourth of March next. Already several of the clubs of this city are making preparations for attending the inauguration of General Garfield. Last June the Randall club resolved to be present at the ceremonies, and engaged rooms at the hotels. They will probably reconsider the matter.

Judge Allison will render a decision in the matter of an application for a mandamus to compel the Chief Commissioner of Highways to license the Herdic coaches to-morrow. Judge Kelly, who is President of the Company, says the coaches are all ready to run the moment a favorable decision is made.

The well known proprietor of the Washington House in this city, and the Boston House, Faulburg, died Saturday, at the latter hotel. The deceased was forty-three years of age, and was formerly a resident of Tunkhannock. He had been gradually declining from consumption for three years.

John McManus, a rough of this city, voluntarily surrendered himself to answer the charge of shooting Beman Reilly at a Democratic convention in December last. He had been tramping around out West, and getting no employment felt discouraged. He gave as a part of his experience that once on the Union Pacific Railroad he traveled two hundred miles by hanging to the wood-work around the car, and when he reached the station where he was discovered his muscles were so stiffened that he could scarcely release himself.

The semi-annual meeting of the Grand Encampment of Odd Fellows began in this city to-day, at the hall, Sixth and Cresson streets, when the report of M. Richards Muckle, Grand Lodge Representative, was received. There are in Pennsylvania 206 Encampments, with a membership of 12,720. During the year ending May 17, 1880, $73,878.71 was received by the Treasurer, $49,386.43 was paid for relief, and the present aggregate of assets is $254,188.18.

During service on Sunday morning in Holy Trinity Roman Catholic Church, Sixth and Spruce streets, and while Archbishop Wood was speaking, the surplice of Father Berger, of St. Peter's, took fire. With great presence of mind Father Maus, of Holy Trinity, succeeded in subduing the flames before anybody in the congregation, except a few persons near the altar, had any knowledge of what had occurred.

The fourth re-union of the surviving veterans of the Forty-ninth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, will take place on Thursday at Lewistown. Many of the members live in this city.

The number of deaths in the city last week was 287, being a decrease of twenty-five from the number of the previous week and similar in number to those of the corresponding period of last year.

Enoch Greenwood, thirty-two years old, a resident of Chester, while at work at the Baldwin Locomotive Works this morning, was caught in the machinery and instantly killed.

The Jewish statue of Religious Liberty has been placed in position on a plateau of high ground to the east of Horticultural Hall. It rests on a Richmond granite pedestal fifteen feet high.

Joseph M. Horton, who in the winter of 1878-9 represented the *Bulletin* of this city in Washington, died to-day of consumption. He was a soldier throughout the war, and was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

STATE NEWS.

—Milton has been rebuilt, and all traces of the recent fire have disappeared.

—Charles O'Neill, a laborer, was killed by a fall at Catasauqua on Wednesday.

—J. B. White has been indicted at Erie for raping his blind daughter, 20 years of age.

—Benjamin Warren, a miner at Beaver Meadow, was killed on Friday by a fall of coal.

—The *Petroleum World* predicts that the Northern oil field will be exhausted in a few years.

—John Kautner has been arrested in Altoona for attempting to outrage his 13-year-old daughter.

—Thomas Reynold committed suicide at Connellsville on Wednesday by throwing himself under a train.

—The body of Mrs. Mullen, who has been missing for some time, was found floating in the river at Pittsburg on Friday.

—Mr. Henry Gundaker, a prominent business man and Mason, died in Lancaster on Wednesday, in his 43d year.

—Mr. B. W. McIntosh, a freshman at Lafayette College, was set upon by sophomores on Monday night, and badly injured.

—Ellen Skeets, a colored woman, was burned to death by the explosion of a coal oil lamp at Coleville, McKean county, on Tuesday.

—Many farmers who left Chester county a few years ago to find homes in the West are now returning to resume their old residences.

—The religous order of the Dunkards are holding their annual love feasts on Thursday at Lewistown. Many of the members live in this city.

—The fourth annual reunion of the Forty-ninth Regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, will be held at Lewiston on the 19th instant.

—David Williams, while in a fit, fell from a coal car at Packerton on Thursday and had both legs cut off. He is not expected to live.

—Nicholas Newlin, of Chester township, Chester county, has been missing two weeks. His body was found in the Delaware on Thursday.

—Police Officer John Wiggins, of Allegheny, was shot dead on Tuesday night by John Fuchs, whom he had arrested for fighting. Fuchs is in custody.

—Edward Hall, Robert White and Michael Walsh have been indicted at Reading for forging the scrip of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

—Irvin Luster was sentenced at Pittsburg, on Saturday, for complicity in the "bunch of grapes murder," to one year's imprisonment in the Workhouse.

—The approach of winter is suspected on account of the migration of flocks of wild geese bound southward, which are reported from all parts of the State.

—John Millhouse, of Salisbury township, Lancaster county, lost three children in as many days with diphtheria, and they were all buried in the same grave.

—Edward Helm, a boy, who ran away from his home, near Pittsburg, jumped from a train at Cambria siding, near Johnstown, on Monday, and was killed.

—The Coulter residence, at Coulterville, Westmoreland county, is to be abandoned because of the mysterious performances therein at night of a ball of fire.

—During the storm of last Saturday a barn belonging to Senator Cameron, near Marietta, was completely demolished, together with a large quantity of tobacco stored therein.

—At Pittston, on Friday, A. Knapp's furniture store and residence, G. L. Hiller's leather store and a number of barns were destroyed by fire. Loss, $8,000; insurance small.

—The pipe line between Kane, McKean county, and Edenburg, Clarion county, connecting the Bradford region with the Cleveland refineries, has proved defective, and will have to be taken up.

—William McGregor and wife lodged in the Allegheny lockup on Tuesday night. They represented themselves to be the parties who were arrested on suspicion of being members of the Bender family.

—A 13-year-old boy named Fair, residing near Huntingdon, was enticed away from his home recently by tramps, and has not since been heard of. A reward has been offered for knowledge of his whereabouts.

Colonel E. A. L. Roberts, of Titusville, has purchased a piece of ground near the centre of that city for a public park, and desires to have the statue to the memory of Colonel Drake, the discoverer of petroleum, erected therein.

—The 5-year-old son of John Glace of Williamsport, was killed Thursday afternoon by being caught in the canal bridge as it was being closed after a boat had passed through. He attempted to jump on the bridge but missed it.

—The Schuylkill County Courts have appointed three competent engineers to report to the Court the condition of Kelly Run Colliery, near Shenandoah, which is on fire, and whether it can be flooded without injury to connecting mines.

—A fire at Petrolia, Butler county, on Wednesday destroyed the Bly-Miller Hotel, Orrwig's paint store, Backus' hardware store, the offices of the United Pipe Line, Western Union Telegraph, the bank, and Harley's purchasing office. Loss, $15,000.

—A mill on the Brandywine has been stopped several times by eels getting into the turbine wheels, and immense numbers of eels are also reported in the tributaries of the Susquehanna; the wheels of several mills in Adams county being choked up with them.

—Alton Baehr, an old German, arrived at Grubbtown, Cambria county, two weeks ago, to visit his daughter, Mrs. Benjamin Wagner, whom he had not seen since she left Germany, many year ago. During the night he attempted to go down stairs, fell, and was killed.

—Rev. J. Grier Ralston, D. D., LL. D., well known as the founder and principal of Oakland Seminary for the education of young ladies, in Norristown, died in that city Thursday. He was born in Chester county in December, 1815, and received the honorary degree of LL. D. from Lafayette College in 1865. In 1868 Washington and Jefferson College conferred the degree of D. D. upon him.

—Alexander Seaman, one of the oldest business men of Washington, died suddenly on Thursday, in his 68th year.

—John Kempf was acquitted at Reading on Saturday of the murder of John J. Kistler in that city on the 1st of May last.

—Benjamin Warren was killed in Coleraine Colliery, near Hazleton, on Thursday, by the accidental discharge of a cartridge.

—Catharine Miller, who is to be hanged with George Smith at Williamsport on the 6th of January for the murder of the former's husband, is almost crazed with fear.

—The members of the Oil Exchange at Oil City met on Thursday and passed resolutions to build a monument to the memory of Colonel E. L. Drake, the discoverer of petroleum.

—Mr. Fred Seaman, of Mount Pleasant Allegheny county, was badly wounded and subsequently robbed by highwaymen at West Newton, in the same county, on Thursday night.

—P. K. Barger was sentenced at Scranton on Saturday to eight years in the penitentiary. He was business manager for John Jermyn, a coal operator, and embezzled $50,000 of his money.

—The *Petroleum World* says that the Standard Oil Company has bought up the yearly production of a number of operators in the lower field at $3.50 per barrel. In consequence of this, it says, heavy oil has advanced to $4.50 per barrel.

GENERAL NEWS.

—It is said that Mr. Brassey, member of the English Parliament, has purchased 120,000 acres of land in Canada for an English colony.

—The receipts of coal in Cincinnati during the last year were the largest on record, 48,198,246 bushels.

—The Newfoundland shore fishery is about ended for the season. The catch is considerably larger than the average, but prices are lower. The Labrador fishery was under the average, the herring fishery especially being very poor.

—The Grand Jury in New Orleans indicted the proprietors of the St. Charles, City, St. James, Cassiday's and other hotels, for failure to comply with a law requiring knotted ropes, of sufficient length to reach the ground, to be provided in each bed room fronting on streets or alley ways for the escape of guests in case of fire. The penalty for the first offence is a fine of $500.

—The total population of Massachusetts, according to the census returns, is 1,783,086, of whom 924,565 are females, or 66,044 more than one half. 443,116 of the population are foreign born, and 19,004 are colored.

—J. Henry Pargman, President of the Laurentian Railroad, and a baggage man, whose name is not given, were killed by a railroad collision near St. Therese, Quebec, on Thursday evening.

—The body of Nicholas Newlin, aged 60 years, who disappeared about two weeks ago, was found in the river at Chester, Pa., on Thursday night.

—A freight train on the Great Western Railway ran off the track at Dundas, Ont., and seven cars were wrecked. A number of cattle were killed.

—C. T. Place's oil refinery, owned by the Standard Oil Company, at Herr's Island, near Pittsburg, has burned. The fire was started by a man dropping a lamp in the hydraulic press-room. The loss is about $50,000.

—The body of a man in an advanced stage of decomposition was found hanging by a rope to a tree in the woods near Point Pleasant, N. J., on Thursday. On the ground was found a valise containing shoemaker's tools, and in the man's coat pocket was a pawnticket from a Philadelphia "loan office," bearing the name of Martin Metz.

Matters Of General Interest.

Fatal Accident.

BRADFORD, Pa., Nov. 11.—A special dispatch to the *Era* says a terrible casualty happened late last evening, near Brown's saw-mill, at Bordell City, twelve miles from this place. A number of men were gathered at their boarding house, and sitting around the fire, engaged in conversation. Four of them had gone up stairs to bed. As the fire began to burn low in the stove below, one of the men took a cupful of oil from a bucket near him and threw it on the coal. The oil remaining in the cup catching fire and burning his hand, he threw it away, and it fell into the bucket nearly full of oil. An explosion instantly ensued, and the burning fluid was scattered all through the room, deluging the clothes of the men with the flaming oil. They ran out of doors covered with a sheet of fire, and writhed on the ground in the agony. Meanwhile the house burned rapidly to the ground, and in the embers were found the charred bodies of the four who had gone up stairs, whose names were Elliott, Brown, Healey and Hyde. Of those who were down stairs, Joe Dannock, Henry Monroe, Frank Welsh and another, name unknown, are dead. The fifth victim is not expected to recover.

Fatal Bite.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Nov. 14.—Over one year ago a man living near Hartsville, this county, named Henry Coblentz, received a bite from a rat, which at the time caused him some trouble, but soon healed, and it was almost forgotten, until about three weeks ago his hand and arm began to swell, the glands distending, showing every sign of severe blood-poison. His condition became worse from day to day, and at present he exhibits every sympton of hydrophobia, being in convulsions most of the time, and requiring the combined strength of several persons to hold him in bed. His sufferings are indescribable, and his physicians say that death will occur in a short time. The case is a singular one, and the way to treat it baffles the medical fraternity.

Terrible Mine Disaster in Nova Scotia

HALIFAX, Nov. 12—About 6.30 this morning an explosion of gas occurred on the south side of Ford pit, at Slettarton. All the miners were at work in different bands. The explosion was so terrible as to sweep quite across to the other side of the pit, killing men and horses within reach. Almost all the men on the north side will be saved, while all at work on the south side have been lost.

At least sixty are missing. Full particulars are not yet known. Five men have been brought up and are likely to recover. Probably forty are shut up with the fallen coal on the south side. The accident, it is presumed, was caused by some miner firing a shot in the forbidden part of the workings.

The Foord Pit, at Stellarton, N. S., where the terrible disaster occurred on Friday last, was the scene of repeated explosions during Saturday night and Sunday, and it was apprehended that the fire would extend to all the workings of the mine, and even endanger the Cave Pit, adjacent. A trench was built yesterday to flood the burning pit, as a last resort. Only two bodies, those of men named McGillivary and Skinner, have been taken from the mine, and it will be long before the others can be reached. It is feared that there may have been fifty men in the mine who were unable to escape at the time of the explosion.

Hanlan Again a Victor.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The sculling match between Edward Hanlan, of Toronto, and Edward Trickett, of Sydney, New South Wales, over the Thames championship course, from Putney to Mortlake, for the championship of England, the *Sportsman* Challenge Cup, and £400, came off to-day, and was won by Hanlan. The race was a mere procession from the start to the finish. Hanlan rowed in splendid form. He stopped several times, allowing Trickett to come up. Tremendous crowds of people witnessed the race. The river was perfectly still.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

HARRISBURG, November 12.—The following is the official vote for President in this State as computed from all the returns received at the office of the Secretary of State:

COUNTIES.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Dow.
Adams	3127	3752	69	5
Allegheny	35539	22096	1636	110
Armstrong	4721	3991	378	9
Beaver	4700	3498	129	6
Bedford	3438	2723	53	.....
Berks	9225	16959	179	2
Blair	5808	4725	198	35
Bradford	5123	4930	496	48
Bucks	8385	8627	23	12
Butler	5262	4675	346	47
Cambria	2861	4585	150	19
Cameron	647	852	27	1
Carbon	2857	3464	88	16
Center	3602	4596	29	19
Chester	11298	9.24	90	156
Clarion	2933	4432	322	2
Clearfield	3106	4928	296	16
Clinton	2234	3117	36	24
Columbia	2236	4598	192	28
Crawford	7192	5647	1739	39
Cumberland	4481	5402	178	20
Dauphin	8573	6619	315	22
Delaware	7008	4413	21	17
Elk	720	1534	85	.....
Erie	5735	847	641	12
Fayette	4920	6250	609	23
Forest	370	325	281	1
Franklin	5379	4964	4	17
Fulton	853	1952	.....	2
Greene	2310	4271	32	16
Huntingdon	3787	3038	393	14
Indiana	4817	2119	1488	8
Jefferson	2750	2635	137	6
Juniata	1625	1999	62	19
Lackawanna	7357	7178	151	83
Lancaster	19489	10789	29	78
Lawrence	4260	2947	163	93
Lebanon	5042	3218	7	6
Lehigh	6144	8292	17	6
Luzerne	11024	12.78	372	31
Lycoming	4955	6410	560	36
McKean	2693	3160	299	10
Mercer	6079	5079	490	245
Mifflin	2075	1958	24	11
Monroe	962	3324	17	1
Montgomery	11028	11625	75	37
Montour	1253	1622	80	7
Northampton	5961	9653	93	21
Northumberland	4847	5931	219	14
Perry	3032	3234	22	26
Philadelphia	97220	76330	327	57
Pike	537	1332	10	2
Potter	1772	1124	254	4
Schuylkill	9337	11511	2488	3
Snyder	2120	1579	12	24
Somerset	4150	3500	55	19
Sullivan	623	994	72	.....
Susquehanna	5091	3862	256	28
Tioga	6018	2315	1151	18
Union	2254	1542	11	6
Venango	4089	3573	685	113
Warren	3207	2116	624	34
Washington	6481	5850	230	5
Wayne	3132	3421	12	100
Westmoreland	7113	7975	396	9
Wyoming	1787	1988	36	9
York	7870	11581	9	8
Total	444704	407428	20668	1939

Garfield's plurality, 37,276. Majority over all, 14,625.

General Phelps, the anti-Masonic candidate for President, received the following votes: 1 in Allegheny, 1 in Beaver, 17 in Bradford, 1 in Erie, 4 in Franklin, 2 in Indiana, 1 in Jefferson, 5 in Lackawanna, 3 in Lancaster, 6 in Susquehanna, 3 in Wayne—total, 44.

For Auditor General, John A. Lemon, Republican, received 442,335 votes; Robert P. Dechert, Democrat, 405,736; E. A. L. Roberts, Greenbacker, 19,226, and George F. Turner, Prohibitionist, 1,898. Lemon's plurality, 36,599; majority, 15,365. There were 116 scattering votes for Auditor General.

For Judge of the Supreme Court, Henry Green, Republican, received 444,934 votes; George H. Jenks, Democrat, 406,904, and Samuel Calvin, Greenbacker, 12,653. There were 826 scattering votes for Supreme Judge. Green's plurality, 38,030; majority, 25,531.

Legal.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Bradford County and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Towanda Borough, on

Friday, December 10th, 1880,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit:

No. 1. One lot, piece or parcel of land, situate in Herrick township, bounded north by lands of John Coleman and Nelson Brewster's estate, east by lands of Wm. Bowker, south by lands of Wm. Bowker and Charles Rice, and west by lands of Charles Rice and James Alderson; contains 100 acres, more or less, about 60 improved, with 1 framed house, 1 framed barn, 1 framed granary, 1 frame hog-pen, and other outbuildings and an orchard of fruit trees thereon. Seized and taken into execution at the suit of H. I. Coleman's use vs. E. O. Taylor and D. Taylor. Also at the suit of S. B. Tupper's use vs. E. O. Taylor, D. Taylor and