Bradford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

Towanda, Pa., January 15, 1880.

Republican State Convention.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania are requested to send delegates, appointed according to their representation in the Legislature, to a Convention, to meet at Harrisburg, at 12 M., on the 4th day of February next, to elect delegates to the Republican National Convention, to nominate Presidential Electors, to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, and a candidate for Auditor General; and to transact such other business as may be brought before them.

By order of

F. C. HOOTON,
Chairman State Committee.
SAMUEL F. BAIRD, }
C. L. MAGEE, } Secretaries.
West Chester, Pa., January 1st, 1880.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will convene at the Court House, in the Borough of Towanda, on MONDAY, the 2D day of FEBRUARY, 1880, at 7 o'clock P. M., to elect delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the City of Harrisburg on the 4th day of February, 1880, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before the Convention.

The Committees of Vigilance appointed for the year 1879 will call a primary or delegate election for their respective districts for SATURDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1880, to elect by ballot two delegates to represent each district in the County Convention.

The delegate elections in the Townships will be organized at 3 o'clock P. M. and kept open until closed at 4 o'clock P. M.; in the Boroughs the delegate elections will be organized at 5 o'clock P. M. and kept open until closed at 8 o'clock P. M.; the votes shall then be counted, and the result certified by the officers to the Chairman of said Convention, and a copy delivered at once to the delegates-elect.

The Committees of Vigilance are particularly requested to observe the above suggestions carefully in conducting the primary meetings.

BENJ. M. PECK, Chairman.
Towanda, Jan. 6, 1880.

Committees of Vigilance.

Athens—Geo. H. Webb, G. W. Carman, J. Longhead.
Albany Borough—Boyd W. Wilcox, Leroy Hay.
Albany—Geo. W. Webb.
Albany Township—A. English, Benjamin Ayres, Clinton W. Lewis.
Asylum—Prescott Pardee Webb, Simon Sherman, Andrew Seward.
Assylum—Joseph A. Homet, B. C. Mingos, R. R. Vanhorn.
Athens Borough—A. H. Spalding, D. Tripp, A. Ay Kinner.
Athens Township, 1st District—Wright Dunham, L. O. Snell, Charles Segar; 2d District—B. T. Middaugh, Dr. F. W. Keyes, David Gardner; 3d District—H. W. Thomas, M. W. Reeve, John Stocker.
Barclay—C. W. Tidd, C. H. Johnson, D. H. Williams.
Burlington Township—A. J. Blakesley, G. S. Travis, Andrew Melville.
Burlington Borough—W. H. D. Green, S. M. Dockerright, J. V. Rice.
Burlington West—Alfred Blackman, N. H. Black, Ralph Beecher.
Canton Township—Henry Matson, Shela Ayers, Watson Freeman.
Canton Borough—B. S. Datt, E. H. Thomas, F. A. Wilcox.
Columbia—I. D. Wolf, H. M. Ferguson, J. R. Watkins.
Franklin—James C. Ridgeway, Sterne McKee, James C. Mason.
Granville—Adam Innis, John Vroman, Henry Hodges.
Herrick—John Ennis, B. M. Matson, George Armstrong.
Leroy—Levi Sanford, D. R. Hoaglin, Henry Fassett.
Litchfield—Geo. W. Beardsley, B. H. Beardsley, C. Le Roy Coleman.
Litchfield—John H. McKinney, T. W. Brink, A. D. Chandler.
Monroe Township—Thomas Smiley, James Irving, Hiram Sweet.
Monroe Borough—O. H. Rockwell, D. J. Sweet, H. B. Ingham.
Orwell—H. L. Case, Thomas B. Smith, Frank Johnson.
Overton—Clarence Williams, Joseph Beverly, James Molineaux.
Pike—L. A. Bosworth, S. B. Canfield, James Grant.
Ridgbury—J. C. Robinson, P. C. Brown, E. A. Cooper.
Rome Township—Jason C. Forbes, L. F. Russell, S. C. Townsend.
Rome Borough—E. M. Frost, B. L. Smith, G. W. Mingis.
Sheshequin—Charles J. Brown, Frank M. Vought, Geo. H. Smith.
Smithfield—N. W. Waldron, Walter Phillips, F. G. Manley.
South Creek—D. F. Hildreth, S. L. Thompson, George Berry.
South Waverly—John Falkner, John M. Post, John Mahoney.
Springfield—Irvine Burgess, F. N. Hubbard, S. D. Phillips.
Standing Stone—Myron Kingsley, George Sage, Lorenzo Gordon.
Tuscarora—F. M. Gray, C. E. Waldo, Finley Fanning.
Towanda Township—John Scouffle, A. W. Dimock, John E. Kelly.
Towanda Borough, 1st Ward—C. D. Passage, James Elwell, H. P. Stevens; 2d Ward—Wm. Keyes, Harlan H. Ward; 3d Ward—Wm. Elsbree, James H. Codding; W. G. Gordon.
Towanda North—E. Reuben DeLong, Wm. Smith, Oliver Wheeler.
Terry—Jonathan Terry, H. C. Dyer, S. Bowman.
Troy Township—John Hunt, Milton Pierce, M. A. Lounsbury.
Troy Borough—H. M. Spalding, O. P. Adams, R. A. Long.
Ulster—M. T. Shayer, Arthur Lewis, Lester Smith.
Ulster—Henry Mingo, George Morley, Andrew Nelson.
Warren—Nathan Young, Abram Whitaker, J. F. Wheaton.
Wells—H. G. Grinnel, L. F. Shepherd, Jerome W. Brink.
Windham—Michael Bolen, Alvin Boardman, Rawson Darling.
Wilmot—J. M. Clark, Daniel Ely, E. Meekes, Jr.
Wyalusing—James H. Swarts, Allen Hoover, Charles Stone.
Wysox—N. C. Shores, E. G. Owen, Harry Parks.

Republican County Committee for 1880.

The delegates from each election district in the last Republican County Convention (September 2, 1879), are requested to appoint at once an earnest and active Republican to represent their district in the Republican County Committee for 1880.

It is important that these appointments be made at once, and the name, with the post-office address of the person so appointed, be forwarded to the chairman of said committee without delay.

BENJ. M. PECK, Chairman.
Towanda, Jan. 6, 1880.

THE ice men are anxiously inquiring—"What shall the harvest be?"

GOVERNOR COBB, of Alabama, has appointed LUKE PRYOR, to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the death of Senator HAMPTON. An election by the Legislature will take place in November next.

THE New York *Tribune* says: "The Republican party sits in a contemplative attitude with a clean Presidential slate in its hands, considering who is the man most worthy to have his name inscribed thereon next June."

JAPAN has organized Banks, modeled after the National Banking System of this country. The number already in operation is 153. The capital of the Fifteenth National Bank, at Tokio, is seventeen millions of dollars.

THE Senate Committee on Pensions has agreed to report favorably a bill granting the "totally disabled pension $864 per annum" to all soldiers who lost both legs, or both arms or the use of both eyes in the military or naval service during the late civil war.

MORE than forty Collectors of Internal Revenue have been in office continuously for from ten to eighteen years, and not a few of them are too old to be effective. So it is proposed that Congress shall be asked to make the term of office for a Collector limited, as in the case of a Postmaster.

THE TILDEN party shows signs of activity in Pennsylvania. The old man is foreclosing his lien. Instead of being in the hands of the party, the party is in his grip, and he will not let go. Our advice to the Democracy is, to stop worrying about a Third Term, and begin to devise methods for shaking off the old man who is fastened to their unwilling shoulders.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, when asked what he thought of GRANT's nomination this year, replied: "The idea of General GRANT's election now is very different from what it was four years ago. Then it would have been called using the vast power of the government to remain in office. Now the General is a private citizen, and, if the people wish, has as good a right to the office as any man.

THE *Republican*, of Jewell City, Kansas, says that its first choice for President is J. DONALD CAMERON, present United States Senator. And proceeds to give some very good reasons for its preference. If it wasn't for hurting the feelings of some of our sensitive neighbors, we would add that in our judgment there might be a worse choice than for the National Convention to adopt the *Republican's* suggestion.

THE next proceedings in the proposed compromise of the company with Allegheny county will be for the attorneys of the company and the county to join together in the presentation of the case to the jury, which will be instructed to render a verdict for $1,600,000, which will be paid in cash out of the proceeds of the bonds to be issued. The Elevator company has also agreed with the County Commissioners to submit its loss to arbitrators.

A CASE under the Civil Rights law is likely to come up in Ohio. GEORGE W. WILLIAMS, the colored Representative to the General Assembly from Hamilton county, was refused his dinner at L. BECK & Co.'s in Columbus, on account of his color. Mr. WILLIAMS states that he will bring suit under the Civil Rights bill.

The House of Representatives adopted a resolution asking an investigation by a committee to ascertain whether or not the dignity of the House had not been infringed.

THE Greenbackers held a National Caucus at Washington, last week. The preliminary proceedings were marked by scenes of disgraceful howling down of the *proposition of Rev. Mr. DELA MATYR to* open with prayer. However they may be in favor of abundant greenbacks, they evidently are in favor of contraction when it comes to prayers. A crazier set of lunatics never met in council, and that they should listen to one of DENNIS KEARNEY's vile addresses is in keeping with their own wild and unreasonable schemes.

The hope that Judge WILLIAMS would be appointed to the vacant place as Judge of the United States District Court for the Western district of Pennsylvania, has not been realized, the President having sent to the Senate the name of MARCUS W. ACHESON, of Pittsburg. He is well spoken of by all parties in the West, is a native of Washington county, and is now about forty-eight years of age. He is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson College, in the class of 1848, and he was admitted to practice at the Bar of this county in 1852. Mr. ACHESON has been indentified in a number of important cases, in many of which he has been signally successful, and consequently rapidly attained an enviable prominence in his chosen profession.

BULLDOZING.

Gen. GRANT is no doubt a dangerous man; dangerous, that is, to the enemies of popular liberty. He is undoubtedly guilty of the overthrow of at least one government; the Confederate Government. Against that monstrous fraud he hurled the Union armies, and it went down in the shock, carrying with it those eminent Democrats, JEFFERSON DAVIS, TOOMBS, MASON, BENJAMIN, and many others of the same kidney. Having shown such hostility to the enemies of liberty, and having been so largely instrumental in destroying a Government and driving its founders into obscurity, he is to be regarded as a dangerous man; that is, by rebels, idealists and fools. Hence we find these classes very outspoken against the renomination of Gen. GRANT by the Chicago Convention. What does it all mean? The nomination has not been offered him. He has not been consulted, and he persistently refuses to entertain any proposition relating to the election of 1880. What is the object of this menace to him and to the fortunes of the party?

The object of all this is manifest. It is an attempt to bulldoze the people and to effect by clamor what cannot be effected by an appeal to reason. One might suppose, were one as ignorant of men and public opinion as these clamorers, that Gen. GRANT had shipwrecked rather than saved the nation. The people are besought not to countenance a third term. By whom are they besought? Not by men who know the people, nor yet by men whose sympathies are with the people. Upon one side stand the people, intent only upon defending the nation they rescued from the grasp of traitors barely fifteen years ago. Upon the other stand various politicians intent only upon preventing the nomination of Gen. GRANT. It is the class known as politicians, of all hues save "true blue," against the masses.

The argument and expostulation of these clamorers are as incongruous as themselves. In one breath they declare that the people don't want GRANT, and in the next they bewail the blindness of the people which renders his nomination probable. The people are not angels, and they do not monopolize all the wisdom in the universe. But what they lack in knowledge and the wisdom that comes of knowledge will never be supplied by these gentlemen who are for "anything and anybody to beat GRANT." The people have much to learn, but they have not engaged these gentlemen for teachers. As a rule they know what they want as well as the gentlemen who are engaged in the pleasant business of telling the people what they ought to want. There is no law forbidding any person to set up as a distributor of wisdom, and the gentlemen who assume to know everything worth knowing, and who do know a great deal that is not worth knowing, are at liberty to carry on their little stroke of business. Nobody objects. It is legitimate business. A good many of these clamorers carried a variety of dull axes to Washington when GRANT was President, and asked him to turn the grindstone to grind them sharp. Gen. GRANT did not turn the grindstone. Others failed of recognition when they trotted out their hobbies for the delectation of President GRANT. Nearly all of them, though dead in influence still manifest signs of life in the extremities of their small ambitions. If these gentlemen are appropriate monitors the people can engage their services at a very cheap figure. But as bulldozers they are failures. They are too badly frightened to frighten anybody.

Of all the press now sounding the note of warning against GRANT the most noisy belong to the Free Lances. They are soldiers of fortune whose services can always be had for a consideration. A few do not belong to the Free Lances, but are idealists, who think that an imperfect world can do perfect work. The noisiest paper of all—and it is nothing if not noisy—is so notoriously mercenary that whatever side it takes, men ask—"about what sum do you suppose it cost?" The influence of such a paper is exactly nothing. And when such a paper appears among the bulldozers the inclination to smile is irrepressible. As for the rest it may be said that nobody asked Gen. GRANT to accept a third term. Should such a tender be made it will be made by the people without reference to the noisy clamors of persons who have not been asked for an opinion. And until the tender shall be made we see no great necessity for bulldozing.

THE SITUATION IN MAINE.

The condition of things in Maine during the past week has been somewhat mixed. Gen. CHAMBERLIN has been acting in a military capacity, under orders received from the late Governor, keeping the peace and protecting the public property. The House has been without a quorum, the Republican members not having been sworn in.

On Saturday, President LAMSON, of the Senate, announced that he would assume the duties of Governor, that duty having devolved upon him, by the Constitution, as he interprets it. On Monday, the Fusion legislature met still without a quorum, and he took the oath of office and was proclaimed acting Governor of Maine.

Monday evening, the Republican members of the Senate and House of Representatives met in the State House, and organized the Legislature, electing officers. Resolutions were passed in both bodies for the appointment of a Committee to request the opinion of the Supreme Court as to the legality of their organization. The Republicans will be guided by the decision of the Court, and a way is now opened for the speedy and peaceable settlement of the difficulty.

SHIP-BUILDING has been brought to such a state of perfection in the West that steamers of 1,500 to 2,000 tons now navigate the Ohio and Mississippi which draw only from five to two feet of water. In fact there are said to be boats plying on the upper Ohio which can almost navigate a meadow after a heavy dew. We mention these facts to show that the project for making the Susquehanna river navigable is not so wild and impracticable as many assert, but that HENDRICK B. WRIGHT's scheme may possibly be successful, and steamers of heavy burden yet be seen ascending the Susquehanna. There is no difficulty, with sufficient funds in dredging a channel, and there is an abundance of water in Lakes Erie and Ontario. Possibly, objection might be made to using the waters of Lake Erie, on the grounds that the diversion would spoil Niagara Falls—but what's the use of the Falls anyhow? They only interfere with navigation, and when the interests of commerce are at stake, are not worthy of consideration. Besides, they are nearly played out, and it will not be many thousand years before they will have receded to Lake Erie, and caused a grand catastrophe by emptying Lake Erie into Lake Ontario. We don't remember exactly the difference in height of the water in the two lakes, but presume it is enough to make trouble, all of which can be obviated by making the Susquehanna navigable, and turning into the channel the surplus waters of the Lakes. Otherwise we will not be responsible for the consequences.

GOVERNOR HOYT, has appointed Colonel STANLEY WOODWARD to be Associate Law Judge of Luzerne county. He is a son of the late Judge WOODWARD, and though a Democrat in politics has always been a personal friend and supporter of the Governor. There is no dispute but that the appointment is an excellent one—placing a capable and honest man on the bench, but the election seems to have given great offence to some of the Republicans of that county. The *Record of the Times*, which seems to be dissatisfied with everything and everybody, says:

"Republicans of Luzerne repudiate the appointment of Colonel Woodward; they assume no part of the responsibility for this appointment; it is the act of Governor Hoyt alone; personal considerations alone prompt him in giving preference to a Democrat who happens to be his warm personal friend, as against a Republican who has also been his friend. The wrong can be righted at the next election, and we confidently believe it will be."

The Scranton *Republican* on the contrary applauds the appointment and thinks it may be made to add largely to the strength of the Republican party. We cannot see in this action of the Governor any occasion for fault-finding and demoralization. The position to which Colonel WOODWARD has been appointed is of no political consequence, and it is a good thing occasionally that it should be lifted above political considerations. Certainly Governor HOYT may be allowed in such a case to appoint a personal friend who has also always laid aside his party and advocated his election, without being subject to reproach or denunciation.

WHILE we are enjoying a winter almost as mild and genial as spring, the reverse is the case in England and France. In both these countries there has been intensely cold weather, with an unpleasant alternation of heavy snowfalls, tempests with rain and severe frosts. In the rural parts sheep and oxen have been frozen to death and there is difficult communication by the ordinary roads with some of the small villages or hamlets. On the first day of December for the first time in a century, the Serpentine (a sheet of water covering fifty acres in Hyde Park) was so thoroughly frozen over that hundreds of Londoners were skating upon it. At the same time, and ever since up to the latest dates, the streets of Paris were rendered difficult to man and beast by a heavy snow fall and an almost unprecedented flood in the Seine, not only overflowed the quays, but swept away one or two bridges, and rendered several others so insecure that even pedestrians were not permitted to pass over them. Coal was selling at $30 per ton in Paris and wood was proportionately as costly. While our mild winter may have its drawbacks yet there is much in it to be thankful for when we compare it with what has befallen the poor of the countries abroad.

LORD DERBY made a speech at a banquet at Hiedderstield, on Thursday night, in which he complains because our people will not come out from behind their protective entrenchments, and be at the mercy of the English. He said:—"The United States might be our most formidable rivals, but the Americans do not face us in the open. They fight behind a protective tariff, even with the help of which they have not wholly checked the importation of English manufactures into America. Still American competition is not to be lightly spoken of." American protection is preparing the way for American competition, and our manufactures are fast arriving at that condition of stability and perfection, which will soon enable them successfully to enter the markets of the world, in competition with all their rivals. In the meantime, we should not give up the vantage ground we have gained, even to please his Lordship.

THE New York *World* asks a very pertinent and sensible question when it says: "Why should the Democrats waste their energies in scolding and fretting on the Republican nomination of GRANT?" Somehow the Democrats appear to be greatly troubled with a fear that General GRANT may be the Republican nominee just, as we have no doubt, the Rebels complained and worried when he was appointed Commander-in-chief of the Union forces. The Democracy have a big enough job on hand to select their own candidate for the Presidency, and we would advise them to heed the advice of the *World*, and not worry about General GRANT, or any other possible Republican nominee. Whoever the National Convention may select, will be elected, and inaugurated too, and the Republican party is perfectly competent to run its own machine.

AN Ecumenical Council of the Methodist Episcopal Church has been finally agreed upon, and the committee appointed by the General Conference at Baltimore in May, 1876, is summoned to meet in Cincinnati on the 6th day of May next, to prepare the call for the great ecclesiastical assembly, in which every recognized Methodist organization is to be represented. There are upward of 20,000,000 Methodists in different parts of the world, and it is proposed to harmonize and, as far as practicable, unify the various branches of this colossal religious body. One of the principal subjects to be discussed is the preparation of a uniform order of services, in recognition of the tendency to increased formality in worship.

HON. A. P. GORMAN, who was nominated by the Democratic caucus of the Maryland Legislature for United States Senator, is now a member of the State Senate from Howard county, and president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Before the war he was a page in the United States Senate; afterwards attached to the Senate Postoffice, and subsequently a Collector of Internal Revenue. Since 1870 he has been a prominent Democrat in the State, and in 1872 was Speaker of the House of Delegates.

It is now announced that the British Government has at length taken steps, or is about to take them, for relieving the widespread distress in Ireland by giving work to many thousands of suffering people of that country. The contemplated improvements in the drainage of the distressed districts, and in the institution of a system of sanitary works for which the immense area of Irish bogs offer abundant room, will give employment to thousands of persons who are in dire need of food, fuel, raiment and shelter. This is ever so much preferable to pauperizing them by elemosynary aid through the workhouses or volunteer almsgiving.

THE Lancaster *New Era* reports that the activity in the tobacco market is astonishing, and says that reports which have reached them make it safe to estimate the amount of tobacco that changed hands there on Saturday and Monday last at nearly 1,000,000 pounds. There was paid out by check, in the several banks of Lancaster, on Saturday, for tobacco, the immense sum of $170,000. The *New Era* also says that the entire crop of the State will reach 75,000 cases, two-thirds (or more) of which has been produced in Lancaster county.

JUST what Mr. CHARLES STEWART PARNELL expects to accomplish by bringing his grievances to this country, we cannot exactly understand. If he wants money, he will probably accomplish his desire—but the recital of the wrongs suffered by the tenantry of Ireland, or the agitation of the land-leasing question here will not relieve the sufferings of the oppressed in the Green Isle, nor aid in bringing about needed reform.

IT is announced that Dr. HAYES, of Williamsport, is the Supervisor for taking the census in this district. Dr. H. was a surgeon during the late war in Secretary SCHURZ's brigade, and owes his appointment to the partiality and influence of his Old Commander. We had hoped that the office would be worthily bestowed upon Mr. CODDING, who had the warm support of everybody in this County, and who would have made an excellent officer.

THE Sage of Gramercy Park has turned his attention from his income tax suit long enough to discover the danger of a third term. He is deeply impressed with the danger which threatens the country, and heroically resolves to fly to the rescue. He says: "For my part I will "do everything I can to secure the election of the man who may be agreed upon by the opponents of the third term "conspiracy as the best candidate, to "unite the conservative elements of all "parties. If a third term can be conferred upon GRANT, a fourth and fifth will "be. In short GRANT's installment in "the White house in 1881, means empire."

THERE is an effort being made to induce Governor HOYT to call an extra session of the Legislature. It is claimed that there is some need of further amendment of the revenue laws, and of making appropriations for certain charitable institutions, which failed last winter through the blunder of a clerk. There is however, no danger that the revenues will not be sufficient to meet all the financial obligations of the State during the year, and the Governor will make a great mistake should he yield to the clamor of those who desire a session of the Legislature.

ANOTHER old merchant has gone wrong, in the person of BENJAMIN C. BOGERT, Treasurer of the New York Produce Exchange, who is a defaulter to the amount of $31,000. Mr. B. was a highly respected merchant, in whom general confidence was felt. After the discovery was made, he died suddenly at the house of a friend in the city, and it is supposed that his death was caused by a dose of laudanum, taken purposely.

THE legal-tender question will not be settled by the Supreme Court, at present. That body having unanimously refused to advance the BUTLER-Crittenden case on the docket, and it will take two or three years to reach it in regular order. The only point involved is the constitutionality of the act of 1878, authorizing the reissuing of legal-tender notes after they have been paid into the Treasury, and Congress will probably repeal that act, before the learned judges have an opportunity of considering the question.

AN investigation of the financial affairs of the city of Elizabeth, N. J., shows that startling irregularities have been committed by those interested with the management of the city affairs. Bonds have been sold in violation of law, and warrants drawn without authority, and there is general crookedness. The parties derelict are to be brought to answer.

PHILADELPHIA LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, January 12, 1880.

Charles Stewart Parnell, M. P., and his companion agitator, John B. Dillon, arrived at the West Philadelphia depot, Saturday afternoon, and were met by the reception committee and escorted to the Continental Hotel. In the evening the Academy of Music was filled with a large audience of sympathizers, mostly of Celtic origin, assembled to shed tears over the recital of the Wrongs of Ireland. When the agitators made their appearance on the stage the vast audience arose and cheered them in an enthusiastic manner. After quiet was restored Colonel McClure was introduced, and, in a brief speech, referring to the suffering in Ireland, and advising freedom as the panacea, concluded by saying that he supposed the audience would rather hear Parnell that himself, and took his seat.

At the conclusion of Colonel McClure's speech, Miss Sadie Bailey read a poem of welcome to Messrs. Parnell and Dillon, which was received with considerable applause.

Parnell was introduced by Colonel McClure, and was received with a storm of applause, which was kept up for some minutes. As soon as order had been restored, Mr. Parnell proceeded in a monotonous voice to express his thanks for the reception, and warming up he said that the collection of money was not the only object of his visit to this country, but also to present the condition of Ireland, so that it may enlist the sympathy of Americans by exposing the systems maintained by England against Ireland. The want and famine is so wide spread that something must be done at once, and any money sent from this country will do immediate good. He claimed that the receptions given him in this country had influenced the English Parliament to appropriate one million of dollars to the relief of the sufferers in Ireland.

Mr. Dillon was next introduced, and in a rich brogue proceeded to demolish the Irish land owners in a terrific manner, much to the delight of the audience, that cheered vociferously. The most practical part of the proceedings was reading a letter from George W. Childs, enclosing a check for $1,000 for the relief of the distressed in Ireland.

The present week will be a lively one, so far as politics is concerned. The Republicans of the city on Tuesday evening elect delegates to the Conventions which meet on Thursday, to nominate Police Magistrates, Ward Officers and choose delegates to the State Convention. There has been the usual boiling of the political pot, and knots of disinterested patriots "fixing things" to be seen on the corners for some days past. In the meantime the "bosses" get together, and make up the slate, endeavoring to promote harmony, and reconcile conflicting interests. Your country readers would hardly believe that two or three men usually have the power to say who shall or who shall not be nominated for the city offices. Yet such is the fact, and until they decide, all the outside caucussing and blowing is of no account. Occasionally, the free and independent voters arise in their wrath and majesty and "smash the slate," but it is not often done, as the great majority of the electors are too much occupied with their business to bother themselves as to who hold the offices. And then, whenever it has been done, the results have been very discouraging. The Reformers who have been placed in public positions in the city, have turned out to be so much worse than less pretentious Republicans, that the people generally have concluded to endure the evils rather than to trust the Democracy.

You will hear a great deal about the subsidence of the Grant boom, in this city, all of which has no foundation in fact. The Grant Reception worked the feeling up to fever heat, and since his departure there has been quiet. Here, as elsewhere, General Grant has a host of friends, and if nominated would poll a very heavy vote. The other prominent candidates also have their partisans, and it may be truly said there is a wide difference of sentiment amongst Republicans both as to the necessity for General Grant's nomination, or as to who should be the Republican candidate. There is one feeling, however, which is universal: that the nominee should be one who would be most certain to be elected, and the Convention could not well go astray as to men, when choosing from the good men named. Expediency should govern, and there is no doubt but that the shrewd managers who will have much to say in selecting the candidates, will be controlled by a desire to secure success, and thereby promote the peace and prosperity of the country.

The Secretary of the German Fire Insurance Company, George C. Lissau is missing, being a defaulter to the amount of $2,000. As he did not made his crime respectable by stealing a respectable sum, he is to be prosecuted when caught.

The Park Commission has made a report on the Permanent Exhibition question. They arraign the Exhibition Company for repeated violations of the terms of their license, by allowing shows, dances, and Sunday concerts, but agree to revoke the notice of removal if the Company will adhere to the terms of the license, and will raise the sum of one hundred thousand dollars within six months from date, for the purpose of putting the building in repair.

General W. W. H. Davis, of Doylestown, read a very interesting paper before the Historical Society, on "Washington's Headquarter's in Bucks County Previous to the Battle of Trenton."

James O'Brien, alias Sullivan, knocked down Jacob Miller, who is in business at 921 Arch street, on Cherry street, near Fourth, about four o'clock, Friday morning, and robbed him of $45 in cash and several valuable papers. Mr. Miller yelled murder and attracted a policeman to the place, who arrested O'Brien in China alley, a small thoroughfare near Fourth and Cherry streets, and took him to the station-house. The stolen cash was found in the lining of his hat, and the pocket-book from which the money had been taken was picked up near the scene of the robbery. The thief was given a hearing at the headquarters, sent immediately to court, and by noon had been convicted and sentenced to nine years and ten months' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Bishop Stevens has so far recovered from his recent severe illness as to appear out of doors. On Wednesday he visited the Episcopal rooms for the first time in many months. His physicians have forbidden him to preach for several months at least, but he nevertheless expects to be able to keep those of his appointments which relate to the administration of the rite of confirmation.

The veterans of the war of 1812 met in yearly meeting in the old court-room at the southeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets, Thursday morning. About twenty of the old soldiers were present, and Colonel John D. Heston, the first vice president, presided. After drinking numerous toasts in recognition of the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, and after passing the usual compliments, they adjourned until January 8, 1881.

A committee of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society visited this city last week, and held a conference with the directors of the Permanent Exhibition Company. Arrangements were made for holding the next State Fair in the Exhibition building in September next. The fair will continue for two weeks and the society expects to offer between $15,000 and $20,000 in premiums.

Marshal Kerns and U. S. District Attorney Valentine have both been re-appointed.

On Friday afternoon, about dusk, Dennis Brophy, a coal dealer, left his office at Lehigh avenue and Rush street, to go to his home. Before leaving the office he placed in his coat pocket a wallet containing $400. When he had reached the vicinity of St. Ann's Church, at Cedar street, he was surrounded by six men pepper thrown in his eyes, and he was then knocked down and robbed. The roughs escaped, but later in the evening, three men, supposed to have been concerned in the assault, were arrested and held for a hearing.

Jacob Reigel, a prominent merchant, and Mrs. Cadwalder, widow of General George Cadwalader, who died some months ago, were among the persons deceased last week.

STATE NEWS.

A LARGE black bear was killed near Lloydville, Blair county, the other day.

TOTAL deposits in the Williamsport national banks amount to $1,342,177.89.

The expenditures of Berks county in 1878 were $131,300.53, and in 1879 $81,540.47.

The internal revenue receipts in the Scranton office during 1879 were $110,797.16.

MISS JESSIE LEE, of Beallsville, Washington county, has lived eight weeks on apples.

THE sixty thousand feet of steam-pipe in the new Insane Asylum at Norristown, were successfully heated on Tuesday.

A hunter in McKean county brought into Smethport, a few days ago, a large catamount which he caught in a bear trap.

ROBERT MAGILL, an elderly man, wandered into a Pittsburg station house, on Saturday night, and dropped dead while talking to an officer.

DOM BENNET, a breakman on the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, was run over by cars near Corry on Saturday and instantly killed.

A 12-year-old boy named Black had his arm so badly mangled by machinery, near Edenburg, on Saturday last, that it had to be amputated.

Two children were found in a room in Pittsburg, black with dirt and covered with vermin. Drunken parents is the only explanation of it.

COLONEL THEODORE W. BEAN, the historian, of Valley Forge has been engaged by the Pennsylvania Historical Society to write up the history of Montgomery county.

MANY of the Pittsburg rolling mills are said to have orders already booked to keep them busy until June 1, 1880.

A PITTSBURG iron firm being too busy to fill an order for Bessemer steel, has got a Milwaukee firm to do it for them.

RUMORS are rife that a number of capitalists propose to erect a glass works at Columbia, Washington county, during the present year.

THE total production per year of hats in Berks county is nearly $6,000,000. The total value of this production is $2,813,766, according to the last census.

THERE are 600 hands employed in Cotton Mill, No. 4, at Lancaster, and it has so many orders on hand that work will have to be carried on night and day.

PITTSBURG papers report that copitalists there are negotiating for lots in Blairsville, Indiana county, with a view to erecting novelty works thereon.

EVERY wheel in Scranton and vicinity is turning, and the *Republican* of that place, in alluding to this, says: "the prospects for our city have not been so bright in many years."

AFTER mature deliberation the Carbon Iron Works, at Parryville, Carbon county, are to be enlarged, and a new foundry built, in order to accomplish the work on hand. The works will then employ five hundred hands.

THE Renova *Record* estimates the total amount of lumber that will be floated from that point next spring at 14,000,000 feet.

WILLIAM REED dangerously stabbed Michael Welsh at Irwin's Station, Westmoreland county, on New Year's day. Reed was arrested.

THE Carbon *Democrat* states that people living in that section of Luzerne county near Hazelton are in favor of annexation with Carbon county.

W. C. KELLER, an attache of the Post Office in Harrisburg, has been arrested on a charge of opening letters and abstracting their contents. He was held in $800 bail.

THE Pittsburg papers report a rise in the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers, and there were some fears on Sunday that a flood might occur and land a lumber of coal barges high and dry.

THE oldest native-born citizen of Allentown is Mr. John Wagner, now in his 89th year. Citizens of the place called upon him a few days ago and presented him with a cane.

WILLIAM LAYTON, a brakeman, while coupling cars at Johnstown on Monday was pinned tight between two bumpers and terribly crushed. It is thought he will certainly die.

JOHN EASLY has lived upon the poor authorities of Pittsburg for years as a deaf and dumb man. A few days ago he forgot and talked to himself, which has resulted in his being sent to the workhouse.

THE Knights of Labor of Schuylkill county have decided not to inaugurate a strike. A meeting was held on Tuesday, and a vote taken on the matter. Several members of the order had made threats that, if the new year was not commenced with the basis, a strike would take place.

CHRISTOPHER HOFFMAN, of Erie, hung himself on Tuesday. He had been trusted with large sums of money to deposit in or withdraw from bank, and had always been considered honest. Among his effects was found evidence of embezzlement and attempts at forgery. Fear of discovery was probably the cause of the deed.

A LADY near Bradford sat rocking in her parlor on Sunday evening, when there was a thump on the floor, and she felt that the house was being lifted. Investigation showed that the house had been built over an abandoned oil well, into which a large pine plug had been driven. The house has been dragged elsewhere, and the well has its own way.

GENERAL NEWS.

GOVERNOR PERKINS, of California, was inaugurated Thursday at Sacramento.

J LLOYD HAIGH, of the Grocers' Bank, has been indicted at New York for forgery and committed to the Tombs.

THE braid mill at South Carver, Mass., was burned on Sunday. Loss, $60,000 to $70,000; insurance, $40,000, divided among fifteen companies.

GEORGE E. better known as Yankee Locke, the comedian, died at his home in Dracutt, Mass., Thursday of typhoid fever, aged 62 years.

THE heavy rains of the past few days have caused the Maitland River, in Cahada West, to overflow, destroying a large amount of mill and other property.

THE steamer Fisher, the mail boat between Pensacola, Fla., and Freeport, has burst her boiler, killing Captain Watson and one other person, and mortally scalded the engineer.

THE Democratic members of the General Assembly of Ohio held a caucus Thursday night and agreed to vote for Allen G. Thurman for United States Senator.

A HORRIBLE murder was committed near Hopkins' Mill, not far from McGaheysville, Va., on Sunday. An old man named Michael was knocked on the head in a public road by unknown parties.

THE New York Assembly Republican caucus unanimously nominated General George H. Sharpe, of Ulster, for Speaker. The Democrats nominated John Shanley, of Kings.

THE new city government of Boston was inaugurated Thursday. Mayor Prince took the oath of office, and Common Council organized unanimously electing Harvey N. Shepard as President.

WILLIAM SPAULDING, a Chicago politician, has been sentenced to pay the Government a fine of $1,648, as the receipts of old iron sold by him while employed as a time keeper at the new Custom House.

Periodicals.

Reporter Clubbing List for 1880.

We have made arrangements with the publishers of the following periodicals by which we can offer any one of them in connection with the REPORTER at greatly reduced rates. We will send the REPORTER with any of the papers named below, for one year, at the figures indicated:

Reporter and Weekly Tribune	$2 10
" " Semi-Weekly	3 30
" " Weekly Times	2 00
" " Semi-Weekly	3 30
" " Weekly Evening Post	2 25
" " Semi-Weekly	3 60
" " Philadelphia Press	2 10
" " " Times	2 30
" " American Agriculturist	2 10
" " *Country Gentleman*	3 00
" " Rural New Yorker	2 85
" " Harper's Weekly	4 25
" " " Bazar	4 25
" " " Magazine	4 25
" " Scribner	4 25
" " St. Nicholas	3 50
" " Wide Awake	2 50
" " Baby Land	1 35
" " Littel's Living Age	8 00
" " The Nursery	2 25
" " Appleton's Journal	3 50
" " Popular Science Monthly	5 25
" " Peterson's Magazine	2 65
" " Godey's "	2 65
" " Lippincott's "	4 25
" " Atlantic Monthly	4 25
" " Ohio Farmer	2 30
" " Lancaster Farmer	2 00
" " Demorest without premium	2 60
" " " with premium	3 00

INCORPORATION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the President Judge of the County of Bradford for a charter of incorporation for the Wyalusing Cemetery Association, under the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April 29th, 1874, for the purpose of maintaining a cemetery at Wyalusing, in said county.

L. P. STALFORD,
J. F. CHAMBERLIN,
and others.

DAVIES & CARNOCHAN, Solicitors.
Towanda, January 13, 1880-w3.

Legal.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Bradford County and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Court House in Towanda, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 29TH, 1880,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit:

No. 1. ONE lot of land situate in Athens Borough, bounded north by lands of Mrs. E. C. Spalding, east by lands of Mrs. Dr. Cotton, south by Paine street, and west by lands of George Davis; being about 75 feet front and 159 feet deep; all improved; no buildings. Seized and taken into execution at the suit of James H. Webb, administrator of C. F. Welles, deceased, vs. Georgiana Spalding and Edward C. Spalding.

No. 2. ALSO—One other lot of land, situate in Athens township, bounded north by the Chemung river and lands of the Junction Canal Company, New York State line, and lands of Emmit Moor; east by lands of Thomas Rogers, Emmit Moor and Timothy Hireen, south by lands of Charles H. Shepherd and lands formerly owned by Anthony Hoover, and west by lands of Charles H. Shepard and the Junction Canal Company's lands; containing 154 acres, more or less, about 75 improved, with 2 framed hou