Agricultural Department

Profits of Good Feeding.

A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* gives the following details of his experience on this subject: Last fall I had the offer of a cow on an old debt, and hesitated some as to whether I had better lose the debt or take the cow, as she was old and very thin, but finally concluded to try and make something out of her, though the chance looked very small and the boys made a good deal of sport of her, and said I would get nothing but her hide. She was farrow, and was not giving more than one quart of milk night and morning. I took her to the farm and told my man to do the best he could for her. He commenced feeding her apples, and thought she gained steadily in milk, it was some time before she improved much in appearance; but after awhile the feed and care began to tell on her, and in three months she was in good condition, and gave twelve quarts of milk daily. One week I brought from there nine pounds of nice butter, which the woman assured me was the product of nine days' milk, and at the same time sold two quarts of milk daily, and used what they needed in the family, consisting of herself and husband. I expected to feed her well, and turn out to grass to fatten, but she proved so good for milk I concluded to keep her another year. She was kept in good order all summer, and gives about as much milk as any of the cows, but we shall soon dry her off, as we expect to have her for a milch cow this winter. I also bought last fall a flock of store sheep just as it was time to turn in for winter, fed them till the 10th of March on hay and oat screening, and sold them at an advance of $2.50 per head.

BREEDING SHORT HORNS FOR BEEF.—Let us assume, then, that our ideal bull, now under scrutiny, has shown a full development of all the positive points: the eye well open, clear and placid; the action alert and spirited; the touch elastic and soft; and above all, the wide and deep chest, which gives plenty of play for large vital organs—all these together indicate the possession of a sound and vigorous constitution. Then the wide shoulder, full crops, round body, broad loins and hips, and the hind quarters long, level, deep and square, all together vouch for the presence of abundant beef, the excellence of which is vertified by the mellowness we develes to the touch. The bones of the bull under inspection should, throughout his entire frame, be as small and compact as possible, in proportion th the weight of muscle they bear. The finner the bone of any animal the better, if it only fulfills the destined purpose. Moreover the bone of any race of cattle improved by breeding is much stronger in proportion to its size than that of the scrub. The latter is coarse and porous, the former solid and compact. The fineness of bone manifests itself in several particulars which our shorthorned bull ought to display, modified, of course, by the effects of his masculinty. Let us see. In his leg, which is well muscled and tapering above the knee and hock joints, small and delicate below, them? Is the tail, which turns at right angles at the extremity of a well-extended rump, fine and slender? Is the head small, broad between the eyes and tapering toward the muscle? Is the entire body smooth, round and flowing in outline? If our bull passes muster in all these important particulars, he is unquestionably a fine-bonded animal.—[*National Live Stock Journal.*

PLANTING POTATOES.—Some persons believe in planting potatoes whole; some cut them in quarters or halves, allowing them to lie a few days and dry, after cutting, before planting. A number of years since I had just the eyes taken out singly and left to dry, and then planted one eye every ten inches in the row by pressing it down with my finger to the depth of nearly four inches. The ground, being level, was so kept till the second cleaning, when the plow was run to throw the furrow toward the row of potatoes and leave it about one foot level across the top. From the single eyes I gathered a larger crop than from potatoes cut in halves or whole, the lands and culture being the same.

IT NEEDS but about twenty days of reasonably good weather to make a crop of hay or grass for soiling purposes from the seed of millet. It can follow a crop of clover the same season, the right time to sow it being after the clover is harvested. About three pecks of seed to an acre is what is required. It thrives in most soils and is not affected by drought's if in well manured ground. It is possible to raise a crop of clover, another of millet, and another of ruta bagas from the same land in one season. Dairymen with a large flock of cows, and few acres may find a hint worth taking in the above.

RICE CHEESE CAKES.—Take half a pound of finely sifted ground rice, a quarter of a pound of fresh butter beaten to a cream, and three eggs; the eggs and sugar must be well beaten together; mix all together and flavor with a small blade of mace finely pounded, and the peel of two lemons rubbed on sugar. The quicker this is made, the lighter the cheesecakes will be; the batter should be poured into little tartlet tins, not quite full, and bake in a brisk oven. Serve them cold.

EGGS.—For early hatching should not be allowed to remain in the nests during cold weather, even if experiments have shown that they may be subjected to a great degree of cold without destroying their vitality. At its best, early hatching has too many disadvantages to add to the list for the chances of an experiment.

JUNE GRASS.—Is regarded as very valuable; it throws out a dense mass of leaves, is highly relished by cattle and produces milk from which a superior quality of butter is made. It is found growing throughout the butter districts of the country.

A Chinese legend says that the legend of every pair to be united in wedlock are from infancy tied together with an invisible thread of silk. This is the reason Brigham Young could not walk until he was *fifteen months old.*

The house-fly crawls out of his crack in the wall and with wings still stiff and feeble begins to practice flying at a mark. In another week he will be himself again and able to hit a man's nose ninety-seven times out of every hundred.

Educaioanl Department

E. E. QUINLAN,
J. A. WILT,
J. T. MCCOLLOM,
G. W. RYAN,
A. T. LILLEY.
} *Committee of Associate Editors.*

Communications may be sent to either of the above editors, as may be preferred, and will appear in the issue of which he has charge.

E. E. QUINLAN, Editor.

THE CHILDREN.

Our farmers take the utmost pains with their horses, their cows, their pigs, and even their dogs, to have them of choice stock and noble pedigree; how is it they are so careless of their children? Does not a child merit as careful culture as a colt, a calf, a pig? Yet in how many farmhouses the "stock" receive attention most careful, while the children are left to grow up as it happens.

It is very hard to reach the class so numerous to which our correspondent refers. Only the enlarged and intelligent man and woman can properly estimate the importance to a child of birth and breeding. Those parents who neglect their children begin by neglecting themselves; by valuing in themselves, as of most importance, that which is of minor importance; by exalting those faculties which should be kept in abeyance, and keeping in abeyance those faculties which should be exalted. Almost any thrifty farmer can easily see that it is for his interest to improve the breed of his horses, to improve the quality of his land, to plant good seed and cultivate it well, for the immediate pecuniary returns which his improvements bring him assure him of their value and importance. But there are a great many farmers who cannot see the use of sending their boys away from home to school and college, of giving them the advantages of culture and travel, of allowing them to rise into an intellectual region which shall enable them to see how much there is that mere money cannot do to secure real happiness and true manhood. The farmer looks forward to the day when a quiet seat by the fireside will be the pleasantest place in the world for him, when with his farm (clear of mortgage and productive), he may rest from his labors, feeling secure in the enjoyment of his hardly earned possessions, and letting the cares and labors of his life rest on younger shoulders. How then can he sympathize with any suggestion that shall look in the direction of diminishing his income, *his earnings, his savings!* So no matter how ardently his sons and daughters thirst for knowledge, for enlargement, for an education that will enable them to stand level with the times in which we live, none of these considerations have weight with him. What can be done about it? Ah, that is the hard question for which solution waits.

What we have said of the average farmer applies equally to the merchant, the mechanic, the laborer. A fountain cannot rise higher than its source. Men add women who do not care to cultivate what is noblest in themselves, cannot cultivate what is noblest in their children; but there may be created and diffused abroad in communities an atmosphere which shall stimulate a love the minds and hearts of the children for that which is high and pure, and ennobling, and of most worth, and by these agencies parents at last may be reached. The founding of village *libraries*, of lyceums and reading clubs, is doing a great work for our young people, and this work is but just begun. Charitable societies are doing a great work among the children, and are beginning to realize that in caring for the little ones they are laying the axe at the root of the tree of poverty and ignorance and crime.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

EARLY EDUCATION IN BRADFORD COUNTY.

The report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction for 1877 is much more interesting than ordinary school reports. In addition to the general and statistical knowledge usually embodied in a report of this kind, at the suggestion of the State Superintendent, each County Superintendent gives a brief history of the rise and growth of the schools in his district. From the report of the late Superintendent Keeney, we compile, rather extract, *some of the most interesting facts* connected with the developments of the present school system in Bradford County.

"The earliest elementary schools in the county, as established by the first white settlers, were conducted in the most simple and primitive style. The people lived in log houses and the school houses were mostly of the same material. All the cost of building and finishing them was raised by voluntary subscription. A large stone fire-place occupied one end of the room, and logs were used for fuel to warm the room. Writing tables were fastened to the sides of the school-room, the scholars sat on the benches with their faces toward the writing tables and their backs toward the center of the room. The benches were made of slabs, with the flat sides up. The legs were saplings about two inches in diameter. * * * A male teacher received as compensation about twelve dollars per month, and a female, one dollar per week and board." The schools, of course, were supported by the rate bill system. The branches taught were the most elementary. Among the text books were the "English Reader," American Preceptor, Webster's Speller, Daboll's Arithmetic and Murray's Grammar. The teacher sharpened a quill for the student to write with. No blackboard, and the farthest remove from uniformity of text books. In 1788 or 1789, Master Root taught in Athens near the site of the present school building. At Athens also the first Academy in the county was built, 1797.

The first school in Canton township was taught by Loren Kingsbury in the winter of 1801-2. The first school in Granville was taught by Miss Delight Spalding in 1807. In the same year a log school house "was built in Smithfield township, which answered for school purposes for the whole settlement, the teacher receiving his salary in work by those who patronized him." The LeRaysville Academy was established in 1830, Towanda Academy in 1836, Wysox Academy in 1840, Rome Academy in 1848, Troy Academy, about 1839 and the Camptown and Wyalusing Academies about 1856. The Susquehanna Collegiate Institute was first discussed at a meeting of the Presbytery of Susquehanna at Wyalusing in 1849, was chartered in 1850, its location fixed at Towanda in 1852, and opened for the reception of students in 1854.

"The first teachers' institute ever held in the county assembled at Orwell on Monday, Sept. 7, 1857. The meeting was called to order by Supt. C. R. Coburn. After devotional exercises one hundred and twelve teachers enrolled their names and organized by electing Prof. Coburn, principal, O. J. Chubbuck, president, and B. B. Babcock secretary. * * * Day sessions commenced at 8½ o'clock A. M., and were occupied by drills upon the several branches taught in the common schools, except occasional singing by the choir, and short, pointed and impressive lectures by the County Superintendent."

"Lectures were also delivered during the session by Dr. H. Knapp, Messrs. O. J. Chubbuck, O. P. Young, William Davies, and Revs. H. W. Barnes and George Landon." At the close Miss Mary Ivison delivered the valedictory address.

The County Superintendents in order have been E. Guyer, C. R. Coburn, O. J. Chubbuck, A. A. Keeney, and J. A. Wilt.

A call having been issued by E. Guyer, County Superintendent, a number of teachers, and other friends of education, assembled at the Susquehanna Collegiate Institute, on Friday, January 5, 1855, and organized by electing Rev. James B. McWilliams president and P. D. Morrow secretary, *pro tem.*"

"After motion made and carried that an association be formed, to be called the Bradford County Teachers' Association, a committee was appointed consisting of Prof. C. R. Coburn, Rev. J. Hendricks, O. J. Chubbuck, Mrs. M. A. Dayton, and Miss C. A. Stockwell, to draft a constitution." * * * * * * *

After adopting a constitution and bylaws, the work of the first session consisted in the discussion of resolutions, with an address at the close by Rev. S. F. Colt, Subject, "The Teachers' Province, Mission, and Round." The first session adjourned to meet at Smithfield Friday, Feb. 23, 1855.

CHICAGO, April 15, 1878.

SIRS:—I send you the solution of problems given in the REPORTER of April 4th:

4th Problem. I have a plank 42½ feet long, 24 inches wide, and 3 inches thick. Required one of the sides of a cubic box that may be made from it.

Solution.—42½ ft. equals 507 ins. 507 ×24=12168 the number of square inches in lumber. Let x equal one of the dimensions of box. As the bottom and top of box cover the whole area of those sides, the area of them would be 2x square. As all the sides overlap the ends, the length of end would be x—6, and the area would be $x^2-12x+36$, of both ends $2x^2-24x+72$. As the two sides overlap the ends, and are themselves overlapped by the top and bottom, the length and breadth of one end are respectively x and x—6, the area is x^2-6x, of both sides $2x^2-12x$. The sum of the areas of the surfaces, is $2x_2+2x-12x+2x_2-24x+72=6x2-36x+72$.

To form an equation, $6x^2-36x+72=12168$.

Dividing by 6, $x^2-6x+12=2028$.

Transferring 12 to second member, $x^2-6x=2016$.

Completing square, $x^2-6x+9=2025$.

Extracting root, $x-3=45$.

x=48 in. or 4 ft.

A man agreed to saw 4 foot wood into 3 pieces, at 90 cents per cord. How much more should he receive to saw 8 foot wood into pieces of the same length.

Solution—As he makes two cuts in sawing 4 foot wood, and five cuts in sawing 8 foot wood, he would make four cuts in sawing 8 feet of 4 foot wood. Therefore he should receive ⅓ more, (⅓ of 90) or 22½ cents.

I have a garden 12 rods square. How many trees may be planted on it, each tree to be one rod apart and no nearer the fence than ½ a rod? As the trees are to be ½ a rod from the fence, the distance from the corner tree to the tree on the other corner on a line with the fence is 11 rods. We set the trees in diagonal rows, slanting to such a degree that any four adjacent trees will form a diamond, ½ of which forms an equilateral triangle. Counting straight across, we have seven rows of 12 trees each, and 6 rows of 11 trees each. *The total number being 150 trees.* From right to left the trees are 1 rod apart, and diagonally 1 rod apart.

Yours respectfully,
A CHICAGO SCHOOL BOY.

A GENTLEMAN from Tuscarora who wishes his name withheld, sent solutions and correct answers to the first and third problems published April 4th. A Chicago school-boy sends solutions to the same problems. We publish his letter. The answer to the third example, in the order in which he solves them, is 152 instead of 150. He will find if he sets the trees for the first four rods in squares, each tree one rod apart, and twelve trees in a row, and then sets the remaining nine rows so that the trees will occupy the relative positions to each other of the points of a diamond, that he will be able to get two more trees on his ground and still conform to the enunciation of the problem; 4 rows of 12 east=48. 5 rows of 12 each alternating with 4 of 11 each=60+44=104+the 48 from the first four rows=152:

New Advertisements.

HIE FOR THE WEST!

And the best thing in the West is

A HOME IN THE ARKANSAS VALLEY,

Through which runs the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R.

2,500,000 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE ON ELEVEN YEARS CREDIT WITH 7 1-2 PER CENT. INTEREST.

The abundance of excellent Water, in Springs and running Streams, combined with Cheap Land of Superior Quality and the Finest Climate in the World, make it the most desirable in the West.

Before locating elsewhere, apply for Circular Maps, &c., to

F. E. DOANE,
Agent Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe R. R.,
Canton, Penn'a.

Canton, Pa., May 2, 1878.

PASSAGE TICKETS

To and from Europe by

INMAN AND NATIONAL STEAMSHIPS.

Also,

FOREIGN DRAFTS IN ANY AMOUNT

For sale by

WM. S. VINCENT,
Main Street, Towanda, Pa.

NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS!!

MISSES SNELL & FARNHAM

Take pleasure in inviting their friends to call at their New Store,

A few doors north of Mercur Block,

And examine their stock of

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

Dress Making done. Prices to suit the times.

Straw Work and Bleaching a Specialty.

Towanda, Pa., April 11, 1878.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

The undersigned is doing

PLANING, MATCHING, AND RE-SAWING,

And all kinds of Planing-mill Work,

AWAY DOWN! DOWN!! DOWN!!!

So far you can't see it.

I have also on hand a large stock of

SASH AND DOORS,

Which I am selling at prices to suit the times.

WINDOW-BLINDS

Made promptly to order, at a low price, for CASH.

IF YOU WANT TO GET RICH QUICK,

Call and see my Goods and Prices.

Lumber brought here to be milled, will be kept under cover and perfectly dry until taken away. Good sheds for your horses, and a dry place to load.

L. B. RODGERS.

Towanda, Jan. 15, 1877.

Hotels.

EAGLE HOTEL,

(SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.)

This well-known house has been thoroughly renovated and repaired throughout, and the proprietor is now prepared to offer first-class accommodations to the public, on the most reasonable terms.

E. A. JENNINGS.

Towanda, Pa., May 2, 1878.

HENRY HOUSE,

(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,)

CORNER MAIN & WASHINGTON STREETS

TOWANDA, PA.

This large, commodious and elegantly-furnished house has just been opened to the traveling public. The proprietor has spared neither pains nor expense in making his hotel first-class in all its appointments, and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. MEALS AT ALL HOURS. Terms to suit the times. Large stable attached.

WM. HENRY, PROPRIETOR.

Towanda, June 7, '77-tf.

ELWELL HOUSE, TOWANDA, PA.,

JOHN SULLIVAN

Having leased this house, is now ready to accommodate the travelling public. No pains nor expense will be spared to give satisfaction to those who may give him a call.

☞North side of Public Sqr are, east of Mercur's new block.

EAGLE HOTEL,

TOWANDA, PA.

At the corner of Court and River-sts., directly in the vicinity and south of the Court House.

JOHN BURKE, PROPRIETOR.

The above house has been re-furnished and refitted, and is now open to the traveling public. The Bar will at all times be supplied with the best of liquors. Good stabling attached to the premises. Boarders by the day or week accommodated.

May 10, 1876.) JOHN BURKE.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL,

ULSTER, PA.

The undersigned having taken possession of the above hotel, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends and the public generally.

aug16-tf. M. A. FORREST.

SEELEY'S OYSTER BAY AND EUROPEAN HOUSE.—A few doors southof the Means House. Board by the day or week on reasonable terms. Warm meals served at all hours Oysters at wholesale and retail. feb1'77.

Miscellaneous.

A COURSE OF LECTURES,

—BY—

PROF. C. H. BOLLES.

ELECTRICITY—A SCIENTIFIC REPLY TO MANY INQUIRIES.

I am in receipt of many inquiries concerning my course of lectures and discovery in Electro-Therapeutics, and what I have new to teach.

EVIDENCE.

As many medical men (students of mine) and others in this city have for many years treated acute and chronic diseases with eminent success, and as I am the well-known discoverer of this reliable system, it seems only necessary to barely mention these lectures to secure a large class of students. Investigating minds are everywhere turning their attention to my great discovery in Electro-Therapeutics. To satisfy the growing demand for Electrical treatment medical men and a host of others ignorant of my discovery, have procured batteries for experimental purposes, but soon find that no positive success can be obtained from the application of Electricity except in harmony with my discovery of the Electrical Law of Polarization.

ALL THE SUCCESSFUL ELECTRICIANS IN PHILADELPHIA ARE MY STUDENTS.

Nearly forty years' careful investigation of Electrical phenomena, combining an extensive practice in this and other large cities, including every phrase and form of acute and chronic diseases, and constantly lecturing to medical students and others, has afforded me ample opportunities to put my discovery to the severest tests, both for myself and thousands of students. In all its various forms, and the results have been a complete victory in the most desperate cases after all other remedial means had failed; and these facts have been testified to by thousands of reliable persons in this and other cities whose certificates I now hold in my possession.

MY PROPOSITION TO ALL INTERESTED.

In view of the foregoing most important facts, I now propose to continue my lectures, and impart a complete knowledge of my important discovery and great experience in the therapeutic use of Electricity to all desiring a knowledge.

LECTURES.

The full course of lectures and private instruction, for both ladies and gentlemen, will embrace numerous most important topics relative to my great discovery, and its development as a reliable science—Electricity, as the controlling principle of cosmic relations connecting man with the material Universe. My great discovery of the law of Electrical Polarization, Ultimate Law of Attraction and Repulsion, Electro-Physiology, Electro-Pathology and Electro Diagnosis; and, lastly, the scientific application of the various modifications of Electricity for the successful diagnosis and treatment of diseased manifestations. This system admits of no doubt or uncertainty—no haphazard—no failure in any case.

Can this Discovery be comprehended by ordinary minds?

MOST CERTAINLY.

The instruction will be practical and every way free from all mystifying language, thus enabling the student at the completion of the lectures to comprehend my great discovery, and to diagnosis and successfully treat the most complicated diseases.

WHAT THE COMMUNITY NEED.

One Thousand Electricians of my *School* and taught at this (the first and only chartered Institution in this State and therefore the only Institution legally authorized to grant Diplomas,) are now needed in this City and State and will be furnished positions when desired. We have calls every day for students to fill responsible places in this practice.

Tickets can be obtained at the Institution or of M. J. Galloway, M. D.

Students wishing information concerning the Institute at Philadelphia, can obtain all such information from Mrs. W. H. Coverdale at her residence on Poplar St. Towanda, Pa.

The above lectures will be given at the Electropathic Institution by Prof. C. H. Bolles, No. 1230 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PROF. C. H. BOLLES,
1230 WALNUT STREET,
April 4. Philadelphia.

THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA

Presents a panoramic view of all human knowledge, as it exists at the present moment. It contains an *inexhaustible* fund of accurate and practical information on *every subject*, embracing Art and Science in all their branches, including—

Mechanics,	Mathematics,	Astronomy,
Philosophy,	*Chemistry*,	Physiology,
Geology,	Botany,	Zoology,
Light,	Heat,	Electricity,
Biography,	History,	Geography,
Agriculture,	Manufactures,	Commerce,
Law,	Medicine,	Theology,
Painting,	Music,	Sculpture,
Drawing,	Engraving,	Mosaic,
Education,	Language,	Literature,
Engineering,	Mining,	Metallurgy,
Trade,	Inventions,	Politics,
Products,	Political Economy,	Governments,
Finance,	Exports,	Imports,

The Armies, and Military Engines, of all ages, All the Industrial Arts and the Things of Common Life,

Practical Science, and General Literature.

In this great work, which, for purposes of reference, *is more valuable than a thousand volumes*, *all* can obtain the means of informing themselves on every subject in which they may be interested, thus gaining knowledge and ideas that will directly contribute to their business or professional success.

A saving of *ten cents per day* from luxuries or frivolities would buy a complete set of the Cyclopædia by a bimonthly order, thereby securing "a library of universal information" with *but little effort or sacrifice.*

The publishers would respectfully infor the public that this work is sold only by them and their agents, and in no case at less than the prices printed on this card.

The cost of this work to the publishers, exclusive of paper, printing, binding, exceeds $500,000.

The cost to purchasers is less than one cent *per page.*

CLOTH...per vol., $5.00 | LEATHER...per vol., $6.00
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D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
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Sept. 6, '77.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES Pleasure in calling the attention of his numerous patrons and the public generally, to the fact that he still continues a

GENERAL MARKET BUSINESS

At the OLD STAND of MYER & RUNDELL, in Carroll's Block, nearly opposite the Means House, and that he is prepared to furnish

SALT AND FRESH MEATS,
FRESH POULTRY,
VEGETABLES AND BERRIES

Of the very best quality, at as low rates as any other establishment.

June 1, 1876-tf C. M. MYER.

OUR COMBINED CATALOGUE FOR 1878.

—OF—

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To our customers of past years, and to all purchasers of our books, either GARDENING FOR PROFIT, PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE, or GARDENING FOR PLEASURE (price $1.50 each, prepaid, by mail.) To others, on receipt of 25c. Plain Plant or Seed Catalogue without Plate, free to all.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.
GREENSMEN, MARKET GARDENERS AND FLORISTS,
35 Cortland Street, New York

March 7, 1878, tf

WESTERN TICKETS.—Persons preparing to "Go West" can purchase tickets to all points South and West at as low rates as at any other office, and have baggage checked, by calling on me at the Wyalusing Depot.

W. H. KINTNER.

Wyalusing, March 21, '78*.

Clothing.

FAME.—In every community there are some men who become famous in some particular branch of trade. The history of

M. E. ROSENFIELD.

THE LEADING AND POPULAR

CLOTHIER!

Has enrolled his name on the roll of successful

ENTERPRISING MERCHANTS.

With his usual excellent taste and judgment Mr. Rosenfield has just opened an immense stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

Selected with the greatest care, and every article guaranteed

He is selling elegant

SPRING OVERCOATS

at prices placing them in the reach of all.

Dont buy anything in the clothing line until you have examined

ROSENFIELDS STOCK

If you do you will regret it.

April, 18th, 1878.

JACOB'S

Is now receiving his

Spring & Summer

STOCK OF

CLOTHING!

WHICH HAS NEVER BEEN EQUALLED BEFORE IN THIS MARKET,

Either for

Quality or Low Prices.

Every Article First-Class.

PLEASE CALL & EXAMINE BEFORE PURCHASING.

Patton's Block, Main-St.

Towanda, Pa., March 28, '78.

Coal and Lime.

HENRY MERCUR,

Dealer in

ANTHRACITE AND SULLIVAN ANTHRACITE

COAL,

CORNER PARK AND RIVER STREETS, TOWANDA,

Coal screened, and delivered to any part of the Boro', adding cartage to the above prices. ALL ORDERS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE CASH.

H. MERCUR.

Towanda, Jan 8, 1877.

COAL,

COAL,

COAL.

We keep on hand at our yard all sizes of Pittston and Wilkes Barre coal, and Loyal Sock coal, from the Sullivan County Mines. Also, Barclay Lump and Smith.

We keep the best quality of Lime, Hair and ment, Brick and Plaster, all of which we will at bottom prices.

PIERCE & SCOTT.

Towanda May 1st, 1876.

CHEAP COAL AND LIME.

From and after July 1, I will sell coal, lime, &c., for cash only, and the price list will be corrected monthly.

PRICE OF COAL FOR JULY, PER TON OF 2,000 LBS, AT THE YARD:

Pittston Stove, Chestnut and Furnace	$5 00
" Pea	2 50
Carbon Run Lump	4 00
" " Smith	3 00
Barclay Mountain Lump	3 00
" " Smith	2 75
Allentown Lime ⅌ bushel	27
Lath ⅌ M	2 25
Hair ⅌ bushel	40
Brick ⅌ M	10 00

I am always prepared to deliver purchases on short notice at the usual price of delivery.

I also tender my thanks to my many friends and customers for their very liberal patronage in the past and hope under the new departure to make it to their interest to continue to buy where they can get the best goods for the least money.

Those who are indebted to me will take notice that I must have money or I can't buy for cash and pay freights. They must settle by the first of August next.

Very Respectfully Yours,
J. H. PHINNY.

Towanda, July 1, 1878.

Hardware.

THE GRAPHIC

PARLOR STOVE,

FOR SALE AT

H. T. JUNE'S HARDWARE

STORE!

IN MERCUR BLOCK,

TOWANDA, PA.,

IS THE BEST IN USE.

Oct. 12-77.

Groceries and Provisions.

E. F. DITTRICH & CO.

New Firm,

NEW GOODS,

New Prices.

The above-named firm has just opened, at the old and well-known stand of C. D. PATCH,

A FULL LINE OF

Groceries and Provisions,

Wood, Willow and Stone Ware,

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,

which having been purchased since the recent heavy fall in prices, we are offering to our customers AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Our stock of goods is complete, and the best in the market. We respectfully invite the public to examine our goods and prices, and we are confident that they cannot be beat. All orders will receive prompt attention.

The highest market price paid for country produce.

E. F. DITTRICH & CO.

Towanda, March 7, 1878.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

We Keep Constantly on Hand a Full Stock of

Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Pork, Hams, Lard, Cheese, Raisins, Prunes, Oranges,

Lemons, Canned Fruit, Candy, Nuts, Dried Beef, Herring, Mackerel, Tobacco, Cigars, and everything in the grocery line.

☞ CASH PAID for desirable Country Produce.

Cakes always on hand. Orders for Parties, &c., promptly filled. BAKERY in connection with above, and Fresh Bread, Pies and

D. W. SCOTT & CO., Towanda, Pa. ONE DOOR NORTH OF WARD HOUSE.

D. W. SCOTT & CO.

DEALERS IN

STEVENS & LONG,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Dealers in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

GRAIN, &C.

Having a large and commodious store we are prepared at all times to carry a large stock.

CASH PAID FOR BUTTER,

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Or taken in exchange for goods, as lowest cash prices. Our long experience in the Grocery Trade gives us peculiar advantages in purchasing, and as we are not ambitious to make large profits, we flatter ourselves that we can offer

GREATER INDUCEMENTS TO

Buyers than any other establishment in Northern Pennsylvania.

STEVENS & LONG.

CORNER MAIN & BRIDGE ST.,

TOWANDA, PA.

may17.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

McCABE & EDWARDS,

Cash dealers in a kinds of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

ONE DOOR NORTH OF CODDING & RUSSELL

Towanda, July 22 '78

Furniture.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF FURNITURE TO BE SOLD IN THE NEXT NINETY DAYS!

In order to reduce our Stock before the close of the year, we have decided to offer our

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH,

DURING THE NEXT NINETY DAYS!

YOU WILL FIND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

WALNUT, CHESTNUT, ASH AND ENNAMELED CHAMBER SUITS,

IN EASTLAKE, FRENCH, GOTHIC AND MODERN STYLE.

PARLOR SUITS

IN HAIR CLOTH, TENY SATIN AND PLUSH

CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, TABLES, STANDS, BUREAUS, MATRESSES, SPRING BEDS, LOOKING GLASSES, &C., IN ENDLESS VARIETY,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD WAY DOWN FOR CASH ONLY BY THE MANUFACTURERS.

CALL AT THE OLD ESTABLISHMENT OF

J. O. FROST'S SONS,

MAIN STREET.

Oct. 12-77-3m.

A CHANGE IN THE BRIDGE STREET FURNITURE STORE!

The undersigned has purchased this establishment of J. S. Allyn & Co., and will keep a

FULL STOCK OF GOOD FURNITURE!

WHICH HE WILL SELL LOW!

Mr. ALLYN may still be found at the old place, and will have charge of the

UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT.

All funerals will be conducted in good taste, and the charges will be reasonable.

Careful attention will be given to

REPAIRING AND FRAME MAKING!

N. P. HICKS,

Successor to J. S. Allyn & Co.,

BRIDGE-ST., TOWANDA.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

W. A. ROCKWELL

Is receiving a new supply to his large stock of goods,

SUCH AS

SILVER PLATED WARE,

GOLD AND PLATED SETS AND RINGS,

CLOCKS,

And everything in the line, which will be sold at

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Please give us a call and examine our goods.

Repairing done at the shortest notice.

W. A. ROCKWELL.

Dec. 12, 1876

Musical Instruments.

TOWANDA MUSIC EMPORIUM!

Cor. Main and Pine-sts.

HOLMES & PASSAGE,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in all kinds of

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

AND

SHEET MUSIC,

Invite the public to an examination of their establishment.

The celebrated

MATHUSHEK PIANO

Continues to be the favorite with Musicians, and well sustains the high reputation earned. It is not necessary to go into any extended description of the instrument, as its merits will be apparent to all on examination.

We also have the agency for

GEORGE WOODS & CO.'S

PARLOR & VESTRY ORGANS.

These instruments are celebrated the world over for their remarkably pure and brilliant

QUALITY OF TONE!

Which is owing to their famous Combination Sole Stops: Aeoline, Vox Humana, Piano, all of which are separate and additional sets of Reeds and Bars, so arranged as to admit of an almost endless variety of orchestral effects and beautiful combinations.

THEIR EXTRAORDINARY POWER, ELEGANCE OF STYLE, AND THORO' CONSTRUCTION AND FINISH,

Among the many Patents owned and used by the above firm, are

SEPARATE SOLO SETS,
WOODS' OCTAVE COUPLER,
IMPROVED VALVES,
PATENT CASES,
PIANO ATTACHMENT,
AND BELLOWS.

We offer all our instruments at the lowest figures, and guarantee them just as represented. Don't be deceived by traveling agents, but come directly to headquarters, where you are sure of getting just what you bargain for.

HOLMES & PASSAGE.

Towanda, March 8, 1877.

During the Hard Times,

L. B. POWELL

OFFERS A NUMBER OF

SECOND-HAND

PIANOS AND ORGANS

AT

VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

6-Octave Rosewood Melodeons	$19.00
6-Octave Rosewood Melodeons	20.00
6-Octave Rosewood Melodeons, Piano-Case	35.00
6-Octave Portable Organs	35.00
8-Octave Black-Walnut, Double-Reed Organs	50.00
8-Octave Black-Walnut, Double-Reed Organs	65.00
8-Octave Double-Reed Organs, 4 Stops	75.00
6-Octave Mahogany Pianos	25.00
6½-Octave Rosewood Pianos	45.00
7-Octave Rosewood Pianos	80.00
7-Octave Rosewood Pianos, Carved Legs	150.00

WARRANTED ALL IN GOOD ORDER.

MR. POWELL IS THE GENERAL AGENT FOR THE

CHICKERING PIANOS

AND

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS,

which are the most reliable instruments of their class made, and which are now sold at prices that place them within the reach of all. A number of each, which have been rented, are offered at bargains. One Rosewood Chickering Piano, serpentine, carved leg and lyre, $300. One ditto, extra carvings, $350. One Mason & Hamlin Church Organ, with three sets of reeds, $100.

Pianos and Organs on easy monthly payments. Call on or address

L. B. POWELL,
115 Wyoming Avenue, Scranton, Pa.
Next to Republican Building.

Crockery Ware.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!

K. J. Madill

Has filled up the old store of O. A. Black with a full line of

CROCKERY,
CHINA, CHINA,
GLASSWARE!

CUTLERY,
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
STONEWARE!

BABY WAGONS,
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS, TOYS!

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS!

A great variety of

LAMPS, LANTERNS, CHIMNEYS!

A NEW DEPARTURE

Sewing Machines of the leading makes sold for Cash at store, at wonderfully low prices.

MACHINE NEEDLES & OIL

LADIES, GENTS AND CHILDREN

Are invited to look over our assortment, as we are determined to do all in our power to please. Remember the place,

"OLD CROCKERY STORE."

Towanda, May 10, 1877.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

If you wish to sell your

HAY, GRAIN, BUTTER & PRODUCE

generally for READY CASH, at the highest market rices call at

SMITH & PARK'S WYSAUKING, PA.,

where you will also find a well selected stock o goods, selling at bottom prices.

Wysauking, Sept. 20, 1877.

W. H. DODGE,

AT

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, TOWANDA, PA.

REPRESENTS

GIRARD FIRE INSURANCE CO., of Phila'a

AND

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. of Hartford.

Over $130,000 insurance on lives in Bradford Co.

Towanda, Pa., Feb. 1, 1877.

Railroads.

LEHIGH VALLY AND PA. & N. Y. RAIL ROADS.—Arrangement of Passenger Trains, to take effect Feb. 25, 1878.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	31	15	9	29
	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
Niagara Falls	....	2 05	7 20	....
Buffalo	....	2 50	8 00	....
Rochester	....	4 00	9 00	....
Auburn	....	5 23	....	....
Geneva	....	5 55	10 45	....
Ithaca	....	7 35	12 05	....
Owego	4 55	8 55	....	....
Elmira	5 20	9 00	1 35	8 50
Waverly	5 05	9 35	2 10	7 00
Sayre	6 15	9 45	2 20	7 10
Athens	6 20	9 50	2 15	7 20
Milan	6 30	....	2 25	7 30
Ulster	6 40	....	2 35	7 40
Towanda	6 55	10 25	2 50	8 00
Wyalusing	P.M.	....	3 00	8 10
Standingstone	....	....	3 05	8 20
Rummerfield	....	....	3 15	8 29
Frenchtown	....	....	3 20	8 39
Wyalusing	....	11 05	3 30	8 54
Laceyville	....	11 23	3 35	9 15
Skinner's Eddy	....	....	3 45	9 25
Meshoppen	....	11 40	4 15	9 44