Bradford Reporter

EDITORS:
E. O. GOODRICH. S. W. ALVORD.

Towanda, Thursday, August 15, 1872.

National Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. HENRY WILSON.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HON. ULYSSES MERCUR.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
GEN. HARRISON ALLEN.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
HON. GLENI W. SCOFIELD,
GEN. CHARLES ALBRIGHT,
GEN. LEMUEL TODD.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican Committee of Bradford County, at a meeting held on Friday, August 2, 1872, agreed to fix the following call:

The Republican voters of Bradford County are respectfully requested to assemble in their wards, townships, or boroughs, at such places as may be designated by the Committees of Vigilance hereby appointed for the several election districts for the township, year, on Saturday, the 24th day of August, 1872, to elect two delegates to represent them in the County Convention to be held at the COURT HOUSE in TOWANDA BOROUGH, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of AUGUST, 1872, at one o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be presented for the support of the electors of the county at the ensuing election. The committees of vigilance in each district the delegate elections specify that the meetings for the election of delegates shall be organized in the townships at 6 o'clock, p.m., and kept open until 8 o'clock, p.m., and in the boroughs at 7 o'clock, p.m., and kept open for one hour.

The following officers are to be nominated: One person in conjunction with the counties of Susquehanna, Montour, Sullivan, and Wyoming, for Congress.

Two persons, in conjunction with the counties of Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming, as Delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

Two persons to represent this county in the State Legislature.

One person for Sheriff.

One person for Prothonotary.

One person for Register and Recorder.

One person for County Commissioner.

One person for County Auditor.

One person for Coroner.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that the committee recommend that the legislative districts be constituted by ballot, as the most efficient method of securing a full and fair expression of the will of the electors in the choice of men who shall keep most earnestly in view upon the republicans of the several districts the importance of attending the primary meetings, and giving their scientific, fit and faithful, of proper persons to represent them in the County Convention.

Resolved, That the attention of the voters upon the Republican ticket at the election districts the importance of the most thorough local organization, and that the committee of vigilance should be formed at the election in each district in the county with the object of giving activity and in promoting the success of Grant and Wilson.

Resolved, That the persistent and concerted efforts of the Democratic party and their allies, who support Horace Greeley for President, to divert public attention from the important issues of the canvass to capture the most undeserved and grossly libelous character against General Grant and the Republican party, render it the more imperative that Republicans should be united, and concerted in their efforts to secure success both in the October and November elections.

The Committee of Vigilance for the ensuing year are as follows:

VIGILANCE COMMITTEES.

Athens—Russell Miller, Francis Kellogg, Ode Campbell.

Asylum—Henry Cooley, Jr., O. D. Field, Simeon Sherman.

Athens Township—N V Weller, H W Thomas, David Gardner.

Athens Borough—H C Hayes, John Carroll, Wm Franks.

Alba Township—James Reynolds, C S Wilson, C L Crandall.

Auburn—N P Mosely, J J Ayres, Isaac Eustis.

Canton—W J Hills, I. Putnam, Jr., Percival Bailey.

Burlington Township—J W Nichols, E D Rundell, R M Pursyne.

Burlington Borough—R R Phelps, R H Ely, Morris Vosburg.

Burlington West—Thos Whitehead, Thomas Blackwell, E E Lounsbury.

Columbia Borough—A B Williams, Mark Thompson, Calvin Brown.

Canton Township—J. H. Hadley, Daniel Innes, Dennis Mahan.

Franklin—H M Smith, D C Wolf, Alva Cornell.

Granville—Ira Hadley, Monroe McKee, James Cole.

Gillett—Nelson Sayles, John Sayles, William McHarg.

Herrick—J Bolles, C Bloss, D S Spencer.

Litchfield—Levi Palmer, Amos Harvey.

Leroy—A T Hagin, A D Mann, W H Carmer.

Monroe—J J Gorham, M H Gregory, D G Bailey.

Monroe Borough—H C Tracy, H W Rockwell, G L Mercur.

Orwell Township—H H Sweet, Abram Boyle, John Carrington.

Orwell—Silas Allen, W R Pickering, S A Chaffee.

Pike—John Matthews, Josiah Mitchell, W W Child.

Rome—A N Dean, M F H Davis, H A Rose.

Ridgebury—Charles Thompson, E Beckwith, Ward Mansfield.

Ridgebury Borough—P R Woodhurn, O F Young, Dan'l Vaughan.

Smithfield Township—Levi Towner, Wm Parks, L D Frank.

Smithfield—A J Tracy, E Chamberlain, John Birdsall, Jr.

Springfield—Theodore Wilder, Finley Hubbard, Wm Brown.

Sheshequin—M L Wilson, W H Moore, John E Gillette.

Sylvania—S H Arnold, Fancy Furman, O F Monroe.

Tuscarora—O D Kinney, George Blackman, Isaac Young.

Towanda Township—Jonathan Cole, Steven Myron Campbell.

Towanda Borough, First Ward—James Bryant, D. Cronin, Andrew Nolan.

Towanda Borough—Second Ward—James H Coleman, Jesse Wilson, Charles Finney.

Towanda Borough—Third Ward—James H Nevins, Wm Dietrich, W G Tracy.

Terry—Township—John Fox, W W Scovill, Mahlon Vanhorn.

Troy—North—Wm Smith, Guy Granger, Thomas Lloyd.

Troy—J T Salisbury, J J Spalding, R A Long.

Troy Borough—James Ward, Wm Simmis, George Dillon.

Ulster—W I Horton, Charles Thompson, Jonathan Cron.

Wyalusing—W Barnes, Wm Smith, Henry Ackley, William Mahaffey.

Wilmot—Geo Nordike, E H Minier, E W Nobles.

Wells—Nathan Vouse, Jerry D Kinney, D B Tripp.

Windham—Geo McCreight, Stephen Bostwick, Jerre Bowker.

Warren—James Fox, W Vanhan, N J Gaylord, M J Coolbaugh, Miles Shores, B E Whitney, G H Keeler, J A Roe, J H Brink.

Towanda—H H Ely, James Avery.

HOLCOMB.
JOHN PASSMORE,
A. W. INGHAM,
C. P. SAYLES,
ABRAHAM SNELL,
J. ALLEN,
WM. LEWIS,
A. C. ERISBIE,
JOHN VAN DYKE,
Committee.

GREELEY TRIBUNE SUBSCRIBERS.

Greeley organs are howling at a circular sent to the Postmasters of this County, by the Chairman of the County Committee requesting the names of subscribers to the *Weekly Tribune*. He has brought down upon his devoted head, all sorts of denunciation and malediction. His printed circular has been the occasion of the grossest misrepresentation, and the excuse for the vilest calumnies. The wrath of the Greeley organs shows how these parties attach important was the action of Mr. Holcomb. The Greeleyites are now building great expectations upon the supposed influence to be exerted by the *Tribune* in the Northern counties of the State. They understand perfectly well that it has no circulation here, amongst Republicans who subscribed and paid for the *Tribune* supposing it to be a Republican paper. Naturally, they are very malignant that any measures should be adopted, which look to a demonstration of the effect of fraudulently obtaining the *Tribune's* circulation.

Greeley is truly sensitive gentleman. He refused to accept the nomination of a party he had defrauded, and he refused to accept the nomination of a party which had been induced upon our Democratic friends by the Colonel knows how to eat his words

Tribune was intriguing with the Democrats for the Presidential nomination, the publisher of that paper was sending round a circular soliciting Republican aid to increase the circulation of his paper for the following reason:

"If you think, with us, that an increased circulation of the Tribune will conduce to the election of the Republican candidate for President we shall be glad to have you comply with our request, at an early day."

While the Republicans of Bradford were engaged in getting up clubs, agreeably to this request, GREELEY was bargaining with the Democratic leaders, that the tone of the *Tribune* should be changed. Its readers will remember how faithfully he carried out his compact with the Democrats, and how gradually but surely the *Tribune* changed from a Republican to a Democratic organ.

Relying upon the implied, if not positive pledge, in the circular of the publisher of the *Tribune*, at least *one thousand* Republicans in Bradford county, subscribed and paid for the *Tribune*, supposing they were to receive a Republican newspaper. Probably not fifty of the number could now be persuaded to subscribe for that paper. It is a serious question, how nearly this conduct on the part of the *Tribune* publisher comes within the purview of the statute for obtaining goods under false pretences. Even our neighbor of the *Argus*, when he whopped over to the Democracy, had the decency to refund the money to those who had subscribed to his paper, supposing they were to receive a Republican journal. Just why a publisher has a moral or legal right to make false representations in regard to the future course of his paper, in order to induce subscriptions, is one of those questions we shall leave to the defense of these modern reformers.

As the *Tribune* has apostatized and gone back on its promises, and its past professions, its subscribers in Bradford, find themselves without such a newspaper as they needed and supposed they had paid for. It is useless to apply to the publisher of the *Tribune* to make restitution of the money thus fraudulently obtained. Such a request would only subject the asker to being called a "horse thief, villian and liar." But partly to do justice to those who have paid their money for the *Tribune*, and to supply them with a sound and able city paper, arrangements have been made to send to each, the *Weekly N. Y. Times*. If our GREELEY friends see anything unlawful or horrible in that—they are welcome to express their indignation in their choicest phrases.

We intend no defence of Mr. HOLCOMB, because he needs none. His action was prompted by a desire to do justice to the swindled *Tribune* subscribers, and to promote the success of the Republican cause. The information he sought, and obtained, was legitimate, and the response of the Postmasters proper, and no violation of the secrets of their office, nor in contravention of their official duties.

SUMNER PORTRAYED.—Judge SCOFIELD, one of the candidates for Congress, at large, upon the Republican ticket, and who has served long enough in Congress to become well aquainted with Senator SUMNER, is credited with this delineation of that distinguished Senator's peculiarities of charactaer: "SUMNER has a fault; he is the greatest hater I ever knew. He will go for a philanthropic theory, he will do all he can to elevate the colored people, but he don't want anybody to contradict him. He got mad at WILLIAM PITT FESSENDEN, and wouldn't speak to him or to TRUMBULL or MR. WILSON, his own colleague. He wouldn't speak now to HANNIBAL HAMLIN, one of the mildest and cleverest men I ever knew, simply because one time when he had made a long speech on one side of a question, HAMLIN said: 'Ain't you soon going to sing the Doxology?' He don't speak to his own wife. He met Secretary FISH at a dinner party, and, although MR. FISH spoke twice to him, thinking that he had not heard him the first time, he paid no attention to him; and it was because he wouldn't speak to the Secretary and a large number of his colleagues on the Foreign Committee, the Senate refused to keep him on the Committee. That was the matter with him."

THE CONFEDERATE ARCHIVES.—Acting Secretary RICHARDSON, replying to an inquiry as to the reasons for purchasing the Confederate archives, writes an explanatory letter thatr has been published in New York. We copy from it the following paragraphs.

These papers contain the names of thousands of persons who have been in the service of the Confederate States, or had dealings with them, so that from their transactions they must be regarded as disloyal. Such contemporary written evidence, sometimes furnishing ample proof of disloyalty—at others, the means of investigating and ascertaining it—becomes very valuable, as in the lapse of time the death of witnesses and the unwillingness to give information against one's neighbors, make it extremely difficult for the Government to procure such proof.

"During the brief space of fifteen months in which the Commissioners of Claims have been examining claims against the Government, they have found the papers captured at Richmond, and now in the Treasury Department under the head of 'Rebel Archives,' of very great use."

☞ In April Col. MCCLURE declared himself in favor of Gen. HARTRANFT, but then he did not think BUCKALEW the man who fraudulently, took him Senator, would be the Democratic candidate. The Colonel knows how to eat his words

THE MEETING.

Agreeably with previous announcement, a GRANT and WILSON ratification meeting was held in this place on Tuesday. Owing to the busy season of the year the attendance was not large, but the best of feeling and great enthusiasm prevailed. The meeting was called to order by J. HOLCOMB chairman of the County Committee, when Hon. J. F. CHAMBERLIN was called to the Chair, and the following Vice Presidents and Secretaries elected:

Vice-Presidents—Hon. H. W. TRACY, F. F. FAIRCHILD, G. W. KINNEY, Dr. R. H. ELY, B. LAPORTE, J. W. POOLE, E. T. FOX, S. C. HARVEY, N. TIDD, N. PLATT, C. M. MANVILLE.

Secretaries—J. V. GEIGER, Wm. DAVIS.

After music by the LeRaysville Band, Gov. POLLOCK was introduced by the President in a few appropriate remarks. The Governor was received with great applause, and proceeded to deliver one of the most telling and convincing speeches we have ever listened to. He occupied about one hour and a half, and held the audiance spell bound throughout.

At the conclusion of the Governor's speech, Wm. P. DREW, Esq., who happened to be in the audiance, was invited to make some remarks The speaker proved to be anything but a "slow coach." He spoke for about twenty minutes, in a most eloquent and entertaining manner. Mr. DREW is personally acquainted with Gen. GRANT, and his refutation of the base standers against the President were received with hearty applause.

In the evening the Court House was again crowded. Gen. ALBRIGHT of Mauch Chunk was introduced, and spoke at some length, sketching the history of the democratic party, referring to its record during the war, and to the Republican party, as the party that saved the country. He was attentively listened to, and all who heard him were satisfied that the party acted wisely in placing him on the ticket for Congressman at Large. In the Lehigh region where the General is known personally, he is very popular and will receive a large vote. In the course of his speech he gave an account of the Fishing Creek Rebellion, in which Senator BUCKALEW, was the moving spirit. Gen. ALBRIGHT was detailed to disperese the friends of BUCKAKEW, who had combined to resist the draft.

Gen. ALBRIGHT was followed by Mr. DREW and Gov. POLLOCK in short but, interesting addresses.

Both Governor POLLOCK and Gen. ALBRIGHT effectually disposed of the slanders against Gen. HARTRANFT, and convinced every candid man that our State Ticket is entirely worthy of support and will be triumphantly elected.

The Band enlivened the occasion with patriotic and appropriate music. The meeting will have a good effect, which will be demonstrated in October.

☞ In reply to the insinuation in the *Argus* of last week, that we were employed to go to Harrisburg as a "private *emissary*" for the Railroad Company, to aid in the passage of the bill abandoning the canal, we enter a *clear and unequivocal denial*. No officer of the Railroad Company ever solicited our aid, nor in any way employed us to go to Harrisburg, and we never asked any member of the Legislature to vote for the bill. Can the *Argus* understand this, and will it retract? We will here say what we have never before uttered in these columns, that, as to the simple question of abandonment, we had no objection. If parties were injured by it, they should be equitably remunerated; but, as the *Argus* says, the railroad has superceded the canal.

Now as to Col. PIOLLET's connection with the passage of the bill, we distinctly charge that he did in Harrisburg advocate the passage of the bill, and that here at home, he has on sundry occasions, denounced the measures as a great outrage. Moreover, while, as we have said above we were not opposed personally to the bill, we permitted articles against it in the REPORTER.

☞ The *Argus* copies our denial that BANKS had come out for GREELEY and refers to the letter of that gentleman written several days after the REPORTER was issued, and thereupon brands us a liar. The *Argus* knows that we spoke truthfully when we said BANKS had not come out for GREELEY as that gentleman had published a card only a few days before the appearance of his letter, saying no one was authorized to commit him to the GREELEY party. Because he afterwards changed his mind and ate his own words, it does not follow that the REPORTER was untruthful in making the statement we did. But blackguardism seems to be the chief stock in trade of our neighbor.

☞ Hon. G. A. Grow is out at last in a letter declaring for GREELEY. Much as we regret the course of Grow for whom we have always entertained the highest regard, we do not believe he can carry any considerable number of his old friends in the Wilmot district with him in his apostacy. He is only repeating the history of SEWARD, CHASE, and others in allowing his personal grievances to carry him over to the enemy.

☞ In the beginning of the present campaign GREELEY republicans said of course they were not going to vote for a democrat, but now the party leaders say you must vote for BUCKALEW, or we can't elect GREELEY. How many former Republicans who vote for GREELEY will ever vote the Republican ticket again?

☞ Gold closed in New York on Wednesday evening at 114¼

A PROTEST.

To the Chairman of the Republican Committee of Bradford County:

The undersigned Republicans, members of a club of subscribers to the Weekly *New York Tribune*, made up at the Wyalusing post-office, in the month of December, 1871, and paid in advance for one year, take this method of protesting against the fraud which has been practiced upon us through the influence of the following circular issued by the *Tribune* publisher:

"NEW YORK TRIBUNE,
New York, Nov. 15, 1871.

DEAR SIR:—In view of the approaching Presidential election we are anxious to increase the circulation of the *Tribune*. Will you be kind enough to furnish us with the name of one good, active Republican at each post-office in your county, who would probably undertake to form a club for the *Weekly Tribune*, or increase the one already formed?

If you think with us that an increased circulation of the *Tribune will conduce to the election of the Republican candidate for President*, we shall be glad to have you comply with our request at an early day.

Very respectfully,
SAMUEL SINCLAIR,
Publisher."

The "one good active Republican" was found in Wyalusing to respond to the appeal of the above circular, and the *Tribune* took our money and has since basely betrayed the principles of the Republican party, and as we believe, its editor, Horace Greeley, was then plotting to become the candidate of the Democratic party for the Presidency.

We repudiate the new-found political principles of the *Tribune* and its apostate candidate for the Presidency against the hero who conquered the rebellion.

We are obliged for your efforts to secure for us a paper advocating Republican principles during the present campaign.

R. R. CLARK,	ANDREW FEE,	J. H. SWART,
A. E. LOSEY,	H. S. ACKLEY,	C. F. STEVENS,
S. C. GAYLORD,	A. J. LLOYD,	J. F. BLOCHER,
O.D. CHAMBERLIN,	M. STEVENS,	T. F. BROWN,
E. S. STORE,	U. S. SNOVER,	J. R. TAYLOR,
H. BARKER,	CHESTER GOODEL,	C. S. HOMET,
JUSTUS LEWIS,	J. E. VAUGHAN,	M. T. SLOTBY,
S. F. TAYLOR,	J. W. VAUGHAN,	J. K. EWELL,
D. C. SCOVELL	G.F. CHAMBERLAIN,	G. M. DIXBY.
J. G. STALFORD,	J. L. GAYLORD,	L.P. STAFORD.

A LETTER FROM CHESTER COUNTY.

COATESVILLE, Chester County, Pa.
July 31, 1872.

MR. EDITOR—

"Though sluggards deem it but a foolish chase
And marvel men should quit their easy chair
The toilsome way and long, long league to trace
Oh! there is sweetness in the mountain air,
And life that's that bloated case can never hope to share."

The western part of Chester county is fringed by a range of hills just high, wild and romantic enough to rouse to memory the above lines from Childe Harold. Although we are conscious that a much more picturesque and rugged country inspired the poet to give utterance to this idea, we are well satisfied from personal experience that driving over this comparatively wild yet beautiful country, in an open buggy, on a delightful summer morning, refreshed by a lively breeze after fifteen years of confinement to the school-room, the study and the office, is not only quite sufficient to enable one to recall every lively little thought he ever had, but is virtually transforming him, *mens et corpus*, from the dull, wearisome, life-corroding world to a terrestrial elysium.

This section of country is much inferior to Lancaster county. The land is rolling, in some parts hilly; the soil is thin and clayey compared with the Pequea Valley, and as a consequence the productions are lighter and the tillage more difficult. This year the crops are unusually poor owing to the cold snowless winter and the long severe drought of the summer. It looks almost cruel to see the corn stunted and shriveled and the meadows all brown and dusty for the want of rain, yet this is just the state of things in this locality. The people here are Anglo-Saxon and can unkerstand and be understood, which, to the business man, after traveling in Lancaster county, is a compensation in full for every other ill.

One noticeable feature is the excellent schoolhouses. Many new ones are in process of construction and those that are older are models of taste and completeness. They build here entirely of brick and stone. Generally locate the house in a pleasant grove; their grounds are amply sufficient for all legitimate sports; and out-houses and fences suffer for neither whitewash nor paint. Stability, convenience and cheerfulness are better secured in the school buildings of this part of Chester county than in any locality of the State we have visited. The people here seem to appreciate education and are generally more than ordinarily intelligent.

During the last three weeks we have been stopping at Coatesville, a town of about 2500 inhabitants, situated on the west branch of the Brandywine, at the intersection of the Pennsylvania and Wilmington and Reading railroads about thirty-seven miles from Philadelphia and thirty from Wilmington. The place has sprung up with all the thrift of a Western city and is growing with almost unexampled rapidity. In the arrangement of its streets, the elegance of its public and private buildings, the energy and enterprise of its business men, it is equaled by few and excelled by no town in the State. With two first class hotels, commodius public school buildings, a "Market House," excelled by no institution of the kind in the State outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, two woolen mills, an extensive tannery, three rolling mills and a paper manufactury, it is making rapid strides toward becoming the metropolis of Chester county.

Since the Baltimore Convention the all-absorbing topic of conversation is the nomination of Horace Greeley by the Democratic Party. Meet men where you may—in the field, at home, in the bar-room, or on the street, somewhere in the conversation will come up the marvelous political event. Without permitting party bias to influence us, as things now stand, judging we mean from Lancaster and Chester counties, there is great encouragement to hope for a triumph of Republicanism. Last year 2100 democrats in this county refused to attend election on account of the "New Departure" platform, and now that in addition to the "nigger" they are forced to swallow one of the greatest of "nigger emancipators, their curses are loud and deep. Unless a miracle even more wonderful than the nomination of the Philosopher of Chappaqua by the Democratic party, shall operate to melt the stony hearts of these straight-out Hunker petrifactions GRANT must walk over the course in Pennsylvania with an opposition too insignificant to notice. Here, at least, the historic gregariousness of the Democracy will be insufficient to overcome their aversion for a man whose principles always have been, and still are, diametrically opposed to their own most cherished convictions. Don't infer from this statement of facts that your correspondent is for GRANT—on the contrary he is very earnestly for GREELEY. But facts are facts, and any one who has mingled with the people of this locality will verify our statement—unless some great change occurs, two-thirds of the Democracy of Chester county will not attend the November election. As we are not a professional politician we can afford to state facts, regardless of their influence.

As to the State Ticket, things are looking better than two weeks ago. The dissatisfaction is confined to Governor and Auditor General, and is noticeably subsiding. There seems to be a growing determination to elect the *Whole Ticket* and then impeach and remove any man who betrays a public trust. Judge MERCUR will unquestionably run far ahead of his ticket, not only from the fact that he has the unanimous support of the Republicans, but because many Democrats are going to vote for him. To loyal and thoughtful men some of the decisions of Chief Justice THOMPSON can only be accounted for on the ground of imbecility or disloyalty Some Democrats cannot sid in any further mangling of the law or depreciation of the national credit. Besides the too evident bias of the Chief Justice in favor of the Whisky Ring, must cost him many votes among Temperance men. So far as the State Ticket is concerned, it is on the whole rapidly gaining ground and will unquestionably be endorsed by the people in October. That the people of Pennsylvania are ready to give the highest office in the State to as inveterate a coperhead as CHAS. R. BUCKALEW, it is impossible to believe. W.H.T.

☞ Does any candid man believe that BUCKALEW has changed his views since he was in Canada plotting treason with the rebel agents? Yet Republicans, who contemplated that act with horror, are expected to vote for him against Gen. HARTRANFT who was bravely fighting for his country, while BUCKALEW was giving aid and comfort to the rebels.

The First Gun!

North Carolina All Right

Republican Majority 1,500.

ENTIRE STATE TICKET ELECTED

THE MUSIC OF THE PINES.

So boys! a final bumper,
While we all in chorus chant—
"For next President we nominate
Our own ULYSSES GRANT!"
And if asked what State he hails from,
This our solo reply shall be,
"From near Appomattox Court House,
And its famous apple-tree!"
For 'twas there to our ULYSSES
That Lee gave up the fight—
Now, boys, "To GRANT for President,
And God defend the right!"

The Tidal Wave is Rolling.

YES, we've carried the news to "HIRAM,"
And he received it well,
While the same old smile lit up his face
As when *armed treason* fell:
Will you take the same to HORACE,
That the Old North State's "gone back"
On HORACE, the Philosopher,
Who is raising *beets* at Chappaquack?

The official returns from North Carolina show that the Republican State Ticket has been elected by majorities ranging from 1500 to 2000.

The Legislature is close, with a small democratic majority on joint ballot.

Three Republican Congressmen are elected—a gain of one.

BUCKALEW'S UNWORTHINESS.

The Pittsburg *Morning Mail* says: The evidence accumulates of the utter unworthiness of Charles R. Buckalew to be Governor of this loyal old Commonwealth. That he was heart and head in sympathy with the proslavery and rebellious Democracy of the South, during the desperate assault on the life of the nation, cannot be doubted for a moment by any one with sufficient intelligence to read and think for himself. It is already substantially proved that Buckalew is neither honest nor patriotic, and the appeal of his Democratic Liberal friends for votes, on the score that he is either of the above, is insulting to the intelligence of the patriotic citizens of Pennsylvania. Hartranft has proved himself, in the language of Colonel Forney (used on the fifth of June, one month after his nomination), both "a gallant soldier and an honest official." The base slanders of his enemies to the contrary have been repeatedly disproved, and their authors called upon to sustain them. But they know their falsity, and are prudently silent.

The Record of the Democratic Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania—Ex-Senator Buckalew in a Very Disreputable Light.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—In the examination of the rebel archives now in possession of the government, several documents have been found which establish beyond all doubt the fact that ex-Senator Buckalew, of Pennsylvania, was in correspondence with the rebel authorities during the rebellion, with a view to organize a determined resistance to further drafts in the North for men to help crush out the rebellion. Mr. Buckalew seems to have been engaged in the plot, together with other prominent Northern Democrats, (now active Greeley men), to help the Confederate cause by preventing President Lincoln from raising the troops desired. Several documents refer to certain letters received by the Confederate authorities from Mr. Buckalew in relation to this scheme, and active search is now being made among the archives for these letters, and it is believed that they will be found.

☞ The Germantown *Telegraph*, a non-partisan paper, says: "Outside of this city where we adunit Gen. HARTRANFT, if the election were held to-morrow, would be cut to some extent, but which grows less and less every day as the election approaches, we do not hear of any defection except in one or two counties, which will be more than made up by the votes of the Democratic soldiers in the war. There is no ground, however, for any opposition to Gen. HARTRANFT. His opponents have no public reasons for arraying themselves against him. Their reasons are private ones, by which they hope to reap some personal reward. Whenever they venture upon a specific charge against him it is at, once met and overthrown. They therefore confine themsives to general charges of unfitness, corruption, &c., which could be made of any man living; but the people see through the miserable conspiracy and will not be deluded or sold by any such dishonorable device."

☞ The total decrease of the debt since March 1st, 1872, has been $37,754,811 54, and the decrease since March 1st, 1869, has been $200,749,762 03.

Republicans should note carefully these figures. They provide indubitable evidence of an economy and wise management, which is sending the country rejoicing along the road of prosperity. It is Mr. GREELEY's boast that if elected President he will scatter the splendid gold and currency reserve in the Treasury. Without it as a check upon speculators and stock gamblers we should see gold again at a ruinous premium, and stocks of every kind far below par. The people of the country should not invite such disaster. It would be as fatal as war. Avert it by all means. Under Republican management the country is safe as it has been.

☞ The *Argus* and other GREELEY papers delight in declaring that the supporters of GRANT are all office holders. For every office holder who supports GRANT, we can point to a dozen of GREELEY's followers who expect appointments. When the champion office seeker gets to be President.

THE SUPREME JUDGE.

In an able article on the subject of the Supreme Judge, the Germantown *Telegraph* points out some of the reasons why Judge MERCUR should be chosen. Here in Bradford, where Mr. MERCUR is known, it is unnecessary to speak of his peculiar qualifications, as they are known and appreciated by all parties. The *Telegraph* says:

At the ensuing October election in the State of Pennsylvania a Justice of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth will be chosen to succeed Chief Justice Thompson, whose term of fifteen years will expire. Judge Thompson is a candidate for re-election, and the Republican candidate is Judge Ulysses Mercur, one of the ablest jurist, and best publicists generally that the Commonwealth has produced. Judge Thompson when elected was in the prime of life, and he is now advanced in years, and the chances are that even could he live to fill out another long term of fifteen years, which is doubtful, the most of it would be when he would no longer be possessed of the mental and bodily vigor to do justice to so arduous a post. When Judge Thompson was elected the entire bench was Democratic. The Whigs could not obtain a single seat on the bench, notwithstanding that the Democrats, who then so resolutely excluded them from all judicial posts, are now so clamorous to be allowed a representation themselves. And notwithstanding that the Republicans have ruled Pennsylvania since 1860 it has only within a few years been able to elect a majority of the Supreme Court. Now, if these judges did not carry their partizan views upon the bench the people generally would not care whether they were Democrats or Republicans, and we particularly would be glad thus to honor some of our Democratic friends. But unfortunately they did do so, and everybody knew beforehand that they would, and it was for that reason that the Democrats elected the whole bench and gave the Whigs no representation at all.

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The theory of our Government is that the people are the source of power. The powers of the Supreme Court, then, are derived from the people, and when that tribunal does wrong so seriously it may and should be overhauled for it. There is, then, no wrong in calling Judge Thompson to account for his decisions. The people being the highest Court of Appeals may review and reverse the erroneous decisions of their tribunals, and in Judge Thompson's case neither he nor his friends have any right to complain of it. He was chosen Judge by popular vote, and by the same authority he should be displaced. It is bad enough to have errors committed by a responsible Legislature, but to have legislation of an outrageous character performed or assumed by a body that has no legislative powers or authority whatever, is a usurpation that ought to be corrected and rebuked. It is a little extraordinary that men who pretend to be particularly strict constructionists with regard to the laws, organic and statute, should be able to find for themselves powers that the Constitution does not contain, and which have been continued purely on sufferance. In the case of the Supreme Court of the United States it has been submitted to simply because there was no power to appeal to, and the judges hold office for life. But in the case of our own Supreme Court there is a Court of Appeals—the people, the judges being elected for terms of fifteen years. We can review decisions and dismiss judges, and this we propose to do now. We in turn get rid of Black, Woodward, and Lewis for similar causes, and now we propose to overhaul Thompson.

BLAINE'S LETTER.—We would call attention to the letter of Speaker BLAINE, published in another column. We regard it as the ablest paper of the campaign on either side. Mr. SUMNER has published a reply, but it leaves untouched the main point of BLAINE'S argument—that it would be impossible for Mr. GREELEY, if elected, to control a Democratic Congress; and the constitutional amendments recently adopted can only be enforced by Coggressional legislation. There can be no doubt that if Greeley is elected Congress will be Democratic; and in that case, what is there to restrain the Southern States from making just such laws as they made under JOHNSON, which virtually remanded the colored man to bondage?

☞ GEN. HARTRANFT not only did his duty in the field, but he has shown marked ability in civil life. He took charge of the finances of the State in 1866, when the State debt was thirtyseven and a half millions, and our bonds sold at 88½. Now, the debt amounts to a little over twenty-eight millions, and our bonds are selling at 104 & 107. During his administration the State tax on real estate and personal occupations was taken off by the Legislature, as a result of the good management of Auditor General HARTRANFT. Citizens of Pennsylvania, should we not make such a first class Auditor General, the first office it covers us.

NORRISTOWN, Aug. 8.—A large and enthusiastic Hartranft meeting was held here last evning. A lengthy speech was made by Hon. James Pollock to over three thousand of the friends and neighbors of the Republican candidate for Governor, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. During the speech of the ex-Governor, he asked if any of General Hartranft's neighbors had ever heard or known of the General being charged with a dishonest or dishonorable act in the whole course of his life until he became a candidate for the Gubernatorial chair? The question was met by an unanimos cry of "Never! never!" There were great numbers of Democrats at the meeting, and the speeker was frequently interrupted by applause

☞ The Wilmington *Commercial* seems to be well acquainted with our candidate for Governor. It says

John Hartranft is not the man to be intimidated. He doesn't scare worth a cent. He led his men across the Antietam Bridge, under the murderous fire of the concealed riflemen of the enemy, and, though two previous attempts had failed his gallant brigade won the bridge! He is under fire now; some of the shots come from concealed marksmen; but he will win the fight! Mark the prediction!

☞ A little too thin—the claim of the *Argus* that Col. PIOLLET was the originator of the P. and N. Y. R. R. M. C. MERCUR Esq., and Col. WELLES first conceived the idea of building the road, and procured the charter. We believe the Colonel did originate one road which was to pass through every man's farm in the Eastern part of the County. How much money he invested in it may be ascertained by inquiring of W. H. MORGAN, the engineer.

☞ No true, consistent Republican will refuse to support HARTRANFT. All the vile slanders circulated against him are without foundation and have their origin in personal jealousy. If anyone doubts this he has only to examine the records.

☞ "We have got PIOLLET beaten," say the Herald. "I'll have to fall with them at times and nominate me," says the Colonel. "Oh, what a happy family.

WORKING FOR PAY.

They tell us in that future—
When GREELEY has beaten GRANT—
That every "Liberal" will get a "place"
Who loudly for HORACE chant.
And likewise every Democrat
Who takes the bitter pill,
Will get some little office—
Sure panacea for his ill—
That Vic will go to Congress—
"Brother GEORGE" out to Peru,
But the Post-Office at Towanda,
ASHMUN, that's reserved for you.
So Asmun tell us truly,
And tell it like a man—
Did'nt the Post-Office buy the *Argus*
To serve GREELEY and his clan?

☞ While Mr. SUMNER is advising the black men to vote with the GREELEY Democrats, his new allies in West Virginia are rallying all their forces to pass a constitutional amendment debarring negroes from the right to hold office. The colored men of the country know too well who their friends are to follow such teachings—even though they come from CHARLES SUMNER.

☞ Hon. W. W. KETCHAM and GEO. WHITE, the principle competitors of Gen. HARTRANFT for the Gubernatorial nomination, are out on the stump for their successful rival, in whom they recognize an able and honest man.

☞ The Democracy oppose GRANT, and their candidate, GREELEY is the great advocate of the one term principle, yet here in Pennsylvania they set up a man for Governor who has done nothing but hold office all his life.

☞ A GREELEY man whose persistent efforts for office for himself and family have made him notorious in this county, at Harrisburg and Washington, finds fault with GRANT for his nepotism.

☞ Why don't the *Argus* explain Col. PIOLLET's connection with the $100,000 bill snaked through the Legislature last winter, by his friend Senator RANDALL.

☞ Will the Democrats nominate GREELEY? He says his reason for leaving the Republican party is they never gave him anything.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a note, given by the undersigned to Solon Benjamin, for $100, the same has been paid. ROBERT BENJAMIN.
Asylum, Pa., August 5th, 1872.—w3

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—The accounts of Geo. L. Keeler, have been placed in the hands of Nathan Todd, Esq., for collection, and is to be paid by the 15th of August, costs will be made. IRA KEELER, Assignee.
August 1, 1872.—w

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a note given by the undersigned to Willson & Maxwell for five dollars, dated June 8, 1872, as I will not pay the same unless compelled by law. A. JONES.
Towanda, August 5, 1872.—w3

FARM FOR SALE.—Situate in Asylum township, about 3½ miles from Towanda, on Alles Hill, containing about 95 acres, more or less, 50 acres under improvement, good buildings, well watered and fenced. Plenty of all kinds of Fruit. Terms one third of purchase money will be required at time of sale, balance in six payments. For further particulars apply at the office of OVERTON & ELSBREE, Towanda, Pa.
August 5, 1872.

LERAYSVILLE ACADEMY.

REV. H. L. COCHRANE, A. M., Principal.
Mrs. Hannah Coleman, Assistant; Mrs. Sarah Vance, Teacher of Piano; Stephen Wilson Buck, Teacher of Penmanship. Fall term begins Aug. 12, 1872, and continues 12 weeks. Thorough instruction in common and higher branches. Board in families or in rooms at reasonable rates.
Tuition from $2 50 to $6 00. Instrumental Music with use of piano, $12 00. aug7-72w

BY DIRECTION OF THE PRESIDENT of the Towanda Building and Saving Fund Association, a special meeting of the stockholders will be held immediately after the next regular meeting of August 26th, to take action in regard to amending Article X. item of the By-Laws so as to read as follows, to wit: "Four and seven, and striking out the words "four and seven, and striking out the words "four and seven, and striking out the words "