Bradford Reporter

EDITORS:
E. O. GOODRICH. S. W. ALVORD.

Towanda, Thursday, April 18, 1872.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
ULYSSES MERCUR.
FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HARRISON ALLEN.
FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
HARRY WHITE,
LEMUEL TODD.

THE CONVENTION AND THE CANDIDATES.

In another column will be found the proceedings of the Republican State Convention which assembled in Harrisburg on Wednesday, the 10th, inst. The convention was more numerously attended by influential Republicans than any one ever before held in the State. The proceedings in the main were harmonious. The friends of the various candidates, pressed their claims, with vigor and sometimes with undue warmth, but a large majority of the delegates, seemed determined to put in nomination the strongest men, and the minority generally submitted to the will of the dominant party, with grace, and promised to the successful candidates their hearty support.

Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, the nominee for Governor, is well known throughout this State, having been twice unanimously nominated, and elected to the office of Auditor General, an office of but little less importance than the chief magistracy, and at the expiration of his second term was unanimously elected by the legislature to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. Stanton, until the next election. His record as a soldier made on numerous battle-fields is an honor to the Keystone State, and his management of the affairs of the Auditor General's office has stamped him as a man of marked ability, and unswerving integrity.

For Judge of the Supreme Court, Hon. ULYSSES MERCUR, of this county was nominated. Judge MERCUR is too well known in this section to require any notice from us. It was a source of real pride to his friends from this county to hear him spoken of by gentlemen from every part of the State, as the most popular man mentioned for the position. Judge MERCUR's record in Congress has won for him an enviable name throughout the State and we predict that he will receive the largest vote polled in Pennsylvania for many years.

His peculiar qualifications for the high office to which he has been nominated are acknowledged by all who know him, and his acquaintance reaches far out side this Commonwealth. The Northern Tier feels proud that she has been honored with a candidate, so worthy of the position, and the voters of the Wilmot district will show their appreciation, by rolling up a majority for the ticket this fall, such as we have not given for years.

Gen. HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren county, is the nominee for Auditor General. Gen. ALLEN was a brave soldier, and has represented his district in the State Senate for several years past. The press of the State generally speak of his nomination as a good one.

Hon. JOHN PASSMORE was placed upon the ticket for Presidential elector from this district, and N. C. ELSBREE and P. M. OSTERHOUT were selected delegates to the National Convention.

S. E. DIMMOCK, of Wayne county, was nominated for delegate at large to the Constitutional Convention, and Hon. W. H. JESSUP, of Susquehanna county, was nominated for Delegate at Large to the Philadelphia Convention.

Our limited space will not permit us to speak at length of the Convention and the candidates, but we shall do so hereafter. In the meantime, the Republicans of the county must arouse themselves and resolve to roll up an old fashioned majority. We *can* do it. Will we do it?

☞ The *Argus* of last week in speaking of the bill abandoning the canal, says it was passed through the influence of our members. The editor of the *Argus* knew the assertion to be utterly false, and only gave currency to it to bring Messrs. BUCK and DARTT into disfavor among those who were opposed to the measure, and to call attention away from his pet candidate Col. PIOLLET, who not only favored the abandonment of the canal, but lent himself to PETER HERDIC's scheme for dividing the county.

☞ Hon. P. G. VAN WINKLE, late U. S. Senator from West Virginia, died at his residence in Parkersburgh, Monday morning. The deceased took a very prominent part in the formation of West Virginia. He was one of the eight Republican members who voted against the impeachment of President JOHNSON.

☞ It is now learned that the Spanish government offers to release Dr. HOWARD as an act of friendship towards the United States government. At the same time they are not willing to admit that the least injustice has attached to their action in the trial and imprisonment of Dr. HOWARD.

☞ A Philadelphia grand jury Monday morning found a true bill against CHARLES A. DANA, of the New York *Sun*, for libel on WM. H. KEMBLE, ex-State Treasurer of Pennsylvania, in an article published in the *Sun* relative to the State [illegible].

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The Republican State Convention assembled in the Hall of the House of Representatives in Harrisburg, on Wednesday, April 10, and was called to order by the Chairman of the State Central Committee, Hon. RUSSELL ERRETT, at 12 o'clock.

The convention was one of the fullest ever held in the State, every district being represented. A large number of prominent Republicans from all sections of the State were present.

Hon. JAMES S. RUTAN was elected as temporary Chairman. On taking the chair he made a neat address which was loudly applauded.

On calling the list of delegates, it appeared that there were several contested seats; whereupon Col. E. OVERTON, of Bradford county, moved the appointment of a committee on contested seats.

The motion was agreed to, and Messrs. OVERTON, KAUFFMAN, BONHAM, COBURN, SHRIBLEY, SHYROCK, and HOFFLEY were appointed.

Lancaster county claimed two Senatorial delegates, and the Chair decided she was not entitled to more than one.

Mr. WILSON, of Centre, moved that a committee of one from each Senatorial district be appointed by the delegates from each Sentorial district to report permanent officers for the Convention. Agreed to.

Hon. WILLIAM B. MANN, of Philadelphia, offered a resolution that a committee of thirteen be appointed to report the candidates for fourteen delegates at large to the State Constitutional Convention. One or two short addresses were made against this motion. Upon a *viva voce* vote the result was very doubtful, but the chairman, the Hon. JAMES S. RUTAN, declared it adopted, and suppressed all cries for a division by vigorously rapping the gavel.

W. P. WILSON offered the following, which was declared agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of one from each Senatorial district be appointed by the delegations from each Senatorial district to report permanent officers of the convention.

Judge SHANNON offered a resolution for the selection of a committee on resolutions. Agreed to.

On motion, the delegates of the Pennsylvania Republican Association of Washington were admitted to seats in the convention, without the right to participate in the proceedings.

Hon. RUSSELL ERRETT offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed by the Chair to report an electoral ticket and list of delegates from the State to the Philadelphia Convention.

Considerable discussion was had over this resolution, and several amendments offered but the original resolution was finally declared adopted.

Mr. FRICK, delegate from Montour county, protested against the action of the convention on this subject.

At 2 o'clock the convention adjourned for one hour.

On re-assembling, the committee on permanent organization, made a report recommending the election of HOWARD F. REEDER, of Northampton county, as President, with one Vice President from each Senatorial district. The report was adopted unanimously. G. D. MONTANYE was one of the Vice Presidents.

Col. OVERTON, chairman of Committee on contested seats made a report, which was unanimously adopted.

On motion, the convention proceeded to the nomination of candidates.

For Governor, Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, W. W. KETCHAM, D. J. MORRELL were nominated.

On the first ballot Gen. HARTRANFT was nominated.

For Supreme Judge, several candidates were presented. Hon. ULYSSES MERCUR, of Bradford county, was nominated on the fourth ballot.

For Auditor General, Gen. HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren county, was nominated.

For Congressmen at large, Gen. HARRY WHITE and LEMUEL TODD were nominated.

Gens. HARTRANFT and ALLEN were then introduced and in neat and appropriate speeches, thanked the convention for the honor conferred in placing them in nomination, and pledged themselves to discharge their official duties with fidelity.

Judge MERCUR was not in Harrisburg during the sitting of the convention.

At the conclusion of the speeches of the candidates, the committee assigned for its selection reported the following electoral ticket, which was unanimously adopted:

AT LARGE.

Andolph E. Borie, Philadelphia.
John M. Thompson, Butler.

DISTRICTS.

First—Joseph A. Bonham, Philadelphia.
Second—Marcus A. Davis, Philadelphia.
Third—G. Morrison Coates, Philadelphia.
Fourth—Henry Bumm, Philadelphia.
Fith—Theodore L. Wilson, Philadelphia.
Sixth—John M. Broomall, Delaware.
Seventh—Francis Shroder, Lancaster.
Eighth—W. H. Richards, Montgomery.
Ninth—Edwin H. Green, Northumberland.
Tenth—Daniel K. Shoemaker, Carbon.
Eleventh—D. R. Miller, Schuylkill.
Twelfth—L. M. Morton, Northumberland.
Thirteenth—Theo. Strong, Luzerne.
Fourteenth—John Passmore, Bradford.
Fifteenth—D. D. Freeman, McKean.
Sixteenth—Jesse Merrill, Union.
Seventeenth—Henry W. Cady, Huntingdon.
Eighteenth—Robert Bell, Adams.
Nineteenth—Jos. M. Thompson, Fayette.
Twentieth—Isaac Frazer, York.
Twenty-first—George M. Andrews, Jefferson.
Twenty-second—Henry Lloyd, Alleghany.
Twenty-third—John J. Gillespie, Alleghany.
Twenty-four—James Patterson, Beaver.
Twenty-five—John W. Wallace, Lawrence.
Twenty-sixth—C. C. Boyd, Erie.

The following delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, were then selected, each being provided with alternates:

Morton McMichael and General H. H. Bingham, Philadelphia; T. F. W. White, Alleghany; M. S. Quay, Beaver; Robert Purvis (colored), Bucks; Gen. W. H. Jessup, Susquehanna; W. H. Koontz, Somerset; Samuel B. Dick, Crawford.

DISTRICTS.

First—James M. Kerns and James Gillingham.
Second—George W. Hall, John A. Shermer.
Third—Geo. Truman, Jr., and W. M. Bunn.
Fourth—Peter A. B. Widener and Charles T. Jones.
Fifth—John Barlow and Adam Albright.
Sixth—Josiah Jackson and Wm. Ward.
Seventh—[illegible]

Eighth—Samuel Frees and Wm. G. Moore.

Ninth—D. O. Hitner and G. C. Albright.

Tenth—Samuel E. Dimmick and John Williams.

Eleventh—W. R. [illegible] and W. Whitmore.

Twelfth—[illegible]

Thirteenth—Joseph A. [illegible] and E. D. Shoemaker.

Fourteenth—M. C. [illegible] and F. M. Osterhout.

Fifteenth—Robert M. Foresman and Jerome B. Butler.

Sixteenth—Edward Blanchard and David A. Wood.

Seventeenth—Thomas S. Johnston and C. T. Roberts.

Eighteenth—George B. Westling and Jeremiah Lynn.

Nineteenth—W. D. Rogers and Thomas F. Gallagher.

Twentieth—E. B. Brandt and W. H. Shibley.

Twenty-first—J. K. Thompson and A. G. Henry.

Twenty-second—M. S. Humphries and H. W. Oliver.

Twenty-third—James L. Graham and H. M. Long.

Twenty-fourth—C. McCandless and Alex. Wilson.

Twenty-fifth—A. B. McCartney and Geo. K. Anderson.

Twenty-sixth—C. M. Gilfillan and G. W. Scofield.

The following resolution was then adopted unanimously:

Resolved. That the delegation from this State are hereby instructed to cast the entire vote of the State for General Grant for the Presidency, and that on the question of the Vice Presidency they are instructed to act together for the best interests of the Republican party, and that upon all questions arising in said convention they cast the vote of this State as the majority of the delegates may direct.

The following delegates at large to the Constitutional Convention were reported and the nominations adopted:

William M. Merideth, of Philadelphia; J. Gillingham Fell, of Philadelphia; Wm. Lilly, of Carbon; Lin Bartholomew, of Schuylkill; H. N. McCallister, of Centre; Wm. H. Armstrong, of Lycoming; Wm. Davis, Luzerne. James L. Reynolds, Lancaster; Samuel E. Dimmock, Wayne; G. Lawrence, Washington; David N. White, Alleghany; W. H. Amey, Lehigh; John H. Walker, Erie.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which were enthusiastically adopted:

That we reaffirm our devotion to the principles of the Republican party, and our belief that the continued existence of that party is necessary to the maintenance and success of those principles. The grand and fundamental idea of the equality of all men in political rights is not professed by any other party, and can be sustained faithfully only by those who are sincerely committed to it.

That the adoption of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States has not been sufficiently acquiesced in by all to render certain and secure their permanent incorporation in that instrument, and hence the administration of the government can safely be intrusted only to that party which is heartily, and beyond question, committed to them, and the policy necessary to put them into successful operation.

That we are now, more than ever, called to sustain the policy of national protection to American industry. If the laborer is worthy of his hire, and a fair day's work entitles the worker to a fair day's pay, we must continue to throw the protecting arm of the government around those who toil for their daily bread. The protective policy alone makes labor contended and capital secure. It renders employment certain, and pay ample and satisfactory; whilst free trade means that our laborers and mechanics must either work for lower wages or that our factories should be closed through foreign competition, and the workingmen of the country deprived of employment.

That the public lands belong to the people, and should be reserved for the people. We, therefore, pronounce most decidedly against any further appropriation of the public lands in behalf of corporations or individuals. All lands not sold according to laws should be open to preemption and actual settlement.

That we demand a continued adherence to the policy hitherto pursued, under Republican auspices, in our State and in the nation, of a steady and gradual reduction of the public debt. The interests of the people require that the most rigid economy should be practiced in the administration of both the National and State governments, and that taxes should be reduced in both as rapidly as is consistent with the honorable maintenance of the public credit, and the certain extinguishment of the public debt.

That we are earnestly in favor of the earliest possible removal of the duties on tea and coffee, and urge the prompt passage of the bill for that purpose now before Congress.

That we heartily approve of the act of Gen. Grant in giving trial to the plan of civil reform. We demand that that, or any other that may be substituted in its place as better, shall have a fair and unembarrassed trial, that every effort shall be made to secure competent men for the public service, and that honesty and incorruptibility shall be deemed qualifications as essential as competency and intelligence.

That the Republican party has given full evidence during the past eleven years of its ability to administer the government honestly, faithfully and successfully. It has, within that time, maintained the honor of our National flag at home and abroad; preserved the Union from disruption and restored it in its integrity; secured to all classes and conditions of men the rights given to them by their Maker, and having proclaimed liberty throughout all the land, unto all the inhabitants thereof, has given to that proclamation the full effect to which it was entitled; and we therefore, in its name, claim for a people a continuance of their confidence, and fearlessly challenge their scrutiny into its act.

That we point with pride to the record of Gen. Grant's administration of the National Government. Not only has the weight of internal taxation been almost wholly removed from the people's shoulders, but three hundred millions of the national debt have been paid off—a result never before known by any other people under like circumstances, and for which we are indebted to the rigid honesty, strict economy and sterling integrity which the President has brought to the administration of national affairs.

That we present his name for renomination to the Presidency, confident that the people will again rally to the support of the man who so nobly fought their battles; who, under the guidance of Providence, brought the nation safely through its struggle to maintain its existence, and who has since so successfully administered the affairs of the government as to command general admiration, at home and abroad.

That we will stand by the government in the foreign policy so firmly marked out and adhered to by President Grant. The honor of the nation, we feel, is safe in his hands, and the flag under which he never suffered defeat, will not be dishonored while he is kept in the front.

That we congratulate the people of Pennsylvania on the final accomplishment of the call for a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of the State and we earnestly urge upon our friends to see that the delegates are chosen in their respective districts committed to the policy of incorporating in that instrument a clear and decisive prohibition of special legislation.

That we hereby declare our opposition to every effort to withdraw from the sinking fund of the Commonwealth, either by substitution, exchange or otherwise, any of the bonds, securities or moneys now pledged to it, and through it to the payment of the public debt of this Commonwealth, and our inflexible determination to preserve the same, inviolably, for these fulfillments of the Commonwealth's obligations.

That the oil producing, mining, lumbering and manufacturing interests of the State require protection from the efforts of dangerous combinations, and that such laws should be enacted by the General Assembly of this Commonwealth as will protect said interests, both in their development and the transportation of their productions to market.

That the thanks of our party are due to Governor John W. Geary, under whose lead our principles have twice been successfully vindicated in Pennsylvania; the State debt has been largely reduced during his administration: our soldiers' orphans have been carefully cherished and educated, and our laws have been efficiently and wisely enforced. Under the necessity of parting with him as Governor, in conformity with the Constitution of the State, Governor Geary carries with him in his retirement the heartful wishes of its people for his future prosperity and happiness.

That we present with peculiar pride and especial confidence of their success, the names of Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT for Governor, ULYSSUS MERCUR for Supreme Judge, Gen. HARRISON ALLEN for Auditor General, and the gentlemen this day named for delegates at large to the Constitutional Convention. They are all men worthy of an active and ardent support at the hands of the Republican party, and we call upon our friends throughout the State to rally as one man to secure their triumphant election.

That the President of this Convention, in connection with the candidates this day nominated for State officers, appoint the chairman and one Secretary of the State Central Committee, and that the State Committee be made up on the basis adopted last year and the two years preceeding.

☞ The following resolutions were unanimously adopted at a meeting of the German Republican Central Committee of New York. This action settles the question so far as our German fellow-citizens in the Empire State are concerned, and we think the example will be followed by their brethren throughout the country:

"*Resolved*, That the German Republicans of the city and county of New York, pledge their unqualified support to the candidate for the Presidency who will get the nomination by the next Republican National Convention."

"*Resolved*, That we endorse the present administration, and express confidence in its integrity and ability."

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11, 1872.

MR. EDITOR: According to the divisions of time adopted by the compilers of almanacs, spring has been some time with us, and our gratulations should have been uttered a month ago or more. But the truth is, spring lingered somewhere on her way rather too long to find us in a very amiable or complimentary mood. The weather at present, however, is delightful, the air pure and clear, "Dolly Varden's" blooming and gorgeous, vegitation is springing forth rapidly, and farmers are busily turning up to the rays of the sun, the white gravel surface of the barren looking land with which we are surrounded.

At the Capitol, the excitement over Sumner's resolution to investigate the sale of arms has quietly subsided, and the other investigations introduced with a view of making political capital out of them against the Administration, are drawing to a close.

The reckless charges of misconduct and incompetency, which have been by the opposition so loudly trumpeted over the whole country, proves to be entirely without foundation. They have traced fraud to no one. Corruption to no one. *They have in fact*, proved nothing; while the entire fabric of falsehood and misrepresentation which they erected, has fallen in ruins around them.

The ambitious plotters and conspirators who are waging a political warfare against the Republican party, and who purpose at Cincinnati to accomplish its destruction, may plainly read from the victories achieved in New Hampshire and Connecticut, that no portion of the Republican party can be led by any self-constituted leader or handful of leaders to an alliance with any faction of its enemies.

It is pretty generally conceded that the Cincinnati movement is fast losing its strength—if indeed it ever possessed any. Desperate efforts are being put forth to get assembled as great a crowd as possible. Free rides over rail roads, free lodgings and free whisky will doubtless bring together all the sore-heads, grumblers and opponents generally, who, assuming to be leaders, will find that they simply represent no one but themselves.

Joining hands with the rebels and copperheads, they will be allowed to vent their spleen, give expression to their animosities and recount their personal grievances in whatever way they may choose. They may, in their blind and unreasonable hatred of the President and his Administration, stultify themselves in every way possible and pass resolutions by the score. They may bolt, plot and intrigue; but the honest masses of the nation—quietly looking on—will not be deceived or allured to their support.

The prosperous condition of the country, the *steady decrease of* the national debt and of taxation, are stubborn facts which no amount of charges or false accusations, supported even by the most graceful *rhetoric* and most impassioned oratory can overcome.

On Monday of last week, the bill locating the Washington Depot of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad company on Sixth street, near Pennsylvania avenue, was passed in the House.

This road—now nearly completed—connects with the Northern Central at Baltimore, and will pass directly through or, *rather to* a certain extent under that city, avoiding the annoyance and delay experienced by a change of cars under the present arrangement.

When once in operation, it will not only be a great convenience to the traveling community, but it will open up a direct line of trade between the north and the south, and thus alleviate the expensive drawback of a reshipment at Baltimore.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company used every means within their power to defeat this rival road in their efforts to obtain a suitable site for their Depot.

Their opposition however, proved unavailing. The people of Washington, warned by their broken promises in the past, could not be induced to listen to propositions or promises of what would be done in the future. The power to burden the people with enormous taxes, is passing from their hands, not however without a desperate resistance upon their part as manifested by their friends in Congress. It was with much effort that Washington freed itself from the grasp of this powerful road, that so long and so persistently has taxed the people beyond all precedent.

The sight granted by Congress, is a part of the government ground now occupied as a canal, or rather what was once used as such; but for many years past has been a receptacle for old boats. And yet however, strange it may appear, there was not a *few who were* quite unwilling to part with this treasure of antiquity. An elegant structure for a depot, thronged and surrounded with business was in no way to be compared with this mile and a half of green scummed ditch-water; night soil and rotten fish, at least so reasoned our Baltimore friends who, with some unseen, but potent power, made many suddenly *feel how* great would be the benefits and advantages derived from retaining in their midst, this stagnant pool of malaria about to be numbered with the things of the past.

Yesterday, the House *bill* extending to January 30th, 1873, the time for filing claims for additional Bounty, under act of July 28th, 1866, was taken up by the Senate and passed.

The House bill providing for payment of one hundred dollars Bounty to each volunteer, non-commissioned officer, private, or artisan who enlisted prior to August 5th, 1861, and who was discharged by reason of disability before rendering two years service, was also taken up and passed.

On Monday last, Judge Mercur succeeded in having the rules of the House suspended for the purpose of introducing a bill to abolish that clause of the Internal Revenue laws, which provides for the allowance of a moiety to revenue *informers*. The bill was passed by a large majority, and has gone to the Senate for its concurrence.

The State ticket put in nomination by the Republican Convention held yesterday at Harrisburg, is very generally conceded to be a strong one. From the eminent qualifications, ability and integrity of the gentlemen nominated, it is admitted to be one which the entire party can cheerfully support.

Judge Mercur is receiving the congratulations of his many warm friends over his nomination; though at the same time, they express their regret at the prospect of Congress losing one of its most able and efficient workers.

M.

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, April 6, 1872.

MR. EDITOR: "What contrasts this world of ours presents!" Noonday and midnight, light and darkness are not more different than the material and more permanent changes that are constantly going on before our eyes. Only a century and a half ago, John Harris emigrated from Philadelphia to this place to estabish a trading post here in the wilderness.

Among the savages, he built a log cabin, and with his family lived long enough to prophesy that his pioneer efforts should result in fixing the future capital of the State.

To-day, 24,000 inhabitants are settled on the spot, and the modest dome of the Capitol fulfills his most sanguine inspiration.

Five years ago the traveler from Towanda, desirous of visiting the Capital of the Sate, must jolt over the tedious length of the rough and muddy road from our village, to Troy or Canton in one of those historic conveyances known as a "stage," and if he succeeded in "making the team," he might reasonably hope after enduring the rigorous ordeal of a ride on the N. C. R.R. to be put down in a well shaken-up condition, by half-past two the next morning, at Harrisburg.

Now he has merely to step aboard a comfortable coach of the L.V. R.R. at the depot *above* Towanda, and swiftly and smoothly by way of Allentown, for the moderate sum of $6 10, he is safely carried and politely handed out at this city in time to retire at half-past twelve. This change saves time, money, and fatigue; and hence to the traveler, is an advantage of no little moment—even though it has been purchased at the price of the North Branch Canal.

We arrived here just too late to see that pure, upright, and noble body of men in session, to whose catalogue of political crimes this *is the atrocious consummation*.

How the Pennsylvania Legislature can harmonize the abandonment of this public convenience and improvement with their duty to advance the material interests of the State, all who are at all acquainted with the rudimentary laws of business, will be puzzled to determine.

We learn that in entire harmony with this act of governmental homicide, they recklessly doubled the compensation of members of the respective select committees, voted the contestants of seats their salaries and expenses, and then conscientiously packed up their carpet bags and went home.

All the important public bills on the calendar including the one authorizing the election of delegates to a convention to revise the Constitution of the State, passed before adjournment. Messrs. [illegible] and [illegible] of our county for integrity and efficiency, are regarded as among the first members of the house. For the ability and persistency with which they have defended the rights of their constituents and endeavored to secure the interests of the State against the corrupt tools of our "Railroad kings," they deserve the thanks and confidence of their constituents and the *respect of every honest* citizen of the Commonwealth.

Democracy and corruption however, overpowered their best efforts, and the gigantic outrage swept through the Legislature like a whirlwind. This huge ruin-all is a heavy blow to the material progress of our section of the State, and serves as an additional argument in favor of *constitutional restrictions* against such atrocious legislation.

Let Bradford county beware in time, and send as her delegates to the Constitutional convention, men who are not only known as sound Republicans, but "like Cesar's wife above suspicion." I have heard little said about the Republican Convention to meet here on the 10th. inst. *What I have heard* however, inspires me to believe that the honorable and able record *of* Judge Mercur in Congress and on the Bench, insures him the *nomination for* the Supreme Court. We hope to attend the Convention, and will furnish your readers a resume of its proceedings.

Respectfully,
W. H. T.

A TELLING RECORD.

We subjoin for public information a list of thrilling "campaign speeches" made by General Hartranft during the eventful years 1861-2-3-4-5. What a glorious record of services rendered it presents. It is only necessary to glance at it to be convinced that the Republican Convention has selected a standard bearer worthy of the party—one whose name (coupled with his deeds) is *a tower of strength* which no Democratic thunder can shake. We have the "right man in the right place," and the word now is, "Advance!" Read the record:

First Bull Run July 21, 1861.
Roanoke Island, Feb. 8, 1862.
Newbern, N. C., March 14, 1862.
Second Bull Run, August 30, 1862.
South Mountain, September 14, '62.
Antietam, September 18, 1862.
Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862.
Vicksburg, July 4, 1863.
Jackson, Miss., July 10, 1863.
Campbell's Station, Tenn., November, 1863
Knoxville, November, 1863.
Wilderness, May 6, 1864.
Spottsylvania, May 12, 1864.
North Anna' May, 1864.
Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864.
Petersburg, June 17th and 18th, 1864.
Petersburg Mane, July 30, 1864.
Weldon R. R., August 19, 1864.
Ream's Station, August 23, 1864.
Poplar Spring Church, September 30, 1864.
Hatcher's Run.
Fort Steadman, March 25, 1865.
Richmond, April 2, 1865.

☞ The provisions of the soldier's homestead bill, recently enacted by Congress, are as follows: Every officer, soldier, sailor or marine who served in the war for a period exceeding ninety days, may, in settling upon the public lands, under the homestead laws, count the period of his service as a part of the five years' residence required to obtain a patent to one hundred and sixty acres. The actual residence on the land must be at least one year. Six months are allowed after the location of the land before the residence upon it must commence. Persons discharged for wounds or disability may have their whole period of enlistment counted. In case *of* the death *of a* person who would be entitled to the privileges of the act, his widow, if unmarried, or minor children, if the widow be married or dead, are entitled to its benefits. Any person to whom the bill gives the right to acquire land may have the same entered, and the required settlement and residence made by an agent. This is the most important feature of the bill, for a comparatively small numbers of soldiers will themselves become homestead settlers. The right to transfer their privileges to an agent will doubtless be of considerable advantage to them.

It is supposed that this bill will be largely instrumental in providing homes in the West for our soldiers. It is another evidence of the intention of the present Administration to deal justly and liberally with those "who bore the brunt of the battle." The bill has received the signature of the President and is now a law.

☞ Secretary Robeson, of the Navy Department, has been completely vindicated by the progress thus far made in the investigating of his department, and the committee making the inqury are anxious and ready to abandon it, conceding that his accusers have failed to make good a single charge alleged against him. This result is similar to that attained in the case of Mr. Boutwell of the Treasury, whose conduct lately underwent severe scrutiny, but who come out fully sustained. In the case of the War Department, in the arms' selling business, the proceedings show that there is not the slightest grounds on which to rest Schurz's allegations, and the committee investigating that business, will report against the accusers.

☞ A minister, nearly eighty years of age, now residing in one of the New England States, a man of extraordinary abilities and political acumen, writes of the leaders of the "bolting" movements as follows: "I think it a great pity that Charles Sumner, Horace Greeley and Lyman Trumbull, should so madly kick over all the good of their former lives. What a dreadful disease—moral disease, I mean—the Presidential itch is. It killed Webster, Clay and Fessenden (I mean morally and politically); yes, and poor Chase must be added; and now I think Sumner, Trumbull and Schurz are so far gone with the same disease, that the good of our nation requires that they should also *die* in the same sense.

—Gold closed in New York yesterday at 111½.

New Advertisements.

1872! SPRING! 1872

EVANS & HILDRETH

HAVE JUST OPENED

AN ENTIRE STOCK

OF NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

WHICH THEY ARE OFFERING

AT POPULAR PRICES!

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.

EVANS & HILDRETH.

BRIDGE STREET.

CAMP & NOBLE'S
Insurance Agency.

DURING A FINANCIAL CRISIS prudent business men put their trust in *Banks of undoubted solvency,* avoiding all *inexperienced, weak, reckless, and speculative concerns,* so during an eruption in the business of

FIRE INSURANCE

It becomes of vital importance to the insuring public that they put their trust in *time-honored, fire tested, wealthy corporations,* which deal in

UNDOUBTED SECURITY,

At a *fair rate of premium* rather than a *doubtful* article, offered at *whatever price the buyer will give.* *Bearing this in mind* we have recently reorganized our Insurance Agency, discontinuing our connection with some Companies and securing the agency of others of *greater age and more ample capital.*

Therefore it is with entire confidence we present the following list of Companies for the consideration of property owners and others, and solicit the patronage of all those desiring

INSURANCE OF ANY KIND:

IMPERIAL—Capital and Assets.........	$ 10,000,000
QUEEN— " "	10,000,000
AMERICAN— " "	1,133,000
ANDES— " "	1,723,694
TRIUMPH— " "	773,670
ORIENT— " "	500,000
WYOMING— " "	250,000
TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT.........	2,000,000
RAILWAY PASSENGER ASSURANCE CO.....	300,000

DAILY ACCIDENT TICKETS.

T. B. CAMP. }
A. J. NOBLE. } CAMP & NOBLE,
Towanda, March 20, 1872.—3m Agents.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
THOS. MUIR & Co.

Respectfully announce to the public in general, that they have opened a large and choice stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

corner Main and Franklin streets, Towanda, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest for

CASH!

You will always find TOM MEREDITH there, just as happy as ever, to wait upon all old customers and as many new ones as will favor them with a call.

THOS. MUIR. THOS. MUIR & CO.
THOS. MEREDITH. April, 11, 187.2

IN THE MATTER OF JESSE AYRES—Bankrupt. Western I istrict of Penna

IN BANKRUPTCY.

To whom it may concern—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Jesse Ayres, of the township of Wells, in the county of Bradford, and state of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon petition of his creditors by the District Court of said District. Dated at Towanda, April 16, 1872.

JOHN W. MIX, Assignee.

IN THE MATTER OF R. T. MARSHALL and W. K. Marshall, partners as Marshall Bros.,—Bankrupts.

For the Western District of Pennsylvania.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

To whom it may concern—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the firm of Marshall Bros. of the Borough of Towanda, in the county of Bradford and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon petition of his creditors by the District Court of said District.

Dated at Towanda, April 16, 1872.

E. A. OVERTON, Assignee.

Legal.

TREASURER'S SALE of Unseated Lands in Bradford county.

In pursuance of an Act of Assembly, passed the 13th day of March, 18[illegible], and other Acts of Assembly, will be exposed to public sale at the Commissioners' Office, in the Borough of Towanda, on the 2d Monday in June, A.D., 18[illegible], the tracts of unseated land described in the following list, unless the taxes and cost upon the same are paid before that time:

Acres.	*Warrantee Name.*	*Am't*
	ALBANY.	
107	Barron John Jr	2 40
93	Rush Moses	2 10
250	Wagner & Haines	5 63
	ASYLUM.	
134	McAffee Susan est	6 03
	BARCLAY.	
113	Cunningham D H	9 07
400	Hardy James	74 67
320	Hardy Andrew	59 73
400	Hardy Nathan	74 67
400	Hardy Simon	74 67
300	Ladley Andrew	24 00
400	Ladley Peter	64 00
330	Ladley Joseph	26 42
353	Stuart Walter	28 50
263	Stuart Deborah	21 22
400	Siddens Samuel	74 67
400	Siddens Joseph	74 67
335	Siddens Samuel	60 65
175	Siddens Peter	32 69
	LE ROY.	
200	Beck Henry	13 45
202	Bessee Frederick	15 60
402	Barron John	31 06
425	Pfeiler George P	32 86
154	Singer John	11 90
	MONROE TWP.	
400	Anderson Samuel	37 20
391	Anderson Joseph	36 34
181	Benner Jacob	16 80
195	Benner Jacob Jr	18 15
78	Castator Frederick	7 27
172	Ellis Marcy	16 00
400	Hampton Robert	37 20
50	Hopkins Robert	4 67
200	North Samuel	18 60
400	North James	37 20
400	North Peter	37 20
400	Shotts Peter	37 20
400	Shotts Frederick	37 20
400	Shotts George	37 20
280	Wallace Mary	26 04
100	Woodruff Hannah	9 30
400	Wilson William	37 20
200	Young Samuel	18 60
	OVERTON.	
174	Barnes James	25 41
343	Betz Henry	49 96
343	Betz John	49 96
343	Betz Joseph	49 96
343	Betz James	49 96
400	Byson Henry	58 20
300	Barnes Patrick	43 63
57	Cooley Henry	8 25
375	Cooley Samuel	54 82
400	Cooley Joshua	58 20
400	Castator Harman	58 20
400	Castator Joseph	58 20
342	Edge Peter	100 92
100	Ellis Marcy	14 55
257	Fritz John	37 44
86	Fritz John	12 53
343	Fritz Samuel	49 66
400	Hardy James	54 52
375	Hardy Henry	58 20
400	Hardy Samuel	58 20
396	Harris Ann	56 75
400	Hollingsworth Stephen	58 20
100	Ladley Andrew	14 55
375	Moore George	54 52
400	Moore Paul	58 20
393	Moore John	57 23
200	North Samuel	29 10
400	North Jonathan	58 20
400	Palmer Thomas	58 20
400	Seeley Henry	58 20
375	Seeley Jonathan	54 62
400	Seeley Peter	58 20
400	Seeley Joseph	58 20
225	Siddens Peter	32 70
75	Siddens James	10 95
298	Temple Peter	88 62
400	Temple Samuel	58 20
400	White James	58 20
180	Woodruff Hannah	26 88
	TUSCARORA.	
56	Field Henry	1 26
100	Hunt Job	2 25
35	Porter James	78
	TERRY.	
400	Baldwin Samuel	15 00
120	Baldwin Isaac	4 50
250	Bennett Rufus	9 38
200	Catlin Eli	7 50
250	Catlin Putnam	9 38
150	Cortright Cornelius	5 63
383	Cortright John	14 38
30	Davenport Daniel	1 13
144	Fell Jesse	5 40
96	Hollenback M's heirs	3 60
96	" "	3 60
97	" "	3 63
96	" "	3 60
99	" "	3 70
97	" "	3 63
97	" "	3 65
96	" "	3 60
192	" "	7 20
45	Ingham's heirs	1 70
231	Ross Elizabeth	8 68
220	Ross Lucy	8 25
50	Sherwood William	1 83
200	Thomas Nicholas	7 50
350	Thomas William	13 13
	WILMOT.	
140	Allen John	10 92
220	Butler Polly	17 16
216	Barrett Joel	16 75
49	Fish Jabez	3 85
89	Hibbard Hannah	6 97
75	Hollenback John	5 87
97½	Marsh Samuel	7 59
170	Sterling Samuel	13 27
70	Sterling Lucy	5 47
180	Sterling Samuel Jr	14 04
119	Welles C F	9 26
90	Welles C F	7 34

ALSO—In pursuance of the provisions of the Act of General Assembly, passed the 21th day of April, A.D., 1844, section 41st, at the same time and place will be exposed at public sale the tracts or parcels of land or real estate designated in the following list, unless the taxes due upon the same, and costs are paid before that time:

County Tax.	*Road Tax...*	*School Tax..*	*Year......*	*To Whom Assessed.*	*No. of Acres Assessed.*	*Am't of Tax.*
				ALBANY.		
69	88	1 00	1869	Beeman N D	50	69
98			....	Burns Patrick	65	98
75	1 50	1 80	....	Blackman Judson	70	4 05
60			....	Redden Michael	46	60
20			....	Shaffer George	h&l	20
45			....	Shaffer Jacob	40	45
98			1870	Burns Patrick	65	98
90			....	Nichols Isaac	60	90
75			....	Blackman Judson	70	75
98			....	Murphy Dennis	65	98
1 28			....	Farley James	85	1 28
50			....	Burdick William	45	50
				ARMENIA.		
2 02			1869	Ballard O P	2 02	2 02
60			....	Rockwel Elias	80	60
				ATHENS TWP.		
1 50			1869	Gardner L A	1 00	1 50
	84	1 92	....	McAsay Michael	50	2 76
	1 73	3 96	....	Sanderson Geo		5 79
3 41	2 38	5 45	1870	Welles Henry	75	11 24
	3 45	3 40	....	Gardner L A	1 00	6 85
	2 86	2 92	....	McAsa Michael	50	5 78
	8 83	6 45	....	Welles Henry S	75	15 28
				ASYLUM.		
1 24			1870	Kneller Charles	30	1 24
56			....	Vanderpool Samuel	15	56
56			....	Vanderpool David	25	58
				CANTON BOROUGH.		
75			1870	Champion H M	5 lots	75
				MONROE TOWNSHIP.		
40	40	64	1869	Ellis John	40	1 44
50	50	80	....	Ellis James	100	1 80
				OVERTON.		
40	2 40	1 52	1869	Barrett John	30	4 32
79	4 74	3 00	....	Frawley Timothy	60	8 43
1 08	8 19	5 78	....	Hinman & Park	108	15 05
3 58	21 45	13 59	....	Keene Sarah Ann	410	38 62
88			....	McCarty John B	86	88
75			....	Mahoney John	75	75
1 90	11 40	7 22	....	Madden Patrick	230	20 52
66	3 96	2 51	....	McDonald James	100	7 13
75			1870	Casey Thomas	100	75
1 08			....	Hinman & Park	282	1 08
3 20			....	Keene Sarah Ann	410	3 20
1 90			....	Madden Patrick	230	1 90
66			....	McDonald James	100	66
1 13			....	Towner Washington	100	1 13
				RIDGBURY.		
56			1870	Nichols E & G	7	56
				ROME TOWNSHIP.		
1 19			1869	Bennett George	48	1 19
				SMITHFIELD.		
45			1869	Satterlee Eunice	ho'se&lt	45
				SPRINGFIELD.		
25			....	Chaspel Usana	10	25
1 50			....	Redington G. F	50	1 50
				TOWANDA TOWNSHIP.		
51			1870	Northrup Thomas	15	51
				TROY BOROUGH.		
2 00			....	Merry C T	lot	2 00
				WINDHAM.		
51			1870	Carpenter Ezra	lot	51
15			....	Vandermark L	lot	15
25			....	Williams Mrs N	11	25
				WILMOT.		
36			1869	Beers Jerome	30	36
36			1870	Beers Jerome	30	36
2 25			....	Van Valkenberg Isaac & Smith S T	106	2 25
1 67			....	Welles C F est	135	1 60
2 40			....	Welles E J	200	2 40
2 40			....	Bertron Phoebe	3	11

N. B.—Notice is hereby given that an amount sufficient to pay taxes and cost will be required in every case when land is sold at the time of sale, and unless these terms are complied with the land will be again exposed to sale.

WILLIAM BUNYAN, Treasurer.
Treasurer's Office, March 26, 1872.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE!

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, Assessor of the 13th District of Pennsylvania, will hold Courts of Appeal, for the Correction of Erroneous Assessments, at his office in BLOOMSBURG, Columbia County, on

FRIDAY, APRIL 19TH, 1872.

All appeals must be in writing, and should specify the particular cause, matter, or thing, respecting which a decision is requested, and shall state the ground or principle of error complained of. Appeals may be made at the office of the Assessor at any time previous to the days above fixed for hearing appeals. If any persons liable to Income Tax, have not yet reported, they are hereby notified to do so at once or become liable to the penalty. It is the duty of every one, amenable to the law, to seek the Assessor of his District and make his return.

SAMUEL KNORR,
Assessor 13th District, Pa.
Assessor's Office, Bloomsburg, March 24, 1872.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the estate of CALVIN STONE late of Herrick deceased, are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against said estate must present them duly authenticated for settlement.

BETSY STONE.
Mar.27,'72. Adm'rix, with will annexed.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of HARRY STROPE, late of Wysox, deceased, must make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate must present them duly authenticated for settlement.

A. J. NOBLE,
Mar.13'1872 Administrator.

New Advertisements.

F. G. MORROW, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, LeRaysville, Pa., offers his professional services to the public. Office and residence one door north of the Mansion House.—apl18'72 1y

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FOR SALE OR FOR RENT.—A House nearly new, good cellar, kitchen, sitting room, two bed rooms and pantry on ground floor. Parlor chamber, and four bed rooms in chamber. New barn. Lot contains half an acre.

For further particulars inquire of Dr. V. HOMET, Camptown, Pa. April 18, 1872.

SEED OATS FOR SALE.—About 80 bushels of a prime quality. Seed obtained from Patent Office. Will be sold at $1 per bushel. Enquire of J. F. WOODRUFF, w3* Monroe twp.

ACKER SMITH.—Whitewasher and Calcsminer. will attend promptly to all work entrusted to him, and guarantee satisfaction in all cases. Orders left at Wilsons barber shop on Main street, will receive prompt attention.

Towanda, April 11,'72

BOOTS AND HARNESS.—After this date I will sell Boots of my own and others make, for cash, as low as any other establishment in these parts. Also a few set of double and single Harness, made of oak stock, that I will sell low for cash or approved notes.

E. R. BROWN.
Orwell, April 15, 1872.—3w*

NOTICE.—IS HEREBY GIVEN to the tax payers of Towanda Borough that an application will be made to the next Court of Common Pleas for the county of Bradford, to authorize the School Directors of said Borough, to borrow a sum of money not exceeding *Ten Thousand Dollars* for the purpose of building a School House in the second Ward of said Borough.

P. D. MORROW, President.
April 9, '72. JAY CHAPEL, Secretary.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

IN CASH, PAID FOR

GRAIN, BUTTER AND EGGS,

BY

GEORGE SMITH,

WYSAUKING, PA.

April 18, 1872.

TO THE LOVERS OF FINE HORSES.—The Hambletonian Stallions, "RISINGHAM," by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, "BONNER," by Risingham, and the celebrated star horse "IDAHO," by old American Star, will stand during the season, as follows: At Montrose, May 7th, 21st and June 4th and 18th; at Great Bend, May 8, 22, June 5 and 19; at Binghamton, May 9, 23, June 6 and 20; Owego, May 10, 24, June 7 and 21; Athens, May 11, 25; June 8 and 22; Towanda, May 13, 27, June 10, 24; Laceyville, May 14, 28, June 11, 25; Tunkhannock, May 15, 16, 29, 30 and June 12, 13, 26 27; at home, on the farm of the proprietors near Fleetville, Luzerne county, Pa., the remainder of the time.

J. & A. WELLS,
April 18. Proprietors.

MISS GRIFFIN'S
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

STILL IN OPERATION!

MISS GRIFFIN returns her thanks to the ladies of Towanda and vicinity for the liberal patronage *heretofore extended to her,* and begs leave to call attention to her

NEW STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS!

Just received, which she is offering at the lowest rates. Towanda, April 18, 1872.

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF BRADFORD COUNTY.—GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the 43d section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention at the Court House in Towanda, on the first TUESDAY in MAY, A. D. 1872, being the 7th day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same, and certify the result to the State Superintendent at Harrisburg, as required by the 39th and 40th sections of said Act.

A. A. KEENEY,
County Superintendent of Bradford County
Towanda, Pa., April 12, 1872.

DR. O. D. STILES

having purchased

THE DRUG STORE

OF L. A. RIDGWAY, IN ROME, PA.,

Has now in stock and is constantly recieving fresh supplies of pure Drugs and Medicines, Dyes, Paints, Varnishes, &c. Agent for all the most popular Patent Medicines. A fresh supply of the celebrated

VINEGAR BITTERS.

Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes; best brands of Cigars and Tobacco; choice Perfumery, toilet and fancy articles, flavoring extracts, &c.

School books, stationery, and news dealers supplied with stationery at low prices. All miscellaneous books furnished to order at publishers' prices.

The Doctor will continue to practice medicine as heretofore. Office at the Drug Store; residence opposite Presbyterian church. Prescriptions and receipts accurately compounded at all hours by a competent clerk. [April 18, 1872.

THE HIGH-BRED HAMBLETONIAN TROTTING STALLION

TOWANDA,

will stand for a limited number approved mares, at the barns of the subscriber, at

TOWANDA, PENN'A.

"TOWANDA" sire Ah-Wa-Ga Chief by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, by old Abdallah, he by Mambrino by imported Messenger. Hambletonian dam was the Chas. Hunt mare by imported Bellfounder, grand dam by old One-Eye, by old Hambletonian, and he by imported Messenger, and his dam also by imported Messenger, and the dam of old One-Eye was by imported Messenger. "TOWANDA'S" dam Vermont Black Hawk, he by Hill's Vermont Blackhawk, foaled in 1833, and he by Sherman's Morgan; his dam raised in New Brunswick, and represented as a half-bred English mare bred by Wingate Twombly, N. H., and sold to Benj. Thurston, Lowell, Mass. 1838, and to David Hill, Bridgeport, Vt. 1844; in his possession acquired great favor. This horse got more high priced colts than any horse of his day. He died Nov. 1856; he was the sire of Ethan Allen, and grand sire of the dam of "TOWANDA." One black pastern behind, black points, dark bay, 15 hands 3 inches high, 5 years old in July. He is one of the most remarkable animals this country has produced. He is beautiful, blood-like, of great strength, and action perfect. He is in close proximity to two of the most noted stallions in this nation, Hambletonian and Ethen Allen; and as the sires of trotters, these two great horses stand far above competition in this or any past generation. A better infusion of blood is not in the American horse than in "TOWANDA." He is a most fortunate cross. He bids fair for a brilliant future in all respects. He is a success, and true merit will be appreciated by candid judicious men. We have arrived at a period when mere stilted gabble about the horse is of but little account, and anything of value in his history or breeding, cost labor, long research, thought and money. The "American Trotting Register," which contains all that is known of the pedigrees of trotting horses, their ancestors and descendants, with a record of all published performances in which a mile was trotted or paced in 2:40 or less, from the earliest dates till the close of 1868, and full record of the performances of 1869-70, giving complete summaries of over 6,000 contests, with an introductory essay on the true origin of the American Trotter. This is a good thing. False pedigrees are quite too common. This work shuts out imposition in a great degree. J. H. Wallace, the compiler of the "American Stud Book and Trotter," gives a better intelligent History of the Horse than any other.

"TOWANDA" will be shown in harness to those who think of patronizing him, between the hours of five and eight o'clock, a. m., on pleasant week days. His style and fine trotting action when trained, will surely make his own character. The closest scrutiny brings the man to his true name: so it is with all things on earth.

TERMS:

One hundred dollars to insure; twenty-five dollars at time of service, which will not be refunded in any event, and seventy-five dollars when proven in foal. Best care taken of mares on reasonable terms. All accidents and escapes at owners' risk. All mares must be left or brought to the stable when desired. Mares not proven in foal, can be returned next season, free of charge.

SEASON.—First of April to July first. Fall Season First of September to December first.

JOHN D. MONTANYE,
Towanda, Pa., April 15, 1872.

CHANGE IS INDELIBLY STAMPED ON EVERY THING.

Wolff Bros.

Have purchased the Stock of Clothing of

ROSENFIELD & WOLF,

One door South of FOX & MERCUR'S, and hereby

GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE

that they will offer greater inducements to cash buyers, than any other establishment in

BRADFORD COUNTY,

Being thoroughly posted in every branch of the business, they feel perfectly confident that they can make it to the interest of all

TO PURCHASE OF THEM.

Their Stock of goods comprises goods of all grades, from the finest to the coarsest, and manufactured by the best establishments in the country,

Give us a call.

JULIUS WOLF,
WM. WOLF.

Towanda, March 12, 1872.

COAL AT WYALUSING! The undersigned have on hand, and intend to keep, a supply of Sullivan Anthracite, Barclay, and hard Anthracite Coal of the various sizes.

Sept. 25, 1871. G. M. WELLES & CO.

Miscellaneous.

TOWANDA MARKETS
WHOLESALE PRICES.

Corrected every Wednesday, by C. B. PATCH subject to changes daily.

Wheat, ₩ bush.........	$1 40 @ 1 60
Rye, ₩ bush.........	
Buckwheat, ₩ bush.........	80
Corn, ₩ bush.........	65
Oats, ₩ bush.........	75
Beans, ₩ bush.........	45
Butter (rolls) ₩ lb.........	@ 1 80
do (dairy,) ₩ lb new.........	@ 32
Eggs, ₩ doz.........	@ 24
Potatoes, ₩ bush.........	20
Flour, ₩ barrel.........	38
Onions, ₩ bush.........	8 00 @ 10 00

WEIGHTS OF GRAIN.—Wheat 60 lb.; Corn 56 lbs.; Rye 56 lbs.; Oats 32 lbs.; Barley 46 lbs.; Buckwheat 48 lbs.; Beans 62 lbs.; Bran 20 lbs.; Clover Seed 60 lbs.; Timothy Seed 44 lbs.; Dried Peaches 33 lbs.; Dried Apples 22 lbs.. Flax Seed 50 lbs. 75

PRICE LIST—CASCADE MILLS.

Flour, best Winter wheat, pr. sack.........	$2 00
" " " " hundred lbs.........	4 00
" " " " barrel.........	8 00

Custom grinding usually done at once, as the capacity of the mill is sufficient for a large amount of work.

Camptown, July 23, 1870. H. B. INGHAM.

CENTRAL COAL YARD,

R. M. WELLES, Proprietor.

Until further notice prices at yard are, per net ton of 2000 pounds:

ANTHRACITE COAL,

Egg, or No. 2.........	$4 00
Stove, or Nos. 3 and 4.........	$5 00
Nut, or No. 5.........	$4 75

SULLIVAN ANTHRACITE COAL.

Broken.........	$4 00
Large Stove.........	$4 00
Small Stove.........	$4 00
Nut.........	$4 00
	$3 25

The following additional charges will be made for delivering coal within the borough limits:

Per ton.......50 cts.	Extra for carrying in		50 cts
Half ton......35 "	" "		" 25 "
Quarter ton...25 "	" "		" 25 "

☞ Leave Orders at my Coal Office, No. 3, Mercurs New Block, south side, or at Dr. H. C. Porter Son & Co.'s Drug Store.

☞ Orders must in all case be accompanied the cash.

Towanda, Feb. 1,'72. R. M. WELLES.

TOWANDA COAL YARD.

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COALS.

The undersigned, having leased the Coal Yard Dock at the old "Barclay Basin," and just completed a large Coal-house and Office upon the premises, are now prepared to *furnish* the citizens of Towanda and vicinity with the different kinds and sizes of the above named coals upon the most reasonable terms in any quantity desired. Prices at the Yard until further notice per net ton of 2000 pounds:

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Egg, or No. 2,.........	$5 00
Stove, or Nos. 3 and 4.........	5 00
Nut or No. 5.........	4 75

SULLIVAN ANTHRACITE COAL.

Broken.........	4 00
Large Stove.........	4 00
Small Stove.........	4 00
Nut.........	3 25
"Barclay" Lump.........	4 00
" Run of Mines.........	4 00
" Fine, or Blacksmith.........	3 50

The following additional charges will be made for delivering Coal within the borough limits:

Per Ton...50 cents.	Extra for carrying in,				50 cents.
Half Ton..35 "	"	"	"	"	25 "
Qr. Ton...25 "	"	"	"	"	25 "

☞ Orders may be left at the Yard, corner of Rail road and Elizabeth Street, or at Porter & Kirby Drug Store.

☞ Orders must in all cases be accompanied with the cash. WARD & MONTANYE.

Towanda, Feb. 1., 1872—tf.

CODDING RUSSELL & CO.,

TOWANDA, PA.

Would say that notwithstading the rise in prices of many goods, that they continue to keep their usual stock of IRON, STEEL, TINWARE &C., and will sell at close prices for ready pay. The MERRY CHRISTMAS with iron copper-lined reservoir and patent slide, allowing steam to pass into the smoke pipe, finds favor wherever tried. We have also the

New Empire, Young Empire,
American, Hot Blast,
National, Union,
Tribune, Queen,
Wide World, Excelsior Range

We continue to pipe houses for gas, and to do all kinds of plumbing. Lead and Copper work as well as general Tin and Sheet-iron jobbing on short notice.

Dexter Feed Cutters, National Feed Cutters and
Chaffees Feed Cutters.
Corn Shellers, Churn Powers,
Clothes Wringers, Baby Wagons.

To Carriage makers we would offer

Felloes, Spokes, Wheels.
Patent Wheels, Thills, Tongues
Hubs, Trimmings, Pipe Boxes

We are always headquarters for all kinds of

Knives and Forks, Razors,
Pocket knives, Strops,
Spoons, Scissors,
Plated ware, Lamps and Chimneys,
Leather Belting, Rotary Force Pump
Babbitt Metal, Hay
Lath, Twine,
Fairbanks Scales, Saws,
Wheelbarrows, Shovels,
Picks, Guns,
Revolvers, Pistols,
Catridges.

Call and see us when you wish to buy.

CODDING RUSSELL & CO.
Feb. 22, 1872.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring Gray or Faded Hair to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical Hair Dressing ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M. D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the Best Preparation for its intended purposes."

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PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
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Dr. H. C. PORTER, SON & CO., Wholesale Agents Towanda, Pa., and for sale by dealers throughout the county.

Dec. 7, 1871.—1yeow.

Samuel Powell, Son & Co., have secured from New York a lady Hair Dresser, and will be pleased to have the ladies of Towanda call and examine her work.