News From all Nations.

—"Lobster candy" is an invention of Maine.

—Secretary Boutwell goes to Chicago this week.

—Horticulture is to be taught in Cincinnati schools.

—A poor washerwoman says that while there's life there's soap.

—Snap beans are the present luxury in Charleston, S. C.

—Another organ factory is being erected in New London, Conn.

—Horace Greeley lectures in Houston, Texas, during State fair week.

—Earl de Grey gave a grand reception in Washington, Saturday night.

—Only twenty-five towns in Massachusetts are out of debt.

—Divorces in Rhode Island are to marriages, as one to fourteen.

—The Massachusetts legislature will probably adjourn about the 10th of May.

—Senators Wilson and Stewart, it is said, will make a tour of Europe this summer.

—The leading female physician of Orange, N. J., is said to make $15,000 annually.

—An ex-Mayor of Cleveland is now serving a term in the State Prison at Nashville.

—The Democrats of Newport, R.I., elected Mr. James Atkinson for mayor on Tuesday.

—No man is always wrong; a clock that does not go at all is right every twelve hours.

—"None but the brave deserve the fair," and none but the brave can live with some of them.

—A Western woman recently made application for divorce on the ground that her husband is "an infernal fool."

—The Camanche Indians are disgusted with the employment of colored troops on the frontier, they are so difficult to scalp.

—Certain Western papers have established a new department of matrimonial news, with the captivating heading, "Elopements."

—The miners in the employ of the Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company have resumed work.

—Laura Keene's recent speculation at the French Theatre, New York, failed after a season of ten days.

—Rondout (N. Y.) is losing $8,000 a day by the suspension of business consequent upon the coal troubles.

—James Brown, of Ohio, one of the soldiers of 1812, refuses to take a pension because the country is in debt.

—There is no doubt that the Joint High Commission have agreed on the Alabama and other similar claims.

—The Supply bill was amended in the legislature on the 19th by increasing the appropriation for the new Capitol to $650,000.

—The Hampshire Manufacturing Company, at Huntingdon, have now nearly the whole of their new factory in operation.

—In England, Miss Butcher, aged 27, has sued A. Wright, aged 73, for breach of promise of marriage, and obtained damages to the amount of one farthing.

—At a recent wedding in a certain town in Wisconsin, the organist, upon the entrance of the bridal party into the church, played "Put me in my Little Bed."

—It is estimated that the tobacco crop of Spencer county, Indiana, this year will reach 2,000,000 pounds. One firm have one-fourth of this amount.

—On Tuesday, a man afflicted with small-pox walked into the Essex Market police station, New York, and asked to be taken care of by the authorities.

—A Chicago hair restorer agent went out into the suburbs, stuck his posters all over a church pulpit, and then asked the minister to call attention to them.

—The New York *Mail*, which has acquired something of a literary reputation, condemns Mrs. Piatt's poems as being "somewhat ketchunkety." Now Mrs. Piatt is undone.

—It is expected that there will be this season a large immigration from Alsace and Lorraine, to occupy tracts of territory in East Tennessee and Northern Georgia and Alabama.

—The drying of grapes for making raisins is becoming a large industry in California, the highly saccharated juice of the American grapes peculiarly fitting them for the purpose.

—The new legislative apportionment of Ohio provides that the Senate shall be composed of thirty-six members and the House of one hundred and five members, which is a very slight reduction.

—At a meeting of the Jersey City Board of Finance, it was reported that the city can dispose of $1,250,000 twenty-year bonds at 6 per cent, and that William B. Astor had taken $500,000 at par.

—Next to a thief comes a beggar, and of all beggars there appears to be none worse nor more impudent than those Chicago men who "go for" every distinguished stranger's autograph.

—The other day a Montreal tailor sent his bill to a magazine editor, and was startled a few hours afterward by the bill being returned with the note appended: "Your manuscript is respectfully declined."

—Judge Knapp, of Keosauqua, is prominent as a democratic candidate for Governor in Iowa. As the nomination is likely to be an empty honor to any democrat for a year or two at least, the leading democrats do not seem to covet it.

—Patrick McGinnis of Pawtucket, R.I., applied to the Chief of Police of Washington for a force strong enough to place him in the White House. He was furnished transportation to Philadelphia for a change of whiskey.

—Senator Sumner is about the only Senator who will not leave Washington prior to the special session. He is overhauling the documents involved in the treaty to be submitted to the Senate by the Joint High Commission.

—Among those who went to see the Cardiff Giant in New Haven was a middle-aged man who had lost his brother in a mysterious disappearance, and was heard to murmur, as he stopped away, "Taint him!"

—Ex-Lieutenant Governor Winchester, of Connecticut, has offered a piece of land, valued at $100,000, in the city of Hartford, for the establishment of an astronomical observatory in connection with Yale College.

—Sawyer's mills, in Boylston, Mass., are to be enlarged and refitted. The working capacity of the mills will be increased to 10,000 spindles. About 150 hands are to be put in for weaving cotton goods.

—The New York *Musical Review* tells of a young lady who has just given a concert, and attempted more than she was able to perform, to "sing for some time the most simple tunes, in a simple and unassuming way."

—At the annual meeting of the Virginia Steamship Company, in Richmond, many complaints were made that goods ordered to be shipped from New York by that line came by the old Dominion line. The matter is to be investigated.

—A poetical Western editor says: "We are in receipt of two poems, one on the 'Throbbing Brain,' and the other on a 'Beating Heart.' We will wait until we receive one on the 'Stomach Ache,' and publish all three together."

—The Missouri *Republican* says that a convention of distillers of highwines is to be held at Chicago this week, with a view of effecting an arrangement whereby the product of all the stills in the country can be thrown into a "common pool," and production restricted.

—The East India Company formerly obtained sandal wood in large quantities from the Feejee Islands, as many as seven vessels being loaded with it at once. Now, owing to the reckless improvidence in cutting down the trees, this precious wood is almost extinct in the islands.

—The oldest living ex-member of Congress is Samuel Thatcher, now nearly ninety-six years of age, who was born three days before the Declaration of Independence, and who represented a Massachusetts district from 1802 to 1805. He is also the oldest surviving graduate of Harvard.

—In Missouri a husband has sued another man for $20,000 damages "for wickedly conspiring and wrongfully depriving him of the comfort of the society of his wife, and alienating her affections for the space of 623 days." This makes the daily value of the wife's society a little over $32 per day.

—The weight of our globe is five and a half times as if it were wholly composed of water. As the density of its rock-crust is but half as great as this, modern philosophers infer, so says Professor David Forbes in "Nature" that the immense molten mass of the interior is principally metallic.

—A bill has been introduced in the Ohio legislature, providing that the earnings of convicts in the State Prison, beyond the cost of their keeping, shall be given to the support of their families. This mode of dealing with convicts has for a long time been advocated by many prison reformers.

Bradford Reporter.

EDITORS:
E. O. GOODRICH. S. W. ALVORD

Towanda, Thursday, April 27, 1871.

THE LABOR QUESTION—THE COAL DIFFICULTIES.

The difficulties in the anthracite mining regions are just now attracting the attention of the press and business community everywhere. Most of our cotemporaries fail to recognize the real honest relations existing between employer and employed. The former are continually branded as tyrants and monopolists, while the greatest monopoly ever organized in this country is encouraged and winked at under the false pretext of protecting the laborer. Judge EWELL, as umpire, in the late meeting at Mauch Chunk, has stated the case so well that we copy his decision:

First. That the right of an owner or lessee and operator of a colliery to the entire and exclusive control and management of his works, is guaranteed to him by the law of the land, and is of such an unquestionable character that it ought not to be interfered with either directly or indirectly.

Second. The umpire concurs with and adopts as a correct statement of the law that part of the late proclamation of the Executive of this Commonwealth, wherein he says that "it is unlawful for any person or association of persons, by violence, threats or any other coercive means, to prevent any laborers or miners from working when they please, for whom they please and at such wages as they please, and alike unlawful, by such violence or threats to deter or prevent the owners or operators of mines from employing whomsoever they may choose to employ, and at such wages as may be agreed upon between the employer and persons employed."

Third. It is the undoubted right of men to refuse to work except upon such terms as shall be agreeable to them; but a general understanding, that no person of a particular association of laborers shall work for any operator who has in his employ a member of such association who has not paid his dues to the association; or who does not belong to such association, is contrary to the policy of the law, and subversive of the best interest of the miners and their employers. An association may inflict fines upon its members for breach of its by-laws, and expel for non-payment, but it has no right by combined action to place the delinquent in the light of an outlaw in the transaction of business with others.

Fourth. The umpire decides that it is contrary to the spirit of the law as stated secondly above, for a body of men to agree not to work because their employer refuses to employ a particular person, or because he has discharged such person. If such a case arises where the act of the operator is deemed to be oppressive, and he refuses to redress the wrong, it is a proper one for local arbitration, by which, in most cases, the difficulty could be properly settled without the disastrous consequences arising, both to the employers and the employed by a strike, even at one colliery.

Fifth. As persons of sound mind and competent age are permitted by law to bargain for themselves, their contracts in regard to labor at mines should be held as sacred as other contracts, and should not be annulled or set aside in any manner different from that provided for other cases. Interference by persons not parties to the contract is not to be tolerated.

Sixth. Operators not in any manner to combine against persons who belong to the Miners' and Laborers' Benevolent Association. Any operator who refuses to employ a person because he is so connected, or who shall discharge him for that reason, would thereby give good grounds for censure and for other members to refuse to work for him.

It is well known that the W. B. A. assumes to dictate to the operator, not only the amount of wages to be paid laborers, but forbids him employing men who do not belong to that Association. This is not only an unwarrantable interference with the rights of men to control their own property, but is inflicting a great wrong upon the poor laborer whose family is dependent for support upon his daily labor.

The great prosperity of our rapidly increasing country is the result of competition as well in capital as labor. Many of our most prominent and successful men are those who commenced life with limited means, or none at all, and if any man in the world should be opposed to arbitrary combinations, it is he who gains his support by daily labor. Especially is this the case, where like the W. B. A., he is prevented from engaging in such avocations, and at such pay as he chooses. The great boon of the laboring man in this free country is, that he owns every moment of his time, and that our laws protect him in the proper use of it,—spreading out before him a field and incentives to energy and industry in honest competition with every other man. Any association or combination of men that attempts to deprive him of that right, or to control him by intimidation or otherwise, should be looked upon as his deadliest enemy and should be discountenanced by all who regard good order and the public weal.

We are informed by a gentleman who has had thirty years' active experience in the business of mining, that invariably strikes among miners have caused great loss and inconvenience, and not unfrequently, real suffering and destitution. "Strikes" are generally brought about by idle, shiftless men who contrive to gain a support without labor. The experience of this gentleman proves that in districts where the men work regularly and uninterruptedly, they are almost without exception, thrifty and independent, keeping their families well supplied.

The capital employed to carry on large establishments, necessitating the employment of men, is generally furnished by those who have means not required in their regular business; and if they cannot safely invest where they can control their property, they will seek other avenues, and the men now employed in our large collieries and manufactories will not be required, and a damaging blow will be given to the enterprise and business prosperity of the country. Thus the lawlessness, and unwarrantable interference of such organizations as the W. B. A., will re-act upon labor itself, and the laborer in the end will be the greatest sufferer.

Every man has the unquestioned right to fix his own value upon his services, and no one has the right to *compel* him to accept a lower rate; neither has any man nor association of men the right to dictate to the employer the rate of wages he shall pay, or the class of laborers he shall engage. The sooner this principle is recognized by the W. B. A., the better will it be for the members of that association.

☞ Judge MERCUR delivered one of the most exhaustive and telling speeches made in Congress on the Ku Klux bill. We shall publish it next week.

THE EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President has issued the following proclamation:

"Whereas, Objects of interest to the United States require that the Senate should be convened at twelve o'clock on Wednesday, the 10th day of May next, to receive and act upon such communications as may be made to it on the part of the Executive,

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, have considered it to be my duty to issue this my proclamation, declaring that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United States to convene for the transaction of business at the Capitol in the city of Washington, on Wednesday, the 10th day of May next, at twelve o'clock on that day, of which all who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States, at Washington, the 20th of April, in the year of our Lord 1871, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-fifth.

U. S. GRANT.

"By the President:
"HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State."

REPUBLICAN UNITY.—In his letter from Washington in last weeks's *Independent*, Mr. D. W. Bartlett, the able correspondent of that paper, gives the following hopeful view of the Republican party: "The political situation here has greatly improved. In Congress the Republican members are once more united and victorious. The soreness occasioned by the San Domingo controversy in the Senate is nearly gone; the relations of the Executive with the Republican opponents of the annexation scheme have greatly improved; and we may confidently look to a perfect union among all Republicans when Congress meets again in December, if those who were prominent in the recent unhappy controversies act with wisdom and magnanimity. Let us remember, however, that no single person owns the Republican party, be he Senator or Executive, and that the next Presidential campaign is to turn on principles, and not men. Republicans will admire and love him most who is willing to make the greatest sacrifices for the success of the principles of the Republican party.

☞ The Conference Committee on the apportionment bill finally agreed upon a report, which was adopted in both houses on Friday, under a suspension of all rules. It is understood that the bill, although not a fair one for the Republicans, still gives us the next House by a majority of five or six, and after 1872 a majority of one in the Senate. No apportionment for Congress will be made this session.

To our old Senatorial district which was before too large, has been added the county of Wayne, so that Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming, now have but one Senator. In the Representative District which required several thousand more population to entitle us to two members, Sullivan has been taken off, leaving Bradford alone again.

☞ The St. Louis *Democrat* which was prominent in the *reform* movement that resulted in defeating the regular Republican nominations in Missouri last fall, is just now occupying the stool of repentance. From its position on that time-honored seat it sends forth this warning:

The incidentals of "liberalism" have not been so exhilerating that any honest and intelligent Republican can be cheated by demagogues with the name when the meaning has gone out of it. What are those incidentals? Democratic victories—a Democratic triumph with but a minority vote in this county. A Democratic representation of St. Louis county in the Legislature, sent there by a minority of the voters of the county. A Democratic House—and *such* a House! A Blair representing (!) Missouri in the United States Senate, as champion of the Indiana resolutions and of the Ku-Klux-Klan. These, and things like these, have been the incidentals for liberalism, in itself just. The work of that liberalism is accomplished. *Isn't it about time?*

☞ A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, an independent paper, who has been travelling over South Carolina, sums up the situation there as follows: "The people are poor, the Legislature corrupt and extravagant, the taxes enormous, and the State credit declining. Political animosity is at its bitterest. An armed secret organization exists, which proposes purification by systematic whipping and killing indiscriminately administered to all, white or black, who act or sympathize with Republican policy."

☞ We cannot see why it is that the Democratic journals and Congressmen are opposed so bitterly to any investigation being made of the outrages in the South, if they are caused entirely by Republicans. If they believe what they say they should certainly lend all the aid in their power to have just punishment meted out to those who are guilty of such villainous deeds. Republicans court investigation. Democrats oppose it. What is the inference?

☞ When the bill granting wholesale amnesty to rebels was reported in the House of Representatives, Judge MERCUR demanded the yeas and nays. Although the bill passed the House, he is entitled to credit for doing what he could to prevent it.

☞ MAXWELL P. GIDDES, formerly Assessor for the Second District of Ohio, and until within a few weeks a minister of the gospel in Brooklyn, has been indicted by the grand jury of Cincinnati for neglect of duty and for receiving bribes while Assessor of said district.

The Congressional Vote in Connecticut—A Republican Majority of 627.

HARTFORD, April 23.—The Board of Canvassers have given a certificate of election in Congress to S. W. Kellogg of the Second District, over Kensley, Prot. The majorities of the several candidates for Congress are as follows: First District, Julius L. Strong (Rep.), 265; Second District, Stephen W. Kellogg (Rep.), 49; Third District, H. H. Starkweather (Rep.), 1,507; Fourth District, William H. Barnum (Dem.), 1,184. This gives the Republicans a majority of 627 on the Congressional vote.

New Advertisements.

POWELL & CO.

Would respectfully invite the attention of their customers to their Grand Display of NEW SPRING GOODS, which they are now receiving in large quantities.

Each department has received careful attention, and our customers may rely on finding a splendid assortment of goods at attractive prices.

KEYSTONE STORE.

Towanda, April 19, 1871.

BOROUGH ORDINANCE.—Be it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Towanda, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that hereafter no grading, curving or paving of the sides or foot walks of the Borough shall be done except by direction and order of the Town Council; that when ever so ordered by the Town Council the owner or owners of lots of ground fronting on the streets and foot walks shall grade, curb and pave the same in accordance with the general regulations and directions, and on failure is in default of the same being done by the said owner or owners, after fifteen days notice, the Town Council shall proceed to do said work and file liens against said property or properties with 20 per centum advance, in the nature of a mechanics lien in pursuance with the provision of the 23d and 24th sections of the act of General Assembly relating to Boroughs, article 5 and 6, of the act of 1851, a subsequent act; and it is further ordained that on Main street, from Franklin street to Canal street, hereafter all walks shall be built of not less width than eight feet either of brick or stone, that on the other streets of the Borough the walks shall be of not less width than four feet, of either brick, stone, oak, one and one-half inch in thickness, or of pine or hemlock two inches in thickness. That all walks shall be built under the supervision of the Street Commissioner according to the grade established or to be established by the Town Council. And it is further ordained that the repairs of all walks, whenever required, shall be governed by the above regulations.

HIRAM B. HUMPHREY, Burgess.

Attest—G. D. MONTANYE, Secy.
Mar. 27, 1871.

BOROUGH ORDINANCE.—Be it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Towanda, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that a Public Alley, 11 feet in width, to be known as Rail Road Alley, be opened and is hereby ordained and opened from William St., east according to the following lines and directions:

Beginning at a corner on east line of William st., 55 3-10 feet south of south-west corner of "Riverside Cemetery" grounds; thence south 86 degrees 30 minutes, east 233 feet to the west line of Water street; thence southerly along Water street 31 feet to a corner; thence north-easterly to a corner, 15 feet west of west line of Water street, and 11 feet south of first-mentioned line; thence parallel with first-mentioned line, 218 feet to the east line of William street; thence along line of the same North 4 degrees east 11 feet to the place of beginning.

HIRAM B. HUMPHREY, Burgess.

Attest—G. D. MONTANYE, Secy.
Apr. 8, 1871.

G. S. SMITH,

Manufacturer of

SARSAPARILLA, SODA WATER,

AND BIRCH BEER,

Corner Chestnut and Water Streets, Towanda, Pa.

☞ All orders promptly attended to. ☜

apl.26'71-3m*

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. J. D. HILL

Is now offering a large stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

AND

FANCY GOODS,

Consisting of the latest imported styles of

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, &c. KID GLOVES, THREAD AND GIMPURE LACES, CORSETS, CUFFS AND COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEF JEWELRY,

Of all the latest styles.

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF HAIR.

Store first door east of the Red, White and Blue Store, Bridge Street.

Towanda, April 26, 1871.

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of Powell & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JOSEPH POWELL.
PARK MATHEWSON.
April 21, 1871. T. C. DELANO.

The business of the old firm will be continued by the undersigned under the name of POWELL & CO: as heretofore.

JOSEPH POWELL.
apl.26-w3 T. C. DELANO.

COWELL & MYRR ARE SELLing TEA very cheap.

New Advertisements.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE STORE,

RIDGEWAY & EVERETT,

Would respectfully announce to their numerous friends and the public generally that they are prepared to sell

TEAS AND GROCERIES CHEAPER THAN EVER, FOR CASH.

Having one of the best buyers in the city of New York to buy for them, and he being interested, they are satisfied that they can offer greater inducements to Cash Buyers than Others.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS, WOOD, WILLOW AND STONE WARE, &c.

That can be found, constantly on hand.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FLOUR, FEED, &c., &c.

And all other articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery, which will be sold cheap for cash. Drop in and see.

☞ We thank our many friends for their past liberal patronage, and hope by close attention to business and the wants of our customers, to merit a continuance of the same.

RIDGEWAY & EVERETT, Bridge Street, Towanda, Pa.

Towanda, April 24, 1871.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

ON THE

THIRTY-FIRST OF DEC'R, 1870.

Net balance January 1, 1870 ..... $26,103,711.02
Amount received for premiums in 1870 ..... $7,841,800.21
Amount received for interest in 1870 ..... 1,789,669.82
Total income for the year, $9,631,470.03

DISBURSEMENTS.

To policy-holders for claim by death $1,753,369.26
" " surplus premiums ret'd 2,429,420.91
" " surrendered policies 864,068.22
Total payments to policy holders $5,045,858.39
P'd for commissions to Ag't's, $648,590.93
Salaries, Medical Examiners, Printing, Advertising, &c., 155,751.71
Total expenses of managem't, $804,342.64
137,486.72
Paid for taxes ..... 5,987,687.25 $ 5,643,782.78
$29,747,494.70
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in course of transmission 236,314.70
Accrued interest, including $12,333.52 due and unpaid 560,169.07
Value of Stocks and Bonds over cost. 324,026.45
Semi-annual and quarterly payments, deferred premiums 47,351.86
$30,915,957.02

ASSETS.

Cash deposited in bank, mostly on interest $731,712.52
Real estate owned by the Company in Hartford and elsewhere 498,429.14
Bonds and mortgages on real estate, (value $35,000,000) 11,859,974.77
Stocks and bonds owned by the Company at market value 4,831,762.00
Bank and railroad stocks owned by the Company 85,705.00
Loans on stocks and bonds, (value $222,785) 141,735.00
Premium notes and loans on policies 11,645,510.14
Balance due from agents and others 57,222.58
Interest accrued of which $12,333.52 is due and unpaid 560,169.07
Premiums in the hands of agents and deferred premiums 283,666.80
Total assets $30,915,957.02

LIABILITIES.

Reserve for Re-Insurance, Jan. 1, 1871 ..... $22,086,611.31
Reserve for losses not yet due 426,108.00 $22,612,719.31
Surplus $8,403,237.71

RATIO OF EXPENSE OF MANAGEMENT TO TOTAL INCOME 8.35 PER CENT.

Issued during the year, 10,046 Policies, insuring $24,707,707.00
Policies in force, 60,597, insuring 181,265,762.00
Total amount of losses paid to Dec. 31, 1870 ..... 11,316,356.00
Total amount of dividends paid to Dec. 31, 1870 ..... 9,215,100.00

E. W. HALE, Agent,
apl.26-w3 TOWANDA, PA.

RAWSON

Mowing Machine.

HARVEST OF 1871.

A NEW INVENTION.

PATENTED NOVEMBER 29, 1870.

And applied to every Machine; is so constructed that you do not have to use the lever in driving either way. It will run on any line just as easy as on a straight line, taking all the side pressure from the horses. It has a full joint and will describe a full circle either way, saving half the labor for the horses and driver. The upper frame is so jointed or attached to the lower frame, as to form a lifting lever taking a large part of the weights of the bar from the ground and placing it back upon the driving-wheels, and leaving the draft of the machine, making one of the lightest draft machines in use.

The machine has been greatly improved and is manufactured by using wrought iron and steel in the place of cast iron. The Castor Wheel is upon a steel spring with wrought iron holders, making it light and strong. We can say to farmers that they can depend upon having a machine that has no equal. It has cast steel shafts, and both shoe plated with cast steel. Machines are warranted in every particular. If any part breaks from defects in material or workmanship new parts will be sent without extra charge.

The Finger Bar is carried at both ends on wheels; can change the wheels so as to cut three heights of stubble. The machine has a flexible finger bar, and will conform to the inequalities of the ground over which it is drawn, doing as good work upon uneven ground as upon even ground.

THE REAR BAR MACHINE

Has a double-folding Finger Bar, having a longitudinal, oscillating motion. This machine has wheels at both ends of the finger bar, and is so arranged that you can set them to cut any height, and can back out without raising the lever.

SULKY RAKES.

We have also two manufactories of the Sulky Rakes; the well-known Taylor Rake and the Dayton Manufacturing Company Rakes, making two of the best Rakes in use, at wholesale or retail.

Manufactured at Almond, Allegany county, N.Y., by I. & S. RAWSON.

C. F. NICHOLS, Gen'l Ag't.
apl.26'71 TOWANDA, Pa.

CAUTION.—Whereas my wife Eliza has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. All persons are hereby forbid harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

Barclay, April 26, 1871.-w3 ADAM EBET.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm heretofore known as Hines & Elliott is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts to be settled by T. Hines.

T. HINES.
J. M. ELLIOTT.
Wyalusing, April 26, 1871.-w3.

WOOLEN FACTORY FOR SALE OR RENT.—The subscriber offers his Woolen Factory, situated one mile south of Monroeton, on the Sullivan & Erie Railroad, for sale or rent. Also one or two dwelling houses near the Factory which will be disposed of. Terms made known on application to BENJAMIN NORTH.
Monroeton, Pa., April 19, 1871.-3m

New Advertisements.

CODDING, RUSSELL & CO.,

TOWANDA, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

STOVES, CARRIAGE WORK.

Manufacturers of

TINWARE, GAS FITTERS, &c.

OFFER THE

VERY BEST CEMENT

Ever used in the country.

LIME,

AMERICAN and FRENCH GLASS,

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS.

HURD'S ENGLISH LEAD.

JEWETT'S LEAD, AND ALL GRADES OF

RELIABLE PAINTS and COLORS.

ALL KINDS OF BRUSHES.

Cook Stoves,	Churn Powers,
Ranges,	Churns,
Clothes Wringers,	Wash Tubs,
Toilet Sets,	Lamps,
Ice Cream Freezers,	Refrigerators,
Water Coolers,	Ice Pitchers,
Mowing Machines,	Cultivators,
Plows,	Seed Drills,
Horse Forks,	Corn Shellers,
Fanning Mills,	Grind Stones.

PULVERIZED BONE DUST, in 25 or 200 lb. sacks, a very superior fertilizer for gardens and other purposes.

A fine assortment of

BABY CARRIAGES,

To which the particular attention of those likely to be interested, is invited.

Lard Oil,
Whale Oil,
Sperm Oil,
Linseed Oil,
Coach Varnish,
Furniture Varnish,
Manilla Rope,
Marline,
Hemp and Rubber Packing,
Soapstone Packing,
Oakum,
Saws,
Leather Belting.

Hubs,
Spokes,
Felloes,
Wheels,
Thills,
Axles,
Pipe Skeins,
Norway Shapes,
Nail Rods,
Refined Iron,
Bellows,
Vises,
Anvils,
Horse Nails,
Dash Leather,
Enameled Cloth.

As in the past so in the future they will keep an unequalled assortment of

CARPENTERS TOOLS,

DOOR LOCKS, KNOBS,

POCKET KNIVES, SHEARS,

TABLE KNIVES,

PLATED WARE, RAZORS, GUNS,

SCISSORS, REVOLVERS, CARTRIDGES,

FLASKS AND SHOT POUCHES.

They offer at Wholesale, to the trade.

IRON,
NAILS,
POWDER,
SHOT,
GLASS,
KEROSENE,
POCKET KNIVES,
TINWARE,
HOES,
SCYTHES,
SNATHS,
FORKS,

HERO OR GEM

FRUIT JARS,

(send for trade circular.)

FAIRBANKS COUNTER

AND

PLATFORM SCALES,

PATENT ALARM

MONEY DRAWERS.

HOUSES PIPED FOR

GAS OR WATER,

Or furnished with

EAVE TROUGHS,

AND

CONDUCTORS

On short notice.

Contracts for Slate or Tin Roofing.

ELIAS HOWE

SEWING MACHINES.

CODDING, RUSSELL & CO.

Towanda, April 19, 1871.

Miscellaneous.

THE UNICORN OF HOLY WRIT

IS COMING,

Will exhibit in

TOWANDA,

ON MONDAY, MAY 1st, 1871.

AT TROY,

TUESDAY, MAY 2d, 1871.

Also at TUNKHANNOCK, FRIDAY, APRIL 28th, and LACKVILLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 29th.

SHELDENBURGER'S

EUROPEAN MENAGERIE

AND

GREAT GRECIAN CIRCUS.

The Grandest Concentration of Novelties That has ever been presented to the American Public.

FIRST TOUR IN AMERICA

Of this Mammoth Aggregation. Mr. Eugene Sheldenburger for the past 15 years, proprietor of the European Menagerie and Circus, has conducted his Traveling Tours exclusively to the Old World, where his reputation as a caterer to the amusement loving portion, stands simply unapproachable. This being his initial visit to the New World he can only assure the American Public that his Exhibition is

First Class in all its Departments,

Containing as it does all the great features of a

Mammoth Menagerie & Faultless Circus.

Foremost among the many novelties of the Grand Zoological Collection is the Only Full Grown Living

RHINOCEROS!

Or UNICORN OF HOLY WRIT,

That has ever been captured. This Leviathan who WEIGHS OVER EIGHT THOUSAND POUNDS, Was captured in the Jungles of India by Mr. George Scovell, the Agent of Mr. Sheldenburger, and cost by the time he landed in New York on March 1st of the present year, Over $21,000 in Gold. The greatest difficulty occurred in getting a Den built strong enough to hold the monster, and yet so arranged as to be readily transported through the country. The cage that contains him is a magnificent specimen of mechanism, and was built by Castor, Carriage and Wagon Builder, of Philadelphia. It requires to transport this Huge Beast and Den

EIGHT MASSIVE HORSES.

It may be well to add that during the past two years several of the smaller species of Rhinoceros have landed and have been exhibited in both Europe and America, but no comparison can be drawn between them and the one here advertised, as this is a

REAL BLACK RHINOCEROS!

The largest of the different species mentioned in Natural History, and this one weighs 2,000 pounds more than the largest of which Goodrich makes any Animal has been used Biblical History as the Inspirmention in his Illustrated Natural History. This celebrated writer says of the power of the Almighty. The Book of Job says of the Unicorn,

"That on Earth there is not his Like."

A noble and gentlemanly attendant will be found continually in front of the Den of the Monster, ready at all times to give a lucid and correct version of his capture, and to impart any information that may be required. Next in importance to this Great Marvel is the

ELEPHANT, "SELIM,"

A PAIR OF BACTRIAN CAMELS,
A GNU, or HORNED HORSE,
A ROYAL BENGAL TIGER,
AFRICAN ELAND.

SIGNIOR BALIZE'S

Den of Performing Animals!

Lions and Tigers,

Which will be entered at each Exhibition by this intrepid Lion King.

THE OTHER CAGES CONTAINS

Asiatic and African Lions, African Lioness, Brazilian Tigers, Spotted Leopards, Cheetah Leopard, Water Buffalo, Striped Hyena, Spotted Hyena, Black Bear, Cinnamon Bear, African Ostrich, South American Puma, African Panther, Grey Wolf, Black Wolf, Ocelot, Porcupine, Spotted Axis Deer, African Stein Bock, South American Deer, Derbian Lama, Nyl Ghan, Civit Cat, Opossum, South American Sloth, Sacred Cow; over 100 different species of the Monkey Tribe; Birds of every clime, such as Golden and Silver Pheasants, Birds of Paradise, Macaws, Parrots, White Peacock, African Pelican, South American Cranes, Parroquets, etc., etc., besides a host of smaller Animals too numerous to particularize.

Especial Note.

The Menagerie is entirely distinct from the Circus, giving those parties who wish to witness the Hippodrome and Menagerie, and not the Circus, ample time to do so and retire before the Equestrian Exercises begin.

THE EQUESTRIAN MELANGE!

Of the great European Combination will be both

BRILLIANT & DIVERSIFIED

Presenting a Host of Novelties by a CORPS OF ARTISTES unequaled in their several specialities, each of whom has been engaged on the score of ability alone, regardless of expense.

Read the

Names of the Equestrian Constellation!

Mr. HARRY CARDONA, MADAME CARDONA,
Mr. WM. AYMAR, Mr. JAMES WARD,

LITTLE MARY BROWN,

The most remarkable Equestrienne of any age. This Little Lady, but Nine Years of Age, surpasses any Equestrienne in point of Grace and Daring now before the public.

MADAME BROWN, M'LLE JOSEPHINE,
BARRELI BROTHERS, Mr. JAS. DE MOREST,
MONS. ALCELO, Mr. MONROE CONNELL,
Mr. RICHARD BALL, MONS. LA MOYNE,
Mr. EUGENE LA FOLIT, SIGNIOR PALLETIER

And a Host of Auxiliaries.

SIGNIOR BALIZE,

THE GREATEST OF LION TAMERS,

Will enter the Den of Performing Lions and Tigers immediately after the close of the Circus Performance and demonstrate the power of man over the brute creation.

THE GRAND STREET PARADE!

Will take place daily at 10 A.M., headed by the Car of Aurora, containing

The European Military Brass Band,

(A Musical Organization that stands in the front rank of musical ability,) followed by the Elephant in his Royal Trappings, the Camels,

The Massive Rhinoceros! Den!

All the Performing Horses and Ponies, and a long line of gorgeously decorated Animal Dens. Don't fail to see this Grand Street Display, it will give you an idea of the solidity of the Establishment. Take our word for it, it will pay.

2 Exhibitions Each Day,

AFTERNOON & NIGHT.

Doors open at 1 and 7 P.M. Circus performance begins one hour later.

ADMISSION ..... 50 CENTS
CHILDREN under 9 ..... 25 CENTS

The Exhibitions will be given under a Mammoth Pavilion capable of accommodating 4,000 spectators. The Pavilion will be brilliantly illuminated in the Evening.

SEATS FOR EVERYBODY.

Gentlemanly Ushers and Animal Keepers constantly in attendance.

REMEMBER THE DAY AND DATE.

Keep your eye on it, and wait for the Colossal European Aggregation with the only

FULL GROWN RHINOCEROS

That the world ever beheld.

ESPECIAL ATTRACTION.

The management take pleasure in announcing that they have just effected an engagement with the

MAN OF MYSTERY, THE HUMAN SERPENT,

Prince Sadi D. Jalmi,

The most marvelous performer of modern times, who will appear at each exhibition in his astounding specialities.

SPECIAL NOTE.—Don't confound Sheldenburger's Mammoth Consolidation with any other Show. Remember the name, SHELDENBURGER'S, the show that has the MONSTER RHINOCEROS, and its date in Towanda is MONDAY, MAY 1st, 1871.

See the Grand Street Parade; the Rhinoceros Palace; the long line of magnificent cages, and then if not convinced of the magnitude of the establishment, save your money and stay at home.

apl.19-w2

Miscellaneous.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For your New Spring Suit.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For a New Dress Suit.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For New Spring Styles in Pants.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For a New Spring Overcoat.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For all the Latest Styles in Custom and Ready-Made Clothing.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For Hats and Caps, all the Latest Styles.

GO TO TAYLOR & GORE'S

For Gents' Furnishing Goods, Bows, Ties, &c.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

CUTTING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

96 MAIN STREET,

TOWANDA, PA.

apl.19.71

THE LARGEST

AND

MOST COMPLETE

Assortment of

JEWELRY,

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

PLATED WARE,

SILVER WARE, GOLD RINGS,

GOLD CHAINS, &c., &c.,

Ever opened in this market, is now on exhibition and for sale at the well-known store of

W. A. CHAMBERLAIN.

Mr. C. has just returned from the city, and flatters himself that his stock has been bought at bottom figures, and that he can offer better inducements to purchasers of first-class goods than any establishment in the country. Dec. 8, '70.

ATLANTIC HOUSE,

SECOND STREET,

BETWEEN BRIDGE AND PINE STREETS,

TOWANDA, PA.

The undersigned having fitted up this house for a Hotel and Restaurant, will open for business May 1st, 1871. The public will find a very neat and commodious house, with Musical Entertainments, together with four of the best Billiard Tables in this section. All are invited to call and examine for themselves.

apl.19'71-tf C. W. SCHWENKE.

VERY CHOICE GREEN AND Black Tea selling cheap at retail by

FOX & MERCUR

Miscellaneous.

TOWANDA MARKETS.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Corrected every Wednesday, by C. B. PATCH.

subject to changes daily.

Wheat, ⅌ bush	$1 25 @ 1 30
Rye, ⅌ bush	[illegible]
Buckwheat, ⅌ bush	[illegible]
Corn, ⅌ bush