lasiness, will be charged \$25. They will be entitled to 4 column, confined exclusively to their business, with privilege of quarter Advertising in all cases exclusive abscription to the paper-JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain

and Fancy colors, done with neatness and dispatch. Handbills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, prinend at the shortest notice. The REPORTER OFFICE has just been re-fitted with Power

NDWARD OVERTON Jr., Attor-Liney at Law, Towarda, Pa. Office in the out House. July 13, 1865.

A PECK, ATTORNEY AT LAN,
Towanda, Pa. Office over the Bakery
South of the Ward House and opposite the
Nov. 3, 1868. R. H. WESTON, DENTIST.— Odice in Patton's Block, over Gore's Drug and Chemical Stors. and Chemical Stors. B. McKEÅN, ATTORNEY &

T. DAVIES, Attorney at Law,
Towanda, Pa. Office with Wm. Watthans. Court business and settlement of decethans. Court business and settlement of decethan Court business and settlement of dece-

DOCTOR H. A. BARTLETT, BURLINGTON BOROUGH, PA.

F. E FORD-Livensed Auctioneer, TOWARDA, PA.,

Will at ad proceptly to all business entrusted to him. Charges moderate. Feb. 13, 1868. DARSONS & CARNOCHAN, At-

RANCIS E. POST, Painter, Towanda, Pa, with 10 years experience, is con-

S. VAUGHAN—Architect and

Enaction.—All kinds of Architectural determished. Organizate in Stone, and Wood. Office of Main street, over and Wood. Office of Main street, over the current as laying out of grounds.

April 1, 1867.—1y.

Also now on hand a large quantity of best Ground Cayuga Plaster for sale.

MYER & FROST.

indersigned having associated themselves r in the practice of Law, offer their pro-diservices to the public. TOHN W. MIX, ATTORNEY AT

LAW, Towards, Bradford Co. Pa.
General insurance and Real Estate Agent
instics and Pensions collected. N. B.—All
white shi the Orphan's Court attended to
imptly and with care. Office Mercur's new
kn rtuside Public Square.— Oct. 24, '67. OHN N. CALIFF, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Towarda, Pa. Particular at-ton given to Orphans' Court business, Con-ancing and Collections. ce - Office at the Register's and Recorder's ce -- o the Court House. Dec. 1, 1864.

o-tioneer, Pottersville, Bradford Co. Pa-cishie services to the public. Satisfaction inteed, or no pay required. All orders by addressed as above, will receive prompt tion. Oct. 2, 1867.-6m DR. T. B. JOHNSON, Towarda, PA. Having permanently located offers principles should service to the public. Calls or in the attended to in or out of town. Office to all, DeWitton Main street. Residence at

Humphrey's on Second Street.

chit, I... All business intrusted to determine prompt attention. Office elately occupied by Mercar & Mor-tof Warl House, up stairs. MRS. MASON & ELY, Physicians

the residence of Dr. Mason. can resince the mason. The mason coular attention given to diseases of Wo-and diseases of Eye, Ear and Throat. Weson, H. D. HENRY OLIVER ELY, M. D. 110 1388.

J. NEWELL,

e., Gradford Co., Pa,, will promptly attend beatness in his line. Particular attention to raining and establishing old or dispu-

J B. KELLY, Dentist. Office V • over Wickham & Black's, Towanda, Paths various styles of work scientifically stabl warrunted. Particular attention is called the Alluminum Base for Artificial eth which is equally as good as Gold and superior to either Rubber or Silver. Please and examine specimens. Approform or Ether administered under di

LILWELL HOUSE, TOWARDA, PA. JOHN C. WILSON.

ring leased this House, is now ready to ac-candate the Travelling sublic. No pains, expense will be spared to give satisfaction lines w o may give him a call. -r. North side of the public square, east of this new block [now building].

MERICAN HOTEL.

DATCHEN.—The well-known Trot The well-known Tretting Station PATCHEN, by the celebratoric Block. Jan. 23, 1868.

The well-known Tretting Station PATCHEN, by the celebratoric Block. Jan. 23, 1868.

The well-known Tretting Station PATCHEN, by the celebratoric Block. Jan. 23, 1868.

The change in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conjunction with the Michigan Uenting from milking he was surprised in conju

Am British City Bestehf & Leisfed



Repurter.

interest, and notices of Marriages or Deaths E. O. GOODRICH, Publisher.

Selected Zoetry.

[From Chambers' Elinburg Journal.]

Cover her o'er!

She from her bed so dark and cold

Will come no more!

Hushed now forever is her song.

So touched with fire;

On mem'ry's lyre.

Flit o'er her grave ;

And when ye balmy odors bring,

Give as she gave.

Fain would I still its strains prolong

Ye gentle gales, that breathe of spring,

Ob, nurse the willow-tree that weeps

nourish each fond flower that keeps

hou soft and fragrant summer breeze,

t brightest stars of shining sphere

O'er her sweet breast;

Her grave come nigh,

Watch o'er her rest.

#2 per Annum, in Advance.

NUMBER 31.

to which time the upper deck, the

After that, anthracite coal went rap:

rope, and even in North America, but

of a very inferior quality. The Cum-

berland mines were worked only a

few weeks in each year, yet the yield

of wad was estimated at £40,000 a

year. While the grahite lasted,

wealthy, but has recently been enno-

factories, of which Baron Faber is

a thousand years more, there is suf-

ficient graphite in Mount Alibert to

supply its pepulation with good black

A LITTLE STORY OF DANIEL WEBSTER

talk, but wa'n't his talk so much as

lead pencils.

idly into use for all purposes require

VOLUME XXIX.

MYERS' MILL! SPECIAL NOTICE. Oh lay her gently in the mould ;

Myer, Foster & Co., will deliver Flour, Feed, Meal, Graham Flour, or any thing else in their line in any pa to the village. Customers will find an Order Book at the store of Fox, Stevens, Mercur & Co. All or-ders left in said book will be promptly attendd to.

Any inquiries in regard to Grinding, or other usiness of the Mill, entered in said Book, will

myer, foster & co. Towards, June 24, 1868.—tf. OLOMON COOPER—Has remov ed from the Ward House and has opened a SHAVING AND HAIR DRESSING SALOON

Presses, and everything in the Printing ine can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates. TERMS INVARIABLY CASH.

Cards.

Cards.

LENRY PEET, Attorney at Law, jun27, 66.

LOWARD OVERTON Jr. Attor THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE

Opened a Banking House in Towanda, under the name c. G. F. MASON & CO.

They are prepared to draw Bills of Exchange, and make collections in New York, Philadelphia, and all portions of the United States, as also England, Germany, and France. To Loan money, receive deposits, and to do a general Banking business.

G. F. Mason was one of the late firm of Laporte, h son & Co., of Towanda, Pa., and his knowle ge of the business men of Bradford and adjoining Counties, and having been in the banking business for about fifteen years. make this house a desirable one, through which to make collections.

G. F. MASON,

Towends, Oct. 1, 1866. G. F. MASON.
A. G. MASON. B. McKEAN, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Towanday, Particular attention paid to business the Orphans Court. July 20, 1866.

Valuable Farms, Mill Properties, City and Town Lots for sale.

Parties having property for sale will find it to their advantage by seaving a description of the same, with terms of sale at this agency, as parties are constantly enquiring for farms 4c. H. B. McKEAN.

Real Estate Agent.

Office Montanye's Block, Towauda, Pa.

Jan. 29, 1867.

DEAL ESTATE AGENCY.

H. B. McKEAN, REAL ESTATE AGENT, offers the following Farms, Coal and Timber DARSONS & CARNOCHAN, Ard TORNEYS AT LAW, Troy, Bradford Co. Factive in all the Courts of the county. Coloring in ande and promptly remitted.

E. M. PAESONS, dl2 W.H.CARNOCHAN.

113S E. H. BATES, M. D.

114 (Graduate of Woman's Medical College, Billodelphia, Class 1854.) Office and residence to provide the county of the cou A large tract of Collands in loga county.
Towarda, July 18 57.

ERAYSVILLE PHOTOGRAGH

LeRaysville, Oct. 22, 1868. AKE'S WOOD MILL anywhere. This machine a complete in its self, requiring the assistance of no other power. The horses draw by a sweep, making it much more saic than a tread power. It saws twice as fast, and is sold for one half the price. A number of these mills are now in use in Pike Herrick and O. well Townships, and are giving universal satisfaction. Those wishing machines will apply to H. W. BOLLES, LeBays ville, or S. N. BRONSON, Orwell.

Sept. 22, 1868.—3m*

Harding & Smalley, ARDING & SMALLEY,

In suppliery's on Second Street.

In the supplier's of the supplier's of the supplier's of the supplier's s

ns an early call.

N. B.—Solar Printing for the trade on the most reasonable terms.

Ann. 29, '67.

D. HARDING,
F. SMALLEY. A CARD.—Dr. VANDUSKIEK has obtained a license, as required, of the Goodyear Vulcinate Company, to Vulcinize Rubber as a base for Artificial Teeth, and has now a good selection of those beautiful carved Block Teeth, and a superior article of Black English Rubber, which will enable him to supply all those in want of sets of teeth, with those unsurpassed for beauty and natural appearance. Filling, Cleaning, Correcting Irregularities. Extracting, and all operations be-

pearance. Filling Oraning Correcting irregularities, Extracting, and all operations belonging to the Surgical Department skillfully performed. Choloform administered for the extraction of Teeth when desired, an aprice being used for the purpose in which he has perfect confidence, having administered it with the most pleasing results during a practice of country is entirely swept of timber will have been all removed, and in its fourteen years.

Being very grateful to the public for their liberal patronage heretofore received, he would say that by strict attention to the wants of his patients, he would continue to merit their confidence and approbation. Office in Beldleman's Block, opposite the Means House, Towanda, Pa.

Dec. 20, 1867.—3m.

MWENTY-FIVE YEARS EXPERI-

THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

TOWANDA, BRADFORD COUNTY, PA., DECEMBER 24, 1868.

graceful lace mantilla thrown over heir beada. In the 10th century Madrid was an outpost of the conquering Arab, and

other appendages of a royal resis dence, and cost upwards of four mil-

Weep o'er my love. h, weep them at thy dawning hour, When none is near; Charles the Fifth was also afflicted with the same horological mania, and ments to accommodate the public, and not succeeding in making any two of protect the local enstoners of this With one pure tear. should they drop upon the ground his clocks go, he wisely concluded that they were like men's heads, al-ways a little out of gear. From flow'r et's eyes, They'll fitly consecrate the mound 'Neath which she lies: The chief open air resort of Mad-

Miscellaneous.

Reminiscences of Travel in Spain We consider it fortunate in some espects to have visited Spain under

the destruction of many rare and beautiful objects of architecture and art, which appeared to symbolize and foster oppression and cruelty. Of the many thousands of our

countrymen who, make annual visits to Europe, few ever visit Spain. Tourists usually are content to fullow the beaten track of travel thro' France, Italy, Switzerland, and Germany. They imagine, and not with out reason, that Spain is a hard country to travel in that a trip down among the Spaniards suggests brigandage, treachery, and stilettos. discomfort and hard fare.

The hotels of the larger cities are (Fraining, Staining, Glazing, Papering, &c.

33-Terticular attention paid to Jobbing in the
April 9, 1866

K. VAUGHAN—Architect and

**Faulticer.—All kinds of Architectorial de
**The subscribers having purchased of Mr.

Barns his interest in the Minessuage Milling, and guarantee all work done by them to be of agreeable beasts the country is well agreeable beasts the country is well

The floors of the houses are usually brick, fuel is scarce, and no comforts are provided against the sharp chill of a winter's night. An Eng-lish gentleman, who was compelled to stop at a railway junction, inform and to one not accustomed to these articles, fasting and prayer are ex and I said I'd fix him for a tombstone cellent substitutes. Yet, in spite of at Volk's, and he said my grandmothall drawbacks, Spain, in some re er was no gentleman, and I said be spects, is the more interesting coun-

Northern provinces and sierras, is grand and picturesque in the extreme -often desolate, and peculiarly sav-

The inhabitants are also interest ing in their rude manners, customs, and superstitions; whilst in the Southern provinces the cities are dog ran, and I ran after the dog to quaint, and the country, oriental in fetch him back, and didn't catch him Southern provinces the cities are its character, furnishing an abundant till I got clear home, and I'll whip supply of luscious tropical fruits and wines—the latter being usually kept | - Exchange. in hog-skins which impart to it a pe culiar flavor. There are also, many Roman ruins (Spain was once the granary of the Roman Empire); ex son ti cold winds many are suffering quisite Moorish structures; grand from chapped hands, lips, and fuces. palaces; extens of monastic build. The following course will scarcely ings, which are now being torn fail to cure, and is almost certain to down; and sublime Gothic cathed prevent these inconveniences. Wash drals unequaled in Europe, rich in the chapsed surface with fine and sublime so important and sublime so important and sublime so important and sublime surface with fine and successive strength, and also the concentration of will to which we have alluded was most conspicuous. This man's strength was understant and sublime so important and sublime surface with fine and successive strength was understant and successive strength was understant and successive strength. drals unequaled in Europe, rich in the chapped surface with fine soap, and silver ornaments, sacerdotal vestments and pictures—indeed the fine ludian meal. Before removing the

him more yet. Is my eye very black?"

made upon retiriu, to rest; and who-

arts and literature flourished in the soap, scrub the hands thoroughly 17th century, when Spain was the with the meal and the soapsuds, then proudest kingdom in Europe - but of rinse the hands thoroughly with soft this we may say more at another tepid water until all trace of the soup is removed, using a little meal each time. It is not easy to conjecture how it time until the last, which will aid happened that Madrid became the great y in removing the soap and dirt capital of Spain, but it is supposed from the cracks in the cuticle. Fithat Charles the Rifth fixed upon it nally wipe the hands very thoroughly by reason of its central commanding and rinse them in enough, water to position where he could best overlook moisten their surface, in which has and govern his subjects. The city been poured a quarter of a teaspoon-

so that by reason of its exposed sit stead will remain a coating of glyceuation the north winds sweep through rine. The effect of this application it unopposed, and persons have tro- will be apparent by morning, if it be zen to death in dinter. In summer it is like an oven—the ever tries it once will do it a second thermometer frequently standing at time. The glyceria must be pure, 105 degrees. These extremes of however, or it will irritate instead of

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS EXPERIENCE IN DENTISTRY.

J. S. Shiri, M. D., would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Bradford County that he is permanently located in Towands, Pa.

He would say that from his long and successful residence. Yet, in spite of these objections, in different styles of work done in any and all Dental Establishments in diff or country, and is better prepared than any other Dental operator in the vicinity to do work done in any and all Dental Establishments in diff or country, and is better prepared than any other Dental operator in the vicinity to do work the best scapted to the many and different cases that present themselves oftentimes to the Dental operator in the vicinity to do work the best scapted to the many and different cases that present themselves oftentimes to the Dentals, as be understands the art of making his own artificial teeth, and has facilities for doing the same. To those requiring under sets of teeth he would call attention to his new kind of work which consists of porcelain for both plate and teeth, and formings continuous gam. It is more durable, more natural in appearance, and much better dasped to the gum than any other leading the fill to last for years and oftentimes for life. Glotton, the continuous fighting times of Charles the Fifth and Philip the Section of the paletot coat, and the forest few lazy Spanish and milk pail and estated for the barn and in the milk pail and pail to more dara ond; and but for a few lazy Spanish and milk pail and started for the barn. between Honesdale and Hawley, and the value of a husband.

Gan the paletot coat, and the hordes of tice his absence, but suposed him to and Snaguehanna. This coupled sidered yellow pine? miserable beggars one might easily be still engaged in prayer. On his with the new road being constructed

REPORT OF MR. JAY GOULD delimportant additions to the Com-On the Past and Present of the Eric Railway, As Published in the New York Times, De-

protect the local customers of this

these enterprising Moors built an Al-cazar for the Kalif which was des-Shortly after I became President of cazar for the Kalif which was destroyed by an earthquake, and the palace built upon its site by Henry the Fourth, with all its marvelous of the Company, with the view of detreasures of art, gold, silver, and diamond ornaments were consumed by fire. The present comparatively new palace, constructed of white column which the Eric Railway Company, which owed its existence menar stone, and completed in 1764. merons open courts, gardens, and company, which owen the cansence is undoubtedly one of the finest pality that would foster and protect atial edifices in Europe, at forms a square of nearly 500 feet with numerous open courts, gardens, and found the equipment of the road both at a propagation of a royal resistance and curse inadequate for its engines and cars, inadequate for its dence, and cost upwards of four mil- hasiness. There is not a local station lion dollars. For some reason the between New York and Buffalo where Queen refused to allow strangers to business men and shippers are not visit the palace, owing it is said, to now greatly suffering for want of the fact that at one time an English cars. In addition to these local rethe fact that at one time an English cars. In addition to these local reparty abused the royal hospitality by quests, we are bound to give facili-either helping themselves to some small articles, or mutilating the current of the results of the results and engines to bring forward the freight. Much Western trade has enth and his father had a great passion, though it is said of them that they never knew the right time. They are now and have been greatly suffering for an inability to furnish cars, and engines to bring forward the freight. Much Western trade has thereby been driven away from New York to Philadelphia and Baltimoro, they never knew the right time. They are now and have been greatly suffering for an inability to furnish the right time. They are now and have been greatly suffering for an inability to furnish cars. nishing the road with ample equip-

The Western connections of the Company were in an unsatisfactory condition. The Michigan Central and rilenos is the Puerta del Sol (Gate of Great Western Railways, forming a the Sun), a considerable circular line between Chicago and Suspension plaza, having, a fine fountain in its Bridge, were completely shut off from center. This spot seems to be a center by want of a link of twenty miles tral one for everybody in the city, of road between Buffalo and Suspen-and Spaniards, enveloped within the sion Bridge. I entered into negotia-tions with these Companies, and, as ample folds of their clocks, plant the street is to have visited Spain under the did regime—and before revolution had destroyed many of those ancient landmarks which add so much to the interest of the tourist—for it is notorious that revolutions in Europe have always been attended by the destruction of many pare and the street; he smokes at the destruction of many pare and the table no matter who disl kes it: the table, no matter who disl kes it; source I expect to derive a revenue work, so that the soreness which re-

he smokes in the omnibus; ne smokes to the church per year.

The care is the smokes to the church per year.

We not only are suffering for entering that a large portion he smokes in the omnibus; he smokes of from one to two millions of dollars gines and cars, but a large portion of the line was single track, and the out; and, for aught we know, he out; and, for aught we know, be smokes in his bed, and seems not to entertain the elightest notion that the fumes are not delicious under all circumstances; and this excessive smoking, no doubt, accounts for the smoking, no doubt, accounts for the cadaverous appearance of a majority of the Spanish men.

This Stratight of the Spanish men.

This Stratight of its intelligence, we conversation between two little urchins, which, for its intelligence, we consider good. One of the boys, it is might so far as it goes. Development of muscle, strength of bone, and firm elastic was almost impossible to pass the was traffic of the Company over it—Frequent delays in both passenger ty of the Spanish men.

This Stratight of bone, and firm elastic strength of bone, and firm elastic was almost impossible to pass the was traffic of the Company over it—Frequent delays in both passenger ty of the Spanish men.

The Stratight of bone, and firm elastic was almost impossible to a section. This is right so far as it tried in 1840, thus alluded to the beds of anthracite coal in South Wales, and the peculiarities of that the was traffic of the Company over it—Frequent delays in both passenger than the presence was traffic of the Company over it—Frequent delays in both passenger than the presence of a majority of the Spanish men.

The Stratight of bone, and firm elastic title was almost one of the was traffic to the village of Stein, near Nurce that there were large that there were large that there were largely done still. Nearly one hundred and fifty years ago it was almost one of anthrace, was traffic to the village of Stein, near Nurce the six days after the receipt of wasterion. This is righ

the entire line between Buffalo and appears, had been engaged in mortal New York will have a double track, combat with a companion and was easily saving one nour in the running relating how "the thing" occurred.

of passenger trains, and one day in the companion and the companion and was presented to the companion and was easily saving the companion and was easily saving one nour in the running of passenger trains, and one day in Said be: "I'll tell you how it was. the running of freight trains, beside You see, Bill and me went down to doubling the capacity of the road. I Turner's tobacco factory to fish off of found the character of the iron rails that old boat, but we didn't catch any; so deficient in quality that I consider-I got one bite, and Bill told me to ed the road unsafe, and immediately scratch, but I didn't. Well, I felt in called to my assistance the best talmy pocket and found my knife and it. was gone, and I said Bill you stole and we are now manufacturing our ed us that he slept at one of those my knife, and he said I was another, own steel rails at a rate which will ERAYSVILLE PHOTOGRACH

If GALLERY—Satisfaction generateed.—
Life size, Large Photograph Cabinet Pictures, Ambrotypes and Card Photographs, in the last style and at reduced prices. Copying and collarging done to order. We charge mithing extra for Groups, Babies pictures or Copperation of Call and see our specimens. Our stock of Albums, Frames, etc.

HARNDEN & CO.

LEBASSVILLE PHOTOGRACH

ed us that he slept at one of those my knife, and he said I was another, and I said go there yourself, and he said it was no such a thing, and I said it was no such a thing, and I without any glass in the windows, and nearly starved at that, which confirms our experience. I regard to the important matter of food, it is not worth while to say much about I said he was a bigger one, and he said I never had the measles, and I the important matter of food, it is I said he was a bigger one, and he equal to any in the country. If found not worth while to say much about said I never had the measles, and I the road in bad shape. As to the said for him to fork over that knife, supply of fuel and its great cost,

and he said he couldn't see the fork, although we were buying a large amount of coal, we were buying much er was no gentleman, and I said be count was costing us \$1,700,000. of it at retail prices, and our fuel acdersent take it up, but he did, you bet, you never—well you never did—at a cost of about \$2 50 per ton, or a then I got up again, and said he was saving of nearly \$1,000,000 on the too much afraid to do it again, and he tried to, but he didn't, and I grabbed him and throwed him down on top of me like several bricks, and I tell you it beat all—and so did he, and my little dog got behind Bill and bit him.

little dog got behind Bill and bit him, tions, excepting the Atlantic and and Bill kicked at the dog; and the Great Western, were narrow gauge, requiring a transhipment at Buffalo and Dunkirk of every car of through freight passing over the road, while on the competing lines of the New York Central and Pennsylvania Central there was no transhipment between Chicago and New York, The Western roads agreed to furnish the go and New York, leaving it only for pany, decline so important an improve-tributed to his shortness of limb in ment, and I was rapidly concentrating

the arrangements to carry out this plan, when the recent litigations, bone is a disadvantage. Each bone annoyance and loss of time they oc-The charges made are without the by them to weights or resistances. slightest foundation in truth, as was well known to the principal instiga-

Since I have been connected with the Company I have secured the following roads and on the following

The Paterson and Newark, extendng from Newark to Patterson, leased; the Eric Company to operate the country is entirely swept of timber will have been all removed, and in its road and to pay as rent thirty five per cent, of the gross earnings; the length of bone in proportion to must cle, and power to concentrate exclusive Company have the fixing of cle, and power to concentrate exclusive company have the fixing of company have the fixing the fixing the fixing the fixing the company have the fixing the fixing

> population, and the largest manufacturing city in the Union, one of the

imagine himself in a thriving French city, so thoroughly has Paris fashion possessed itself of the costumes and up to her and shouted "Amen," when Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, em-

pany. I have also revised and made a new

Committee to-day, the President was directed to commence suits against Cornelina Vanderbilt for the recovery of the \$1,000,000 subsidy paid him, and to compel him to take back the Suits were to-day commenced against Daniel Drew to compel him to account to the Company for the profits of several years in the Lake of R. H. Berdell, W. B. Skidmore, H. L. Pearson, Thos. W. Gale, D. B. Eaton, John Arnot, Samuel Marsh, A. S. Murray, comprising the Board, to compel them to take back the \$1,800, 000 Buffalo, Bradford and Pittsburg board and against Daniel Drew to compel them to take back the \$1,800, 000 Buffalo, Bradford and Pittsburg bears against Daniel Drew to day commenced from the first offence, and by demolition of their furnaces if they persisted in passed making it a capital offence to burn coal within the city of London, and only permitting it to be used in the pencil. The material vales in the pencil. The material vales in the pencil. The material vales in the government during the past year a little less than a million of dollars composed of carbon. It probably composed of carbon. It pro the actual loss to this Company in

\$360,549. Whenever the facts are fully known and the public become aware of what is being done to make the Eric Railway the most magnificent and perfect railway line in the country and the pride of the city and State, then the acts of the present managers will be appreciated.

PHYSIJAL STRENGTH.

state common idea in regard to physical strength is that it depends solely upon the amount and quality of muscle, bone and sinew. In the The common idea in regard to phy-

sults from the extraordinary exercise of the body thus inured, shall no longer be a sequence of physical exertion. This is right so far as it

we were ever acquainted, never weighed over one hundred and fifty pounds. We might tell some large stories of the feats of this remarkable man, but the point which we wish to make will be sufficiently illustrated without any such particulars .-The peculiar feature which always forced itself upon our attention when he was powerfully exerting himself ent and experience in the country, was his perfect placidity of countenance, and the want of that turgid congested appearance of the face which often accompanies such exhibitions. Further, the muscles not specially employed never exhibited rigidity, as is often in feats of strengh but were soft as though he were recliving at his ease. Except he was

> motion of the muscles of the chest. he never appeared to be "winded," as it is called: We have often set ourself to the solution of the reason of the different degrees of strength possessed by different individuals, or rather, we have attempted to get at the secre strength which lies back of bone and nuscle, and we have no doubt it is the peculiar exercise of the will; the concentration, so to speak, of the nervous energy upon one muscle or set of muscles, without the distribution of it to muscles not concerned in the act to be accomplished. This was proved in the case alluded to by the fact that in feats which involved

the exercise of nearly all the muscles, his power was not so perspicuous. In special feats as for instance the raising and sustaining a heavy weight at arms length, his great multiplied through its transmission Too great length of bone in propor tion to amount of muscle is not conducive to superior strength although

t adds to fleetness. The difference in the structure of the bull-dog and grey hound are good illustrations of this fact. The elements of physical strength may be stated to be in healthy subjects, development of muscle, strength

of bone and sinew, small relative length of bone in proportion to mussively upon the muscles employed in heavy weights or to make other great docks. exertion at times, would bear this in mind, they would be enabled to actity of this coal having accumulated

Ir you would look "spruce" in you old age, don't "pine" in your youth ELECTIONS are like tents—the can Why is the letter P like a wedding? Because it ends in courtship.

Tratament-An act which proves Can the grief of a mulatto be con-Courrence is bliss, but matrimony is

SOMETHING ABOUT COAL.

The present being a season when coal is fast becoming an indispensapress Company, made upon a more ble commodity in almost avery house equitable basis, and largely increasing our companyation for doing the

A distinguished writer, alluding to the introduction of the use of bituminous or flame burning coal in England, remarks, that the prejudice against it was so strong that the Crewn was petitioned to prohibit the "noxious compet them to take back the \$1,800, and only permitting it to be used in berland, where it was discovered in the gorges of the neighborhood.— Among the records in the Tower, Mr. Eric Railway Company after the enterprise had proved a total failure:

burn coal within the city of London, date, in the English county of June 1864, early in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and pencils, much like those in general use, were produced those in general use, were produced the supply the supply the supply the supply the freedmen; and when terprise had proved a total failure; the fact that in the time of Edward operating the road since January 1, and executed for the crime of burning 1866, the date of the lease, being coal in London. It took three centu ries to entirely efface this prejudice. Darlington says: "Coal was not generally employed as a fuel until the beginning of the reign of Charles I.

It is, however, mentioned in documents anterior to the reign of Henphite is found in various parts of Euphite is found in

ry III., for that monarch, in the year 1234, renewed a charter granted by his father to the inhabitants of New castle, who were permitted to dig for coal upon paying a yearly tax of £100. The fossil fuel had been introduced

fossil coal used either in America or graphite powder had to be compressing the property of the present century, it ed into a solid cake from which pendicular the property of has been clearly shown by reliable cils could be supplied. A French authorities that anthracite, or non variation, said to be an improvement flame burning coal had been known was to mix the powdered and puri-

for ages. or ages.
Sir F. Pollock, in a case which was largely done still. Nearly one hunvery much from the ordinary or bitu- firm since 1839, and is not only very minous coal that you are accustomed to see blazing in your grates. The bled by the King of Bavaria. One common coal, from what ever place of his brothers is associated with derived, blazes away in a cheerful him at Stein, in the processes of manfire, and breaks up readily; but the ufacture; the youngest of the three, anthracite or stone coal differs both Eberhard Faber, represents the firm in appearance, structure and charactor for the Western World, at New York. ter from common coal. It has a lust Stein is literally a town of pencil tre which is vitreous and almost metalic; it does not break up easily the ruler, taking care of health, govin pieces, and for many purposes of combustion is wholly and entirely useless. This coal has been known to exist for centuries. It was known to be of no use for domestic purposes; it has never been applied to any of the great process of smelting, although attention had been called to it in vadoing some labor which caused much ject for the philosopher, or for the en-

terprising manufacturer, could be prought into use." Such is a brief history of the worth essnesss of anthracite coal in Wales. before. Crane introduced his hot air blast, for smelting iron in 1837. of the Salan Mountain range, on the Even in this late day if is not used in summit of Mount Batongo, 275 miles duly elected. In counties the poll west of the town of Irkootsk, near remains open for two days, and in England for domestic purposes. In America, the first cargo of anthracite the Chinese frontier, in the midst of coal was sent down the Susquehanna the rocky desert, and found pure gradient the United the United the Chinese frontier, in the midst of cities for only one. in boats, and reached the United in boats, and reached the United phite. After years of costly labor States armory in 1775; but it was Alibert found an inexhaustible denot until 1808 that grates were constructed at Wilkes Barre, Pa., to burn it for domestic use, under the direction of graphite equal to the best engers hearing that he was aboard, t for domestic use, under the direction side decorating and rewarding him, tion of Judge Bell. The Lehigh Coal the Russian Government changed the Mining Company was formed in 1793, name of Mount Batongol to that of for the development and working of Mount Alibert. Nearly every crownthis then improved combustible; but ed head in Europe has honored him. it was not until 1814 that the first With the consent of the Russian's twenty tons were conveyed down the concentration of will to which we have alluded was most conspicuous. This man's strength was undoubtedly to be at tributed to his shortness of limb in some degree as, with equal development of muscle increased length of hone is a disadvantage. Each bone is a disadvantage. Each bone twenty tons were conveyed down the Government, Alibert now supplies Faber's house exclusively with gradulation of the Faber's house exclusively with gradulation of the Schuylkill district in the first made by Baron Faber in 1861, and were not introduced into the before the comparatively large quandaments and others pertwenty tons were conveyed down the Government, Alibert now supplies plan, when the recent higher the supposed to be in the interest of completing lines broke out. Beyond the muscles are so attached that the expense of these litigations, and the motion they impart to the bones is the product was 6.500 tons. In the world were to endure the product was 6,500 tons . In the same year the Schuylkill mines were opened, and coal reached the city of New York and other places east.

Grates were now constructed with vertical front bars, and it was believed that coal would not burn with horizontal openings. Lumps of the —"Darnel Webster," remarked old eh! sir, are you—are you brother to size of a person's fist were selected Col. Gumey, as he trimmed a quid of the gentleman who had the little for use; these required so long a time kept up day and night, to avoid the necessity of re-kindling. Egg size sold at a less price than what is now ing mean about him. I've heard him to ignite or kindle fire, that a fire was known as "broken." "Nut," and smaller sizes were considered of no his ginerosity that tuck me. He had value, but deemed mere refuse and as a kinder careless way like, that kept important. It makes Newark, a city contraction. There is no doubt that of one hundred and twenty thousand of one hundred and twenty thousand of one hundred and twenty thousand of the power can be cultivated, like the yards as well as at the mines. In New York this refuse coal was ex. was a comin' up the Hudson River and if those who are obliged to lift tensively used toward filling in along with him once, and in the morn-

in' our faces and slicken' our ha'r in In the Kall of 1835, a large quanthe cabin, and he took out a toothcomplish their labor with less ex-haustion than is at present the case. In West Philadelphia, was purchased and shipped to New York by a genbrush and brushed his teeth. I didn't see no other tooth brush around, so borrowed his'n. And after I used i tleman named Jordan L. Nott, of that I handed it back to him, and what do city, he having invented a grate for burning this fine or refuse coal. This you think? Why Darnel Webster just slung that tooth-brush right intur was the first movement that gave a the river. And I s'pose next day he fied value to the small sizes of coal went and bought him a new one .which, at this day, has become so That's all he cared about money important an article of consumption. There ain't no such men as Darnel Gen. Harvey, in alluding to this sub-Webster living now," concluded the Colonel meditatively, as he spirted a

ject, says : "Mr. Nott's admirable arrangement for burning small coal caused its speedy introduction for domestic use. and contributed largely to the right appropriation of, and proper modes of

EDUCATION OF THE PREEDMEN. The school report of the Freebmen's Bureau gives returns from seventeen

states, and details concerning 1,831 day and night schools,2,291 teachers, and 104,327 pupils.
Of the schools 1,325 were sustain ed partly or altogether by freedmen, who owned at the date of the report 518 of the school buildings. The bureau has furnished 702 buildings.

Five hundred and thirty-nine of the schools were "graded," and 88 were of high or normal grade—for the intruction of teachers.

The average attendance of the pulpits has been 18,402, or over seventy five per cent.; 82,675 of the whole number have paid, for their tuition nearly \$96,000. space now occupied by splendid sa-loons, was used for storing wood.— day schools, with 4,738 teachers and

89,466 pupils, and 46 industrial schools, with 1,873 pupils.

Reckoning also schools concerning equitable basis, and largely increasing our compensation for doing the express business.

At a meeting of the Executive A distinguished writer, alluding to PENCIL-LEAD MINES AND LEAD southern states, 4,026 schools for the children of freedmen, containing on their muster rolls 241,818 names of Every one knows what a black lead pupils. This is an increase of 942 pencil is, but it is not generally schools and 52,302 scholars since the

known that there is not a particle of last report.

lead in the pencil. The material va The freedmen's schools have cost

the fact that in the time of Edward the year following. As the supply to instruct the freedmen; and when I., a man had been tried, convicted of the graphite (known in Cumber the eagerness with which the governland, while in the mine, by the name ment, controlled by northern men, of wad) was not large, the British Government from the first took great in the North, contribute millions of pains to prevent the exportation of dollars to secure schools and teachthe article, and even to limit its home ers for the freedmen, will be regarded

MANAGEMENT OF ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

There is no uniform day for voting in England as there is here; but the imit of variation in time cannot much exceed a week. In every place entitled to be represented in Parliament is a person called "the returning officer." whose duty it is tendency of its smoke to corrupt the atmosphere."

Although bituminous was the only less."

Although bituminous was the only less."

The result was that the Mayor, Bailiff, or some other perfectly less."

The result was that son duly appointed, is the returning officer. The writs from the Lord Charcellor of the kingdom are dispatched to these returning officers, commanding them to elect their members, which they must do in boroughs within six days after the receipt of for the proper discharge of his duties. The candidates are proposed by one supporter and seconded by another ing their political opinions and their claims to represent them. If the number of persons proposed does not exceed that which the electors are entitled to send to Parliament, they are elected then and there: if more be put in nomination, and contest arises, the returning officer calls for a "show of hands," and declares ernment, education, industry, thrift, and amusements of the inhabitants, which candidate has the largest number held up for him, but as there is no way of discovering whether all and always living in their midst. It may be asked—how do the Fabers make lead pencils without the fam-ous graphite from Cumberland? It to one, a candidate unwilling to abide appears that twenty years ago John Peter Alibert, a Frenchman, resident When this is taken, each elector appears that twenty years ago John by this decision may demand a poll. rious ways; and it was thought that there must be some mode by which so plentiful an article, and apparent gan to examine the sandy beds of the promising a subvarious rivers flowing into the Arctic Ocean. He found samples of pure graphite; evidently brought a considerable distance by the force of the siderable distance by the force of the mountain gorstream, in one of the mountain gor-ges near Irkootsk, and pursuing his discovery, tracked back to a branch

> Purring ir Mildly .- Booth was latenaturally evinced that curiosity prevalent with most, to see the celebrated actor. It was whispered that he was in the car. Among the passengers was a genuine Connecticuter, who occupied a seat some four or five benches in the rear of the great object. By slipping from one seat to another, he very soon occupied the one "aft" Booth. His anxiety was great; reaching over and touching Edwin on the shoulder, said: "Ah! eh! excuse me, sir; but is

to have gained the highest number

of votes are declared by him to be

your name Beuth?" In his well modulated voice. Booth replied. "Yes, sir, my name is Booth !" "Ah! eh! excuse me, sir! but is your name Edwin Beuth !"

"Yes, sir; my name is Edwin "Really, ah! eh! sir, but you must really excuse me, sir; but sh! -"Darnel Webster," remarked old eh! sir, are you-are you brother to nigger head, and fastened it securely difficulty with Mr. Lincoln at the between two decayed teeth in the left theatre P

THE commonest bar to a man's ad-THE man who could not keep his feet sold his boots. Why is coffee like an ax with a dull edge? Because it must be ground be-fore using.

The true test of a man's temper is THE lady who took a fancy conclu-

A bore—a man who persists in The new moon reminds one of a

giddy girl, because she is too young to show much reflection. A bachelor, according to the latest ion, is a man who has lost the oppor-

tunity of making a woman miserable. It is the lot of humanity to err at times as the drunken man said when he mistook his pig-sty for his own bed-room. An Irishman being asked to define hard drink, said: "It's sitting on a rock

and sipping cold water."

THE principal difference between

stream of tobacco juice into the fire-

place at the other end of the room.